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REYNOLDS HISTORICAL GENEALOGY COLLECTION



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KIMBALL FAMILY NEWS

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The Kimball Family News

Topeka, Kansas, January, 1898.

Vol. 1. No. 1.

Terms 50 cents a yaer.

The Kimball Family Rews,

Fublished Monthly.

835 North Kansas Avenue.

Topeka, - Kansas.

The NEWS is published in behalf of the Kimbail cian, and its sindred, at d incidentally in behalf of all family brotherhood

of an rampy of one-thood. The object is not simply to gather genealogical data, but to restore, record and preserve the family history, blography and traditions, and to cativate a spirit of emalation among families.

there will built on higher patriotism and a better dille usblip. Family advertisements will be inserted on list page, and uniscellations advertisements of an unobjectionable contractor on the cover pages, at 30

cents an Inch so h macribol or Sacha pair.

Address off business and misodianeous communications to be publisher. G. F. Kluball. Tomakin Kaness.

Subscription Price, 50 cents a year in advance, to not send not somet checks unless cost of exchange is added.

change is noted.

Andress will queries, and purely genealogical matters to Prof. S. P., whare less to Econol street loss in Mass, who has we interested to conduct this department for the year. In asking information of him return postage should be included.

Entered for Transmission as Second Class Matter

THE KIMBALL FAMILY NEWS.

Some weeks ago we issued a prospectus of a proposed monthly paper with the above name. Its purpose was stated to be to continue the record of the Himball family and to note current events of interest to members of that family, as well as to treat of historic matters relating to the family as they may be brought to light.

The reception of the announcement to sleen semewhat encouraging and still not sufficient to insure a return of actual cost. The distribution of that are uncernent was not so general as it might have, been and at best was not calculated to give the clearest idea of the purpose intended.

We have, therefore taken advantage of the tate Missouri Valley Kimballi Ronmon, and send out the report of the small, but possibly significant gath.

ering, in the form of the proposed paper, 1687335

Some have asked what they can do to help us. We reply, get us subscriptions and let us know what is going on among the Kimballs. Those who have not the Kimball Bistory will almost find it necessary to have one in order to fully understand this paper. The price is 85.0. Address, L.A. Morrison. Canoble Lake, N. H; or S. P. Sharples. 13 Broad St., Boston, Mass. It is a book of over 1,300 pages.

What They Say About it.

From L. A. Morrison, co-editor of the Kimball History.

It seems to me that your proposed paper could be made to assist in the Kimball work. It would seem to be a good thing. Send me lot of samples.

From H. M. Kimball, Danville, Ill.

In regard to your paper, will express the opinion that it will not pay you.

From Edwin A. Kimball, Calcago, late Superintendent Douglas Park Ellind Asylum.

The Kimball Family News I think a

Erst class idea, and I shall be only too glad to help it along.

From Roy T. Kimball, San Francisco, California, President of the California Kamball Association

I am much pleased that you are son sidering the matter of getting out a monthly family paper or journal. I think there are enough Kimballs to insure a continuance of it. At any rate let us see a good trial made, and I am sure you are the one to make it. Send me ten copies and as many samples.

From C. L. Kunisali, Healdsburg, C. diforma.
The prospectus of the Kimbali Family News received and taink it a good thing and one by to pay well. Hole it

thing and ought to pay well. More it will be a success. We our use several copies.



THE KIMBALL FAMILY REUION. Missouri Valley

Topeka September 30, 1897.

Following the example of the California cousins who held the first of their Kimball Family Reunions in San Franeisec, August 7, 1897, a call was issued to the members of the family residing in the Missouri Valley to meet in Toneka, Thursday evening, Sept. 30, 1897.

Pursuant to this call the following members were recorded:

Pardon K. Leland and his wife Elizabeth M. Kimball, of Kansas City, Kansas, and their scn. Dr. Kimball White Leland, of Utica, Illinois,

John Melville Kimbali and his wife Mary E Kimball, of Manhattan, and their sons, Albert Barney, post-master at Scandia, and editor of the Journal; Charles Augustus, an attorney, Junetion City; and John Milton Kimball, living at home in Manhattan.

Richard Henry Kimball and his sons Fred Green and John Benjamin, of Manhattan.

Ellwood Davis Kimball and his wife Luella Adelia Kimball, of Wichita.

Frederick M. Kimball and wife Susanna Hovt Kimball, and daughter Maud, of Topeka.

Gustavus F. Kimball and wife Juliet Taylor Kimball, and daughters Florence, Daisy Martha and Eleanor Taylor. and son Park Barnes, of North Topeka. !

After an informal social hom, spent in examining the chart kindly sent from San Francisco by Sarah Louise Kimball, (see p. -10) comparing notes and getting acquainted, order was called by F. M. Kimball who, upon motion of E. D. Kimball was made chairman with G. F. Kimball secretary. The chairman opened the meeting with some remarks anostantially as follows:

He expressed his great pleasure at meeting somany relatives, consins who forward with anticipations of delight

for this occasion, and now all that he had anticipated was fully realized; that to grasp the hands and look into the faces of so many, all of one common brotherhood, descendants of one family was a pleasure that cannot be enjoyed by many American families. It but verified the old saying "that blood is thicker than 'vater," that he regard ed the occasion as of greater value and importance, than was perhaps fully realized, and he hoped that members of the tribe in other localities would gather inspiration from this and get together members of the family in reunions, as they can but serve to enkindle a deeper love for kindred, engender a stronger and more abiding devotion for home and country, and promote more enduring and stalwart patriotism. That we go back to one common ancestor, Richard Kimball, who with his brave wile Ursula, refusing to submit any longer to the tyranny of the mother country, but who would rather meet death if need be in a wild and untried country, infested by savage foes, yes, rather than submit like cowering slaves to the oppression of their native land, they with tearful eyes but brave hearts turned their backs to the home of their childhood, the scenes of their youth, the friends and associates with whom they had passed all their days, the graves of their kindred, and gathering about them their little children, embarked upon the then track less deep and endured for weeks with brave yet tearful hearts, that storm to sed voyage, until finally weary and worn, though full of hope, they saw the shores of the new world heaving in sight, where they might worship God according to the dictates of their own consciences.

The trials that followed, the hardships endured, the privations encountered, the perils that beset them on every hand would have crushed the spirhad never met before; that he had looked, its of men and of women less resolute than themselves.



honest pride, as there flows in our veins, together in this reunion. the blood of that noble man and no less noble wife, heroic pioneers of the new world more than two hundred and six-

ty years ago.

He theu spoke of the coat of arms that was awarded by the British government many years ago for bravery and valor in the battle against the Moors when in command by dispatching the commander of the opposing forces with his dagger. The motto of the arms is "Fortis Non Ferox."-fortitude without cruelty. He remarked Can be with you only in thought, but that in all the wars of America from in that manner shall be there. its earliest settlement down to the present day members of the tribe of Kimball have been found in great numbers fighting for the right; that in the Co-Ionial Wars, the War of the Revolution. the War of 1812, the Mexican War and the War of the Rebellion, the family had done well its part. He gave some interesting reminiscences of his own services for the Government extending through the period of the late war and and for three years thereafter relating instances of some of the important battles in which he took part, of the wounds he received, of thrilling ex- aging in uniting more tenaciously toperiences and narrow escapes.

In closing he paid a high tribute to Hon. L. A. Morrison and Prof. Stephen Sharples, the author of the History of the Kimball family in England and America, who after sixteen long years of research, amid many discouragements, failures and anxieties, produced a most valuable book of nearly 1300 pages extending back through a long and unbroken line of honorable ancestry for three hundred years, giving to this generation a knowledge of our ancestors that would not have been known but for their indefatigable labors and researches. That he regarded it a legacy of infinite value to be transmitted to posterity. He expressed an earnest hope that the tribe would manifest its gratitude to the authors in a tangible and substantial manner, as the compensation they are receiving from the sale of the book will no more than reimburse them for cost and expenses incurred in producing it, leaving nothing as compensation for their long years of abor devoted to the work.

He referred to the reunion of Kim balls in California, lately held in Gold-1 en Gate park, of the very pleasant time they had and the very interesting report that had been received of it. giving inspiration to the members of

Well may we cherish a feeling of the family here which brought them

The chairman then proceeded to read the following letters which the committee had received.

From Leonard Allison Morrison, co-editor of the Kimball History

Canobie Lake, N. H. Sept. 20, 1897.

GENTLEMEN:-Your very kind and considerate letter for me to attend, the second meeting of the Kimball Kindred at Topeka, has been received and you have my thanks for your gracionsness.

In the quaint little village of Rattlesden, Suffolk County, England, in a valley among pleasant surrounding hills was the attractive place residence of our common ancestor. Richard Kimball in 1834, and from whence he came to America. His descendants are now like the sands of the seashore for multitude-they are now scattered from ocean to ocean, from the lakes to the gulf Many make their homes in the middle west-your own beautiful locallity. May your meeting be pleasant and sweet and profitable, and encourgether the ties of kindred. All of the Kimball lineage have my most cordial greeting. My warmest salutations are given and my kindest wishes expressed for all of kindred blood, for their happiness and highest profit.

I am, one and all, kindsy yours, LEONARD ALLISON MORRISON.

From Roy T Kimball, President Norton Tanning Co . San Francisco, and of the California kimball Association

MY DEAR COUSINS:

I thank you for your invitation to at-tend the Kimball Rennion shortly to be held in your city. I really wish I could be with you on that occasion.

They were delightful people who came to our meeting and I should esterm it a privilege to meet those who will respond to your call. In heart I am with you and shall be so especially on the 30th, both day and evening. I send you herewith a most cordial greeting and propose that we pledge ourselves that 263 years shall not pass again without a record of a single reunion of the tribe of Benjamin and his

I have just seen the chart very carefully prepared for you by our little seeretary and cousin, Sarah Louise Kimball, which will show you that we have on this coast at least one live Kimball.



working for the cause and for the self. After you have had your reuniongood of your organization to be. May be in it with both feet. I hope you will organize and "God be with you till we meet again."

Faithfully your relation and cousin, ROY T. KIMBALL.

President of the San Francisco Tribes.

From Sarah Louise Kimball, Secretary of the California kimball Association, and maken of the chart, showing the genealogies of those present at the Topeka meeting, from Richard down.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. Sept. 24, 1897.

DEAR COUSINS.

Yours of the 19th at hand, and I thank you for the same. I have just read it over to Roy T. Kimball, who use and has no confidence in himself overlook. As I told him it as a pleasure to me to draw up the chart. By the way he looked over the chart the other day when we had it spreadout at the table, and I make him acquainted with some of the names of those who are expected to be present, but he wanted me to only put my name on it: as you will see I sent it in the name of our association, as I am simply their secretary. It isn't much, anyway, but we are glad to know something about our Kansas-Missouri-Nebraska cousins and would like to know them better. Wish I could be with you on the 30th, but it is impossible. I thank you for the invitation. That old Kimball lion was never put to a better use than in gathering the tribes for your reunion. Do you realize what an important thing it is that you are doing? It is bringing together members of the same fainily who, that is, through their forefathers-have been separated 263 years; they are all descendants of one man and one woman. Roy T. didn't say anything about what a good time we had at our reunion, said he thought it somewhat in that way. would sound like bragging. (same old Kimball spirit, I see; but I don't think it is that way at all. It isn't bragging to tell others what a good time you bave had in doing certain things, in

you will appreciate this more. It is you find a secretary whose heart will just meeting all your own folks-such a different feeling from being in an ordinary crowd. Roy T. and I were speaking of this this morning. I know you will have a better time than you

are anticipating. Roy T. Kimball and I were pleased to know that we had some bright young lady cousins there in Kansas: Of course we know that, being Kimballs, they must naturally be brighter than ordinary girls, but, all the same, we like to know it and to hear that they are making names for themselves and I think, from the broad smile on his face, that he was especially pleased at the idea of a member of our family called the first thing in the morning to doing such good work in an artistic show me a letter he had written to you. way. His brother, George Abbot Ro ;asking me if I thought it was all right. | ers Kimball who is something of an That man is too bashful for any kind of invalid and lives with his mother, at Napa, is also an artist and Roy T. is at all. I see he has given me the usual quite proud of his work, though he dose or taffy which you will please doesn't say much about it, still hugging that old idea that, being ove of his own folks it can't amount to much. That isn't the right way to think.

By the way Roy T. told me the other morning, when we were going over the chart, that he had discovered in a second-hand bookstore here in town. that the first little San Francisco directory had been published by a Kimball, and (in a whisper) that he, E.T.K.. had offered the man several times over what it was worth, just to have the book because it was published by one of our name; I rather think he is rather ashamed of the with to possess it on

This morning Roy T. suggested that it would be a fine thing if we could, in the course of the next few years, after the Kimball lion had thoroughty waked up, have a national reunion. Wouldn t that be fine? I wish it were possible. At any rate we can have have annual reunions in Kansas and California, and perhaps eventually in Chicago and Boston, and get acquainted with ourselves

Have you asked the Secretary of the State Historical Society to your reunion? In n't you think you ought to have this great event officially recognized as such? The report of our reorder that they may go and do like union was sent to Hon. John Ward wise, is it? I think that is loving your Dean, of the New England Historic fellow man, don't you? You want him Genealogical Register, 2t Boston, and to enjoy what you know is good your. he writes me it has been placed in the



make too much of it, for it is really a, very important meeting, the first in

two centuries and a halt.

Are you going to "feed the multi-'or will they do their own feeding? I see you have started out on a large scale and hope you won't paint things too red. that's all. Let me hear all about it. Good luck to you, and greetings to all our cousins.

Very Truly Yours, SARAH LOUISE KIMBALL.

From M. A. Reed, General Attorney, St. Joseph and Grand Island Railroad, and the Kansas City and Omaha Kailroad.

St. Joseph. Missouri Sept. 20, 1897.

GENTLEMEN:

Your printed circular bearing the date of Sept. 16, and requesting the presence of myself and family at a reunian of the Kimbatis to be held at your city Sept. 30, was duly received I have delayed answering it until the present time, thinking that possibly my wife, who has been ill for some time might be sufficiently well to justify her in attending; but I am sorry to say that such is not the fact, and that these eircumstances will prevent our accepting your kind invitation. My wife specially regrets this, as she isone of the Kimbalis from Bath. Maine. It is barely possible that I may come and have done so. over on Thursday morn, but if I do I shall be under the necessity of coming alone, as my son returns to Ann Arbor to his law schoo, and my daughter bardly feels that she would like to leave her mother. Under these circumstances if I do not come, I return hearty thanks for your invitation and wish the Kimbails all a pleasant reunion.

Your etc.. M. A. REED.

The reading of the letters developed an interesting incident, as did the remarks that followed. It happened that Mr. George D. Hale of Topeka, a ily of that name, which gave one of the first cartyrs to American Liberty. had been invited to attend the meeting. Mr. Itale is an exceedingly well informed man, and president of the Kansas Society of the Sons of the American Revolution. When mention was made in the letter of Sarah Louise Kimball of Roy 1. Kimball's finding

library of the Association. You ean't the first San Francisco Directory, published by Chas Proctor Kimball, Mr. Hale at once remarked, "Why, he was a printer from Boston, and my shipmate on on our trip to California in 1549.

Slight mention is made on page 700 of the Kimball History of Charles Proctor Kimball (1464).

The Chairman then announced the

object of the meeting:

It gave him a pleasure to meet so many of the family. There are many more, not here, who are not far away, and possibly might have been present if their interest had been aroused. For one, he is concerned in spreading intelligence of the family and more firmly uniting them in bonds of friendship. The first of these reunions, iuspired by the recent publication of the history of the family was held in San Francisco, on the seventh of August last. That reunion adopted a family badge, showing the coat of arms which the Herald's College, of London, gives as belonging to the family, said to have been granted to one member for bravery on the field of battle. Prof. Sharples expresses some doubt as to the authenticity of this, but says there can be no impropriety in adopting it if one sees fit to do so. We have followed the example of our California cousins

This is the second reunion and it is hoped it will be followed in other lo-calities until we are all brought into closer communion. It is proposed before we adjourn, to form a permanent organization, but before doing so it will be well to listen to remarks and suggestions from those present. He would now eall upon our cousin, Pardon K.

Leland for remarks.

Mr. Leland began by saying that he was born in Grafton. Mass., in 1828, his mother was Betsey K'mball (878) page 453 Kimball History. When twelve years old he went to Wisconsin and member of the old Massachusetts fam- spent several years on the frontier. He then returned to Massachusetts and in 1849 sailed in the ship Puritan for Cali. fornia. At this statement Mr. Hale again exclaimed, "I saw her sail. It was on the twentieth of January, a cold stormy day," "Yes," replied Mr. Leland, "It was on the 20th and a rough

(Continued on page 7.)



What They Say About It.

From J. H. Kimball, Bath, Maine.

Have received your prospectus. think every Kimball should respond to your proposal.

From Sarah Louise Kimball, San Francisco, Cal., Secretary California As ociation.

I cannot tell you how glad I am that you have undertaken this work, which I am sure will be of the greatest importance and will doubtless become the means of carrying out a plan which we here had half formed of having some day, a great national reunion of the Kimball Family at some central point. say Chicago. There is no limit to the good work such a paper as you propose can do. But I am afraid this is anothcase of "There was once a little girl and she had a little curl, and when she was good she was very very good, and doing all I possibly can to make it a great credit. success. There is pleuty of material to work with. What do you say to pub-1 Mrs. Susauna, wife of Capt. F. M. en a little more interest in the work erbly benefitted. and sent a cut to Mr. Morrison.

Send us the notices of births, marriages, and deaths of any member of the family. If we are to give information of any kind of interest others must furnish most of it.

In a recent work of two large quarto volumes, entitled "America's Successful men," published by the New York Tribune Association, we find sketches of William Smith Kimball, late of Rochester New York, the extensive manufacturer of tobacco, and of William Wallace Kimball of Chicago, the celebrated manufacturer of pianos. These are two of the several members of the family who have attained eminence in the business world as manufacturers. Since the death of William S. Kimball in 1895, the business in Rochester has been earried on by Harold Chandler Kimball, his son. The Kimball Piano is know everywhere. Its sale is something phenomenal. The growth of the whole business, in fact. is phenomenal.

Miss Bertha S. Kimball daughter of when she was had she was horrid;" or Richard Henry Kimball (2117) of Mansomething of that kind, because it hattan, is teacher of arawing in the seems that those who are interested in State Agricultural College at Manhatthe family history generally become tan, and graduated from that instituvery much interested, while those who tion in 1890. The last report of the don't care a rap who their ancestors; Botanical Department contains sevenwere, won't hear a word about them, teen full page plates of Kansas weeds. although, in some cases. I have found fruits and seeds, showing 206 varieties. that the family proje was there, only all her drawing liler work is noted dormant and nee-led awakening; and for its accuracy of detail and for delithis your little paper will do. Let me eacy of coloring. Not long since she know what you want me to do for your received a commission to delineate a paper here, and you may count on use lot of Florida fruits, which gained her

lishing portraits of our cousins who kimball of Topeka, has been spending were left out of the book-that is their a monte atthe Dansville, N. Y. Sanitarportraits-and now wish they had tak-1 ium for her health, and returns consid-

> If there are any more of the family so full of energy as the California Kimballs we would like to know where they are

S. P. Sharples has been spending the season in the south.



and I sailed on the 25th, five days later." added Mr. Hale.

As Mr. Leland had never before met

ceived with intense interes Kimball White Leland of Utica. Illi-

noise who happened to be visiting his parents in Kansas City, Kansas, and was interested in this reunion and glad that eircumstances enabled him to be present. There are many Kimballs in Illinois and he had no doubt but they would fall into line in time. One thing he had noticed: Knock a Kimball about as you may and almost invafiably he falls on his feet.

Albert Barney Kimball was Kansas born, graduated at the State Agricultural College, and is now post master at Scandia and publisher of the Scandia Journal for four years. He was alternate delegate from the Fifth District to convention that nominated Mckin-

ley for President.

Charles Augustus Kimball, his brothpractising Attorney in Junction City. of over one hundred and fifty miles He studied with John E. Hessin, one; of the leading lawyers of the state. or. As a young lawyer he has had good success. winning his first case be-

fore the Supreme court.

Richard Henry Kumball of Manhatage of eighteen to help make Kansas a free state. Traveling through Missouri was then dangerous for a Yankee bound for Kansas, and before leaving home he promised to avoid it. But in Iowa they became snowbound and were obliged to turn south. He resolved; to talk little and so get through without being suspected. But the stage became caught against a tree and he remarked that there was danger that it would "tip over." "Tip over," replied a woman passenger from Virginia. "Tip over? oh, vou're a Yankee l see." "And what would you say." he asked. "I would say upset." And so about it, or 256 pairs of ancestors. his seere; was out. But the stage was not. It was fast between two trees. one in front and one behind, so that anparently it could neither go forward nor backward. At last some one said to Mr. Kimball, "Here if you are a Yankee, yank us out of this. They say he done, so he replied. "Will you get ter and astonishment.] me a long strong lever?" They did so You can all make the figures for

wintry day." Charles Proctor Kimball and with dextrous movements the stage was free, and he passed through without trouble. He paid \$20 fare from Jefferson City to Westport, and 824 ex-Mr. Hale these reminiscences were e- | tra for his trunk, probably because the latter couldn't walk in ease of emergency. Rather than wait a week he walked from Westport to Lawrence then to where Manhattan now stands,

Remarks by Ellwood Davis Kimball of Wichita.

Mr. Chairman: Cousins:-

I am sure that I share and have a greater reason to feel the truth of the observation made by some who have preceded me, that there is hardly any thing which I can say of much interest to this company.

Unlike some who have spoken I did not waik into Kansas in ante-bellum days, but. like the Doctor, (Kimbal! W. Leland, M. D.) I may have to walk

out, [Laughter,]

That it affords me great pleasure tobe present and meet so many cousins this evening should go without saving. er, was also Kansas born. He is a as my presence has involved a journey

Anything in the way of thus respect. ing and making something of our comwho is mentioned for the next govern- mon ancestry appeals to me and I appreciate it for I may say that I have been for quite a while a genealogical faddist. Our chairman has remarked that there are the names of over 2,500 tan, left New Hampshire in 1856 at the of the Kimball blood given in the Kimball book, to say nothing of omissions. Of that 2,500 how many do you suppose are living today, Mr. Chairman?

[The Chair; Probably 1,000 or more. and of descendants of Richard Kimball, including those not named in the

book, over 2,000 at least.

Yes, I suppose the Chair is quite correct. Well, I am tenth in the line of descent from Richard, counting both him and myself. And of the generations as far back from us as he is from me, we have, each, over 500 ancestorsof that one generation-512 to be precise

Now say that from Richard Kimball and his wife 2.000 kindred of this generation have sprung, then the whole number of our eighth and ninth cousins and nearer kindred in point of relationship, albeit of different names. you're full of notions." Meanwhile would be, if all were equally prolific, he had been thinking of how it could 256 times 2,000 or over 500,000. [Laugh-



yourselves, but they are correct, that the legend of it is and of right ought is to say, speaking of ten generations: but probably in most cases it will be more nearly correct to figure on about nine generatious, or an average of between eight and nine; still on that basis we have one, two, or three hundred thousand seventh and eighth cous-

Allow me to commend to all of you the cultivation of the study of genealogy. You will be very sure to find ancestors of all sorts. Our Chairman has said that he never knew a Kimball to be in the poorhouse nor in the penitentiary. whatever may have their deserts. But if you run ail your ancestry back far enough you will find that some of them have been most everywhere. I am not aware that any of mine have ever been in the penitentiary, but one was! put to death, by pressing, at Salem in witchcraft times. - Giles Corev.

man and Cousins, that the hundreds of my ancestors who have inhabited this country and many of whose names, to as worthy of affectionate honor as any equal number of the men and women of the past, and yet to them collectively might well have been addressed the definitely but time forbids. words of the poet to one unfortunate:

How loved, how honored once, avails thee not, To whom related, or by whom begot A heap of dust alone remains of thee. 'Tis al' thou art, and all the proud shall be!

But I must close my rambling family talk and listen to others, many of whom remain to be heard from, who, can tell of more interesting personal

means clear that the coat of arms be- life. longs to us, and if it is a sort of an or-

to be the family motto. [Applause]

Remarks by G. F. Kimball of Topeka Mr. Chairman and Cousins:

I have been watching the little evclone that has been coming down from the north-west corner of this hall. knowing it would strike me sooner or later. And now the blow, in whatever sense you take it, is upon me 1 have been wondering whether this meeting is more like a Methodist class meeting. or a mutual admiration society. Perhaps we may regard it as the latter. And there is no reason why we should not admire each other, that is, internos, We are assembled, a small representative body of a large family. The records show that along the whole line of over three hundred years since the birth of our first American ancestor. there have been very few events con-It is my firm conviction. Mr. Chair- nected with the family for which we need to blush. The family is eminently respectable. Its members have almost uniformly been good citizens. the number of over two hundred, are They have done their part in building now known to me, comprise a company up this great nation, along all the avchues of industry, commerce, art. literature, science, religion and politics. This thought we might follow out in-

> The Kimballs are admirable in their homes. The men make docile and gracefully yielding husbands. women make charming wives-that is most of them, and the remainder make -yes make the most delightful of maid-

en aunts.

We might dwell upon many phases of Kimball History, creditable alike to anecdotes and personal history, such the individual and to the family, but as our Chairman calls for, than I can, the old clock moves on apace but before I finish I want to say one there are some things I would like to thing about that coat of arms of which say. Nota tribe, not a family, not an our Chairman spoke. Prof. Sharples individual, is worthy of commendation has said that he knows of no reason further than its work and influence why the Kimballs should not adopt tends to benefit mankind. That huthat coat of arms if they see fit. It man life is wasted that does no more seems sure that Prof. Sharples is by no for humanity than the ordinary brute

If this standard, so briefly stated, is phan coat of arms I am not going to be correct, then we may as a family revery fast to adopt it, but there is one joice in the heritage that Messrs, Morthing about it, which, to my mind, indirison and Sharples have left us in this cates that this is very probably a gen- great volume of family history. The uine Kimball affair, and that is the book is not, I confess, what I wish it motto, "Fortis non ferox" -- "Brave not was. It is more than I supposed it fierce." I never saw a Kimball whom would be. I expected it to be simply a the motto did not fit. So whether the genealogical record. It is quite largerest of the device is ours or not I think It sketches of the lives and characters we may properly and fairly say that of many members of the family from



the early settlement of the country. I been high-that it has been a tribe of greatly annoyed, not only George Kimtions unsupported by true merit, but a er as well. Canaan Street, at that race of sterling character, such as may time the only village in the township,

age or any people.

This book is one that may be studied with profit. It is a part of our national to the bottom by a crnal running to history. There are probably few who any point of the compass. The locawill not find in its pages historic sug- tion's healthful, with Mr. Cardigan gestions written and unwritten. Some near by, the White Mountains to the of these have already been exhibited in remarks nade here this evening, as in west, and Mt. Kearsarge looming up in the case of Charles Proctor Kimball, the south. publisher of the first San Francisco girectory. I new recall another instance in point. In this case it is a matter of personal interest followed by a pit of national history. It occurred Union Veademy, always noted for its to me when our cousin Richard Heury of Manhattan, was telling his experience in reaching Kansas in 1856, as I also recalled the names of at least a half score or more of Kimballs who came here in an early day to make this a free state. The intense feeling that prevailed in those days cannot well oc portrayed to those of this generation. forward to mirtardom

history. It is an interesting page of itself. It was not written by Mr. Morrison, but by William Allen Waltace. Although young, I enjoyed the acquaintance of this Allen Wallace in the mother, a woman of striking personalidentified with, and part owner of the his correspondence in eastern papers Alton, Illinois, in 1-37, an early mar- umes, tyr to the cause offreedom, and liberty of the press. But he does not tell the two students were suspended from whole story.

It was between those years of 1827 wish there was more of this matter, and 1836 during which this "earnest But there is enough to show that the abolitionist" lived in Canaan, that a general character of the family has incident transpired that must have modest worth-not aspiring and ambi- hall, but young Wallace and his mothwell challenge the admiration of any runs for a mile along a level ridge of land, a portion of it by the shore of a beautiful lake that might be drained north, the Green Mountains to the

Old Dartmouth College, originally established for the education of Indian youth is but ten or twelve miles distant, to the north-west, and Kimball liberal views, some fifteen miles to the scuth-west. At Canaau was located

Noves Academy.

In those days. Prudence Crandall who died in southern Kansas a few years ago, was trying to found a school in Connecticut for the education of the colored youth. In this she had the support of such men as Samuel J. May It was akin to that of one willing to go and the Tippins. Arthur and Lewis, of New York But her efforts were Please turn now to page 521 of this unpopular. She was ostracised from society, mobbed and imprisoned, and her school broken up. Then a new location was sought, and Noves Academy at Canaan, N. H., offered to open its doors. The location was beautiful lute fifties. He was a brilliant news- and supposed to be favorable. Several paper man, a writer on the Concord anti-slavery familes lived there among Independent Democrat, and needless them the Wallaces and Kimbalis. But to say, a strong anti-slavery man, a they were not able to stem the tide of sentiment doubtless inherited from his prejudice, and so one morning in August, 1835, some three hundred men with ity, both intellectually and physica hundred yoke of oxen, assembled cally. Mr Wallace went to California and hauled the academy building out in November, 1850, with Gilbert H. of town and broke up this school also. (2000), my father, and there became It is not surprising that the abolitionist, George Kimball did not find this San Francisco Alta Californian, while neighborhood congenial and that he left one year later to take his stand by did much to acquaint their readers Lovejov, then fighting to the death for with the possibilities of the new terri- liberty of the press, and the supprestory. On this page Mr. Wallace writes sion of slavery. The history of this of George Kin ball (1045). He tells us affair may be found in the first volume that he was a lawyer, teacher, editor, of Henry Wilson's "Rise and Fall of and an abolitionist, who stood by Elijah the Slave Power in America," a com-P. Lovejoy when he was shot down in prenensive work in three large vel-

It may be added, as a sequel, that



permission from the principal, which permission was not approved by the trustees, and that one of these was your speaker, and the other a classmate | a like occasion.' of much promise who died four years later. He was the youngest brother of the Hon. Daniel Banard who died a few years ago while serving as Attorney General of New Hampshire.

It may be added that thirty-three students went in that cavalcade: that the leaders who were suspended were soon reinstated and that Canaan not many years later had out grown its former prejudices, and did its full share in suppressing the war of the

I might say much more as to the val- ball of North Topeka. ue of this book in connection with the study of history. There is no telling what may not be dug out of this mine. barrens. When eleven years old he of this Association. was captured by the Indians and with, another companion taken to Bosca ven, and passed with unanimons enthusi-Heighths. The next morning upon the asm: approach of a relief party an attempt cawen heighths. At the mouth of the | shown in our success. Contoneook river lies Dustin Island This first meeting of the Kimball mostly descendants from Benjamin.

rights once believed to hedge about raid in 1863.

Canaan Academy in 1856 for, perhaps those of royal blood. In the great foolishly persisting in going to a Fre- drama of life they have in this contimont and Dayton meeting after getting ment and on the old, placed their part. and played it well. We cannot further rehearse it here, and so I wish you all a good night and a happy return of

> After these addresses it was on motion resolved to permanently organize as the Missouri Valley Kimball Association, and the following officers were elected.

President-Frederick Marius Kimball

of Topeka. Vice President-Ellwood Davis Kim-

ball of Wiehita. Secretary-Gustavus Franklin Kimball of North Topeka.

Asst. Secretary-Miss Florence Kim-

Treasurer-Pardon Kimball Leland of Kansas City, Kansas.

These officers with Cyrus Leland jr .. On page 169 is a sketch of one of my of Topel a, and John Mellville Kimball ancestors, the first child born in Hop- of Manhattan, were made an executive kinton, for which bit of enterprise he committee, with power to call meetwas given five hundred acres of pine ings and take other action for the good

The following was then introduced

Whereas, Our cousin, Miss Sarah was made to kill the captives, and Louise Kimball, secretary of the first Abraham's friedd was killed, while his 'California Kimball Association has own life was saved only by the sudden prepared a comprehensive chart, showattack of his dog upon the Indian who lug the family line of all those present had his tomahawk raised to strike the at this meeting, and their descent from blow. Then relief came and he est Richard, our common ancestor in this caped. So that we sometimes feel that country which is now before us. Therein our case a dog might well be substi- fore be it Resolved. That the thanks of tuted for the rampant lion. The counthis Association are hereby tendered to try here is all historic ground. The the said Sarah Louise Kir ball for the valley of the Merrimack skirts Bose same, and for the interest she has

where the heroic Hannah Dustinkilled family was a most pleasant affair and her captors and escaped. Near by was was heartily enjoyed by all. It couthe home of Daniel Webster, himself a tinued until late in the night. The descendant of Richard Kimball; and number present was not great. Some old Kimball homes skirt the Merrimack who had expressed an intention be all the way from its mouth up into present were unable to attend. The northern Northern New Hampshire, absence of Cyrus Leland, jr., was much regretted. He was called away to But I must stop. The subject is too New Mexico the day before. It was vast for a half hour. The Kimball hoped that George Kimball of Law-Family has not only witnessed and rence, and Cora L., his daughter would been a part of the development of a be present. The Lawrence Kimballs. new continent, but of a new civiliza- like the Manhattan Kimballs, were tion. Kings and dynastics have risen among the very first settlers of the and fallen. Popular rights have over- state-heroes all-and one of them. thrown and supplanted the divine Frederick, fell a victim to Quantrell's



The first annual gathering of those who supported the Fremont and Davton presidential ticket in 1856, was reeently held in Pittsburg. Pennsylvania. Mr. John Speer of Lawrence was elected the vice president of the new association, for this state. Mr. Speer was one of the first settlers of Lawrence and published the Lawrence Tribune In Quantrell's raid upon Lawrence, 1863; he lost two sons. Among the other early settlers of Lawrence were treorge (2287), Samuel Dunster, and Frederick Kimball from Temple, N. H. Of these Frederick was one of Quantrell's victims. For many years George and Samuel were engaged in the foundry and machine business, their Lawrence foundry being one of the oldest and best known in the state as it is to this date. Samuel Kimball was at one time mayor of Lawrence and died last year. The wife of Benoni Cutter Kimball (1486) father of the Lawrence Kimballs. was Mary Dunster, descended from Dunster, the first president of Harvard College. Samuel and Frederick, above mentioned built the first two story house in Lawreace. No family in that historic town has beem more respected han these brothers.

Cyrus Leland, Jr., of Trov. Kansas, (2398) whose grandmother was Betsey Kimball, has been appointed U.S. Pension Agent of the Central District with headquarters in Topeka. This office has been held by Ex. Gov. George W. Glick, and the first change made by Mr. Leland is to secure a saving of about \$1,000 a year in the rent alone. He will also maserially reduce the clerieal expenses. Mr. Leland is an astute political leader and in this respect has no equal in the state. At the time of the late reunion he was called to the Page 562-Born to George Alden Kimbedside of his sick daughter in Santa Fe.

Corrections and Additions

CORRECTIONS.

We note the following errors in the Family History:

Page 159-Eighth line from bottom.

read Barton instead of Brandon. Page 593-Seventeenth line from bottom, change thirty-fifth to thirty-

Page 902-Third line from bottom.

change 1578 to 1887.

Page 903-Chauge residence of E. A. Kimbali from Boston to Chicago,

Page 1057-Change residence of N. A. Kimball to Danville. Page 1151-Page reference to Elezar

should be 597 instead of 697. Page 1152d-Should not (879, 1835c).

read 1935c.

Page 875-xiii Ora should be Ira.

Page 1055-Albert Edward Kimball now lives in Salt Lake City. Utah, where he is in the local treasurer's office of the Oregou short line railroad.

Page 300 - Third line from bottom should be 1881, instead of 1861.

The following by Edgar Hobart; Page 698-(2266) should be (2262), See page 701 for (2266).

Page 699-No. (2263) should probably be given to Rueil William, as it is on page 985.

Appeadix p. 1149-James Kimball should be fifth instead of sixth generation.

do. 1149-Page 178 should be 173.

ADDITIONS.

Page 646--(Under 1326a) Julia !Hester Kimball, m. July 22, 1897, Charles Herbert Poor : Reside in Bradford, Mass.

Page 861-Moses Brown Kimball died in Newburyport, Mass., July 29-1896.

bail, Roxbury, Mass., Nov. 2, 1897. a son. Wirt Fuller.



Richard Klmball (420) and Dartmouth Crilege.

A correspondent sends the News this

Richard B. Kimball wrote "Letters from Cuba." and "Cuba and the Cu-

The item is timely and these works would not be without interest today. But Richard Burleigh Kimball wrote much more. He was the most notable of Kimball authors. He was one of the nopular writers of the day. Other jah Huntingtor, and Richard Burleigh. Kimballs have written as much. per- and Richard, the son of the latter. haps more, and their books have been were all fitted for Dartmouth at Kimthrough many editions. But outside ball Union Academy, and the two latter of Richard B. their books have been graduated fron Dartmouth. mostly religious or scientific, and hence | For many years Dartmouth College, at not adapted to the public taste.

ten and published sweet and uplifting Caroline, who was the wife of Prof. poems, and in a literary sense perhaps C. B. Haddock, was prominent in Colstands next to Richard B (See p. 686) lege circles.

Arthur Reed Kimball (page 540) is a seholar and has literary tastes. Some many pleasant recollections of her will higher class.

the village and country around.

In early life, as stated in the family History, he was interested in public

affairs. He owned a fine farm and it was near two educational institutions in which he took especial pride. One of these was Kimball Union Academy. six or eight miles south of Lebanon. and the other was Dartmouth College. some six miles north. Kimball Union Aeademy, was founded early in the centure by Daniel Kimball (305). For many years it has been considered as a kind of training school for Dartmouth, and is one of the great schools of New England. Richard Kimball's sons. Eli-

Hanover had other attractions for Rich-Harriet McEwen Kimball has writ- ard Kimbali. For years his daughter.

The Family History truly says that of his essays in the leading magazines occur to Dartmouth graduates. By the have attracted attention, and he will list we publish elsewhere it will be doubtless do better work in the future | seen there were numerous Kimball He is one of the growing writers of the graduates during those years, from 1835 to 1865. Mrs. Haddock was not But Richard was one of few promi- only a woman of culture and social nent Kimball during the last halt cen- parts, but she was surrounded by the tury, whose personality can be re- most pleasant environment. Prof. Hadcalled by the editor of the NEWS. We dock was a genial and popular teacher. had only the slightest speaking ac- Both he and Prof. Woodman had trav-In the early fifties he eled in Europe. Prof. Patterson, afterwas an old man over eighty and the wards United States senator, and Prof. writer a young student working his Crosby, of Greek grammar faire, and way. One summer season he spent in his brother, Dr. Dixi, were member-Lebanon, N. H. Richard Kimball is of the faculty. President Lord was at recalled as tall and straight in a long the head of the institution and together light, black coat, a dignified walk and they formed an intellectual and social and a kindly countenance. He was force, not often surpassed. There was known and respected by everyone in not so much football then as now, nor so much boat racing. Perhaps there was more rational sociability.

Prof. Charles Bracket Haddock was improvements, and all his life was ac- a nephew of Daniel Webster, son of tive in educational and agricultural William Haddock and Abigati Webster-



Lucretia Kimball (1246) became the second wife of William Haddock, consequently stepmother to Professor Haddock, who married Caroline Kimball.

A little later, about 1856, probably, Prof. Chas. A. Young went from Kimball Union Academy and joined the faculty of Dartmouth. He married Augusta Mixer, a granddaughter of Elizabeth Kimball (see page 553), Prof. Young is now of Princeton and has a wide reputation as an astronomer.

A prominent Kimball in Hanover in the years from 1844 to 1866, was David (1190). He was a gentleman of education and culture, a Yale graduate, a minister and editor. He had charge of the Dartmouth Press and did college printing, as well as the annual cutalogues and other work of numerous academies in that part of the country. both in Vermont and New Hampshire. His three sons graduated from Dartmouth, respectively, in 1852, 1855 and 1858. The eldest died in a New York hospital in 1866, while in practice there. The youngest went to Texas au a teacher, and died in the southern army. Henry M., the second son, went to Illinois and engaged in journalism. publishing the Macoupin County Democrat at Carlinville, one of the leading republican papers of Illinois. There he married Miss Fannie M. Palmer, a daughter of Elihu J. Palmer, a distinguished Baptist minister, brother of John M. Pulmer, a general in the Union army, afterwards governor of the state, later United States senator and last year gold standard candidate for president, and himself married with a Mrs. Kimball. There were a half dozen of the Palmer boys members of a strong auti-slavery family.

The writer was not a student at Dartmouth, but he often met members of the faculty, and carue in close contact with Professors Woodman and Patterson, who in succession had

charge of the county schools as superintendents, and tock part in teachers; institutes—He still recalls with satisfaction a visit of Prof. Patterson to his school, and the kindly encouraging words he had to offer, ending with the frank statement that he himself had learned something and that the teacher ought to have a village school instead of one up in the mountain district.

But perhaps this is all inexcusable digression. But not only Richard Kimball and ais daughter, his sons and his grandson, but many other Kimballs were more or less associated with Dartmouth College and its professors, and recognize the influence it has had through the natioe and may reasonably feel that the institution is quite skin to the family.

It may be added that Lucy-Yourg, a daughter of Elijah Huntingdon Kimball, in 1-55 became the wife of Levi Morton, afterwards governor of New York and later vice-president of the United States.

We have received a copy of the "Lewisiana," a monthly inter-family paper designed to interest all of Lewis kin. We are pieased to reciprocate. It is published at Elliott, Conn. Its rice is \$1 per year, but does not give the amount of matter the News does at 50 cents.

We acknowledge the receipt of the St, Louis Bauerzeitung. One of its most attractive headlines reads. "Boycott All Rochester Beer, Ale, Porter," That is enpital so far as it goes. Why not boycott all intoxicants and all deaters in them? A labor paper could give no advice more to the advantage of laboring men than to boycott the saloons everywhere.

A painter in the employ of the C. P. Kimball carriage works of Chicago committed suicide because of illness.



WILLIAM P. CHANDLER.

The supervisors of Vermillion county. Illinois, have resolved to erect a statue in the public square of Danville in memory of the brave soldiers of that county who died in the service of their country. They were greatly persuaded to this action by efforts of William P. Chandler, formerly Lieutenant Colonel of the thirty-fifth regiment. Illinois volunteers. Colonel Chandler is a member of a well known New Hampshire family of that name, the most prominent member of which is now. perhaps, United States Senator Chandler of that state. Colonel Chandler's life has been one of p ominence and intense activity. In 1845 he married Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of John Kimball (1193). At that time he was a young civil engineer and engaged in the construction of the Northern N. II. that Railroad. When was consoleted he worked upon the Vermont Central. then upon the west end of the New York Central Central and finally upon the Great Western from Indian to Springfield, Illinois, now a portion of the Wabash system. In all this work he had as assistant, his brother-in law. Henry M. Kimball (2002). Hisrailroad building in eastern lilinois brought him in contact with the immense coal fields lying there undeveloped, and upon completion of his railroad work he located in Danville and lent his influence to the development of coal interests that have since made Danville one of the great railroad centers and one of the best trade centers as well as one of the most desirable residence towns in the "hole state.

At the opening of the war Col. Chandler was one of the first to enlist, and while made Lieut. Col. he had command of his regiment almost continously. He was engaged in many of the fiercest lattles, and was one of the first to gain a permanent stand in the deadby encounter at Mission Bidge. At the

close of the war, after taking part in the struggle from Chatanooga to At lanta, he returned to his business in Danville. On the accession of Gen Haves to the Presidency he was appointed Surveyor General of the territory of Idaho, where he remained till 1885, when he was removed by President Cleveland. During this period of nearly eight years his assistant was nis nephew, Nelson F. Kimball, (2508) now of Weiser, Idaho. At the close of this service Col. Chandler and his wife she was then over sixty, started with a horse and a buckboard through the territory, into and through the wonderful Yellowstone country, not then protected as it is now. At night they camped wherever they might be, often within the hearing of mountain lions and other wild animals. Upon reaching the Northern Pacific road they took the train for the west, then down through California, where they spent some time with Kimball cousins, and still going south, returned by way of the Southern Pacific, stopping in Topeka to visit relatives, and to eall upon his old war time friend Col John A Martin, at that time Governor of Kan-

Col. and Mrs. Chandler celebrated their golden wedding in Danville in la 1-95, as her brother Gilbert II. (2000) had done ten vears before in the same town. In March 1-80, Mrs. Chandler died, but Colonel Chandler although well advanced, still remains, and takes his usual interest in public affairs, especially in efforts to honor the memory of his courandes who fell in bittle Age is, however, beginning to tell or the old veteran, and much of the time he is confined to his house.

We would like to put a good deal history into this paper. But what cabe done will depend altogether upon the number of subscribers. At best of cannot be a financial success.



Death of Pension Agent Leland's Daughter

From the Topeka Capital of Tuesday morning, Nov. 30, we take the following details:

"Mrs. C. V. Norman, oldest daughter of Cyrus Leland, died Sunday morning at Santa Fe. N. M., of consumption. Mrs. Norman has been ill for several months and went to New Mexico in the hope of deriving benefit. Mr. Leland joined his daughter about two months ago and was with her at the time of as Pension Agent when he never served her death.

When the news of Mrs, Norman's death reached Topeka Sunday morning. , her brother went to Troy to make arrangements for the funeral services. which will be held today. Mr. Leland will pass through Topeka today with younger children. Mrs. Leland died more than a year ago."

Reunion in Topeka, Sept. 30. Mr. Leland was at the bedside of his daugh-! corded. The immediate family has the sympathy of all.

In the Family History (p. 1026) no children of Mr. Leland are named. As will be seen from the above there are four children now living. The son has for some time been a student in Washburn College.

The children and gran children of Harriet S. Kimball made her a pleasant surprise party for the celebration of her \$5th birthday, on Nov. 7, at her home in Napa, California. Of her childien there were present. Lizzie G. Rebeeca V., Sarah H., and Roy T.

Harriet S. is greatly in love with California climate an absolutely refuses to allow the passing years to leave their traces with her And she seems just as young as she use to be some twenty years ago when she came to California.

Samuel Kimball in 1771 bought forty acres of land on the shore of Lake hanbunagungamong, in Dudley, Mass, We think of offering a premium to every one who sends us a subscription upon proof that this item has been read at sight.

We take the following from the Daily Capi'al of this city in reference to Cyrus Leland, Jr., (2398, p. 1026 of Kimball History).

The New York Evening Post's editortorial denouncing Cy Leland last Friday as a boss and as responsible by his arbitrary machinations for Republican defeat in Kansas last year, as well as accusing him of nepotism in his present office and criticising his appointment as a soldier, brought out the following letter the next day from a distinguished "formerly of Kansas" man, now living in New York:

To the Editor of the Evening Post: Sir:- In your editorial in Wednesthe body. He will be joined here by day's issue on Cyrns Leland, whom you Miss Mildred Leland and the two describe as the Republican boss of Kansas, you make a mistake in saving that Mr. Leland was never in the army. He At the time of the Kimball Family enlisted in the summer of 1861, enterthe service as Second Lieuterant of Company F. of the Tenth Kansas Volunteer Regiment. In September 1862. ter. And now the end has come as re- he was promoted to a first lieutenancy, and served until January of 1565, when the war in the west came practically to an end. He was a mere stripling when he entered the service. A rather laughable incident illustrated the dash and courage which distinguished him as a soldier. In February, of 1864 my father, then in command at Kansas City, set out with his family in a carriage to drive from that place to Leavenworth, and some of the staff officers, including Leland, accompadied him. They had to cross the Kansas River at Kansas City on a flat boat, which was run by a tall stalwart Indian. The apron of the boat was broken so that it was troublesome to handle, and the Indian, in a surly fashion, refused to put down the apron. Leland got down off of his horse, and, handing the reign to a brother officer, stepped on board of the boat. Instead of putting the apron in place as all thought he intended doing, he seized the Indian, pushed him into the river, and holding on to his collar, dragged him back until he could get hold of the boat and pull himself out. As the Indian climbed up, dripping with water and shivering with cold, Leland said to him, "Now put down the aprod," which the Indian very submissively did.

THOMAS EWING, JR.



ASA KIMBALL

(466)

Asa Kimball (466) was the first man to make a settlement in the town of Barton, Vt., then a howling wilderness many miles from civilization-and where Barton now stands. It was in the year of 1795. While clearing his land and raising his grain he lived in a cabin made of poles and bark. One of his steers failing him, he voked his on ly eow with the other steer and thus narrowed his grain. He not only built the first Grist Mill in 1797, (not 1787). but the following year he put up a Saw Mill: near where the Flouring Mill now stands in that lovely country village. They were built on a stream. the outlet of Bellwater pond, a beantiful inland lake, and a tributary to Barton River. This stream within a distance of one-half a mile descends probably 300 feet, constituting one of the finest water powers to be found in that part of the state. Its banks are now late William King Kimball. (2225) who thickly studded with mills and factortes of all kinds. The writer spent many of his youthful days fishing along its banks.

The town was organized March 28, 1798, Asa Kimball Moderator. He was chosen ore of the selectmen and also pound-keeper. There were but eighteen voters in town at that time. Asa Kimball and his brother Paul T. (467) were signers to the petition to eall a town meeting for the purpose of organizing the town and choosing such officers as required by law. In 1800 he built a new Grist Mill of larger proportions, of two run of stone, which was a great achievment in those days. It is said that he was a very resolute and persevering man, and usually accomptished whatever he undertook. He sold out about 1816 to Cot. Ellis Cubb, and emigrated to York State and from thence to Ohio, where he died as stated in the History. F. M. K.

LIEUTENANT COMMANDER KIMBALL

By a late number of the Savanna's News we notice that Lieut. Command er William W. Kimball of the United States Navy is now out on a lengthy coast and river inspection, and experimental trip. They were at Savanta' the last of November, and with the Naval Reserves at that place, engaged in torpedo practice. Some of this wawith compressed air.

The News says the Commander was highly pleased with the results, as well as with the naval militia of that place-Lieutenant Kimball will take his flotil. la down the coast, around Florida and along the gulf coast to the Mifsissippi river and up that river to St. Louis. requiring six more months to make the trip, and will not get back to Washington until next summer. Should be conclude to come up the Missouri rive? to the mouth of the Kaw we shall iuvite him to Topeka.

Lieutenant Kimball is a son of the reached the grade of general in the late war, and was a prominent lawyer and citizen of Mame. both before and after the war

The Kansas Society of the Sons of the American Revolution met in Topeka in a special session on the last Wednesday of November and unanimously voted to accept the new constitution, adopted by the two allied societies in Cincinnati, Oct. 12. The family should be well represented in the Soeiety. "The Spirit of '76" published at 18 and 20 Rose Street, N. Y., is devoted to the society.

William Wallace Kimball has been in the piano business in Chicago for over forty years, and was the pioneer in that line in this midland west. A celebration of the fortieth anniversary has recently been observed.



The Kimball Family News

Topeka, Kansas, February, 1898.

Vol. 1. No. 2.

Terms 50 cents a year.



GUSTAVUS FRANKLIN KIMBALL. (No. 2506, Page 1057 Family History.)

Herewith is presented a portrait of family to Illinois. In the fall of 1862 winters after he was 16. He read law in connection with the army. with Levi W. Barton of Newport, N. H. The paper became one of the most

the editor of The News. He was born he went'to Belleville and soon after in Orange, N. H., May 6, 1836, on a bought the Advocate, the oldest paper farm pretty well up on Cardigan in southern Illinois, just then out of mountain. He attended the district the sheriff's hands. To this business school each winter, and later contin- he gave his personal attention for the ued his studies at Canaan Union next ter years, except a part of the Academy, and at Andover, teaching year of 1864 while in engineer service

But finding the law uncongenial, es- influential in the state, and its busitablished a newspaper in Canaan. This mess one of the most extensive, requirhe subsequently sold and followed the, ing from fifty to seventy workmen. He



against the protest of A. N. Kellogg, whom he afterward sold when the Kellogg company established its St.

Louis branch. The Belleville business was extensive and embraced the printing of books for St. Louis and other publishers. Law reports and other books of 600 and 700 pages were often turned out in two weeks. In 1872 he sold his business and went to Denver, where he built a house and bought land. The result proved that he was more successful in the newspaper business than in real estate speculation

In 1873 he returned to Illinois, and in Danville, where his parents resided (see 2000, p. 902), bought the Danville Argus, which he changed to the News, He afterward helped organize the Illinois Printing Company, and was its first vice president and editor. The Danville News is still published by one of the original members of the company, W. R. Jewell, whose son, W. R. Jewell, Jr., lawyer, married Edna, only surviving child of Henry M. Kimball (see 2002, p. 902).

In 1884 he moved to Topeka, and having purchased the paper. Spirit of Kansas, moved it from Lawrence to the state capital. This paper was established in 1870 by the somewhat notorious I. S. Kalloch, formerly of Boston, and later of San Francisco, and for years has had a wide reputation as a farm and household journal.

As a journalist he has had a continuous experience of nearly forty years. In early life he imbibed abolition and temperance principles. He is given to radical ideas which he aims to temper with practical methods. He is no politician, although not upfamiliar with political methods. He was a delegate to the National Prohibition Convention at Pittsburgh in 1984 which nominated

was one of the first to engage in the St. John for president, and has been co-operative printing of the so-called a frequent candidate for the legisla-"patent insides" and was the first to ture with no hope of election. In 1878-9 print "outsides" which he introduced he published the only temperance daily in Illinois. He is now manager of the the originator of the system, and to Kimball Printing Company, located in North Topeka, where he owns a neat and comfortable home. The Kimball printing plant is one of the best selected in the city, and in some respects the most notable in the state, having in stock eight to ten thousand ents for illustrating almost anything. Printing of all kinds, also binding and stereo-

Of his children, Annie, born in New Hampshire, is the wife of Judge W. A. Sloane of San Diego, Cal. She is a skilled musician, both vocal and instrumental (p. 1057).

Herbert Hamilton, born in Belleville, Ill., died in Danville of cerebrai fever. aged eight and a half years. He was a child of rare promise with a wonderful taste for history and mechanics. At six he preferred the Scientific American to all his father's exchanges, and at eight able to relate the details of nearly every battle in all our wars, on land and sea, and quite familiar with the lighthouse system of America and England. He learned to read by himself before he could speak plainly and attended school only four months previous to his final sickness.

Florence, educated at home and in Topeka schools, has been her father's assistant for several years. She is now proof-reader on the Topeka Evening Journal, where she reads and corrects from forty to sixty columns daily. For this business a wide range of reading and her experience as her fither's associate has admirably fitted her.

Martha, stenographer and typewriter is also engaged upon the Daily Journal as reporter for North Topeka.

Eleanor is the home keeper: is her mother's assistant, while Park Barnes. who went from Topeka High School last season, is in his father's office and growing to be his main dependence.





COL. DANIEL BURNS DYER.
(No. 2025, Page 909 Family History.)

The Railway Journal of October contains a sketch of Col. Dyer (2025) from which we take the following extract. Col. Dyer is one of the leading citizens of Augusta, Ga. He was formerly of Kansas City. He is vice president of the National Street Railway Association. The Railway Journal says:

"D.B.Dyer was born near Joliet, Ill., and recalls with pleasure the busy days spent on the farm. His education was begun in the common schools and continued at the State Normal University. He with his father and brother went into the army and served during the entire war. In 1864 he was captured by General Price after the battle of Pilot Knob, and held a prisoner for two weeks before he made his escape. He has had something of a varied experience since that time, a brief record of which discloses the fact that he has borne an active, stirring and impor-

tant part in every community where he has lived. He has been engaged in merchandising, banking, stock raising and railroading, besides having fifteen years of intensely interesting experience with the Indians. In 1868 he went west and either traded with the Indians or acted as a representative of the government until 1885, when he removed from the Indian Territory to Kansas City. During his Indian service he had in charge eight tribes in the northeast part of the Indian Territory, the most noted of which were the Lava Bed Modocs, who killed Gen. Canby and Dr. Thomas, and scalped Col. Meacham: these wild Indians he induced to take up civilized pursuits and later on he took charge of the wild and warlike Chevennes and Arapahoes and succeeded in starting them on the white man's road.

He has the largest private collection of Indian curiosities in the world and



was given a diploma and medal at the World's Fair.

Col. Dver hesitates to talk about his many personal experiences and it was with difficulty that these were secured but he has every reason to be proud of the fifteen years good work he did to promote the welfare of that race. It is through the sum of individual influeace like this that the mission of civilized humanity is performed. He has had a most eventful life, having passed through Indian outbreaks and many hardships in the West, and his reputation and fame already lives in many states, especially in the West. Besides his Indian experience he has promoted many great enterprises and today is at the head of the street railway and electric lighting plant at Augusta. Ga., · besides being interested in one of the street railways at Kansas City, and in a steamship line, and a large office building that bears his name.

He is also president of the Georgia Railway Land & Colonization company. He has been such an important factor in every movement for the advancement and upbuilding of the Souththat the officers of the 6th Georgia Regiment, to show their appreciation of his worth as a citizen, his courage and patriotism, tendered him the colonelev of their regiment No man could have more enthusiastic support than he has received in the South. He has always fult a profound sense of personal responsibility for the advancement of the section where he lives. But he has always been popular, which is evidenced by the fact that when Oklahoma was opened 15,000 people elected him unanimously the first mayor of finthrie.

He is a man well calculated to handle vast concerns, and the street rallway association must feel gratified at having such a man as one of its officers."

Col. Dver was born in 1849, and is the son of Elizabeth Howe Kimball and George Raudolph Dyer, a notable citizen of Illinois in years before and during the war. Both parents were persons of strong character. Elizabeth Howe Kimball was born in 1818 in Groton, N. II., a town adjoining that in which the editor of the News was born in 1836. Groten was the home of many Kimballs at an early day and afterwards sent many emigrants to Illipois, Kimball Hill is still well known in Groton and in our boyhood days the Kimball Hill brook was a famous resort for trout fishing, and so were the ponds near by.

The mother of Elizabeth Howe Kimball and grandmother of Col. Dyer was Naney Currier of Concord, N. H., married in 1805 Joseph Kimball (1889). They lived some years in New Hampshire, in 1834 he went to Illinois. The location he selected is where Elgin now stands. In 1835 while returning east for his family he died suddenly in Ohio. His son Samuel was still in Elgin, where his mother and the remainder of the family joined him. She remained fifty three years a wildow and died soon after she celebrated her hundredth and first birthday Sept. 26, 1888

Mr. Carl Willis Kimball made a brief visit last month to his parents Captain and Mrs. E. M. Kimball of this city. By notice elsewhere it will also be seen that these same parents have now be, come grandparents and cousin Fred reaily feels that age is creeping on.

The State Insurance Department of Missouri, is having trouble with Benjamin Kimoall who wants to do business in that State. We are not fully informed as to the nature of the difficulty. Kansas is also having trouble and the Insurance Commission is full of business.



FROM CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco, Nov. 18, 1897. DEAR COUSIN .- Enclosed I hand you some copy for the Kimball Family News. As you will notice by the dates have been in my possession about eleven years and I think were received by me immediately following a batch and the family records written by my of letters which I sent to all of the father's aunt French in 1857 tracing Kimball name in our directory at that time, Christian F. Kimball's name and address having been given me by one of this city. It was the first I knew of the letters to Mr. Morrison and Prof. Sharples, but they do not seem to have used the data. However, our paper will be available for this sort of infor- scription of Father Sawyer in mation, will it not? That is part of its records. scope, isn't it? I wonder what became: their mother, but they have a portrait in oil which I have seen out at Wm. E K's house; he is one of the brothers and is superintendent of Newel Bros' soap factory, out in the mission-the book. Both Fred and William are nice. men, good husbands I imagine, happily married, but William has no children. Another brother, Christian F. Kimball is a law student here in the city. They The above letter was written in revery much resemble Leonidas F. Kim-ply to one from me enclosing a chart ball (2088, p. 632) son of Hazen Kimball who seems to have been quite well known as a rather eccentric old philosopher, quite a wealthy man; but none of Rebecca (Sawyer) Kimball, daughof the sons have done anything very wonderful.

"I beg to return herewith the History of the Kimball Family in America. which was so kindly loaned to me by Kimball family are to be congratulated. Hobart, who came from Birgham, Not-

upon the efficient way in which the history is worked out.

I have a long and interesting letter from Miss Rebecca M. Kimball. 291 Howard street, here, in which she writes as follows:

"I received the Kimball Family News. of the letters, written in 1886, they also a copy sent by you and the Hobart Charts. I have now the two charts sent by you tracing the Hobart family the Sawyers back to the Mayflower. Father (Charles Proctor Kimball, (1464. p. 700), was exceedingly proud of being of his grandsons. Frederick Kimball a descendant of Father Sawyer (Rev. John Sawyer, D.D.) and told many a the German family. I sent copies of bit of family history regarding him. They were close friends and I think were very much alike in looks and disposition. Aunt French gives a full de-

I am much pleased with the News, of those two sons of the old Johann especially this number, and will sub-George Kimball who went west. These scribe, also send a short history of grandsons of C.F. K. here do not know pa's life since he landed in San Frananything of their family history, their cisco. How much pleased he would father and mother having been di- have been to have heard from that Mr. vorced and they having stayed with Hale, his fellow passenger in 1849, as they came through the Straits of Magellan.

Did you see that wonderful directory? I have it at home and am very proud of it. One gentleman told me' earliest settled portion of this city, out, it ought to be worth \$25. What do you the foothills. Their records have think of that? But money cannot buy been sent to Mr. Morrison. I felt dis-lit at present. Father wrote his name appointed that they were not in the and nom de plume (Noisy Carrier) on the fiv-leat. It is 4x5% inches, paper bound with brown corners and back. printed by the Journal of Commerce

press Sept. 1, 1850." showing where she, Miss Rebecca M. Kimbail, gets her name. Her father. Charles Proctor Kimball, was the son ter of Rev. John and Rebecca (Hobart) Sawyer, and her parents were Thomas l copy from a letter recently received and Jane [Bailey] Hobart, he son of by me from Timothy Hopkins, adopted Isaac and Mary [Harden] Hobart of son of the late Mark Hopkins of this Abington, [parents of Col. Aaron Hocity, one of the original incorporators bart, the first owner of a brass foundry of the Central Pacific R. R. Co., and in America, and who cast caunon and owner of the magnificent Hopkins shot for the American army during mansion on Nob Hill, next to Senator the Revolution and taught Paul Revere Stanford's house. Mr. Hopkins says; how to east bells, etc. | he son or Capt. Aaron and Rebecca (Sumner) Hobart of Hingharn, son of Thomas and Anne [Plonimer] Hobart of Hipgham and he Both Mr. Morrison and the son of Edmund and Margaret [Dewey



in-law. Edgar Hobart of San Jose, is compiling the Hobart genealogy now and he aud Col. A. S Hubbard-a corruption of Hobart-of this city, registrar of the Sons of the American Revolution here, etc., are descendants of Edmund Hobart of Hingham and the line of Edgar Hobart and Miss Rebecca M. Kimball is identical down to the brothers Thomas and Col. Aaron llobart, where the lines separate. Edgar being a descendant of the latter.

Now to go back again and pick up the line, Rebecca Sumner was daughter of Roger and Mary [Joselyn] Sumner, she daughter of Thos, and Rebecca Josselyn, who came from England to America, settling at Hingham in 1635. So you see the name Rebecca comes from Rebecca Josselyn-Rebecca Sumner, Rebecca Hobart, Rebecca Sawyer, Rebecca Kimball. Rev. John Sawyer's wife Rebecca Hobart, is not mentioned in the Kimball book, but I noticed the Hobart name among their children, or rather the children of her daughter Rebecca [Sawver] Kimball, and asked Edgar Hobart where it came from, and so Miss Rebecca knows more about her ancestry than a week ago. I think these researches real interesting; don't you?

The following are translations of the German letters to which cousin Sarah Louise refers at the beginning of her letter:

Michigan City, Ia., Nov. 18, 1886. DEAR SARAH L. KIMBALI.:

You must excuse me for writing in German to you, but I taink you will find a man who is more capable to translate it in English than f am. never had any instruction in English as I got myself. Respectfully,

CHRISTIAN KIMBALL. [Written in German.]

In the inland village of Sachsen-Weimer-Eisenach a battle was fought on July 3, 1866, near Dermbach. On this battlefield lay a well to do peasants' village, forty or fifty acres in extent by the name of Neichartshomfen. letters I received, that through fire this village had suffered. In this place stood a two-story well-built house. builded from clay and oak and the roof

folk, Eng., to Charleston, afterwards clay shingles. The inside window to Hingham, Mass. in 1635. My brother shutters were decorated with flowers and animals. In this house was a great iron stove or oven built in the wall, which had an earthen covering and was fired from the kitchen, and on this oven was a Bible picture with these words: "Let little children come unto Me," as you see on Sunday school leaves. Also there was imprinted to read under it: "Mfd. in Hessen Homberg for Johann G. Kimball, 1617."

About twenty or thirty years ago I was often in this same house with my father, on his business trips, and at this time the lady of the house was a born Kimball. My eldest son, Fred's father, was with me there. My father related to me: "This is the stemhouse

of all the Kimballs.

The old Johann Geo. Kimball had seven sons. After his death the youngest son remained in possession of the property and the other six wandered away. The eldest son bought the publie house at Wernshausen, near twenty American miles from Sachs-Meininger. He took possession of the place on St. Johann's Day, 1655, and I was born there on that place on St. Johann's Day, 1838. On the same day lay the remains of my father's brother dead in the house. Another settled in a village near by, Dermbach. A third settled by a place called Lindenau. The three last went to Hamburg. One of these three drowned in the river. Now comes the two others; both went on a whaling expedit on-as a cutter of meat of whale. From these two nothing was ever heard from except from the ship they deserted and went west. The man who died was buried at Atlanta, liamburg. No. 2.

Michigan City, Dec. 3, 1886. Dear Sarah L. Kimball:

I forgot to mention in my last letter what we know of the old Johann Georg Kimball. The old Johann Georg Kimball came to the known house a crippled soldier and recovered. He was an officer. He was not German, no rude peasant, and after awhile married the daughter of the house. No wonder that a marriageable girl rather marry an agreeable cripple, especially That by this affair, according to the when no one else in to marry her than to remain single.

Anno. 1608-1610.

The history of reformation teaches plastered with lime and covered with you that the reformation of the church



ruins of destroyed villages.

Holy League.

The leader of the Union was the unfortunate Frederick of Kur-Pfatz. He married a daughter of Jacob I. [?] of England, from which may be inferred that Johann Georg Fimball was an officer in Frederick's, army, and an Englishman. With regards.

CHRISTIAN F. KIMBALI. P.S .- The names Jacob and George are used a good deal in our family. C. F. K.

A California Pioneer.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov 26, 1897.

MR. G. F. KIMBALL. Topeka, Kas.

DEAR COUSIN:

I see this is the way that Roy T. and Sarah Louise have addressed those in your part of the country and I suppose I, too, may claim the same relation-

I have received a copy of The Kimball Family News and am well pleased with it. I join in with the above named persons in their well chosen remarks regarding the paper. It has rise up and call them "blessed." seemed to me as if something of the died Nov. 19, 1896, kind were needful to perpetuate the Bong of Union which has sprung up between us. I think there will be no trouble about it being well received! and patronized by the memoers of this

Charles Proctor Kimball, editor and publisher of the first San Francisco Directory, was my father, and I am very proud of being his daughter. [See letter from Saran Louise, -Ed. News.]

distinguished family.

Father arrived in San Francisco in He went to the mines and July 1849. worked thirteen days at a dollar a day. Not having money enough to buy machinery to keep out the water he

was inaugurated in 1544 in the Saxon quit work and came back to this city. countries which border Pavaria. The He went into the book and stationery duke of Bavaria, a violent Catholic, business, at first in a tent-like wooden pledged himself to the emperor to structure, afterwards rented a large eradicate the Luther heresy, entered store on Commercial and Liedesdorff his mob in Lutheran Saxony, streets. At that time he was prospermurdered and robbed whoevercame to ous, taking in on steamer days over his hands. Today the results of that \$1000. Business moved up to Montwar are still visible in the shape of gomery street. He moved too, but had to sell out on account of competition The Protestants, under the name of and exorbitant rent: In 1860 he bought Union, formed an army to resist the a tract of land in the suburbs of the Catholic mob, which was called the city, to which place he moved his family. They resided there for a number of years. He was appointed inspector of election of the 12th assembly district twelve times. He was president of the Hayes Valley Hose Co. for several terms; was chief e-uneilor of Valley Council O. C. F .; was an Odd Fellow since 1859; was a member of the California Pioneers and of the Vigilance Committees of '53

> Having sold his property he removed to his late residence, 2912 Howard St., where he died April 28, 1594. an active, earnest, true-hearted gentleman, true to his party and his convictions. Was active in church matters and anything pertaining to the welfare of the community in which he resided, being looked up to by the majority of his neighbors and friends for his justness, thorough knowledge of law and municipal affairs

> He married Miss Isabella Dunn. daughter of James Dunn, ship blacksmith, Oct. 17, 1852. She was a fitting helpmate to him, seconding him in all his efforts and being faithful and true in all their works, and their children

> They had ten children, of whom two are living: a son. Proctor William, and a daughter (the writer). Rebeeca Marv.

> Please remember me kindly to the Mr. Hale mentioned in the News, as having been father's fellow voyager ont to California. I know father would have been exceedingly pleased to have met or corresponded with him. I have heard him speak of a race between two or three ships (one he was on) during their trip through the Straits of Magellan. I wonder if Mr. Hale remembers it. It must have been very exciting.

With regards to vourself and the rest of the cousins, I am.

Yours truly. REBECCA M. KIMBALL.



Around the Family Table.

The KIMBALL FAMILY NEWS is developing some things. We call a family conneil to consider family matters and propose to hear from others that we may get a concensus of opinion, understanding that we may also put in a word now and then.

We have many letters wishing The News success. It would be pleasant to give place to them all, but that is impracticable. We reserve that space for those who have suggestions to offer or something to say of interest to others, but it would answer a purpose, some purpose Viell we are getting opinions. Some are ready to be heard. First come, first served.

Duran Kimball, Chicago Shorthand and Typewriting school, is entitled to the floor and says:

"I thank you for the Kimball Family NEWS, copy of which is just received. I hope you can make such a paper a success and shall be glad to co-operate in all ways I am able. If you will accept some suggestions, I will offer

Subscription price should be at least a dollar a year. The work of conductin; such a paper will necessarily be a matter of love and pride, and whoever does it should have cash outlay returned. Any one interested at all will as soon pay a dollar a year as 25c and the editor and publisher will feel better. I may not see all the points, but I'd think a quarterly at a dollar a year would answer the purpose and lessen work and expense. I take it such a paper would be a repository of doings and happenings of the Kimball family and confined to them. You have two columns seven inches long , this could be divided into fourteen spaces of one incheach and 50c or a dollar an issue an interesting page and would serve to help pay expenses. I would keep up such a card and I have no doubt others would.

I sent Mr. Morrison names and addresses of over a hundred Kimballs in

this city. I think nearly all are in some business that would bear advertising and there should be family pride enough to take occupy and maintain a niche in such a temple of fame. I enclose a dollar in way of subscription and help even up the expense you have already been to. Let me know what I can do to help your project.' fours truly.

D. Kimball.

These suggestions are worth something. They have been more or less considered. There are also other points that might be considered, such as the best form for the paper. We made a low price so as to meet the wants of the greatest number. This excluded a smaller page magazine form, say the size of the Family History, wired or stitched, although that form would be better. It all depends upon the amount of support. It was begun on the sapposition that it would not pay for the necessary work. It was desirable to make the deficiency as small as possible. It support warrants it will be easy to improve. We do not think favorably of the quarterly idea. The suggestion in regard to advertising we leave to others. Like Barkis, we are willin'. It would materially aid in the work and in some eases might satisfy the advertiser. But we are not asking anything in the way of gratuities and so leave this matter in the hands of members of the family who must consider it for themselves.

And now comes our young friend. Albert Barney Kimball, of the Scandia (Kas.) Journal and postmaster of that place. We give it because it is appreciative.

DEAR COUSIN Enclosed find 25e for a year's subscription to the Kimbali charged for a card. An editorial ex-horting readers to keep trade in the with the tribe and this will be an ex-family would be good. This would be edited opportunity. If I can be of any assistance to you at any time do not he sitate to call on me. Only we printers can fully appreciate the difficulty of your undertaking. Very truly yours.

ALBERT B. KIMBALL.



We now make room for an outsider who says:

DEAR SIR:-1 have just received the November number of Kimball Family News published by you. I have not a drop of Kimball blood in my veins, nor and I related in any way by marriage. I am interested in genealogy and desire to know how good a family paper you can edit and publish. I therefore send you my check for 25c with exchange for which send me the Kimball Family News for 1898

Yours truly, CHAS. TUBBS. Tioga Co., Pa.

And now comes a letter that has given us the most satisfaction of any so far received. First we give it place in its entirety:

Boston, Nov. 18, 1897. Mr. G. F. Kimball:

a copy of the Kimball Family News once in a while the proceedings at for November, sent to me I suppose in some Kimbali reunion, then I do not the hope that I would subscribe for think it will succeed. But it can be the same. I have not seen the circular broadened out to a paper of genealogpaper until I opened this one. At first torical society, but by the affect an indifference on account of torical undertaking. the fear that they might find that; their ancestors were not titled people, the subject, I enclose my dollar for but belonged to the great mass of four copies and wish you success in those who developed the resources of whatever line you conduct the paper. the nation in a quiet unknown way. But this is not the way to look at the study of genealogy. It should be

looked at in a broader sense as a part of historical research. I know for my own part, that I have learned more in genealogical research of the early history of our country and of England and the social customs and characteristics of early times than Lever learned by ordinary historical study. Nowwe should look upon this study as an important adjunct to ordinary political history. The latter gives an account of the genealogy of kings and queens and other rulers and acts of governments. The former gives us an insight into the character of the people and the customs and conditions which have in reality brought about the various changes and in fact have constituted the power behind the throne. Now it it is the intention to make

this Kimball Family News merely a record of what various people, today bearing the name of Kimballare doing and how they are succeeding in their Dear Sir:- I received the other day business enterprises and to report referred to nor did I know of any such ical research, supported not by a his-Kimball tried to discover what the idea was family with the object of looking up and could not feel that there was any the records in the past in regard to the call for such a publication. even Kimball family especially, and incidenthough I am interested in the Kimball tally much related matter This could genealogy. I will however subscribe be done by the collection of a fund for for four copies and enclose 31 to help the purpose and some one could be the work and will add my ideas on the sent to England to trace back the subject. I feel that genealogy viewed lines of Kimball, Scott, etc., and look from the broader standpoint is more up the matter of a coat of arms about than a mere fad. We know that when which there is much doubt. A search a man intends to invest money in val- might also be made of the Kemble uable trotting horses, he appreciates family. It might be found that the the importance of a good pedigree. We Kymboulds of Suffolk and the Kemalso know that this same principle up- bles of Wiltshire had sprung from the plies in all the animal and veg stable same stock, or it might be discovered kingdoms, and in the race families of that the Kymbould ancestors were mankind. We must acknowledge the with the Normans and their name influence of heredity, yet there are traced back to the Doomsday book. At many who ignore the study on the least much might be found in the ground that it is a foolish and useless ancient records. Now that Messrs. amusement and claim that it makes no Sharples and Morrison have completed difference to them what their anges, the great work of making a directory tors, names were, and where they of all the American Kimballs, many of lived, and in many cases they probably these could be gathered into this his-

Now having expressed my ideas on

I am yours truly, FRANK REED KIMBALL. Salem, Mass.



nitely expressed. We have not room now have it, is a benefit to mankind here to greatly enlarge upon what we Real history should be the truth, and conceive this purpose to be. We simed | truth can have but one side. to throw out some hin's along this line of that our histories are but series of in our last issue, particularly in the conflicts in themselves. One contraremarks made at the Topeka reunion. diets the other, according to the But as supplemental to above letter we standpoint of the author. add a few thoughts here. The highest duty maukind owes is to humanity in the aggregate. If anyone wants to amend by substituting God for humanity, we do not object. This is the duty of the Christian. The next highest duty is to the state. This is the duty of the citizen. The next duty is that due genealogy involves a close study of to family and friends. This is the duty of the individual man. The perfect man will be the perfect citizen and the perfect citizen will be the perfect Christian, highest type of manhood vet known. The highest type of manhood will only be reached with the highest stage of civilization.

Toward this the world is progressing. The degree reached by mankind in performance of these duties marks the degree of civilization reached by a

community or a nation.

Therefore whatever means may be used to improve man, to better the citizen, or to perfect the Christian, is just so much to advance what we denominat - civilization.

This should be the purpose of all history. But too often it is not so. History should enlarge the mind. It Much of our history often dwarfs it. is full of myths-food for the imagina-

An English lord, whose eyesight hall failed, once said: "Read me no history: it is all false." It was an extreme view. But we write history and study history largely from the surface, regardless of the philosophy that lies with a thousand other contesting beneath the growth of events. The families. mere record of battles, and the noting of hair-breadth escapes are matters of little consequence.

to follow their efforts, the reformations Adam as the head of the family. would have died still born. Asoften

We commend this letter to the read- as otherwise this has continued to be er's attention. If we fully grasp the the case. It may be an open question writer's purpose it is more than is defi- whether the study of history as we

So mankind while meaning well is

bewildered and uncertain.

But what has all this to do with the Kimball Family News? What with genealogy? What with our cousins letter?

Simply this: The proper study of history. It becomes a powerful induence in the betterment of mankind. When this study becomes organized, as it does through the publication of family records, a spirit of emulation is created, not only among the members of the same family, but between the

different families.

It stimulates family pride, not a false or ignoble pride that cares for coats of arms, or descent from noble blood, but pride in good citizenship, u. knowledge that the family has earned respectability; and as time goes on there will grow with individual membership a pride in the family honor that will be its best protection. Let these family records grow, each striving to prove itself the equal in general manhood of any other. With these influences multiplied we may have a power for the advancement of human progress-a civilizing force superior to any that we get from written his-

From such competition no foreseen evil can flow. The Kimball family will contest with the Morrison family for a good name, for the best manhood, So

ilerein is the philosophy of the genealogical movement as we see it, such is the underlying purpose of the Kini-It is more important to know what ball Family News. It may and does are the results that are likely to follow have its social purposes to serve. These from certain causes. And with all the are necessary as the outer body of the world's experience written and before organized effort, but they are not its us this is not easy to do. Guizot ex- vital features. It is satisfaction to pressed the opinion that if the pro- know who was one's great grandfather moters of the revolutions, civil and re- and who was his grandfather, but if ligious, of the centuries preceding the that were all, one might as well lump last, could have seen the results soon it all in and acknowle ige Noah or It will be seen that the Kimbat;

News is really and intensely demo-



man of princely blood is just as good, a universal incident of progress. as any Kimball, provided he is as good. and not otherwise. It believes with what of the breadth of what we may

want of it the fellow."

But this is not all, nor can we here outline more than a small part of the field in which we may work. Reform is in the air. But few deny the crying need of it. But men and women of today are battling as wildly and blindly | we have. for reform as at any time in the past. Fearful efforts are made and wasted in this direction-honestly made efforts, the result of ignorance. We have poverty all about us-poverty in the midst of abundance-certainly a most incongruous condition. Crime runs riot, partly as a result of this poverty, and partly as a result of ill-begotten humanity. Attempts at prevention are ill-considered or altogether thoughtless, seldom going to the root of the

We talk of economic conditions and advise drastic remedies. We take hold of a great public evil taat we have unorder of things with a wave of the ter time. I send my love to you all. hand. We are nearly as irrational as the generations that have gone before. We talk dippantly of the need of more general education, and if we know how, we as often fail to put the knowl-

edge to practical use.

Much of our christianity is a sham, and our patriotism but a political fake. We may not be aware of it, but very much of our social, business, political, and religious life is belittling and contracting our civilization. Now there is no universal panacea for this state of things. The howling reformer may say otherwise. The only one remedy for the evils that afflict mankind is time. Time changes the foulest water in the vessel's tank to a pure beverage. But the process is slow. Nature takes kindly to the aid of human agency and meets it more than half way. We are wise when we take advantage of this disposition. We do this as individuals, and as citizens when we study ourselves, and to sum this all up in a sentence, we do this when we study our genealogy, our family, our heredity, in the spirit we have indicated. We do not claim the study of genealogy as a cureall. It is but one of many ways leading to reform-reform that has always been and always will be needed so ong as mankind progresses. The term 1982. He was called the Littleton giant.

eratic. So it is. It believes that any is sometimes made odious whereas it is

Perhaps this may serve to show some-Pope that "worth makes the man, the east the News platform. Some may not have thought of genealogy as in any way connected with social science or economics. Perhaps they may learn to see differently. It was Guethe, dying, who called, "Light, mere light." May we living profit more by the light

We close this social interview by admitting our little cousin Ruth who re. marks as follows:

> LOVELL, MAINE, Nov. 20, 1897.

MY DEAR LITTLE COUSINS:

I will try and write my first letter to you and tell you all about myself and school and kitten. I am eight years My school has just closed. I have attended seven terms of school and have not been absent one day. I study arithmetic, geography, reading. and spelling. My kitten's name is Spot. I let her ride in my doll's carriage. wittingly fostered and nurtured for She like it very much. I live in the years, and imagine we can reverse the country and slide down hill in the win-

RUTH KIMBALL.

We find in the press dispatch for June 1896, the following from Washington. It presumably refers to the son of Charles Carrol Kimball [2303]. See page 999 of the History.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 8 .- Cards have been received announcing the marriage of Miss Willie Sylvester, daughter of the late Maj. R. H. Sylvester, of the Washington "Post," formerly of St. Louis, to Chas. O. Kimball, an attorney of this city. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's mother, in New Rochelle, New York.

The wife of Rufus W. Griswold, the distinguished New York editor, and compiler of the "Poets and Poetry of America," which has reached its twentieth edition, was Harriet Stanley McCrillis, daughter of Abigail Kimball, [1251] and Dr. John McCrillis of Merideth, N.

Henry Dix Kimball, son of James, [1233] was over seven feet high. He lived at Littleton, Mass., and died in



KIMBALL COLLEGE GRADUATES.

In this reprint we omit Dartmouth College, as the list formerly printed was incomplete. A re-vised list is not at hand, but will appear in a subsequent number.]

BOWDOIN COLLEGE.

CT ASS 1857-Benjamin Webber Kimball (2239, p. 978 Kimball History), born March 13, 1829, Bethel, Me. Physician and druggist, Minneapolis. Minn.

1874—Charles Frederick Kimball (2457, p. 1042, see portrait), born July 31, 1854, Portland, Me. Manu facturer, Chicago, III.

-Edmund Kimball (1572, p. 750), b. Sept. 12, 1813; non graduate 1837. 1876-Edward Hazen Kimball (1867, p. 855), b. Ang. 24, 1854, Bath, Me.; LL. B., Roston University, 1879.

Lawver. Merchant, Bath. 1879-Frank Kimball (See 21. p. 1105, grandchild), b. Oct. 16. 1855. Kennebunk, Me. Druggist, Nor-

war. Me. 1867-Frank Asbury Kimball, b. March 28, 1842, Mercer, Me. Physician Gardiner. (Apparently not in book.)

1876-Frank Reed Kimball(2519, p.1060) b. July 10, 1853, Salem. Mass. Mannfacturer, Res. Salem. Mass.

1862-George Gustavus Kimball (46-ii, p. 1114) b. Feb. 28, 1843, Ports-month, N. H. LL. B. Columbian University 1866. Lawyer, Boston. U. S. Civil Service. Washington. D. C.

-George Lincoln Kimball, resides Waterford, Me.: undergraduate class of 1805. (Apparently not in book).

1853-George Stone Kimball, b. Jan. 2, tenant 1st Maine Cavalry 1561. Died June 19, 1563, Aldie, Va. (Not in History.)

Aug. 18, 1843, Carmel, Me. Physician. Minneapolis. Minn (Not in History.

1891-Harry Waldo Kimball, b. Jan. 17. 1868, Woonsocket, R. I. Physician. Providence, R. I. (Not in

Hist.) 1892-Harry Woods Kimball, b. Aug. 29, 1870, Portland, Me. In 1894 at Andover Theological seminary

(Not in History.) 1863-Henry Kimball, b. Dec. 14, 1833. Shapleigh, Me. Lawyer, Rochester, N. fl. (Not in History.)

1876-Irving Ellis Kimball (2368, p.1017.

b. Sept. 2. 1852, Clinton, Me-Physician, Portland, Me.

1839—Israel Kimball (46, p. 1113) b. Jan. 26, 1812. Wells. Me. Teach-er, Portsmouth, N. H. Treasury Department, Washington, D. Died Dec. 10, 1890.

1869- John Robinson Kimball (1953, p. 884-portrait), b. Dec. 28, 1541. Pembroke, N. H. Physician, Sun-cook, N. H. Died Jan 8, 1893.

1874-Levi Houghton Kimbalı (2163. p. 957), b. Feb. 23, 1853, Bath. Me M. D. Boston University 1577 N. Y. Opthalmic Hospital 1:7: Physician, Boston.

1887 - Merton Lyndon Kimball, b. Mar. 18. 1867, Waterford, Me. Lawyer Norway, Me. (Not in Hist. See! Fam. NEWS, June, 1898, p. 112.1

-Sereno Thayer Kimball, b. De: 3. 1867, Rockland, Me.; non-gradnate 1890; A. B. Amherst 1890 (Not in Hist.

1855-Sumner Increase Kimball (1887. p. 745, portrait), b. Sept. 2, 1834 Lebanon, Me.; Sc. D. 1891. Law ver, North Berwick, Me. U. S. Life Saving Service.

1838-Thomas Gidden Kimball, b. Sept. 1811. Monmouth, Me. Merchant, Waterville, Me, Died Dec. 1879. (Not in Hist.)

-Thomas Wesley Kimball, b. Jan 14, 1860, Waterville, Me.; nongraduate, 1882. Residence (1894) Monmouth, Me (Not in Hist.) -Walter Scott Abbott Kimbuli. undergraduate class of 1595; rest-

dence, Portland, Me. 1891-Willis Hazen Kimball, (2241-i. p. 979) b. Dec. 2, 1867, Bridgton, Me. Physician, Medfield, Mass.

GRADUATES OF AMBERST COLIEGE. 1533, Gardiner, Me.: lawyer, Lieu- 1854-Rev. John C. Kimball, Hartford

Conn. 1856-William B.Kimball, 19 Upton St. Boston, Mass.

1866-Hannibat Hamlin Kimbali, born 1857-Rev. Joseph Kimball, Andover-Mass.

1885-Wm. S. Kimball, Foxboro, Mass. 1890-Sereno T. Kimball, 420 Main St. Rockland, Maine.

1893-Harry G. Kimball, 406 5th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

1895-Mark R. Kimball, Waynesville N. C.

1896-Everett Kimball, Worcester, Mas-1896-Edward T. Kimball, Portsmoute.

N. H. 1896-W. Eugene Kimball, 436 Clinton Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

1897-Arthur H. Kimball, 620 North Carolina Ave., Washington, D. C.



NAMES OF THE DESCENDANTS OF RICHARD AND HENRY KEMBALL WHO HAVE BEEN GRADUATED FROM HARVARD UNIVERSITY

[Note-Marshall Gunnison Kemball S. T. B. 1854, is the only descendant of Henry Kemball in the male line who has been graduated. The descendants of Richad Kemball have with two exceptions spelled their names Kimball; they are thirty eight in number. The names of five Kimballs are found on the catalogue for 1897 and 1898.]

Arthur Kemble, M. D. 1863 is the son of Edmund Kimball, A.B. 1814 (420) Laurence Grafton Kemble M. D. 1883,

is a grand-on of Edmund. (741) Benjamin Kimball A.B. 1753, A.M.(113) Rev. True Kimbali A. B. 1778 A. M. (72) Jacob Kimball A. B. 1780, (200).

Rev. Jacob Kimball A. B. 1788, A. M. (129)Rev. John Kimball A. B. 1792, A.M.(121)

Jabez Kimball A. B. 1797, A. M. Tutor,

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Rev. Daniel Kimball A. B. 1800, A. M. Tutor. (175)

Rev. David Tenney Kimball A B. 1803, A. M. (175)

Leonard Kimball A. B. 1804, A. M.(186) Edmund Kimball 1814. (1-6) Horace Kimball, M. D. 1834, (63).

Benjamin Gage Kimball A. B. 1837.(333) William Mann Kimball M. D. 1830. (497) Henry Coleman Kimball A. B. 1840.(333) Jonathan Kimball A.M. 1851. Professor Washington University, Mo. (689)

Jerome Bonaparte Kimball, A. B. 1852. (487)David Pulsifer Kimball, A.B. 1856.(662)

Charles Augustine Kimball, A. B. Amherst 1654; A. M. Amherst, 1856.

John Hancock Kimball M.D. 1857.(1112) Edward Harrington Kimball A. B. 1858. (504.)

Franklin Bryant Kimball M. D. 1858. (1112.)

Rev. John C. Kimball, S. T. B. 1859; A. B. Amherst 1854; A. M. Amherst.

James Henry Kimball M. D. 1867. (635) Charles Warren Kimball, A B. 1871, (675) Wallace Lowe Kimball A. B. 1875, (638) William Frederick Kimball, H. B. 1875; LL. B. Boston University, 1877.

Elbridge Gerry Kimball, A. B. 1877; LL. B. 1880.

Samuel Ayer Kimball A. B. Yale 1889; M. D. 1882. (855)

Samuel Ayer Kimball A. B. Yale 1879; M. 1882. (855)

George Morrill Kimball A.B. Yale 1879; M. D. 1884, (856)

Marens Morton Kimball A. B. 1886. (512) George Washington Kimball A.B. 1887. (1005)

Willard Robert Kimball, A.B. 1888.(907) Moses Day Kimball A. B. 1889; LL. B. and A. M. 1892. (512) D. Mar. 31.

David Kimball A. B. 1893: A. M. 1897. Is now in the Law School, (950)

Thatcher Raymond Kimball A. B. 1895.

Edward Batchelder Kimball LL. B. Columbian University 1892; LL. B. 1895, (747)

Elliot Chamberlain A. B. 1896, (775)

The figures in brackets denote the page of the Kimball History on which the first mention of each graduate is found.

YALE.

CLASS. 1774-Timothy Kimball, d. 1786. 1813-William Kimball, d.1823.

1816-James Kimball, d. 1821.

1816-David Kimball, minister and editor; d. 1875.

1818-John P. Kimball, M. D., d. 1884. 1837-Edmund Kimball.

1856-Gilman Kimball, M. D., d. 1892. 1858-John Edwin Kimball, Teacher and Supt.

1977-Arthur Reed Kimball.

1879—George Morril Kimball, Harvard M. D. 1884. 1879-Samuel Ayer Kimball, Harvard

M. D. 1884. 1888-George Converse Kimball, Ph. B.

1891-Frederick Strong Kimball. 1892-James Hugh Kimbali, Ph. B. 1895-Charles Adams Kimball.

BROWN UNIVERSITY.

1877-Richard Kimball, (Harvard 1880) Minister.

N. H. AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

1884-Herbert Harvey, Kimball, Signal Service.

N. Y. UNIVERSITY.

1844→James Monroe Kimball, Minister. 1854-Rodney Glentwood Kimball, A.B. 1861: A. M. Hamilton Col., 1883 Ph. D.

UNION COLLEGE.

Daniel Mather Kimball, Teacher. MIDDLEBURY COLLEGE.

1829-David Tenney Kimball, Jr., Minister.

Daniel Kimball, Teacher. BOSTON UNIVERSITY.

1879-Mary E. Kimball.



COLBY UNIVERSITY. 1860-Charles Holt Kimball, Teacher HAMILTON COLLEGE.

1822-Peter Kimball, (Andover Theo. Sem.); d. 1-92, aged 99; oldest graduate of Andover.

BANGOR THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY. 1847-Edward Pickatt Kimball, Minis-

ter. MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY.

1868-Elbert L. Kimbail, Lawyer. 1954-Aaron Kimbail, Banker.

BELOIF COLLEGE. 1859-Cuarles Cotton Kimball, D. D., Union Theorical Seminary, 1862

KANSAS AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE. -Albert Barney Kimbali, Editor, -Charles Augustus Kimball, Lawver.

1890-Sarah Bertha Kimball.

ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY. 1884-Edwin Raymond Kimbali, Journalism.

-Clara Maud Kimball. Music in Europe.

1894-Conrad Bryant Kimball, Architect.

OBERLIN COLLEG E.

1874-Willard Kimball. Highest honors in music afterwards. VIRGINIA THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.

1881-William Wate Kimball, Clergyman.

COLUMBIA.

1881-Herbert Sewail Kimball, Law. 1892-Edward Batchelder Kimball, 1895 Harvard.

WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY. 1893-Clinton Kimpall, C. E., Cornell.

-Clarence Kimball. - Arthur Campbell Kimball.

GEORGETOWN. 1846-Edward Sullivan Kimball, M. D.

COLORADO SCHOOL OF MINES. -George Keith Kimball, Metalur-

-Joseph Smith Kimbail, Mining Engineer. TUFFT & COLLEGE.

-Fred Eibert Kimball. UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN. -Charles Bradbury Kimball, Build et.

ASA KIMEALL (871)

This Asa Kimball was the first settler in Stowe. Vt. It was then a wildernese. He built a log house about 1805 and a frame house in 1813, which is still standing. His five children were born there, and there he died in 1865. His descendants are numerous, although but three of his children became the heads of families. But these were all men of prominence. Charles W. [1640] was the father of Charles Lloyd [2383], now a dealer in lumber. Healdsburg, Cal., whose brother Haman A. [2384] is in business in Oakland, Jal. Both served in the late war, and the latter was present at the surrender of Gen. Lee.

Luke Kimball [1642] the youngest son of Asa, had eleven children, nine of whom become heads of families. Seven of these were born in Stowe. The old homestead is owned by Matthew J. Kimbeli, [p. 767] who having been in business in Connecticut for the past twenty-five years, has returned to Stowe where he has built a new home. His sister, Lydia Ann [Kimball] Simmons [2384] has also returned to Stowe. A brother, Luke W. [2391] has been in the employ of North & Judd of New Britain. Conn., for over twenty years, and has charge of their four engines, while Charles P. [2393] has been policeman of Meriden for over fifteen years.

On Thanksgiving day, 1896, twentyfive of these brothers, sisters, nieces, nephews, and grand-nephews met with Charles P. and had a grand old fashioned Thanksgiving reunion. It is said that the policeman kept them well in order, and that not one went hungry. But inasmuch as a full stomach of wholesome food always conserves the peace, it is not likely he had serious trouble as an officer.



Mrs. Ella F. Kimball Johnson. (1880) of Boston, sends for four copies of the News for she wants each of her boys to have a copy.

F. I. Kimball of Hermine, Pa., sends us \$5.00 "to help along the paper enterprise. I fear it will be needed and more too."

F. M. Kimball of this city sends a note saying, "put me down for twenty copies at \$1.00 a year."

Col. Dyer writes that he will help to the extent of twenty copies

Sumer Increase Kimball of the U.S. Treasury Department, at Washington. and Superinte indent of the Life Saving Service, sends for two dozen sample copies, and two yearly subscriptions. and thinks a good many Washington Kimballs will want it.

Solomon F. Kimball of Salt Lake City, sends \$3.00 and likes the enterprise.

Summer Kimball of Lovell, Maine, sends \$2.00 and is deighted with the idea of a family paper.

These are a few encouraging words we have received.

Robert Andrews was the enigrant ancestor of Gov. Andrews, the war governor of Massachusetts, and also of Pricilla Hazen who married Benjamin Kimball, [85] the fourth in descent from Richard Kimball, the immigrant.

The well known writer, "Marian Douglas" is Mrs. Annie Douglas [Green] Robinson. Her mother, Harriet Kimball, married William Green of New Hampshire.

Edwin Raymond Kimball is exchange editor on the Chicago Times Herald.

Several correspondents speak of the Family News as "our paper." That is the right way to look at it.

MARRIED—In Everett, Mass., Nov. 16, 1897, by Rev. Afbert Watson, Josiah S. Kenerson, of Barnett, and Miss Elizabeth Stevens (1864) of Peacham, Vt.

Mr F. M. K. extends congratulations.

DIED-In San Francisco, Dec. 5, Elmira C., beloved wife of Thomas D. Kimball and mother of Grace Kimball and Mrs. Lena Soule, aged 67 years, 11 months and 20 days.

Thomas Darforth Kimball, not in book, belongs to Thomastown, Maine, family: brother to Moses Coombs Kimtall, also or San Francisco.

BORN—In Willsboro, N. Y. Dec. 10. 1597, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Carl W. Kimball. They call him Richard. (See page 854 Kimball History.)

We have a comprehensive sketch of the life of Heber C. Kimball in type, but notwithstanding our increased space, must hold it over until next month.

A painter in the employ of C. P. Kimball Carriage works of Chicago, committed suicide because of illness.

Kimball Mountain is one of the White Mountain Peaks in New Hampshire, while the Kimball ponds, lakes, rivers, and hills are too numerous to mention.

The battle of Saratoga was the dedecisive battle of the Revolutionary war. Will some of our younger readers, older ones not excluded, tell us who was the hero of the battle.

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Offers exceptional advantages for thorough quick, and hexpensive tradning in Shorthand Typewriting, Book keeping, Arithmetic, boglish and Khindred Studies Instruction by mail, (all or write to information, specimen lessons etc.



Notes Personal and Otherwise.

Abel Kimball (2133) of Davenport, Iowa, has been visiting friends in Topeka.

Arthur Reed Kimball writes in a recent issue of The Outlook on, "The Age of Disfigurements."

Herbert Wood Kimball. (1672) of Boston, is Registrar of the Massachussetts Sons of the American Revolution.

Kate F. Kimball, 187 W. Genesee St., Buffalo, N. Y., is Executive Secretary of the Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle.

Eliwood Davis Kimball of Wichita, and G. F. Kimbali of Topeka, are members of the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Howard H. Kimball, of Kansas City, was the first one to send a subscription to the N.ws. He sent one dollar with wishes for success.

At a recent meeting of the New Jersey Library Association, held on Oct. 21, at New Brunswick, Mr. W. C. Kimball, of Passaic, was elected Vice President.

Mrs. Mary G. Kimball of 80 Boutelle Street, Fitchburg, Mass., spent a few days last month with her son's family, who were temporarily stopping at the Parker House, Boston.

Ex-State Senator Charles Henry Kimball (150) of Parsons, attended the last annual banquet of the Scottish Rite Masons at Topeka, and made an address on the occasion.

At a late flower show held in New York City, a five selection from the conservatories of Mrs. W. S. Kimball of Rochester received special mention and certificate of award.

Abel Kimball of Madison. Ohio, son of Lemnel II. Kimball, (14%) is visiting friends in Topeka and prospecting with a view of leating in business either here or in some other western town.

Mrs. Helen G. Kimbail Atha. of 24 Waverley Fluce, Newark, N. J., took an active part in the very successful fair held in December for the benefit of the Calidren's Hospital. In referring to names in the Kimball History it will aid as if you always g've the page, and better still the ancestor's number as well.

Edward Pickett Kimball of Waterloo. Iowa. (1921) writes that he is not the Church Debt Raiser. That honor belongs to Edward K. of Chicago.

We have received from Miss Ellen A Kimball, of Worcester, Mass, an elegant and unique brochure, relating to her school for girls. The illustrations are exquisite half-tones, and the whole effect that of wholesome and refined taste

There are more than one hundred Kimballs living in Chicago. Ought not to be much trouble getting up a reunion there, especially as there are as many more living in other towns not a hundred miles distant.

W. Lockwood Kimball of Pasaaic N. J., has recently entered the Mills of the William Strange Co., Patterson, where he intends to acquire the full knowledge of the manufacture of silk ribbons, piece silks, etc.

Grauville A. Kimball, son of Augustine Kimball (1941, p. 711), and who is now assistant general freight agent of the Rock Island and Pacific Railroad, net with a serious accident in this city some days ago. While going upa star way to see his friend, Dr. McClintock, he hit against a storm door and fellbreaking his leg.

The general scheme of architecture of the Omab Exposition is the creation of the Architects-in-thicf, Messes, Walker and Kimball, of Boston and Omeha. Unlike other American expesition architecture, eisborate color effects will characterize it. Briefly stated, the unifoldings and colonnales will present the aspect of a Pompeian rather than that of a white city.

Sarah Lonise, secretary of the California Association, was willing in a public letter to chite Roy T., president of the Association, because of his over the Association, because of his over the Association, because of his over the California of the Association, because of the California of the Calif



1634 = = = = 1898

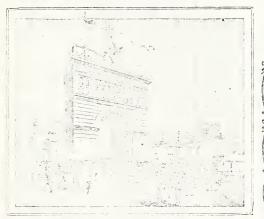
The Kimball

March, 1898.

Family Rews.

TOPEKA, - KANSAS.

Vol. 1, No. 3. 50 Cents a Year.



ARCH OF THE STATES.

Trans-Mississippi and International Exposition.

Omaha. June to November, 1898.

MESSES, WALKER & KIMBALL, Architects.

Omaha and Boston.





Tandem Trap, representing the "Daily State Journal" at the Flower Parade during the Fall Festival in Topeka, September 30, 1897.

made a great deplay, commencing with the first settlement of the west, and illustrating every stage of progress to the building of the road, and then of all departments in its mechanical and business management. The display by private citizens and business houses was fine, and equalled in beauty and magnificence, anything of the kind ever given in the This Parade was a very notable one, occupying several hours in passing a given point. The Santa Fe R, R. Co. country

The young ladies in the above trap, representing the State Journal, were Miss Florence Kimball, proof reader on that paper, and Miss Edith Brewer, society reporter. It was on the evening of this gorgeous parade that the Kimball Family Reunion of Missouri Valley was held.



The Kimball Family Hews

Topeka, Kansas, March, 1898.

Terms 50 cents a year.

Vol. 1, No. 3.

The Kimball Family News, AN BISTORIC GENEALOGICAL PAPER.

Published Monthly. 835 North Kansas Avenue.

TOPEKA, KANSAS.

The News is published in behalf of the Kimbali clan, and Ps kindred, and incidentally in behalf F-(mil) adv-rt sements will be inserted on last page, and miscellaneous advertisements of an unobjectionable character on the cover pages, at 50 cents an inch each insertion, or \$5 tha year.
Address all business and miscellaneous com-

municitions to the publisher, G. F. Kimball, To-Subscription Price, 50 cents a year in advance. Do not send personal checks unless cost of ex-

Address all queries, and purely genealogical matters to Frof. S. P. Shardes, L. Broad street, Boston, Mrs., who has volunteered to conduct this department for the year. In asking into-mation of him return posting should be included.



GRACE PHEBE KIMBALL.

(PAGE 720 KIMBALL HISTORY)

Third child of Duran and Jennie (Fox) Kimball, born in Brooklyn, N. Y., Dee 31, 1850, passed to the higher life at Pasedena, Cal., Dec. 25, 1897, a few days before her eigteenth birthday.

Ambitions to earn her own way and become independent, study and application weakened still more a physical constitution, never strong, she was compelled to relinquish cherished plans and try to regain her health. A summer's rest in Illinois brought no appreciable gain and it was decided to try the milder climate of southern California: but there, with all the care aulattention that could be given, hopeful of recovery to the last, she surrendered her hold upon this life and joined her older brother and sister in the life free from the cares, troubles and disappointments of this; indeed she now says nothing would induce her to return to this sphere of existence.

She was possessed of much artistic taste and skill, of strong convictions on the subject of right and wrong, of strong likes and dislikes, which were frankly and fearlessly expressed, of high character, aims and purposes, reserved to the degree that formed but few intimate friendships, quicker to resent a wrong or injury to another than to herself, tender and responsive to whatever appealed to her sympathies. yet absolutely insensible to physical fear, she was developing into a strong individual character, which now can go on with new impulses, helps and opportunities to a grandeur and perfection unknown to earth life.

So one by one are cast off the ties that hold us here those beyond strengthened and we are able to look with glad anticipations to the happy reunion so soon to come.



Good News.

Readers will so regard it when they lera. learn that Prof. S. P. Sharples, co-edi- It well illustrates, however the ers may be congrutulated. Every one interested should now take hold and give the News a boom, and of course all are, or should be interested,



We do not claim the earth as our the whole Kimball field in this country. Now while the Family History has been only about a year from the press, very much of it was compiled some years ago. An examination will show that many hundreds of children born within the last generation are not given as married and many others living who are now decease t. The older members are passing away. Many who were given as living when the book, was issied, have already gone b.f. re. It should be a part of the work of the News to fill all these gaps as they ocoriginal compilers. Some of these are of themselves very interesting, such as that of Mrs. Garvin, referred to in another place. It is seemingly very strange that the case of a born Kimball, one hundred years old, the mother of four children, should have escaued notice, especially when a member of a branch so eminent as that to which Gen. Samner I. Kimball belongs. and more particularly when so much

is given relative to Mrs. Garvin's broth-

tor with Prof. Morrison, of the Kim- importance of giving full details in ball History, has offered to assume the the most explicit manner, when supposition of genealogical editor of the plying data. We have alluded to this News for this year. This is the best elsewhere. Sarah Louise Kimball in evidence possible that the News is go her letter in this issue refers to it. It ing to be worth something. Subscrib- is absolutely essential that those interested and conversant with the facts should bely us out. Do not inform us simply that some one was married, or died, but tell when, where, who and what, and in the fewest possible words. But in being brief omit none of the points usually given and wanted in such cases.

ABBREVIATIONS:-Words that are often repeated are usually abbreviated: thus m. for married, b. for born, d. for died. In writing double given or Christian names where the surname often field, but we desire to work the occurs the use of a hyphen is convenient to indicate that a surname follows. Thus Ray-Jones indicates that a surname is to follow, while Ray Jones is to be understood as the full name of Mr. Jones. In our case Kimball will be the name oftenest understood and that will save its repetion or even the use of (K) sometimes added.

It is hoped that the reader will preserve this paper. It will be worth more in years to come than it is now Keep it for binding. Do not send it away to friends unless you have aneur, as well as those not tilled by the other copy. Instead of that, send us their names and we will forward sample copies.

> lf you would enquire about any Kunhall not camed in the History, enclose a stamp to Prof. S. P. Sharples, 13 Broad St., Boston.

> Chas. N. Kimball, p. 795, has given up his business at Wellsboro, Pa., and is at Phillips A cademy, Andover, Mass. preparing for Yate.



March, 1898

Edward T. Kimball of Brockton Mass., son of Rufus Carlton (1325), would like the address of as many New Church (Swedenborgian) Kimballs Hiram Powers, the celebrated sculpas possible. For his information we tor. Who can give further informamention that Henry M. Kimball (2002), Danville, Ill., married Elizabeth D. Ager, a brother of John C. Ager the eminent New Jerusalem divine of Brooklyn, N. Y. (p. 902.)

He also asks about Moses Kimball, prominent in Boston a quarter of a century ago and more, who was known while in the Massachussetts Legislature as the "Watchdog of the Treasury" and thinks the cld commonwealth would be improved now if it had more men of his class in its service today. He regrets that Moses is not mentioned in the History, in which he is in error. History, page 662. He was a promiis mentioned as participating in a great public meeting condemning Mr. Webster's 7th of March speech, details of which are given in Henry Wilson's Rise and Fall of the Slave Power Like many others in the History he deserved a more comprehensive sketch than was given.

He would like to learn something of Eugene S., son of Mark Kimball, at one time a prominent real estate dealer in Chicago, who is not found in the history.

He also notes the omission of John T., son of Rufus (654) page 355, who at last accounts resided in Buckeye, Iowa, although the names of nine children of Rufus are given

This same correspondent also eails attention to an interesting omission in the family History. He writes that William, the tenth child of Edmund (250), (pp. 156-7), who is not given as the head of a family, was not only a father, but a grandfather. He was a

highly respected citizen of Portland Maine, and that either his daughter or a grand daughter became the wife of tion?

Tracing Genealogies

The semetime difficulties to be overcome in tracing genealogies are well illustrated in the article by B. F. Cummings on the life of Heber C. Kimball. Something further on the matter is given in a long letter from Gen. William Henry Kimbali of Park City, Utah He is the oldest son of Heber C. Kimbalt, and was born in Mendon, N. Y., April 10, 1826, hence is now almost 72 vears old.

He says that when his father went He owned the Boston Museum and pre- to England in 1836 he made it a part of sented the emancipation group to the his work to trace up the family genealeity. He is briefly mentioned in the ogy. Not being able to complete it, he engaged with Elisha Kent Kane to nent anti-slavery man and, we think. continue it. Dr. Kane who subsequently went on his Arctic expedition in search of Sir John Franklin turned it over to his brother Col. Thomas L. Kane, who made a report to Heber C. Kimball in 1854.

Gen. Kimball says he then took up the work, traveled over the British Isles, went to Germany, Switzerland and other countries and became satisfied that the family is of Keltic origin. He declares that the family has no coat of arms, and believes it was originally the same as the Campbells A vast accumulation of material that had been gathered was destroyed by fire, and the publication his father intended to make was thereby prevented. He adds. however, that he still has memoranda carrying the family history back over five hundred years, more or less connected.

The New England society, of Indianapolis, gave its annual banquet on the evening of December 21. Ephraim Kimball and Howard Kimball are members.



HERER CHASE KIMBALL.

We find the following in the Desertet News of Salt Lake City. It will be of interest not only to the Kimball Pamily, but to all interested in genealogical research. The News says:

The News willingly gives space for dependence of the colonies." the following document, not only because it relates to the ancestral history of one of the greatest leaders ever raised up among the Latter-day Saints. but because of the incidental suggestions that tend to show how genealogies are traced in the United States.

Elder Solomon F. Kimball:

sentative of the family of lieber C., and thence to Vermout failed complete-Kimbali, I respectfully submit the fol- ,ly, as did every attempt made by me in lowing report of my efforts to trace the. I tah and in the east, to learn even the ancestry of the Kimbail family of Utah. and the results so far accomplished.

I began researches about three years ago, in the urual way. I had searches made at Sheldon, Franklin Co., Vt., where Heber C. Kimball was born, and at >t. Albans, the county seat, but not the faintest clue resulted. Infterwards wrote and sent remittances to expert genealogists in Boston, who are familiar with the records and genealogical literature of New England, but still no clue was found to the antecedents of Solomon Farnham Kimball, the father of Heber C. Kimball.

In the course of my genealogical work in New England during the last eighteen years. I have often met with the name Kimball, and have jour been convinced that all bearing the name in that region descended from two brothers named Henry and Richard, who But members of your father's family told me with much apparent confidence that Heber C. Kimball's grandfather came from Scotland thence to northern Vermont where Hener C. was born.

the deductions naturally to be drawn from history, for no tide of emigration took such a course; yet it might possibly be true. Again the biography of Heber C. Kimball states that his 'grandfather and a brother came from England, in time to assist in gaining the in

Notwithstanding the high esteem in which I hold this work. I have always believed this statement to be erroneous also; and that an ancestor much more remote than his grandfather founded in America the line from which Heber C. Kimball descended. But every effort to correct or confirm either this statement, or the other respecting the alleg-Dear Brother:-To you, as the repre- 'ed migration from Scotland to Canada name of Heber t. Kimball's grandfather. A member of the family in Utah told me he believed it was Thomas, and that the latter, besides Solomon F. had a son Charles; but this information was anochryphal, and, as later developments proved, utterly without foundari in in fact.

I had been pursuing my investigations about a year when I learned that Prof. S.P. Sharples, of Boston, was compiling a zenealogy of the Kimball family descended from Richard and Henry. I corresponded with him, but he could give me no information tending to show the line of descent of Solomon F., father of Heber C. Kimball. About a year Professor and examined his manuscript efforts to led to bridge the gap that intervered in the line I sought to connect with his material. I found him an e pert genealogist of extensive experience and scrapa ous conscientionsness. He. like my-lf, was confident that the were among the early settlers of Mass. Utah Kimballs descended from the family he was compiling, but the trouble was to establish the exact connection.

During my travels in New England I made thorough searches in the libraries of Boston, and among records in many different towns in Mas achussetts, New tient, but totally without success. I Ild not get a clue to the missing link I This theory was in contradiction to was in search of. I next went to Men-



don. Morroe Co., New York, where aged comple, settled in Sheldon in 1706.

Heber C. Kimball's parents Solomon F. about the years after the first house
and Annae spauliting Kimbuildhed, and was built there. In orimmediately afto aid me in closing the gap in his annames were John. Solomon F., James, cestral line. My efforts at Monroe, like Moses. Stephen and Jesse. all others I had made, were utterly futile so far as supplying the hiatus was and contracts that were made among concerned, but I came home from there and between James and Meribah and more convinced than ever that my theo. the other six Kimballs. I became conry of the descent of Heber C. Kimball vinced that they were one family, fathfrom one of the two brothers named er, mother and six sons. From Shelabove, was correct, and that I would ul- | don I went to Enosburg Falls, a village nimately verify it.

ly written to Sheldon Vt., the birth place of Heber C. Kimball, and to St. Albans, the seat of the county embracing Sheldon, and had been answered give the information I sought. I decidsonal search. I left lioston in the fore til a few years ago. The village cemeter, did not contain a Kimpah grave. marked as such, and several aged poowhom I called, would give me no ald,

The land records were my only records. These I searched theroughly. taking full notes. Pulling together such these records afforded. I constructed ball and his wife Meribah, ert 'entivan

where their grandsen Hemer Kimbell ter that year, six other settlers named resides. The latter received me with Kimball appeared in Sheldon, as buyers much kin iness, but was totally unable and owners of land, voters, etc. Their

From transactions that took place some miles distant, to visit some per-In November last I again left Ctah sons named Kimball of whom I had for the eastern states, partly on busi-heard, in the hope that they were of ness and partly to get genealogical regal the above family and could supplement ords. On arriving in Boston I again, the facts I had, I first called on Mr. visited Prof. Sharples, who had, since | Fernando Cortieze Kimball about fifty my former visit, greatly augmented his three years old, who received me very Kimball collections, but still be could kindly. The moment I saw him I was give no caue to the missing link. I struck with his resemblance to some spent about a week in Boston making of the sons of Heber C. Kimbali. This a thorough search of the works in print resemblance was not only seen in his likely to contain a clue, but found not features and physique, but extended the slightest one. Never before in all to his language and mental qualities. my efforts had I been so completely From him I obtained a record as far back as his grandfather, but no farth-Notwithstanding that I had repeated- er. His father was James, brother of Solomon F. and uncle to Heber C. Kimball. He did not know this however. and had never heard of Heber C. Kimball nor the latter's father.

by the town clerk of the former, and Mr. Fernando Cortieze Kimball's probate judge of the latter town, grandfather James had gone from that their respective records did not Sheldon to Dunham, Canada, some firteen miles worth, where his family was ed to visit those towns and make a per- reared, while Heber C Kimball's father, about the same time, removed to western New York. Thus these brancher arrived in Sheldon, having stopped es of the family lost track of each othto make searches on the way. The er. Mr. Fernando Cortieze Kimball reearliest church record in Saction dates, ferred me to a young man, a relative back to about 1875, and the earliest of his, also a resident of Enosburg deaths are some years later. These me additional information. The name wanted, and were mere fragments un. | Kimball, and he was a great grandson of James, brother of Solomon F, the latter being father of Heber C. Kimball. He readily gave me the history of his branch of the family as follows:

The ancestor of the Kimbails of Sheilon had formerly lived at Enfield, N. H. He had there joined a Shaker commuuity, which held all property in comof and, one of fifty and the other of the following hypothesis, but was unhe left it. The fifty seres were deeded



back to him but the six hundred were got no trace of them there. I found not, and Boston lawyers had offered to two men named Kimball in Montreal. not, and assent asyre's nad course to two men named amount in nontreat, in sides described to try to recover them. They belonged to the New England on a continuent removed to sheld on accommendation of a continuent removed to sheld on accompanied by the same of the many that the sheld on the sheld of th ant, and was named James. My inform- Hamilton County. lowa. as likely to

Sharples, and they were sufficient to and then came an easy explanation of the difficulties I had experienced in finding the grandfather of Heber C. Kimball. The birth of his father Solomon F., had not been recorded by the town clerk of Hopkinton, N. H., where he was borg. He was one of the family of eleven children, the births of nine of whom are properly recorded; but his name, and that of a younger brother Jesse are omitted from the birth record. It has always been supposed that the birth record of this family was complete, hence Solomon F. was not supposed to belong to it, and with his parents.

This connection made, the line was complete and perfect back to Richard Kimball, who was born in Rattlesden, Suffolk County. England, and who, with his brother Henry, came to Massachussetts in 1634. This Bichard had Benjamin, born 1637; he had David. born 1671; he had Jeremiah, born 1707; and he was father of James, born 1736. who married Meribah --- and settled in Sheldon, Vt., and among whose six sons was Solomon F., father of Reber C. Kimball. The latter was sixth in descent from Richard the immigrant. and the seventh generation of his line who had lived in America.

I regard the correctness of this pedfgree as being well authenticated, but am corresponding with members of the family in the east with a view to further confirmation and information. particularly desired to learn more of the uncles of Heber C. Kimball. As stated above I have a full record of the posterity of uncle James, but I the others in respect to their progeny. What I learned at Sheldon led me to

ant could remember the names of two have valuable information. He is a others of the six, viz. John and Moses. son of James Kimball, brother of Sol-This was a striking confirmation of omon F., and consequently is first the theory I had formed after search- cousin to Heber C. Kimball. He reing the land records at Sheldon. I mained in or near Sheldon until past communicated these facts to Professor middle age, and no doubt can give some account of his uncles and aunts. establish connection with his material; who were the children of James and Meribah Kimball, parents of the Sheldon family. I have written to him and am awaiting a reply. B. F. CUMMINGS, Jr.

The Family History.

Every one should have the Kimball History, but not every one can have it because no: enough copies were printed to supply them. The single volume edition is already exhausted. The two volume edition costs \$1.00 more or \$6.00. hence the difficulty of connecting him | Some do not understand that the value of this history will increase as the years go on. In the year of 1870 a similar history of another family was published. A member of that family informed the writer a few days ago that he obtained a copy some years ago with great difficulty. Now they cannot be had at any price, and he has refused \$40 for the copy he has. So it will be with the Kimball History. Nor is there any doubt but the News will increase in value with age. Every number should be preserved and bound. That is why the change in form is made now,

A considerable number have intimated their purpose of giving the News advertising. All such will be acceptable. No such reluctance as was felt at first. toward soliciting support is now felt. was able to learn litt's or nothing of To some extent the News is recognized as a family affair, and is a trial entersurmise that they went to Canada, and prise for the coming year. If it is I subsequently went to Montreal but wanted after that it will be continued.



and wants to know why his name is gation to Solomon F. Kimball for the not in the Kimbail History, as his fathe, life of his father from which we may er's is He gives his father's name, but draw in future. does not give his number nor the page. and the initials might belong to any one of the several Kimbalis. Other correspondents are quite as indefinite. There are many Kimballs, and many of their descendants, whose names are not in the Kimball History. It is mostly the fault of those who should have furnished information. Mr. Sharples writes us that he is even now, greatly delayed in his work on the supplement, because he does not get answers to his letters. The Kimball book is remarkably complete and unusually accurate, yet it abounds in errors and omissions.

To make such a work approach perfection would require prompt and, Pa., who is something of an expert records nearer to the fountain head. on such matters. He is not connected with the family, but is interested in all genealogical research. He writes:

I have studied with much interest the excellent work on the Kimball family. It is most valuable. Also it is more full and complete than most

family genealogies.

I think however the main value of will be in rounding out, supplementing and completing what the compilers of the book have not done. As sugprinte l record.

stance of the latter, and refers to the care in writing dates, names, initials, autional, but world wide."

in form enforced postponment until Rev. John C. Ager.

An eastern cousin sends for the News this number. We are also under obli-

The idea that the Kimball family is descended from, or the name derived from Campbell is doubtless an error. It has been held by many, and is mentioned with some favor in the Ilon. John Kimball's History of his family line. Mr. Sharples finds no ground for it. and even the Kemble family he shows to be distinct, and that name is very near that of Kemball, the old method of spelling, and still in favor with some. There is in Kansas a family whose name is shelled Kimble. This one is of pure Irish descent. Some attempts have been made to connect the name with that of Kimberley, still common in England, but without any probhearty co operation of all interested, able ground for it. It is hoped that In this connection we quote the follow- some day a further exploration into ing from Mr. Charles Tubbs of Osceola, the misty past may bring the family

With this number is given an immense number of corrections and additions to the Family History. It will be a good plan for all having that work to sit down and note on each proper page, the corrections and additions given in the Appendix, commencing on page 1149. When these are too long to copy, reference to the proper page in the Appendix can be made. The same plan can be followed to a considerable lish ancestry back toward the conquest extent, with changes and additions or filling up gaps which exist in the given in the News. To help make these supplementary notes correct, cor-Mr. Tubbs then mentions one in-respondents should use the utmost short account given on page 5-5 of He- etc., making every one as plain as print. ber C. Kimball, "the most widely known After all this is done mistakes may octhe world over of all your generations, cur. One may write "brother" when a man whose reputation was not only he means "sister," and it may be over-! looked in proof-reading, as may be seen It was the purpose to partly fill this in another column, where Elizabeth omission last month, but the change P. Ager is said to be the brother of



Additions and Corrections Kimball History

BY PROF. SHARPLES.

Page 20-NANCT KEMBALL, III. George Glover Cooper; b. Feb. 21, 1791, Kingston, Mass., d. Berwick, Me .. May 10, 1826; eldest son of Nathaniel and Margaret (Glover) Cooper. He was a stage proprietor and at one time resided in Waltham, Mass. Child: George Glover Cooper. b. Waltham, Mass., Apr. 2, 1824. Resided in Rochester, N.Y. Co-editor and publisher of Rochester Daily Times and Advertiser; m., Oct. 6. 1848. Theodosia Aurelía Banta. daughter of Wm. and Mary Banta. Coburg, Upper Canada. Children.

George Glover Cooper, b. Sept. 20.

1849: Nathaniel Cooper. b. 1852:

Aurelia Banta Cooper, b. 1854. Page 1137-Abigail Kimball, b. 1772, d. Feb. 17. 1849 at Philadelphia: m. Tapt. Nathaniel Frost. b. Jan. 22, 1774. d. Oct. 13, 1817. He was a merchant of Kennebunk, and commanded a company of horse. Son. John Frost. b., Kennebunk, Me., Jan. 26, 1800. d., Philadelphia, Dec. 28, 1859. A.B. Harvard, 1872, taught in Boston and Cambridgeport, Mass., removed in 1828 to Philadelphia where he taught until 1845. He wrote many books, some of which had a large sale, among these are : Pictorial History of the World, a Pictorial History of the United States, and Lives of American Generals.

Page 1135-EDMUND KIMBALL, b. Feb. 11, 1751; m. Mercy Frost, sister of Nathaniel, b. Apr. 10, 17-4, d. Portsmouth, N. H., Sept. 1823.

They were the children of Brig. d. July 10, 1800. Eliot. Me., and Margaret Nowell, day of Ebenezer Yowell of York, Me.

Page 23-Last line Richard should be Henry.

Page 374-Middle of page, date of sec-

ond marriage should be 1858 not

Page 87-Date of marriage of Jonathan Kimball was 1709 not 1729.

Pages 53-75-No. 58. Eleazur should probably be Eleazer. The spelling of this name is however very indetinite. The Standard Dictionary gives Eleazar.

lu Index-Martha H., b. 1827, should be 1-27 Matthew H., 594-904.

Page 69, No. 136-The name of Boice Kimball should be Boyce. About every time his name is met with on the records it is spelt differently. In his father's will it is distinctly Boys.

Page 127-No. 401 should be Moses not John.

Fage 649-i Frank Lewis basone child. Bessie May, b. Apr. 14, 1884.

ii Clara L., b. Dec. 5, 1854, d. Aug. 25, 1858. iii Mary Lillian, b. Mar. 16, 1869.

d. Dec. 30, 1550. Page 719-Wm. H. Kimball's father was Reuben not Richard.

Page 706-Deborah L. Kimball, dau. of Putnam and Eleanor (Dunham) Kimball. b. - 1516, at Plymouth, Mass.; m. Eleazer H. Barnes, son of Ellis and Mary (Holmes Barnes, b. 1815, in Plymouth.

Ellis Barnes was youngest son of Benj. and Deborah (Holmes) Barnes. Benj. Barnes was son of Benj. and Experience (Ryder) Barnes.

Benj. Barnes was sen of Wm. and Alice (Bradford) Barnes.

This Alice Bradford was dau of Wm. and Rebecca (Bartlett) Bradford and great grand dau, of Gov. Wm Bradford.

ADDITIONS BY THE EDITOR.

Gen. John Frost, b. Sept. 5. 1738. Page 579-Rueben Kimeall, was born. lived seventy years, and died in the same house in East Coucord, N. H., Apr. 3, 1800 to Oct. 9, 1870. Children all born in East Concord and none in Hopkinton as stated on p. 557. (1993 and 1964)



Page 595—WILLIAM KIMPALI. Daughter, Mrs. Laura Jane Masters is still living at Oak Park Hilmois.

The remarks applied to E. J. Masters at the bottom of page, "He is a pioneer preacher etc.," belong to the above William Kimbail.

Page 230-Abigail Kimball, b., North Berwick, Me., Dec. 3, 1795; m. James Garvin, blacksmith, July 9, 1826, d. --- Mrs. Garvin is still living, in her 103rd year, with her daughter Mrs. Andrew S. Wright, Westford, Mass. Four children, three of whom are living, Mrs. J. W. Newcomb and Ezra Garvin, not mentioned in the History. Her brothers (80) to 809) pp. 422-425 are given. An interesting sketch of his centenarian aunt, from the Boston Globe of Jun. 20, 1898, just at hand through the kindness of Gen. ! Summer Kimball of the Life Saving Service, Washington, D. C., will be an attraction in the April issue of the News.

Page 200—Jacob, son of Jacob (210). The following item by Samuel A. Green appeared in the Boston Transcrint of Feb. 15. 1805. The date of his birth in the flistory is given Feb. 22. This item gives one an idea of the man larger than that conveyed in the History sketch. Mr. Green writes:

"There are several tunes called Groton given ir different singing books. but the earliest one I can night is in Jacob Kimball's 'Rural Harmony,' published in Boston in the year of 1703; and I am inclined to think that the anthor of the work wrete it himself. Mr. Kimball was born in Topsfield. Mass., on Feb. 15, 1761, and graduated at Harvard College in the class of 1780. He studied law with Judge William Wetmore of Salem and was admitted to the bar in the year of 1795 Before this time he was a school teacher and a noted composer of singing. He wrote quite a number of tunes, and some of them were named after the towns where he taught music. At one time

he lived in Amherst, N. H.; and it is highly probable that he named the tune after this town. He died at Topsfield on July 24, 1526."

Page 223-Amos Kimball, (356) was born 1760, not 1860. See p. 117.

Page 93--Isaac; (200) son of Isaac (95) died Aug. 4, 1774, not 1744. See p.175.

Pages 1011 and 1012—Mrs. Althea Kimball Murphy and Mrs Miranda Kimball Carrol, are living at Enid, Ok., and not in San Diego, Cal.

BY MARSHALL KIMBALL, GREENVILLE.N.H. Page 705-xii Mory, daughter of Benoni Cutter Kimball, married Dec. 3. 1863, James Madison Post, a telegrapher of East Lebanon, N. H.

CHILDREN.
Edwin Dunster Post, b. Feb. 3.
1566, is an engineer and lives in
Lebanon, N. H.

Jennie Maria Post, b. Apr. 7, 1868; married Joseph Leader. They reside in Widehenden, Mass.

Kate Estelle Post. b. Oct. 6, 1870. teacher of violin: lives in East Lebanon, N. H.

Ella Louisa Post, b. Oct. 20, 1873: violinist: home in East Lebanon, N. H.

xiii Ellen Maria Kimball, daughter of Benoni Cutter Kimball, o. June 29, 1835, married Sept. 29, 1858, James Henry Ferguson. In the early years of his married life he was it company with the Kimball Brothers of Lawrence Kansas. later was an engineer in the U.S., Armory at Springfield, Mass. It now an Electrotypist of the firm of Lovejoy & Co., Vanderwater St., New, York with his residence at 121 St. Marks Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHILD,

Era May Ferguson, b. May 14, 1873, is a teacher in the public schools of Brooklyn.



A Word from Sarah Louise Kimball.

That paper of ours is going to be a great enterprise, and I am delighted that the family generally approve of it and seem disposed to help it along. Every one who has studied genealogy at all will readily understan I and agree with you in your views as to its higher capacities. For several years past I have had the idea that history should largely be studied through genealogy; otherwise many links will be missing.

Enclosed I hand you a communication just received from Roy T. Kimball.

As I understand it, Henry spelled his name Kemball, and Richard Kimball, though the signature (2) of the latter to his will uppears to be also Kemball. But is this his own signature, or did he sign by making his mark, as many others of his time did? Town elerks in those times were not over particular in spelling proper names.

Can you not insert in the next issue a paragraph, perhaps in heavy type or italies, directing the attention of the consins specially to the necessity for giving full information as to names. dates, residence, etc., of members of the tamily left out of the History and about whom they send for information. The inaccuracies in the History are chiefly the fault of the cousins themselves, in not sending correct and full data. If they had properly filled in · the very complete blanks which were sent out, these errors and omissions would not have appeared in the History. Please insert such a paragraph -the more so the better.

We are having a dry winter here, with more than our due allowance of frost, and farmers and dairymen are suffering a good deal. Cattle are dying from the lack of feed on the large ranges in Montorey County. We are this week putting out our fruit trees, currants, blackberries and rasperies, as we intend to have quit a lit-

tle garden at our new home in Palo Alto. There is only room for about thirty trees, and the bushes go in between, but this will be more than epough for us, and about all my mother and brother Bert can care for. I am going to have among the trees a fig. orange, lemon, almond. walnut. and olive, besides plenty of apples. cherries and peaches, one or two plums and pears, a nectarine and a quince. Our apples here are not like the eastern fruit, as they need the colder elimate. The best apples in the State are grown in Siskiyou County, on the Oregon line. My brother-in-law. Richard Owen, once sent us a box of those apples, and they were like the eastern apples and we enjoyed them very much indeed. At Mr. Burke's, La Si, sta. near San Jose, they have a good apple. Rhode Island Greening, which we like best of any we have had. Mrs Burke drove up to Palo Alto and brought current and grape cuttings, and also some fine R. I. Greening apples, yesterday. She sent one of her men up to plow my lot, and has ordered my trees along with new ones for their orchard. They are very kind to us, and also to cousin Porter Kımball who lives next door to me.

Sarah Louise Kimball. San Francisco, Feb. 1, 1898.

data. If they had properly filled in The Hon, John Kimball of Concord, the very complete blanks which were sent out, these crores and omissions for a copy of his history of the Joseph would not have appeared in the History. Please insert such a paragraph work of the kind issued and the forein the paper, and make it very urgent—this more so the better.

Among the questions sent through Prof. Sharples this month is one "Who was the wife of Hiram Powers, the sculptor?" The question cannot be said to be fully answered, but it is suggested in the inquiries made by Edward T. Kimball of Brockton Mass., on page 45 where some missing links are brought out.



THE LAWRENCE KIMBALLS.

GREENVILLE, N. H. Dec. 9, 1897.

Editor of "Kimball Family News."

In the prospectus you issued, and in your sample copy, there were in your allusions to the "Kimball Brothers" of Lawrence, Kansas, some slight errors to which I take the liberty of calling your attention,

Samuel and Frederic Kimball were among the pioneer settlers of Lawrence-they went out in 1854, in advance of the colony from Worcester, Mass,-they were soon followed by their families, and two other brothers. Franklin and Edward, who joined the colony. These four brothers formed a partnership and carried on an extensive business as Machinists and Founders. Some years later they were joined by an older brother. George. from Springfield, Mass. He is now the only one of the brothers living in Lawrence. Frederic was killed in "Quantrell's Raid" in 1863; Edward died of malarial fever, in 1874; and Samuel died in 1897; where he and his wife still reside.

These five brothers were the sons of Benoni Cutter (1486) and Mary Dun" ster Kimball, of Mason Village. (now Greenville) N. H. Another son, James, is a prominent citizen and city official of Springfield, Mass., while Marshall, seventh son, (but not son of a seventh son) with his son Fred Benoni, occupy the old homestead farm in Greenville, New Hampshire.

When Frederic was killed by the guerrilas, he left a widow, (now Mrs. Walter Howell) and a daughter Ella. now Mrs. Leland Cooper (widow) a matrou in the Indian Institution in Lawrence. Samuel also left a widow, and and she and Mrs. Howell both remain in the houses on Kentucky Street, erectel by their husbands in the early years of the settlement of the city. Edward | and is exceeding interesting.

the voungest brother, never married. These three brothers are resting in Oak Hill Cemetery.

George Kimball and wife have an only daughter. Cora Lena. She is a graduate of Kansas State University, for several years a successful teacher, and is now the wife of a young lawyer of her native city.

In Temple. N. H., a town adjoining Greenville, and on a farm almost contiguous to that of his brother. Benoni, (1486; lived Isaac Kimball, (1485) and his wife Lucinda (Tenney). Like his brother, he too had a large family, and his posterity are scattered from New York to Texas. Ellwood Davis Kimball of Wichita, Kansas, vice president of vour Missouri Valley Kimbali Association, is one of his several sons. He is a native of Nashua, N.H., and the son of John G. Kamball, now deceased.

LOUISA KIMBALL,

Charles F. Haseltine of Philadelphia, is compiling a genealogical history of his family. He writes that he has for publication about 30,000 names of Franklin removed to Los Angeles, Cal. | descendants, and thinks he is about half through. Robert Haseltine came over in 1637, three years later than Richard Kimball, and was married in 1639. His wife's family name is not given in the Kimball History, but her name was Ann. Their daughter Mercy married Benjamin, and their daughter Anne married Caleb, sons of the first Mr. Haseltine writes that Richard. while he is not a descendant of any Kimball, that his family is elosely identified with it, several near relatives having married into the family. In his work he estimates that the Haseltine genealogy, including the female lines take in two-fifths of the Kimball genealogy. This will serve to show how close the relationship has continued from the time of the two emigrants Richard Kimball and Robert Haseltine



FROM JAMES B. WALLACE.

James Burns Wallace, of New York City, writes that he is engaged in compiling a genealogy of the Wallace family, which his father left unfinished when he died. Feb. 15, 1893. Mr. Wal-lace is the son of William Allen Wallace, who prepared the sketch of George Kimball, on page 521 of the Kimball History. It may be remembered that we referred to this in the address published in the first number of the News. in connection with the destruction of Noves Academy, Canaan, N. H., in 1835. Mr. Wallace also furnishes some reminiscences of those days. He writes:

Attending the old school were several negroes. They were driven out of town, and none of them ever returned except one, who about two years ago came back to see the old place. He was an old man, had travelled all over the blind and over so years old, but with a voice as powerful and sweet as a young man's. The intimate friend of Douglas Garrison and Phillips. he is a relic of past times.

He referred in his sermon to the time when all the negroes in the school, hearing that they were to be severely dealt with, gathered in one room at the "corner" and while there some men drove by at night, with guns, and fired turough the window. He characterized this incident in very strong terms.

After the sermon he met an I shook hands with every one. Among them was the grand daughter of the man who fired the shot. He did not know who it was, but she told him. The

night of the shooting the negroes left town. My father's brother Oscar drove them in a team down the road towards Lebanon.

The old man listened with much interest to the diary kept by my uncle Burns Waliace, which related a full account of the trouble leading to the burping of the Academy.

My father left many important writings behind. Some of them I shall publish, such as the History of Canaan. and a Wallace Genealogy, which I am at work upon now. I have not seen Mr. Morrison's "Kimball Family," but shall take occasion to hunt it up. Mr. Morrison had much correspondence with my father. J. B. WALLACE.

A family of Kimballs, or perhaps two earth and has become celebrated. His or three families have long lived in the name is Alexander Crummell. He lives vicinity of Meredith, N. H. During in Washington, D. C., and has written the revolution there was a Captain several books. He is a Methodist minis- John Kimball of Meredith, John Kimter. He preached a sermon in the church ball of Meredith married Elsie Edgerly. and everyone for miles and miles around. A number of deeds are on record at turned out to hear him. It was very Doverand Eveter with the names of stiring and no one could help but be John Kimball and wife Elsie of Mereimpressed with the prophetic words dith. I have an idea that this John which came from so old a man, as he had a second wife whose name was told of the scenes be passed through Sarah, A John Kimball was in Merewhen he was last there. He was nearly dith about the end of the last century who had a wife Sarah: it may have was a David Kimball who lived in New Hampton, the adjoining town, there during the latter part of his life. His descendants now live in san Francisco and elsewhere. Elsie is a common name among them and they may perhaps be rescendents of John Kimball of Moredith. But of this I have no proof. There was a Benjamin Kim-ball in North Carolina shortly after the Revolution. Can any one tell who he was? The family seem to have had a fancy for spelling their names Kemble. Benjamin Kimball of Manchester. Mass., who was a captain in the revolutionary army is entered on the Harvard College books as Benjamin Kimbel, but as a rule he spelled his name Kimball.

S. P. Sharples.



Mr. William M. Kimball, agent of the Fitchburg R. R. Co., et Worcester Mass., sends for the News, and writes a letter highly appreciative of Messrs. Morrison and Sharples, and of that little cousin the thinks she is little; Sarah Louise Kimball. He is interested in the matter of family reunions and wants to see a movement of the kind in New England, where, he truly says, the woods is full of Kimballs.

Ivory P. Kimball, grandson of Wilbraham Kimball. (p. 1105) has just been appointed by President McKinley, Judge of the Police Court, at Washington, D. C. He is a son of Wilbraham Jr., and was born in Jav. Maine. May 5. 1843; m. Sept. 25. 1865. Anna Lavinia Ferris of Fort Wayne, Ind. He was first appointed Judge of the Police Court in 1891.

Elbert L. Kimball (2345) was in 1884 a republican candidate for governor of Missouri, and was nefeated by only about 13,000 votes. proving thereby a very remarkable popularity. In 1-72 Charles Porter Kimbali, (1-13) was democratic candidate for governor for , some things had been reversed, there Massachussetts Society of the Amerimight have been two Kimball govern-

County, England. It may be said that able occasion. He says there were the same tradition has come down in present 140 descendants of Jeremiah, other branches of the family.

James W. Kimball (2547) after serving several years as assistant clerk of the House of Representatives was elected clerk last year and again this year.

Messrs, Copeland & Day, No. 69 Cornhill, Boston, advertise a new book of plems, entitled "Victory" by Hannah Parker Kimball.

John W. Kimball (1938) was again elected Auditor of the Commonwealth ot Massachussetts in November last.

The First Reunion.

BOSTON, Dec., 1897.

Mr. G. F. KIMBALL, Topeka, Kas.

MY DEAR SIR:

I acknowledge with pleasure the receipt of the first number of the Kimball Family News, and I have read it with deep interest. I heartily second the suggestion made by Sarah Louise Kimbali that we have a national reun-

ion of the Kimball Family. A very appropriate place to hold such

a reunion would be in Ipswich. Mass., and that leads me to say that the first reunion of the family was held in that place. June 17, 1554, which was attended by 140 ladies and gentlemen who were descendants of Jeremiah Kimball. The company gathered in the merning at the residence of Edward B. Nimball and afterwards dined in the old Ipswich Seminary building. Five generations were represented by those present. It was a very interesting meeting; and at that time it was thought it would be repeated annually, but I have never heard that any more were held

With my best wishes for your success. I am, yours sincerely,

> MERBERT W. KIMBALL. (1672) 28 State Street, Boston,

The writer of the above interesting Maine, and of course was defeated. If information is the Registrar of the can Revolution. We would like to hear more of the reunion to which he refers. Mr. Louis A. Kimball of Bloomfield. It commemorated the two hundred and N. J., writes that there is a very old fiftieth anniversary of the settlement tradition in his branch that the family of Ipswich by the first American Richcenturies ago lived in Cumberland and. It must have been a very profithence the attendance must have been large, as there were of course many others. The writer of above is not descended from Jeremiah, neither is John C. Kimball (page 482) who read the historical address on that occasion.

> Some of the suggestions we receive in regard to the publication of the News are impracticable, because we have no control whatever of John D. Reckefeller's bank account.



Society of Colonial Wars.

Editor News:

In the third column of the 5th page of your last issue I notice a facetious mention of the fact that Samuel Kimball (No. 343) in 1771 bought 40 acres of land on the shores of Lake Chaubunagungamang. &c.

Now, as Samuel Kimball6 had the honor of being my grandfather, and the lake mentioned-better known by the residents of the vicinity as the Great Pond-has an historical interest. you will readily understand why I took notice of the item. This lake has for many years supplied the water for several large cotton mills in the town of Webster. Massachussetts, the first of which was built by Samuel Slater, who came from England, and had the honor of being the first manufacturer of cotton goods by machinery in this

The Centennial anniversary of this achievement was duly celebrated a few years ago at Pawtucket, R. I., an extended account of which, beautifully illustrated, was given in Harper's Weekly soon after.

For several years prior to 1836, my father, William Kimbally (N. 757) was a superintendent, during the last years of Mr. Slater's life, of the mill near the lake you mentioned.

In studying the Kimball book a short time ago, I discovered what may be unknown and of interest to many of the kin. Or page 39 I noticed that Richard Kimballz was mentioned as having been engaged in the Indian wars of the period. I immediately wrote Mr. Henry Cadle, Bethany Misspuri, (who, by the way, is easify supreme authority in the west in all such matters), for more definite information and he replied as follows:

"Your ancestor, Richard Kimball, received fourteen shillings for services in King Phillip's war, February 24, 1676. Recently stricken with F He was credited to the town of Wen- is in a serious condition.

ham, Massachussetts, where you said he lived. I am unable to say whether he was in the battle of Bloody Brook, but as the records show quite a number of Kimballs in the action it was very likely that he was there. This record would entitle you to memoership in the Society of Colonial Wars."

There are, without doubt, some of your readers descended from Richard Kimball2 who will be glad to know of their eligibility to membership in this society, which, above all others in this country, boasts of the longest line of American ancestry.

With sincere wishes for your success,

Yours cordially, T. D. KIMBALL.

St. Louis. Mo.

ANSWERS.

In answer to Query No. 2, Herbert W. Kimball of Boston writes:

"I noticed your enquiry about James William Kimball. Although not positive that he was author of the little book entitled "Heaven", I am strongly of the belief, that he was No. 1327. Mr. Kimball was a highly esteemed citizen of Boston, and for many years was at the head of the Commercial Agency, or Bureau of Credits. I think he was deacon of a church. My father knew him and I have heard him say he was a good man.'

Any one looking over the Kimball Family History carefully will not fail to notice the number of deaths caused by accidents. But for accidental deaths the average life of many branches would have been greatly lengthened.

C. J. Kimball has been re-elected vice president of the Hartford Board of Trade, an affair that is getting to be and old story, as it has been done yearly since 1888.

Samnel S. Kimball of Concord, N.H., a prominent member of the family, was recently stricken with paralysis, and



New Hampshire Soldiers at Bennington

The battle of Bennington was not a arreat one in itself. but it had a tremendons effect. It was one of the last straws that broke the back of Burgoyne. It was fought mostly by New Hampshire militia under Gen. Stark. The battle was fought Aug. 16, 1777. The records say that 2.000 men were engaged on the American side. Capt. Peter Kimball's estimate, according to his flary was 2,500. Of this force, 1467 were from New Hampshire. From a complete list of New Hampshire soldiers engaged in this battle, compiled by Geo. C. Gilmore of Manches.er, and published by John B. Clark, it appears that there were enlisted fifteen Browns, eight Abbotts, eight Elliotts, six Dearborns, six Bradfords, and six Kimballs,

William Kimball, of Wilton, enlisted July 20, Col. Moses Nichol's Regiment, Capt. Goss's Company. We have not found this name in the history.

Eli Kimball, of Amherst, enlisted July 19, Col. Nichol's Regiment, (Col. Moses Nichols was from Amherst) in Capt John Bradford's Company.

Amos Kimball, of Chester, enlisted July 21, Col. Stickney's Regiment, Capt, DéarBorn's Company. Do not find him in the history.

Abraham Kimball. (250, p. 169) of Hopkinton, enlisted July 22, Col. Stickney's Regiment, Captain Bayley's Conpany.

Peter Kimball. (215, p. 150) of Boscawen, enlisted July 20, Col. Stickney's Regiment. He was captain of his Company.

Nathaniel Kimball, of Glimanton, end-stea July 22. Col. Stekney's Regiment, Capt. Wilson's Company. We find nothing in the history by which he can be identified. He may be Nathaniel, 1944 p. 127.

In regard to Ell, mentioned above, it will be seen by reference to page 111, that Elt, son of Moses is distinctly said to have been in the battle of Bennington, under Stark, in Capt. Bradford's Company. Here he is not given as the head of a family.

Turning now to page 204, it will be seen that another Eli Kimball, son of Amos, quite another bennch is given as having enlisted July 11, two days before the former Eli enlisted, and also in Captain Bradford's Company, but for some reason was not present at the battle which took place a mouth later, or it might have been in another Capt. John Bradford's Company, as the Regizment is not given.

Of the above soldiers Capt. Peter and Abraham were wounded in the battle, but both lived to become heads of numerous families. They lived in adjoining towns and were men of note in their day.

Summer Kimoall our Cousin from Lovell. Me., does not favor the coat of arms with a Hon rampant, because as he understands it a good many Kimballs helped to lay the lion low about a century and a quarter ago. Instead he suggests a family emblem. for use on badges, banners, etc., of a wheel with Richard Kimball as the hub, with eleven spokes representing his children and around the rim the words, "Richard and Ursula Scott Kimball, Rattlesden. Eng. . Waterton and Ipswich. U. S. A., 163,-1675. The wheel he considers most appropriate, not only as indicative of the calling of Richard and so many of his descendants, but as representing progress and the moving forward of the family, the age, and the nation.

Peter C.Kimbalkertsitis spending the winter at Hawk's Park. Florida, and will return to hi home in Cohasset. Mass., about the first of May. Persons interested in Florida, especially in general farming on I gardening, may address him as above.

The A-ril number will not be so large as the present.



IN MEMORIAM.

ALONOZO S. KIMBALL.

At his home in Worcester, Mass., Dec. 2, 1897, Prof. Alonzo S. Kimball. (2551). He was born in Centre Harbor, N. H., Dec. 21, 1843, and graduated at Amherst College in 1866. He had been professor of physics in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute since 1872, and was the author of several scientific works

GRACE P. KIMBALL.

At Passedena, Cal., on Christmas day. 1897. Miss Grace P., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Duran Kimball (1518) of Chicago. She had gone to a more genial clime in hopes of restoration to health. hopes that were to be turned to ashes-The case was a sad one. A sister and a brother had gone before, and she stacy Kimball, (1369), a prominent citihad become the centre of parental love. zen of Worcester, and a nephew of all that was left of youth in the home. Mores Kimball (1368) of Boston, for The quiet, anknown sympathies of many years one of the leading citizenmany will go out toward the bereaved, of the old Commonwealth, of whom as they, too, near the sunset of life. ELLA MARIA POWERS.

Maria Kimball Powers, of typhoid pneu- CLARINDA JANE KIMBALL. monia. She was born in Goffstown. N. H. Jan. 9, 1846. With her sister inda Jane Kimball, aged 55 years on Cordelia, she came to Kansas, arriving Nov. 7, 1807. Samuel Jewett Kimbail in Manhattan in April, 1877. Their 1914) was a pioneer settler of Elgin. brothers had preceded them one year, arriving there in 1884. The next year being among the earliest settlers of he returned to New Hampshire, where the state. Elia Maria Kimball and the married Caranda Jane Hills of Ply-Timothy Hudson Powers were married mouth, Sept. 14, 1835. His father. in Manhatran in January 1, 1874, and Joseph 588 died suddenly in July of moved to California in 1853. CORDELIA A. RELS.

delia A. Kuaball Eelis, sister of the dredth bestalay, in Elvinia september. above. She was born in Goffstown, 1000 Samuol-fewettik) was an uncle to N. H., May 18, 1833, went to Manhat- D. P. Dyer of Augusta, Ga., and of Dr tan, Kan., April, 1857, and there mar- Alired Kimbail Hills, editor of the raed Horace Ecla, Dec. 25 (83). In Ap- New York Medical Times. He died b. ril. 1883, for her health, they moved to [865. Mrs. Kimbail was a piones Garden Grove, California, where, they farmer's wife and lived to see there have since resided. When her sister Mrs. corndells overed with the buildings

her relief. She was not strong herself and the shock of her sister's death. in her own weakened condition made her an easy victim to the same disease from which she died nine days later. These sisters were the daughters of John Kimball (1312) of Goffstown, N. H., and came to Kansas soon after their several brothers, who were among the earliest settlers (p. 940-1). Mrs. Eells was one of the very first to become interested in the Family News, and now we cherish several cheering letterfrom her hand, and, with her nearer kindred, feel the loss as our own, GEORGE FRANCIS KIMBALL.

In Boston, Jan. 29, 1895, of pneumonia, George Francis Kimball (2152) born Jan. 4. 1844. He was the son of John further mention is made elsewhere. The deceased leaves a widow, Katie H. In Los Angeles. Jan. 10, 1898. Ella (not Hattie). March (K) and two sons.

In Elgin, Illinois, Jan. 23, 1808, Clar the same year, at Perry, O. while on his war east to get his fandly, but his In Los Angeles, Jan. 19, 1878, Core mother lived to celebrate her one hun-Powers was taken ill. Mrs. Eells went to of the city of Eigin. She married in:



a remarkable family, and sae berself wide spread, if we may judge from sisters-in-law as Nancy-Currier and Elizabeth-Howe. She was the last of the pioneer members of the Baptist Church, organized in a little cabin. Her life was full of good works, and urusual vigor that promised to make her years equal those of her motherin-law, enabled her to continue them so late in life. Three weeks before her death she met with a fall from the effects of which she never recov-

GEN. NATHAN KIMPALL.

At Ogden Utah, January 21, 1898. tien. Nathan Kimball. A sketch of his life is given on another page.

EPHRAIM KIMBALL, WIFE AND DAUGHTER.

At Gloversville, New York, on Feb. 1 18.18. Ephraim F. Kimball, wife and daughter, caused by the burning of the hotel at that place in which several others also perished. Ephraim F. was a citizen of Indianapolis and a member of the New England Society of that city. He was about 51 years old and was a traveling agent of a giove manufacturing company at Gloversville. He was a native of Maine. and married a Miss Gray of Holton. in that state.

Their daughter, Nellie Gray Kimball. was about ?) years old, and is said to have been engaged to a young man living in northern Indiana.

We do not find any reference to this liete. family in the Kimball History. The first reports of this sad affair gave the name as E. C. Kimbad, which is found (2404) there, and as one daughter is given there he was supposed to be the one. Later reports make the correction. An Ephraim F., b. 1861, son of Dearaim Bartlett (1810) is mentioned. bur he is too young. The interest felt in this deplorable case, where one entire in the of the News. There are many Leart-rendering manner, has been very buc

was worthy a place by the side of such mention made of it by correspondents from all parts of the country.

> It is asked if we issued a November and December number of the News. Two numbers were issued, dated November and January, numbered 1 and ?. with three columns to a page. The form seemed undesirable. A number dated February was issued in octavo form, announcing a proposed change. not intended for preservation, but more as an advertisement. Much of the matter in that issue is reproduced in this March issue which is called number three. The two earlier issues are to be republished in the form of this issue and will be sent free to all subscribers and will also be sent to new subscribers commencing with the March number, so that they can be bound in uniform style. The reprint may not be made for some months.

D'spatches from New York announce the death. Feb. 15, of Frances E. Willard. It is asserted and denied that she had cancer of the stomach. Her physician for many years was Dr. Alfred Kitaball Hills,(p. 601).

Where it reads Edward T. Kimball. first column of page 35 of this number. it should read Erra Tobey Kimball (2109). This is the second humiliating error in the first paragraph of this ar-

In a for per issue consin Sarah Louse Kimball referred to Thomas Danforth Kimball of San Francisco, who, nor his brother Moses-toombs, is not mentioned in the History. Inquiry has since placed them in line. They descard from Richard (455), their rather, William-Story, being one of the children mentioned (p. 255) as havtire family was wiped out in a most cases in the history similar to this



THAT COAT OF ARMS

That coat of arms -that lion bold. Sounds like the Book of Danlei; Let's den him up and plug-now hold Excuse me cousins, let's not wrangle.

Do they, who would a crown revive. Decked off with lions bold. Requeriber those who gave their lives To free us from their hold?

Columbia's church pards speak to-day With no uncertain sound; And all our starry barmers say, "We saved you from a crown.

Now, why need we for coat of arms To mother country fice? Let English cousins wear their crowns. When truly won through heraldry.

But, why not choose an emblem true, The model wrought by Richard sore; Who salled across the water blue In sixteen thirty-four.

Let Richard first the hub denote. Each son and dauguter be a spoke: The next in kin will term the run, With (Khuball) band that ne'er has broke

Tout good of I wheel that Richard built Two centuries or more has run. Nor from its course, nor tilted once, But steadfast as the sun.

That good old wheel that Richard built, Will move us on for years to come Much safer than a crown.

The wheel-the wheel-ub yes, the wheel! Oh what care we for crowns. Give us the wheel that Rienard bulls In good old Ipswich town,

CHURUS.

Then give us the wheel-oh yes the wheel! There's nothing else more grand For an emblem true, hung up to view, Than wheels with Kimbali ban is .

SUMBER KIMBALL, (2445) Lo ell, Maine, Feb. 8, 1808.

At the First Christian Science Church dedication at Detroit. Feb. 13, Mrs. The daily papers announce the death address.

NOTES AND QUERIES.

1-Daniel Kimball d. July 27, 1854, m. Sarah Ann Bradbury: b. Dec. 23, 1815. dan, of Elijah and Sallie Gleason Howard) Bradbury.

2-Who was Daniel? William Kimball of North Andover, Mass., m. Hannah Bradbury, b. July 10, 1805. Who was he?

3-Who were the parents of Hannah Hopkins who m. Jonathan Kimball in 1709, not 1729 as given in the history?

4-Who was the first Kimball in America who became identified with a church other than the Orthodox Congregational?

5-Who was the wife of Hiram Powers the sculptor?

6-Harry Francis Hobart. b., Brookline N. H., Aug. 16, 1859, m. Dec. 25 1888. Fannie M. Kimball. (whose dau. is she)? child. Mabel Ruth Hobart, b. March 27, 1892, d. June 22, 1893,

7-Tristram Frost Jordan, b. 1804, m. Oct. 2, 1-31. Abigail Kimball (p. 1138). He was the author of the Leighton and Jordan trenealogies. See his portrait in the latter.

s-Polly Kimball of Pembroke, N. H., b. 1779, d. Apr. 20, 1817, aged 38; m. Apr. 7, 1803, Joseph Lewis. Who was she?

9-Who was Sallie Kimpall who m. Gibbs Fulley. Their daughter is wife of Capt. Felix G. Head of San Francisco.

10-Benjamin Gould of Brooklyn. N. H. married Martha Kimball, who was she?

Kate Davidson Kimbail, of Chicago, of Ensign J C. Breckirridge of the was one of the principal speakers. At torpedo boat Cushing, who was washed the opening some weeks a to of a simi- overboard near Havana, Feb. 10. It lar church in Chicago, seating five will be remembered that the Cushing thousan't people, her husband, Edward is one of the boats in Lieut, Command-Ancel Kimball (1975) made the leading er Kimball's flotilla mentioned elsewhere.



Family Histories

Charles F. Haseltine of Philadelphis who is compiling his family genealogy spells his name as above. In the Kimball History it is spelled Hazeltine. The index shows Haseltine, Hazeltine and Hazelton.

Of this spelling Mr. Sharples writes: "Mr. Haseltine insists on the original spelling of the name "Haseltine." The variation Hazeltine is one of the oldest, and many of the members of the family so spell it. Other variations which will be found in the Kimball History are "Azeltine", "Heselton". "Hazelton." (A very imperfeet History of the family has been published in which "Hazelton" is used as the family name) The name is also found in the Boston Directory spelled Hasseltine. Resseltine, and Hesselton. Robert and John seem to have always used the spelling Haselton, as the "s" was probably pronounced with the "z" sound the town clerks soon commenced writing it Hazelton."

Horace Standish Bradford, of New-York City is compiling a history of his family.

Edgar Hobart of San Jose. California. is preparing a history of the Hobart family.

Mr. Timothy Hopkins of San Francisco, is compiling a history of the Kellogg family.

Mr. Carll A. Lewis, of Elliott, Conn., publishes monthly his "Lewisiana", in the interest of his family.

This branch of American history is rapidly growing in this country and the effect must be for good.

Many other family histories have been published, and others that do not now occur to mind, are in preparation. The NEWS will extend its aid to any and all of them.

One great advantage in having a light department in the hands of Prot. Sharples will be found in the fact that when questions are sent to him at first he can cive answers. In most cases, in the same number in which the queries appear, so there will be no waiting.

In Boxford, Mass., in 1769, a Mrs. Ames and her son were arrested and tried for the murder of the son's wife Ruth. Amos Kimball (122) and his son Enoch, and Elizabeth, wife of Eichard Kimball (123) a brother of Amos, were important witnesses for the prosecution, John Adams, afterward President of the United States, 'defended the prisoners. The accused were acquited, notwithstanding the general belief in their guilt. The elocuent plea of their attorney probably had a greater effect upon the jury than the testimony of the prosecution. They soon left that section of the country and never returned. The circumstances in brief were as follows: It became evident to the neighbors that the elder Mrs. Ames cherished bitter hatred toward her son's wife. The young wife became sick. Mrs. Kimball. a neighbor, above mentioned, called to visit her, but was refused admitance upon the plea that she had vomited greatly and that the room was very disagreeable. This did not satisfy Mrs. Kimball, but like a resolute woman. that she was, she pressed past Mrs. Ames and entered the sick room of the young woman and found it in a very different condition from what was represented by Mrs. Ames, but she found the young wife in a dving condition with froth exuding from her mouth. She soon died and was quickly buried. Mrs. Kimball related what she saw and had experienced at the Ames house; suspicions of foul play were aroused, the body disinterred, protests by Mrs Ames, an inquest held, physicians summoned, evidence of poison found, arrests and trial followed. Full account of this is given in the Essex Antiquerian.

Alluquirian. Mention of this is made to show that. Mention Senton Kimball must have Elizabeth Senton Kimball must have been at the sent of the sent of the sent as the sent of the sent of



Gen. Nathan Kimball

Copt. Wm. Augustus Kimball, of the U.S. A., now located at Portlana, Oregon, is a son of Gen. Nathan Kimball aow of Ogden, Utah, formerly of Indiana, whose war record was a notable one.

In a letter written by the late Charles A. Dana in July 1863, and published for the first time in a late number of McChre's Magnzine. his estimate of the various commanders, under Grant at Vickburg, is given with great freedom. Mr. Dana was assistant secretary of war, and was with Gen. Grant as a special representative of the government, and made his reports to Secretary Stanton direct.

In making public this letter Mr. Dana remarks candidly, that it gave his estimate at that time of the subordinate officers of the Vicksburg campaign. Of General Kimball he says, "The next division of the Sixteenth Corps to Join the Vicksburg Army was Gen. Kimballs. He is not so bad a commander at Lauman, but he is bad enough; brave of course, but backing in military instinct and the genius of generalship."

It is probable that Mr. Dana somewhat modified this estimate at a later date. He had certainly little opportunity to speak from personal knowledge and admits that "I don't know any of his brigade commanders."

Gen Kimball had served as captain in the Mexican war. At the opening of the late war, he raised a company, was elected captain, then commissioned colonel of the Fourteenth Indiana Volunteers. He gained honors in West Virginia in 18-1. The next year added laureis in the Shenandoah Valley where he won a brigadire's commission by defeating, while in temporary command, the noted Stonewall dadisson. He was then ordered to the James river, under McCletian, fought at Harrison's Landing, at Autietam and Fredericksburg where he was badly wonded. This in

December, 1862, and under leave absence he returned home. But in the following March he joined Grant. It was the first of May, before he crossed the Mississippi and prepared for the capture of Vicksburg. This involved a march to Jackson, and several battles including that of Champion's Hill. in which the Sixteenth Corps took a small part. Nor was Gen. Kimball in physical condition for arduous service and he took no extraordinary part in the siege that followed. Such service was hardly calculated to enable even as keen an obserer as Mr. Dana to form just a estimate of one's merits.

The services afterwards rendered by Gen. Kimball, both military and civil. were fully recognized both by the national government and by the state of Indiana. He was ordered by President Lincoln to reorganize the state government of Arkansas, which he did in a few weeks in 1864, and then after serving with honor in the Atlanta campaign was ordered to report to Gov. Morton for special servic. This proved to be the delicate work of dealing with the Knights of the Golden Circle. In this he succeeded in a manner to commend special thanks of Gov. Morton. After this he returned to the field where he gained the breve rank of major general. He was retained in the services until 1865, when he retired to be twice elected state treasurer, and afterwards to be appointed surveyor general of Utah by President Grant, to be retained by President Hayes and by President Harrison. His whole military eareer, both before and after the fail of . Vicksburg, was a success. He made a few mistakes and no notable fash, res. If he did not have the dash of Logan, he did not have that peculiarity that Mr. Dana particularly notes of Logan, that of doubt and distrest in every conflict almost to despair, even after a victory had been clearly won, as at : hampion's Hill.

'He might not have been and was



not great in a military sense, as Sher- was useful. It was distinguished for man and McPherson were, but as an good works from youth to old age. officer taken from the civ'l ranks, his He was born amid the hardships of whole service was such as to show a frontier life in Indiana. His mother

tile consin Sacah Louise Kim ball.

result of a railroad accident, he joined sity. From 1541 to 1843 he taught his command on crutches. He was school, worked at farming, and studied lieutenant of the Firs; Wisconsin Bat- law in Missouri. In 1844 he returned tery and was with the army on its to Indiana, gave up law for medicine. march from Grand Gulf to Jackson, which he studied with Dr. McPheeters thence west to the rear of Vicksburg, and in 1845 married his sister Martha carticipating in the various battles of Ann. He promptly enlisted for the Grand Gulf, Port Gibson, Raymord, Mexican war, raised a company, was Big Black and Champion's Hill, and at made captain, fought with honor at the siege of Vicksburg where he was Beuna Vista, and at the close of the war appointed ordnance office under Gen- returned with honor to the practice of Osterhaus, and afterwards to the same, medicine which he followed until the position under McClernand of the Thir- attack upon Fort Sumter. teenth Army Corps.

one of the fighting German generals of the war, but Mr. Dana did not give to the Fourteenth Indiana Regiment. him a higher position than he did to and on May 22 was commissioned colo-Gen. Nathan Kimball, and he had no nel with orders to join Gen. McClellan use for McClernand, whom he consid- in West Virginia Here he commenced ered merely a political adventurer, a a military service that has but few in order to please the war democrats of for which we have no room for details burg, and remained a cripple for life, its almost uniform success. He removed from Wisconsin to California in 1875, and died in Oakland in Jackson or some less noted confederate 1896. Gen. Nathan Kimbali still lives chieftain, Col. Kimball was victorious. in Ogden. Utah.

great power for effective organization. Nancy Ferguson was of a good Virgin-In this councetion we might mention | ia family, but died when he was about another Kimball who took part at three years old, and his father when he Vicksburg, also in a crippled coudi- was six. For some years he lived with tion. We refer to Charles Bradbury his grandfather Ferguson where he Kimball, (1765) the father of our versa- was able to attend the common schools. and was able to put in two years at While suffering from a crushed ankle, 'Asbury, now called De Pauw Univer-

Four days after that event he had General Osterhaus was considered organized a company and on April 24 was commissioned captain and assigned democrat favored by President Lincoln parallels in the history of the war, and Illinois. Charles Bradbury Kimball re. This service was not the most notable signed in August after the fall of Vicks. for great results. It was notable for

Whether his opponent was Stonewall and by March 23 had carned a general's commission. Gen, shields had report-Since the above was put in type, ed that Jackson was driven out of the tien. Kimball has died. His life went out Shenandoah valley, but on the 23d he repeacefully at his homeon the evening appeared and a battle ensued. Shields of Jan. 21. The Family History, page was wounded and then Col. Kimball, as 1130, gives the date of his birth Nov, senior, took command. Three times 43, 1823. Others make the date a year General Jackson was beaten back and carlier. His life was as eventful as it finally driven from the field. For this



Kimballs in King Phillp's War.

A list of soldiers in King Philip's War, by Rev. George N. Bodge, contains the names of Richard, Thomas, Caleb, and William Kimball, Richard and Thomas were the sons of the first Richard, and were both born in Rattlesden, in England. Thomas was killed at his home May 3, 1676, and five of his children were taken captives, as related on Page 42 of the Kimball History. Two of these have descendants still living, and Richard of course has many more All these would be eligible to admission in the Society of Colonial the index of the Kimball History you Wars.

The Caleb mentioned was the son of Henry, and not his brother. He was killed Sept. 18, 1675 at the battle of Bloody Brook and was unmarried. Now who was the William Kimball mentioned? Not Richard the emigrant, nor any of his children had a son named William, nor was there any Richard.

It may be a question whether Beniamin should not be substituted for William. The name of William does not appear in the History. Henry, elder brother of Richard and Thomas above mentioned, and father of Caleb, is not mentioned as a soldier and died in 1676. Neither John nor brother Caleb, second. as mentioned as a soldier. But Beniamin, the only remaining son of the first Richard, was a cornet of horse troops, known as Cornet Kimball and is known to have been a soldier with his brother Richard, under Major Appleton of Ipswich, 1683-4. But before this, in December 1675, Major Appleton marched against the Narragansetts with six companies of foot, and one of mounted troops. Was Benjamin, the cornet of horse troops, familiarly known as Cornet Kimbali with this force? Can some one furnish this information?.

The German Kimballs.

This extract from a letter from Prof. Sharples will be read with interest:

The date in the German letter is nearly a hundred years later than our earliest English dates. It is very doubtful if the German Kimbails have any right to the name. In the first place. the name John George is not a family name among them. Double names were very rarely given in England among the youman before 1750. In a list of more than two hundred Kimballs who lived in England between 1524 and 1750 there is not a single instance in which a double name is used. If you will take the trouble to examine will find that a double name is very rare before 1780. From what is said in the letter I am much inclined to tuink that the officer's name was Kemble and that it has beer changed in Germany to Kimball. The name of Kimball in England is always with an E and not with an I. Kembali not Himball. There is a closely allied in sound, German name Kimple which may be easily turned into Kimball by an illiterate person. I know of one child of Henry, the brother of the first case in this country in which a family in Pennsylvania, who are descended from the New Jersey Kembles, have for the last three generations spelled their names Kimball. But their ancestor who was a soldier in the revolution, spatled his name Kemble and it is so spelled on the pension rolls. In the Harvard catalogue Benjamin Kimball's name is spelled Kimbell, but I have several signatures of his and it is always spelied Kimball in the deeds. etc. I would like very much to know what became of this Benjamin Kimball and his family. In the Harvard catalogue the date of his death is giren as 1780, but I have examined the records at the college and can find no authority for the statement. I have been to Manchester where he lived and can find no record of his death and I can find no settlement of his estate at Salem.

S. P. SHARBLES.

Tomorrow has trouble to lend, An endless, endless store:

But I have as much as heart can hold-Why should I borrow more! Harriet M. Kimball.

(See 1426.)



service he was especially complimented

After this he was sent to join McClellan on the peninsular, and here the same success followed him. He fought at Malvern Hill, Antietam, and at Fredericksburg, Dec. 1802, was severely wounded and was given !eave of absence until March 1863, when he was ordered to join Gen. Grant.

In view of what we have said above in regard to Dana's statement it is well to remark particularly, that because he was unable for field duty, Gen. Grant assigned him to special duty in Jackson. Tenn., and it was not until May 23. that he was ordered to Vicksburg, where he did not arrive until June 3. He was ordered up the Yazoo river, and the next day met a confederate division under Wirt Adams where a lively fight ensued, in which Gen. Kimbail completely triumphed in thirty minutes. He was then sent as a kind of reserve force to Haines Binff. where he remained until July 4 when Vicasburg surrendered. Here was a service of less than thirty days, of an invalid soldier, and it was all that Mr. Dana had from which to judge of Gen. Kimbait's military capacity. His subsequent military service in Tennessee and Georgia was simply brilliaut, while his civil service in Arkansas and Indiand gained him the highest credit.

As a soldier and as a citizen he was held in the highest respect by those who knew him best, and he died universally beloved by all who had ever come in contact with him.

Roy T. Kimball op. 518; of San Fran. met with a sudden check. cisco writes:

"Referring to Otis Kimball's suggestion in the last issue of the Kimball; Family News that Kimbail should be Would it not be well to give that spelling? Out of all the Kimballs who read ! that suggestion I doubt if ten per cent can ted you how Richard spelled his!

What was evidently a very agreeable reunion of the Hills Family was held at the country home of Dr. Alfred Kimball Hills in Hudson, N. H., last July. The place is near Nashua Junetion, and consists of the old family homestead. Upon the most eligible site a beautiful country home has been erected. It is here that Dr. Hills spends much of his summer vacation, and here bibernating through the winter, safe under lock and key are fine half tone cuts of the pleasant cottage "Alvirne" and also of the old farm homestead. We are promised the use of these cuts by and bye, after the frost unlocks its hold upon the New Hampshire roads. Dr. Hills is co-editor of the New York Medical Times, and a son of Nancy Currier Kimball (1216) of the notable Elgin. Illinois. and Greton. N. H., family.

The flotilla of torpedo boats, under command of Lieut, W. W. Kimball. that started some months ago on a tour along the Atlantic and Gulf coast, intending to go up the Mississippi to St. Louis, seems to have received new orders. In December the boats, Cushing Ericeson and Dupont were in Florida waters. In unother place may be found an account of their reception at St. Augustine. From that place the flotilla evidently proceeded, for some days ago it was reported off Mobile. Since then the boats have been recalled and ordered to join the fleet at Key West, and the Cushing sent to Cuba. It seems possible that Lieut, Kimball may have a taste of war. At least his rather pleasant cruise appears to have

Cousin Ellwood-Davis (2576) says, "I was glad to see your picture in the last number of the NEWS, or should have spelled as Richard and Henry did. | been glad if I could have felt that it did justice to your physiognomy." He would like good pictures of old Kimball nomesteads and pictures of Kimballs of long ago. Can we have them?



MOSES KIMBALL (1368)

Kimball in the country, probably, was Moses Kimball of Boston. Captain Richard Kimball (450) had passed the active period of his useful life and died a few years later at the age of 92. His son. Richard-Eurleigh, had gained some prominence as a writer, but did not reach the summit of reputation until some years later.

ball had been a growing factor in the largely from impressions made in those business and pointical life of the com- days of long ago, gathered from the monweaith. In social and commercial papers of the day. Was the press more circles he was one of the best known honorable and less patriotic then men in Boston. While not a poli- than now? It is not probable. It is tician in the more modern sense, he more likely that the life of Moses Kimwas a recognized force in the adminis- ball was proof against the attacks of editration of city and state affairs, and ex- tors and reporters. At all events there tended an influence that was felt even is little doubt that the press whose inat the seat of national government. Re- fluence extended into the rural dispeatedly called to sit in one house or tricts of New England was kind and the other of the state legislature, he just to Moses Kimball. If it was otherwas what would now be called a lead- wise in the city any evil attack must ing reform member, but he had the have fallen as against coats of mail. earnest, straightforward methods that One personal reminiscence may be exvice for city and state " He was not say: Every one knew this, and every read of him. one wanted to know just what it was. andience, and few unworthy schemes could withstand his opposition.

He was a man firm in his convictions of right and duty, but liberal in his methods of dealing with men and securing reform. He was able to commore intimate political enemies half dis out his place in the book.

trusted their own convictions when they came in contact with his opposing force. Forty years ago the most notable llow it was they could not explain. He was an early admirer of Webster, but when the great statesman made his bid for the support of the slaveholding South as he did in his noted seventh of March speech, that admiration went out in sorrow. The cause of human liberty was dearer than personal regard.

The influence of Moses Kimball was felt outside of his city and outside of For fifteen years or more Moses Kim- his state. The writer hereof speaks

disarmed criticism. Perhaps no one cused in closing. The visit of a connever accused Moses Kimball, as a legis- try boy from the White Mountains to lator, of having private ends to serve. Boston was something of an event in As a public servant he was sincerely de- those days. It was on such an occavoted to public interests. Of him a con- sion that a cousin (2504) familiar with temporary writer said, "He gave much the city pointed out Moses Kimball of his life to an honorable public ser- while on Washington Street, as a person worthy of note, and whose reputaan orator like Wendell Phillipps, but tion was not unknown. The boy adwhen he spoke, he had something to mired the man because of what he had

Moses Kimball is given but seven Few members could draw so large an lines on page 662 of the family History. where others far less worthy are given pages. While looking especially for the name it was some time before it could be placed. A correspondent, as may be seen on another page, quite mand not only the respect, but the con- missed it. It is probable that otherfidence of his opponents. Many of his may find this notice useful in pointing



MOSES DAY KIMBALL. (1022)

Moses Kimballs, both men of prominence. In another place mention is made of Moses (1368).

In the Family History much more is said of Moses-Day, hence less need be said here. To avoid confusion the latter usually wrote his name M. Day Kimball. Both were of the seventh generation but their lines did not meet until they came to Richard. Moses descended from Caleb, and Moses-Day from Thomas, sons of Richard. But Moses Day Kimball descended also from an earlier Moses Day, who married Abigail, daughter of Benjamin Kimball of the second generation. They became parents of another Moses Day who married Ruth Hazeltine, and their daughter Sarah Day, married a Kimball. Daniel (501) from whom Moses Day Kimball (1022) descended.

A second son (John, p. 45) of Moses and Abigail became ancestors of A. W. Greely the Arctic Explorer, now chief of the signal service at Washington.

Two daughters of Moses Day Kimball have acquired additional prominence. and one at least, a renown that is more than local. As may be seen on page 512, Mary-Morton (K) married William Brown Kehew, She is a woman not only agreeable in person, but of great energy and executive ability. She is President of the Educational and Industrial Union of Boston, which has for its object an improvement in the condition of working women. In this field her work was such as to secure her nomination for a place on the School Committee of Boston not long ago.

Her younger sister. Hannah Parker Kimball, some years ago published a volume of poetry, and recently a new volume from her pen has appeared. Of this book of poems entitled "Victory". ritical readers have spoken in high 'erms, and the literary world has givon it a cordial reception.

MARRIED.

At the home of the bride's parents, For many years Boston had two Mr. and Mrs Phineas Kimbell, Nauvoo. Ill., (see p. 1092) on Wednesday, Dec. 29, 1897, Ida Mary and Mr. Francis L. Rheinberger, of New York City. The local papers characterize it as "a beautiful wedding amid exquisite decorations." The young couple will make their home \$66 Boulevard, New York. Mr. Rheinberger holds a responsible position with the house of H. B. Claffin & Co.

> On College Hill. Manhattan, Kansas, on New Years day, 1898, Bertha S. Kimball and Mr. Albert Dickens. The bride is a daughter of Richard Henry Kimball (2117) one of the first settlers in Kansas, (see Kansas Kimball rennion, first issue of the News.) She gradusted at the State Agricultural College in 1890, and has been an assistant in entomology, botany and art classes in that institution.

> They will make their home in Ellinwood, Barton County, Kansas, where Mr. Dickens is principal of the schools. He graduated from the Agricultural College in the class of '92,

> There are hundreds and hundreds of Kimballs or sons and daughters of mothers who were Kimballs who can give information that would be of interest to other hundreds. Will they not do it. Give us the names and present address of every one.

> Prof. Sharples writes: "In the note from Mr. Bradford he says that Phineas Kimball's wife was a Hall. Another grandson says it was Kimball I do not know what it was, except from tradition." .

> Again we ask for the names and addresses of members of your family. We want every one to have a sample copy. Send us the name and we will do the rest.



Byron Kimball writing from North Bridgton, Maine, thinks the News will prove a "necessity, just supplementing that great achievement and valuable work, the History of the Kimball Family." He then very pertinently adds. "Had the Kimballs fully understood the scope of that work when it was in progress, they would have made it still more valuable, and far easier the labors of Messrs. Morrison and Sharples." This is a clear cut statement. In nearly every ease where the History falls short of what it might have been it is owing to the negligence or want of interest in members of the family who might have rendered valuable aid. In many cases the very ones who are emitted, or who do not think they received all the notice that was there due, are the ones who owe it to their own neglect. Even now there are those who are perfectly indifferent. Some who were indifferent then, now realize a growing interest. Those who are indifferent now may come to feel otherwise in the future. The sentiment is one that grows.

Prof. Sharples gives a bit of interesting news in his genealogical notes this monta. Most of our readers past middle age and many younger are familiar ping the "b" as many do by dropping tories, but few of them are aware that directory gives fourteen Kimmels. his mother was Abigail, of the Maine family of Kimballs. He was a proline writer of histories and biographies. and superficial enough to suit the popular taste of his time.

Our scholarly cousin Ellwood Davis Kimball of Wichita has prepared an article on the Kimballs and Kembles in King Phillip's war, much more com prehensive than the mention we make this month of about the same subject. It will appear in the April number and will be of especial interest to those who may want to learn as to their eligibility to membership in the Society of

A correspondent asks: "Is it true that Daniel Webster was a Kimball?"

We reply, hardly a Kimbalt. He was a Webster, but a descendant of a Kimball. His mother was Abigail Eastman; she the daughter of John and Abigail (French) Eastman; he the son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Severans) Eastman; she the daughter of Thomas and Abigail (Kimball) Severans; she the eldest child and daughter of Richard kimball, the immigrant. She was born in England, Daniel Webster, therefore was sixth in descent from Richard Kimball. There is a tradition that a very estimable Kimball woman once refused Daniel Webster in marriage, and outlived him fifteen years and more.

Prof. Sharples does not think there are any German Kimballs connected with the family. In his letter elsewhere given he mentions some German rames similar in sound, but omits two of the most common, and nearest in sound, Kimmel and Kuemmel, pronounced as nearly alike as English organs will allow in their normal condition. It is not uncommon to hear Kimball pronounced the same way, dropwith Prof. John Frost's Pictorial His- the "pb" in Campbell. The Chicago

> Rev. Daniel Webster Kimball is the son of Jesse Kimball of Cambridge, Me. (p. 757) He was graduated at the High School, Dexter, Me., in 1890, at Colby University, Waterville, Maine, in 1894. at Newton Theological Seminary, Newton, Mass., 1897. Settled at Manchester, Mass, over the Baptist Church, Nov. 14, 1897. Ordained Dec. 16, 1897.

> Sketch of Abigail Kimball Garvin aunt of Sumner I. Kimball, of Washington, now in her 103rd year will be given next month. See mention p. 64 of this issue.



Kimbalis in the Revolutionary War.

There were at least 130 Kimbalis by name in the Revolutionary War, all descendants of Richard who landed in Massachussetts 141 years before the Battle of Lexington in which several Kimballs were engaged. This probably falls considerably short of the total number. In another place for instance, we have given the names of six New Hampshire Kimballs who were with Gen. Stark at the battle of Bennington. Three of these names are not found in the roster from which we gather these 130 names. Nor does this list include the names of sons whose mothers were born Kimballs.

Out of this list 79 became heads of families and have descendants now living. Many others had families that became extinct.

The figures are somewhat remarkable. There appears to be no Kimballs now living in this country that are known not to be descendants of Riehard. The lineage of nearly all can be traced directly back to the first immigrant in 1034. There is very little doubt as to the descent of the remainder. There are Kimballs living in England belonging to the same original family, but it seems that no others have emigrated to this country since the landing of Richard and Henry in 1634, and the line of Henry became extinct soon after the Revolution.

These facts make the family a very exceptional one. The Kimball Family is numerous, but it is not even among the largest in the country. But in most, probably in all other cases, the more numerous families are descended from several ancestors—brothers, uncles, or cousins, emigrating at the same time, as Eichard and Henry did, or at different time, often many years apart.

The living male descendants of the 79 Kimball soldiers of the Revolution are eligible to membership in the society of Sons of the Revolution. What an army that would be, especi-

ally if the same proportionate increase has been kept up. Of course these 180 soldier desiceudants of Richard were but a small part of those then living. If one were to treble the number or call it 490, he would be far, very far within the mark.

Here then would be a problem, which perhaps, some Kimball schoolboy with a mathematical turn may work out if he will. If the male descendants of one man intil years amount to 400, what will be the number who may become sons of the Eevolution, descended from 79 fathers after the lapse of 115 years, the age of 21 being required for admission?

By the December number of Our Dumb Animals, published in Boston. Geo. T. Angell, editor, it is shown that Mrs. D.P. Kimball contributes ten dollars, and the Kimball & Cary Co., and N. W. Kimball, smaller sums to the Massachussetts society, for the prevention of cruelty to animals. The work to which Geo. T. Angell has devoted so many years, out of the seventy-five that have been given him, is one of the most uplifting of the civilizing forces of the age. The average man, though brutal yet, is far less brutish than he was the days before Geo. T. Angell. Bands of Mercy are now to be found in almost every village and hamlet, and societies for preventing cruelty to animals, in every considerable city. It is one of the agencies of good that it is well to encourage

Otis Kimball of Boston asks: "By the way, why should we not spell the name Kemball as Richard and Henry did, and as it is spelled almost invariably in England now. The Kimball is a corruption of the early New England name."

The late Gen. Nathan Kimball, of Ogden. Utah, drew a government pension of \$100 a month.



Notes Supplementary to the Data of the Page 1077-ELLWOOD-DAVIS (K). (2576), "Kimball Family History

(BY ELLWOCH DAVIS KIMBALL.)

Page 994-JOHN HAYNES. graduated A. B. at Williams College, received the degree of Ph. D. from Johns Hopkins University, his major subject for the degree being Economics. Is instructor in the Free Academy at Norwich, Conn.

Page 994-CHARLES STILLMAN HAYNES. took his A. B. at Williams College, and B. D. at Yale Divinity School. Took the traveling fellowship at Yale Divinity School and studied in Germany. Is now pastor of the Congregational church at Lancaster, Mass. Latest advices publicly announce his engagement to Miss Caribel F. Spalding. She is niece by marriage, and he nephew by blood of William Kim- Page 825-Charles-Cottox (K), is now ball (2280), and John Gardner Kimball (2283), though he and his bancee are of no kinship to each other.

Page 994-FANNIE ELIZA HANNES, graduated at Mt. Holyoke College, and is a teacher. Hattie Tenney Haynes like her elder sister, graduated at Mt. Holyoke College, and is a teacher in the Pepperell. Mass ... High School.

Page 992-John-Hovey (K) A. B., Beloit, 1893. Is pastor of Congregational church. Stought n. Wis., ELIZABETH-GARDENER (K., teacher of English and History in Lewiston, Maine, High School,

dage but -- Charles-Henny Jewert (K). is engaged in the insurance business, on his own account, in Boston. Page 513-Militon-Solon, son of Rev. FRANK-WILLIAM (K.), A. B., Boston University, is a teacher.

Page 1077-WILLIAM PORTER BAILEY. married at Neponset, Boston, Mass. June 10th, 1806. Melvina Amanda, daughter of John H. Sweetser. He is a clerk in the Fremont National Bank of Boston.

ARTHUR WARD BAILEY, A. B., WilliamsCollege 1895, (or 1895,)

spells his first name with a double !. after the manner of the Ellwood Davis for whom he was named, and who, being a Quaker, had followed the orthography of the Quaker poet Thomas Ellwood. E. D K. was born Sept. 29, and not 27, as stated in the book. The wife of E. D. K. was not of Rutland, N. Y., but of Burton. Ohio. It was her grandtather Johnson who had for a time lived at Rutland, N. Y. E. D. K. is fond of genealogical research and has learned concerning more than two hundred (200) of his ancestors. Besides the degree of A. B. he has received an A. M. from his alma mater.

(BY THE EDITOR.)

living in New York City, at 310 west 112th Street. About a year ago he suffered from a paralytic stroke and is not yet able to preach. His eldest daughter Louise was married last year with Will Feruson, architect of the Waldorf Hotel. His son, Harry-Grant, is a serior in Hamilton College.

Page 825-GEO.H.KNIGHT, died in 1802, and his widow Frances-Ann, and her son Ward, now live in Beatrice, Nels. He is unmarried.

Page S65-FREDERICK-EDWARD Ki quit railroading in 1800 and is in the Laundry business in Beatrice, and his son. Frank-Jesse, is to the samebusiness in Omaha, unmarried,

Milton K. (1025); b. Feb. 25, 1841; d. Oct. 24, 1897. He was a graduate of Knox College, Ltl., and serve as a captain in the 17th Illinois regiment, and on the staff of Gen. Ross. At the time of his death was an active elder in the Second Presbyterian Church of Springfield. Illinois. He left a widow and four daughters. Mary, Mar-



ception of His Flotilla.

In last issue we mentioned the flotilla of torredo boats, under command of Lieutenant Commander Kimball, (see p. 977.) now on a tour of inspection along the Atlantic and Gulf coast. We now have the Florida papers giving accounts of its reception on the east coast. A St. Augustine dispatch to the Jacksonville Times Union says:

boats Porter, Dupont and Cushing arrived here at 2 o'clock this afternoon. They were met just outside the bar by the Eriesson, which has been in this hall were huge clusters of green follport for several days. As the entire the tilla steamed up the river and maneuvered before casting anchor just off from Cornett's wharf, they were watched by thousands of people. The grace and ease with which the queer looking boats glided through the water was a novel sight to nearly everyone.

The city authorities and the people : banquet hall. of St. Augustine have made elaborate preparations for the entertainment of the visiting naval officers next week. of like character, either here or in the

neighboring cities.

The boats left Jacksonville at 9 a. m . reached the St. Johns bar at 1,330, and made the run to the St. Augustine bar, a gathered there to do honor to the city's distance of 36 miles in one hour and a half. This is remarkable time when boats were not going at their full speed.

When abreast of St. Augustine the Ericson came out and joined the flotilla and after an exchange of naval courtesies, the boats were ordered by Lieutenant Commander Kimball to lay by while the Dunont gave a practical exhibition to the Naval Reserves in torpedo firing. A mark was set in the water and while the Dupont was going at prices, one which was almed with remarkable accuracy, and had it been badel it would have hit the mark Schoffeld, who responded to the toast. omed at, although the target was fully · lo yards away

The Naval Reserves were very much lenefitted by the trip, and obtained quite a lot of valuable information which will stand them in good stead in

kindness itself, and gave the amateur' speech, and it was one o'clock this a m. 'ar. every facility for improving when all the guests dispersed and the tomselves in the art of paval warfare. banquet was over.

Lieutenant W. W. Kimball's Re- and they will no doubt long remember their nest experience in torpedo prac-

> Of the banquet the St Augustine morning Journal says:

The banquet by the city of St. Augustine to the officers of Torpedo Boat Flotilla, and of the First Artillery at the Alcazar last evening, was a brilliant success. Under the personal direction of Mr. C. B. Knott, the spacious dining hall of the magnificent hotel had been St. Augustine. Dec. 18 .- The torpedo converted into a perfect bower of light From the ceiling hung in massive folds a dozen or more immense flags of the nation, while in each corner of the age through which shown hundreds of miniature electric lights of varigated colors. It would be difficult to accurately describe, and do full justice to the artistic decorations, but the effect was beautiful and heightened a hundred fold by the brilliantly uniformed men who soon gathered within the

At the head of the board sat Mayor Genovar and on his right. Lieutenant Commander W. W. Kimball and General Schoffeld; on his left. Col. Rawls and Col. Upham. While ranged about them on either side of the long table were officers of the flotilla, the officers of the First Artillery and the citizens

guests.

The Mayor presiding as toast-master. it is taken into consideration that the made a speech of welcome, which was appropriately responded to by Lieutenant Kimbal', the commander of the flotilia. In the course of his remarks he took occasion to say that St. Augustine in its reception of the officers and men of the torpedo boats had excelled in ho-pitality any other city which they had ever visited. He was especially appreciative of the courtesies extended here to the enlisted men of his good speed Easign Clark fired two tor- command, and eulogized the latter for their many good traits

He was followed by General J. M. dier made a most pleasing speech, touching upon the needs of both the army and navy, and its growth and accomplishments Lieutenant J C. Fremont followed in response to "The Navy." A number of others were compelled to Lieutenant Commander Kimball was respond to earls for an impromptu



[Continued from Page 60.]

garet, (m. Lewis Miller of Springfield, 113 W. Monroe St.) and Louise and Jennie.

Page 513—HENRY-MARTIN (K), brother of the above b. Apr. 7, 1831, unmarried is living in Fort Morgan, Colo., with his youngest brother, Luman-Wilcox (K), b. Sept. 27, 1849, married; three children, Emmq. Helen, and Milton.

Page 513—LOUISA (K), m. Jesse Weems of Quincy, III., d. 1877 Two sons, Milton-Kimball and Frank-Henry proprietors of Weem's Laundry, Dye Works and Artificial Ice Plant.

Page 514—EDWARD-SOLON (K), not Edwin, son of Rev. Lycurcus P. (1978). 1, 1540, is a passenger conductor on the C. B. & Q. R. R., and lives in Galesburg. (Illinois. Married, two children. Edith-Brown (K) a gradnate of Knox College, and Daniel-Bradbury (K, engaged on the Chicago Record.

Note-The above was furnished by Emma Lucy, daughter of the Rev. John Milton Kimbali (1025) who married her cousin. Frederick Edward Kimball. If the names of wives had been given, and the dates of births and deaths a little more fully it would have been more satisfactory. As it is, it is presented as a model for others. We add that all the above are descendants of Capt. Peter Kimball (215) of Boscawen, N. H., mentioned in another column as one of the six New Hampshire Kimballs who fought at Bennington, Mrs. K. writesthat her aunt Eunice Kimball Griffin (p. 286), at the time of her death had in her posession a hatchet used by Captain Peter Kimball during the Bennington campaigm. Abreham Kimball, one of his comrades was an ancestor to the News editor, (250, p. 160).

Page 713-George-Prescort (K), was boru F.b. 23, 1830, in Waltham. Mass. When five years old his father died, and he went afterwards to live with his uncle George (1496). Springfield, Vt., where he learned the blacksmith trade. Married. July 6, 1850, Martha Atwood Lynch. of Milford, N. H. In 1852 went to California, and soon settled down at black-mithing and carriage making and was burned out a few years later. He then organized the Kimball Car and Carriage Co., the large est of the kind on the coast. One of their beautiful palace sleeping cars, all of California wood, was ou exhibition in Chicago and was destroyed in the big fire in 1871. They also managed the West Coast Furniture Co., which furnished the Palace Hotel. He died Aug. 20. 1554, leaving a widow and two sons. George-Wallace and Fred-Herbert.

CEORGE WALLACE. (K) b. San Francisco, June 19, 1330, m. March 27, 1530, Hattie Belle Foster of Portland, Ore. Is in the Insurance business. Three-civildren. Mand-Foster. b. Sept. 3, 1884; Edwin-Presentt, b. Aug. 23, 1896; and George-Clarence, b. June 13, 1880. All born in San Francisco.

FRED-HERBERT (K) b., San Francisco, Sept. 9, 1863. Resides in Montana

Page 681—JOHN KRIBALL (1342), of Goffstown, N. H., married at Danvers, Mass., April 5, 1831. Salife Collins Putnam, a member of the celebrated Israel Putnam family. The number 2116 given to Joseph-Augustus belongs to John-Melville. His oaughter, Cordelia-Arannda, died Jan. 19, 1898. As noticed elsewhere.

JUNE 1. 1850, by being thrown under a wagon load of lumber drawn by a yoke of oxen. Something



Captive Johnson Kimball.

On page 255 of the Family History is tive Johnson, named Captive because she was born while the mother was in

Charlestown, N. H. was a new settlement, on the Connecticut river, in 1754, nearly two years a prisoner, and Capt. It had been granted to a number of Johnson three years when they repersons nineteen years before and was turned, the family having safely passed known as Number Four. A fort was through a slege of small-pox white erected in 1743, and as it was on the prisoners. It was this captive-born river trail running from Montreal to daughter of Capt, Johnson that Col. the Massachusetts settlement, it was George Kimball married about 1778-1. It was the scene of many thrilling ad- esting to know more about the first ventures, and in 1746 the whole settle- wife. Thurza Willard. Was she a relament was described. The next spring , tive of Captive? a company of thirty men took possession of the fort under command of Moses Willard, killed by Indians in Capt. Phineas Stevens, where they 1756, within sight of the fort, while at were attacked by four hundred French work, with his son Moses. This son, and Indians without success. In 174) after being wounded with a spear. the Cape Breton war ended and then made his escape to the fort dragging came five years of comparative rest. Charlestown was incorporated in 1753, and the celebrated French and Indian war began the next year. In this war as an obstacle of their hurried retreat. Charleston was exposed to the maraud- the child's brands were beaten out ing parties going and coming. It was against a tree. These were the last thirty miles from other settlements. Indian depredations in New England, lived, and here be was attacked in the early morning Aug. 29, 1754. In these raids the policy was, not to kill, but to take prisoners to hold for ransom. Capt. Johnson, wife and three children river through the wilderness for Canada.

On the second day, not far from where Dartmouth College is now located, a little girl was born to Mrs. Johnson. Under some circumstances the child would have been instantly killed. were worth money and so great care was taken of mother and child. A halt

for a day was made, and then the by the Indians. They had but one horse and nourishment for the child failed, so the horse was killed and pieces of the flesh given her to suck. and its life thus preserved until Montreal was reached. Mrs. Johnson was particularly officiative to the Indians, for his second wife. It would be inter-

The father of Mrs. Johnson was Lieu. the spear. In 1760 Joseph-Willard, his wife, and children, among them an infaut, were taken prisoners. This time

We would like the name and present address of every Kimball and of every one of the Kimball descent, now living who would in any way be likely to be interested in the News. One cousin writes that such a list ought to be pub-

If you have the Family History. please give your number or the number under which your name may be found, or else the page. Do the same whonever reference is made to any one if the same is in the book.

Howard Kimbail, of Indianapolis would like to see in the News illustra-



(Continued from page 62.)

was wrong and he went between the cattle, when they started. The load passed over his body and he died from internal injuries June 4at his home at Manhattan.

MARY-CARRIE, (K. formerly an art instructor in the State Agriculturat College, at Manhattan, of which she is an alumna, now lives in Garden Grove, California, and is unmarried.

Page 940-JOHN-MELVILLE (K), married Mary Ellen Barney (not Burney), daughter of Milton (not William) and Nancy Barney. his brother, Joseph Augustus, he left New Hampshire Mar. 16, 1856, and reached Manhattan April 4. and took a claim four miles northwest of that place. With his broththe Eleventh Kansas Cavalry.

the Scandia Journal.

CHARLES-AUGUSTUS (K) is a lawyer in successful practice in Junetion City.

EDMAR-WILLIS (K) and his sister Mary were born in January 1852 and 1887 respectively, instead of June. Page 940-RICHARD-LIENRY (K) followed

his brothers to Kansas in the winter of '56-7, and the several other members of the family followed in the spring, all settling about Manhattan. He served in the war of the rebellion, and married Elizabeth Foster Green (not Greene and his eldest son is Fred-Greer (not) Greenet.

SARAH-BERTHA (K) was an act instructor in the State Agricultural College until her marriage with Albert Dickens on New Years day.

as announced elsewhere. They live at Ellinwood, Kansas, where he has charge of the High School.

STELLA-VICTORIA (K) is a teacher in the High School of Manhattan.

Page 941-CHARLES-WESLEY (K) was married in 1885, (not 1835). served with his brothers in the war of the rebellion.

Page 941-ELLA-MARIA (K) died Jan. 10. as eisewhere stated, was married Jan. 1, 1874, 'not June). Her husband, T. H. Powers, lives in Los-Angeles with his two youngest children. His eldest daughter. Augusta Putnam Powers married George Nimmo. They live on a runch near Garden Grove, California and have two children, both girls.

This family seems to inherit artistic ers Richard-Henry, Charles-Wes- ability. William Hazen (1347) was arley and. Horace Eells, who after- tistic and literary, and his son Williswards married their sister. Cordelia (Gaylord (2121) and his two sons Harryrecently deceased, he enlisted in Gove and Richard-Hazen (p. 941) inherited the same talent, and so did his Albert-Barney (K). (not Burney) | brother Howard-Algernon (2122). Richis married, lives at Scandia where and Henry (2117) nephew and cousin of he is postmaster, and publisher of the above, brother of Carrie and father of Sarah-Bertha, both at one time art instructors in the Manhattan College, has much undeveloped talent in the same direction.

> We would like to have furnished us the names of all those who are given in the History as living, but who have since died, with the place and date of death. For example, Sarah Elizabeth. wife of Col. W.P. Chandler, of Danville. Ill., is now deceased, p. 593.

Clara B. wife of Edwin A. Kimball. (2003) now deceased.

Rev. John Kimball. (1862) of San Francisco, d. July 2, 1897.

Moses Brown Kimball (1877) d. at Newburyport, Mass., July 29, 1867.

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That Coat of Arms.

There are some who are very urgent that the above coat of arms be placed at the head of the News.

It is hereby proposed to submit it to the News readers after argument is heard. If any one can show that the family has such coat of arms the proof is solicited. The NEWS does not wish to deprive the family of any honor that belongs to it, nor does it wish to give countenance to fraud, nor to help bolster up the family by any sham pretensions where nothing of the kind is needed.

The News has no evidence that the family has any coat of arms. There is much evidence against it.

Genuine coats of arms are generally recorded in works on heraldry. In England they are recorded on the rolls and are subject to an annual tax. The wrongful assumption in the United Kingdom of a coat of arms subjects one to a penalty. Now Prof. Sharples declares he can find no such record. But the law courts of England show that people were found to assume such distinction and were subject to penalties thereby. Such persons were moreover subject to annual tax, the same as those really entirled to them.

But some will insist that we have the authority of the Heraid's College. Herald's College should show clearly honorable paternity.

who is and who is not entitled to a coat of arms. But it does not do so. It records pedigrees, and can grant cout of arms without any hereditary claim on certain conditions. The members of the college have small salaries. but their chief income is derived from fees. The wrongful use of coats of arms in England doubtless comes from this fee system. Although subject to annual tax and to fines there are some who aspire to this semolance of dignity because they can buy it by paying fees.

The false claim of arms is more common in this country than in England. The "fees" are about all that is necessary and there are no fines and no taxes. Thousands of persons in this country. where we pretend there is no difference in rank except the rank of genuine merit, lay claim to coats of arms which only have been bought and paid for, or merely assumed without any cost. This abuse has grown to be so great that not long ago the New York Tribune arraigned the practice in the severest terms.

ome years ago W. S. Appleton compiled a list actually descended from these entitled to coats of arms, and it only embraced twenty-nine New England families, but there were probably some more.

It may be added that the Herald's College was established in 1483, by Richard III. Genuine grants of coats of arms issued before that date were recorded on the English rolls. At that time the English wars with the Moors were over, so that the claim that such arms were granted for gallantry against the Moors is very slight. The rolls would show it Again, the very presence of the lion is evidence of fraud. The lion was an emblem, especially in early days, reserved for royalty, or granted only to royal favorites. In those days a Moor's head was one of the popular devices used, and a coat of arms earned as this is claimed to have been, would have shown in all probability a Moor's head in place of a lion. The lion is too big a thing, and Prof. Sharples says the motto. "brave not cruel" attacnes to the lion and not to the fami-

The Kimball family has just the same and refer to what is said on page six- right to its coat of arms as thousands teen of the History beneath the state- of others in this country had been but we favor retiring it to an obsence ment made by Mr. Sharples. Now the corner until there is more proof of its



Very much depends now upon family with the change to the octavo form errors or omissions. all will be "clear sailing." Some others | What is particularly needed is the who did not think much of the enter- history from the last dates mentioned prise at first, now think it a good in the Kimpall History, and such hiscan make it. After this what remains those already included. to be done must be done by others.

Before reprinting the first two numbers of the News it will be well to know what will be the entire demand for the year's volume. No more need be printed than will supply the actual demand. But few extra will be required, and none to send out as samples. As we shall bear this expense alone it will be a great favor to us, and will cost others nothing if subscriptions, if sent at all, are sent early. Of be in hand by the twelfth. Emergencourse all who have the first numbers cy items may come a few days later will be furnished the revised form free of cost.

Gilbert H Kimball, (2000) and Sarah Ordway, parents of the Editor of the News, were married in Salisbury, N.H., in the same house in which Daniel Webster was married.

While fifty cents is to be the regular has come to hand. subscription price, let it be remembered no one of the family is so poor as to be ean be afforded.

Note:-We have received a number friends as to the completeness and suc- of com nunications in regard to uncescess of the News. As first started it felt | tors of Kimballs other than Kimballs. dependence upon nobody. But little While we would be happy to print was promised, and that little could be such matter we do not feel that we given with or without assistance for could afford to do so at present. In the year. No great appeals were there- order that this may be fully underfore made for support. The paper was stood by our numerous friends, we will sent out as a kind of feeler. No fran- announce the following rule: In tractic appeals are now made. There is a ling back any pedigree we shall stop very considerable call for the paper, at the first reference we can make to and for a better paper. Prof. Sharples any printed genealogy in which such volunteers to take charge of an import- ancestry is given. This rule does not ant editorial department. Mr. Morri- bar out any examination of such ancesson offers all the aid possible and thinks try which is undertaken to point out

thing. At this end of the line, a year's, tory as will enable us to connect Kimpublication is guaranteed, the best we balls not mentioned in the book with

We will be glad to receive the full address, for standing publication, of all engaged in compiling histories. We receive inquirtes from persons asking for such information and sometimes letters with a request that they be forwarded.

All matters intended for publication should be sent before the first of the month, so far as possible, and all should

The News will lay a wonderful foundation for the family historian who adds another volume to the Kimball history forty years from now.

Many hundreds of specimen espies have been sent out and it is a little remarkable that but one notice 'refused'

A good many members of the family deprived of the paper at such price as are publishing or editing newspapers. Will they please x x.



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64°K

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The Check is not supply for after generalization data, but it restore, record and preserve the tamply history, blography and traditions, and to calityate a spirit of emolition among families that which data to a higher participism and a better

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in itters to Prof. S. P. Sharples, 13 Broad Street medion of him return postage should be included. Entered for Transmission as Second Class Matter

The History Supplement.

As will be seen from the announcement on page 73, the publishers of the Family History who have been contemplating the publication of a supplement theret a have concluded to turn the material they have accumulated for that purpose over to the Kimball

issue. This is something that the publisher of the News had not contemplated and involves a still further change or modification in the editorial management of the paper. At least, it adds, for the present, to its genealogical character, giving the preponderance to this special matter.

become a permanent publication after the end of the current year, this action on part of Messrs. Morrison and Sharples will probably be found to be wise. This supplemental matter will be continuous-is springing up abow every month. As Prof. Sharples writes: "It is like a woman's work, it is never done. We hope this announcement may be

REV. REUEL HARTLEY KIMBALL

Rev. Reuel Hartley Kimball died at his home in Mercer, Maine, Sunday evening, Feb. 20, 1898. He was born July 5, 1818, the son of Hartley and Eliza (Curtis) Kimball. His grandfather Nicholas Kimball, settled in Mercer in 1788, and the farm has been in the fam-

Reuel-Hartley received a good common school education, and then learned the trade of cabinet maker. In November 1542 he married Mary Jane, daughter of Deacon Jeremiah and Polly (Wood) Smith. In 1860, at the age of forty-two he resolved to enter the ministry, and entered the Methodist Theological School at Concord, N. H., and graduated in 1863, when he entered the Maine conference, where he labored for thirty-five years. In 1892 Mrs. Kimball was stricken with paralysis and he was superannuated, but still continued preaching. In November of that year their golden wedding was celebrated. It was attended by Elder E. B. Randall, who married them fifty years before, and by Mrs. Kimball's sister-in-law, who was also present at that time. In November last the fiftyfifth anniversary was celebrated, and tip-n arrangments were made to meet The first instalment appears in this again on July 5th of the present year in memory of his eightieth birthday if they were living. But this remnon was not to be. Mrs. Kimball died on February 8, and he followed ten days later, on the 20.

Note:-Richard Kemball signed his name to his will. I have seen the origoffice in Salem. Mass. It is not re-If it shall appear that the NEWS is to corded in the Probate office, but in the Inswich deeds which are now on file at Saiem. It will be noticed in the history of King Philip's War, that the name of Kimbail does not occur but always it is Kemball. I do not think that the Keint alls ever used the specking Kemble before 1840. By paying eareful attention to the spelling on the records.





ANNA AYER KIMBALL

Wife of Deacon John Kimball. (231) page 150, whose portrait is in the center of the group of five. Several very interesting letters written by John Kimball to Anna Ayer in 1764 and '65, previous to their marriage, a 49 possession of some of their descendants.

See also Kimball Family News and Family History Supplement. Vol. 1, page 74.



The Kimball Family News

Topeka, Kansas, April, 1898.

65

Vol. 1, No. 4.

Terms 50 cents a year.



ABIGAIL KIMBALL GARVIN.

One Hundred and Two Years Old Dec. 3, 1897.

Abigail, m. James Garvin.

This statement is all that is given in the Family History, page 230, of the second child of Nathaniel Kimball (273) and Mary Horne.

Abigail Kimball was born Dec. 2, 1795 in North Berwick, Maine, and is now living with her daughter, Mrs. Andrew S. Wright, at Westford, Mass. She murried July 9, 1595, James Garvin; b. Shapteigh, Me., June 40, 1793; d. Mar. 14, 1555; when they moved to East Beston where he followed the trade of a blacksmith. A reporter on the Boston Globe furnished that paper, Jan. 20, 1593, an article from which we excerpt the following:

The instances are rare indeed where we are permitted to review a century of history with one who has been an actor through the full 100 years.

We are frequently reminded of people

who have reached the century mile stone, but such pigrimsare seldom alte to contribute much to the entertainment of guests. But with Mrs. Aburall Garvin of Westford, now in her 103rdyear, it is a delight to be in her presence and gather information from her well stocked mental storehouse.

It was the good fortune of a Globe correspondent, a few days ago to meet this centenarian at her home in Westford, where she enjoys the thoughtful attention of her daughter and the latter's husband, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew S.

Wright.

Mrs. Garvin entered the sitting room with an erect carriage and queenly bearing as was the enstom of the old school lady at half her age. Taking her familiar sait by the hearth and exercising the tongs to the benefit of the smouldering logs, she manifested her pleasure at being called upon, and signified her readities to communicate any facts familiar to her of history of the days of her youth.

When a young child she, with the family moved to Shapleigh, Me., where they were subjected to the hardships of pioneers. Her ancestors had active parts in the French wars for the colonial possessions in North America.

This good woman was born during the second term of Washington's administration as president, and she was in her fifth year when the father of his country was laid to rest at Mt. Vernon. Appropriately, umong the furnishings of her sitting room is a large engraving of Washington, of whom this lady talk, as having actual memory of the events attending the closing erremonies of attending the closing erremonies of the most vivid of the events of her early the most vivid of the events of her early the most vivid of the events of her early the most vivid of the events of her early the most vivid of the events of her early the most vivid of the events of her early which now serve her to good purpose.

She has lived through all the administrations of our constitutional government, but having spent many years in comparative retire nent, her memory is the most active upon events of domestic life in which she participated.

Spinning and weaving the great home industries of her youth, are vividly described by her today, as with her nimble lineers she makes attempts to dem-



onstrate just how the work was done. we were all given a share of the work a volume of poems, took out her glasses when very young. We were careful and, wiping them, said her eyesight that the crop of tlay was put in early, and its growth was watched with much interest, for upon that and the fleece of our sheep depended our garments for

the year, and pin money as well. "We made various fabrics, from the coarsest woolens for men's wear at

ding garments.

In reply to a question as to the privations of her youth. Mrs. Garvin said:

"To be sure we were kept serv busy: but we had our good times, just as much as the young folks do today. They were different, but pleasant and sensible. We enjoyed a quilting to aid a friend who was preparing to set up housekeeping, and an apple bee was a delight. In this both sexes had a part."

She is still active, as she has been for a century. In good weather she walks to the neighboring homes and passes an hour in familiar chat, as was the custom of her youth, without any formalty. Mrs. Wright is so careful that she would like to have her mother keep in her room, but the habits of years ago are so strong that she insists upon being "with the folks"

Mrs. Garvin is small in figure and thin of flesh, and not what would be called a robust woman. Her torehead shows plainly that the mental has pre-

dominated over the physical. She is seldom found in her rocking chair by the hearth unless she has a book in hand, which she thoughtfully reads and comments upon understand-

Mrs. Garvin hardly realizes her great age, and it is difficult to assign the cause of this remarkable longevity. Her father and mother lived to be 84 and \$2, respectively, a sister became a nonogenarian, and others of the ten attained a good age, but no one completed a full century.

☐ Mrs. Garvin recalls the beginning and completion of the Bunker Hill monument with much clearness, and scores of events within the memory of this lady are to the majority as ancient history.

While sitting by the old hearthstone with this venerable lady, her guest asked if she did not find time dragging on her hands. To this she said with a

smile of disgust:

"Why, no: I always have a plenty "Our family stint was 300 yards of to do, and I must get my book..." Up-cloth in a year," said Mrs. Garvin, "and on which she rose from her chair, got was not as good as it was once.

"Did you ever hear of the Boston tea

"Old King George, do you mean? I I guess I did, and he got enough of it

The events of the revolution are to rough work to the finest linen for wed- her the fresh stories of her youth, received as they were from the lips of those who took part in those stirring events.

At twilight, while the blaze on the hearth furnished the light of the room, Mrs Carvin is often heard humming an old tune, and singing the rhymes of her youth.

Four of her brothers were successful lawyers and one a physician. Only one remained on the old homestead in Maine, to become a well-to-do farmer and honored officer of the old church of Shapleigh.

These are noticed in the Family History pp. 422-425, and their respective numbers are 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, The second of these (805) was Increase-Sumner. the tather of Sumner I. Kimball (1587) now, and for many years superintendent of the Life Saving Service. Treasury Department. Washington. D C.

Mrs. Garvin names the following as her favorite authors: Frances Ridley Havergal, Thomas a Kempis, Rev. Andrew Murray, Dwight Moood, and Prof. Drummond. Certainly a rather remarkable selection. She is a strict Congregationalist. Her father was a deacon and she joined while yet a young girl. In view of her centennial celebration. Dec. 3, 1595, eards were sent out to 150 near relatives and four generations were represented, and among those present, were six grand-children, and , nine great grand-children.

Mrs. Wright says: "Mother rode out one of those pleasant days we had in the first of January last, called at the minister's and on a friend who is an invalid, spent half an hour with her and



after arriving home remarked she would like her dinner as she felt hurgry. She ate a good dinner and told the family all about her calls "

CHILDREN.

1 EZRA KIMBALL GARVIN Was b. Shapleigh, Me., June 22, 1827; m Feb. 14, 1853, Halvina Adalaide Converse, b. Castine, Me., April 21, 1834, d April 24, 1866, daughter of Adolphus B, and Permelia (Day) Converse. He is a mason by trade, but has been an inspector of public works, and connected with the city engineer's office of Boston for twenty years, and superintended the contruction of Harvard bridge to Cambridge, and most of the bridges on the park system. He was eight years on the improved sewerage system, including the tunnel under Dorchester bay, and in short, he has been identified with most of the engineering work that has so improved and enlarged suburban Eoston during the last quarter of a century.

CHILDREN.

i Frank-Oscar, b. Malden, Mass., Feb. 9, 1854; m. Augusta Mendall, dau. of — Mendall, an electrician connected with the Boston fire alarm. He is in the wholesale millinery trade in Boston, with retail stores in Framingham, Mass., and New London, Conn.

ii CHARLES-HNEY, b. Rochester, N. H., Sept. 2, 1836; m. Nelly Clark, of Holliston. An employee of the Boston & Albany R. R., at Holliston. They have two children; Paul, about 18, in a Boston hardware store, and Margaret, about five years.

iii HENRIETT-USADORE, b. Billerica, Mass., Sept. 25, 18/2; m. Thornton Lewis, formerly with supply department of U. P. Ry, at Omaha, now connected with a shoe factory at East Weymouth, Mass. He lives in Quincy, on a part of the old Josiah Quincy Farm. One son about twelve years old.

2 MARY-ELLEN, b. Shapleigh, Me.,

June 18, 1830; d. Portland, Me., Sept.

3 MARY-ABRY, b. Portland, Me., Sept. 1832; m. Apr. 4, 1891, Andrew S. Wright, of Westford, Mass. He is a farmer, making a specialty of small fruits and ponitry. They have no children, and it is with them that the venerable mother of Mrs. Wright makes her home.

4 ELIZABETH-ELIZEN, b. Fortland, Me., Feb. 22, 1836; im. Eversett, Mass., June 6, 1859. John Wesley Newcomb. b. Boston. Mass., June 29, 1837; son of, Noront Newcomb. He is a boot and shoe dealer in South Boston. He reresides in Waitham. Mass.

CHILDREN.

i James Herbert Newcomb, b. Billerica, Mass., June 6, 1859; d. St. Louis, Mo., May 21, 1879.

ii AMELIA ELIZABETH NEWCOMB, b. Billerica, Mass., Feb. 13, 1862. Resides Waltham, Mass.

iii Thomas Christy Newcomb, b. Billerica, Mass., Dec. 3, 1803 m. Boston, Mass., Sept. 1888., Clara Sunner. Resides in Boston. Children: 1 Mildred Edith, b. S. Boston: Apr. 8, 1889; 2 Elizabeth, b. Aug. 20, 1890; 3 Sunner Wesley. b. Aug. 20, 1891; 4 Edith Houghton, b. Aug. 20, 1892; 3 Thomas Christy, b. Sept. 9, 1896; 6 Raymond, b. July 12, 1897.

iv Lydia Adelaide Newcomb, b. Meford, Mass., June 29, 1969; m. Boston, Mass., Nov. 2, 1892, Charles B. Ladd. Is in the net and twine business. Everett, Mass. Child: Charles Newcomb Ladd, b. Oct. 27, 1895.

v Abby Josephine Newcomb, b. Medford, Aug. 30, 1869; d. Boston, Oct. 26, 1875.

vi John Andrews Newcomb, b. South Boston, Mass., Dec. 16, 1878. d. July 19, 1879.

Edwin Holmes Kimball of Jackson, Mich., (Fam. Hist. p 1135) is probably the youngest editor in the country. See Letter Box. St. Nicholas Magazine. or March, 1898.



The Kemballs (Kimballs) and Kembles in King Philip's War.

(BY ELLWOOD DAVIS KIMBALL)

Of men bearing one or another of these names. Kimball or Kemble, there were not less than eight different individuals in this most sanguinary and decisive of the Indian wars of the first century of New Eagland.

The services of some of these are mentioned in the recently published history of the Kimball Family which relates the deaths of two. Calebi-Henrys -Richardt i) in the ambasade at Bloo ty Brook (see p. 35) and Thomas² (No. 4) who was massacred at his home in Bradford (see p. 42).

But in the Family History no mention is made of the Indian fighting by some who were in the war with Philip and furthermore there is occasion for discussion as to the identity of some of these men which would naturally lead the authors of so wast a work to omit mention of unsettled points, while such a discussion is not only highly interesting to all those who care about the doings of two centuries ago, and of the most absorbing interest to such as seek membership in the Society of Colonial Wars and similar organizations, but quite in place in the Naws.

JOHN.

The first company sent into the field by Massachusetts Bay Colony was under command of Capt. Daniel Henchman and in it was John Kemble.

In the Massachusetts Bay Colony at that time there was a son and two grandsons of Richard Kimballs called John, between the ages of eighteen and forty-fice, while military age then embrade ages from 16 to 60. There were also in the colony John, son of Henry of Watertown (p. 18) aged 37, and John, son of Thomas Kemble of doston, (p. 1147) aged 19

It would have been possible for anyone of the five to have been the soldier under Heneaman, but it is whol-

ly probable that the last named was the person. Indeed, while John of Watertown might reasonably enough have been looked for in Henchman's Company, the probability that the person was in fact John Kemble of Boston, amounts in our mind, to a moral certainty and the reasons some of them weighty and some trivial, but all leading to the same conclusions are here presented:

(1) Henchman's commission was 1ssued June 35, 1675, and on the following day his command marched from Boston. the levy to fill his company having been made upon "the militia of Boston and towns immediately contiguous to Boston or to the line of march," which was southward, and as his company was so quickly made up there was not time nor was there authority for men to be recruited from upper Essex County where the progeny of Richard Kimball were settled, neither is it likely that any of them were then temporarily living in Boston, nor would they, being farmers, be apt to be sojourning in Boston at a time of year when their growing erops would most require attention. And Henchman was a Captain of a Boston militia company anyway, and his company of Indian fighters was probably made up mainly of the Boston boys of his regular militia company,

(2) Spelling of the soldiers' names or of any names in those days, signified but little, yet it is quite likely that the names on Henchman's company roll were transcribed from militia rolls and the latter should have been made up with some care from town rolls.

The name of Henchman's soldier in the first and second periods of service is Kemble, the distinctive spelling of the Boston family.

(3) The age of John Kemble of Boston best fitted him for the employment, he being 19 and the youngest.

(4) From what little is known it would appear that the Kemble family



were of a more adventurous disposi- the same whose former services have tion.

(5) John Kemble of Boston appears by the Kimball Family History to have married before that year.

Boston in the afternoon of June 24, credit of Samuel Kemble was \$4, 19s .. this campaign was £2, 7s.

credit to John Kemble for services be- ambushed, and repulsed the enemy. enemy was engaged at Hassanameset. Henchman's company above. This (Grafton, Mass.) with some casualities. Samuel was probably 16 or 17 years of to the whites.

Capt. John Cutler.

ed. or precisely who was the individual. been liable to enrollment in the militia. ed is less clean yet Capt. Cutler was of waire all claim that our said ancester Charlestown and a part at least of his was Mosely's soldier, in deference to service was under Henchman and the the weight of evidence that the boy probabilities in this case are the same, from Boston was probably the person. though less overwhelming, that the Many of the arguments adduced

been recounted above.

SAMPET.

The next company to march from been a single mun up to the time of Boston after Cart. Henchman's was his death although this is at variance that of Capt Samuel Mosely, who set with Wyman's Genealogies and Estates out the next day. June 27, and overof Charlestown. Messrs. Sharples and took Capt. Henchman's command at Morrison are probably correct. At all | Woodcock's Garrison (Attleboro) on the events the boy was probably single in 28th. This company was composed most-1675 at nineteen years of age, but the 13 of Boston men and boys, and of float-Essex County John Kimbails were all ing material, seamen and adventurers picked up there. Some of Mosley's men [6 No claim of land later. Will 1695] were paid off in the late summer and early fall, but many were not paid un-Henchman's company marched from til Dec. 10, 1675, at which time the 1675, as has already been said. They from which it would appear that his probably returned to Boston. August term of service was considerably ex-17 to 20 or 21, the same year, having tended, and indeed he must have been seen much hard marching, served in with Capt. Mosely's command nearly building a fort, and once at least. July if not all the time from the last of 18 at Pocasset swamp, having come in- June into early December, 1675, during to active collision with the Indian ene- which time that company saw much acmy in an engagement in which five of tivity, hardship and danger, engaging the Colonial troops were killed. The the forces of the savages on various occredit to John Kemble for services on acsions, the most noteworthy being at Bloody Brook where Mosely reinforced Again Nov. 30, of the same year the the remnant of those who had been

ginning early in the same month, is; The Samuel Kemble who was of 17s. 2d. In this orief period of service. Mosely's company was probably brothwhich was also under Henchman, the er of John of Boston, mentioned as of age in 1675, (see Fam. Hist. p. 1147) but On Sept. 23, 1676, John Kemball has 16 and over was then military age and a credit of 2s. 6d. for services under the authorities declare that besides seafaring men and adventurers Mosely's Respecting this it is more difficult to company was largely made up of boys. to say of just what the service consist- including some not old enough to have

The spelling of the name in the record The only other Samuel Kimball is like the spelling followed by the im- then known to be in the colony was migrants Henry and Richard and just Samuel Kimball of Wenham (No. 13) when and where the men were recruit- ancestor of the present writer but we

man called Kemball was he of Boston. above respecting the identity of John



are applicable to the present case and need not be here repeated. CALEB.

In the Kimball Family History the authors assure us that Caleb Kimball. the fourth child and third son of Henry (No. 2) was killed at Bloody Brook, (see page 36) in which they are unquestionably correct, and they there take issue with Savage on the assertion by the latter that the Caleb slain in that ambush was "son of Richard." (viz. No. 7) in which they are right again; yet "Caleb son of Richard" (No. 7) was surely under arms in Philip's war, so that we may in a measure condone Savage's inaccuracy, with which Felt's Ipswich agrees, unless indeed one of these authors follows the other.

Capt. Thomas Lathrop was of Beverly and his company was recruited from the towns of that immediate vicinity. being made up as Stone, the historian of Beverly, says; "of young men selected from the best families of the several towns in the county"; and called, "the flower of Essex." Of this company Caleb Kimball, son of Henry as above said, was a member. In August 1675 this company proceeded to reinforce the Colonial troops which had headquarters at Hadley, Mass, where it Lathrop's command was sent to convoy a quantity of grain which was to be hauled from Deerfield to Hadley.

About five miles from the former place, where the road crossed a brook which has ever since been known as Bloody Brook, the savages in vastly superior numbers, stated by Stone quoting : Provincial Military Records to be more according to the best authorities, 71 of them, Caleb Kimball among the rest.

The arguments adduced by Sharples and Morrison on page 34 are conclusive dinners are deservedly popular. as to the identity of this Caleb, the only age in the Colony at that time being our on the walls of her house.

No. "7" in the Family History who, it is shown, could not possibly have died in 1675. Lathrop's soldier received credit on the Colony's books Dec. 20, 1675, £1, 16s. which was evidently in full for his

But June 24, 1676 Caleb Kimball is credited for service under Capt. Nicholas Manning of Ipswich, £1, 10s. and the first time Capt. Manning commanded a company was after Dec. 19, 1675. some month's after the Bloody Brook affair. The only Caleb Kimball who could possibly have been of Manning's company then, was the son of Richard. (see No. 7. pg. 46 of the Fam. Hist.) who was only some 37 years of age at that time, and only about eight years the senior of his nephew of the same name who had been killed. This elder Caleb was of the same town as Capt, Manning and there is no room for doubt that it was he who was in the latter's ranks.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

-0.0 A KIMBALL HOUSEKEEPER.

The Chicago Sunday Times Herald Mar. 6. contains twelve portraits of Chicago housekeeping women of fashion among them Mrs. W. W. Kimball, wife of the largest manufacturer of pianos. in the world.

It says: At the corner of Prairie arrived Sept. 1 or 2, and on Sept. 18 avenue and eighteenth street stands the W. W. Kimball house, fashioned after a chateau of the French renaissance. It is chaste without and beautiful within. A spacious and luxurious hall leads to a library of splendid proportions which is bounded with low book shelves. These are surmounted by framed photographs of many friends. There is a drawing room after the French mode and a spacious dining-room whose color and decorations harmonize with a fine collection than 500 men, ambushed Lathrop's of blue and white porc lains. There force of less than 100 men and killed, is a great staircase hung in rich tapestries and over-topped by a superb organ. In appointment and management this house is a model. There is no more lavish entertainer in town, and her

Mrs. Kimball encourages artistic ambitions by buying the work of young other Caleb Kimball above 13 years of artists, and their best work can be seen



Notes on Writing Genealogical Records

In writing genealogical records for publication there is, as in everything else, a right and a wrong way. I am sorry that more than half the records received are written in the wrong way. In writing out a record care should be taken to use as few words as possible and to so arrange the record that there will be no confusion.

If the Kimball Family History is examined it will be found that one rule has been followed throughout the work. That is, the place of a mau's name is first mentioned, then the date of birth, and this is followed by the date of death. Then comes the date of marriage, his wife's name, her date of birth and death, followed by the names of her parents. Her name should always be given in full, and the maiden name of her mother should be placed in brackets. Then follow with any items in relation to biography. After this put the names of the children. have prepared blanks that call for all the above items in proper order. I will be glad to send one or more copies of use them at the rate of one cent each with two cents additional to pay the postage. That is, a single one will cost three cents, two four cents, and so on,

Parties wishing to ascertain facts in regard to their New Englandancestors may often do so by writing to the town clerks of the towns in which they are supposed to have lived. But in so writing they should be careful to enclose stamps for return postage, and a small fee. In the most cases a dollar bill will bring the required answer. There are, however, exceptions to this. In the case where a family has lived for a long time in one locality, it is best to send some one directly to the town records. The person who wrote some time ago to the city clerk of Boston requesting that he should send the names of all the Smiths on the records,

for some reason has found this modest request not yet answered. It is almost impossible to obtain reliable information from Probate Offices and Registries of deeds without personal inspection. A person who knows just what he is in search of can run over his material in a few hours, copying only what is necessary for his purpose. If he sends another person he generally has to-pay for a lot of material that is of no use to him. In the state of Massachussetts there have been laws requiring the registration of all births, deaths and marriages since the first settlement of the colony. For the first hundred years this law was well observed, and if you can trace a family back to 1730, there is but little trouble in tracing them back to the first emigrant. From 1730 to 1840 they were very careless about these records.

Since 1840 Massachussetts has had a well enforced registration law. The name of every person who has died, been born or married in the state since that date is on record. These records are all in duplicate.

The registration is made by the town these blanks to any person wishing to clerk who sends at the beginning of each year a copy of his record for the past year to the office of the Secretary of State at Boston. Here the records are bound into large folio books; the returns fill nine of these books each year. Each book contains four hundred and fifty pages. As soon as the returns are bound they are carefully indexed by means of a card index. A charge of 25 cents is made for a certificate of any birth, marriage or death found to these records. But they are open to consultation by any one who wishes to spend his time on them. They give the names of parent's place of birth and all necessary dates in regard to each individual. S. P. SHARPLES.

> The California cousins are already planning for their next Kimball reun-



IN MEMORIAM.

James Mayberry Kimball, son of James French Kimball (2265) of Medway, Maine, died January 12 at the home of his father. He was born in Bangor, Dec. 19, 1871, and was educated in the city schools and the University of Maine, from which college he was graduated in 1894, holding the highest rank in scholarship. He was captain of company B. Coburn Cadets, the military organization connected with the college.

Upon graduation Mr. Kimball began the practice of his profession of civil engineer, and was employed on the Bangor & Aroostook railroad, and afterward with the Massachusetts highway commission, in which service he remained until his last illness, when he was resident engineer in charge of the work in Sterling; Mass.

Died Feb. 18, 1898, in Lakewood, N. J., where she had been for her health, Mrs. Lizzie Powers Kimball, wife of Ex Senator David Frank Kimball of Chelsea. Mass. She was born in Boston in 1846, married Sept. 39, 1885. She was very prominent in Chelsea Society. (Fam. Hist. p. 442, v David).

Chas. Berry died in Sweden, Me., Feb. 7, 1898, after an illnesss of one week; aged 67 ; ears, leaving a widow, Esther (Abbott) Berry, daughter of Betsey (Kimball) Abbott, (1022-iv. p. 507) and two sons .Ira of Saco. Me., and Samuel R. of Lebanon, N. H. Mrs. Berry has recently recovered from a fever.

On September 11, 1897, at Ft. McPherson, Ga., of appendicitis. Lieut. Frederick Clark Kimball, (p. 1118) born Oct. 20, 1863. He was a graduate of West Point, and is mentioned in the reports as a "brilliant young officer." He was the third child, and second son of Alden Bradford Kimball, of Alfred, Me. Married Bertha A. Goding, June 26, 1886

THE SACRED NAME.

How shall I sing the Name so dear That it is music but to hear! How chant His praise to whom belong The praises of the angel throng!

From all Eternity He knows The melody that Heaven o'erflows; Discordant to His ears Divine Must be, O Earth, all songs of thine!

Yet blessed be this Precious Name. He bore for us through toil and shame; He asks not what we cannot bring, Such praises as Hisangels sing.

But day by day He seeks to win Our wandering hearts from ways of sin, And time our lives to sweet accord . By sweet obedience to his word.

If tears are mingled with our song .-And tears to earth must still belong, The Christ who came those tears to share The faltering of the song will bear,

And when the broken heart o'erflows With the sad utterance of its woes, His Name low-moded with the strain Makes melody amid the pain,

JESUS :-- why should we seek or long To magnify the Name in song No music Heaven itself can claim Beyond the masse of that Name! HARBIET MCEWEN KIMBALL

In a private letter Mr. Ezra K. Garvin, eldest son of Abigail Kimball Garvin writes:

"Today Mr. E. W. Howe, the engineer of construction of the park system of Boston, saw a copy of the Kimball Family News lying on the table in my odice. He looked it over and then informed me that he was a descendant of the original Richard Kimball and had traced his genealogy back to him. in the Kimball book. He is also connected with the Leland family."

The Kimball Family News has printed cards that read as follows:

1898 William Kimball, (1014-ii) Bachelor. At Home.

Thur-day. April the seventh, Eighteen hundred and ninety-eight. from two until five o'clock. Lovell, Maine.

This means that the young cousins and the old cousins of his neighborhood will do their best to make this eightyfifth birthday of our venerable cousin pleasing reminiscence for his remaining days.



ANNOUNCEMENT.

It has been judged best not to publish a supplement to the Kinhall Family History. The material collected for that purpose will be used in the Kiyeall Family Nevs. By so using it we will be able to place it before the readers of the History to the course of the next few months. At the rate information has been coming in during the last six or eight months we might perhaps be ready to publish a supplement by the first of January, 1500. The News offers us facilities for publishing this at once.

MORRISON & SHARPLES.

KIMBALL FAMILY NEWS, Topeka, Kansas. Price 50c a year. Published Monthly.

Notes Supplementary to the Data of the "Kimball Family History"

Page 13—The will of Richard Kembolde was made January 15, 1591.

Page 36—Deborah Kimball was drowned going from Boston to Hull, Sept. 1697.

Page 36—After Bloody Brook insert Sept. 18, 1675.

Page 49—James Godfrey obtained a grant in Narraganset Number One in the Right of Henry Kimball.

Page 62-Obadiah Perry had eleven sons. He and seven of his sons lost their lives in the French War. He was Captain. For their services the government granted a tract of land, afterwards known as the town of Perry in New Hampshire. Benjamin Perry, one of the surviving sons, was a Captain in the Revolution. He married Susanna Potter. One of their sons, Anthony Perry, married Submit Wheatly and resided in Cabot, Vermont. Their daughter, Mary V. Perry. married Deacon Joseph Hoyt, whose daughter. Susannah H. floyt, married Capt Frederick Marins Kimballs p. 851.

Page 66-123 v. — should be Richard J. Page 67-donathan in 1709, not 1729. Page 67-donathan in 1709, not 1729. Page 73-Rufus Kimball, (see 58) of Scarborough, Me., d. June 27, 1813; m. June 17, 1787, Lucy Fly, of Gorham, Maine, When she applied for a pension she was of Hollis.

York Co., Maine, and had a son Eleazer. Rufus was in Col. Henry Jackson's Regiment, from March 1, 1777 to May 16, 1781. He was credited to Scarborough, Maine.

Page 87--Instead of "Her mother's name was Hannah," read her grandmother's name was Hannah. Erase the sentence after Massachusetts and insert, "who married John Peabody."

Page 91—Aaron Kimball was m. 1730.
 Daughter Elizabeth, b. Oct. 4, 1731.
 Page 98—273a vi Joseph Kimball⁵ d.
 Whitefield, N. H., Oct. 27, 1821.

Page 99—Samuel Kimball, b. Feb. 2, 1757, resided in Hector, Tompkina Co., N. Y., May 21, 1818, when he applied for a pension. He enlisted at Roxbury, Mass., in 1776 in Capt. Asa Danforth's Com., Col. Shepherd's Regt., for one year, and was discharged at Philadelphia in 1777.

Page 118—jix Josephō m. Miss—Purmot.
Page 111—viii Patieneeō m. Daniel Pearson. Children: 1, Betsey Pearson7
m. George Reed of Woburn; 2, Amos
Pearson7 i 3, Daniel Pearson7 m. Phebe Perrin; 4, Salile Pearson7 v. Jesse
Pearson7 m. Betsey Boutwell; 6.
Hannah Pearson7 m. Daniel Chamberlann; 7, John Pearson7 b. 1762.

Page 115—v Joseph6 d Feb. 16, 1811.
 His wife d. Mar. 31, 1823.
 Page 127—v Andrew6 d. Dover. N. H.

Page 177-v Andrew6 d. Dover. N. H. He was a wanderer.

Page 136—Andrewé was surveyor of higuaway and collector of taxes in Amierst. Mass.. in 1746 and 1790. He was among those engaged in the Shay's rebellion. He kept a tavern in Amherst early in this century.

Page 132-vi Cynthia6 m. July 29, 1794. John Gifford.

Page 138—Erase after Moses, "was lost at sea &c" and insert "b. 1761. He was a soldier of the Revolution. Ealisted in Capt. Robt. Dodges Co., Col. Isaac Smith's Regt., in Jaun-



ary 1776, marched to Cambridge and served two months. In Sept. 1776, enlisted in Capt. Perkin's Co., Col. Jonathan Cogswell's Regt .. marched from Ipswich to Fairfield. Conn., and thence to a piace above White Plains, N. Y. Served three months. He also enlisted in other Companies and was a Privateersman (Pension Records)

Page 138-Erase Phebes m. Col. Ebenezer Sribner of Waterboro, Me. See

p. 264.

Page 140-Stephen Kimball⁵ was Capt. Lieut, in Hitchcock's R. I. Regt., May 3, to Dec. 1775; Capt. 11th Contl. Inft., Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1776. Page 140-Asa Kimball⁵ was Capt. in

Babcock's R. I. Regiment from Jan. 15, 1776, to ---- 1777.

Page 147-iii Percy6 was b. 1761, not 1760.

Page 159-Add to the account of John Kimball5 : After removing to Concord he became actively identified with the affairs of the town. In 1765 he was appointed with Benjamin Emery and Robert Davis a committee "To treat with the proprietors of the Meeting House in order to purchase said house for the use of the Parish." He held offices of public trust and responsibility almost continuously until 1807. helding in turn the offices of Town Clerk, Parish Treasurer Selectman, Constable. Tythingman. Surveyor of Lumber. &c. During the Revolution he was devoted to the cause of the Colonies. He signed the Association Test in 1776, his name being second on the list. fol, lowing that of Capt Reuben Kimball. For several years after he was a member of the the Committee of Safety doing all in his power to aid and promote the patriotic cause. He was known as Deacon Kimball from the church office that he held Page 167-The first three children of so many years. After the death of

Rev. Timothy-Walker he was one of a committee to supply the pulpit. The following is a bill of goods used for Anna Avers' wedding leown.

Bot, of William Greenleaf. Boston, Nov. 13, 1765. 817 Brown Mantua Silk.

@ £3-13-6 £30-6-4 3 vd Ribbon @ 7 1-1 112 yd Satten

> Olden £31-15-1

Page 164-Add to the account of Reuben Kunball: After he settled in Concord he became one of the leading inhabitants of the town. He was one of the selectmen for many years, and held other important offices, in the town government. His name is found on many committees, such as for laving out roads, building the town house, building the Meeting House, supplying the pulpit and regulating prices after the depreciation of the currency, in 1778. During the Rev. olution he was very zealous in his devotion to the patriotic cause. In 1776 his name headed the list of the citizens of Concord who signed the convention test, which read as follows: "We the subscribers do hereby solemnly engage and promise that we will to the utmost of our Power, at the Risque of our lives and fortunes, with arms, oppose the hostile proceedings of British Fleats and armies against the United American Colonies." The following year he served on the Committee of Safety. He was Capt. in Col. Stickney's Regt., Mar. 5, 1776. He was Lieut, in Captain Abbot's Co., Sept. 1777.

Page 164-For Mehitable m. --- Emerson, read Itamar Emerson.

Page 164-Next to last line, for Ricker read Pecker.

Reuben Kimball should be:



i Hannah⁶ b. Dec 1, 1761. ii Daniel⁶ b. Oct. 4, 1763. iii Reuben⁶ b. Nov. 11, 1765. Page 170—Phebe m. Nov. 12, 1798, Peter

Fellows.

Page 171—Rebecca m. Aug. 23, 1790, Parker Merrill.

Page 171—Aaron b. Jan. 21, 1793, should be b. June 21, 1790.

Page 171—Insert after Aaron; John⁶ b.
May 17, 1792. Amasa was b. July
13, 1799.

Page 172—Abigail m. May 25, 1798, Ebenezer Stocker.

Page 179-Daniel Kimball was Lieut. Col. in the militia.

Page 183-Insert, 273a Joseph Kimball⁵ (Samuel4', Samuel3', Benjamin3, Richard!) b. Plaistow, N. H., Sept. 10, 1749, d. Whitefield, N. H., Oct. 27, 1821; m. Dec. 29, 1780. Eunice Gallup, b. 1761? d. Dec. 25, 1795, and was buried in the Gallup Cemetery at North Hartland, Vermont. M 2nd, about 1850. Lucy Holt. He enlisted in 1776 in Col. Baldwin's Regt. He was in the Canada expedition under Capt. Wyman. He was at the battle of White Plains. He was among the first settlers of Whitefield, going there in 1796. He assisted in organizing the town Government in 1805 and was the first Town Clerk. He also served on the first board of Selectmen. He was a well educated man and was a Col. in the N. H. Militia. The administration of his father's estate shows that he resided in Plainfield in 1789. There is considerable difficulty in keeping his history distinct from that of Joseph Kimball (119). They were both living in Plainfield at the same time and both prominent citizens. Some of the accounts of Joseph (273a) say that he was born in Conu., and otherwise mix him up very thoroughly with Joseph (119). CHILDREN.

i Joseph⁶ b. Plainfield, N. H., May

9, 1782. He was graduated from Dartmouth College in 1801, being the first Kimball to graduate from this College. He afterwards read law and practised for several years in Mooille, Alabama. After this he culliste I in the army of the United States. Family tradition says he was killed by the Indians. He died near Harrisonville, Ill., July 10, 1810.

ii Sophia6 b. Aug. 2.:1784.

iii Oliver⁶ b. Plainfield, N. H., Oct. 5, 1786.

iv Lucy6 b. Sept. 15, 1788, d. Bethel. Vt., Jan. 2, 1866; m. Oct. 9, 1806, Alexander Graham of Lebanon. N. H.

v William⁶ b Oct. 16, 1790. He was a miner in the lead mines in the west.

vi Harry⁶ b. April 18, 1793. He was drowned while crossing the Mississippi River vii Samuel⁶ b. Plainfield, July 24.

1795. He studied medicine and settled either in Michigan or Iowa. viii Parker⁵ b. Oct. 22, 1801; m. Relief

Dame, resided in Janesvile, Wis. 636a ix Kitridge6 b. Whitefield, ---

d. — 1870. x Sarah Holté b. —; d. — 1870, North

umberland, N. H.

636b xi Thomas Holt⁶ d. 1852. White-field. N. H.
xii Josephine Adelaide⁶ b. 1813, d.

Mar. 2, 1892; m. Noah B. Hatch of Northumberland, N. II. Page 183—Betsey Smith b. Nov. 25, 1764;

daughter of Capt. Joseph Smith. Page 186—Rebecca Gage was b. Nov. 9, 1751, not 1758.

Page 189—Erase, i Abigailé b. —d.—; m. Moses Gage; m. 2nd Amos Haseltine.

Page 199-Lewis 7 d. March 12, 1895.

Page 202—Mary Mugford was dau, of General James Mugford. Page 207—Near the Bottom, Cutter

should be Cutler.

Page 208-Near the top. Cutter should be Cutler.



Page 208-Near the bottom erase the words "the war."

Page 212-Samuel Kimball served eight or nine months in the army of the Revolution. He was a Lieut. for eleven days in Capt. George Kimball's Co., which marched from Lunenburg and was one of the minute men. He was at the fights at Lexington and Concord, April 19, 1775. He was in service in 1776 for five months at least as Lieut, in Col. Jonthan Smith's Regiment; was at Sartoga in 1777 and in service in other places. (Pension Rolls. Washing-

Page 218-348 Ebenezer Kimball; his first m. was Oct. 3, 1796; second m. Feb. 25, 1813. He was a farmer. CHILDREN.

- i Ebenezer? b. Aug. 31, 1797. d. July 12, 1814.
- ii Lydia⁷ b. Aug 31, 1797, d. Sept.
- iii Samuel7 b, Oct. 20, 1800, d. Feb. 9.
- iv Betsevi b. Dec. 15, 1801, d. 1809.
- v Sally7 b. Dec. 5, 6, 1803; m. Samuel Lee of New York.
- 735 vi Aaron? b. May 1833, d. Feb. 20 1895.
- vii Hannah R.7 b. Dec. 14, 1805. Died young.
- viii Fanny7 b. Feb. 20, 1814, d. ---; m. May 26, 1838. William D Wood tock. ix Caroline R.7 b. Oct. 3 1815; m. (Ints)
- Nov. 13, 1833, Nathan B. Tas'a.
- 766 x Ebenezer? b, June 20, 1818, d, Sept. 15, 1884.

xi Lydia 6,7 b. Feb. 16, 1821, d. 1885; m. Alfred Pierce Allen. b. Green. Maine, Jan. 15, 1521. d. Natick, Mass., March 25, 1881. Son of Benjamin Allen. Children; t. Adaliza Allen9 b. Hollis.on, Mass., Nov. 27. 1840, d. Oct. 12, 1896; m. Wayland. Mass., April 22, 1871 | Luther Dam- | Page 264-Haddassah7 d. January not on, Children: 1. August A. Damon9 . b. June 20, 1872. 2. Charles Luther | Page 270-v add: 972a Samuel Smith Kim Damon9 b. Wayland, Mass., Nov. 27, 1873. 2. Emma A. Allens b. Natick, June 27, 1847; m. May 23,

1868, Addison J. Stevens of Natick. Mass. Child: Gertrude Alice Stevens9 b. Natick, Mass., Oct. 9, 1874. 3. George Kimball Allens b. Natick Mass., Apr. 20, 1848: m. Aleviida Caldwell: res. Milford. Mass. Children: 1, Everette Allen9; 2, Audrey Kimball Allen9 .

xii Otis7 b. Aug. 22, 1823, d. 1828. xiii Hannah? b. Jnne 24, 1826; m. Nov-

15, 1845, Phineas P. Glidden. Page 219-Betsey Hammond was born

Sept. 9, 1782. Page 230-Timothy? went to Brooklyn.

N. Y. Page 241-401 Moses Kimball⁵ should

be 401 John Kimball⁵ . Page 241-Charles7 resided in Wofboro

and Tuftonboro, N. H. Page 250—Benjamin® was tythingman in Amherst in 1793 and 1799.

Page 250—Noa's Brooks Kimball d. Aug. 21, 1866.

Page 251 -iii Betsey? b. Oct. 15, 1778. d. Feb. 26, 1855.

Page 255-Add to the children of Richard Kimball, vi Joseph7; vii Edwardi; and 901a. viii William Story? b. Julv 19, 1792.

The maiden name of Richard Kimball's second wife was Sallie Stery. She was a relative of Judge Story of Boston.

Page 260-After Calvin DeWolf add: Child, Wallace S. DeWolf.

Page 263-Eliza Grant d. Cambridge. Mass., Jan. 16, 1888.

Mary Ball d. June 4, 1864.

Page 264-Phebe? b. 1782; m. Ebenezer H. Scribner, b. Waterboro, Me., 1775. He removed to Waterford. Raymond and Portland, and finally went West and died. His son Benjamin Kimball Scribner3 was b. Harrison, Me., June 3, 1811.

ball (George W.6 Asa5 Philemon1. Joseph? John? Richard! ib. Barton. Vt . Mar. 2, 1810, d. 1886; m. Albany.



Vt., 1857, Sarah B. Paine, b. Albany Vt. Feb. 25, 1836, d. Aug. 20, 1882. CHILDREN.

Vt., Mar. 24, 1859.

1753b ii William Elsworths b. Barton Vt., Aug. 3, 1861,

iii Charles Paines b. Barton. Vt.. May 14, 1866; m. Oct. 1892, Ida B. Phelps. About 1887 he went to South Prairie, Washington, and is doing a general merchandise busi-

Page 275-Lucinda Brown was b. 1806; dau. of William and Betsey Wheeler Brown.

Page 250-William6 was a soldier of the Revolution.

Page 281-Asa6 was a soldier of the Page 309-Insert the following names Revolution.

Page 293-James Kimball⁶ was the son of Richards not of Benjamins . This error is repeated in the ancestry of the descendants of James on the following pages: page 530, Jesse; 531 Lucretia7; 532, James7; 843, Lucretia8; 844, Betsey P. Greenleafs; 845, James P.8: 846, Maria L.8: 1049, Mary E.10; 1049, James D.10; 1049, William S 10.

Page 300-James 7 d. 1881 not 1801. Page 300-Third line from bottom, 1861 should be 1881.

Page 300-Salinda should be Selinda; (Bradford) should be (Brewster.) Pomfret, Conn., should be Cornish,

Page 304-Betsey Gage should be Betsev Day.

Page 305-Erase 1130, before Ebenezer. Page 305-. Edward Kimball was b, Feb. 5, not Feb. 3.

Page 307-Jesse7 d June, 1864; he m. Poily Chace.

CHILDREN.

1 Joseph Chaces b. Aug. 23, 1818; d. Oct. 31, 1835. ii Maria Emerson⁵ b. Aug. 23,

1818; m. - Stacus,

iii Mary Jerrald's b. Aug. 20, 1820. iv Dennison Woodbury⁵, b. 1822, 1935d v Baxter Franklin⁹ b: 1825; d. June 1866.

vi Jane Sophia8 b. Feb. 27, 1828. vii Harriet Sophia8 b. Feb. 12. 1830.

i 1753a Samuel Colts b. Barton, Page 309-Insert the following dates in the account of the family of Benjamin Kimball⁶.

Benjamin6 d. Aug. 15, 1829; m. Mar. 15, 1789. Abigail Eastman b:

Jan. 15, 1766; d. Aug. 25, 1855.

ii Mahala d. Mar. 12, 1862. iii Hazen d. Dec. 16, 1832.

iv Mary d. Jan. 20, 1868.

vi Eliza Jane b July 2, 1802; d. Oct. 16, 1893.

vii Clarissa d. Mar. 23, 1829.

vili Charlotte Green d. Aug. 25, 1875; m. Dec. 21, 1828, Cyrus Kimball.

and dates in the family of Mellen6; Mellen6 d. Feb. 7, 1834; m. Feb. 29. 1789, Mary Worthen; b. June 3, 1770.

i Charles? should be Charlotte? , b. June 29, 1790; d. Oct. 5, 1817.

in Affie7 b. June 15, 1792, d. Oct. 18, 1813.

1159 iv Samuel7 was b. 1794 not iv Sabra7 b. Oct. 21, 1796; d. Nov.

30, 1815. v Harriet7 b. Mar. 27, 1799; d.

May 27, 1818. 1160 vi Cyrus7 b. July 26, 1801; d.

May 20, 1880 vii Melinda7 b. Apr. 2, 1804; d.

July 2, 1828. viii Jane? b. Nov. 30, 1806; d. May

31, 1869. Page 312-Alfred Kimball d. 1880, not

1581 Page 314-Add after Solomon Kimball:

"Joined in marriage, April 19, 1795. Solomon Kimball and Anna Spaulding, both of Plainfield.

DANIEL KIMBALL.

Justice of the Peace. (Daniel Kimball was a founder of the Kimball Union Academy at Meriden, N. H.)

Page 119-Put 1198a before the name of Abraham Kimball7.

Page 319-Nancy b. 1584 should be 1784.



Page 319-Jacob Kimball m, Sept. 25. 1803, Nancy Ober.

Page 320-Eliza Ann b. April 13, 1804. Benjamin Ober b. Aug. 13, 1808.

Page 321-John Milton Kimball b, July 1827; d. Erie, Penn., Dec. 2, 1897; m. Caroline M. Pierce of Middleboro. Mass. At the time of his death he was general agent for the Penn. R. R. Co., at Erie. He bebegan railroading with the Boston and Lowell R. R. in 1852. Was afterwards General Ticket Agent and later Superintendent on the La Cross and Millwaukee R. R.; Assist- Page 337—William Eustis Kimball was ant General Superintendent of the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana R. R.; Assistant General Pessenger Agent of the Fort Wayne and Chicago R. R., at Chicago; and from May, 1870, to April, 1895, Superintendent of the New Castle and and Beaver Valley R. R., and of the Erie and Ashtabula division of the Penrsylvania R. R.; and from 1895 to the time of his death, general agent of the same division. CHILDREN.

i Ella Florences b. July 5, 1827; d. June 7, 1879: m. Mar. 18, 1875. Stephen J. Law of Erie, Penn. Children: Ella Florence Law9 b. Dec. 30, 1875; 2. Katherine Hays Law9 b. aug. 20, 1877.

ii Frank Thomass b. June 13. 1857; d. Feb. 22, 1890; m. Sept. 8, 1881, Carrie Gunnison. No children. Page 329-Aaron Newton Kimball was b. 1825, not 1823.

Page 322-Samuel Kimball m. Jan. 6. 1891, Sarah Merrill.

Page 324-Benjamin Kimoall was b. in Hopkirton, not Groton.

Page 32 - Haward should be Harwood Page 329-Joseph Kimball was b. 1766, not 1776. His wife's name was Abiah

Page 332-Edgar Kimbatl Whitaker was b. Sharon, Mass., Aug. 27, 1806; d. Boston. Mass., Nov. 10, 1884. He was a Representative in the Mass. Legislature in 1843. A member of: the Governor's Council in 1851. M.

Oct. 28, 1830, Catherine C. Holland; b. 1809; d. April 22, 1850; dan. of John Holland. M. 2nd, Nov. 25, 1550, Clementia Augusta Dimick, dau. of Jacob and Susan (Childs) Dimick; b. 1827; d. Feb. 25, 1865,

Page 632--1286a James Lawrence Kimball (James S.6 Ebenezer Ebenezer4 Robert3 Renjamin2 Richard1) b. Plaistow, N. H. He went to California in 1849 and died there in 1858 or 1859; leaving a duaghter who m. H. W. Lawrence of Salt Lake City. Utah.

b. 1825, not 1835.

Page 346-636a Kitridge Kimball⁶ (Jos eph5 Samuel4 Samuel3 Benjamin2 Richard1) b. Whitefield, N. II.; d. Janesville, Wis,

CHILDREN. i Parker? b. Whitefield, N. H. 1839; d. Newbury, Vt., 1859.

1297a ii Joseph Albert? b. Whitefield, N.H., 1842; d. New York, 1892. iii Sarah? b. ---; d, ----; m. --Wheeler.

iv Lucy Ann7 b. Whitefield; d. 1871. Res. Janesville, Wis.

Page 346-636b Thomas Holt Kimball6 (Joseph⁵ Samuel⁴ Samuel³ Benjamin2 Richard1) b. Whitefield, N.H.: d. Whitefield, 1852; m. 1840, Harriet N. Rankin.

CHILDREN.

i Delia Harriet? b 1841:d. Brownsville, Texas, 1856.

ii Ellen Josephine 7 b. 1842. Res. Bloomington, Ill.

iv Luella Persis7 b. 1846;d. Bloomington, Ill., 1891.

iii Joseph Addison7 b. 1844.

v Emma Rankin7 b, 1850; m. Aug. 1881, George F. Dick. Children: 1, George Frederick Dicks b. Mav 12, 1882; 2. Carl Rankin Dicks b June 25, 1884; 3, Harry Kimball Dicks b. Nov. 1888.

Page 349-Phebe Kumball was b. July 9, 1769. She was the daughter of Daniel Kimball, not of Samuel Kimball.



Fage 351—Daniel Kimball m. Sally Prescott. Change the following names and dates in his family: Nancy b. Nov. 12, 1794; Stephen M. b. 1793, not 1716; viii John? should be Joseph?. Jinsert after Hyrum. John? b. Feb. 16, 1897.

Page 353-1320 Nathaniel F. should be Nathaniel T. Page 353-Insert 1321a before Benja-

min Gage?.

Page 355-John Dunnell should be John Durrell. He had a son Newman A. Durrel, b. Dunkirk, N. Y.

Page 355-On the next to the last line, Weed should be Ward

REUNION CHAT.

Mrs. Mary M. Kimball of Lynn. Mass. writes referring to Herbert W. Kimball's suggestion that Ipswich would be the proper place for a national reunion. She thinks, however, that he has confused a reunion of the descendants of Jeremiah, with that of the celebration of the 250th anniversary of the settlement of the town held June 17, 1834.

The descendants of Jeremiah have held two reunions since then, of which it seems, Herbert W. Kimball did not know. One in 1885 was held in the old South Church in which Jeremiah was so much interested. On pp. 361-362. Family History, it is said that he sat in the choir with eleven of his children, while one was in the family pew. In referring to this, Mrs. Mary Kimball says two were with their mother, in the family pew, and ten were with their fatner, in the "singers seats." which would indicate different sources of information. On page 362 it is said that it was the intention to make their gatherizgs yearly this has not been done. The last one was held in 1.01 at David B. Kimball's, Sept. 29, with seventy-five present.

The California Kimball reunion will probably be held June 15. In the sketch of Captive Johnson Kumbati in March issue, reference was made to the last Indian depredations in New Empland. It should have read 'among the last." Mr. H. K. Hobbs of Fryeburg, Me., sends us particulars of the latest Indian attacks. In 17st Mores Ames, Richard Kimball and Samuel Walker were selectmen of Fryeburg.

They received notice in August of an attack upon what is may Bethel, Capt. Stephen Farrington was sent with twenty-three men to their relief and his commission was the last one given in New England for that purpose. In this attack three citizens were killed and three captured. Mr. Hobbs writes that he gets this from the Mass. Archives, Vol. 19, Rev. Rolls. Mr. Hobbs is undoubtedly a descendant of Richard Barker and Anna. daughter of Benjamin Kimball. (p. 45.) although he has not a complete record of deseent.

Fred S. Kimball, of Waterloo, Iowa, and E. R. Kimball, of Kansas City, Mo., were among the active delegates to the great national creamery and butter makers convention held in Topeka the last week in February. This convention was a very remarkable one in which every section of the United States was represented. It represented emphatically one of the leading industries of the country.

A Kimball family gathering is needed in Chicago. There are one hundred of them living in that city, and as many more in its immediate neighborhood. And yet there seems to be no spirit of union among them, or very little. We have letters from a good many and singular it is, that nearly all remark that they know only those of their own immediate connection. There should be a waking up among them. They do not seem to know what good things they are missing. Who moves in the matter?



President Dole's Double

The Boston Globe furnishes this month a rich supply of Kimball News matter, most of which is forwarded by our wide awake cousin. Summer Kimof Lovell, Me. In addition to the article relating to Mrs. Garvin, given on first page, the Globe of Jan. 29, has an article on President Dole's double. illustrated with a portrait. This double of the Hawaiian President is Dr. John Kimball of Bridgiton, Measee Fam. Hist. p. 1120) The Globe says:

It would be hard to find any twin trothers who in hight, figure, face, complexion, and general demeanor are more exactly alike than these modern Dromios. At Honoinlu one was not unfrequently mistaken for the other. That was at the time Hawaii's future president was judge of the Hawaiian supreme court, and his double was chief medical director of the Hawaiian kingdom, in the latter part of Kalakakuai's

reign.

Dr. John H. Kimball was surgeon in the 15th and 32nd Maine regiments in the war.

At Hilo, in the resilence of the gov erness of the island, the king, his fam-Hawaiian band, were accustomed to spend a portion of each summer. The and Mrs. Stone. The oldest son. Benj. residence of Dr. Kimiail and the king (C., is an ex-merchant, an ex-representahad rare opportunity to learn of royalty give a rich fund of reminiscences.

During these royal visits the doctor was private physican to his majesty and Queen Kapiolani.

Upon the resignation of the ministry on the accession of Liliuokalani, in 1801. Dr. Kimbaltlikewise resigned. He soon returned to his Maine home. He will not return to Hawaii, his heaith being poor, but he keeps in touch with her political and other features. He has faith in Hawaii's destiny, whatever may be the outcome of her present political agitation.

STILL ANOTHER.

The Globe of January 5, also relates the following:

A unique incident occurred at Bridge ton village. Me., the other day. It was a meeting for the first time in eighty years of a bay state octog mar an and a Bridgton nonagenarain, both natives of the place, born within a short distance elsewhere by Prof. Sharples.

One afternoon Mrs. Stone was called upon by a man seemingly not a day older than 60, who gave his own and his father's name, and then asked her if she remembered a Robie family that many years ago dwelt in that village.

"To be sure!" was her prompt response. "Your father was a saddler. Your mother was a Miss MeIntosh of Dorchester, Mass. The family while in this town, occupied the house a few rods above us on this street, where the Squire Littlefield mansion stands.

"Correct!" was the enthusiastic re-

sponse of the newcomer.

And upon that they fell to chatting about old times.

It was mutually an interesting interview. Mr. Robie was not long in realizing the truth of what a citizen had told him, in suswer to his inquiry for one of the old generation of Bridgetonians. that he'd 'find anut Eliza Stone as smart as a whip.

Mrs. Stone is the daughter of Jedediah Kimball, an early settler of the town. She was born Oct. 19, 1-03. Her entire life has been spent in her native town. where she is well known and respected

by all.

Her late husband, Dixey Stone, many years dead, was a merchant, and a pilily and suite, accompanied by the royal lar of the First Congregational Church.

There are living four children of Mr. and Mrs. Stone. The oldest son. Benj. were near together, and the doctor tive to the legislature, a prominent Odd Fellow and the present clerk of courts behind the scenes, of which he could for Cumberland counts. The other son, Alvah C., is a Boston business man, a resident of Lexington. The oldest daughter. Sarah C., is the wife of Rev. Edward Hawes, D. D., of Eurlington, Vt. The youngest daughter, Julia D., who, with her mother, occupies the old homestead, is the widow of David Hale, lawyer and editor, a soldier of the late TUBE

> Mrs. Stone is healthy, strong and full of energy, is interesting in conversation, and an encyclopedia of local

Mrs. Stone was the third daughter of Abigail Kimball (No. 707, p. 379 Fam. given and only one, Jedediah the youngest, as the head of a family. He had two children, but of them nothing is given beyond the dates of their birth. We ask that some one furnish ing minutely the instruction given



Con Patraca, a widely is nown gencalogist, resident in Danvers, Mass., and a prominent member of the Essex austitute, Salem, and the N. E. Historie tomer logical Society of Boston, is now conducting genealogical researches in England. Mr. Putnam, while a skilled genealogist and a lover of his profession, has taken up his work on strictly wsiness principles. One may apply to him for information as to cost of investigation within incuring expense. He is an expert on armorial insignia. but can be relied upon to dash the hopes of the great majority of claimants to armorial honors. Among his better known books are his elaborate Putnam Genealogy, the Osgood Genealogy, the History of the English Streeters, the editor and publisher of Putnam's His-*orical Magazine, established in 1890. a well known and valuable genealogi-

We note receipt of publications simito our News: The Putnam Leadets of which two volumes have appeared. profusely illustrated; the Balch Leaflets and Porter Leaflets. These "Leaflets" are devoted to the families named 'in 1879. and are published by Eben Putnam-Danvers, Mass. Mr. Putnam writes us that the two last have been discontinued com lack of support.

cal publication.

Other similar publications are devoted to the Avery's (published in Cleveand) and the Mores. We have menoned the Lewis and Sharpe family tipers. The above, with the Kimball . NEWS, are thought to cover the list.

Col. Robert Jackson Kimball of Rana dph. Vermont, has been elected preslent of the Vermont Society of the Unerican Revolution. He is also a deather of the Society of Colonial Wars. His record is a time one. Beseles his ancestral home in Randolph has a banking business at 16 and 18 Good St., New York City, in which his wa. W. Engene, is also a partner. See

BY LOUISA KIMBALL, GREENVILLE, N. H. Fannie M. Kimbail who married Harry Francis Hobart, of Brookline. N. H., is the youngest daughter of Samuel Livermore Kimball (1492), of Wilson, N. H. Mr. and Mrs. Hobart reside in Pepperull, Mass.

QUERY.

Hugh Ross Kimball, b. Newfields, Me .. Mar. 9, 1809; m. Nov. 21, 1870. Ariadne Kimball, b. Kimball's Island, Me., Nov. 17, 1845, daughter of William Amazeen and Fidelia Rankin. (P. 344) Hugh Ross Kimball was the son of Jesse Kimball, b. Berwick, Me., Nov. 10, 1799; d. Brookfield, N. H. Jan. 29, 1849; m. Betser Ross. What was Jesse Kimball's father's name?

Besides Hugh. Jesse had the following children: Orin. b. Nov. 5, 1825. Thomas Jefferson, b. Newfield, Me .. Sept. 4, 1527. Mary E. and Sarah A. b. Oct. 10, 1834. Minnie T., b. Nov. 30.

At the time of her death Betsey Ross Kimball lived in Lynn. Mass. She died

It is the desire of Arthur S. Kimball of Bloomfield, N. J., to trace his ancestors in the Close family. He would appreciate the aid of some of our Connecticut cousins. The line as far as is now known to him extends back to 1729 at Greenwich, Conn., on high date Joseph Close was born. He married Elizabeth --- . Had issue Abraham b. 1762 who married Mary Hubbard in 1783, who had a son Henry b. 1187 who married Amey Reynolds, 1813. They removed from Greenwich, Conn., to New York City, about 1830. Had a daughter, Emily Ann b. 1823, who married S. S. Kimball, 1838. (See pp. 468-470, Nos. 915 and 1700).

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The Kimball Family News,

AN HISTORIC GENERAL-GICAL PAPER.
Published Monthly.

835 North Kansas Avenue.

TOPEKA, - KANSAS

The News is published in behalf of the Kimbali clan, and its kindred, and incidentally in behalf of all family bretherhood.
The of the breths and should to eather ceneulogical

The of ject is not simply together genealected data, but to restore, retord and preserve the family history, biography and traditions, and to cuttivare a spirit of emulation among families that Wilkebed to a higher patriotism and a better citizenship.

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Boston, Moss., who has volunteered to conduct this department for the year. In waxing infor-

matten of film return postinge should be builtied.

Entered for Transmission as Second Class Matter

Advertising in the News,

Several members of the family have separately expressed a purpose to send advertisements to the News but so far only one has done so. Three or four of these have expressed a desire that a number of such advertisements should be secured before any are iuserted, as there should be enough to make a fair showing. So it would apappear that each one is waiting upon somebody else. Now that there may be concert of action it is suggested to those who care to have eards inserted that they send in their matter at once. conditional that it appear if, say, four or five others do the same too. The cost would be 50 cents a month for one inch, but no money should be sent with these conditional orders. Personally we are not very solicitous about the matter. The publication of the News this year is not a business matter. It is a test. If continued beyond this year, it will be put on a business basis. It will not be continued unless it pays its way. In due time circumstances will determine this.

The California Genealogical Society was organized Feb. 12. Edgar Hobart is second vice president, and Sarah Louise Kimball (page 810)18 corresponding secretary. Mr. Hobart is her brother-in law, having married Hurriet Emily, her sister. We have referred to the Maine Society in the body of this issue of the News, These Societies are fanding a place in many of the States, and are auxiliary to the Historical Societies are

The purposes of these organizations are, to collect, preserve and disseminate information on Genealogy: to assist members in tracing their ancestry; to ascertain the location and condition of the various public and pri-vate records, which are or may become accessible to students of Genealogy and American History, and to aid investigations of this nature by combining the efforts and resources of its members. Such organizations seek to direct public attention to the value of complete and exact records, and to emphasize the necessity of unremitting care in their collection and preservation.

All those intending to subscribe for the Kinball Pamily News for this year should do so at an early date, in order to secure the full volume. We have a limited supply of back numbers and when they are gone it would hardly be worth while subscribing, as the volume, to be of value should be complete. It will probably require all the issues of this year to complete the supplemental matter now in sight.

. The May number goes to press earlier than did the April issue. All copy should be in by the 15th, and when proofs ace to be sent, at least two weeks earlier. We should go to press by the 20th of the month.

The second California reunion, as will be seen elsewhere will be held in San Francisco, June 4. They are looking for a great time; better than last year, and that was good enough.

Work on the first two numbers of the News, which are to be reprinted, has been commenced.



The Kimball Family News

Topeka, Kansas, May, 1898.

Vol. 1, No. 5.

Terms 50 cents a year.

Family Names and Their Significance.

Our appreciative friend and cousin. Gorham Gates Kimball of Red Bluff, California, sends us a very interesting number of a California paper published in 1882, called the "Green Mountain Echo," and devoted to the native sons of Vermont. Among other things it contains a learned and interesting artisle on "Family Names" by the late J. McM Shafter, a very high authority. We quote the following as of personal interest to our readers:

But what shall we say of another— Kempa, Kimber, is of the same root as A. N. Campa; the French, Camp, Campion, meaning a veteran warrior, or a man of violence. The word is in common use in the porth of England and in Neotland. Old Eddie Ochtree, in Scott's Andiquary, says of the invasion of the French, "blel, if I had as good pith as I hae good will and a gude cause, I should gie some of them a day's kempling."

With the addition of "all," this word becomes Kimb erall, that is, thrash all. The chronicles describe him as, "enim home belliessus, majil reb stras, mitessignithett." He is decidedly, assuredly, emphatically, a warlike man, a robust puglitist, understands his manieys, kn wes like the man in the play, "ow to 'old hup its 'ands;" but he is still "Mies," a man of knightly degree; not only

"Will charge in the tournament dread.
And bring hor crawar, or remain with the dead." but is courteous in bower, and hall, tender to woman, honorable to men.

In the courteous, learned and Rev. K. Kimball, we see the representative of the rough Kimber, with the polish, of a higher devilization, the soldier who, in the service of his master, is righting the good fields and keeping his knightly faith. Beneum annuen, benum omen. [Parenthetung than the seek Mr. Kimball here referred to wis the Rev. John Kimball (1802) who died only [1967].

A study of the origin of family rames is interesting and closely allied to that of genealogy. Such names were given or became attuched, not only to individuals, but to elans, as indicative of some calling or peculiarity. One of the most ancient was that of Longimanus, "Long arms," the Persian ruler. Of later date there was the race Lombards—Lombardy—from their "Lombards,"

How far a whole learned world may be misled for 2,500 years by simply failing torightly interpret the meaning of tradition about Romuius and Remus. the founders of Rome, being saved and nursed by a wolf, instead of by good old Mrs. Lupus, whose name signified wolf, and which same name still exists with its different spellings, including the old Saxon Wulff, and Queen Victoria's derman surname-of Guelph.

The origin of many names is very easily understood. The world is full of Smiths without qualification. Then these are varied by prefixes that indicate the kind of smiths. like Goldsmith Locksmith, etc. The different colors have also given names to numerous families, such as White, Brown, Black, etc. So one might go on with metals, minerals, etc., as Irons. Stone. Waters, and nearly all these may be tollowed by prefixes and suffixes, forming a new class of names, such as "son" added to Smith. Brown, or Waters, making Smithson, Brownson, Waterson, etc. All such names are readily understood.

But many names trace their origin to a different source. This is the case with the names Kembolde, Kemball, Kimball, Campbell and others. So far as this writer knows the extract given above states the most pronable origin of the Kimball family name. In the Joseph Kimball, Family History, published by John Kimball of Concord,



N. H., in 1885, the following quotation is made from Robert S. Rantoul's "Notice of James Kimball," Salem. Mass.,

(p. 11):

"The etymology of the name Kimball is uncertain. It is supposed to be of a Scotch derivation, a corruption of the nume 'tampbell.' It is variously spelled Kimball.' (Kemball, and 'Kemble.')

The Kimball Family History by Messrs. Morrison and Sharples makes no mention of the origin of the name. but does give the different spellings of Kymbolde, Kembould, Kemball, Kimball. It may here be said that these varied spellings signify very little in this connection. As found on the records it is sometimes owing to agnorance, and sometimes the variation is owing to personal faney. Such changes are often found in genealogical research. The grandfather of James K. Polk wrote his name Pollock. German name Voigt readily becomes Foucht, and so on to the end. The present etymology of the name is of little consequence. What is of importance is the identity of the name, its root, and its significance.

The theory that the name Kimball is a corruption or modification of the name Campbell has become somewhat popular but probably is without foundation. Prof. Sharples, we believe, holds to the opinion that there is no connection between the families, and while this may be, and quite possibly is true, there can be but little doubt that the origin of the two names was very similar. But there has been no corruption in the variation.

The root of the words given in the above quotation by Prof. Shafter is quite applicable to both names. Campbell and Kemball. It is quite easy to trace the name Campbell-tamp, Campa, Campion. Champion. to the Latin camplo, a field. Such a campion would not necessarily mean a veteran warrior, or man of violence, as Prof. Shafter puts

it, but often assumed the character of athletic sports. And so we have in the old English, the term of camp applied to a game of ball. Uniting these two words and at once we have the name Camp-ball, from which either of these two family names may be easily made. And camp-ball was indeed the name of an ancient game, quite similar to the modern game of foot-ball. There can be but little doubt that herein may be found the origin of the name Camp-bell.

It is not so clear as to the origin of the name Kemball, or that the above is the origin, except, at least, in part. But this investigation for the foundation of the Kimball name, while more complicated, is still more interesting, It will be noticed that Prof. Shafter derives Kempa, Kimber, finally from the Latin campus, in which he is of course correct. Webster gives Kemp. (from the Anglo-Saxon cempa, a soldier) as an obsolete term for knight. or a champion. As a verb kemp was used in the sense of to compete or to strive for victory. Kemper and Kemperman, in the archaic, was as above. knight or champion.

Now if we take this word Kemp and apply it to the athletic game of ball as in the word camp, we have Kemb-ball instead of Campball.

But this is not conclusive. It will be remembered that the Family History gives the earlier spelling of the name as Kem-bolde with several variations. Now this termination was a very common one applied to soldiers, knights, champions. Milton speaks of "knights and barons bold." What then, more natural than Kemp-bold, or Kemperbould, and here we have the name at once, meaning clearly a brave knight, a gallant champion, a noble warrior.

This would seem more natural, and less strained than Prof. Shafter's addition of the word "all" to the root Kemp, and the significance much more



agreeable than the term "thrash all" which earries with it the idea of a street brawler.

But one might go even a step further along a different line, and at last reach the Kimball name, bearing identically the same significance-that of a person of valuant, knightly character.

Let us take the old Celtic (Keltic) word cam. (kam) still used in mechanies as indicating a means of conveying or representing power. The word originally meant to curve, or to bend, More specifically it signified the bending of a bow on the field of action, as the soldier was ready to let fly his arrow. From this word we get our present English akimbo, and the now obsolete forms, Kimbo. Kembo. and according to the Standard Dictionary, the actual form Kimboll. Several of the old English writers speak of knights and soldiers standing in waiting, watchful attitude with their arms akimbo.

It will be noticed that in all these cases the words from which the present name of Kimbail may possibly have been derived, earried with them a significance of high character and knightly valor. It was in this sense the name became applied to a family; this is its meaning today, and to preserve this creditable significance should ever be the proud desire of every descendant of ancient and noble sires.

The Kimball bicycle is a new high grade machine made by the Phillips Manufacturing Co., of New York, Kimball wheels have been known in this country for 264 years, from the time of Richard down.

Mrs. N. A. Kimball read a paper before a late meeting of a Danville, Ill., ville Daily Commercial. (See 2507)

Dr. Edwin Kimball died at Haywards, Alameda Co., Cal., in Sept. (?) 1896. His sister, Miss Louisa Kimball. lives on the homestead with his son, Howard, and daughter, Miss Ruth Kimball. They have a very pleasant home and Ruth and her aunt are both artistic and have many specimens of their ability in this line on the walls of the old house. Howard Kimball has charge of the place, and there are a great many orange and lemon trees there. and also a nursery of young stock which he keeps for sale. They also raise apricots, and Miss Ruth has some guinea fowl and turkeys, and one of the notable things on the place is the large white cockatoo, which came to them about eighteen years ago, and which seems as much at home there as any of the other fowls on the place. See p. 736, 1559a).

Charles F. Haseltine sends a long communication called forth by a note on page 51 by Prof. Sharples on the spelling of the name Haseltine. There seems to be no real difference between the two. The error is traced to the type written copy, and Prof. Sharples sends the following correction:---

Note.-I am made to say on p. 51. that John and Robert seemed to have always used the spelling "llaselton This is wrong, they invariably used the spelling Haseltine. This error is rereated again just below. The termination "tcu" is not used in the older records. The sentence should read: The "s"

was probably pronounced with the "z" sound and town clerks and others commenced writing it "Hazeltine and giving it the other variations.

S. P. SHARPLES

Who was Polly Kimball, of Sterling. Mass., who married a Childs, and was mother of Mr. George Childs, aged about 55-60, a typical Kimball in appearance, tall, spare, blue eyes, grey hair, and who is City Agent of the woman's club on "House Decorations," Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance which filled two columns of the Dan- | Company, 422 California St., San Francisco?



The Kembalis (Kimballs) and Kembles in King Philip's War.

(BY ELLWOOD DAVIS KIMBALL)
(CONCLUDED.)

THOMAS.

In the same company with the Caleb Kemball, who perished at Bloody Brook was Thomas Kemball, and under the same date when the former was credited £1, 16s. the latter was credited 12s. from which it would appear that he served but a short while at that time. There were then but two Thomas Kemballs and a Thomas Kemble, of those named in the family Illstory, who could have been in Phillip's War who could have been in Phillip's War.

The same considerations before men tioned in connection with John, as to the captains under whom Thomas served, the spelling of the name and the ages of each make it practically certain that Thomas was not of the Boston family of Kembles, but a son or grandson or Riebard of Ipswich. Of these there were, as we have said, two who were of military age, but which of the two was he who served in Lathrop's company, we can at present only conjecture, but it seems more probable that it was he whom the fauily now know as No. 16.

On Dec. 10, 1675, Capt. Joseph Gardiner mustered, at Dedham Plain, a com pany raised at Salem and the adjoining towns, which he led to the Narragansett Swamp Fort fight, where the captain was killed. In this company, and enrolled as of Lynn, was Thomas Kemball, who was ir all probability No. 14, and who, being only 18 years of age, might have been temporarily liviag in Lynn at work, or might perchance have gone there on purpose to enlist to aid in filling that town's quota, but the former hypothesis seems more likely, for, only a few months later, his next older brother, Samuel, married a Lynn girl, so in all probability Samuel was in the way of being much at Lynn about that time, and it

would not be unlikely that the broth ers. Samuel and Thomas, were, for some cause, in Lynn together in 1675.

At all events Thomas Kemball enlisted and earned £2, 14s. pay, in the Narragausett campaign, so he was probably gone in the army, at that time, from Dec. 10, 1675, till about February 1676.

But the name Thomas Kemball stands credited with further service, viz., under Capt. Samuel Brocklebank, £2, šs., and it is not unlikely that after going through the swamp fight unseathed, his company becoming disorganized by loss of its captain, young Thomas K umball sought to go one more camparga and joined Brocklebank's company, after its return from the swamp fight, when it was on the eve of setting out to garrison Marlborough.

Or it may be possible that the elder Tomas (No. 5) was the one in this Marlborough and Sudbury campaign under Brocklebank. At all eyents he was an old fellow-townsman of the captain.

If Thomas, No.5, was out in Brocklebank's last campaign he had been at home but a few days when he was massacred by an Indian. Indeed it is by no means impossible that the savage was paying some gradge on account of what this Thomas may have done at Marlborough and Saddury.

The account of the death of Thomas Kemball of Bradford, is given in the Family History, at page 42, and need not be repeated here.

HENRY.

Henry Kemball. (See No. 10. p. 49 of Family History) appears to have served as a soldier against the Indians. going from Haverhill. The Family History presumes that he served with his brother Caleb. which would have been in the late summer and early fail of 1975, but Bodge (Soldiers in King Phillip's War, p. 343) is of the opinion than his and his comrades service. were rendered



in the spring of the following year on he should so far recover as to be able the frontiers of Essex county, and the latter author is a high authority.

At all events Henry was credited £1. 9s. 4d., which is evidence that sometime and at some place he did serve and the date of credit was June 24, 1676, which was the date of extensive entries of credits for services rendered at various times previous. If Henry served in the same campaign with any other Kemball, it seems to us that it was with his uncle (not brother) Caleb, going out as recruits after the great Swamp fight: for Lieut. Benjamin Swett, under whom he appears to have served is believed to have conducted recruits to the front at that time, and not to have been, so far as is known. at Bloody Brook, or in that quarter.

That this Henry Kemball who served in King Philip's war was the same who is numbered 10 in the Family History is further evidenced by the fact that the town of Haverhill advanced £1, 6s. 10d. on his vages, a thing which was done often by towns from which soldiers served, but not by any towns for others than its own soldiers and this Henry, No. 10, was at that time a citizen of Haverhill.

WILLIAM.

The last Kemball to be mentioned is one whose identity or connection with others of the name cannot now be established; nor even "ery shrewdly surmised: this is William Kemball who served under Capt, James Oliver and it is a moral certainty, to say the least, that he was an inhabitant of Boston: for we are positively informed that Wm. Kemble was impressed out of the Boston militia company of Maj. Clark. his being the 3rd company of the Suffolk regiment

This company of Capt. Oliver's was in the great Narragansett Swamp fight and Wm. Kembie was present with that command in the engagement for he was so severely wounded that he was left behind in "Road Hand" until to return.

His pay credit was €2, 14s. He is spoken of as "Serv't to Jno. Clere," by which it is understood that he went as Clere's substitute.

He may have been in some degree akin to the Boston family of Kembles to which we have ascribed John and Samuel or he may have been some stray who floated into the New England metropolis and after a time floated out. leaving behind no trace, except his name on military rolls.

In the same company with Wm. Kemble, and likewise wounded, was Mark Rounds, who is called "Serv't to Hen. Kemble," from which it would appear that the Boston anchor smith seut a substitute to the war also, Rounds credit was £2, 14s.

Henry Kemble of Boston, anchor smith, was uncle to John and Samuel the Boston soldiers mentioned before.

RICHARD There remains one more credit for military service at this time to be attributed to a Kemball, namely to Richard of Wenham, 14s., under date of Feb. 24, 1676-7, and such a credit, according to Bodge, most probably stands for services rendered in the later months of 1676, though it might be an earlier service.

Now if it were for service later than May, 1676, it cannot have had to do with Richard of the second generation. (No. 3) for in that month he died, leaving our No. 8 as the only Richard Kemball known to us as being of military age at that time. Both were of Wenham all through this period, and in 1676 No. 3 was 53 years old, and No. 8 was 33. and at the same time the former was a man of considerable means while we are left to presume that the latter was not. These things would indicate that the 14s. was to go to the younger man. On the other hand the service may have been rendered before May. 1676, although credited later, and the



will of No. 3. claiming debts receivable of Hannah Kimball, daughter of Hen by him from the country, indicates that he may have gone campaigning for a while; still his son Thomas was most probably in the war and as Thomas was still a minor at the time of the death of No. 3, possibly the main item of the debt may have been for the wages of the son; or, Richard No. 3 having been a man of means, may have bought an assignment of some soldier's wages, which might have been the "wages" due, referred to in the will.

We prefer not to commit ourselves on the question of service by either of these Richards, and while No. 3 is our drew for Elizabeth Fowler in the disancestor, and No. 8 is not, we will not claim service by the former until it can be more clearly shown, for while we glory in the services of our ancestors and seek to discover them we are more solicitous of the historic truth, believing, as we do, that the day has dawned which has robbed of force not only the author but his adage, who declared that history is lies agreed upon.

Fifty years after King Philip's war the matter of obtaining grants of land | to the soldiers in that war and to the heirs of such of these as had died, began to be vigorously pushed, and after a few years longer it resulted in the granting of several townships to such elaimants.

The men of those days were surely not as swift in demanding rewards for military service as those of later times: imagine a soldier of the civil war of regular wages, until 1910 or 1970 and then only taking land on the frontier.

of service of Henry Kimball, and re-No. 1, now Buxton, Me.

facts as being established by this greof. (1) The name of the husband its reward of satisfaction.

ry, No. 10, was James Godfrey and not John Godfrey, a point upon which the Family History seems to be in doubt. (page 49) and this fact is further supported by Coffin's History of Newbury, (page 303) which gives the marriage date as Feb. 10, 1700, the Family History giving only date of publication, "3 Feb , 1699-1700."

(2) The other fact supported is the identity of the Henry who was in the war, as Henry of Haverhill, whose eldest child married James Godfrey.

Capt. Kemball, (Richard No. 23?) tribution of lands of Narragansett No. 3, now Amherst. N. H. This claim was based on the service of Richard Hutton. father of Elizabeth Fowler, and the records in the case of this grant go to show the parentage of the wife of Joseph Fowler, son of Martha Kimball and Joseph Fowler, (page 34 of the Family History) as being said Richard Hutton

The names above given are believed to be all those of the Kemball, Kimball, Kemble name who were engaged in King Philip's War; but those who are zealous to find an ancestor who served in that first great armed struggle for the existence of New England can hardly fail to find one, if the searcher traces his descent from English stock which has been domiciled in America over one hundred years.

For our own part, while we are doubtful of having had a pregenitor of our own of the Kemball name in that war. we confidently claim a dozen, of other names, among our ancestors, who then helped repel the savages, the records showing services by those whose full names are the names of our ancestors, 1861 waiting for his reward, above his including John Witt, John Raymond, Jonathan Kettle, John Hands, Ephraim Cutter, John Hastings. John Hammond, William Shattuck, Daniel Tenney, John Among such grantees of land was Fuller, Joseph How, John Fearson, James Godfreys who claimed in right Lot Conant and Josiah Wood; and to any who have carefully perused what we have written and have been disapceived land in Narragansett Township pointed in finding no Kimball of their line credited with services here, we Now we may consider at least two say; go on with a search of your own. for such services by your ancestors of other names, and honest perseverance grant, if either fact needed further may be confidently expected to yield



The Origin of the Family

It is noticed that Prof. Sharples is determined in his opinion that the Kimballs should not be located outside of one particular spot in England. He insists that they always have been a Suffolk county people, and hardly known in England outside of that county. In this case we incline to the belief that he has extreme views, Richard the emigrant came from that county, and it is quite true that we know more of the family in that county than elsewhere. But all such fac's and suppositions are not conclusive. Under some circumstances they might somewhat strengthen the probable. For example, the argument would have value in proportion to the recent origin of the family. The time and place of the origin of the Kimball family is unknown. It has been clearly traced back to the early part of the sixteenth century, at least, and more indefinitely to a period still more remote. To this time and to Suffolk count; such tracing is unproken But what evidence have we that it ends then or there? Both tradition, and the probabilities, point to a more ancient date and to more northern, and especially western regions.

Historic references lend support to this view. But of absolute, recorded facts little seems to be known. The question would appear to be one of doubt and not of certainty. Hence it is that so much interest is felt, by many members of the family, that further investigation be had. There are surely good reasons for believing that the family did not have its origin in Suffolk county. There are no well grounded reasons, so far as we know, that it originate there. The signifi cance of the Kimbolde name, whatever it may be, it may be admitted, counts for nothing. If it be a place name, the in'erence is that it originated in

some other place. If it is not a place name, and even if it originally carried with it the most ordinary meaning, it would not argue in favor of that or any other particular locality.

The old Arvan races were migrating people. So were their off-shoots. In fact all the old European races, except perhaps the Basques, were habitual movers, if not from one country to another, then from one portion of their own country to another. At all events the more ancient home of the Kimboulde family may be said to be still unknown. With no less certainty it may be said that up to this date the origin of the family has not been definitely traced beyond t'e south of England. Only tradition goes beyond that. What there is in tradition remains to be demonstrated.

We have received, and return thanks for a copy of the Thirteenth Annual Report of the Maine Genealogical Society. This report is full of interest, It shows that the society is not only in good financial condition, but that it is an active body, doing much to gather and preserve valuable data. other things it gives a list of Family Histories that may be found on its shelves. This list is somewhat surprising. It amounts to 514, and is far from complete. We note the omission of several important histories of the kind. and there are many that can hardly be obtained. It is true that many of those given are small, but many range from 400 pages up to .1315, which is 37 more than the Kimball History which is next to that of the Chandler's, which is the largest. Both the John Kimball and the Morrison & Sharples Histories are given. The total membership of the society is 270 and it embraces names that have a national reputation. It is always a pleasure to receive these reports.



MARRIED.

On Feb. 9, 1898, at the home of the bride's mother, 1219 West Ravenswood Park, Chicago, Miss Ella Howard to Elmer Allen Kimball. Attorney at Law, of 79 Dearborn St., Chicago. The groom is the son of Marshall Kimbail of Greenville, N. H.

On March 5, 1898, Gertrude Mabel Elliott of Penacook, N. H., and crank P. Dodge of Hopkinton. She is a granddaughter of Hannah Mahala (Kimball) Ordway. See page 679. Fam. Hist. They reside in Goffstown, N. II.

Died March 1, 1858, at Kinsman, Ohio, Celestia Betts Thomas, widow of Lucius Henry Thomas. (1712) p. 793.

California Notes

Huldah Kimball married Charles Osborn and lives in East Oakland, California. She has two enildren. Charles Kimball Osboru, and Alice Osborn (Alice aged about 22-5, and Charley a couple of years younger. He is a student at the University of California. Berkley. (Page 412.)

Ernest L. Kimball, 1170 Market St., San Francisco. Married, Aged, apparently, about 28-9 years, blonde, (red hair), about 5 ft. 8 in. He does not know the name of his father, who was drowned a short time before his birth. The mother of Ernest L. Kimball lived in Boston.

Heman A. Kimball (2004) of Oakland California has gone off to Klondike. He ought to cut something of a figure up there as he stands six feet two, and weighs 275 pounds.

turned from a surveying trip in Mexico, and is with his family at Hay. wards California. P. 738.

F. L. Kimball, President Colorado State Bank, Durango, Col. We do not find.him in the book.

Major George H. Kimball, capitalist. Los Angeles, Cal. Not in the book.

Some years ago a prominent and wealthy New York dentist, Dr. J. Albert Kimball, and editor of a dental magazine committed suicide while in a state of nervous prostration which had developed into acute melancholia. The case excited a good deal of local interest. His name is not found in the history, but last month, on page 78. Prof. Sharples as supplementary to page 346, Kitridge Kimball, No. 636a. whose second child was Joseph Albert. number should be 1297a (page 635). He was married and had three children. This Joseph Albert was the dentist above referred to, a fact that has just come to light. We copy the following closing portion of the notice of his death from and old New York paper of the time. "Dr. Kimball left the following note.

A PATHETIC LEAVE TAKING.

Forgive me, my darting wife and friends. Must choose between death and a lunatic asylum. I prefer death. Pray, forgive me; 1 do this as much for your sake as mine. With oceans of love. Farewell. ALBERT.

God be pitiful to our children.

Dr. Kimball was a fine looking man of 49. He was born in Kimball's Hill. N. H., and came here when a boy studied denti: try, and soon built up a practice that made him wealthy "

ED. KIMBALL FAMILY NEWS:

In your issue of March, Prof. Sharples asks for information about Beniamin Kimball who lived in North Carolina after the Revolutionary War. While in Hot Springs. Ara., some years ago I met a gentlemar named Kemball he spelled it with an e) who was at Mr. E. Boyce Kimball recently re- that time a prominent lawyer at Little Rock. I had quit a long conver ation with him on genealogy, and he told me that his people were from North Carolina. Without doubt he could throw considerable light on that branch of the family were correspondence opemed with him.

ALBERT B. KIMBALL. Seandia. Kas. (p. 940.)



ANNOUNCEMENT.

It has been judged best not to publish a supplement to the Kimbal Family History. The material collected for this purpose will be used in this besides to place to the course of the next tew on this course of the next tew on this A. the case is or eight months we might perhaps be ready to publish a supplement by the first of jamara, type. The News offers us tactlines for publishing thus

MORRISON & SHARPLES.

Kimball Family News, Topeka, Kansas. Price 50c a year. Published Monthly.

Notes Supplementary to the Data of the "Kimball Family History"

Page 83—Insert 205a before it Amoss. Page 103—Insert 23a before it Moss. Page 146—Insert 205a Amos Kimbail_g (Dean¹, Joseph¹, John², Richard¹) b. Ipswich, Mass.; m. June 29, 1760. Mary Battey. Resided in Warwick, K. L.

- CHILDREN.
 i Nancy⁶ b. Aug. 1770.
- ii Roby⁶ b. 1772; m. June 10, 1798, John Budlong.
- iii Mary⁶ b. 1773; m. Feb. 3, 1805. Cyrus Manchester.

480a iv Amos' b. Aug 12, 1782.

Page 197—Johnson Guill⁵ b. 1792; m. Mary C.
— b. 1794, d. Mar. 18. 1877. He resided in Lancaster, N. H., and d. there April 10. 1894. In his father's will made in 1810 he is to have \$3 when he comes of age, and he is to have his time if he wants to learn a trade.

Page 183—Insert 283a Moses Kimball⁵ (Abnert, Ebenezer⁷, Benjamin², Richard¹) b. Haverhill. Mass., Nov. 8, 1747, d. in Ohio, Nov. 9, 1828; m. Hopkinton, N. H., Oct. 16, 1771. Jemina Clement, daughter of Timothy Clement.

CHILDREN.

i Abner⁶. ii Moses⁶.

659a iii Charles⁶ b. Portsmouth, N. H.; Dec. 8, 1794; d. Dec. 26, 1876.

Page 210—iii Hannah'd, Apr. 18, 1848; m. Mar. 1808, James Chase, b. Sept. 28, 1787. Son of Jonathan Chase. Children: 1 Elvira Chase b. May 7, 1809, d. July 2, 1879; m. Jan. 13, 1842, Edwin S. Adams, her cousin, son of Daniel and Sophia (Kimball) Adams. 2 DeWitt Clinton Chase' b; Mar. 18, 1813, d. Jan. 7, 1835.

iv Sophin'd, Nor. 24, 1898; m. Oct. 24, 1895, Daniel Adams. Children: 1 Edwin S. Adams' b. Sept. 14, 1896; m. Elvira Chase. 2 Julia Marna Adams' b. July 14, 1899; m. Feb. 1, 1844, Leverett Winslow Spofford, b. Nov. 11, 1890. Childreni, Leverett Winslow Spofford' b. Nov. 9, 1844. ii Julia Ann Adams Spofford' b. Mar. 24, 1846.

Page 213—240a Hannah' b. 1782; m. Waterford, Me., Apr. 7, 1812, Luther Hanlin, b. South Waterford. Maine, May 8, 1788; d. December 8, 1554. He was a farmer. Children: 1, George Kimball Hamlin' b. Mar. 10, 1814. 2 Calvin Hamlin' b. May 18, 1810. 3 Luther Hamlin' b. Feb. 5, 1818. 4 Mary Giddings Hamlin' b.Aug, 29, 1823; d. Aug. 12, 1827.

Page 234—Children of Peter Sanborn Kimball.

Charles was b. June 15, 1791.

Dean should be 819a Nehemiah

Dean; for an account of his family

see p. 1152a.

Peter Sanborn Kimball was a cooper and resided in Exeter. N. H., 1797 or s. when he removed to Lisbon. Me. At Brunswick. Me., his wife was taken ill and died, leaving hin among strangers with five small children to be provided for. He could not continue his journey with them, and they were taken into the homes of residents of Brunswick. He then went to Lisbon. Me., where he spent the remainder of his life.



CHILDREN.

990a i Eliza⁷ b. July 16, 1806; d. Jan. 1896.

ii Benjamin F. b. Ang. 4, 1808; d. Dec. 12, 1808.

990b iii William Battey b. Oct. 11, 1810. iv Susan A. b. Jan. 17, 1813; m. May 12, 1839. Roswell Putler of Conn. v. Sarah H. b. June 15, 1814; d. Aug.

20, 1815.

vi Louis' b. May 25, 1819; d. Mar. 30, 1843; m. Oct. 13, 1839, Sarah Potter of Scituate, R. I.

vii Ann Maria⁷ b. Nov. 20, 1820; d. April 18, 1821.

CHILDREN.

Jane⁷ b.——; d.——; m. ——Ewing.
 Thomas Mansfield⁷; resides in Missouri.

iii Moses Clement: resides in Penver. Colorado.

iv Mary Ann' b. — : d. — ; m. Joseph Wiles. Res. in Ohio.

v William R. d. in Illinois.

vi Caroline' m. Washington Wiles.

vii Sarah^r m. A. Whisner. viii Ebenezer Liston^r; resides in Mis-

souri. ix John Wesley': resides in Kansas.

x Eliza⁷ m.A. Evans. Normal, Ill. xi Charles Marcus⁷ b. Ripley, Ohio,

May 13, 1860. Page 367—Jonathan Kimbalii d Aug. 1860.

Joseph⁸ m. Mehitable Bragdon. of Limington, Me.

Polly's d. Sept. 1860; m. Merrill Perkins of Tamworth, N. H.

Daniel' m. Sarah Prescott, of Portland, Me. 1388a David⁸ m. Nancy Granville his cousin.

Mercy⁸ m. Weld Chase of Parsonsfield.

Add after Alvah⁸, Nancy⁸, b. 1810; lives in Tamworth, N. H. Erase 1390 John Granville⁸.

Page 373-Mary Clift. Erase never married. She married about 1835. --Freeman and resided in Michigan. She died a few years after her marriage at her old home in Lebanon leaving a son Otis Freeman. He went when a boy with his father to California where he married. Ilis wife has been dead many years. He is a Purser in the employment of the Pacific Mail S. S. Co., sailing between San Francisco and and Yokabama. Children: 1 Marv Freeman16: 2 Otis Freeman16: 3 Fanny Freeman10; 4 Florence Freeman10 d. about 1894

Page 374—The date of Lewis Kimball's second marriage should be 1858.

Page 379—707 is Sarah Tapley m. about 1s92, Emerson Faulkner Carter, son of John and Pamelia (Hamilin) Carter. She died in 1s95, and he married about 1s30, her sister Paulina. He was educated atthe Bridgton Academy and followed the profession of a teacher. Children: I Amelia Hortense Carter? b. 1835 unmarried. 2 Charles Farrar Carter? b. Albany. N. Y., 1s41. He died July 13, 1s44, as the result of a wound received at the battle of sabine Cross Roads. 3 Elizabeth Paulina Carter? b. 1s56.

Page 380—Maria Wood Kimball⁸ d. May 21, 1896. Augusta. Me. She was a noble woman and had a large cirele of friends.

Page 395—John B.* was b. April 3, not April 13.

Page 396—x Jane⁸ b. Aug. 22, 1806; d. Sept. 16, 1855; m. Jan. 17, 1825, John D. Dodge; resided in Bridgton, Mc. xii George⁸ was a stage driver and owner.



Page 404-Lydia Robinson Keith d. Apr. 19, 1897.

Page 416-The date of birth of John Lelaud Kimball was 1819, not 1818. Add the following: Died Saco, Me., June 2, 1892; m. June, 1850, Harriet N. Dyer, b. --; d. Jan. 2, 1897. She was the daughter of Isaac Dyer of Baldwin, Me. He was graduated from the Vermont Medical College in 1847. He was surgeon of of the 27th Me. Regiment during the war, and was one of the most eminent physicians in Maine. Children; 1 Frederick b. Apr. 12, 1851; d. Aug. 25, 1951. 2 Lucia Amelia b. Sept. 16, 1855; m. Oct. 3, 1894, John Wentworth Deering; resides in Boston, Mass.

Page 426—Hannah Kimball who m. Deacon Thomas Mabry is still living in Hiram, Me. Thomas Mabry d. Feb 5, 1885; b. Windham, Me., Sept. 14, 1801.

Cyrus Kimball Chapman writes in regard to his mother and aunt as follows: Hannah K. Mabry will be 92 years old April 25, next; is smart and active, attends church where her son preaches, makes quilts, draws rugs, and helps about the housework; is straight as an arrow and bright as a button. His mother, Elizabeth, her sister, lives with him and at 75 is able, if occasion calls, to work all day about the house.

CHILDREN.

Malison K. Maory b. Hiram. Me., Oct. 16, 1834; m. Doreas True, b., Denmark, Me.; d. Hiram. Me.; m., Mur. 16, 1836, Ella True Safford, b., Turner, Me., Nov. 11, 1840; daughter of Francis Lane Safford and Polly F. (Millett) Safford.

He commenced teaching at the age of 17, and has been a teacher for forty years, teaching at Limerick Academy and Parsonsield Seminary: teaching in all 112 terms. He was Supt. of Schools for York Co., for three years. He became a

preacher in the M. E. Church in He has been stationed at Fairfield, Livermore, Turrer, Rumford and Andover, Me. Enlisted in 17th Me. Regt June 17, 1862; was commissioned Lieut., was discharged for disability in 1864. Has always been an active worker in temperance and all reforms. Children:1 Abbie Mabry 10 b. Hıram. Jan. 23, 1849; d. Limerick, Aug. 3, 1886; m. June 3, 1873, George Swasey. 2 Irving Mabry 10 b. Jan. 4, 1851; m. July 23, 1876, Jennie Fitch. He is a successful physician in North Fryeburg, Me. 3 Charles Mabry10 b. Mar. 11, 1853; m. Cornish, Me., Nov., 1577, Lizzie Norton. He is a physician at No. Vassalboro. Me. 4 Sarah Mabry10 b. June 16, 1858; m. Dr. Lyman Shehan, of West Superior, Wis. 5 Alberta Mabryl. b. Mar 24, 1860; m. Cornish, Me., May 8, 1880, Josiah Abbot of Fryeburg Me. He is a music teacher. 6. Willis Mabry 10 b. Feb. 4, 1857; m. Sept. 10. 1881. Maria Louise Watson. He re sides in Cambridgeport, Mass.. where he is engaged in the business of manufacturing piano supplies. 7 Cora Mabry 10 b. Mar 12, 1865.

ii Abigail Mabry⁹ b. Oct 27, 1827; d. Dec. 5, 1840.

iii Sumner Mabry⁹ b. Marz 20, 1830; d. Hiram, Me., Dec. 3, 1831, iv Royal Mabry⁹ b. Jan. 1, 1834, m

1v Royal Mabry b. Jan. 1, 1834, m Doreas Alexander of Hiram. Me. Page 425—Hope Kimball m. Enoch Rankins.

CHILDREN

i George H. Rankins⁹ m. Addie Howard and has three children, two of whom are married and have fehildren. Jennie Rankins¹⁰ m. Frank Martin of Sebago. Me., and has one child. Nellie Rankins¹⁰ unmarried.

ii Sophia Rankius⁹ married J.E. Stuart of Hiram and has had two children, one of whom is living.

iii The third child of Hope, died young.

Page 426-Nabby* had children.

i Jesse K. Hanson³ who went to California about 1955.

ii Frank Hanson's married Rhoda



Clapp: was in the army and was taken prisoner. He died some years after the war from softening of the brain produced by the extreme suffering of his imprisonment.

iii Ephraim K. Hanson⁹ m. Mrs. Ran-

kins: has a family.

iv Edward K. Hanson* m. Almeda Richardson of Euldwin. He bas a family. He was shot through the head at the battle of Cedar Creek. losing one eye and lying twentyfour hours on the battlefield supposed to be dead. He lived and for twenty years was section hand on the monutain Division of the Maine Central R. R. His wife is dead; he lives in Hiram. Me.

 V John Hanson⁹ went many years ago to Washington and is engaged in railroad business.

Austin Hanson's served in the Union Army and was killed in battle.

Page 427—Add to the children of Ephraim Kimball; Ezrom', Albion's and Abigail. Ezrom Kimball'm. Miss—Shedd and lived and died in Albany. Me. Albion'm. and lived in Waterford. Me.. and had children and grand children habigail'm. J. Shedd and lived in Albany. Me.

Page 428—819 Charles Kimball b. June 15, 1791, d. June 10, 1872; m. Sept. 17, 1817, Saloma Hasty, b. Limington, Me., Dec. 10, 1792; d. May 30 1870.

CHILDREN.

i Robert Haste b. Sept. 22, 1819; m. Nov. 19, 1843.

ii Mary Elizabeth, b. Oct. 7, 1824. iii Emmeline A., b. Jan. 10, 1827; d.

July 13, 1843.

iv Harriet Jane⁸ b. Aug. 3, 1830.

v Abigail Ann' b. Feb. 19, 1834; m. Sept. 26, 1834. Noah Wentworth Barker of Cernish. Me; moved to borotland. Me., 1869. Chibiren: Hattie Louise Barker⁹ b. July 23, 1855; d. Jan. 6, 1863. 2 Alice May Rarker⁹ b. Mar. 27, 1855; m. Isaacl

D. Merrill of Portland, Me.: Child, Phillip Horatio Merrill¹⁰ b. Jan. 27, 1881; d. Jan. 16, 1885. 3 Abner II Barker⁹ b. Portland Me., March 20, 1875.

All descendants of Charles Kimball reside in Wellington, Mass.

Page 436—John Henry Kimball* b. Sourersworth, Jan. 16, 1847; m.Nov. 3, 1878, Annie L. Sears, b. Apr. 7, 1861; dan. of Thomas and Hannah (Maxfield)Sears of Concord N.H. He is a machinist and resides in Lawrence Mass.

CHILDREN.

i John Henry⁹ b. Methuen. Mass. Dec. 18, 1880.

ii David Alvin⁹ b July 22, 1885.
Page 439—Frank E.⁸ was b. 1866, not 1856.

Page 445—Gavin should be Garvin. Page 447—John C. Kimball⁸had a child Ida⁹ who was adopted by her uncle.

Henry P., Jan. 31, 1879.

Page 448-Wirt Exemis should be Wirt

Ximeo.
Page 453—Betsey Kimball' was b. Oct.
15, 1778; d. Feb. 28, 1855. Col. Cyrus Leland was b. Mar. 15, 1785; d.
Oct 22, 1831.

Page 433—Insert before vi Martha Leland. Russell Leland* b. June 23. 1523; d. Mar. 13. 1840. He was lost at sea. Kimball Leland should be Kimball white Leland should be Soon Pardon Kimball Leland* b. Aur. 18, 1884. Lilly Leland should be Lillier shem. Evan H. Brown. Cora Leland m. Charles E. Abraham.

Page 45%—Mary Fisher should be Mary M. Fisher.

Page 442-901a William Story Kimball (Bichard's, Richard's, Richard's, Richard's, Richard's, Barn's, Richard's, Barn's, Richard's Barn's, Richard's Barn's, Richard's Barn's, Richard's Barn's, Richard 20, 1500. They resided in Thomaston, Metill 1853 and then removed to Bley St. Clair Co., Mich. He was a privateersman on the "America" of Salem, Mass. during the war of Salem, Mass.



1812. He was a cabinet maker and owner of a rope walk at Thomaston. Me. She was the daughter of Marlborough and Peronella (Fales) Conant and the grandaughter of John and Deborah (Perkins)Conant. CHILDREN.

1691a i Joseph Story8 b. June 5, 1818. 1691b ii Sarah Story's b. Oct. 31, 1819. iii William8 b. Feb. 13, 1821; d. Aug. 14, 1840, at New Orleans of vellow fever.

iv Charles⁸ b. July 7, 1823; d. July 24,

v Mary J.8 b. Sept. 20, 1825; d. Mar.

vi Emily Conant's b. Jan. 20, 1827; d. Dec. 23, 1892.

1691e vii Moses Coombs⁸ b. April 21,

1691d vii Thomas Danforth8 b. July 18, 1831.

ix Edward Brown b. April 6, 1833; d. May 8, 1834.

x Ada Lueys b. Mar. 9, 1835; m. Nov. 22, 1857, Harry Barbour, d. Sept. 22, 1887. She resides in Imlay, Mien.

1691e xi Malvina Susan8 b. Sept 24,

xii William Edways b. Oct. 24, 1841. Resides at Riley, Mich.

1691f xiii Julia Fendall', b. Jan. 22, 1844. Page 469-Harvey Chapman m. Dec. 1,

1839, Elizabeth Harvey: m. 2nd, Mrs. Abbie Stoddard Crantz. One; child, who m. T. H. Hood of Norwich. Conn. Mary Avery should be Maria Avery.

Add ix William Chapman m. June 18, 1849, Emily Stanton.

Page 473-Granville Barefoot should

Granville Beaufort. Page 473-William Jones Kimball had a son Elisha Barnum Kimball⁹ who was b. Henrietta, N. Y., Oct. 15, 1855; m. Port Townsend, Washing- Page 405-Hiram Winchester d. 1877. ton. Nov. 7, 1891. Elsie Isabel Dempster; b. Cold Springs, Ont., Mar. 12, Page 497-990a Eliza Kimball⁷ (Amos⁶,

1857; daughter of John and Christina (McDonald) Dempster. He is a baker and is proprietor of the Oakland, California, Baking Co. He manufactures a special kind of cracker, known as the Kimball Butter Cracker. Child: Elma Lovisa10 b. Stockton, Cal., Aug. 30, 1894.

Page 481-The first child of Thomas was Margaret8 b. Jan. 25, 1813.

Page 488-Jane Burrell should be Jane Barret: she was a cousin to his first

Page 489-Jennie Etta8 m. Aug. 10, 1887, Louis Elmer Carleton; resides, El-

dorado, Kansas. Page 493-Stephen Patterson should be Stephen Sawyer Patterson. Add to his children: 1v George Patterson". v John Patterson', vi Sarah Patterson8, vii Etta Patterson8, Erase Dana Shippey Sweet and insert Addie Sweet⁹ m. Dana Shippey. Charles C. Sweet was a soldier in the late war and died at home of wounds received in the service.

Page 493—Gilbert Fowler d. Sept. 1895. Page 494-Richard C. S. Fowler m .-and has three children. 1 Charles Fowler9; 2 Clifford Fowler9; 3 Caroline Fowler3. Sarah Fowler should be Sarah Burnham Fowler b. June 30, 1834; m. Sylvanus Harmon. She d. in 1867, leaving one son, Gilbert F. Harmon, b. Nov. 23, 1858; m. --resides Portland, Me.

iv Mary P. Fowlers, b. Oct. 6.

v Charlotte Fowlers, d. 1858.

Epwin Chapman d. Havana. Cuba, Page 494-Top. Abigail Kimball⁸ lives at Saco. Me.

Ellis Palmers b. June 19, 1837. lives at Bar Milis, Hollis. Me.; dau. Bertie Forest Kimball b. Feb. 6. 1969.

Mary Ann⁸ m. Tristam Woodman of Gorham, Me.; son of Capt. James Woodman of Buxton, Me.

not 1887.



Amos5, Dean4, Joseph3, Jchn2, Richard1) b. Warwiek, R. I., July 6, 1806; d. Bowen's Hill Coventry, R. I., June 19, 1896; m. Warwick, R. L. Feb. 23, 1834, James G. Bowen. b. - ; d. June, 1879, Bowen's Hill, R. I.; son of John Bowen. He was descended from Richard Bowen of Rehobeth who came from Wales and died in 1674.

CHILDREN.

- i Mary Eliza Bowens b. Jan 8, 1836; d. July 14, 1858.
- ii Susan Kimball Bowen b. April 21, 1338.

Page 497-900b William Battey Kimball (Amoss, Amoss, Deans, Josephs, John², Richard¹) b. Warwiek, R. I., Oct. 11, 1810; m. North Scituate, R. I., July 11, 1812, Sarah Maria Rounds, b. Foster, R. I., Aug. 31, 1820; dau. of Parley and Elizabeth (Phillips) Rounds. Resided in North Scituate and Bristol, R. I. CHILDREN.

- i William Eugene' b. Feb. 17, 1844. resides N. Y.
- ii George's b. Mar. 17, 1846.
- iii Sarah' b Mar. 17, 1546.
- iv Francis Marion' b. May 1, 1749; d. Sept. 24, 1954.
- 1772a v Charles Edmunds' b. Sept. 24.
- Page 504-Mary Sophia d 1896,
- Page 504-Edward Kimball m. June. no* January.
- Edward E. was b. July, not June. Page 517-Besse should be Bessey.
- Page 51 -- No. 237 is the wrong family

In place of it erase all after the date of birth of Charles S. Kimball and insert the following. He was killed in the pineries of northern Minn . Feb. 7, 1874; m. July 4, 1838. Ruth W. Trafton, b. Harrison, Me .. Jan. 20, 1811; dau. of Josiah Traf- Page 552-Rachel Blaisdel Kimball d ton. They lived in Naples and Se-bago. Me They removed to Minn. in 1872 settling in Minneapolis 5, 1855. Ann M. Morril m. 1833, where he engaged in the lumber Page 554—Rev. Charles Dana Barrows business with his two sons. He was accidentally killed by a tree falling on him.

CHILDREN,

- i Lucy A.5 b. Dec. 23, 1839; m. June 14, 1858, Daniel S. Newhall of Lynn. Mass.
- ii Augusta A.8 b Nov. 7, 1841.
- iii Abbie M. b. Mar. 27, 1844, Naples. Me.: m. July 31, 1869, George E. Nason, of Lynn, Mass.
- 1821a iv Leonards b. Aug. 23, 1848. 1821b v Porter b. May 6, 1851.
- Page 541-Erase "was a teacher for
- many years in Nashua."
- Page 549-Frederick White Kimball was b. Jan. 7, 1805, not 1806.
- Page 549-Ann Maria Chadwiek d 1891: m. Thomas Abbott of Barton. Vt. They settled in Independence, In He was a lawyer. Children: 1 Fred M. Abbott, is unmarried: is a Congregational minister. 2 Mary Abbott d. aged about sixteen. 3 Frank Abbott d. aged about 17 years. He was a promising young man. 4 Edward B. Abbott is a lawyer in Independence, Iowa.
- Page 549-Martha Jane Chadwick m. Aaron D. Metealf, contractor and builder of Northfield, Vt. He died about 1882. Children; 1 Geo. W. Metealf: is a merchant in Douglas.
 - Wyoming. 2 Edward D. Metcalf. is a banker in Buffalo. Wyoming. 3 Eliza M. Metealf, m. J. M. Howland who is in the real estate business in New York City. 4 Fred H. Metealf, was graduated from the Beston Dental College in 1845. He is a dentist in Sacramento, Cal. He has taken a high rank in his profession. He is a member of the

state examining board, and was

- the youngest man ever appointed to that position in California. Page 550-Daniel Whipple Brown should
- oe Daniel Kunball Brown. Page 550-Styles' should be Jesse
- May 31. 1896. Lucy H. Kimball b. 1855. Ann M. Morril m. 1833.
 - m. and has at least two son. The oldest. Malcolm Barrows, taught school in Lynn, Mass.



Page 556-Harry Whitmore is superintendent of Jewett City Mills, Jewett City, Conn. Erase the remainder of the account

Page 558-Mary E. Kimball m. 1856, George J. Dorr. Resides in Chicago.

CHILDREN.

i Harriet Dorr's b. 1861; m. Rodney L. Taylor, Children: 1 Dorr Taylor 10 b. 1886; 2 Mary R. Taylor¹⁶ b. 1887.

ii Melorie L. Dorr⁰. Page 558-Charles H. Kimballi d. 1888.

Augusta E. Kimball' m. 1861. Wilham Wallace, m. 2nd P. L. Under-wood Harriet W. Kimball m. 1866. William M. Scott.

Page 558-Jacob Kimball d. April 5, 1879, not 1869.

Page 560-Instead of Joanna Ames.

read Eames. Page 560-Fourth line from top read DeWitt Clinton, instead of John.

MARTIN NELSON KIMBELL.

One of the public-spirited pioneers of Cook County, was born in Stillwater, New York, January 24, 1812. He was the eldest child of Abel Kimbell and Maria Powell. The former was born at Pownal, Bennington County, Vermont, and was a son of Noah Kimbell, of Rhode Island. Noah was of Scotch Irish descent, and a farmer and miller. He took part in the battle of Benningtou. Abel Kimbell died in Saratoga County, New York, in 1873 at the age of forty-two years. He was in the war of 1812.

Mrs. Maria Kimbell died in 1830. Her mother's name was Nelson, of Dutch descent, and her father was Frost Poweli. He was of English-Welsh extraction, son of Obediah Powell, a Onaker. who died in Saratoga County at the Revolutionary War he removed from Dutchess county, with his wife Betsey, bringing all their belongings on a pack pony. They became the parents of three sons and eight daughters, all of whom lived to extreme old age. During the Revolutionary struggle, Obediah Powell was much censured by his neighbors for his non-combatant prin. In 1818 he purchased this land, paying

ciples, and most of his personal property was confiscated. But he was steadfast in his convictions, and became one of the leading farmers of the At the age of ninety-eight county. he husked several baskets of corn and carried them to the loft of his carriage house. His house was a favorite gath ering place of his numerous descendants, including the subject of this sketch who was recipient of considerable attention from the old gentleman on account of his being the first greatgrandchild. About 1840 Frost Powell moved to Wisconsin, settling near Waterford, where he died a few years later.

Martin N. Kimbell was but six years old when the family removed to Pennsylvania, and a tew years later they moved to Troga county, New York. His pa ents implanted in his mind those upright and honorable principles which. with the habits of industry, frugality and sobriety acquired in early youth, admirably fitted him for the battle of life. At the age of twelve years he began working out among the neighboring farmers, his first wages being \$4.00 per month. This money was spent for schooling, most of his education being obtained after he had passed the age of eighteen years. At the age of twenty he returned to Saratoga county. New York, where he was employed as as foreman upon a large farm at the extraordinary salary of \$11.00 per mouth, the other help receiving from \$5.00 to \$8.00. After a few years he went to Tioga County and taught school age of nearly 100 years. Before the for several terms, "boarding around." Having heard wonderful tales of the great west, in 1436 he came to Chicago. His first work here was farming and teaming. In the fal, of the same year he made a claim to a quarter-section of land in Jefferson township, now inside of the city limits, and in the spring of 1837 built a shanty of hay on his claim.



\$2.50 per acre in annual instalments of with which he was held in the communhouse near the location of his late residence and engaged in active farming. Four years later he rented a hotel on Milwaukee avenue, at the corner of the thoroughfare, now known as Warner avenue. This house was known as "The Prairie Grocery," but he changed its name to "Live and Let Live." Although this enterprise was quite successful he resolved to abandon it be cause it did not provide a satisfactory environment for his growing family. and two year later he returned to his farm which was his home the rest of his life. At one time his farm comprised 217 acres, most of which has been subdivided in city lots. He engaged for some years in jobbing and and general contracting. In 1849 he began to grade and plank the highway known as Milwaukee avenue, and built about thirteen miles thereof, and was afterwards employed for five years as superintendent of the Northwestern Plank and Road Co. Mr. Kimbell was also interested in several other enterprises, and was for eleven years a director of the National Bank of Illinois. He was always a firm friend of the cause of education. Two terms of school were kept in his house during which time he boarded the teacher gratuitiously, and he has often contributed money in excess of his school tax for the purpose of securing capable teachers. The first school house in his district was built by himself and two neighbors at their own expense. He was a school officer for thirty years without hope of reward.

In early life he was a democrat, but upon the passage of the fugitive slave law he renounced that party, and during the agitation which followed that act, he sheltered several times runaway negroes in his house and rendered them other assistance. He made no secret of these acts, but such was "he respect

\$100. The same year he built a frame lity that no one interfered with this practical demonstration of his principles. Upon the organization of the Republican party he became one of its strongest supporters. He was a member of the first Board of Supervisors of Cook County, and served as Deputy Sheriff at one time. Three of his sons served in the Union Army during the Civil War, in Battery A. 1st Illinois Light Artillery and Mr. Kimbell spent most of his time for three years in sanitary and benevolent work for the soldiers. The first contribution of \$300 he raised was the proceeds of a ball at the Jefferson Town Hall. In this and other ways he subsequently contributed largely to the funds of the Sanitary Commission.

Mr. Kimbell was married Aug. 31. 1837, to Sarah Ann Smalley. Her father Nehemiah Smalley, died in 1836, soon after coming to Chicago with his family. Mrs. Kimbell was born in Madison County, New York, April 8, 1816, and has been an able helpmeet of her husband during their long life of laborious career. Eight children lived to grow up: Charles B., Julius W., Spencer S., Anne Maria, Sarah Angeline, Frank A., Martin N., Edward C., Anne M., afterwards Mrs. Jacob Stryker, died in 1886, and Julius W., in 1897. Sarah Angeline, now Mrs. E. H. Smalley, lives in Minnesota.

M. N. Kimbell dieá Feb. 13, 1895. The last years of his life were spent in quiet retirement, surrounded by his numerous family, enjoying the fruits of a life of hard and honest labor, combined with temperance, benevolence and frugality, a useful and exemplary life, well worthy of emulation by rising generations. Mrs. Kimbell died Nov. 24, 1596.

We have an idea that if ever an extended investigation is secured, it will be found that the Kimballs, Kembies, Kunberleys, etc., all had the same origin.



Who was Bridget Kimball, who merried Nathaniel Garland, lived in Madbury and Farmington, N. H. (he, born July 25, 1739, son of Nathaniel and Sarah Garland, of Dover N. II.) and ten children as follows: 1, Page (?) b. Sept. 15, 1761; 2, Doreas, b. March 9, 1763, m. Jan. 12, 1791, Stephen Pierce, residence Rochester: 3, Lydia. b. Dec. 20. 1764, m Nov. 22, 1787, John Place, Jr., res. Rochester; 4, Frank, b. Apr. 20, 1766. 5, Hannah, b. Apr. 16, 1768, m. Jany. 26, 1786, Samuel Palmer; 6, Tristram, b-July 22, -, m, Apr. 18, 1799, Elizabeth, Roberts, res. Farmington, 5 children; 7 Joseph b. Oct. 26, 1773;8. Richard m. July 11, 1810, Mary Hurd res. Farmington, s children: 9, Dr. Ephraim K., b. Mar. ---: m. Mary Harrington, went to Alna, Me., thence to Whitefield, N. H. and died about 1860 in Belfast, Me., had eight children; 10. Rebecca. b. about 1779. m. Feb. 18, 1802, David Wiggin; children, Sally, Nancy, Joseph, and Elizabeth Wiggin, (See Garland Genealogy 1897.

The United States Senate has confirmed the nomination of Ivory 1. Kimball, a native of Jay, Me., to be justice of the polive court of bistrict of Columbia for six years. This is Judge Kimball's second term. He was born May 3, 1843, and lived much of his life in Indiana before he went to Washing ton to accept a position offered him by Secretary of the Treasury, Hugh McCuiloch.

There are many owners of the Family History who are not subscribers for the News. If they wish to secure the supplementary matter entire that Prof. Sharples is now preparing they should subscribe at once, as the supply of tack numbers is limited.

We have notice of the death of Jeanette Kimbali Ennis of Houston, too late for further mention this mouth. See page 1152d of History.) Messrs Walker and Kimball are the architects in charge of the Omaha exposition building, and Williard Kimball is the director of Music for the exposition. He is actively seeking the best musical talent to be found in the west, and to the St Louis (lobe Democrat pays a high compliment to western music. This has inspired the musical orginizations into active competition.

Prof. Sharples kindly sends us a small pamph'et—an essay entitled "A Bit of Presumable Family History Who'are the Kimbails?" It is a paper read by Alice Kimbail Hopkins at the reunion of 1891, and contains data of value, to which we may refer at some ruture time.

Second Annual

REUNION

OF THE

KIMBALL FAMILY

ON THE

PACIFIC COAST

Saturday, June 4, 1898,

10 а. т. to б р. т.

GOLDEN GATE HALL, 620 Sutter Street.

San Francisco, California.

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Vol. 1.

JUNE, 1898.

Price &C Cents a Year. 9. 3. Kimball, Sublisher.

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Jopeka, Kansas.



The Kimball Family News. AN HISTORIC GENEALOGICAL PAPER. Published Monthly. 835 North Kansas Avenue

TOPEKA. KANSAS.

The News is published in behalf of the Kimbail clan, and its kindred, and incidentally in behalf

of all family brotherhood The of ject is not simply to gather genealogical data, but to restore, record and preserve the family history, biography and traditions, and to cultivate a spirit of emulation among families that will lead to a higher patriotism and a better

Family advertisements will be inserted on last page, and miscellaneous advertisements of an anobjectionable character on the cover pages, at 50

cents an Inch each Insertion, or \$5,00 a year.
Address all business and miscellaneous communications to the publisher, G. F. Kimball, Fo-

peka. Kansas. Subscription Price, 50 cents a year in advance. Do not send personal checks unless cost of exchange is added.

Address all queries, and purely genealogical matters to Prof. S. P. Sharples, 13 Broad Streef, Boston, Mass., who has volunteered to conduct this department for the year. In asking information of him return postage should be included

Entered for Transmission as Second Class Matter

Advertising in the News.

Several members of the family have separately expressed a purpose to send advertisements to the News, but so far only one has done so. Three or four of these have expressed a desire that a number of such advertisements should be secured before any are inserted, as there should be enough to make a fair showing. So it would apappear that each one is waiting upon somebody else. Now that there may be concert of action it is suggested to that they send in their matter at once, conditional that it appear if, say, four or five others do the same too. The cost would be 50 cents a month for one inch, but no money should be sent with these conditional orders. Personally we are not very solicitons about the matter. The publication of the News this year is not a business matter. It is a test. If continued beyond this year, it will be out on a business basis. It will not be continued unless it pays its way. In due time circumstances will determine this.

Second Annual

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Saturday, June 4, 1898,

10 a. m. to 6 p. m.

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All those intending to subscribe for the Kimball Family News for this year should do so at an early date, in order to secure the full volume. We have a limited supply of back numbers and those who care to have cards inserted, be worth while subscribing, as the volwhen they are gone it would hardly ume, to be of value should be complete. It will probably require all the issues of this year to complete the supplemental matter now in sight.

> The second California reunion, as will be seen elsewhere will be held in San Francisco, June 4. They are looking for a great time; better than last year. and that was good enough.

> Work on the first two numbers of the News, which are to be reprinted, has been commenced.



The Kimball Family News

Topeka, Kansas, June, 1898.

Vol. 1, No. 6.

Terms 50 cents a year.

The Family Name

There are still in use varied spellings of the family name. It has been suggested that a return be made to that of Kemball as used by Richard the immigrant to this country. There is really no good reason why this should be done. There is reason why a uniformity would be a good thing. Very few family names have maintained the same spelling for a very long period of time Especially is this true of English, Keltic and Anglo-Saxon names change in the form of family names has kept pace with the change and formation of the Euglish language. It is not easy for the average person to read understandingly a paragraph of good English written over three hundred years ago, and the language is still in a formative state, particularly in its etymology.

Very few family names are now writen as they were formerly. Some are so changed as not to be recognized. save by experts A few simple samples will illustrate. Take the common names Putnam, formerly Puttenham; Peabody once Pabodie; Polk, once and still some, times Pollock, and so of hundreds of others. These are among the simplest. Now take one a little more complicated. Warden is a very common name. The Auglo-Saxon root is the noun "weard," a keeper or guardian. The Anglo-Saxon had many words commencing with "w". The Normans had no "w" and so they substituted "u" for "w". But to make easier the pronunciation they also added a "g" and the anglicised word became guard instead of weard. With the slight modification of the latter we had "ward" and thus the language was enriched by an additional word. And so we get also

the two derivatives, Warden and Guardian.

In Highland Scotch "Mac" means "son of." MacDonald would be son of Donald. The English would have made it Donaldson. Both are now common forms. "Mc" is simply the form of ["Mac" more distinctively Irish.

In Wales the word "ap" and anciently "Map", perhaps a modified "Mac," signifies "son of," and so snch Wesh names as Ap Howell and Ap Richard readily become Powel and Pritchard in English.

English surnames have been divided into four groups. It is estimated that ninety percent, of all English names may be classed under these four heads.

In earliest times names were merely personal, that is, in no way-connected with others. Such names were usually descriptive of some real or imagined characteristic or quality. Ancient names were almost invariably of this character. Angustas was grand; Bernard. bold: Charles, strong; Darius, preserver; Eve, life-giving; etc.

In time something more definite was found to be necessary, and additional names were added. At first these added, d. super (extra), or surnames were not handed down from father to son. In the other words they did not at once become family names. Any one could select his own added, or surname, and as many as he desired.

Prof. Sharples has somewhere called attention to the fact that but few double names are found in the Kimbail family until late in the last century. Lord Coke said that no one could have more than one baptismal name, although he might have several surnames. In practice this has now been reversed.

At first these surnames were confined to persons of importance, whom



it became necessary to distinguish from ined at the Hereford Assizes who gave others bearing the same personal or is name John Jones. In cross examigiven name As population increased it became necessary to enlarge the lie was next asked if he was ever known practice, and finally desirable to dis- as Evan Evans. To this question he tinguish families one from another. It was not until then that family or sire names came into use. Herein, too, but it was explained to him by a Welsh may be found the difference between barrister that the witness had answered surname and straume, a source of much discussion among etymologists. A surname, properly, is not a family name, or Evan Evans, without any real but an extra, or added name. A sire, change of name. or sir-name is a father or family name

English names, or sir-names.

- 1. These are such as are derived from given names like Adam's-son, John-son, Arthur, MacDonald, O'Brian, (Brian's tioned above.
- 2. Names derived from localities, as Dell, Rivers, Poole, Forest, Peak, Lane, Bridge, etc.
- 3. Names derived from occupations. as Smiths, Bakers, Brewers, Tailors, Clarks (clerks) Turners, etc.
- al, or mental qualities. This is a large group and embraces such as Noble and Faulty, Grim and Able, Lucky and Dowdy, Sterling and Pert. Blythe and Good, ete.

Smiths, 242,000 Jones, 125,000 Taylors, dertaking, 105,000 Browns.

lowing paragraph on this subject:

A few years ago a witness was exam- adoption.

nation he was asked if he had always gone by that name. He said he had. judge lifted his eyebrows with aston-ishment at the apparent prevarication,

The difficulty, however, in tracing We come now to the four groups of all family names back to their origin is very great, as may be estimated from the following transformations which one name has undergone in two or or three generations. The statement Ann-son, Rachel son. MacKenzie. Mc- is copied from an American newspaper. - A Scotchman named Feyerstone setson) Prite hard. Powel, etc., as men, tled among some Germans in the Western part of the State in New York They translated his name, by the sound, into Fenerstein. On his return to an Engtish neighbourhood his new acquaintances discovered that Feuerstein in German meant rlint in English. They retranslated his name and his family name became Flint. One of the grandsons settled on the Arcadian coast of 4. Names derived from physical, mor- the Mississippi, and, with the common fate of his family, his name of Flint became translated by the French into Pierre-a-fusil, which means gun-flint. llis son went north, and the last transformation was a retranslation, and Pierre-a-fusii became Peter Gun.

The object of this article is to show As has been said, the names in these the folly of using the present form of four groups comprise ninety per cent. the family name, and trying to make of all English names and doubtless an any significance from it. In any atequal proportion in other languages, tempt, along this line, it would be necessary, to first determine just what It is estimated that there are 40.000 dis- was the form of the original name. tinet English sir-names. Among these and then perhaps under which of the there were a few years ago 250,001 above groups it would fall. This would be a very difficult and complicated un-

From this it follows that the present In this connection we quote the fol- spelling of the name is really quite immaterial. It is purely a matter of eon-"Some curious cases of confusion venience. Richard spelled it Kemball. have arisen from the Welsh pract The present more frequent spelling tice of sometimes using the Welsh is Kimban. A very small minority and sometimes the English form of spell it with a slight change. We their names. Econ. for instance, is the submit that the present spelling is Welsh form of the English name John, as good as any, and suggest its uniform



The First to Fall.

The first to meet death in actual warfare with Spain was one of Lieut. Commander W.W. Kimball's young officers. Ensign Bayley, of the torpedo boat Winslow. The loss of this young man is keenly felt both in army and navy circles, and by the nation at large. Key West dispatch of May 13 says the remains were followed to the cemetery by an escort of marines, with Commander Kimball and a detail of seamen! acting as pall bearers. Ensign Bagley was not the first loss of the flotilla. A young officer, son of now Major General Breckinridge, was washed overboard and drowned a few weeks ago.

That our readers may have an idea of the dangers of the service in which W. W. Kimball is now engaged we give the following from a description by a correspondent on board the Cushian.

ing.

"There is no kind of a naval vessel that could be conscientionally recommended in time of waras a sanitarium." drawled (agt. Schley one day to me in his inimitable way. "But of all the various craft, big and little, that constitute a modern feet there is none so thoroughly undesirable to a searcher after an easy borth as a torpelo hosat."

The man on the torgedo boat has three sixteenths of an inch of steel between him and the sea that is hungrily watching its chance to swallow him. The boat could be cut in two with a can opener. Not only would its walls give way like tissue paper before the fire of great guis, rapid-fire guis and machine guis, but they would not resist a a builet from a hand ritle, or even from a good sized revolver.

NO HOPE.

On an ordinary vessel there is some of chance of getting behind something that might conceivably turn a projectile. The crew of a topedo beat is practically in the open air. Any shot that strikes the craft will search it from end to end like an X-ray.

For all that there is revalry to ship on a torpedo boat, though it means certain deach. Their mission is to strike and bring down, with a certainty of

falling with the victim, and all going down together.

The torpesio Rollin in the war fleet lying off Key West is a little fleet of itself, commanded by Lieut, Commander W. W. Kimball It consists of the Cushing, Ericsson, Winslow, Porter, and the Dupont.

These little "assassins" some one calls them, attack the largest ships, and when they do so it is death to one or the other and oftentimes to both. Nothing in war can be more daring or hazardous. The correspondent adds:

The ussion of the torpedo boat is to wet close to a warship, fire it shot into the weakest spot and sink the ship. Lying low and going at a great speed it is supposed to act like a little Pavid killing his Goliath. It runs up to him, strikes him, strikes again and again and then either falls or sees the enemy go down.

No greater heroism is required than this for any task of modern times.

Commander Kimball had a narrow escape a few days ago after the death of Ensign Bagley. He was on board the battleship Iowa, seated at a table consulting with Capt. Evans. "Fighting Bob." A six bundred pound battle hatch was knocked from "its position and crashed into the cabin below. It smashed the table land fell toward Capt. Evans. Iwounding his arm. It was a narrow escape for both officers.

Charles Augustus Kimball is now editor of the Courtland, Kansas, Register-Kimball Publishing Co. Proprietors, He is a brother of Albert B. Kimball, postmaster and publisher of the Scandia Journal. Charles Augustus Kimbail has recently been elected secretary of the Courtland Park association, an organization for improving the town.

Mrs W. W. Kimball of Chicago, who has been spending part of the winter in Augusta, Ga., has returned home. Mrs. Kimball is one of the directors of the Chicago Antiquarian Society in which she takes active interest.



IN MEMORIAM

MRS. JEANETTE KIMBALL ENNIS.

On April 5, 1898, Mrs. Jeanette Kimball Ennis passed from this world to life eternal. She was born in Windsor : Vt., Sept. 5, 1822, and came to Texas with her brother in 1859 where she met and married Cornelius Ennis who had come south from New Jersey a few months before his wife. Mrs. Ennis had eight children; three of these with her husband sarvive her.

The Ladi -s Parish Association of the Episcopal Church. (Honston, Texas) was organized by Mrs. Ennis and for years she was an active worker. She also, gave the block of ground to the city where the Houston High School stands.

For three years Mrs. Ennis has been confined to an invalid chair, and dur- Abraham Lincoin. He was also an ading that time she has never been known. to utter a complaint.

A devout christian woman, a loving wife, a devoted mother, and in every way what we would call a perfect wom- 6 years of age he came to Elgin with an-one of the Saints on Earth, Herhusband, children, and grand children were around her bed during the last weeks of her earthly life and did all in their power to comfort her. Her end bride being Miss Ruth Thrtelott, who was beautiful, as one going to sleep.

Bradford and Brewster who came on the Mavilewer. A correspondent regrets that words fail to express the lifting the cares of business from their the beauty of her character.

JAMES MADISON KIMBALL.

Page 908. James Madison Kimball (2-22) died at his home in Elgin, Ill., April 19, 1898, of pneumonia after a : week's iliness. He was a younger memof the noted Hopkinton-Groton, N. H., fam'ry that located in Elgin when it was a wilderness. The following was taken from the Elgin Advocate of April

by the older citizens of the community for J. M. Kimbali was for years a leader among men, and was identified with many movements calculated to improve Elgin. He was a man of strict integrity, strong convictions, and tireless energy. He was one of the few men who found Etgin a scattered hamlet, and left it a busy city, with a world-wide reputation.

Of late years Mr. Kimball confined himself closely to his business. Many will remember him as a young man, however. Then he was the best violinist for miles around, and was a wele me guest at all social doings. He was a successful auctioneer, was for years identified with the famous Long John Wentworth in the newspaper business in Chicago. As a reporter he followed the Lincoin Douglas deba es, and as Mr. Wentworth's business representative he travelled extensively

He was a republican first, last, and all the time. He believed in fair play in politics, and was a warm admirer of mirer of Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, and was proud of the warm personal friend-

ship of Mr. Ingersoll.

James M. Kimball was born Oct. 2. 1828, in New Hampshire. When about his parents, his father, tieo, W. Kimball, being a pionter cabinet maker here. tieo, W. and S. J. Kimball were cousins and were proximent among the hardy pioneers of this section. Mr. Kimball survives him. To them were born four She was a direct descendant of both children, Fred, Monte, Will, and Gertrude. Fred was killed when but a boy by the kick of a horse. Monte and Will are married, and have been gradually father's shoulders. Miss Getrude Kimball lives at hone, and is the only

Mr. Kimball's parents moved to the west from Groton, Grafton county, New Hampshire. His tather first located at a place called Flag Creek, on the Des Plaines river, 111., where he embarke ! in the hotel business. After a time he went to Chicago and kept the New York tavern. From there the family came to Elgiń, in 1538.

Mr. Kimbail was warm in his friendships and intense in his distikes. He despised shams and trickery, and was His death will be regretted especially lalways straightforward in his own ac-



tions. He was for years chairman of early leading republicans of the state. politics.

A FRIEND'S TRIBUTE.

In the death of James Kimball the city has lost a unique figure. About all of his life was passed in Elgin and he was as well known here as any man in the city, and will be greatly missed. As a business min he has been very successful. As a man with strong aifections for his family and friends he will be long remembered. So many persons have listened to his ready wit, his biting sarcasm, his abrupt and stinging criticism, his keen analysis of men and motives, his ready appreciaof nobility or his detestation of sham and eant that his memory will linger long in tais place One representative American, Col. Robert G. Ingersolt, will sincerely mourn the demise of this rare Elgiu citizen. For Col. Ingersoll Mr. Kimball had a regard that amounted to devotion. He had a collection of all the printed works of Col. Ingersoll. and among his most prized treasures was a fine photograph of the eloquent colonel presented by himself to Mr. Kimball. The years of friendship between these two men has been marked, cordial, genial, and earnest, as friendship between two such marked characters could only be.

Faults? Yes, he had them, but hypocrisy and cant were not among them. He wanted to be true, and when he saw the truth he was unshaken. He desired to be absolutel; just, and his ideal of justice was usually perfect. With strong feelings he had strong prejudices. He was ardent and uncompromising. For his sentiment he had a ready and delicate appreciation; his eyes used to fill with tears over fine examples of poetry or literature. He did the best he could. In sincere sorrow, I, who knew him well, lay this tribute upon his brier. J. H. B.

The Advocate editorially says:-

James M. Kimball will be greatly missed in Elgin. He has been an active and conspicuous figure in the growth of the city. Coming to the banks of the Fox over sixty years ago he saw the beginnings of the settle-Sent, now city of Elgin. Along in the fifties he was an active new spaper man in the employ of 'Long John Wentworth," famous as one of the of his promotion.

the town committee, and was active in Mr. Kimbal was an ardent republican. a strong advocate of temperance, and drm in his convictions There are few people in Kane county that did not know James M. Kimball.

MARRIED.

KIMBALL-HORN-In Ventura, Cal May 2, 1898, by the Rev. E. S. Chase, W A. Kimball and Mary R. Horn.

RICE-KIMBALL--Miss Alice Woodman, Kimba'l. daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Kimball, of Lakewood. N.J., was married to Richard Henry Rice of Providence, R.I., at noon, Mar. 26, 1898, in Grace Church Chantry. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Ralph L. Brydges, Anson W. Buchard of Danbury, Conn., was best man, and the bride was given away by her brother, Frederick P. Kimball. Only relatives and intimate friends attended the ceremony.

BENNETT-KIMBALL-In New Ireland. Province of Quebec. February 22, 1898, by the Rev. W. C. Barton. Plummer Daniel Bennett and Miss Persis Annette Kimball, both of New Ireland.

Page 837 Fam. Hist. No. 1825a, vi Percie Annette should be Persis.

The Chicago Record gives a portrait of W. W. Kimball. Lieut. Commander of the torpedo flotilla now in Cuban waters. It may be remembered that he started sometime early last fall on an inspection and practice tour, intending to go round the gulf and up the Mississippi river. They had reached Mobile when the Cuban troubles came on and the flotilla, consisting of the Dupont, Cushing, Porter, and Eriesson. were ordered back to Key West. The Record refers to him as Commodore Kimball, but we have seer go notice



The California Family Reunion.

The California, or Pacific coast reunion of the Kimbails will be held June 4. of the current year. As we go to press before this event we speak of it as in the future. This will be the second meeting of the Association. The meeting last year was mostly a social affair. It was an excellent initial movement. In point of numbers it was a a success. It served to cement kindred ties. It brought together many members of one family living in close proximity to each other, but still unacquainted. This acquaintance has not only been widening and broadening along the Pacitic, but in connection with the publication of the Family History, it has sent its waves of family relationship all over the country. The sentiment aroused has not been that of personal pridealoge. It has become one of historicand na ional interest. It has been learned that the family has been more a factor in the civilizing forces of the last three hundred years than was previously known.

The result of this knowledge has led to appeared desire to learn still more of the remote history of the family. At the meeting in 1507 but little thought had been given to this matter. The idea of anything pertaining to business in this direction was probably not considered. We have advanced somewhat since, but no organized meetings or conventions of a family nature have been held, if we except the small one held in Kansas, which was a small copy of the California cathering.

This second reunion of the Cilifornia members is therefore the first to be held under what may be termed, the new conditions. While it is sure to be a very enjoyable social gathering, it is hoped traits very serious consideration will be given to various business matters of general family interest. It may begome the privilege of this reunion meeting the lead of 8 or recommending and starting organized movements locking to the settlement of now doubtful questions of family interest. It seems to be necessary that some organized beginnings should be made to set the work in motion. This may be done by discussion, and resolution, or pernaps by the more practical organization of a membership body having definite purpose in view.

With an organization of this kind once initiated there will be a tangible something to work on and to work with.

We do not know, really, what purposes the California members have in view, and what we have said is simply suggestive and somewhat indefinite.

Kimballs who are members of the New England Historic Genealogical Society (Boston), as per printed list of members, issued April 1, 1898.

Miss Helen Frances Kimball, Brookline, Mass, Life member, (dan. 1368 Moses Kimball, p. 66°), March News p. 56.

Mrs. Sarah Abigail Clark Kimball, Methuen, Mass. Resident member. (wife of 2130 Joseph Woodman Kimball p. 944.)

William Bird Kimball, A. B., Roston, Resident member, (See 1069, iv. p. 632). Stephen Paschall Sharples, S. B., Cambridge, Mass., is also a member.

.... There is a somewhat remarkable revival of interest in researches into the past. Antiquarian clubs and societies as well as Genealogical and Historic are becoming popular. Of course many of these are somewhat superficial, while many are commanding the attention of the most learned and scientific. These subjects are also, more or less, receiving the notice of the innumerable women's clubs to be found everywhere. Most of these clubs while not remarkable for depth and research, are the means of adding information, of greater or less value to thousands who never obtain it in any other way.



Flags Entwined.

The Angusta, Ga. Chronicle of May 11. notices the patriotic apprising in that city. We clip the following:

One of the notable incidents was the escort of Confederate flags to the Unitien States flag. The big standard of the Sixth Regiment was borne by the regular standard-bearer in his regulation uniform, and by his side marched Confederate veteraos in Confederate uniform, each bearing a Confederate battle flag. Company A. of Confederate Veteran Camp 1949, marching beneath the standards.

From the Augusta Railway and Electric company there are eleven volunteers. Col. D. B. Dyer supplied the boys with whatever they needed and will hold their places open for them. A notable instance of the Bine and the Gray is the case of Mr. Lloyd Lyons, a nepheconder of the Bine and the Gray is the case of Mr. Lloyd Lyons, a nepheconder of the Bine and the day he is in camp with the sons of the Confederate veterans, norh giving their services to uphold the honor of the Stars and Stripes

See 2025. p. 909 Fam. Hist.

In reprinting the second number of the NEws it is the wish to make the list of College graduates more perfect. College catalogues are helpful in our work at all times and are thankfully received. There are family graduates of nearly every college in the country.

We would be glad to receive the names of all the membe so the family who may engage in the present war. The full name, are, place of enlistment, company, regiment, and rank, will be desirable. This would serve as one permanent record that may be useful in future years.

Miss Caroline Ennis Cargill of Houston, Texas, (see p. 1155d of Hist.) is Secretary of the Texas Society of the Colonial Dames of America, and is also a member of the Society of Maydower Descendants

A new army litter, the invention of Frederick Remington, the artist, has recently received the highest commendation of Major James l'utnam Kimball, surgeon in the United States Army. He writes to the Albany Medical Annals describing it, and adding suggestions as to its use. It consists in addition to the ordinary litter, of a single wheel, with rubber tire, with springs, and legs that may be folded up or let down at will. The device is one calculated to alleviate much of the suffering caused by war. 'The litter carrier," adds Major Kimball, "is designed for two bearers, one of whom pulls while the other pushes; but should one of the bearers become disabled it can be moved by one man alone. Over even ground the load carrier is moved with little effort; over rough ground the labor is not excessive and the broad tread of the rubber covered wheel and the elasticity of the steel spring make the patient's bed at least endurable if not wholly comfortable." See p. 743.

Col. Daniel Barns Dyer (2025) was marshal of the day at the Merry maker's celebration of the centennial day of Augusta, Ga., during the last week in April.

Hannah Parker Kimball of Boston, author of a recent volume of poems has a new poem, "In the Wilderness." in the Congregationalist of March 24.

Mrs. Belle Kimball delivered the address at the May day rally of the St. Louis Presbytery, at the First Presbyterian Church.

Rev. John H. Kimball was ordained at Stoughton, Wis., Mar. 16, 1898. He graduated at Beloit and Yale.



Arthur Richmond Kimball.

Arthur Richmond Kimball (p. 654 Fam. Hist.) formerly state librarian of New Hampshire, is now assistant librarian of Congress at Washington under Librarian John Russel Young, at one time editor of the New York Tribune. Mr. Young was long ago recognized as a man of remarkable discrimination, and as such attracted the early attention of Horace Greeiey. When appointed Librarian of Congress to succeed one of the greatest librarians of this age, in the new library building, he resolved that the service under him should be of the best. The appoint. ment of Arthur Kimball was made after eareful investigation into the character and efficiency of names presented. But Senator Lodge of Massachusetts objected, and a very earnest contest followed. Charges were made that incompetent assistants had been selected and a spirited opposition was developed. This brought Senators Chandler and Gallinger to the defense of Librarian Young's selection, and as a result Senator Lodge became convinced of his error and made a graceful retraction. Arthur Kimball is now acknowledged to be one of the most efficient librarians in the United States. It is natural enough that he should be such, for he was almost been so, his father having been a man of culture and literary tastes, an artist and an editor, and librarian of the state of New Hampshire. Arthur Kimball is a cousin of the Manhattan Kimballs of Kansas. (See p. 653 Fam. Hist.)

Betram Lincoln Kimball (p. 800) is President of the Miles Cotson Company Commission Merchants, Philadelphia. Pa., established 1868.

Herbert Wood Kimball (1672] is Reg-1strar of the Massachussetts Sons of the Revolution.

A POPULAR OFFICIAL

Under the above heading the Atchison Globe of recent date has the following:

W. H. Kimball, the Rock Island civil engineer, who has been in Atchison considerably of late, in connection with the reconstruction of the Rock Island tracks through the Missouri bottoms. is a son of A. Kimball of Davenport.

Everybody connected with the Rock Island road has a sort of reverence for Lsland road has a sort of reverence for the road. But has things easier now, acting in an advisory way with the head officials, attending union meetings, etc. He is said to oe the odly railroad mun in the country who ever asked that his salary be reduced.

When, after years of faithful service, the company rewarded him by relieving him of some of his arduous duties, he thought his pay should be reduced accordingly and made such a request. But it was not granted.

(See Fam. Hist. p. 945, No. 2133.) William Hale Kimball is a young man of twenry five. Abel Kimball has lived in Davenport, Iowa since 1856. For benefit of some of our more distant readers we may add that the editor of the Globe is Ed. Howe, as ne is known here, the author of 'A Country Town' and other popular books.

A Chicago cousin writes: "Every day I pass the Christian Science Tabernacle of which E. A. Kimball is the head and front, conducts services on Sundays, and experience meetings on Friday evenings. This is on Drexel Boulevard. Next on Michigan Avenue, near 12th, is the large carriage Factory of the C. P. Kimball Co.; two blocks further. on Wabash Avenue is the large plate glass warehouse of George. F. Kimball; a few blocks further, on Wabash Avenue, is Kimball Hall, W. W. Kimball, proprietor, in which is his Piano warehouse, As I go over through Adams Street, I pass Eugene Kimball's restaurant.



ANNOUNCEMENT

If has been indied been not to publish a suppliment to the kindul Family Rissor. The material collected for this purpose will be used in the relation of the purpose will be used in the collected for the representation of the filtery in the course of the next few months. At the rate will be the relation of the filtery in the course of the next few months. At the rate will be related to the relation of the relati

MORRISON & SHARPLES

Kimbath Family News, Topeka, Kansas. Price soc a year Published Monthly

Notes Supplementary to the Data of the "Kimbali Family History"

Page 127-Nathaniel Kimball m Aug.

22, 1802, Polly Towle.

Page 143-Snell Thurston m. Feb. 16. 1865, Annie Bacon, his cousin, dau. of Jabez and Sally (Kimball) Bacon. 22, 1802, Polly Toyle of Alton.

Page 410—Hanibal Howard Kimball' m. Sept. 26, 1534. Adaline Talcott, b. Leyden, Lewis Co., N. Y.; d. Columbus, Ohio, May 10, 1852; m. 2nd Oct. 13, 1533. Eliza Burgert Weaver, b. Paris, Stark Co., Ohio, Nov. I. 1820; d. Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 26, 1595.

CHILDREN.

Charles' b. Dec. 6, 1839; d. Leyden,
 N. Y., Sept. 4, 1840.

ii Charles Howard* b. Jan. 24. 1841; d. May 23, 1842.

iii Altimira Janette⁸ b. Mar. 30, 1843, d. Feb. 18, 1845.

1556 iv Ellen Grace' b. Sept. 2, 1845.
v Frank Harley' b. Oct. 26, 1847; d. Newcastle, Washington; buried at Seatle.

vi Carrol Talcott⁸ b. Dec. 21, 1850, d. Fruitland, Cal., Dec. 20, 1897.

vii Adaline⁸ b. May 8, 1852; d. May 14 1852.

viii Walter Burgert' b. April 26, 1856, m. Sept. 20, 1582. Harriete Isabelle, Whitney of Mansfield, Ohio. He is a dealer in photographer's supplies at Columbus, Ohio. where he resides.

1557 ix Howard Hanibal* b. Aug. 13, 1859.

x Richard⁸ b. Dec. 6, 1862; d. Nov. 5, 1881. Page 434—Louise A. (Cate) Kimball b. June 5, 1808, d. Feb. 15, 1882. She was a daughter of Joshua Cate.

Page 560—Elizabeth W. Kimball⁷ d. 1832, not 1892.

Page 563—George A. Kimball was president of the Haverhill Savings Bank Page 567—George Kimball⁷ was b. 1813,

not 1814. Page 568—Mehitable, wife of Phineas

died 1839. not 1838. Page 571-Lucinda Tyler was b. 1805, not 1825.

Page 574—Belinda should be Delinda. Page 575—Elizabeth Gilman Kimball

m. 1st Albert Hall, after his death she married her deceased sister's husband William Woodbury of Valleys. Cal.

lego, Cal.
Page 579—Cyrus Kimball' was b. July
26, 1891; d. May 30, 1880; m. Dec.
21, 1828; Charlotte Green Kimball.
b. Feb. 2, 1808; d. Aug. 25, 1753. He
went to Boston at the age of 14 and
served as an apprentice to a cabinet maker, and afterwards foliowed
that business for many years. He
remained in Boston until 1832; in
that year he went, in company
with a dozen other families, to
Cincinnati, Ohio, which was then

in the far west. It took them thirty days to go, and their furniture went by way of New Orleans and was six months on its journey. It was the year that cholera raged through the west but they escaped it. He lived in Cincinnati through the troubles of the antislavery movements. A printing press belonging to an antislavery Journal was hidden in his cabinet shop; had it have been found his · shop would have been destroved. In 1844 he removed to Porterville, N.Y., where he engaged in the lumber business. In 1848 he returned to Cincinnati and remained there until 1876, when he went to Ceres, N. Y. In 1880 he went to Dukes Center, Pa., where he remained until his death.



CHILDREN.

Clarissa Etten* b. Dec. 25, 1830; d. March 31, 1843.
 Mary Elizabeth* b. Oct. 19, 1834; d.

Dec. 30, 1835.

iii Mary Augusta⁸ b. Dec. 7, 1836; d. Aug. 8, 1838.

1958a iv Ambrose b. Nov. 19, 1839.

1958b v Charlotte⁸ b. Mar. 1, 1845. Page 582—Alfred Kimball d. 1880, not

Page 582—Altred Kimbail d. 1880, not 1878.

Page 584—Charles A. Merrill should be Charles A. Morrill. Children: 1 Bertha Francella Morrill's b. Oct. 17, 1869; Contoocook, N.H.2 kannie Gertrude Morrill's b. April 12, 1838; m. Rev. Elwin Clark G >> Lvin of Chester, N. H. 3 Lizzie May Morrill's b. Nov. 3, 1870; resides Contoocook, N. H.

Page 593—A daughter of Bradbury Kimball Mrs. Lydia D. Sperry lived in Stockton, Cal.

Page 594—In e.t. 1195a. Abraham Kim-ball' (Isaaca Abraham Atanot Duv-dd³ Benjamin² Richard³) b. Jan. 21. 1807; d. Nov. 4, 1853; m. Dec. 1832; Ruth H. Burnham. b. Feb. 5, 1808. Penobsoot, Me., d. Jan. 5, 1885. He was a wheelwirght and lived in Howland, Me., and Janesville, Wis. Official Conference on the Conference of the Conf

i James M.5b. Mar. 31, 1835, d. May 7, 1871; m. Jannetta Mary Field, ii John E.5b. April 11, 1837; m. Eliza

Truesdale. Resides in Chicago, III, iii Albert D. B. July 25, 1840; m. Priscilla Parkyn. Resides in Breckinridge. Wis.

iv Hiram H.⁸ b April 3, 1843; m. Maria Phillips. Resides Menowe, Wis. v Arah C.⁵ b. Feb. 23, 1846, m. Susan Snyder. Resides Byron,

vi Henry D. 5 b. Nov. 8, 1852; m. Dec. 4, 1879, Elizabeth Taylor,

Page-595—Isaiah Prat, Kimbali⁷d, May 26, 1881; m. Mar, 12, not May 24. He was an architect and builder. Lizzie³ in. George W. Forbes of Gre infield, Mass.

Ella should be Ella F.S Lydia should be Kate. She graduated at Mt. Holyoke. William Kimball⁷ d. 1870, not

Page 400-Mary Whiteomb was b. 1783 not 1873.

Page 615—Sarah Kimball⁷ d. Oct. 27, 1831.

Page 621-Augustus Kimball should be Augustine.

Page 624—Put 2036a before Daniel W.5 Ellen Elizabeth b. Feb. 13, 1838; m. John F. Cloutman

Page 627—Lucy Eliza Eastman d. 1849, not 1839.

Page 632—Hazen Kimbatl d. March not

Page 632-1286b John Burnham Kimball (James S. Ebenezer Ebenezeri Robert; Benjamin; Richard) b. Plaistow, N. H., July 23, 1822; d. Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 16, 1871; m. Aug. 1, 1558, Julia Adelaide Lawrence, daughter of Edward and Margaret Lawrence, of Toronto, Canada. He went with his brother James to California in 1549, from there he went to Salt Lake City in 1859, and engaged in mercantile business with his brother-in-law, H. W. Lawrence, who married the daughter of his brother James. Before 1571 the firm of Lawrence and Kimball became one of the largest and wealthiest west of the Mississippi.

CHILDREN.

i Julia Florence'b. April 19, 1860. Satt Lake City; m. April 27, 1892. Russell Coe Woodruff who died May 24, 1897. Children: I Russell Kimball Woodruff'b. Prescott Arizona. Oct. 6, 1893. 2 Adelaide Woodruff'b. Sept. 11, 1893.

in Blauche Lawrences b. Salt Lake City. April 28, 1863.

iii John James Lawrence⁵ b. Salt Lal e City. Apri. 9, 1866.

Page 634-Henry Smith should be Harry Smith.

Page 635—Insert Joseph Albert Kimballi Kitridge Joseph Samuel Samuel Benjamin Richard) b. Whitefield, N. H., 1843; d. in New York City. He was adentist and the elitor of a paper called the "Dentist Himself," (See May Yews).



CHILDREN

Mamie ii Clifford'.

iii Albert8.

Page 636-Mamie Frances was b. Jan. not June; she m. William I. Bliss. Page 637-Fred Davis should be Fred

David.

Page 644-Insert 1321a Benjamin Gage Kimbali (Benjamin Edmund Edmund Samuel Benjamia Richard 1) b. Bradford, Mass., Nov. 17, 1814; d. . Crazensville, Mo., Oct. 22, 1882; m. Feb 14, 1843. Zerelda Ann Burton, danghter of George Lewis and Ann Kincard (Poage) Burton. He went to New York when quite young and served an apprenticeship as a shoemaker. It 1837 be went to Missouri and settled at Tierney's Point entering into partnership with Isaiah Mansur in the Mercantile business. In 1842 he removed Page 650-Insert 1339a Charles Marcus to Cravensville, Old Diamond, of Mormon Fame; in Daviess Co., Mo., where he soon entered into partnership with William Johnson in mercantile business. He sold this out in 1845 and moved on to a farm which he had purchased five miles north of Cravensville. In 1848 he sold this farm and bought another a mile west of it. This farm is still: owned and managed by his wife who survives him. During the gold his personal property and tried his fortune with varied success in California, until March 1852, when he returned to his farm, which he cultivated until the time o' his death. He also engaged in the lumber business.

He was elected Public Administrator of Daviess Co., in 1860 and held the office for four verrs; was a member of the county court of the same county for two or more terms, and at different times was assessor and deputy sherriff. CHILDREN.

2107a i George Benjamin8 b. Mar 2, 1944.

2107b ii James Williams b. Dec. 10, 1845. ili Caroline Elizabeth' b. Aug. 14. 1948; d. Jan. 14, 1870.

2107c iv Eliza Mansur' b. July 2, 1853.

2107d v Alice Ann' b. Jan. 25, 1855, d. Jan. 23, 1888.

2107e vi Nathaniel Thurston' b. Jan. 25, 1857.

viii Harriet Fllen b. May 9, 1858, d. July 18, 1863.

viii Jefferson Davis' b. July 19, 1861. He is now a ranchman at Lavinia. Fergus Co., Montana.

Page 645-Mary F Tobey was b. April 6, 1820. She was the daughter of Ezra, not Edward,

Page 646-Julia Hes er Kimball m. July 22, 1897, Charles Herbert Poore Resides in Haverhill, Mass.

Page 647-Tilotson should be Tillotson: dau, Ruth Tillotson b. 1585, Nashua, N. H.

Kimball' (Charles' Moses' Abner' Ebenezer Benjamin Richard b. Ripley, Obio. May 13, 1830; m Waterville, N. Y., May 11, 1889, Frances Mabel Putnam, b. Oriskany Falls, New York, Mar. 7, 1870; dau of Alfred and Mary Allen Putnam. and grand-daughter of Sidney Putnam He is an Episcopal Ciergyman at Buffalo. New York. CHILD

i Gladys Mary' b. Brookville. Pa . May 11, 1890.

excitement in 1849 he disposed of Page 655-After John E. Kimball erase d. at Saco, Jan 7, 1892 and the remainder of the sentence, commencing "He was graduated, and ending Maine."

> Page 662-John Stacy Kimball m. Mar. 2, 1-36, not 1804.

> Page 663-Glaudett should be Gallau-Page 564- Summer should be Samuel.

> Page 664-Warren d. New York City, not Jersey City.

> Page 664 -- Arthur LaLaue was b. June Page 665-Mary Frances' was b. Sept.

20, 1844, is still living. Kate Nelson* b. June 19, 1850. Levi Houghton d., 1546 not 1848.



Page 666—Charles A. Garnsey was b. Aug. 23, 1815.

Page 66s—Samuel Kimball was a farmer. He served as a member of the legislature and was a selectman and Justice of the Peace in N. H. He was also Justice of the Peace in Elvin.

Page 672—James B. Kimball's 2nd wife Hannah F. Pratt d. Jan. 20, 1849; m. 3rd Evelyn Beginey, b. Wallace N. S. 1835; d. Malden, Mass., June 10, 1893; daughter of Peter and Margaret Beginey.

Page 672—Insert 1388a David Kimball' (Jonathan' Davidé Benjajamin⁸ John' John' Henry' Richard!) b. Parsonsfield Me., 1800; m. his cousin Naney Granville.

2189a Son John Granville⁹ b.Sept. 3, 1819. Page 672--Transfer the account of John Granville Kimball to page 965.

Page 673-Ctement Brown Kimball in Jan. 4, 1848, Eliza Jane Hinkson, b. Feb. 4, 1827, Dau Corine¹⁹ b. Marysville, Cal., Mar. 17, 1856; in June 17, 1887, Norman Rideout. He was killed in the Vegalia mine, Mar. 8, 1896.

Page 674-Lawton should be Laughton. Page 679-Hannah Mahala Kimball, b. Cornish, N. H., Feb. 15, 1824, died Mast Yard, N. H., Aug. 1891; m. Springfield, N. H., July 4, 1840. Mosher (not Moses) Ordway b. New London, N. H., Nov. 17, 1807. The grandmother of Hancah W. Kimball was Hannah (Kimball) Chase and her great grandfather Jonathar Kimballs m. his cousin Hannah Kimball, hence there is much of the Kimball blood in her descendants. Mosher Ordway was the oldest brother of Sarah (Ordway) Kimball (see page 902, Kim" ball History.) She is still living in Darville Illinois, and is the mothmother of the Editor of the Kimball Family News. CHILDREN

Mary A Ordway 10 b. Aug. 8, 1841.

d. July 29, 1862; m. Myron G. Holmes of Webster, Mass., b.—, d. Jan. 2, 1861.

iii Hannah J.Ordwayii b. June 14,1842, m. A. K. Martin of Tidon, N. H., b. —, d. 1879; m. 2nd Osear A. Drown of Chester, N. H. Caildren, 1 Alice Drownii, 2 Millard Drownii, 3 Frederick Drownii.

iii Laura Ordway³⁰ b.Aug. 29, 1844; m Nov. 3, 1802, Alfred Elliott of Penacook, N. H. He is deceased; she lives in Penacook. Child; Gertrude Mabel Elliotti¹⁰ b; May 7, 1870; m. Mar. 5, 1898, Frank P. Dodge of Hopkinton. N. H. They live in Goffstown, N. H.

iv Henry Ordway¹⁰ b. June 3, 1846, d Sept. 10, 1846.

v Addie A. Ordway¹⁰ b. Jan. 10, 1848. d. July 7, 1886; m. John G. Abbot of Hanover, N. II.; b. —, d. Dec. 8, 1895.

vi Elbridge Ordway¹⁰ b. Sept. 6, 1849. d. June 9, 1857.

vii Joseph C. Ordway¹⁰ b. Mar. 3. 1851: m. Belle Stokes of Concord. N. H., and resides there. Child: Ethel Ordway¹¹.

viii Carrie Ordway¹⁰ b. April 1, 1853; m. Aug. 1869, James Small of Ashland. N. H. They live in Charleston, N. H.

Children: 1 Mary Small¹¹, 2 Lillis-Small¹¹, 3 Mand Small¹¹, 4 Joseph Small¹¹, 5 Hattie Small¹¹, 6 Fanni-Small¹¹, 7 Metvin Small¹¹, 5 Carris Small¹¹, 9 Grace Small¹¹, 10 Howard Small¹¹

Page 685—Samuel⁹ should be Samuel Mason⁹ b. Jan. S. 1899.

Page two—sophia Kimball and John Hamlin had a son Mellen Kimball Hamlin, b. Milan, N.H., Oct. I, 1846, m. Sept. 3, 1880, Effle Morgan of Bethel, Me. He was a farmer any resided in Durham, Me. Children: 1 Chrifes Hamlin¹⁰ b. Aug. 6, 1885, 2 John Hamlin¹⁰ b. Sept. 5, 1885.

Page 692-Children of Richard Kimball should be as follows:



- i Elizabeth Aizetta⁹ b. Feb. 22, 1832;
 ii Byron⁹ b. Ozt. 13, 1834; d. 1838;
 iii Naner D.⁹ b. Jan. 11, 1855, d. 1846.
- 2241 iv Byron⁹ b. Aug. 8, 1840.
- Page 696-Mary Cammet should be Judith Cammett.
- Page 698—Number 2266 should be 2262. Page 698—Hugh Ramsey Foster d. 1870. Page 698—Ellen should be hellen M. Lavinia should be Lovinia.
- Page 699—Number 2263 belongs to Reuil William.
- Page 705--Erase the date of birth of Hannah Little Noves.
- Pages 706 & 707—Susanna should be Lusanna.
- Page 709-Etiza d. 1546, not 1840.
- Page 709—Children of James Madison Post: 1 E. D. Post, m. Lebanon, N. H., Oet. 19, 18-3. Susie R. Ingerson, b. Mar. 6, 1895. 2 Jennie M. Post m. Joseph Leader of Winchenden, Mass.; son Arthur Madison Leader, b. Feb. 14, 1896.
- Page 712--Insert 1494a Joel Kimball⁵ (David⁷ Isaac⁶ Jonathan⁵ Jonathan⁴ Samuel⁵ Richard² Richard³) b. Waterforl. Me., 1810; m. Mar. 1, 1839. Oliva Watson.

CHILDREN.

- i Edward² b. Waterford, Nov. 3, 1840. He now resides in Bridgton; has represented the town in the Legislature and has been selection of bridgton for seven years and chairman of the board for two years and still holds that position. Never married.
- ii Thomas M.º b. Waterford, Nov. 3, 1840, m. Josephine Kimball. He is a carpenter and has one son Roy Kimball. b. 1886.
- Page 713-1308 ii John should be 2308; Page 720-Jennie Fox should be Jennie B. Fox, daughter of Timothy and
- Anna (Scovil) Fox. of Appleton, Wis. Page 720—Anna H. was b. Nov. 24.
- 1877. Page 729-Insert after Clinton: Child.
- Emily¹⁰ b. Aug. 1 1 105.
- Page 731—Susan Frances Wheeler was b. 1834 not 1804.

- Page 737—The first child of Affred Kimball⁴ was Helena⁹; she m. John Trumball.
- Page 737—Dr. Edwin Kimball d. Haywards, Cal., Sept. 1896.
- Page 73—Thomas E. Kimball' had in addition to the children given: Lorenzo?: Thomas?, who died in Eastport. Me. Jane?; Nary?; Surah H.º b. 1845. Eastport; m. July 27, 1865. James M. Nott of Wellfleet, Mass. b. 1822; Lizzie® m.—Palmer.
- Page 73:-Benjamin Herbert m. Oct. 29, 1891.
- Page 739—Mary (Potter) Kimball d. Fitchburg, Mass., not Passaie, N.J.
- Page 747—Newell Greenleaf Wallace b. June 21, 1840.
 - Page 759—Arthur's should be Arthur Dorman's b. Jan. 31,1862, d. Aug. 13, 1885. He was adopted by his greatuncle, Dr. Dorman, with whom he went to Rochester. N. H. in 1885. He was graduated from the Divin ity School at Tufts College in 1885. and that summer supplied the Unversalist Church in Marlow where he died.
- Page 757—Amoretta m. Aug. 21, 1864.
 John A. Kimball of Northfield.
 Page 759—Horace Orrin m. May 5, 1894.
 Mamie E. Stockbridge.
- Page 762—Belle C. MacBride dau. of Robert and Mary (Chesney) Mac-Bride.
- Page 763—Aamira Lydia Bruee was b. July 30, 1836.



Mich., and engaged in farming. He Page 786-1601e Moses Coombs Kimballm. 2nd, Oct. 1866, Susan Jane (Goodrich) Williams who was born in New York State and died in Riley. Mich., Dec. 1, 1893.

CHILDREN i Mary b. Sept. 19, 1840; d. Aug. 5, 1842.

ii Sarah Emily9 b. April 9, 1843; m. 1865, David Coombs. Res. Mich.

iii Mary Ellen9 b. April 9, 1843, m. Dec. 1860. Joshna Perry of Sterling Mass. Resides in Michigan.

iv Frances Ann⁹ b. April 29, 1846; m. Warren Cooley.

v Joseph Thomas, b. Mar 31, 1847. Resides in Michigan.

vi Simon Shibler9 b. April 5, 1849. Resides in Mich.

vii William Benjamin' b. Mar. 21, 1853; d. Ang., 1869, Riley, Mich. viii Horace Kimball9 b. Riley, Mich.,

June 18, 1855; m. Orilla Williams. Resides in Michigan

ix Horatio9 b. June 18, 1855; d. Sept. 1880, Riley, Mich.

x Martha Ada⁹ b. Sept. 29, 1858; m. Joel Robeson.

xi George Goodrich b. Aug 6, 1870; m Jan. 24, 1894. Louisa Bushea. Resides Riley, Mich.

xii Stephen Francis b. Feb 19; 1873 xiii Lewis Victor⁹ b. Dec. 29, 1876. xiv Birdie Mabel* b. June 6, 1878.

Page 786-1691b Sarah Story Kimball* (William Story? Richards Richards Aaron' Richar l' Johu' Richard') b. Thomaston, Me., Oct. 31, 1820; m. Mar. 25, 1857, Charles Dudley Starr who is a merchant and lives at Memphis. Macomb Co., Mich. CHILDREN.

i Solon Spafford Starr⁹ b. Memphis: Dec. 25, 1857; d. July 20, 1859.

ii Clyde Dudley Story Starr2 b. June 14, 1861; m. Sept. 21, 1887, Emily Edith Fairweather. He is a farmer and lives in Imlay, Mich. Children: 1 Beaulah Francis Starrio, b. July 19, 1888, 2 Charles Leon Starrio, b. July 19, 1890.

(Wiltiam Si Richards Richards Aaron' Richard' John' Richard' b. Thomaston, Me., April 21, 1829; m. Oct. 18, 1856, Maria Mendoza of San Autonio, Lower California, He went to sea when he was ten years old. He is a caulker and resides in San Francisco.

CHILD. i Maria Louisa Sarah? b. Aug. 19, 1865. She is a music teacher.

Page 786 -1691d Thomas Danforth Kimballs (William S. Richards Richards Aaron4 Richard John Richard L. Thomast m. Me., July 16, 1831; m. Jan. 6, 1855; Elmira Choate Preble, Whitefield, Me., Dec. 15, 1829. daughter of William and Lucy (Lambert) Preble. He lived in Thomaston, Me. until 1452. was then in Massachussetts until 1855, when he removed to San Francisco where he has since resided. He is a eaulker. CHILDREN.

Rosa Lena9 b. Huuts Hill, Nevada. Co., Cal., Mar., 22, 1860; m. Sept. 1, 1850, William Bonrghdorffe Soule. They reside at Vallejo. Cal. He is a printer. Children: 1 Helen Aldeane Soule, b. Nov. 9, 1881; d. Feb. 23, 1884. 2 Harold Kimball Soule. b. May 28, 1889.

ii Mary Unserviab b San Francisco. California., Mar. 11, 1863; d. Dec. 2, 1592; m. Dec. 24, 1882, Daniel Suith Thompson of Vallejo.

iii Grace Isabelle" b. San Francisco. California, Oct. 6, 1801. Resides San Francisco, Cal.

Page 786-1001e Melvina Susan Kimball' (William S. Richard' Richard' Aaron* Richard John* Richard | b. Sept. 24, 1837; m. Edwin Sprague of Rockland, Me. CHILDREN.

i Grace9 b. 1867; m. Capt. Albert Pillsbury who is in the employment of the Southern Pacific to., on the l'acific coast.

ii Liliau" m. ---- Copping.



Page 786—1691f Julia Fendall Kimball*
(William S.* Richard* Richard* Aarca* Richard* John* Richard*) b.
Thomaston, Me., June 22, 1844; m.
Oct. 9, 1896, John Parker Marphey,
b. Pottsdam, N. Y., May 24, 1814;
d. Riley, Mich., May 6, 1885. Son
of John and Lucy (Eaker) Murphey.
He was a farmer.

CHILDREN.

i Edway Story Murphey* b. Rochester Mich., June 13, 1870. He is an engineer and lives at Imlay City, Mich.

ii Sarah Blanche Murphey* b. Orient.

Osceola, Co., Mich., Nov. 6, 1877. Resides in Riley, Mich.

Page 787-William More Rich was b. Oct. 25, 1821.

Page 798—Joseph Farley should be Michael Farley, and Mary Farley should be Mary (Manning) Farley. Marianna C. should be Meriam Choate.

Benjamin was b. Nov. 18, 1849.
Page 748—Add to the children of Cyrus Chapanin: 3 Jessie Alice
Chapmanio b. Jan. 24, 1845. 3
Carrie Ellen Chapmanio b. June 26.

Page 800—Martha Ann Thurston d. July 24, 1888 Lyman Edwin Kimball⁹ m. Oet. 9, 1889. Marcia Anderson Rand. dau. of Appleton and Phebe (Frank) Rand of Portland, Me.

Page 800—Frederick Aaron Kimbali⁹m. Jan. 23, 1884, Mary Isabella Knight dau, of Mark and Caroline (Jackson) Knight of Otisfield, Me.

Page 800-Charles Westley should be Charles Wesley.

we are indebted to Miss Surah Louise Kinball for a report of the Annual Banquet of the California Sons of the American Revolution. Washingtons birthday, Peb. 22. It is not often that so much good literature, high patriotsism pure statesmanship, wise philosophy, humanity, and elevated inspiration, can be found in thirty pages of print. It was an event, manifestly, are out of the usual line.

Kimballs in the Present War

There is no telling, at this time, how many there are, nor where they are. But there are some who are already somewhat notable. Amos 'S. Kimball (Fam. Hist. p. 1088, is chief quartermaster of the eastern division with headquarters at New York. He was born in St. Lawrence county, N. Y., in 1:40. married Hattie F.Crary, Potsdam. N.Y., in 1561, and enlisted as private in 98th N. Y. Infantry the same year. He rapidly advanced to the grade of lieutenant and in 1862 became regimental quartermaster. From that time to the present he has acted as commisary of subsistence, and quartermaster at all important points from the Pacific coast to the Atlantic. He has made practicable the greatest movement of the troops known in recent years.

Gen. Summer Increase Kimbail (Fam. Hist. p. 745) has long been in government service as chief of the life saving department, and is now useful in the work of coast defease.

Lieut-Commander W. W. Kimball, (Fam. Hist. see No. 2235, iii, p. 977.) is in command of the torpedo flotilla, to whose dangerous work we have referred in another column.

Gen. A. W. Greely (Fam. Hist. p. 45) is sixth in descent from Abigail (Kimball) Day, daughter of Benjamin. He was rescued from death in the Arctic regious to become chief of the Signal Service Boreau in which he has made notable improvements that have so enhanced the efficiency of the army and navy as to call out columns of approvals on the part of the newspapers and military experts.

Col. Robert J. Kimball (1680) is president of the Vermont Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Ellwood Davis Kimball (2556) is Vice President of the Kansas Sons of the Revolution.



ALFRED S KIMBALL.

We find the following sketch in the Advertiser of Norway, Maine, The subject does not appear in the family History, and the paper containing this sketch was sent us by our cousin Sumner, of Lovell, Me.

It was there accompanied by a half tone portrait, which we wanted but failed to get, all of which forces us to the belief that our cousin Alfred possesses that well known Kimball modesty, and diffidence to a degree that is entirely unnecessary. The Advertiser says:

Mr. Kimball was born in Waterford, Dec. 20, 1842. He was educated at the public schools of that town and at Bridgton Academy, earning his own way by day labor and teaching. He studied law with the late Ilon. Thomas A. Brigham and was admitted to the bar of Oxford county in 1864. In 1882 he removed to Norway, which has been his place of residence ever since. He has held all the offices in the gift of citizens of Waterford, and for three successive terms represented the disdistrict of which Waterford and Norway formed a part, in the Legislature of Maine, notwithstanling the district was strongly Republican and he has always been a Democrat

In 1878 Mr. Kimball was appointed by Governor Connor together with Hon. Joseph W. Symonds and Hon. Charles Button, as a cou missioner to investigate the rights of suffrage of French settlers on the St. John river. How satisfact rily this commission discharged delicate duties intrusted to them is a part of the history of this State, and is of course familiar to many of our readers.

In 1879 he was elected county afterney for Oxford county and served in that capacity for the succeeding three vears. In February, 1886, he was appointed deputy collector of internal revenue for the first Maine district. and continued in that office until the close of President Cleveland's first administration. He was appointed ap- has enlisted and gone to war

praiser of the port of Portland and Falmouth by President Cleveland, Jan. 29. 1894, for the term of four years.

UMr. Kimball was for several years the Oxford county member of the State committee. He was a delegate from the Second Congressional District to the last Democratic National convention held in Chicago in 1892. During all these years he has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession. and has long been recognized as one of the leading lawyers of Oxford county.

He is well known in secret society circles being prominent in both Freemasonary and Odd Fellowship, was Grand Master of the Grand Lotze in .1889-90. Representative of the Sovereign Grand Lodge in 1890 and 1891, and is the present Grand Senior Warden of the Grand Encampment.

Mr Kimball married Florence A Honghton, April 29, 1866 and has one son Merton L., born March 18, 1857. now in partnership with his father in the law business.

The Portland Sunday Telegram, commenting on his retirement from the office of appraiser, remarks: "Mr. Kimball will return to the pleasant village of Norway, where he owns a handsome and commodious residence, with the consciousness that he has performed the duties of appraiser at this port in a manner highly creditable to himself and perfectly satisfactory to the government. By his associates at the custom house no man could be held in higher esteem. Always genial and obliging, always ready to give freely to those asking his advice in matters involving some legal point, he will be missed in more ways than one by the Custom house force. Of him it can be emphatically and truthfully said that he has been one of the most faithful, competent and popular officials that ever served a term in the Portland custom house.

We may add that the son Merton L.



Of Growing Value.

We have heretofore called attention to the growing value of family Histories. We have before us the April number of the New England Genealogical Register. An announcement therein says that a copy of the Chandler History can be had for \$30. Only an occasional copy can be had. It is less than 50 pages larger than the Kimball History. Joel Munsell's Sons, of Albany, send out a circular advertising numerous records from two pages to often 50c a page and one, we notice, at \$1.00. These facts ought to impress upon every member of the family, not only the importance of obtaining the family record, but of preserving it most earefully. As a financial investment the book is as good as a government bond. At present the work can be had in two volumes for \$6.00. It will always be worth more and greatly increase in value as soon as the remaining copies are sold.

The same is true of the numbers of the Family News. It is now supplemental to the History and every number has eash value, now or in the future, greater than the cost of a year's issue. Every number should be carefully saved. Very frequently we receive letters saving that the writer has sent his copy to some friend. Another writes that he has received a copy from some near relative.

Now every number of the News should be carefully preserved. It will be good business to do this, even if one feels no other interest in it. Don't mutilate, don't destroy, don't send off a single copy.

Numbers One and Two.

Many applications for these numbers of the News come to hand. They are out of print and were in quarto form. They will be reprinted and supplied to all subscribers.

Cows Which Give Rich Milk.

The dairy herd owned by G. F. Kimball of North Haverhill, New Hampshire, is quite a remarkable one. It consists of 19 cows, pure bred and grade Jerseys. Six of them are heifers with their first calves. Two of them were fresh in April, '97. four in July and the remaining 13 in August, September, and October. The milk is sold to the North Haverhill ereamery. The statement from this creamery for December. 1897, and the first three months of this year is given below and shows that Mr. Kimball has valuable cows. numerous records from two pages to Not only do they give a large quantity several hundred. The prices asked are of milk, but it is exceptionally rich. For the four months the cows gave 12,214 lbs. of milk each month, an average of 643 lbs. each, or over 211/2 lbs. daily .- American Agriculturist.

> A list of American Genealogical and Historical publications would include five hundred families, ranging from works of a few pages up to the elaborate books of 1,300 pages, such as the Chandler and Kimball Histories. The Family News is making that of the Kimball family the most complete of any yet published.

Corrections

Page 72, April News, Ira and Samuel R. should read "brothers" and not "sons."

There are many owners of the Family flistory who are not subscribers for the NEWS. If they wish to secure the supplementary matter entire that Prof. Sharples is now preparing they should subscribe at once, as the supply of back numbers is limited.

Now and then some member of the family sends us a photograph. Would not mind if more would do so. If we nad it we would take care of a photoportrait gallery of the family. Then we would like to print them with biography, etc. But half tone cuts, single column size, cost \$2.00 each. photo and \$2.00 we do the rest.



The Kimball Family News

Topeka, Kansas, July, 1898.

Vol. 1, No. 7.

Terms 50 cents a yaer.

THE SECOND PACIFIC COAST FAMILY REUNION.

The second Pacific Coast Kimball Family Reunion was a great success so far as numbers, plenty to eat, good music, and a jolly good time could make it so. There was not much business done, and we have no detailed or official report of the meeting, although considerable matter relating to it in a list of those present and the address of the president, Roy T. Kimball. A score of letters was read from those unable to be present. Edgar Hobart and Mrs. Sloane sang songs; Sadie Wright recited a humorous piece, and Daisy Kimball the "Horseman in the Sky." Mrs. Tays read an able paper, a few notes on which we are able to give. Mrs. Sloane had something to say on the suffrage and some other questions. The two principal addresses were made by Charles Lloyd Kimball of Healdsburg. (p. 1021) and William Parker Kimball of San Francisco, (p. 921). Both these speeches were replete with patriotic fervor, thoroughly reflecting the national sentiment of the day, and interweaving with it the devotion of the old American families to the cause of free dom and progress, with special reference to the Kimballs who have always stood well to the front from Bloody Brook to the present.

Among the speeches was one by Col. A. S. Hubbard, one of the guests of the occasion, Col. Hubbard is vice president the California Genealogical Association. It was a fine effort, but as in other cases we have been unable to get even a summary of it. He was followed by Miss Genevieve Kimball, youngest daughter of Capt. C. L. Kim- killed by the Indian Chief Pontiac.

ball of Healdsburg, who recited the "Blue and the Grav." A speech by Capt. A. W. Kimball, son of Col. A. S. Kimball, Army Quartermaster at New York, was highly appreciated. He has just been appointed by President McKinley. Assistant Quartermaster at San Francisco, where his father was formerly stationed. (See p. 1089 Fam.

Point was given to these remarks, not only by the national emergency, but fragmentary shape. We give below by the presence of so many members of the tamilies present now in the service of the country, as may be seen by reference to the list of those attending. We have wanted at least a digest of these speeches, but have not been able to obtain them.

> The hall, the banquet, the music. the badges and all etceteras of the oceasion were furnished by the president Roy T. Kimball. It was all the association could do to hold him down while a vote of thanks was showered upon his head, his modesty and obstinacy both striving to stir up a rebellion. It may be added that his generosity aftorded a precedent that no one will be likely to follow hereafter.

> As one matter of business a committee was appointed to draft a constitution and by-laws, under which the association will hereafter be managed. Provision will probably be made for fees and dues from which funds may be secured, and doubtless a more systematized plan of work secured.

The attendance was much larger than last year, and most of the additions consisted of members of the family, before unknown to each other, and several who are not found in the Family History. There was John Carpenter Kimball, whose great grandfather was



public weigher in San Francisco, whose father was Colin Kimball, but he has no further record of his family and would like information. Then there was Ernest Lee Kimball, aged 27, born in Boston, father shipwrecked before his birth, and mother died when he was two years old. Knows not the name of his father, nor his mother's maiden name, but is undoubtedly a descendant of Richard. Within the last year many members of the family who know no more of their ances ors than these, have been properly placed.

A few subscriptions were taken for the Family News.

The President's Address.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, FRIENDS AND RELATIVES OF THE KIMBALL FAMILY:-

Though I allow myself the satisfaction of expressing to you in a few words something of my great pleasure in again meeting you, on this second annual gathering for fraternal greeting and family fraternizing, you must not think or fear that I have so far forgotten the duty that you conferred upon me in electing me as your president, as to venture upon wearying you with a speech.

My duty is to do, and not to talk. I am to take care of your comfort and see that others furnish you with literature and armsement. I shall be satisfied with myself and you will be satisfied with my presidency if you find the preparations for this occasion ample; if the dinner has been abundant and the social eujoyment proves to be satisfactory.

To this end I pledge you all the energies of myself and all my family, (Applause) and if any failures shall happen to occur, please remember that my family still remains too small to give me much help in such work. (Clapping) But you know that it is a matter that can be monded, and I am a hopeful candidate for a future improvment in that resnect.

A year ago I took great pleasure in the assurance uttered by nearly all our speakers that the Kimbalis are not a set of vagabonds, thieves, and outlaws. That court records are not likely to enroll our names except upon jury lists. That alms houses and prisons don't know us. And that as a family we are

Another was Charles Stokes Kimball, not only moral, but pions, rurnishing a good deal of Deacon timber for the Congregational church. (with a wink at Capt. ('. L. K.) Now this is extremely creditable to the name and highly satisfactory to us all, but lest somebody may charge us with having made out our own case as a little too Puritanical, or a grain too denominational, or perhaps inclined to heterodoxy that might have come from our early New England training. I want to interpose the plea. (for some time at least) of a cross in the blood. A strain from the old church of England, all the orthodoxy of the apostle's creed. On my father's side I am a Kimball.

and Congregational, no doubt. On my mother's side I am a linear descendant from John Rogers the martyr, the famous canon of St Paul's that Queen Mary burned to death despite the erying of all of his nine small children and one at the breast, (Laughter) that the primers of our grandfathers use to

tell us all about.

Now who has a right to think that we have made out only a moral or only a Congregational side or case after this. And you know we have all been mining in some such way ever since our good old ancestor Richard Kimball married our pretty little grandmother L rsula Scott. And if by this time we are not pretty well inductrinated in apostolic faith and sound churchmanship it isn't for the lack of either time or opportunity.

But to be serious, I am more than glad to meet you all, and welcome you the representatives of my American kindred here upon the extreme western border of our country; and no more beautiful spot exists today. I hope these Kimball ga herings may continue forever, growing larger and in every

way better as time goes on.

We may not have upon the roll of our family more than our share of the great names of our country, but we all know that the roll does bear a great many good names, for the names of our fathers and mothers a e upon it. (Hearty cheering.)

Though I have intimated that we have not many great names, . I do not mean to infer that we have mone. It is well for us to remember that quality is sometimes better than quantity. And in that great lawyer Richard Burleigh Kimball, (No 869 Kimball History) born in Plainfield in my native state, New Hampshire, 1816, who as a trav.



eller, a writer, and law lecturer, made himself famous, we have greatness enough to satisfy our generation at least. I way also mention, his fathelast, I way also mention, his father Richard, (No. 420 Kimball History) who at a time when the great canals of New York state were being outlined, and the obstacles to construction through a swampy section were being urged, that bright and able Governot Clinton said in executive board: "It can be done. I have consulted Captain Kimball and he says it is practical." And it was accomplished.

But this could be extended indefinitely. I find that the Kirballis have been filling places of trost and confidence through all the years of growth of this country, and the more we look them up the more I become convinced that I belong to a really grand family. (Cheers.)

Notes on a Paper Read at the Kimball Reunion.

(BY MRS. VIOLA KIMBALL TAYS.)

Members of the "Kimball family" were compared to New Hampshire elms and Califonia pines.

Mental and m and greatness were referred to as being the birthright of women as well as of men. The ancestry of Kimball consins came down the line of kings and queens. In our own country a later ancestry were found making laws for the people, presidents of colleges, heads of churches, healing diseases, leading reforms, generals in war, and all patriots. Wherever we find famous men, there we find famous women.

Again the psalmist has said, "A man was famous according as he had lifted up axes upon the thick trees." This applies to the sisters of the Kimball family. They are ready to use the pruning axe if by so doing humanity is uplifted and the home better protected. One sister was mentioned as president of a college for girls in Wortester. Mass, another as having been ma-

tional superintendent of Sunday School work; an eastern sister found scrmons in the flowers and running brooks, and handled her pruning axe under the guise of song. The California sisters are pruning away prejudices and engrafting the principles that men and women should be equal before law.

Leading characteristics of this large family were considered; then came the wish that each year would bring to these Kimball eousins many choice blessings.

Members Present at the Reunion.

Thurston Roy Kimball, president; his mother, Mrs. Harriet S. Rogers Kimball of Napa, brother George Abbott Rogers of Napa, and sisters, Mrs. Sarah Kimball Wright of san Francisco, with her daughters Sadie It. Wright, Harriet L. Wright and Mc. tie A. Wright, Harriet E. Wright Kimball Woodbury of Vallejo, her husband William Woodbury; and Mrs. Viola Kimball Tays, of Napa. (Mrs. Tays delivered an address.) (p. 578)

Capt Charles (2333 p. 1021)*Lloyd Kimball of Healdsburg, with his family consisting of Dr. M. Voola Kimball, Miss Edna Genevieve Kimball, Mrs. Lulu M. Davis of Oalkand, Miss Fernice M. Davis, and Mrs. George E. Patton of Oakland,

Elisha Barnum Kimball of East Oakland, (son of Win. Jones K., top p. 473) his aunt Miss Marie Antonnette Kimball of Rochester. New York, visiting California. (See p. 473)

William Parker Kimball (2057) of the Educational Publishing Co., residing at 715 Post Street, San Francisco, and family, Mrs. Wm. P. Kimball, Miss Florence M. Kimball, and Herbert L. Kimball, of San Francisco.

Charles Stekes Kimball, Public Weigher, Pier 3, East Street, San Francisco John Carpenter Kimball (son of Nathaniel Carpenter Kimball) and wife, Mrs. J. C. Kimball, of San Francisco

Ames W. Kamball, of San Francisco, who was commissioned. May 9, 1898, by Gov. Bødd, as First Lieutenant an Regimental quartermaster, 7th Califor-



nia U. S. Volunteer Infantry, and on May 28, 1898, nominated by President Mickinley as Captain and Assistant Quartermaster, U. S. Volunteers, Capt. Kimball is soon of Col. Amos S. Kimball, Chief Quartermaster Department of New York, U. S. A., New York City, (See June NEWS, also p. 1089 Fam. Hist.)

John Vernon Kimball, of the U.S. Hospital Corps, Presidio, S. F., (enlisted for three years:) Son of Rev. John Kimball, (1832) well known for many

years in S. F.

Mrs. Huldah Kimball Osborne./p. 412) of East Oakland: her niece. Miss Ruth Kimball of Haywards. (dan. 1559a)

Dr. Edward Stevens Clark, of San Francisco, his wife Mrs. Laura Cheesman Chark, and her sist-r. Mrs. Urania Cheesman Quaid, of Alameda

John S. Kimball, lumber and shipping merchant of San Francisco, family Mrs. Helen A. Kimball, Miss Helen W. Kimball, Miss Daisy C. Kimball, and Miss Elizabeth Kimball, of Seminary Park, Alameda Co.

Levi Woodbury Kimball, of Oakland, wife Mrs. Grace M Kimball, and daughter Miss Grace M. Kimball.

Mrs. Annie L. Kimball Sioane, wife of William A. Sloane, a prominent attorney and ex-judge of San Diego, Cal., and daughter of Gustavus Franklin Kimball, of Topeko, Kansas, elitorand publisher of "The Kimball Family News." (o. 1957)

Mrs. Miranda Kimba'l, (wife of 1770) and son Ellis A. Kimball. Also her sister, Mrs. Haynes with her baby giri.

Mrs. Joan Kimball Clark of Melrose. Alameda Co., and sister Miss. Anna. A. Kimball. [1770's sisters.]

Miss Rebecca M. Kimball of Sau Francisco. [p. 700]

Moses Coembs Kimball, p. 110 June News) of San Francisco; his brother Thomas Danforth Kimball, with daughter Mrs. Lena Kimball Soule, and her son Harold Kimball Soule.

Mrs. Esther J. (Eastman) Gushee.

[1275] of Berkley, and her daughter, Mrs. Giles A. (Gushee) Easton.

Mrs. George Prescott Kimball of San Francisco. [See 1498, now deceased.]

Mrs. Mary Anne (Clough Kimball, of Paio Alto, and family

Mrs. Martha L. (Klinball) Owen, with her boys Vivian Klinball Owen, Richard Lewis Owen, and Wm Wallace Owen.

Mrs. Kate (Kimball) Lumsten. of West Oakland, and daughter Miss Jane

Betle Lumsden. Mr. Edgar Hobart, of San Jose, Miss Sarah Louise Kimball, of San Francis-

Sarah Louise Kimball, of San Francisco and Falo Alto; secretary, etc. Miss M. Alice Kimball, and Albert DeWitt Kimball.

Guests Present.

Major John Lewis Bromley, of Oakland, a vetaran of the Mexican war, at o S. A. R.; his wife, Mrs. Annie (Levering) Bromley.

Colomel Adolphus Skinner Hubbard, organizer of the Sons of the American Revolution in California, from which Society the order has spread throughout the United States; his son. Theodore Worthington Hubbard, of San Francisco. Mr. Thomas Allen Perkins attorney, San Francisco, secretary of Dartmouth Alumni Association of this city, and member of the Sons of the American Revolution.

The above with Dr. Edwin Stevens Clark. Edgar Hobart and Sarah Louise Kimball, are members of the California Genealogical Society.

The use of Golden Gata Hall was given to Roy T. Kimball for the Raunion.

Edgar Hobart was elected President of the family for the ensuing year. Ro T. Kimball, Freasurer, and Sarah Louise Frimball, Socretary.

A few days ago a copy of the Kimball History was placed in the Mechanics Institute Library. San Francisco, by the former President, Mr. Roy, T. Kimball.



A Hunt For An Ancestor.

For a long time the American people were so busy establishing themselves in the new country that they had no time to pay any attention to the matter of uncestors. They were somewhat interested in ancient history but the idea never seemed to have struck them that their own ancestors were worth looking up. Of late the various patriotic societies have changed all this and respectable ancestors who took some part in public affairs are at a premium. Few persons have any idea of the work in hunting up a single uncestor. In some of the back numbers of the News I have asked who John Kamball of Meredith was. So far I have received no answer. A few weeks are I started out to find out who was tie ancestor of the Meredith Kimballs mentioned on page 1143 of the Family History.

In connection with this question there were one or two others that required solving. There was a certain David K.mball of Waldo Co., Me., who was said to have come from New Hampton, N. H., and to have been born in Gilford. It will be observed that the first son of this unknown Kimbail was Dayid. This was all I had to work on. Could I in any way connect the David Kimball of Waldo Co., Me., the David Kunball of Merelith, and Capt. John K inball of Mer d t ..? One of the first th ugs was to write to Meredith and and out if there were any records of births, deaths, or marriages in that town This I did with the result that I was told there were no such records. I then went to Exeter and Dover and carefully studied the deeds and probate records to see if I could find out anything about either John or David. I found a number of deeds on the records which showed me that a John Kimball whose wife was Elsie lived in Meredith. I also found that he always speiled his name Kimbel, Elsie could

not write so she made her mark. had previously found from the Edgerley family history that John Kimball of Meredith married Elsie Edgerley, b. 1735. At the time of his marriage he lived in Brentwood. I found also that about 1780 al, mention of Elsie ceased and that John Kimball and Sarah of Meredith, appeared on the books found that John had some property at one time, but that he was mostly in , debt and had his property mortgaged. Further I found that in the last ten of 1700 he disposed of his homestead in Meredith and that there was no further record of him. I also found that David had property in New Hampton but that he disposed of that in 1803 and afterwards, and that he was a shoemaker. These records gave me no clues to what I was after. I found on the probate records that Sarah Kimball of New Hampton, was granted administration on the estate of John Kimball and that, she was his widow.

The next thing was to visit New Hampton, Meredith, Gilford and Gilmanton and see if I could find anything on the old town books that would help me. Leaving Boston on a morning in April I took the train for Bristol, the nearest town to New Hampton. The ride took me through the Merrimack valley to the town of Bristol. Here the railroad came to an end. stopping at the outlet of a small stream that comes down the hill from Newfoundland lake. Here I took the stage. I was the only passenger for New Hampton. Arriving at New Hampton I at once hunted up the Town Clerk and he went with me to the Town Hail and unlocking the safe gave me the records, These I had to read over page by page as there was no index and the births, deaths, and marriages were all mixed up with other town affairs. I did not succeed in inding a word in regard to David Kimball on this book, but I found the marriage of Joseph Kimball his brother and found that his wife's name was Phebe Smith and not Betsey as it



had been given to me. Joseph Kim-bulld a pound. And that Lieut. John ited by cutting some wood. This ac- Rev. Mr. Isaac Smith." count was finally settled by David Kim- A letter was written to Mr. Hunter af-John Kimball and David.

New Hampton in search of Mr. Hunter and hunted up the town clerk's office. I found the old books but there was children of Capt. John Kimball, found however that John Kimball was constable in 1775, and the same year it is said that John Kimbel occupied that

ball and Phebe Smith were married Kimball was surveyor of highways in Nov. 21, 1810. I also found the mar- 178:. I then went to Laconia and riage of Timothy Kimball, and of Polly; spent the night. In the morning I she married John Huntress. June 30, drove to Gilford to see if I could find any 1814. This served to show me that traces of John there. There I was told one of the family lived in New Hamp- that the old town books of Gilmanton ton. The Clerk then showed me as a were at Belmont. So I had to go back curiosity an old account book that by to Laconia and take a team from there some means had got among the town and drive down to Belmont. Here I books. I found on this old book David found another trace of John Kimball, as Kimball's grocery account. He was follows: "John Kimball and Sarah Croscharged with certain amounts of N. E. bie, both of Meredith, were joined toand W. I., and some tea, and was cred-gether in marriage, Feb. 6, 1781, by

ball in 1814. This old book at last estab- ter I arrived at home. His reply to this lished a connection between Captain gave me the information that Joseph Kimball was the son of Capt. John Kim-The next morning I took a boy and a ball, that Capt. John's widow lived horse and drove over to Meredith, on with Joseph after his wife Phebe Smith the hunt of Warren Kimball. I had a died, and that he remembered being at long hunt for him but finally found old Mrs. Kimball's funeral when he was him on the top of a high hill near Mer- a boy He went to her grave after reedith Center. I found that he knew ceiving my letter to see if there was almost nothing about his family, but any stone at it, but could not find he told me his uncle Charles Lafayette any. He thought her name was Sarlived down in the valley about two ah Crosby. He further said that Capt. miles away, so I went in hunt of John was the father of the children giv-Charles. When I found him I found en on page 1143 and that David went to that he knew still less than Warren. Maine in 1814. It still remains to find He was able however, to give me his out who Capt. John Kimbel was. As I own wife's name and the names of his have already said he bailed in the first children and grandchildren. His grand- place from Brentwood. He is called mother's name he could not give me John Cimball in one of the early deeds. but said the kept house for his father. In another John Morrill, of Nottingafter his mother's death lie said that ham, sells to John Kimbel of Brentthere was a Mr. Hunter in New Hamo- wood, half a right of land in Gilmanton who could give me some information, May 7, 1761. John Kimball and tion. As I could not well go back to wife Alsee of Meredith sell this land in 1769.

This identifies him as the John of Mer-I had to drop that branch of investiga- edith, who married Elsie Edgerley of tion. I then went to Meredith depot Brentwood, I know of a number of Kimballs in Brentwood about this time but I have not been able to identify John. In Meredith he at one time owned a nothing on them in relation to any saw mill. He was licensed as a re-I tailer in 1785.

In a return of the settlements and improvements in Meredith, in 1770, it was voted to have John kmball to fraimhouse that was orignely Joseph



norries;" that there was six in the family; that he had four acres cleared and nine acres felled.

Lieut. John Kimball of Meredith, was in Capt. Nathaniel Ambros's Co., in Col. Welch's Reg't, which marched from Moultonborough and adjoining towns, Sept. 30, 1777, and joined the continental army under General Gates at Saratoga and after the surrender of General Burgoyne, march with the Guard as far as North Hampton in the State of Massachusetts Bay and was then discharged.

John Kimball, Lieut., enlisted Sept. 30, discharged Nov. 6t time in service, one month and seven days, at £8, 2s, per month; wages £9, 19s, 9d. John was Lieut, in Col. Badger's Regiment of Militia in the 4th Co., in Meredith, in 1777.

A number of the lescendants of Capt. John are still living in Meredith and the adjacent towns, but these seem but little interest of in their ancesters.

S. P. SHARPLES.

Miss Isabel Moore Kimball, the second daughter of David William Kimball of McIntire, lowa, is studying sculpture in the classes of Mr. Herbert Adams in New York, Miss Kimball has been studying only a short time and her first work appeared at the "Kelly Sun Dial competition" held in connection with the exhibition of the National Sculptors' Society in New York last April, where her design received honorable mention. At this competition designs were submitted from sculptors in America, England and Australia. (see p. 440)

A late number of the Concord, N. H. Granite Monthly contains an elaborate illustrated article on Meriden, N. H. and Kimball Union Academy, one of the most noted of New England schools. (See p. 197 Fam. Hist.) We will probably make use of it in a future issue.

Their New President.

Edgar Hobart who was elected presi dent of the Pacific Coast Kimball Association at the reunion June 4, is the husband of Harriet Emily, sister of Sarah Louise Kimball. He was chosen because of his fine executive ability and because Roy T. refused to serve again: against the unanimous wish of the members. Roy T. being both modest and obstinate gained his point. Mr. Hobart will fill the bill admirably. He is a natural leader. He has a younger brother on board the Petrel in Admiral Dewey's command, who was at the Manilla fight. It was the Petrel that ran in and took possession of the harbor.

The great-grandfather of these Hobarts, Aaron Hobart of Abington, Mass., had the first brass foundry in America, and east munitions of war for the army of the Revolution. It was here, too, that one of his workmen, a Frenchman, taught Paul Revere the art of easting bells. (See Fam. Hist. 150-1036).

Granville Kimball, late of Chicago, has enlisted as an engineer in the United States navy. He is a skillful mechanic and this position, we believe. ranks with that of captain in the army. He is son of John Granville Kimball, but is not given in the history. His father's record on page 962 is all awry, but is lined up on page 108 of the News, June number, and page 126 of this number. His vessel is the Leuardo and has already passel through an exciting experience. While towing a barge from Newport Neves to Key West recently, they ran into a fog, the hawser broke, and the barge lost to view. For two days they scouted the vicinity without success. The barge and its five men were probably lost.

Capt F. M. Kimball (1865) was Grand Army Marshal of the day at Decoration day parade in Topeka, May 30.



IN MEMORIAM.

MRS, WALTER H. KIMBALL.

Another break has been made in the Elgin family. Mrs. Walter H. Kimball (p. 900) died May 24, 1898, after a short illness. She had suffered from neuralgia, but no serious results had been anticipated until the morning of her death, when the heart was attacked. She was a woman highly respected, an active worker in the Woman's Relief Corps, and a member of the Woman's Club. She was a member of the Baptist church, but usually attended services at the Universalist church. She leaves a husband and three children.

COL. WM. P. CHANDLER.

The first number of the News contained a sketch of Col. Chandler, (Fam Hist, p. 503). We have now to record his death, which occurred at his home in Danville, Ill., June 13, 1898. The Danville Daily Commercial says:

Col. Chandler's death, while not une expected, caused universal regret. He was a notable soldier and a prominent man of affairs. He attended the Decoration day services a short time ago, it being remarked then that it would perhaps be the last time for him to participate or observe those services which were a task of love for him to perform.

It then copies a sketch from the Kimball Family News above referred to and adds:

"Ccl. Chandler was one of the prime movers for the soldiers' monument. He was the "Father of Battery A" and to his efforts is largely due the organization of the artillery company in 1875. He has seen following the movements of the battery since it departed for the war, and recently sent the buys a letter telling them what to expect and what they must do. He was a very devoit man and was for years an elder in the first Presbyterian church, retiring four years ago, when too old to perform the duties."

His wife Sarah Elizabeth Kimball died in 1806, as heretofore reported. a Home more tain a year after the celbration of their golden wedding.

The gaps left in the Elgin and Danville families are very marked. Both these families were descended from Richard, Benjamin, David. Aaron. Both were from Hopkinton, N. H. The Elgin branch went to Groton, in Grafton county, thence to Elgin. other branch went to Orange, a town adjoining Groton, and thence to Dauville. Twenty years ago there would gather at the Danville reunions. twenty-five to thirty members of the family. It would be difficult to gather one half that number now, Perhaps in Elgin the difference would not be so marked and there the family was still more numerous.

HONOR FOR DR. KIMBALL

Dr. T. C. Kimball of Marion, Ind . has received the commission of surgeon in chief in the volunteer army. The commission came as a surprise, as he had not applied for it. The appointment was made by President McKinley. Dr. Kimball was a surgeon of the old 40th regiment. Indiana national gnard. which is now the 160th Indiana yolunteers, in camp at Chickamauga. He is a member of the National Military Surgeons' association and stands very high in that body. It is his opinion that the association has given his name for the appointment. A telegram from Washington notified him to be ready to go to the front at any moment.

Captain W. A. Kimball son of Coionel A. S. Kimbail U.S.A., at present dept, quatermaster at New York city, who was not long ago appointed by Gov. Budd first lieutenant ard regimental quartermaster of the 7th California Infantry, has now been appointed by President McKinley captain and assistant quartermaster in the army. It may almost be said that he was born and bred in the business. (See Fam. Hist. p. 1089.)



ANNOUNCEMENT.

It has been judged best not to publish a supple-It was been jouged test not to ji blish a supplement to the Rimball Family History. The material collected for that purpose will be used in the Kimball Family News. By so using it we will be able to place it before the readers of the History in the course of the next few mouths. At the rate information has been coming in during the last six or eight months we might perhaps be ready to The News offers us facilities for publishing this at once.

MORRISON & SHARPLES

KIMBALL FAMILY NEWS, Topeka, Kansas. Price 50c a year. Published Monthly.

Notes Supplementary to the Data of the "Kimball Family History"

Page 675-Charles Warren Kimball m. Mar: 9, 1876, Mary Clark Coffin. b. -: d. Mar. 29, 1893. He resides at Penn Yan, N. Y. Children: 1. Charles W., b. Jan. 15, 1857. 2, Irwin Paine, b. Feb. 25, 1879. 3, Leigh. Wadsworth, b. June 5, 1881.

Page 767-Ireue Lucretia Kimball9 m. 1881, W. A. Slingerland. They reside at Hood River, Oregon, where they have a successful fruit ranch.

Page 798-Ann Baker Brown was born in Ipswich, Mass., July 3, 1814; d. at the house of her son Howard Kimball in Indianapolis, Ind., June 14, 1895.

Add after Boston, Mass., at top of page: Atanearly age after a common school education he went into the general country store of Daniel Coggswell of Ipswich, Mass., as a clerk, remaining there until he was twenty-one when he went to Boston, Mass and started in the grocery and provision business on his own account. He did a thriving business and during the gold excitement in California in the early fifties he was heavy shipper of produce from a Boston to San Francisco. He was a staunch old line Whig previous to the birth of the Republican party, which he joined and loyally followed its fortunes so long as he lived. He was always a leader in 2423a v Howard' b. Boston, Mass., June the party and was one of those who assisted in the formation of the first Wide Awake Club in Boston.

at the opening of the campaign which resulted in the election of Abraham Lincoln. He held the position of weigher and gauger in the Custom House at Boston, Mass., during the first term of Lincoln's administration. He was a loval and patriotic citizen devoted to his country.

CHILDREN.

i Annie Brown9 b. Ipswieh, Mar. 12, 1536; m. Jan. 20, 1862, Lieut. William Heustis White. b. Keene, N. H., April 19, 1838. He is the son of Shubiel White, and a descendant of Peregrine White who was born on the Mayflower. They live at Junction City, Kansas, where he has filled several offices of trust and honor. Child: Kate Elizabeth White10 b. Mar. 15, 1863; m. Jan. 7, 1891. John Ora Marshall, b. Mar. 15, 1863; son of Levi H, and Tillie C. Marshall of Williamsburg, Ind. They live in St. Louis, Mo., where he is an attorney at law. Children: 1. John Brown Marshalld b. Junction City, Kan., Nov. 1, 1891. 2. Marguerite Marshall¹¹ b. Junction City, Kan., may 26, 1893.

ii Mary Baker3 b. Ipswich, Mass., May 4, 1838; d. May 29, 1838.

iii Charles Henry b. Brooklyn, N.Y., Aug. 15, 1841, d. Clarendon, Texas, Jan. 12, 1888. He was employed for about five years in the wholesale dry goods house of J.M. Beebe & Co., Franklin Street, Boston, He went to Leavenworth, Kan., at the close of the war and for a time was paym_ster's elerk under Major Rodney Smith and Major Shreves, after this he was book-keeper for Evans & Co., Post Traders at Fort Sill, Indian Territory.

v Alfred Warren9b, Boston, Mass., Nov. 1, 1843; d. Sept. 30, 1844.

vi Richard Warren⁹ b, Mar. 1, 1848; d. Feb. 28, 1849.



vii Frank Newell⁹ b. Aug. 11, 1849; d. Feb. 14, 1855.

vili Harry Sargent's b. Goston, Mass., Aug. 13, 1853. Lives at Chicago. Ill.; m. Dec. 23, 1880, Martha Jone Skinner of Clarendon, Texas.

Page 807-Samuel Colt Kimball8 (Samuel S.7 George W.ª Asa5 Philemon4 J0seph3 John2 Richard1) b. Barton, Vt., Mar. 24, 1859; m. Mar. 13, 1883, Celina V. Hovey of Albany, Vt From about 1866 to 1887 ne lived in Albany, Vt; graduated in 1877 from Eastman's Business College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. In 1887 be Page 813-1772a Charles Edmunds Kimwent to Puvallup. Washington, where he started a department store which was very successful, In 1896 he returned to Barton Landing, Vt., where he is doing a prosperous business in general merdise.

CHILDREN.

1 Harold Colt's b. Albany, Vt., Mar.

ii Raymond Charles b. Albany, Vt .. Dec. 17, 1988.

iii Hugh Allen9 b. Puyallup, Washington, Dec. 6, 1890.

iv Mabel Louise⁹ b. Puyallup, Wash. ington, July 6, 1893.

Page 807-1735b William Ellsworth Kimballs (Samuel S.7 George W,6 Asa⁵ Philemon⁴ Joseph⁸ John² Richard1) b. Barton, Vt., Aug. 3, 1861; m. Feb. 23, 1893, Mabel Loge Edinger, Minneapolis, Minn., b. Chicago, Sept 5, 1868. As a child she showed wonderful musical ability which was developed by the best masters. At the present time she ranks as one of the foremost women organists of this country.

He was educated at St. Johnsbury, Vt., Academy. In 1859 he went west and for four years was agent or Faverweather & Ladew of New York, in Chicago, Minneapolis, and Duluth, In 1893 he re. turned east for the same firm and

has since that time been their southern New England agent. He resides in Waterbury, Conp.

i Kathryn Paine9 b. Montclair, N.J. Aug. 28, 1895.

Page 810-Charles B Kimball was a member of the California Sons of the American Revolution.

Page 811-Sample should be Saupe. Page \$12-Sleeper should be Sawyer

Almeda should be Alameda. Clara J Heath should be Sarah J. Heath.

ball William B,7 Amos Amos Dean Joseph³ John² Richard¹) b. Sept. 24, 1856; m. Nov. 17, 1887. Marie E. Bennett of New York. He is president of a railroad and resides at Summit, N. J.

CHILDREN.

i William Geoffrey b. Sept. 8, 1888. New York.

ii Charles E.9 b. Jan. 21, 1891, Summit. N. J.

iii Alden⁹ b. Jan. 11, 1894, Summit

Page 820-Edward E.8 was b. July not June.

Page 827-James Austin Burns9 m. Sept-19, 1864, Mary Josephine Grannis. b. Sept. 18, 1842. New Britain. Conn. daughter of William E. and Mary Jane (Morgan) Grannis. Children. 1. Edwin Perry Burns b. Feb 13 1866. 2. James Frederick Burns b. Feb. 5, 1868. 3, Mary Burns b Ang. 9, 1878, Atlanta, Gr.

Page 828-Erase after children, Henry William Atwater b. Newburyport

Mass., Dec. 17, 1849.

Page 325-Josephine Louisa Burns' b Hamlin Grant, Me., April 19, 1807 m. June 26, 1880. Harrison Parket Clement, b. Lowell, Mass., Apr., 20, 1845; son of Harrison Davis and 'Chloe (Bailey) Clement. Children 1. Annie Louisa Clement16 b. Boston Mass., July 10, 1881. 2, Harris 5 Burns Clement10, b. East Orange. N. J., April 29, 1883. 3. Frederica Parker Clement¹⁰ b. West Medford Mass , Sept 19, 1884; d. West Medford, Mass., Oct. 23, 1881.



Page 835-Insert 1821a Leonard Kim- Page \$62-Instead of Joanna Ames. batl' (Charles' Peter' Francis' Joseph1 Richards Thomas Richard) b. Sebago, Me., Aug. 23, 1848; m. Dec. 24, 1877, Mary J. Pierce, b. Mar. 14, 1854; daughter of John Pier:e of Steuben, Me. They live at Minneapolis, Minn., where he is a member of the firm of Kimball and Storer Co. Printers. CHILDREN.

Claude D.9 b. April 19, 1879.

ii Eugene D.9 b. June 20 1883. Page 835-1821b Porter Kimball (Charles Peters Franciss Josephs Richarus Thomass Richardt) b. Sebago. Me., May 6, 1851; m July 4, 1880. Eva Merrett of Wilmar, Minn. He is a farmer and lives at Hope. N. Dakota.

CHILDREN.

i Perley⁹ b. Jan. 1, 1852. ii Arthur W. b. Feb 16, 1884.

iii Edgar P.8 b. Sept. 3, 1885.

iv Leonard⁹ b. Nov. 27, 1887.

v Merrett⁹ b. Dec. 3, 1889. vi Eva C.9 b. Jan. 10, 1892.

vii Lucy G.9 b. Aug. 15, 1895.

William S. Forest of Chicago. Page 845-Dickerson and Dickenson

should be Dickinson. Page 846-Ketchum should be Ketcham.

Pages 846 and 847-Morris should be Moores

Page 850-Rev. John died July, 1897, in San -rancisco.

Page \$56-Fourth line erase "Mill agent resides in Statersville, R. I.", and insert. "Is treasurer of Slatersville and Jewett City Mills. Resides in Providence R. I."

Page 856-Anna Louise Gage was born May 3, 1852.

Page 859-Ellen C. Chapin should be Ellen Elizabeth Chapin.

Page 861-Eleanor Gillum should be Eleanor Amelia Gillum.

Page 561-Mary A. C. Trott was b July 24, 1845.

Page set-Moses Brown Kimball d. Newburyport, Mass., July 29, 1896.

read Joanna Eames Johnson.

Page 862-Wirt Fuller Kimball, son of George Alden, b. Nov. 2, 1897.

Page 571-Sarah E. Holt was b. 1831. not 1821.

Page 873-George I, Kimball m. Oct. 16. 1879, Amanda Cora St Cyr. daughter o' Adolphus Frederick L. St Cyr. Resides in Kansas City, Missouri.

CHILDREN.

i Clara Anna Marie¹⁰ b. Sept. 26. 1881.

ii Ruby Estella¹⁰ b. July 20, 1883. iii Fanny St Cyrio b. July 6, 1887.

Page 875-xii Ora should be Ira.

Page 876-Ruth Ann Southard b Jan 31, 1836, Bath, N. H.; daughter of Wiiliam and Ann W.(Bairen)South-

Page 879-1935d Baxter Franklin Kimballs 'Jesse' Edwards Jonathans Samuel⁴ David³ Benjamin² Richard¹) b. 1826, Messina, N. Y.; m. Augusta ———. Child: Florence A.9 b. 1856; m. Feb. 24, 1881, Marshall Baldridge, b. 1846.

Page 838—Emily Conti⁹ m. July 9, 1896, Page 886—1958a Ambrose Kimball⁸ (Cyrus 7 Mellen 6 Asa 3 David 4 David 3 Benjamin2 Richard1) b. Cincinnati. Ohio, Nov. 19, 1839; m. Nov. 3, 1865, Carrie Widerecht: m. 2nd Sophia Loughenbury Graham, youngest daughter of Frank and Salome Loughenbury and adopted daughter of the late Thomas Graham of Warren, Pa.; b. March 18, 1863.

> in 1863 he entered the navy as third assistant engineer. He resigned on account of ill health after serving eighteen months.

> In 1573 he went to Washington Territory and remained there for some time, the country not suiting him he returned to Cincinnati and in 1885 went to the Penu. Oil Regions, and resided at Kinzua for several years removing to Ceres. N. Y , in 1889 where he was residing in 1597.



CHILDREN.

i Maynard⁹ b. May 5, 1868. ii Jasper⁹ b. July 24, 1870.

iii Arthur⁹ b. Feb. 14, 1876. iv Cyrus Curtis9 b. Oct. 31, 1892.

Page 885-1958b Charlotte Kimballs (Cyrus⁷ Mellen⁶ Asa⁵ David³ David³ Benjamin2 Richard1) b. Portville, N. Y., Mar. 1, 1846; m Aug. 14. 1876, Valentine Perry Carter, b. May 16, 1822 At the age of ten years she went with her parents to Page 9:4-2056a Daniel W. Kimball's Cincinnati. Ohio. After her marriage she resided at Ceres, N. Y., a town which is situated in two states She lived there three years and then removed to Duke Center. Pennsylvania, where her busband put in a gas line which was the second line in the state of Pennsylvania. In 18.4 they removed to Friendship, N. Y., an agricultural town situated on the Eric railroad.

i Roy Miner Carter9. b Oct. 18, 1887. Ceres, N. Y.

Page 886-Leander Augustus Robinson9 m. Nellie Cole. Child: Cretia May Robinsor 19. Resides New Ipswich, N. H.

25, 1850, d, Feb. 25, 1858. Harry Clarence Robinson's b. June

18, 1857, d. Feb. 3, 1859.

Page 886-John Thaxter9 b. May 20. 1547.

Charlotte Elizabeth Thaxter9 b. July 10, 1849, d. Jan. 19, 1812. William Thomas Thaxter⁹ b. May

25, 1851, d. April 6, 1878. Ruby Helen Thaxter b. Dec. 16, 1853, m. Henry J. Reynolds. He is a druggist and resides in Eastport. Maine. Children: 1 Thomas Harold Reynolds10 b. - 2, Leon Beeley Reynolds¹⁰, 3, Augusta Reynolds¹⁰.

Charles Thaxter* b. Nov. 16; 1856. Resides Dennisville, Maiue.

Gilman Bacheller Thaxter9 b. Sept. 16, 1803. Resides Machias. Mar.

Page 904-Hannah R. Kimball, daugh ter of Stephen and Hannah (Bar ney) Kimball.

Arthur's m. Lamar Ford, daughter of George N. and Amanda M. (Davis) Ford; son, Archielo, Resides Grafton, N. H.

Page 917-Charles A. Hamlin has a daughter Gertrude Augusta Hamlin, b. Westford, Mass., June 11. 1893.

Samuel A.7 Samuel⁶ Nathan⁵ Nathaniel Jonathan Benjamin Richard ; b. April 15, 1834, m. Aug. 14, 1855, Mary Wingate, daughter of Benjamin and Lavinia (Davis) Win-

CHILDREN.

i Clara E.9 b. June 17, 1858. ii Annie b. Aug. 3, 1860.

iii M. B. Frank⁹ b. July 7, 1863. iv Mary E. 9 b. Nov. 11, 1876.

v Ernest E.9 b. Dec. 27, 1819.

Page 931-Berta Lang should be Bertha Lang, b. Oct. 11, 1864, Page 937-Nathaniel T.9 m. Jan. 23.

1891, Luzzie G. Trask of Rochester. CHILDREN.

Marian¹⁸. ii Nathaniel Thurston 10.

Frank Kimball Robinson'b. Aug. | Page 938-Willard Chapman Kimball should be Willard Child Kimball.

Mary E. Markel was born 1856. ил 1866.

Charles Seymour b. Mar. 17. not Mar. 15.

CHILD.

i --- b. Ang. 26, 1886; d. Sept. 16.

Page 938-2107a George Benjamin Kimballs (Benjamin G.7 Benjamins Edmand' Edmund Samuel Benjamin Richardi) o. Cravensville, Mo., mar. 2, 1844; m. Feb. 19, 1868, Nancy M. Hill. Jaughter of William P. and E. (Beard) Hill, d. May 12, 1881; m. 2nd May 7, 1885, Mrs. Margaret E. Macy, b. July 7, 1841, near Glas-gow, Scotland; d. James; ort, Misouri. May 10, 1893; daughter of William and Hannah Crurkshank. He has been a farmer and merchant and now resides in Jamesport, Mo.



CHILDREN.

- i Caroline Elizabeth⁹ b. Mar. 2, 1872. Teacher, Albany, Mo.
- ii Mary Eliza9 b. June 12, 1874; Resides Jamesport, Mo.
- iii Georgia Ann Virginia9 b. July 25. 1876; d. Nov. 28, 1878.
- iv Zerelda Addie⁹ b. July 7, 1380. Resides Jamesport, Mo.

CHILDREN.

- i Josephine V.9 b. Sept. 7, 1880. Resides Jameson, Mo
- ii William Thurston9 b. July 23, 1882; d. Mar. 21, 1883.
- iii Lulu May9 b. Nov. 5, 1483.
- iv Alice Elizabeth⁹ b. Nov. 14, 1885.
- Page 938 2107b-James William Kumball8 (Benjamin 3.7 Benjamin6 E Imund6 Edmund⁴ Samuel³ Benjamin² Richard1) b. Cravensville, Mo., Dec. 10. m. 1845; Feb. 14, 1877, Ann Vogel. He is a farmer and resides near Jameson. Mo.
- Page 938-2107c Eliza Mansur Kimball⁸ (Benjamin G.7 Benjamin6 Edmund6 Edmunds San uels Benjaming Richard1) b, --: m. Dec. 31, 1872, Joseph H. Feurt, d. Mar. 10, 1881; m 2nd Henry Hubbard. Res. Jameson, Mo.

CHILDREN.

- i Gage Davis Feurt9 b. July 14, 1574; m. Dec. 11, 1896, Nannie Froman.
- ii Gertru le H Feurt9 b. June 27, 1877. □iii Joseph H. Feurt* b. Mar. 28, 1880,
- d Mar. 25, 1980. iv Capitola Ruth Hubbard9 b. July
- 30, 1593.
- Page 938 -2107d Alice Ann Kimball8 (Benjamin G.7 Bemjamin⁸ Edmund⁵ Edmund⁴ Samuel³ Benjamin² R'eh ard1;b. Jan. 25, 1855; d. June 23, 1888; m. May 22, 1885, James Wilson,
- Page 935-2107e Nathaniel Thurston Kimball' (Benjamin' Benjamin' Edmund⁵ E tmuud Samuel⁸ Benjamin² Richard) b. --; m. May 9, 1856. Elizabeth Lowry.

CHILDREN.

- Ernest B.9 b. Dec. 9, 1888,
- in Orville⁹ b. May 12, 1890.
- iii Richard⁹ b. Oct. 22, 1892.
- Page 939—William Augustus Kimball⁸ was graduated at Yale College and at the Mass. Institute of Technology. He lived in New York City, and was a captain in the second New York Cavalry, and was also connected with a Connecticut regiment during the war of 1861. He d. at Passadena, California, Sept. 27, 1887. His widow is the daughter of Rufus Hatch. She spends the school year at Palo Alto, residing during summer at Pasadena.

CHILDREN

- i Sherman9 b. New York City, July 4, 1881. Has graduated from Belmont Military Academy and will enter the Leland Stanford University in Sept., 1898.
- ii Rufus⁹ b. New York City. July 20, 1883, is a student at Belmont Military Academy.
- These boys are descended in three different lines from Benjamin Kimball, and in two different lines from Thomas Kimball, sons of Richard.
- Page 940-Eurney should be Barney, and William Burney should be Milton Barnay.
 - Altert Barney Kimball m. June 23, 1897, Myrtle C. Whaley of Manhattan, Kansas, Child; Edith Louise, b. Scandia. Kansas, May 23.
- v Horace L. Hubbard9 b. Mar. 27. Page 943-Caleb Kimball d. about 1850. CHILDREN.
 - i Charles Leonardo b Amesbury, Mass, April 20, 1825; d. New Boston, N.H. Feb. 26, 1892; m. Sarah M. Cunningham, Oct. 1848. Child: Lillian M.10 b. 1858, d. Oct. 1870.
 - ii William Henry b. --; d. East Pittston, Me., Feb. 24, 1889; m. East Pittston, Me., Emma J. Huntington.



iii Martha Anny b. June 9, 1829; m. Nov. 1849, John T. Bowen of Nova Scotia. Children: 1. John T. Bow-28, 1851; d. --- 2. Sarah A. Bowen10 b. Boston, Mass., May 1854; d. --- 3, Emma J. Bowen¹⁰ b. Boston, Mass., Feb. 9, 1858; m. Mr. Wilson. 4, Florence A. Bowen¹⁰ b. Oct. 16, 1860; m. Elmer Jones of Boston. 5, Lorenzo W, Bowen'o b. Charleston., Mass., Oct. 11, 1864.

lv Caleb F.9 b. Aug. 2, 1831. d. Feb. 6. 1865.

v Sarah J.9 Hooksett, N. H., May 31, 1835; m. William F. Whiting of Woodstock, Vt., b. -- : d Duxbury, Mass., May, 1885. Children: 1. Lueia T. Whiting 10 b. Pembroke, Mass., Mar. 5, 1855; d. Charleston. Mass., Jan. 19, 4870. 2. Caleb Kimball Whiting10 b. Pembroke. Mass., Sept. 26, 1857.

vi Calista F.9 b. Lvnn, mass., July 11. 1838; m. Henry C. Fargo, of Boston, Mass. Children: 1, William H. Fargolf, 2, George W. Fargolf,

vii Nancy B.8 b. Boston, Mass., Sept. 11, 1841; d Charlestown, Mass., July 30, 1881; m. William H. Foster of Portsmouth, N. H. Children: 1, Mattie S. Fosterie, 2, Edith A. Fos. ter10. 3, Louisa P. Foster10.

Page 944-First line should be born Feb. 13, 1818; d. Dec. 16, 1867.

Page 945-Azuba Sargent Fairbrother, b. Feb. 10, is is, dau, of Amos and 2552a vi Granville 10 b. Easton Penn, July

Maria (Sargent) Fairbrother. Page 936-Glentwood should be Glent-

worth; m. 1854 should be 1859. Page 963-Lettie Clough should be Lot-

tie Clough. Page 905-Saltie J. Lawrence was b. 1817.

not 1818.

Page 948-Third line should be Josephine E.M., b. Salem. Apri' 2, 1845; m. Sept. 5, 1871. Moses Brown of Newburyport, Children;b. Newburyport. 1, Arthur Perkins Brown b. May 4. 1873. 2. Henry Safford Brown b. | more. Iil.

Aug 26, 1875. 3. Mary Perkins Brown 10 b. Feb. 4, 1878; d. Mar. 2z.

en10 b. Cambridgeport, Mass., April Page 963-2189a John Granville Kimball9 (David Jonathan David Benjamin5 John4 John3 Henry2 Richardb b. Parsonsfield, Me., Sept. 3. 1819; d. Sept. 3, 1889; m. Oct. 15, 1843. Electa Rowley, b. near Frankfort. Ky., Nov. 15, 1826; m. 2nd Nov. 5. 1867, Emma S. Rogers, b. Apr. 26. 1838; m. 3rd Mary E. Horne.

He was a physician and a member of the Baptist Church. He enlisted in Company A. thirty-fifth Regt. N. J. Volunteers, Aug. 20, 1863. He was mustered out June 6, 1865, at Trenton, N. J. He served part of his time in the Hospital Service. After the war he went to Williamsport. Penn, and from there to Pittsburg, and finally to Des Moines, lowa.

CHILDREN.

- i Clarinda19 b. Philadelphia, Pa. Aug. 1, 1844; d. Apr. 9, 1547.
- ii George Washington10 b. Sept. 16. 1846; d. Apr. 19, 1847.
- iii Celestia b. May 8, 1848; m. George Wilkins of Philadelphia.
- iv Emma Bishop10 b. Mt. Holly, N.J.. May 18, 1851; d. Philadelphia, Jan. 21. 1884; m. Rev. Win. Jones of Philadelphia.
- v Mary E.10 b. Mt. Holly. N. J., Oct. 3, 1553; d. Mar. 27, 1858.
- 13, 1855.
- vii Mary Emma10 b. Pittsburg, Penn .. Oct. 24, 1868. She received the degree of M. D at the Woman's Medical College at Philadelphia in 1892 Resides Brooksville, Penn.
- viii Frank Rogers¹⁰ b. July 9, 1890. Res. Brooksville, Pa.

Rev. H. D. Kimball delivered a patriootic address on Memorial day at Syca



A New Hampshire Resort.

To Editor of "KIMBALL FAMILY NEWS

DEAR SIR:-I have frequent outings at Henry Kimball's pleasaot farm in Goffstown, N. II., and have thought some items concerning his home and family might interest the readers of "The Kimball Family News."

This farm was formerly owned by John Kimball, seventh generation from Richard, see p. 651 who sold it about 1854 and moved with his large family to Kansas. Fourteen years ago it was purchased by Henry K., and under the name of Maplewood Farm has become quite noted as a popular summer boarding place, and seems to be regarded as a home by those who come to it year after year. Being within three miles of the city of Manchester, situated on high land, and surrounded by pleasant walks and drives in all directions, it is a most attractive spot. The tenth generation in this country is represented by Richard Henry, (child of "H. L's" oldest son Harry) who just came too late to be "immortalized" by mention in the Kimball book. (p. 938)

And so after thirty years' desertion, by the family once so numerous in the old town, it has again become one of their headquarters, infused with new life, enterprise and energy; the the resultant of those strong Ne " England forces that help to make up the fibre of our national strength.

The old homestead farm, spoken of in the book, as belonging to Henry Kimball, Senior, is now the site of the Benedictine College - St. Anseluis - and the old house is the home of the nuns. (p. 650, No. 1340)

LULU F. KIMBALL

She has been named Edith Louise.

Phi Belta Phi,- Kimballs.

Gordon Nathan Kimball, 2nd Lieut. First Utah Cavalry, U. S. Vois., to go to Manilla, Ogden Utah. Law Dept., University of Michigan, Kent Chapter. Class of 1894.

Edward Batchelder Kimball, Washington D. C. Washington High School 1890; Law School, Columbian Universitv. Marsball Chapter. LL. B Columbia, 1892. L.L. B. Harvard Law School 1895, where he affiliated with Choate Chapter. Room 168, L. & T. Building, No. 90? F. St., N. W. (Page 747, third line from top; son of Edward Sullivan Kimball, M. D.

George Edward Kimball, Boston. Mass., Law Department. Boston University, Webster Chapter: Law Class of 1893, proconsul. Assistant Law Clerk, Superior Court of Suffolk Co. 54 New Court House. Pemberton Square.

Which?-Page 835, George Edward, born June 7, 1874; p. 863, George Edward, b. Nov. 27, 1868; p. 951, George E., b. March 7, 1869.

Moses Day Kimball (Jr), Choate Chapter, Harvard Law School, (H. Univ) class of 1892. A. B. Harvard University 1889. A. M., ibid, 1892. Died 1893. (p. 512, viii.)

David Holyoke Kimball, St. Paul, Minn. Chicago College of Law, (Law Department, Lake Forest U.) class of 1897, St. Paul High School, 1894, Manual Arts School. Care of Bulkley, Grav & Moore, 517 Home Ins. Bldg., No. 205 La. Salle St.

Edward Ancel Kimball of Chicago Albert B.Kimball of Scandia, Kansas, (page 860) is getting to be a notable who was married on the 23d of June, Christian Science lecturer. The Chica-1597, to Miss Myrtle C. Whaley of Man- go Times Herald recently devoted six hattan, Kansas, became the father of columns to one address. On June 21 a little girl on the 23d of May this year, he addressed a large audience in Topeka.



THE COAT OF ARMS

Some doubt having been expressed in regard to my position on the question of the Coat of Arms. I sent to the committee on Heraldry of the New England Genealogical Society the following questions:

First-Is the Coat of Arms, as given in the History of the Kimball Family a genuine Coat of Arms belonging to a Kimball or Kemball family in England?

Second-If you find that it is genuine Coat of Arms, are the descendants of Richard Kimball entitled to bear it?

In answer to these questions I received the following reply.

> New England Historical trenealogical Society. 18 Somerset Street. BOSTON, MASS., May 12, 1898. |

S. P. SHARPLES, ESQ.

DEAR SIE:-Your letter of May 9. has been referred to me to answer in the absence of the chairman of the first question. I can not find a description in the Library of the Arms given in the Kimball History. If genuine colors of the wreath should be reversed: argent gules, not gules argent. With nothing to show the genuineress of the arms. I think that the only safe course is to doubt the arms until proof to the contrary is forthcoming. As to titled to bear a Coat of Arms, question se and, supposing for argument that the arms are genuine. No! Kimball in this country has a right to them. Richard Kimball's father is unknown: Henry Kemball's immediate ancestry is also unknown. To prove the right of either to bear arms it must be ecuclusively shown (1) that they had grants of arms given them by Herald's College, or (2) that descent is proved beyond peradventure, from an arms bearing male ancestor (i. e. a Kemball, or however, the name is spetled) recognized as such by the Herald's College in the Visitations. Such proof is required by the College before recognition of the right to bear arms and this society can have no better example set it. It might be added that arms are wholly a matter of personal property. and that a similarity of name, only, earries no right to assume another

man's arms in consequence of the sim-

Very truly yours. F. APTHORP FOSTER of the Committee on Heraldr;

Mr. Foster has stated the matter seplainly that it will be necessary for me to add but few words. In the first place there is no purish named Kimball in England, in Cumberland, or any other county. In the second place the name Kimballis not found in England. Itequivalent there is Kemball. The name Kemball is found principally in Suffoli. Co. It is found to some extent in Lon-

don and in Essex Co. It is essentially a name belonging to the south eastern part of England. Kemble is a name that belongs to Wiltshire and has existed there for hundreds of years. The Kemble family is entitled to a Coat of Arms and their arms are found in the various works on Heraldey.

In making the above statements ! wish it to be understood that I have no prediudice in the matter one way or the Committee on Heraldry. As to the other, but I have spent more time on the study of this matter than any of my critics, and entil I have much more light on the matter than I have now I must stick to my present opinion that the Coat of Arms is not genuine and that no Kimball in this country is en-

S. P. SHARPLES

John Vernon Kimball, son of the late Rev. John Kimbalt (p. 859) of San Fran cisco, has enlisted in the regular arm; and goes to the Phillipine Islands, Ilimother descended from Thomas Wash ington, a nephew of Gen. Washington Rev. John Kimball, at one time had charge of the schools in the Free! man's Bareau, which was organized by Gen. John Eaton of Washington.

Merton Lyndon Kimball of Norwa-Me., born March 1s, 1867 (not 1857 at given in the June issue of the NEWgraduated at Bowdoin College in 1885. and is now serving in the army.



The Kimball Family News

Topeka, Kausas, August, 1898.

Vol. 1, No. 8.

Terms 50 cents a year.

The Kimball Family News,

AN HISTORIC GENEALOGICAL PAPÉR. Published Monthly. 835 North Kansas Avenue.

TOPEKA. KANSAS.

The News is published in behalf of the Kimbali clan, and its kindred, and incidentally in behalf

of all family brotherhood The of ject is not simply to gather genealogical data, but to restore, record and preserve the family history, biography and traditions, and to cultivate a spirit of emulation among families that will lead to a higher patriotism and a better citizen-hip.

Family advertisements will be inserted on last page, and miscellaneous advertisements of an unobjectionable character on the cover pages, at 50 cents an inch each insertion, or \$5.00 a year.

Address all business and miscellaneous communications to the publisher, G. F. Klimball, To-

peka, Kansas Subscription Price, 50 cents a year in advance. Do not send personal checks unless cost of ex-

change is added Address all queries, and purely genealogical matters to Prof. S. P. Sharples, 13 Broad Street, Boston, Mass, who has volunteered to conduct this department for the year. In asking infor mation of him return postage should be included

Entered for Transmission as Second Class Matter.

How to Make a Genealogical Search

[From the Scientific American.]

Mr. Edwin Stanley Welles has written an interesting account in The Independent upon how to make a search for ancestors. Within the past see men, and still more women, trying wholly in the dark.

pear; and he will be compelled to put forth his best efforts to discover its onward course. It may be, however, some consolation for him to know that a clear, easy search is most unusual.

The majority of those who want to know about their ancestors-who they were, where they lived, and whether any of them served in the colonial or revolutionary wars-have only the vaguest idea of the way in which to proceed. "The trouble," said one of our librarians, "with the women wno attempt to trace up their ancestors is, that they do not know how to make an investigation." This remark, it is needless to say, is quite as applicable to mea who undertake a search without some previous training.

Now let us watch a genealogical expert as he conducts an investigation. He starts, let us say, with the following data: that Mr. Brown's grandfather Jonathan Brown lived in Coventry, Conn., as late as 1800, when he removed to western New York, where he died some twenty years afterward at the age of 76. He had married and his children were all born before his change of residence; but the maiden name of his wife, the time few years there has been developed a of their marriage and the dates of remarkable interest in the pursuit of their children's births are not known. genealogical investigation. Step into The grandson has found the trail clear any historical library and you will up to 1800, but back of that he is

to hunt up their aucestors among the What will the genealogist do with various historical and genealogical these data? First of all, he will ascerbooks. It is a fascinating sudy, and tain if the grandson has properly grows more fascinating as the investi- searched the printed books that may gator proceeds; but it is beset with contain the requisite information. The subtle difficulties, which at times dis- chances are that he has not; so the hearten the most courageous seeker, genealogist will begin by consulting If one enters upon a search, he must at least these three standard geneaexpect to find his trail suddenly disap- logical works, which are to be found



in every well equipped historical tionary of the First Settlers of New England, showing Three Generation. of those who came before May, 1692" (4 vols.); 2, "The New England Historical and Genealogical Register" (49) vols): 3, Himman's "l'uritan Settlers of Connecticut" (1 vol.) works, together with the "Essex Institute Historical Collections" (33) vols.), are well nigh indispensable to the student of early New England genealogies.

Of course, the genealogist will notice whether there is a "Brown Genealogy" ard such being the case, whether it treats of his particular Mr. Brown of Coventry: he will also ascertain riages and deaths are sadly fragmentwhether there is a history of the town ary as a rule, and each name should be of Coventry, and if there is one, deciphered, without depending upon whether it contains the genealogies of the index. Sometimes such lists are the old families there. But suppose to be found scattered among the volall these sources full to give any light? Possibly Mr. Brown's ancestors were too obscure to be mentioned, or no one has ever traced them out: and, generally speaking, the facts most essential to obtain are not to be found among the printed records.

In Connecticut, however there is one important exception-the names of those who served in the Revolutionary War and in the War of 1812 have been printed by the state, although these lists are, unfortunately, somewhat in-Having exhausted the printed works that might bear on this case, the genealogist now turns to the most fruitful sources of information. which may be termed "the manuscript There are at least four sets of these records, which he will closely and carefully examine before he will be willing to make a report. These are: 1. The Land Records of the Town; 2. The Town Record of Births, Marriages and Deaths: 3. The Church Records of Baptisms, Marriages and Deaths; 4, The Probate Records.

A few words of explanation should library: 1. "Savage's Genealogical Dic- be given about these different records. In the first place, then, it is not safe to trust the indexes of the early Land Records. In some instances they may be accurate, but, ordinarily, they have been carelessly made. Over and over again, they have failed to reveal im-These three portant facts hid away in their musty tomes. We must "wade" through them, if we wish to be sure of our results. And as so much utterly untrustworthy work has been produced by simply glancing through the indexes. one should not rest contented until be has patiently gone through those formidable volumes page by page.

The Town Records of bir hs. mar-

ames of Land Records.

In most of the old New England towns there are early Church Records of baptisms, marriages and deaths which frequently supplement the corresponding town records. usually kept with the clerk of the church or the minister of the parish. Anciently the minister made the entries, and their fullness and accuracy depended upon his faithfulness in entering each record. Occasionally, when an examination of all these records failed to disclose a much coveted fact. like the age of a child or the maiden name of the widow, the Probate Records will yield the information. The wills, inventories and distributions contain a vast amount of curious and valuable information.

When the genealogist has complete t a thorough examination of these four sets of records, it will be strange if he does not make some important discoveries. In our supposed case of Jonathan Brown, the Land Records of Coventry will show whether he owned property in that town, and, if so, when



he bought it and when he sold it. Perhaps the will of his father, if found at the probate office, will disclose the fact that he inherited it, and his marriage will probably appear either on the church or town records. And so, step by step, the line is followed back, and generally several towns have to be visited.

Possibly the genealogist will be obliged to scan the headstones in some old churchyard to supply a missing date. In Connecticut, if a record of service in the colonial wars is desired he will have to examine the manuscript muster and pay rolls in the state library at the capitol, Hartford, and in carrying his search still further back he will be likely to consult the early court records. But enough has now been given to show the seeker after genealogical information how to go to work. If he can not undertake a personal investigation or feels incompetent to do it, his wisest course is to select an experienced genealogist familiar with every branch of genealogical work. Learn his prices in advance, send him all the data, and he will be able to trace the family line if any existing records bear the unpression of its course. He cannot do impossible things, for he cannot ascertain facts when the facts are wanting in the records; but he can often disentangle a very perplexing genealogical snarl. And, finally, be it observed. that it is only by much patient and persistent delving that real genealogical treasures are unearthed.

If a member or connection of the family is enrolled in the army, let us know of it, giving company and regiment, as well as full name, age, and and residence of such volunteer or regular, and his rank in army or mary. We are sometimes able to get part of this information from the papers, but the details are not often given.

PORTRAITS

A correspondent writes:

You mention the publication of cuts of any of the Kimball family sending you a Photo and two dollars. What kind would they be, simply wood cuts, or like those in the Family History?

To this question we reply neither wood cuts, nor large like most of those in the History, but one column half tones, similar to that of Miss Grace Kimball in the March number, or Mrs. Garvin in the April number. Another that is shown herewith, was published in the second number of the News as a sample, but is not given in that number as reprinted, to be sent out next month, and it may therefore be reproduced here. It is a portrait of a daughter of the clittor of the News. The subject is a reporter on the Topeka Evening Journal.



MISS MARTHA KIMBALL. TOPEKA, KANSAS.

These half tone cuts will be made and printed in the Navs or receipt of two dollars. The full name and a short sketch of the subject should also be sent. We can furnish extra prints about 35 g/x45 inches, on fine enamels deardoord, 100 for \$1.00, or \$0 for 75 cents, postpaid.



HE LOST THE CHANCE.

The Boston Globe of June 21, has the following from New York:

"Send the Holland submarine boat to Santiago, and I will take her with a a volunteer crew and clear the harbor of ships and mines."

That is the substance of a letter on file in the navy department. It is signed by Lieut. Commander William W. Kimball, commander of the torpedo boat flotilla of the U.S. navy.

"I think we will get a try for the boat at last," said treasurer Frost of the Holland submarine boat company today.

"Mr. Kimball has written to the secretary of the navy, asking for our boat and offering to man her with a volunteer erew and clear the harbor of Santiago of mines and ships. Mr. Kimball is one of the ablest men in the navy and one of the acknowledged authorities on torpedoes, topedo boats and the use of high explosives in warfare.

"He has said that if the Holland is put at his disposal, he can get a vol- Harvard University. The college has unteer crew, which will be the pick of received during the past year considerthe navy, and that he will take the vessel on her perilous mission himself, We are putting a new breech block in besides that of Mrs. Kimball being a fulour forward gun today-preparing for ly equipped gymnasium with all modern a government test Mr. Holland is at appliances including a swimming pool. Nixon's yards in Elizabethport overseeing the work. I hope that the boat will be ordered to Santiago. We are confident of her abilities and know that our gursare all right for any test cutside of that of actual dynamite pro- J. P., D. L.: Gen. (retired); Director jectiles."

"Of course we have only used dummy projectiles, for there are no experienced | Artillery 1837; Gen. 1880. | Address: 62 experts out of the navy who are qualified to make the tests under conditions | Service, Athenaeum. paralelling those of actual warfare."

Lieut. Com. Kimbail, who asks permission to take the Holland destroyer | News -Parker 6 b. Oct. 22, 1801, d. 1819. on her trial mission to death-to bim, it was Kitridge6 who married Relief and his crew, or to the crew of the Dame and resided in Janesville, Illi-Spanish ships in Santiago harbor-is a nois.

gentleman whose record justifies treas urer Frost's confidence.

Kimball is a short, square-jawed young officer who, since he left the naval academy eight years ago, has devoted his entire time and attention to torpedoes and torpedo boats. He is the idol of the torpedo flotilla, and his assertion that he can get the "pick of the navy" for any expedition to the conduct of which he volunteers will not be doubted by any man who knows Kimball and the navy.

If he suggested a torpedo attack upon an eruptive volcano he could pick his men from the entire personnel of the active lists. The Holland boat people know Kimball, and so do-the people at the naval headquarters. Hence this confidence for the future of the Holland, since Kimball has asked for her enlishment

Mrs. David Pulsifer Kimball (p. 950) has just given \$50,000 to build a dormitory for Radeliffe College. Radeliffe is the women's College connected with ably over a hundred thousand dollars towards its equipment. The chief gift

From "Who's Who," London 1897 we take this item:

KEMBALL-Sir Arnold K. C. B.; created baronet 1878; K.C.S.L.. East Africa Co.: C. 1820; m. Anna, dau. of A. N. Shaw, 1868. Entered Bombay Lowndes Square, S. W. Clubs: United

Page 75 of the "Kimball Family



RATTLESDEN.

We extract the following from the Comprehensive Gazeteer of England and Wales.

Rattlesden, a large village and parish in Suffolk. The village stands on a branch of the river Gipping, three and a half miles south by west of Elmswell Station on the Bury and Ipswich Section of the G. E. R., and four and three quarters miles west of Stow mar ket, with a post and money order office under Bury St. Edmunds Telegraph Office, Woolpit.

The parish contains also the Hamlets of Poystreet Green, Potash and High Town Green and comprises 3299 acres. population 980. There is a parish council consisting of seven members. Clopton Hall is a fine mansion standing on an eminence amidst some beautiful woods, and pleasant grounds, about half a mile north of the viliage. The living is a rectory in the diocese of Ely. Gross value £630 with residence.

The church is a fine spacious building of flint in the perpendicular and decorated styles consisting of a chancel, nave, N. & S. aisles, S. porch, and an embattled early English tower with spire. It has a good stained E, win window and an ancient font. A new rectory was built in 1892. There is a Baptist chapel.

Page 78-Insert after Kitridge, m. Relief Dame. Resided in Janesville, Wis. Their oldest sou Parker was a member of the Junior Class at Dartmouth College at the time of his death.

The Water Barge, mentioned in last number, that Granville Kimball's boat was towing, when the cable broke and was supposed to have gone down with all on boa d was picked up afterward with the crew of five all right.

Charles Leo Kimball, son of Benjamin Kimball. (2106) of Boston, a graduate of a Boston school and its Catholic College, is to become a Jesuit priest land July 1st.

From Dixie's Land

GARFIELD, GA. June 27, 1898.

Dear Sir-Some one has sent me a copy of the "Kimball Family News." I have read it carefully and am pleased with it. While I have never known any very distinguished Kimbails, I have not known of any disreputable ones. I have known of some given to fads, neither creditable nor discredit-

While my own life has been somewhat isolated. I have, through my father, some data reaching back to the year of 1650, contained in a letter from a more distant connection. It was written on an old fashiored sheet in 1839. postage twenty-five cents, the then prevailing rates for three hundred miles or over. It was sent from Lebanon, New Hampshire, to Elder Roswell Kimball, (the writer's nephew and my father) Upper Alton, Ill., who had asked concerning his genealogy. It contains a table showing the births. deaths, etc., from his father, Josep's Kimball, born in 1732, down to the time it was written and has considerable descriptive matter relating to crops, prices, other members of the family, etc. The writer was evidently a prominent man in his day.

> Respectfully yours, R. H. KIMBALL.

The News would be glad if our correspondent and cousin would send us a copy of the letter he mentions. As he says, it would no doubt be of interest to the family The above letter gives very few names as will be noticed. The Family History on page 107 gives one Joseph Kimball, born Preston, Conn., in 1732, who subsequently removed to Plainfield, a town adjoining Lebanon, N. H. He was a man of prominence. Was he the Joseph referred to in this letter? A grandson of this Joseph. named Roswell, born May 12, 1792, died in Tazewell Co., Ill., in 1867, The history does not credit him as beand commenced his studies in Mary- ing the head of a family. [iv Roswell, p. 198.1



JOSEPH KIMBALL. (119)

David Lewis Kimball of Pontiae. Mich., who is eaptain of Co. M, 25th Michigan, is a son of Lewis Kimball, (684) and was born Aug. 30, 1571. The grandfather of David was Lewis (698, p. 374, Fam. Hist.) who died in 1895 at the age of eighty years. This family column, and who was the ancestor of the R. H. Kimball whose letter is there given, and of the Roswell whose genealogy, prepared by Prof. Sharples, will be given in the September number of the News. This Joseph Kimball⁵ was a soldier of the Revolution, and was at Ticonderga, and was also prominent in local affairs. He was a member of the New Hampshire convention that adopted the National Constitution. The town of Plainfield, N. H., where and the southerner loval, he settled is noted for the number of prominent Kimballs it has produced. Kimba_l. (305, p. 197) the founder of the celebrated Union Academy, a school that is superior to many of our so-called colleges. It was the birthplace of Richard Burleigh Kimball, the author and novelist (p. 449). The descendants of this Joseph Kimball are spread very widely over the country. They not only settled in Michigan. Illinois, and other parts of the west, but Rollin Hibbard Kimball of Garfield. Ga., in a recent letter to the News says he thinks he was the first Kimball to travel extensively in the south, and finally to settle there, which he did in 1852. Here he married and made South Carolina his home, and he became fully identified with southern interests. He does not so stale, but the presumption is that during the war his sympathies were with the south. If so, there were other Kimballs like him.

We recall young William F. D. Kimbali, (p. 592) who graduating from Dartmouth in 1858, went south, became a lieutenant in the Confederate army and was killed in Texas. At the same time his brother, also a graduate of Dartmonth, was editor of a strong republican paper in Carlinville, Ill., where he had married a neice of Gen. descends from Joseph, (119, p. 107) to John M. Palmer, afterwards governor whom reference is made in another and United States senator. Happily these differences that led to the alienation of families no longer exist, and the lingering shadows that were left after the conflict, have been dispelled by the present war with Spain. It is one of the most beneficent results. It will be well, however, if we can hear in mind that what livided us in those troublous days, was not a radical difference in mental and moral characteristics, but one of artificial surroundas well as a member of the New Hamp-ings. A reversal of environment would shire Constitutional Convention of 1791. have made the northerner rebellious.

General Merritt was once connected It was the adopted home of Daniel with an Illinois newspaper, afterwards owned by the publisher of the Kimball News.

> Granville Kimball goes to Spain with Commodore Watson, and it may be to the Phillipines going east, while a half dozen Pacific Coast Kimballs go west to the Phillipines with Gen. Merritt.

> Let us know what the Kimball are doing so far as you know No matter if the same information is furnished by more than one. Better that a half dozen send the same thing than for all of them to neglect it.

Capt. F. M. Kimball of Topeka has joined the Sons of the American Revolution, making the third Kimball in the Kansas Society. There are a dozen more in the state who are eligible and some of them ought to become members.



QUERIES

Samuel Libby b, 1792, at Shapleigh. Me. He enlisted in war of 1842, serving eighteen months; afterwards settled at Athens, later at Wellington. Died Sept. 29, 1861; m. Olive Kimball; d. about 1841.

CHILDREN.

i Lois, b. 1817; m. Rev. Asa Huff, ii Benjamin D., b. 1820, Athens; m. Sophia Frye.

iii Cyrus, b. Nov. 11. 1825, Wellington; m. Eleanor Huff, dau James and Olive (Staples) Huff of Welling Lived in 1881 in Levant. Children: 1. Emily J., b. June 1848; m. Sumner F. Dver. May 6, 1865 2 Benjamin F., b. Jan. 25, 1850; d. Feb. 5, 1852, 3, Loantha D. b. June 27, 1851; m. E. A. Bean, M. D., April 10, 1874. 4. Charles E., b. May 14, 1853; d. Oct. 20, 1872, 5 Angeli A. b. July 18, 1855, d. Nov. m. Lewis H. Waugh. b. Dec. 6, 1879. 7, Leonora b. Mch. 19, 1860; m. Orrin F. Dore, Aug. 13, 1878. 5, L. b. April 4, 1872.

iv George b. Mar. 23.1851, Orneville; m. Hattie N. Thurston, May 22. 1853, dan. John and Alloe S.(Hutchings) Thurston. She m. 2nd Ben. R. Huff. Aug. 15. 1867, Children: I. John Samuel, b. Aug. 28, 1859 Lives in Harmony. 2, Eleanor L. b. Sept. 23, 1861; m Frederick J.

Who was Olive Kimball?

Capt.Wm.Libby m. Martha T. Smith, dau, of Ebenezar and Jeanette (Sillmore) Smith, of Woodwich, Me. Gardiner, Me. He died Oct. 5, 1881. CHLD.

i William Libby, b. Feb. 18, 1843, that un Ellen F. Kimball, October 16, 1868, Ottawa, Illinois; daughter ing, of Geo. X. Kimball. He served two enlistments in the Civil War. broagone in the 11th Maine band, and year.

one in the 29th Maine band. He is now a farmer in Illinois. Children: 1. George Libby b. 1870. 2, Harry Libby b. 1873.

Who was this G. N. Kimball?

John Libby of Richmond's Island, Maine, his son,

Joseph Libby m. Rebecca, their son: Benjamin Libby, b. 1693, Portsmouth, N. H. ? m. Elizabeth Itam, their son

Capt. James Libby m. Lydia Runnals, widow; their son,

Joshua Libby, b. May 22, 1773. Dover, m. Susanna Kenniston, of Newmaret. He died at Strafford, N. H., 1834. their daughter.

Susan Libby b. July 14, 1810; m. Nathaniel Kimball, 1835.

Who was this Nathaniel Kimball.

CAMP DYER.

Angeli A. b. July 18, 1855. d. Nov. J. S. J. S.

ings) Thurston. She m. 2nd Ben. We notice that an order was also is. R. Huff, Aug. 15, 1867. Children; sued prohibiting soldiers from eating 1, John Samuel, b. Aug. 28, 1859 watermelons until they had been in Lives in Harmony. 2, Eleanor L., camp ten days.

We are pleased to announce that the health of Mr. Morrison has improved since the advent of warm weather. He is at his country home. Canoble Lake. N. H. This word comes from Prof. Sharples who is now taking a short valcation at the seashore. He also writes that the few copies of the Kimball History that are left are fast disappearing. There is much material yet unpublished however, which will be brought out in the News during the year.



IN MEMORIAM.

LEVI WOODBURY KIMBALL; See Family History, No. 1967, p. 888 for sketch of his life.

The Oakland Enquirer has the fol-

lowing notice: Levi Woodbury Kimball, another of

the pioneers, has passed to the silent majority. His death occurred in this city on Tuesday, June 28th. The deceased was a native of New Hampshire, aged 71 years and 9 months. He came to California in the early sixties from New England with his brothers, Frank and Warren. They were builders and contractors in the early days and put up some of the notable buildings of this city as well as San Francisco. Among these are the old McClure military academy boilding, the Brayton school building, also the first Methodist church which was erected in Oakland. They operated extensively in San Fraucisco, building the cld almshouse and several school buildings.

The Kimballs came to Oakland about the same time as Frederick Delger, and knew him well and had Jusiness dealings with him. They also invested in real estate here, and made handsomely upon the rise of property.

Levi Kimba.l, the deceased, lived for many years on the Kimball tract, in the vicinity of Eleventh and West streets, where he built a home in '03 er '64. At that time there were scarcely any other houses for blocks around. Later a more substantial residence structure was put up by Mr. Kimball on the southwest corner of West and Eleventh streets, where he resided with his family, the old Kimball house being moved to the lot adjoining.

In 1867, Mr. Kimball, with his brothers Frank, Warren, George and Charles, purchased the old Spanish grant known as the Rancho de la Nacion, or National ranch, 2013isting of 27,000 acres near San Diego; upon which National City has since been laid out. The Kimballs were largely interested in the development of olive culture in Southern California, and Frank Kimball, a brother of the deceased has for many years been a member of the State Board of Hortienlture.

Levi W. Kimball disposed of his Southern California interests some years ago and retired from active participation in business affairs. He was interested in the temperance cause, and was an advocate of reform in municipal and state and national government. He was, inevery respect, an estimable man and a good citizen.

While not identified with any religious organization, he waf an attendant of the Universalist Church, and had taken much interest of late years in the Christian Endeavor work.

He belonged to the Society of California Pioneers at San Diego.

Mr. Kimball leaves a widow, Mrs. Grace M. Kimball, and one daughter, Gertrude M. Kimball.

More Light Ahead.

On page 133 of this issue will be found a letter from R. H. Kimball. Since the form containing this page went to press we have from Prof. Sharples his installment for the next issue of the News, which contains the letter referred to from Joseph Kimball, and also the genealogy of the family. The surmise contained in our note is shown to be correct.

Walter C. Kimball has been appointed a Second Lieutenant in the Tenth United States Infantry, by the President.

Amos S. Kimball[Fam. Hist. p. 1088] who has been quartermaster for so many years with the rank of Lieut. Colonel. still has charge of the New York depot, and is advanced to the rank of Colonel.



ANNOUNCEMENT

It has been judged best not to publish a supplement to the Kimbail Fauilly History. The material collected for that purpose will be used in the Kimball Family News. By so using it we will be able to place it believe the readers of the History in the course of the next few mouths. At the rate information has been coming in during the last six or eight months we might perhaps be ready to publish a supplement by the first of January, 1900. The News offers us facilities for publishing this at once.

MORRISON & SHARPLES.

Kimbalt Family News, Topeka, Kansas. Price 50c a year. Published Monthly.

Notes Supplementary to the Data of the "Kimball Family Ristory"

Page 136-187a Lucretia Kimball⁵ (Jacob4 Jonn3 John2 Richard1) b. Preston, Conn., May 19, 1750; d. April 8, 1834; m. Oct. 5, 1768, Thomas Meech, Children: 1, Stephen Meech6 b. May 20, 1769. 2, Gurdon Meech6 b. Mar. 20, 1771. 3, Shubael Meech b. Nov. 4, 1773. 4. Asa Meech b. April 20, 1775. 5, Cynthia Meech6 b. Oct. 4, 1777. 6, Esther Meech⁶ b. Feb. 26, 1780, 7, Charles Meech⁶ b. April 25, 1782. 8, Thomas Minoe Meech⁶ b. Feb. 17, 1785. 9. Cretia Meech6 b. Oct. 27, 1787, d. June 5, 1792. 10. Mary Park Meech b. Aug. 22, 1792. 11, Lucretia Meechéb. Apr. 30, 1796.

Page 258-Clarrisa m. May 29, 1896, Orrin Stoddard. Child: Nathaniel Kimball Stoddard8, b. July 31, 1830, Clarrisa n., 2nd, Feb. 26, 1834, John Grant Spicer. Their children were: 1 John Orrin Spicers, b. Sept. 19.,1835; m. Nov. 2, 1862, Nancy M. Avery. 2, Harriet Ann Spicers b. Dec. 16, 1837; m. May 6, 1857, Lucius E. Baldwin. 3, Susan Spicer*, b. Dec. 24, 1838; m. Mar. 11. 1860, Noyes Billings Meech. 4, Damaris Spicer8 b. April 9, 1842; m. Dec. 2, 1879, William Albert Bedent, 5, William Spicers b. July 25, 1844; m. Jan. 1, 1874, Charlotte⁶! Sissen Chapman; m. 2nd, Oct. 27, 1 1887, Minnie Carroli Tuthill. 6. M. Everett Spicer' b. Sept. 9, 1848; m. April 28, 1880, Hattie Spicer adopted Page 979-The family of Byron Kimball daughter of James and Susan Spiter.

Page 522-Add to the children of Abels Kimball⁷;

Ophelias b. Aug. 5, 1813; d. Sept. 2, 1826. 1827a Abel* b. Jan. 21, 1816; d.

Sept. 27, 1853.

Miriam G.8 b. Sept. 9, 1820.

Page 573-Carleton Kimball b. Holderness, N. H., Nov 21, 1833; m. Portland, Me., Oct. 28, 1867, Emma F. Matthews, b. Portland Me., Mar. 21. 1842; d. Portland, Dec. 15, 1874. Daughter of Samuel Matthews. He is a dentist and resides in Portland.

Child: 1, Henry Woods9 b. Portland, Me., Aug. 29, 1870. He is a Congregational clergyman. Is pastor of the Island Avenue church at Skowhegan, Me. He was graduated from Bowdoin College in the class of 1892, and from Andover Theological Seminary in 1895.

Page 838-1527a Abel Kimball8 (Abel7 Simeon⁶ Abel⁶ John⁴ Thomas³ Thomas2 Richard1) b. Jan. 21, 1816; d. Sept. 27, 1853; m. Mary Ann Francisco. b. Aug. 11, 1824, d. Sept 3, 1853.

CHILDREN.

i Lulu Ernestine9 b, ---; d. Sept. 1, 1853.

ii Edwin Thornton9 b. Oct. 6, 1846; d. Feb. 2, 1897.

iii Mary Llewellyn9 b. Jan. 11, 1852. Page 838-Nancy Jane Poole b. July 5, 1820; d. Dec. 2, 1897. Dau. of Samuel Hale and Sally (Yates) Pole.

Charles Henry d. June 5, 1873, not 1893. No children.

2474 is Frederick not Charles. James W. d. Mar. 21, not 17. Page 969-i Child of Albert L. Kimball

should be Chester L. Page 977-Geneva (Frost) Kimball is

deceased. Prentiss E 10 is dead. Estella Bean

b. June 19, 1854. Their son Walter Scott Abbott Kimball^{II} was b. Dec. 18, 1872.

should be as follows: He was b.



Aug. 5, 1840; m. Mar. 19, 1875, Adeline Hazen, daughter of Jacob and Caroline (Whiting) Hazen of Bridgton, Me. Resides in Bridgton, Me. CHILDREN.

i Willis Hazen[®] b. Dec. 2, 1867; M.D. Bowdom 1891. He is a physician and resides in Portland. Me.

ji Sophrona Brown¹⁰ b. Ang. 21, 1870, m. Virgil H. Johnson in 1888. They reside in Norway, Me. Children: 1. Adeline Brown¹¹ b. 1888. 2, Byron Brown¹¹ b. 1890. 3, Earl H. Brown¹¹ b. 1992. 4, Donald Brown¹¹ b. 1894. 5, Dorothy Brown¹¹ b. 1996.

iii George Richards¹⁰ b. Aug. 7, 1872, m. Oct. 15, 1892, Mary A. Perry of Sweden, Me. Children: Gladys¹¹ b. 1894, 2, Myra¹¹ b. 1896.

iv Caroline Elizabeth¹⁰ b. April 18. 1879.

Page 985-(2265) James M. Kimball d. Medway, Feb. 12, 1808, at the residence of his father. He was edueated in the Bangor City Schools, and in the University of Maine. where, at his graduation in 1804, he held the highest rank in Scholarship. He was Captain of Co B. Coburn Cadets, of the University of Maine. After his graduation he began the practice of Civil Engineering and was employed on the Bangor & Aroostook R R., and was afterwards in the employ of the Massachusetts Highway Commission, in whose service he remained until his last illness. He was resident engineer in charge of the work at Sterling, Mass.

Page 986—Sarah M.¹⁰ was b. Feb. 24, 1855.

Anna Moulton¹⁰ b. Nov. 14, 1857, d. Nov. 18, 1892.

Hattie¹ b. Jan. 16, 1860; d. Jan. 30, 1863.

Page 989—Edwin Kimball d. July 30, 1896.

Page 992—Edna¹¹ b, Feb. 15, 1896.

Page 904—.2208) Francis Imogene (Kimball) Carruth d. Las Vegas, Texas, Sept. 14, 1883. Her daughter Elsie May Carruth d. Los Angelos, Cal., April 1870.

Page 601 — Leland Cooper (not Crocker) b. April 16, 1835; d. Denvir, Col., April 26, 1853. Children: 1. Jessie Elizabeth Cooper b. Lawrence. Kansas. Sept. 16, 1881. 2. Bertha Leland Cooper b. Jan. 18, 1885.

Page 999-2304a George Prescott Kimball⁹ (Prescott George Isaac Jonathan? Jonathan! Samuel? Richard? Richard¹) b. North Cheimsford. Mass., Feb. 23, 1830; d. San Franeisco, Cal . Aug 23, 1884; m. July 6, 1850, Martha Atwood Lynch of Milford. N. H. She survived himand is still living, in 1895, in San Francisco, Cal. After the death of his father he went to Springfield. Vt., to live with his uncle George Kimball (1496) from whom he learned the blacksmith trade. In April 1852 he went to California. After spending a short time in the mines, he settled in San Francisco where he established himself as a blacksmith and carriage maker. Some three or four years later one Fourth of July morning, his shop was burned. He rebuilt it and continued in the business. As the city grew his business increased. Eventually the Kimball Car and Carriage Manufacturing Co was the largest establishment of its kind on the Pacific Coast. For many years they built most of the street ears used in the city. They also built the first cable cars that were used in San Francisco. In the early seventies they built a beautiful p Arce ear all of California woods. It was on exhibition in San Francesco. and at various points on the way east. It was burned in Chicago at the time of the big fire. For some years the Kimball Car and Carriage Manufacturing Co. had the manage ment of the West Coast Furniture Co., which made most of the furni-



ture for the Palace and Baldwin Hotels.

 George Wallace¹⁰ b. San Francisco. June 19 1859; m. Mar. 27, 1883, Hattiebelle Foster of Portland. Oregon. He is in the Insurance business. Children: I. Maud Foster¹¹ b. Sept. 3, 1884. 2, Edwin Prescott¹¹ b. Aug. 23, 1886. 3. George Clarence¹¹ b. June 13, 1889.

ii Fred Herbert¹⁰ b. San Francisco, Sept. 9, 1863. He has resided in Montana for several years.

Page 1010—Everett should be Everitt, Acre should be Acro.

Page 1013—The line of descent of Charles H.9 should be Thomas H.8 Thomas John 6 Thomas etc.

Page 1024- Martha J. Hunter Kumball resides in Meriden, Conn.

Page 1033—Benjamin Kimball m. Helen Maria Simmons of Boston, not Helen Manning Simmon, of Somerstille

ville. Page 1033-2423a Howard Kimball9 (Warren8 Benjamin: Benjamin⁶ Benjamin⁵ Benjamin⁴ Benjamin⁵ John² Richard¹) b. Boston, Mass., June 23, 1845; m. Winton, Ohio, Sept. 7, 1882, Saltie Margaret Hurt, b. July 21. 1861; d. Indianapolis. Ind., April 13, 1887; m 2nd, at Plainfield, Ind., Sept. 4, 1895, Emma Jane Anthony, b. Troy, Ohio, Sept. 7, 1861. He was one of the Brimmer School boys who went to Leavenworth, Kansas, in 1864, during the days of "On to Kansas," Leavenworth not being quite close enough to the frontier he went further west to Manhattan, Kansas, where he engaged in the Book and Stationery business. 'He now lives at Indianopolis and is Secretary of the Etna Saving and Loan Association. He has been an active member for a number of years of the Masons. He served as secretary of Oriental Lodge, No. 500, A. F. A. M. of Inlianapolis for two years. Is a Scotish Rite Mason, 32º Indiana Consistory, and a member of Murat Temple Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

CHILDREN.

i Arthur Warren¹⁹ b. Indianapolis, July 31, 1883.

if Alice Howard to b. Indianapolis, Jan.

Page 1036—Sarah (Shubert) should be Sarah Elizabeth (Horner). The names of the children are as follows: Elsie Jane, Dora not Dona, Gertrude Isabella, Martha Mabel, and add vi Porter Banks³⁰ b. Palo Alto, Oct. 13, 1896.

Page 1036—Edgar Hobart b. San Francisco, Aug. 1, 1870.

Page 1048—Estelle L. Phillips should be Estelle L. Phelps, dau. of Abner Rice and Margery Ann (Eaton) Phelps.

Joseph William¹⁰ was b. Mar. 6, 1889. Add to the children:

vi Harrold Fuller b. July 19, 1894. vii George Ray b. Dec. 25, 1896.

Pages 1049-50-51-Ketchum should be Ketcham.

Page 1066-Pym should be Pynn.

Page 1080—Heleu Gleasons Kimball's line should be (Thomas' John's Thomas' etc.)

Page 1035—Albert Edwin now lives in Salt Lake City. Utah, where he is in the office of the Local Treasurer of the Oregon Short Line R. R.

Page 1088—Amos Kimball, whose father is said to have been named Richard, is said to have had two borthers. Joel and Richard. Richard was a tanner and currier by trade, and had two sons. Hiram and florace. Hiram settled in Illinois.

Amos Kimball m. Lucy Doile. His shildren were.

i James m. Sophia Taft.

ii William m. Hattle Strong and had a son William H. Kimball.

iii Samuel G. died in the army in the war of 1861.

iv Charles E. Kimball b. Dec. 4, 1822.



Pittsford. Vr., was the youngest son; m. Minerva C. Orme, daughter of Allen Orme, and grand-daughter of General Jonathan Orme of the Continental Army. Hermother was a neice of General Warren who was killed at the Battle of Bunker Hill. They resided at Northampton. Mass. Children: 1 Amos A., resides Roxbury, Mass. 2 Ira E., died in infancy. 3, Rollin C. 4, Charles E.

faney. 3, Rollin C. 4, Charles E. Charles E. has two sons, i Perry R. ii Harry.

n Harry

v Lucy, m Robert McLane, vi Lydia m. William Woodhouse, vii Lucinda m. John Rockwood, viii Mary m. William Cotting, ix Lucretia m. William Mearl, x Martha m. William Sweet.

xi Eliza m. David Hall. xii Charlotte m. William Nourse.

Page 1080—Col. Amos Kimball is now, 1598, Quartermaster of the U. S. A. at New York city. His son Amos William is Chief Clerk in the U. S. Quartermaster's office at San Francisco, Cal.

Page 1099—Richard Kimball² was a deacon in the Congregational church.

Page 1100—Wilbraham Kimball d. in Woburn. Mass., wherebelieved during the latter part of his life. His wife Deborah was b. in 1787 not 1821. She also died in Woburn. She was a daughter of Isaac Bourne. Ivory Kimball was a graduate of Bowdoin College and died in Lindeboro. N. H. Page 1102—Ix daughter should be Olive, she was the youngest child. Page 1102—Add to the children of Israel, Hannah m. —-smith of Hol-

lis.
Page 1102—Polly m. Aug. 30, 1806.

CHILDREN.

i Mary Dennett b, Lyman. Me.; m.
Oct. 24, 1823, James Ross.
ii Sarah b, Lyman. Me.
iii Almira m, Lancey Littlefield.

iv Susan m. Jacob Myrie. v Ollive Augusta m. Mar. 13, 1852 Stephen M. Balch.

Pittsford, Vt., was the youngest Page 1106—i John's went to Dover, N.H. son; m. Minerva C. Orne, daughter l'age 1107—John Patton was for many of Allen Orne, add grand-daughter gears a deacon in Wohrn in the Congregational church. He left Continents Arms, Hermother was

Page 1107—Samuel W. Kimball died at Fort Wayne, Iud., Dec. 14, 1888; m. Eliza M. ——. He was a singer and a music teacher. He left a widow and four children.

i Annette b. Woburn, Mass., Dec. 30, 1848.

Page 1107—Isaac B. Kimball died in X. J., Mar. 7, 1874 leaving children, and grandchildren.

Page 1107-Israel Kimball died at Washington, D. C., Dec. 10, 1890. He was a graduate of Bowdoin College and shortly after graduation moved to Portsmouth, N. If., where he taught school until Oct. 1862, when he was appointed an officer of the Internal Revenue Bureau at Washington, D. C. He was given charge of the taxation of manufactures and afterwards upon repeal of all taxation except that upon spiritous liquors, tobacco, and banks, he had charge of the tobacco tax. He continued in the bureau until his death. There was no man in the U. S. whose opinion was more respected by the heads of the Treasury Department.

Page III3—Sarah Kumball daughter of Stephen Kimball, m. — Strout. Stephen Kimball was the only son of Wilbraham Kimball that remained in Wells. He lived the whole of his life on the farm on which he and his brothers were born.

Page 1114-46a Wilbraham Kimball removed to Fort Wayne, Ind. Brother Wilbraham Kimball and sister Ann Kimball, his wife, were dismissed to the Second Presbyterian Charch, Fort Wayne, Ind., Nov. 3, 1845 (Records of the First Church, Wells, Me.) At the vime he went to Indiana, the Indians were still them



though they were removed west shortly after. He died at Fort Wayne, June 3, 1870. His wife died in Washington, D. C.

CHILDREN

73a i Ivory George b. May 5, 1843. Jay Maine

ii Israel Edwards b. Fort Wayne, Ind., Feb. 12, 1853. iii Jennie O. b. Fort Wayne, Sept.

25, 1855.

Page 1114-George W. Kimball served during the war two terms in a Mass. Regiment. Add to his children; iv James M.

Page 1114-47a Benjamin Kimball re. sided for some time at Woburn, Massachusetts, and then removed to Fort Wayne, Indiana where he died Oct. 4. 1889. He m. Sarah - who died before him.

CHILDREN.

i Helen b. April 29, 1849.

ii Laura.

iii William. iv Addie.

v Mary E.

Page 1114-William lives at Wilton, N. H., with his daughter who m. m. - Barrett. She has two children. His wife died Nov. 5, 1895.

Page 1114-Clarence P. Stetson d. June 20, 1882. Children: 1, George Warren Stetson; b. June 25, 1876. 2, Florence Maria Stetson7 b. Sept 4, 1878. 3. Clarence Wilson Stetson? b. Nov. 5, 1850

Page 1114-tieorge Kimball was b. Oct. 4. 1826, not Nov. 30.

George Melvin Kimball should George E., b. June 22, 1853.

Add iv James Melvin b. July 30, 1857. Caddie should be Clara.

Page 1121-73a Ivory G. Kimball⁶ (Wil. braham⁵ Wilbraham⁴ Israel³ Richard2 Caleb1) b. Jay, Maine. May 5, ; 1843; m. Sept. 20, 1865, Anna Lavinia Ferris, at Fort Wayne, Indiana. He received a common school education in the common schools at Fort Wayne, and taught there

for a time. He entered the army as a private in Co. E. 55 Ind Vols. In Aug. 1863, he secured an appointment as a clerk in the Internal Revenue Bureau, at Washington and while there was promoted to the head of a division. He studied law at the Columbian University Law School, and was admitted to the bar in 1897. The next year he resigned his position in the Bureau and entered the practice of his profession . In 1891 he was offered and accepted the position as Judge of the Police Court for the District of Columbia, and was appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. He was reappointed to this position Jan. 1895.

CHILDREN.

i Ella Clara? b. June 24, 1866, m. Jule 5, 1892, William A. Tyler. Children: 1, Arthur Kimball Tylers, b. June 10, 1893. 2. Tracy Ferris Tyler8, b. July 16, 1895. 3, Mabel Tylers b. May 1s, 1897.

ii Withra7 b. Apr. 6 1868, d. Mar. 5, 1558.

iii Mary Gilbert b. Mar. 26, 1870. Graduated from Amherst College in 1893. Graduated from the Law Department of University 1896, and was admitted to the bar 1896.

iv Alice May' b. July 7, 1892.

v Arthur Herberti b. Mar., 1875. Was graduated from Amherst College in 1897.

vi Bertha Louise b Jan. 20, 1878. vii Edna Gertrude, b. Sept. 9, 1879.

viii Watter Ferris' b. Nov. 20, 1873. Page 1102-Caleb m. Oct 20, 1792, Eleanor Storer.

Page 1102-Add to the children of Caleb Kimball:

Caleb b. Aug. 1793, d. Jan. 30.

30a Tin:othy, res. West Lebanon. Maine.

31a William.

Mehitable b. 1801, m. July 30, 1851, Heard Milliken, b. 1834. Res. East Bridgewater, Mass.



Mary S. b. Sept. 1800. d. June 23, 1856. Had a daughter who m. Rufus Yeaton, and resided in Alfred, Maine.

Page 1109-30a Dr. Timothy Kimball m. Betsey ---- Resided West Lebanon, Me.

CHILDREN.

1 Ernestine, deceased; never married.

ii Martha m. Ira Wentworth of E. Rochester, N. H.

iii Calendar, deceased, m. -----. Res. Lynn, Mass.

Page 1109-Add the following to the children of Caleb Kimbatl:

Henrietta m. Israel Littlefield of Lyman, Me.: m. 2nd, David Washburn of Somerville, Mass.; he is dead. Children: 1, Etta Littlefield. never married, 2, Mary Lucy Littlefield m. Charles F. Washburn of Everett, Mass.

Mary Jane m. Horace Littlefield of Lyman, Me., brother of Israel. She had a son Albert who lives on the old place in Lyman.

Charles Jason never married. Tryphena m. Israel Cousins of Dover Point, N. H. Has several children.

Page 1109-31a William Kimball⁴ (Caleb⁵ Caleb² Caleb¹) b. Feb. 7, 1799, d. May 7, 1878; m. Dec. 5, 1821, Saloma Knights, d. Feb. 24, 1834; m. 2nd. Aug. 11, 1834. Eliza Lewis of Kennebunk, b. Oct. 10, 1806. CHILDREN.

i Horatio⁵ b. Sept. 20, 1823, d. Feb.

ii Charles Trafton⁵ b. Aug. 4, 1825; d. Apr. 21, 1849. He was drowned at sea. Never married.

Chicago, June 29, 1877.

iv William Lewis⁵ b. May 2, 1837, d. Sept. 19, 1868.

57a v George⁵ b. Aug. 8, 1840.

vi Sarah Elizabeth* b. June 7, 1844; m., resides Saco, Me.

vii Orrin⁵ b. Sept. 27, 1847; d. Oct. 5. 1849.

viii Melvin5 b. Aug. 29, 1850; d. East Rochester, N. H.

Page 1113-57a George Kimball⁵ (Wilham4 Caleb3 Caleb2 Caleb1) b. Lvman, Me., Aug 8, 1840; in. July 28. 1865, Martha Caroline Sterens, b. Aug. 12, 1841, daughter of Joseph Stevens and Sally Plummer.

CHILDREN. i Jessie Eastman⁶ b. Dec. 7, 1866

ii Charles William⁶ b. Oct. 14, 1868; d. Oct. 20, 1875.

iii Florence Eliza⁶ b. Nov. 24, 1870.

Kimballs in Literature. Kimballs in Science. Kimballs in Law. Kimballs in Medicine. Kimballs in the Pulpit. Kimballs in Army and Navy. Kimballs in Commerce Kimballs in Agriculture. Kimballs in Manufacturing. Kimbails in Art.

The above are given upon which it is suggested that some especially competent to treat each subject, volunteer to prepare a paper for the News. It is always understood in speaking of Kimballs, that all of Kimball descent are included. Mr. Morrison and Prof. Sharples did not happen to be Kimball born, but are of Kimball blood. Daniel Webster was not born a Kimball. nor was Gen. A. W. Greely of the Signal service, but were of Kimball descent. In some cases there are those not bearing the Kimball name who have more of the family blood than others who bear the name. Even if this were not so, it would not be creditable to discriminate against the mother-Kimball born. Therefore in essays as above suggested, persons of Kimball in Deborah Mills⁵ b. April 11, 1828. d. descent may properly be recognized.

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From a Priest of the Cult.

The following is from a private letter. It will be read with interest,

Boston, Mass. July 17, 1798.

MY DEAR MR. KIMBALL: In a witty speech made by Major Powell of the Coast or Geological Survey some years ago, he declared that the religion of the Boston people was worship of their ancestors. Although by birth I am not one of the tribe. I seem to have become a priest of the cult. I send you a lot more stuff. Just | as I thought I was through here comes another lot. I expect to start to Alfred, Maine, tomorrow to finish up some work there. I shall be sorry to see the Kimball News stopped at the end of the year. I think, however. you can decidedly diminish the cost. and yet improve the appearance of the paper by changing the style so as to make it correspond more closely with the history. You will not have on the page much more than half the composition. But I think people in general will be better pleased to have less matter and have it more legible. Probably most of the corrections have been made in the genealogical part of the work. I have, however, enough matter on hand for one or more numbers after the enclosed. It is, however, all new matter and no corrections of old. I had a letter from Granville Kimball's half sister vesterday from which I copy the forlowing: "I cannot thank you enough for bringing Granville and myself together. I am prond of him, and love him dearly, and his wife seems as dear to me. She is now in Chicago." So you see we have done a little good with the Kimball News and Family History. Granville has proved himself to be quite a man. The last news from him is that he is about to sail on the Watson expedition to the Coast of Spain.

Yours respectfully.

DEPARTMENT COMMANDER.

Nelson Freeman Kimball (250s, p. 1057), has been elected Department Commander G. A. R. for state of Idaho. In the Family History it is not stated that he served in the army at all. but he was in many of the severe condicts in the western army that fought its way through Tennesse and Georgia. Some years after his return from war he went to Boise City, Idaho, with his uncle, Col. Wm. P. Chandler, when the latter was appointed Surveyor General of the territory, and has remained there ever since. He was engaged in the milling business at Weiser. indulged some in stock raising, and some in mining. In business matters he is energetic and pushing. He has been active in Grand Army work.

He is interested in Old's Ferry across Snake River, and sometimes goes a fishing, just as we used to do when we were boys in New Hampshire-that is our goings were similar, the results not so much so, as he writes that a few days ago he caught a sturgeon ten feet long that cleaned up 225 pounds, and that a few days later another that weighed 85 pounds. As this was more than was needed for breakfast, they packed it away like so much beef and sent it to the Portland market.

Roy T. Kimball, late president etc., of San Francisco, sends for extra copies of the July number, and takes oceasion to say. "I am finding Kimballs all the time, and they ought to show up at your office. There are three in the Utah troops camped in this city-a lieutenant, a corporal and a private all elegant fellows, and the plains are full of them.

Mr. Peesham of Newtown, North Wales, England, writes us that he has considerable valuable material relating to the Kimball family in England. He has not seen the Kimball History, but has hear l of the NEWS, and there may be something in his mine that may be S. P. SHARPLES. of interest hereafter.



We are indebted to the kindness of W. Eugene Kimball, (p. 782) for as fine a specimen of illustrated book printing as one often sees. It is a large folio containing views of New York City, its important buildings, with descriptive articles. These views are ninety-three in number, exquisite half tone prints. In addition there are 968 half tone portraits of members ot the New York stock exchange, presidents of railroads, banks and great corporations. Among these portraits are those of Col. Robert J. Kimball, presenting a different view from that given in the Family History, (p. 780) another of his son William Eugene, both members of the stock exchange, also William A. Kimball, another member. Several of the fine buildings illustrated were designed by Messrs. Kimball & Thompson, New York Architects. Of course our young friend and cousin has the thanks of the Kimball News for this elaborate and artistic work. Col. R.J. Kimball & Co. are prominent bankers and brokers, 16 and 18 Broad Street, New York City.

D. L. Kimball of Pontiac. Mich., is Captain of Co. M. 25th Regiment.

Elias J. Kimball has been appointed by the President, chaplain in the Secoud Volunteer Engineers.

H. M. Kimball and wife, (2002) of Danville, Ill., are taking an outing among the Rocky Mountains.

Park Barnes Kimball, the youngest of the News force wanted to join the Rough Riders, but was persuaded to compromise by roughing it on a Kansas ranch for a month or two.

A.B. Kimball, postmaster, and editor of the Scandia Journal, will tell what he knows about Newspapers at the next meeting of the Central Kansas Editorial Association.

Carll A. Lewis. Elliott. Conn., editor of the Lewisiana, sends the following: Connecticut state law requires. Savings Banks to publish annually names of depositors not heard from for twenty years or more. Among the largest of such depositors in the Centennial Naving Bank at New Haven. is Mrs. Ellen C. Kimball with a credit of 5291.46

Number one of the News has been reprinted, and the second number is nearly ready. These will be dated for January and February to fill out the volume if wanted for binding, in style uniform with succeding numbers. It will be remembered that these numbers were originally printed in quarto form. These numbers will be mailed with the september issue, and will be sent without extra charge to all subsertibers who received the original issues, as well as to all who have subscribed since they were out of print.

That very dear cousin of ours. Edna G., who some years ago acquired a Jewell of a husband, has recently acquired another, this time a miniature Jewell. They call her Margaret, in memory of a very charming and lovable aunt who died soon after her marriage. This mother's home has suffered sad bereavements in the past. May this little Madge live to be a comfort to her parents, as well as to those parents of the other Madge who has gone before. (See pp. 902-903.)

Lulu French Kimball of Manchester, N. H., a teacher of long experience, is spending the summer at Cambridge. Mass. She belongs to the family branch that came to Kansas in early days and settled near Manhattan. IS \$\infty\$ 1,85 cm. 15.

Dr. Thomas Kimball, recently appointed surgeon, was doing service among the wounded at Santiago.



The Kimball Family News

Topeka, Kansas, September, 1898.

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The Kimball Family News,

an Historic Generalogical Paper.
Published Monthly.
835 North Kansas Avenue.

TOPEKA, - KANSAS.

The News is published in behalf of the Kimball clau, and if skinderd, and incidentally in behalf of all family brotherbood.

The object is not simply together generogical data, but to restore, record and preserve the family history, biography, or fraid and preserve the

data, but to restore, record and preserve the family history, biography and traditions, and to cuttivare a spirit of emulation among families that will lead to a higher patriotism and a better citizenship.

Family advert'sements will be inserted on last page, and infectioneous advertisements of an unobjectionable character on the cover pages at 50 cents an inch each insertion, or \$5.00 a year. Address all bus ness and misselfameous communications to the publisher, G. F. Klimball, To-

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Address all queries, and purely genealogical matters to Prof. 8. P. sharples. In Broad Street, Boston, Mess. who has volunteered to conduct this department for the year. In asking information of him return postage should be included matter of him return postage should be included.

Entered for Transmission as Second Class Matter.

AN ELGIN CENTENARIAN.

A Tea Party in Honor of Mrs Nancy Kimball.

[We reprint the following from a Chicago daily of August 16, 1885 ten years ago. Mrs. Kimball died the 22nd of the following month. It will be seen that this centential was held some six weeks before her tors birthday, noarly that time before her death. See Family History P. 323; Fam. News P. 20, No. 2, 1

A curious tea party was held yesterday atternoon at Elgin, III. Mrs. Nancy Kimball gave an informal reception to celebrate her 191st birthday. Her guests were the early settlers of Elgin, and the youngest of the party was a lady of 60.

The exact date of Mrs. Kimball's, birth is Sept. 26, 1-77, and Sept. 26, 1-77, and Sept. 26, in the present year, the anniversary will be observed by the general public of Eigin. The affair was private. The old lady's life is fast ebbing away; and it may well happen that she will not like to see the end of the coming month.

With half-closed eyes, now almost his whit sightless, she reclines in an easy chair. he says

On the table beside her is a little pile of yellow papers, flauked by a plain leather-covered Bible.—Open this litble just befort the page on which is written. "The New Tesament of Our Lord and Savior, Jesus Christ, translated out of the Original Greek. Printed and Published by Holbrook & Fessenden. Brattleboro, Vt., 1852. Here is written, in the midst of the family record:

BORN:
NANCY CURRIER. SEPT. 26, 1787.
MARKIAGES:
JOSEPH KIMBALL AND
NANCY CURRIER,
NOV. 28, 1805.

And the little pile of yellow papers carries back the genealogy of the Kimballs and Curriers to the beginning of the eighteenth century and shows how Joseph Kimball, the husband of Nancy. received a commission as Captain of Cavalry in the Thirty-fourth Regiment of New Hampshire militia, dated May 28, 1810, signed by Jeremiah Smith, Governor, and countersigned by Nathaniel Parker, Secretary; how William Plumer. Captain General, accepted his resignation three years later; and how Plumer Governor, in 1816 made him Justice of the Peace for the County of Grafton. Joseph Kimball, Captain of cavalry. Justice of the Peace has been dead for more than half a century. and here sits his widow, who was born when Napoleon was a lad, before Washington became President of the United States. "

Old Mr. Sherman is the first to arrive. Ile is received by Mrs. Thiers, who is Mrs Kimball's daughter, and by Mrs. Samuel Kimball, her daughter-in-law. Times have changed since Mr. Sherman first came to Elgin in 1828. Ite was then at bitter feud with the "Kimball boys." They broke up his shanty, and be built another. "If you beat this." he said, "you shall carry me away on the pieces."

"flow is the old lady?" asks Mr. Sherman now advancing.

Mrs. Kimball fixes her blue eyes on his white hair. "She doesn't know me," he says



"Oh, yes I know you, Henry Sher- the parlor. "There is Harriet. Come man." she replies. "It is you who went to law with my boys And you had Squire Adams for a lawyer. But asks Aunt Harriet. we best you; aye we heat you "

Mr. Sherman was little disconcerted. "Her memory is failing," he said. "She onght to know that I won my suit at last, though the boys bought

up the jury twice.

What was the ground of the snit?" "My land. The Kimball boys wanted the earth. I wanted only a slice of it. And I got i:

"How old are you. Mr. Sherman?" "I will be so next birthday," re-

plied the veteran pioneer.

Here the old lady burst in with a nathetic little cry. "I want to go home." she said.

"Where is her home?

"She is thinking of West Plymouth. New Hampshire," explained Mrs. Thiers. "Her mind passes over the fifty years which have intervened since sha left the Eist. She is back on the old farm where she was born and spent the first fifty years of her life. "Does she remember Washington?"

"Grandma, do vou remember Wash-

ington? asks Mrs. Thiers.

"Washington?" says the centenarian, with a valant smile at Mr. Sherman; "what is Washington?" And again the pathetic note in her voice rings: "I want to go home.

"She remembered Washington's funeral," said Mrs. Samuel Kimball. "She was a little girl at the time, but she has often told us how the church in West Plymouth was draped in mourning.

"'What of Lafavette?"

"O. Lafavette was one of her heroes. But here is Aunt Harriett, she will

tell you more.

"Aunt Harriet" was no other than Miss Harriet Gifford, who was the s-cand lady in the settlement, coming to it in 1835 with the wife of her brother James T. Gifford, the most active of the pioneers. Her hair is snow white -even her evebrows are white. But her memory is perfect, her voice strong and firm, and she remembers every ineident of the time when she taught school in Elgin.

"How is old Mrs. Kimball?" she asks immediately.

"Not so well as we hoped," says Mrs.

"Humph," says a piping voice from

in. Harriet Gifford.

"How do you feel, Mrs. Kumball?"

"Cold, cold," says the old lady. want to go home. They are waiting for me at home. There is the cow to m lk, and the wool to eard, and the flannel to sew. There's much to be done and I want to go home.

WHAT WOMEN USED TO DO.

"You see," says old Mr. Sherman, "American women did everything for themselves in the days when Grandma Kimball was a girl. They made their boys' clothes, did the housework, raised the poultry, and never complained of overwork either.

"There were no hardships in that life," added Miss Gifford. "When Elgin consisted of two or three log cabins we had too much to do to think of hardships. Besides we had books."

"What sort of books?"

"Miss Edgeworth. All the latest things from England. Ennyan's Pilgrim's Progress, for example. It had just been published by the American Tract Society. And so on until Uncle Tom's Cabin was published. I read Uncle Tom in the National Ent. Shall I ever forget it? We were rabid anti-slavery people, we early settlers in Elgin. We were all in favor of the underground railway to Canada. I remember when the kitchen of my brother-in-law. Dr. Dyer, was black with fugitive slaves."

"Does old Mrs. Kimball recall this

epoch too?

"It is quite modern for her. Her enthusiasm ran more in the direction of religion. But she was always a woman of few words, self-contained, domestie in her habits. Her ways were formed among the New Hampshire hills, and, though she came to Elgin in 1537, she was fifty years old at that time."

"What was Chicago then?"

"Chicago was a little mud hole. remember once driving there in a rain storm. When we reached the fown it was under water. It had only one hotel-a frame building called the New York flotel, on Lake Street-and it certainly had not 2,000 inhabitants."

The old lady had followed this conversation with apparent understanding. Her thin hands, with every vein showing, beat a freble tattoo on the arms of her chair. And at last she



pointed eagerly to a bundle of letters structed in a hollow tree. that lay peside the family Bible.

One was written by her husband bepainted a glowing picture of the new settlement. "We have crab-apples, was born. poums, black currants in abundance, gooseberries, and strawberries." he as her visitors took their leave, and the wrote. "The beautiful and various tea party was brought to an end. flowers of the prairies surpass anything that I ever saw before. Wages are nigh. I know where J. K. Chapman can get \$15 per month.

Then there was a letter from her son. "You will find," he says. "that tather has dated his letter Elgin. Inis is the name we have given our DEAR Cousin:place. It is astonishing to behold the

hood of manigration.

Inen came a letter, all blurred and blotted. What had blotted it? "Dear Magam," it said, and it was dated July 26, 1835. "It is with the accepts sensations of sorrow that I have to inform you of the death of your worthy husband.

The bell rang and a newcomer entered. It was Mr. R. W. Padieford. His bearing was as erect at that of a stripting. "I was born to 1906." he said.

Mrs. Aimball recognized him at once. "Another of the veterans," he said, as he took her wasted hand in his. "Here is one who was middle-aged before

railroads were introduced.

"I rode on the first line from Schenectady to Albany. I remember as though it were vesterday how I tried to count the fences from the train, and gave it up at last in despair. . remember when the arie Canal was built and recan my father saving 'Perhaps some of my children may live to see it made'. I remember when Queen Victoria came to the throne, and a Baptist minister described her to me as a plump nice looking German girl.

All the old settlers made their call. There was Mr. Orlando Davidson. who married James T. Gifford's daughter, and Mr. Sconeid, much given to religion and benevotence, and A. D. Gifford, the brother of James. Each of them remembered the day when Mrs. Hezekiah Gifford had said: "What's the good of a name for this place? Do you ever expect to see stages running here?"

And a noug them, with her strength rapidly failing, sat one who was the mother of the two pioneers of Elsin. and who at an age when many women have given up earthly cares saw its tirst road marked, its brst mill con- some numbers still remain.

But her thoughts were not of Elgin. Her adventures of fitty years were forgotten. fore she had joined alm in Eigin. He and at the age of 101 she was thinking of the New Hampshire farm where she

· I want to go home." was all she said

California Note.

San Francisco, Cal. August 20, 1893.

I am just going away for a few days vacation-to Mr F. II. Burke's place, "La Siesta." pear San Jose, afterwards to Mr. Van Ness country home. "Wildwood," rear Calistoga, for a week Have neglected writing you this month,

but same old exense, busy,

Poor Salt Lake consins! Instead of going to Manila, they have been sent down to guard the pastures given in the Yosemite Valley, a Government reservation. Troop A. Utah Cavalry. has three representatives of the Kimball family, viz: 2d Lieut, Gordon N. Kimball, Corporal Paul Kimball and Elliott Kimball. The two first mentioned were entertained at dinner a few weeks since by Roy T. Kimball of San Francisco, who says they are "all right." They must be dreadfully disappointed at not having an opportunity to fight real, true-for-sure Spaniards. but must be content to "lick" their California kin, the "greaser" sheep herders of the Sierras.

Mr. Roy T. Kimball is east on a vacation trip, and will visit Boston. New York, Philadelphia, Concord, N. H. and Portland and Lewiston, Me., and also Colebrook, N. H., and the White Mountains. He will return to San Francisco about the first of September.

How about the Second Annual Reunion of the Missouri Valley Kimballs?

Yours very truly. SARAH LOUISE KIMBALL.

Some subscribers have been thoughtless about preserving the News, and are now warting odd numbers to complete their files. It is seldom they can be supplied. We have a hundred or on of complete sets, but these cannot be broken. A very few odd copies of



"What's In a Name?

[For The Kimba'! Family News.]

silence. "I envy any one who nossesses, an uncommon name. When I think of seemed peculiarly applicable. As I the number of Joneses in town I lose all sense of individuality, and feel like a molecule. Once, when entering my teens I attempted to rise above my surroundings, and upon being promoted to a higher grade at school. I gave; my name in as Eleanor. Eleanor Jones isn't so very bad, now is it?"

"It is not bad at all. It is rather your last name may be changed, you; know, too. It needn't be looked upon . as a permanency. But you are never-called Eleanor, now, are you?"

said: 'Eleanor!' are you known gener-! ally by that name." Norm said I impanextra girl in our family. Own-bashfully, I'm usually called Nellie, into the name, please imagine my ·Very well, then I will call you Nellie. also, said she. That was my first and last attempt to emancipate myself from the common herd. Nellie Jones I am. and Nellie Jones I'll probably remain, Kansas City to strike out for herself! I till I am Nellie Something Else. But not Jones, no. never again.

pretty pink and white complexion and with fear and trembling. I admired her very much. For a number of weeks I was absent and did not skirt. "one might as well have an unsee her, and then one svening the commonly common name, as one that Journal had a long account of her, is commonly uncommon. I think death. I felt sorry about it, but re- enough of mine, but at the same time membered that I had thought that it has riven me at least one occasion to me she had always seemed when I was tired of the sound of it." delicate Some time after I met a girl "Fill our cups and then tell your on the Avenue who bore a striking re- tale, 'said the guest as she relinguished semblance to my dead friend. I did not the creamer. speak to her, nor did she to me, and . "Well," commenced the bicycle girl, it was not till fall, when I met her vever since the Kimball genealogy wearing a cloak I recognized as Annie's was published we have tried to meet that I made inquiries, and learned that personally all the Kimbalis we count. the Annie Allen who died was a cot- If we would hear of one within walkored girl, and not the girl I had ing distance, we'd walk if we heard of

white. Then I was not much more would nay once as make a weakness than a baby my hair was yellow and for that sort of thing. The more Kimourly, I had a bite low-necked and bab's I met, the more I admired my-short sleeved deess, in which I must beiff or being one of them. I had al-

have made an attractive picture, if the stories told are true. No name was "Yes," said the guest, after a short nace or bretty enough for me, and for want of any I was called Daisy, as is grew up the name clung to me and finally I was christened Daisy Martha -Daisy because I couldn't get rid of the name, and Martha to have a suitabie name for business, old are, and the like. At home I am always called Daisy, but elsewhere I give in the name of Martha, and in some places I have doubly succeeded in impressing my pretty, especially the front half," said (personality upon those I meet. It bethe girl in the wicker chair. "And came known that there was a Daisy Campbell and a Martha Campbell, and some thought Martha was my elder sister and so gave her that name. Those who knew her personally how-"No. Jones triumphed. The teacher ever, jumped to the conclusion that Martha was still another sister, makfeelings, will you, when I saw in the paper one evening, that Martha Cambbell and her father had had a dis-agreement and Martha had left for heard a great deal of that report, most persons teasing me about my name-"I once knew a girl named Annie sake, while others took it in earnest Allen," said one who had not before and actually expressed surprise at seespoken, who and I were in the same ing me in North Topeka. This Martha Sunday School class at the Kansas, was a colored girl, too, and as I see by Avenue Church. It was years ago in the paper that she and her father have the spring, and Mrs. Coe was our made up and are here together once teacher. This Annie Allen had a very more. I await further developments

"Well," said the girl in the bleycle

known. I meet her once in a while one within riging distance, we'd ride. now, but the never knows me. and if one was further off, a letter "That reminds me of a case I expers would be sent. It was very interesticated," and a tall girl dressed in ling and Lenjovel it more than somewhite. "When I was not much more would nare done as I have a weakness



most decided to choose to be a Kimball should I be reincarnated.

"In the book was the name of a family living in Topeka, near the western limits of Lowman Hill and it was decided to attempt to hunt them up. They I started to unearth our unknown re- ball. lation.

house. I went to the front door, but after knocking several times could get As I reached the gate no answer. home, but maybe they didn't want to high up and there isn't any fence'. I ly. No bother at all. thanked her and Park and I went 'two Just then a woman stuck her head out said deliberately. 'Be they young folks

of a back door and called: If you're an agent we don't want nothing, and if you aint an agent I don't know what you're doing here. Lily you come to me

right away." "I felt as if I couldn't leave like were said to live in the second house that, so I followed the child to the in the third block south and one block back door and explained to the woman west of Lowman Hill chapei. That that I had been directed to that house was clear, and one afternoon Park and to find a family by the name of Kim-

"Her manner changed immediately. We had no trouble in locating the and she said: 'Yes'm certainly. You see. I'm that pestered with agents as I don't know a woman as isn't an agent when I look at her. I bought my lace to leave a woman next door called curtains from an agent and now they to me, and said she guessed the folks send some one around every few days didn't hear me. She knew they were with rugs and albums and such, and they are never alike, so I don't know come to the door. Could she do any when I'm letting an agent in or a thing? I asked her if Kimballs lived keeping company out. But Kendalls, there. 'No,' she said 'Parkerses had Yes'm, certainly. They don't live here moved there five months before, now, no in. Their girl, she got marand before that the owner named Joyce ried and went to Kansas City to live. had lived there. Was it Kendall that and Kendalls they moved about two I wanted.' 'Yes' said I 'Kimball'. blocks south and three blocks west of 'Well' she said 'I know where they here. It'll be a considerable saving if you live. You go one block west and two take that short ent across the common. blocks south. It's a house kind of It's the middle house. Yes'm. certain-

"Park and I took the path across the blocks south and one block west' and lot, walking our wheels, as we had found the place. It didn't look very been doing for miles, it seemed to me. nice and I felt as if I didn't want to We didn't say much, but did lots of claim relationship with the inmates, thinking, at least I did. When we but a man's a man for a' that, you reached the end of the path there were know and I stepped on the solid hoards at least two more blocks to walk beof the walk, and jumped the broken fore I came to the middle house. Again ones, mounted the steps, and knocked I walked up a walk, stepped on a porch at the door. The upper part of the and knocked at an open door. A new door was of plain glass, with a curtain screen ornamented with a forest scene of serim. I looked idly at a hole in with deer drinking from a pool, kept the scrim, and imagine the temptation out the flies. A young man answered I had before me to laugh, when I saw a my knock. I began. Does a family by I had before me to laugh, wheal saw a my knock. I began, 'Does a family by bright black eye looking at me through the name of Kimball like here?' The the hole. It stayed there a moment, man seemed to consider before answerthen disappeared. No one came to light of the door, however, and I knocked licown lives here, but he's got some again. Even that brought no answer, boarders. I don't know what their and I started for the gate. As I came names are. Maybe they are the ones, down the steps. I saw Park motion I just come here lost night and aint beyond me, and I urned to see a little lacquainted yet. I'll see Mr. Brown.' child of four or thereabouts, baredoot Then he carefully closed the wooden and dirty, standing by the side of the door and left me on the porch. I was house. 'How do you do?' I said as entirely out of patience by this time house. How do you do? I said as entirely out of patience by this time amiably as I could. do you live here? and vowed to invest that once away 8be nodded, without replying. Is from this house I would not rest till I your name Kimball I went en. She reached home. When Mr. Brown opened shook her head. 'What is your name?' the door I repeated my question. 'Can I continued. 'Lily' she finally said, you tell me where a family by the 'Lily what?" was my next question, name of Kimball lives?' 'Well,' he



or old folks?' 'I don't know.' I answered. but I imagine they are elderly, 'You don't say!' said he. 'I've got a couple of boarders with names suthin like that. Maybe I dion't hear straight when they was tedin'it. I'll call them and they can give it to you direct."

"After what seemed to me an in terminable length of time an old man and an old woman came to the door. and stood, while for the last time I repeated: 'Can you tell me where a family named Kimball lives? 'No.' said the little old lady. 'Our name is Ken-dall isn't it Isaiah?' 'Yes' said the little o'd man. "'ur name is Kendail. Is it K-i-m-b a-l-l you want, ma'm?

" 'Yes' said I, 'I am very anxious to find a family of that name, who I

was told lived here.

" 'No' said the little old ladv. 'I never knew anyone out here by the name of Kimball. They might meant us, instead of Kimball, mightn't they Isaiah? Yes' said Isaiah 'they might. We wish we could help you but we don't know of any Kimbal's. Gateses might be able to tell you. If you would go to the second house --

"I interrupted him, and said firmly: 'I am very sorry to have troubled you, but I think I must return at once to North Top ka, and try by careful inquiry to find my way to the home of G. F. Kimball who. I am told. lives FLORENCE KIMBALL there.

It is a very interesting bit of personal histor, that we present this resented in the army and navy, them month in regard to Roswell Kimball have been very few casualties, and tory makes slight monoion of him, the from any cause. The papers report details that are herein given sorve to the case of Corporal J. Lloyd Lyon of tory of the family there is still to be phoid fever at McPherson barracks and a third. This family has attained on the first call for troops. He is a high position in an eastern state, nephew of Col. Dyer, manager of the in a western state, and both of these municate his illness to him, lest : affor leatir by new material, as inter- | would trouble his uncle. We have " esting and important as any found in heard the result [Fam. Hist. p. 603 an . big family book.

With this issue we send out a sup-News and what support will be given it. well as to more recent subscribers.

REUNION.

The interest in the family renning does not seem to be very general. Tr. California cousins held their second one early in June. They lead in the respect. Nothing definite has been determined yet as to a second meeting of the Missouri Valley Association, 1: has been suggested that it be called for Omaha before the crose of the exposition. Others favor Topeka during Festival week. The distance to be travelled to secure a large meeting : a serious objection to annual reunions and hence it has been suggested that meetings of the Missouri Valley Asse. ciation should not be attempted often er than once in two or three year-State gatherings may possibly be beter. A Kansas reunion may be held in Topeka during Festival and Grand Army week, to which all members of the family are invited, who may be able to at e d w ether from Kamason elsewhere. Another may be held at Omaha for those where that eity is more accessible And still another should be po-sible for St. Louis All of these might work in harmony and provide for a more general biennial or tr'ennial reunich of a more general nature.

It is suggested that immediate action be taken along some such line. and communications be sent the NEWin regard to the matter.

While the family has been well repand his family. While the Family his- far as we have heard, no cases of drain show how much of the unwritten his- a Georgia Regiment as sick with to evalored. We have in hand much He went from Chicago some months more relating to another branch of the lago and was connected with the Aug'lamny country back over a century ta Electric Railway. He enlisted up-Another branch has become well known Augusta Railway Co., but did not con-909. Fam. News. Feb 1898]

With this issue we send the Januar plemental sheet as a sort of prospectus and February numbers of the NFfor the coming year. It is necessary to which have been reprinted. They are know, to some degree, what demand sent to all alike, to this; who had the there may be for the continuance of the first two numbers in quarto form.



A late number of a Norway, Maine, paper illustrates a one horse "Shay" that was built in 1852 for Frank Pierce. then Democratic candidate, and afterwards President of the United States. C. P. Kimball, then of Norway, was engaged to build it at a cost of \$150. It was used by President Pierce in his driving about Washington, and is now kept in the warerooms of the great C. P. Kimball Carriage Co., of Chicago. President Pierce, it may be added, was at the head of the administration during the Kansas Nebraska troubles and was in ill-favor, in Kansas. This feeling was so prononneed that evidences still remain. The streets of Topek's running north and south were named after the presidents, but when it came to Pierce, the ! name was emitted and that of Clay substituted, and it so remains. President Pierce was a citizen of New Hampshire and was connected judirectly with members of the Kimball family, but few of whom, however. were in sympathy with his political principles.

We have another communication from a person in England claiming to have a good bunch of Kimball material relating to earlier dates than what we now have and which he offers to the News "for a consideration." He is probably a fake and perhaps makes this kind of business a specialty. It has been learned that he writes to other members of the family known to be interested in the family history. and in one or two instances has been paid money for information that is of no value. This person, it is more than likely, autempts to deal with any and all other families who are interested in genealogical research. It will be well for all such to be on their guard, and to pay no money to any one not well accredited. There are proper and safe sources where information of this kind, readily obtainable can be had. This is all that these imposters ever have. They do not go into deep and intricate investigation, but simply keep on tap a lot of common place material that any genealogist already has on file. Give these fellows the cold shoul-

well.

There are several interesting historical publications now issued, many of them more or less local in character. The Essex Antiquarian, published at Salem is among the best of these. This old historic city is near the homes of many of the early descendants of Richard Kimball and frequent mention is made of some of them in the annals of Salem and of neighboring towns.

The Granite Monthly of Concord. N. H. is another of these publications. New Hampshire is dotted all over with Kimballs, very many of them descendants of Benjamin and many who are not. Almost every issue of the Granite monthly contains something of more or less direct interest to the family. A recent number contains an illustrated article on Cobbett's Lake in Windham. The lake is quite historic and many Kimballs have lived in the neighborhood. This town is also the home of Prof. L. A. Morrison of the Kimball Family History, whose postoffice, however, is Canobie Lake. This same issue also notices, at some length. Robert Dinsmore among the poets of New Hampshire, Robert Dinsmore vas not of Kimball blood, but was connected with the Morrisons and Mr. L. A. Morrison of the Kimball History, and himself of Kimball descent, has compiled a volume of his kinsman's

Putnam's Historical Magazine is another publication of the kind. It is issued by Eben Putnam of Danvers, Mass. It is somewhat more genealogicai in character than some others. In addition to these the reports of the various Historic and Genealogical Societies of the older eastern states are sometimes quite voluminous and exhaustive.

Mrs. Laura Kimball Smith of St. Louis is making an extended visit to relatives in Elgin, Ill. She belongs to that numerous branch of New Hampshire, Hopkinton-Groton Kimballs who settled in Elgin, and a daughter of the Naney Currier Kimball mentioned in the first article in this number of the NEWS. [Fam. Hist. pp. 323-602.]

All those who may want complete files of the News for this year should "Old Eliot" a 50 cent monthly has get them now. About one hundred rebeen issued since the beginning of the main. Price 50 cents for the twelve year at Eliot. Me., by Augustina Cald- numbers. After January 1899, if any are hfr. 75 cents.



IN MEMORIA.N

WILLIAM EDGAR KIMBALL.

(Fam. Hist. p. 941.)

William Edgar Kimball died on the 26th day of June. 1898, at his home near San Jacinto, Cal., and was buried in the cemetery at that place. He was the youngest son of Father John Kimball, one of the oldest settlers of this

part of Kansas.

He was born in Goffstown, N. H. on the 19th day of October, 1845, and was therefore in the prime of life. With his parents he emigrated to Manhattan. Kans., in the spring of 1857. Here he grew from boyhood to manhood estate. enduring all the privations of those early days. While yet a mere lad be took up arms in defense of his country. serving in the National Guard against the Indians, and on the Price raid in 1864. He was married on the 12th day of November, 1873, to Miss Anna McCrea, Of this union there were borntwo sons. W. B and Horace, who, with their mother, survive him.

They lived on the old homestead on College Hill notil 1800, when the family moved to Garden Grove, Cal., where they resided until a short time before Mr. Kimball's death, when they removed to their farm near San Jacinto. He had for many years been a great sufferer from rheumatic gout and this was the cause of his decease. "Ed." as he was familiarly called, was beloved by all who knew him. Openhearted, generous to a fault, he held all mankind his kindred and was ever ready to divide his last crust with a fellow mortal. His death leaves a gap in the circle of friends and relatives that never can be filled.

Besides his immediate family, three trothers, J. M., R. H. and C. W., all of College Hill, and two sisters, Mrs. O.W. Bill and Miss Carrie Kimball of Garden Grove, Cal., survive him .- Manhattan Nationalist.

MRS. DIXIE STONE, AGED 94 YEARS.

[See Fam. Hist. p. 370, No. 707, iii. Also p. 8), April 1898, Fam. NEWS]

(n Friday morning, in the house which had been her home for nearly three quarters of a century, Bridgton's ol lest living resident. Mrs. Dixie Stone passed away.

Mrs. Stone(nee Eliza Myrick Kimball) was born on the homestead farm, on October last. She was the daughter of all.

Jedediah and Etizabeth (Emerson) Kimball, of Bridgton, of whose thirteen children, Miss Julia Kimball, of Boston, alone survives. Her paternal grandfather. Dea. Kimball, was one of the early settlers of our town, he coming from Massachusetts and located when the townsnip was a wilderness. Miss Kimball was educated at the publie schools and for some years previous to her marriage taught school in this region and with fine success. She married Mr. Dixie Stone, a young mer-chant from Kennnebunk, who had opened a store on the new famous "corner" of Main and High streets, where he traded for more than forty years. Mr. Stone, who died in 1870, was one of our foremest and highly respected citizens, prominent in business and religious affairs. Mrs. Stone. since her husband's de rease, has continued to reside at the home place with her youngest daughter, Mrs. Julia P. Hall Of the five children three others are living, viz: Benjamin C., of Portland, the present Clerk of Courts for this county: Sarah C., wife of Edward Hawes, D. D., Burlington, Vt.: and Alvan C. of Lexington, Mass., a Boston mercantile man.

The subject of this sketch was at the time of her death the most aged member of the First Congregational Church. Both were zealous, faithful working members, and the weekly announcement, "The prayer meeting will be held as usual at Bro. Dixte Stone's was a familiar one to the attendants at that house of worship for a long series of years. Mrs. Stone was intellectual, sparkling and witty, and of deservedly high social standing. In her death is lost one of the most noted personali-

ties of our town,

Funeral services were held at the house Sunday morning, conducted by her pastor, G. M. Woodweil. A quartette assisted in the service, and there were many beautiful fl. ral tributes. E. R. Staples, esq., was in charge of the obsequies; and the bearers were her two sons, and Dr. Bray and Judge Walker. The burial was in Upper Village cemetery.

At the regular forenoon service at the Congregational church, following the funeral. Mr. Woodwell gave a discourse of a memorial character, in tribute to the lamented deceased in which the lessons of her noble life were Upper Ridge, 94 years ago the 19th of brought out as worth; of cinalation by



Notes Supplementary to the Data of the "Kimball Family History"
[Edited by Prof. Sharples.]

Page 198-i Harvey d. 1842, not 1832, Page 198-: Rollin Hibbard Kimball sends a letter written Jan. 1, 1839, by Robert Kimball (308) to his nephew Roswell Kimball, son of Benjamin (307). The address on the letter is

below. Lebanon, N. H.

Jan. 1. Elder Roswell Kimball.

Agent Baptist Bible Society. Upper Alton, Single. State of Illinois.

The word single in the corner of the address denotes that the letter is written on a single sheet and therefore the rate of postage is single. The rate of postage at that time was 2se for a single sheet from N.H.to Ill. This serves to explain the first sentence of the letter. The actual size of the sheet was 10½ by 16 inches. Only such parts of the letter are

copied as are of general interest. Lebanon, Grafton Co., N. H. 1st Jany., 1839.

ELDER ROSWELL KIMBALL. Dear Nephew:-With many thanks, I acknowledge your very acceptable letter of Dec. 10th and with the same before me, I proceed to fill a sheet you will (I fear) in the sequel wish had been smaller. **** To your enquiry respecting our ancestors I am a shamed to say I am scarcely better informed than yourself. Leaving home at fourteen years of age. I like you, did not interest mys olf in the subject. and my father was as in 1820 when I returned to Plainfield. Our descent is from two brothers, emigrants from the north of England about 1650, who settled at Wenham near Boston, where my granbfather was born 29th Dec. O. S. 1731, or as we reckon N. S. 9th Jany., 1732.

[Nors:—The above is a good illustration of how tradition while following the general outline of history differs from the facts. The brothers came from the south of England in 031, settled in Waterton not Wenham. His grandfather was born in Boston. His great grandfather was born in Boston. His great grandfather was born in Wenham.

How ancient to us appear these dates! Yet time's rapid wing will render soon present dates no less My father said his father most resembled brother Wills, mild, moderate, and quiet, a man of small acquirment in property and smaller in literature. His will I have seen-signed J. K. (x his mark). He died about 1770, leaving three children. Sarah, Benjamin, and Joseph. The daughter died at Grand Isle, Vt., in 1796; uncle Benjamin in 1795 or 6, by a fall in his mill, aged 77: Joseph, my father in 1822, aged nearly 91. My father's mother was descended from a Scottish Highlander of the name of "Mackeraithy" who fought against Cromwell at the battles of Dunbar and Worcester in the sixteenth century, and two of her connections fell at the fatal battle of Culloden, fighting in the ranks of the Pretender Prince Charles. Your grandmother Clift had three brothers-Samuel, Waterman, Josephall officers of the war of the Revolution and one of them a major, a real fighting man, always foremost in danger, and often engaged personally hand to hand with the enemy. My father, born in 1732, moved to Plainfield, N. H., in 1765, attended every annual meeting from the first organization (fiftyseven successive first Tuesdays of March) till he died in 1822. He was a great hunter of beaver, otter, sable, mink, and muskrat. Bear, deer, wolf, fox, etc. became alike his prey. He caught two foxes on his eightieth birthday. He was 16 years old when tea was first introunced to this country, and snstained through a long life character for honesty and integrity which his descendants would do well to equal. Your uncle Wills yet lives within two miles of me at the age of 79. (aunt Nancy is 76) somewhat infirm but comfortable. His son Elisha lives with him and is a sober, respectable man. Elisha's oldest daughter married and settled at Detroit. His eldest son Elias recently established at Marion. Ohio. Jesse Kimball is married and settled at St. Joseph's River. twelve miles from Marshall, Michigan. Ransom unmarried, resides at Chicago. Elisha Kimbail has two sons with him, Robert and Joseph.



Three daughters, Eliza, Maria and Tryphena are dead. Of your half brothers Lewis and William are comfortably settled at Piermout. N. II. William unmarried lives on the same farm. Their sister in feeble health lives with them. Your uncle Stephen Maine died last winter and has left a good property to four daughters; no son survived him. Your aunt Chase is well off at Cornish and is about 70 years of age. Her daughters Hannah Stevens, Mary Frost, and Eunice Daniels, are all well off. and the other, Lydia Chandler, tolerably so, but in feeble health. Her only son Benjamin K True is in a law office at City of New York. Your uncle Joseph's widow inarm in health and in destitute circumstances resides at Plainfield. My sister Eunice Brown is in good circumstances at Hopkinton and has five promising children. Aunt Betsey spends her time there and with me, is 54 years of age and has \$700.00 property. For myself have I but little to add to former information. My children are a son and daughter, aged four and six years, and I am in a situation neither rich nor poor which ought to satisfy a reasonable being. The west, great and fertile as it is, has at my time of life few attractions The hazard to health particularly on the banks of streams I consider great, and it seems from your letter that your family have suffered in consquence I should like once more to see your mighty rivers, your splendid prairies, your fertile fields and bottoms: but know not whether this will ever happen. as mereasing years roll on with rheumatic hip and enfeebled evesight, I feel sensibly a disinclination to distant journeying and that tune, the grand leveler of human plans and distinctions, is fast completing her handywork with us all. We hear that the season has been unfavorable throughout the whole new west. Here we have suffered from drouth but one week. Grain would have been cheap and abundant, but the spring was unpromising and late, and but little corn was planted. Hay is abundant at 7 @ 55: wheat 11 og 12 : corn 5 \ @ 6'; butter 1'; cheese s to 9 ; wool 3' : cattle especially high; oven \$100

\$150; beef 1.00; cows 30 to 40 and some \$50.00, and others in proportion, all of which is owing to the number of sheep. And now my good nephew let me request you at your own convenience let me hear from you and if you can find a sheet of paper as large as mine shall be happy to hear all, all, about your fine country prices. productions, manners, etc., and having devoted two hours to this letter, without once rising from my desk, or comparing one statewith another, or examining to detect improprieties or repetitions, I bid you affectionately and respectfully hail and farewell.

ROBERT KIMBALL.
ELDER ROSWELL KIMBALL.

Page 198-Roswell Kimball (Benjamin6 Joseph5 Joseph4 Joseph3 Henry2 Richard1) b. Enfield, N. II., May 12, 1792; d. Tazewell Co., 111., Sept. 30, 1865; m. Elenora Matthews, b. Massachussetts, d. Madison Co., III., Aug. 13, 1843; m. 2nd Mrs. Starkweather of Upper Alton. Ill. He was a successful practising physician, but gave up his practise and became a Baptist clergyman. His first pastorate was at Johnson's creek, Hartland Township, Niagara Co., New York, He emigrated with his family to Upper Alton. Ill., in the fall of 1835. The trip was made by water and he was three weeks on the way. Rivers were very low and in the Ohio river the hoat was often aground. On one occasion they spent thirty-six hours on a sand bar. His son, R. H. Kimbail was then about nine years of age and recalls incidents or the journey distinctly. He says some two or three years later his mother and friends who had been spending the summer among their New York friends and relatives were six weeks in making the return trip to Illinois on account of low water and ice, it being late in the fall when they returned. There were no railroads then.

He was a very congenial companion, sociable, amiable, posted on the questions of the day, and of very decided opinions. In the practice of medicine always considerate of the poor, an life charged at all his bills were proportioned to ability to pay taken in anything they



could best spare that he could use at all. He held the respect and confidence of the communities in which he lived. His christian character was unassailable, and his integrity beyond reproach; and his church, Missionary Baptist. The county and church records attest his great worth.



ROSWELL KIMBALL. CHILDREN.

i Lovice Owen' b. Niagara Co , N.Y.; m. Rev. William H. Briggs. Resides at Freeport. Ill.

ii Rollin Hibbards b. Niagara Co.,

N. Y., Feb. 5, 1826.

iii Sarah Jane b. Niagara Co., N.Y.; m. Edwin Orgain Resides at Bastrop, Texas.

iv Elenora Matthews'b. Niagara Co., N. Y., m. Mr. Metcalfe. Resides North Indianopolis, Ind.

v Roswell Benjamin', b. Madison Co., Ill , 1843; d. aged about one month. vi May Adelaide' b Upper Alton, Ill., d. 1937 or 5, aged about eight

months.

Rollin Hibbard Kimballs (Roswell? Benjamine Josepha Josepha Joseph³ Henry² Richard¹) b. Hartland Township. Niagara Co., N.Y., Feb. 5, 1826; m. Marion Co., S. C., July 8, 1862, Mary Woodberry, b. Brittons Neck, S. C., Feb. 4, 1834. Daughter of General Wm Woodberry and Sarah Bellamy (Johnston) Woodberry. He left home when

he was about eighteen years of age, the family being broken up soon after the death of his mother and the marriage of the oldest daughter. He passed about three years in western N. Y. at school in the winter months and earning his living during the remainder of the time. Returning to Illinois in 1847 he engaged in business travelling in the southern States for about five years, when he married in South Carolina settling at Brittons Neck, Mariou Co., where he engaged in merchandising, lumbering, turpentine farming, etc. Enlisted in the war of 1861 as a private in Co. -, 10th S. C. Regt. Came out of it whole in body as a first lieutenant. Was paroled at Greensborc N. C., May 10, 1865. He held responsible positions as acting staff officer on major general'sstaff. After the war again engaged in business, was elected to the legislature in 1882 and moved to Georgia iu 1886 where he now resides at Garfield in Emanuel Co. CHILDREN.

Roswell Miley b. Marion Co., S.C., July 24, 1853.

ii Joseph Woodberry Kimball' b. Johnsonville, S. C., Mar. 26, 1855. iii Sarah Elnora⁹ b. Pine Bluff, S. C., May 15, 1857; d. Sept. 15, 1857

iv Sarah Elnora" b. Brittons Neck. S. C., Oct. 28, 1858; in. William Pegues. Farmer, resides Chester-

field Co., N. C.

Joseph Woodberry Kimball⁹ (Rollin II.8 Roswell Benjamin Joseph Joseph Joseph Henry Richard b. Jonsonville, S. C., Mar. 26, 1855; d. Johnsonville. Aug. 3, 1884; m Nov. 7. 1875, Eliza McIntosh, h Cheraw, S. C., d. Jan. 19, 1888 Daughter of Benjamin McIntosh and Elaza (Watson) MeIntosh of Society Hill, S C. They resided at Johnsonville, S. C. CHILDREN.

Marie Graceie b. Johnsonville, July ii Eleanor McIntoshio b. Aug. 8, 1979.

iii Rollin Hibbard b. Oct. 20, 1880. iv Daise May 10 b. Dec. 10, 1882 v Joseph Wordberry 10 b. May 20, 1884.

Page 199-ix Lewis d. 1895, not 1815. Page 1121-George Melvin should be George E., b. June 22, 1853, not July 30, 1857.

Page 1139-Abraham Kimball was b. in Wells not in Wales.



Page 1130—Nathaniel Kimball m. 2nd Lydia (Warren) Perkins of Goffstown, N. H., Feb. 1, 1822.

Page 1137—Seth Peabody d. 1827.
Page 1144—Sarah Haynes was b. Wentworth, N. H., Aug. 4, 1846. Sarah m. James M. Thompson.

m. James M. Thompson. Warren Kelley⁴ m. April 30, 1868.

Warren Kelley in, April 30, 1868. Eliza Jane Piper, b. Feb. 2, 1847. daughter of Dudley Sanborn and Eliza (Snaw) Piper of Meredith. Is a farmer, resides Meredith, N. H. CHILDBEN.

i Nettie Eldora³ b. May 7, 1869, m. Mar. 9, 1893, Luther Flanders.

Mar. 9, 1803, Luther Flanders. ii Herman Leroy⁵ b. April 21. 1872; m. April 29, 1894, Lillian V. Tuttle. iii Frank Blake⁵ b. Dec. 6, 1880.

iv Irville Warren⁵ b. Oct. 7, 1887. Page 1149-178 should be 173.

Page 1151—Page 697 should be 597.
Page 1151—Increase Sumner Kimball should be Sumner Increase.

Page 1152a—Stephen Kimball d. June iii Isadore Rhoda b. May 28, 1835. Resides in Sacramento, Cal.

Page 1152b—Alfred H. Belo¹⁰ A. B. 1896.

Ennis Cargill¹⁰ is assistant cashier in a National Bank.

Maurice Ennis Lombardilo is in the class of 1900 at Yale.

Page 1152d-After page 879 read 1935c not 1835c

Page 1143—Captain John Kimbel of Meredith, N. II.

John Kimball of Meredith seems to have uniformly spelled his name Kimbel when he wrote it himself. His descendants have as uniformly spelled it Kimball. Clerks and others have varied it considerably.

The first mention I have been able to find of him is in a deed from John Morrill of Nottingham. in which he conveys for \$340 to John Kimbel of Brentwood, half a right of land in Gilmantown which was the original right of Caleb Gilman of Exeter, May 7, 1761. Rockingham deeds 72. 93. In another deed John Merrill sells to John Cimball a 40 acre lot that was laid out to Caleb Gilman in the 100 acre lot, no. 3. 3rd range in the 1st division, June 7, 1765. Then in Nov. 29, 1769. Ebenezer Smith of Meredith conveys to John Kimball of Meredith seventy acres of land in Gilmantown, being the seventy aeres conveyed to me by his deed dated the 13th day of July, 1765, it being part of the lot numbered

three in the 3rd range from Barn-

stead. On the same day Ebenezer Page of Gilmantown conveys to Jonn Kimball of Meredith. 30 acres. being a part of the 100 acre los numbered three in the third range.

numbered three in the third range. Nov. 29, 1769, John Kimbel of Meredith, and wife Alsee sed to Daniel True of Deerfield, all of lot number three in 3rd range in Gilmantown. There are a number of other deeds on file, in one of which he purchases the old saw mill and twenty acres of land in Meredith. from the proprietors. He erected a saw mill on this tract and sold half of the land and rights to Caleb James for three hundred Spanish milled dollars. Feb. 5, 1781. He says in this deed he built a saw mill on the land the past year. April 1), 1795, John Kimbel of Meredith Gentleman, sells to Samuel Adams Sanborn of Gilmantown, his homestead in Meredith containing 50 acres. It is a part of lot "number four a pint lot." The deed is signed John Kunbel and Sarah Kimbel. This seems to have been the last of his real estate transactions. The next record I have of him is in New Hampton in 1810 when he was evidently poor as the only item I could find in regard to him was an old grocery bill which he tried to pay by cutting wood. He had not paid the whole of it in 1814, when the balance amounting to about two dollars and a half was paid by David

John Kimbel first married Elsie Edgerly daughter of Samuel Edgerly. of Brentwood, who was born in 1735. He married second, Feb. 6, 1784, Sarah Crosbie of Meredith.

at L'pper Gilmanton. John Kimball belonged to the

4th company in Meredith in 1776. John Kimball of Meredith, was lieutenant in Co .- for the defense of Rhode Island, January 2, 1778. Lieut. John Kimball of Meredith. was ia Captain Nathaniel Am-brose's Co. in Col Welche's regiment which marched from Moultonborough and towns adjoining. Sept. 30, 1777, and were joined to the Continental army under Gen. Gates at Saratoga, and after the surrender of General Eurgoyne. marched with the guard as far as North Hampton in the state of Massachusetts Bay and were then discharged. John Kimball, Lieut.



entered service Sept. 20; discharged Nov. 6; time 1 month, 7 days, at £8. 2s per month. Wages, £9, 19s. 9d. [See the N. H. state Rolls.]

5d. [See the N. H. State Rolls.]
For a list of the children of Capt.
John Kimbail see page 1143 of the
Kimbail hook. His name is left
blank there as I was not certain
at that time that he was father of
at that time that he was father of
givens of the control of the control
in the control
in

not lietsey.

Puge 1143-David Kimball? John Kimball m. Mary Wight. b. Nonmouth.

Me. Oct. 1, 177. She did at Xew
Hampton. N. II., prior to 1808 and
als buried at that piace. He m. 2nd
Ann Crosby. He lived in Waldo
Co., Me., after the death of his first
wife, probably going there about
1814. as his name disappears from
the assessors list in New Hampton
at about that time. He was a
Notary and was at one time High
Sheriff of Waldo Co.

CHILDREN.
i Sally, died and was buried at New

Hampton ii Eliza m. Vincent Pendleton.

iii John m Mary Leary. iv Charles Copp b. April 27, 1806, at

New Hampton. v Abraham m. Hannah Hamilton.

vi Marv.

vii Elsie b. 1811. d. Sept. 5. 1837. at Bangor, Me.; m. Jan. t. 1835. Isaace Fletcher. Child: Abbie Lewis Fletcher b. Bangor, Me., July 8. 1836; m. May 12, 1898. Thomas Edwin Whiting. Resides Lawrence, Mass.

Charles Copp Kimball⁵ (David² John⁵) b. April 27, 1806, at New Hampton; d. Belfast, Maine, April 7, 1873; m. 1829 Ann Dumfries b. Frederickton, N. B.; d. Belfast, Me., Dec. 25, 1891. He kept a general store at Belfast, Me.

CHILDREN.

1 Mary Ann¹b. Oct. 2, 1831; m. Aug. 4, 1855. William Henry Crosby: m. 2nd, Feb. 23, 1867. John Woodman Emery. Res. East Northport. Me.

if Thomas Pitts b. July 14, 1833; m. Flora Jane Tripp, Residence Haverhill, Mass.

iii Charlest b. Feb. 24, 1:35.

iv John Simpson⁴ b. June 4, 1838. v Elsie Alic 4 b. Sept. 27, 1840; m.

Feb. 2, 1876, Charles Clifton Dusenbury of New York.

vi Susan Pond' b. April 18, 1843; m. William Henry Cooper of Oakland, Cal.

vii James Alexander b. Apr. 18, 1843; m. ; Res. Westport, Cal; viii David Wesley b. Sept. 25, 1849.

d. Belfast, Me., Oct. 24, 1851. Charles Kimball⁴ (Charles C.³ David2 John1) b. Belfast Me., Feb. 24. 1835; m. Sarah Jane Finley Gorman b. Halifax, N. S.; d. Westport, Cal., June 23, 1890. He is a lumher dealer in California. Child: Lillian Maude b. Gloucester, Mass., Dec. 5, 1866; m. Nov. 7, 1887, Gerritt Parmilee Wilder who was born in in Honolulu. Nov. 5, 1863. His grandfather Dr. Gerritt Parmilee Judd was one of the first missionaries to the Sardwich Islands. They reside in Kahuliu in the Hawaian Islands.

John Simpson Kimball¹ (Charles C.³ David² John³) b. Belfast, Me , June 4, 1838; m. Feb. 10, 1899, Hel-en Naomi White; b. Sept. 16, 1845; d. April 2, 1855, Seminary Park, Cal. She was the daughter of Eastlick and Betsey F. Henninway White of New Salem, Mass. He is engaged in lumbering, ship building, and general merchandising in California.

CHILDREN.

i Alice Naomi⁵ b. Nov. 9, 1869, Point Arena, Cal.

 ii Helen White⁵ b. Feb. 11, 1872, Mendocino, Cal.
 iii Charles Eastlick⁶ b. July 4, 1875.

Mendocino, Cal.

iv Daisy Carolyn⁵ b. Mar. 28, 1877. v Elizabeth Ann⁵ b. July 13, 1853.

Page 1067—Caleb F, Kimball m. 2nd Jan. 4, 1856; Mary Louise Tilden h. Canton Mass., 1931; d. Charlestown, Mass., Oct. 17, 1955; daughter of Abner and Esther Tilden of Canton, Mass. Lemuel Wood d. 1892. CHILDREN.

i Alice Augusta b. Charlestown, Aug.

13, 1855.
ii Percy Tilden b. Randolph, Mass.,
Nov. 9, 1857.

iii Fred Mason b. Charlestown, Mass., May 30, 1863; m. 1882, Lena I. Marcell. Child; Alice Maud¹¹ b. 1883.

Page 1087—Frank R. Clifton Kimball should be Frank Clifton. Minnie Eloise Whittle was b. Charlestown, Mass., Dec. 12, 1867.



Dartmouth College Graduates.

[Continued from February number.]

[Recipients from Dartmonth of "B.A." except as otherwise noted. | CLASS. 1873—Arthur Herbert Kimball, M. D.,

Dartmouth, 1876; Battle Creek,

1803-Benjamin Kimball, lawyer; died (1852-Henry Holyoke Kimball, p. 592. in 1830, aged 52.

1854-Benjamin Ames Kimball, B. S., (p. 752, portrait graduated with honors from the Chandler Scienhonors from the Chandler Scientific School of Dartmouth College in July, 1854, receiving the degree of B. S. Resides Concord. N. H. Brother of Hon. John Kimball.

1826-Caleb Kimball, Rev., b. June 3, 1798; d. June 19, 1879. (See vi.

Caleb Jr., p. 262).

1845-Charles William Kimball, b. June 20, 1821; d. Dec. 18, 1870. (See i,

p. 505)

1881-Clarence Eugene Kimball, Physician. Mt. Vernon, N Y. M. D. College, P. and S., N. Y. 1886. (Deceased since publication of 1890 catalogue, Nov. 28, 1895.) 1886-Daniel Tourliuson Kimball, law-

yer, New York, N. Y.; A.M. (Honary Degree, Dartmonth, 1886.) See note A.1

1852—Edward Holyoke Kimball, d.1855, aged 23.

1881-Edward Lincoln, Kimball of Manchester, N. H., graduated, Dartmouth, from the Chandler School of Science and the Arts. B. S. (See No. 2262, p. 985.)

- 1885-Elmer Allen Kimball, lawyer, Chiago, Ill. (See No. 1792, p. 821).

1881-Ellwood Davis Kitabal!, business.

Wichita, Kansas, A. M. (p. 1957) 1859—Enoch Spofford Kimball, mer-chant, Boston, Mass. Graduate Chandler School, B.S. (See p. 352, Enoch Spotford Kimball, b. April 10. 1930.)

er, Washington, D. C. (See p. 990) 1809-George Kimtall, lawyer, d. 1858 1861-Nathaniel Tenney Kimball, D.D.

(1856?). See No. 1045, p. 521. 1885—George Clinton Kimball, teacher, Wolfboro. (See No. 2005, p. 934. whose daughter Maria Jeannette 1810—Richard Kimbail, teacher: A. M. Kimball m. George Clinton kim-Kimball of Dover. N.H., etc.)

1827-Gilman Kimball, M.D., Lowell, Mass. M. D. Berks. Medical College 1837: do. Vermont Medical College 1840; do. Vale 1856, A. M. 1849. Prof. Surgeon Vermont Medical College 1838-40; do. Berks, Medical College. (No. 858, p. 445).

1883-Henry Albert Kimball, journalist. Dover.

1860-Henry Hastings Kimball, teacher Boston, Mass. (See 1485, xi. p. 708.) 1855-Henry Martyn Kimball, journalist, Carlinville, Ill. (See 1190.

ii. p. 592.)

should evidently be Edward Ho.yoke Kimball as above mentioned.

culture, and the Mechanic Arts. Dartmouth. U.S. Signal Service Washington, D. C. (See 2020, p. 908.) [See note B]

18:4-Rev. James Lawton Kimball. A.M., Andover Theological Seminary, 1828; graduate Dartmouth 1824; died 1833, aged 34. (See 437, iii. p. 256.)

1847-James Spencer Kimball, A. M., Baraboo, Wis. (851, p. 442.) 1819-Jesse Kimball, lawyer, grad, 1819; died 1835, aged 41. (See 279, xi.

1822-John Kimball, lawyer, d. 1884. aged 87. (See 662, i, p. 359.) 1856-Rev. John Kimball of San Fran-

cisco, Cal (A good man.) (See 1862, p. 850.) 1882-Hon. John Kimball, A. M., of

Concord, N. H. (1599, p. 750.) [See note A.] 1821-John Hazen Kimball, lawyer.

d 1858, aged 62. (1086, p. 547.) 1849-John Marshall Kimball, lawver. (1163. i. p. 580.)

1855-John Russelt Kimball, journalist. Omaha, Nebraska, (1573, p. 740.)

1807-John Wilson Kimball, 1816 M. D.; (234. vii., p. 161.) 1801-Lieut. Joseph Kimball, U. S. A .:

d. 1510. 1882-Lucien Carpenter Kimball, D.D.,

Canterbury, N.H.; Andover Theo. Sem. 1897.

1881-Ephraim Gardner Kimball, teach- 1826-Moses Kimball, D. D : Andover Theo. Sem. 1830. (1192, p. 592.) merchant, Bradford, Mass; And-

over Theological Seminary, 1566.

(1004, p. 503.) 1865-Richard Kimball, lawyer, Kim-

ball, Texas. (1638, p. 765.) 1834—Richard Burleigh Kumball. (869. p. 449)

1506-Samuel Aver Kimball, lawyer. A. M. (534, p. 299.)



1860-Sullivan Cicero Kimball, Rev., teacher, Newmarket, N.H.: A M. Meth. Gen. Bible Inst., 1866. (1971, p. 891,)

1: 41- Walter Henry Kimball, physician A. M., M. D., 1844. (1465, p. 700) 1876-Warren Webster Kimball, mer-

chant, Troy. B. S. [See note B.] 1858-William Frederick Dorant Kimball, teacher. (1190, iii, p. 592.)

1876-William George Kimball, M. D.. Huntington, Mass.

1855-William Kimball Rowell. (1947, p. 882.)

1854—John Eaton, Rev., Marietta, O., (now Washington D. C.) A. M., Ph. D. Rutg. 1872. LL. D. 1876: Supt. Pub. Inst., Tenn., 1868-70; U. S. Com. Ed., 1870-85; Pres. Marietta College 1885; Chaplain U. S. C. T., Brev. Brid. Gen. Vols. (See 1245, p. 614, grandmother of Gen. Eaton.)

be put in a list by themselves headed: "Honorary Graduates of Dartmouth."

Note B. - Herbert-Harvey and Warren-Webster were not really Dartmouth graduates, but took the degree of Bachelor of Science of the N.H. College of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts. which for a while was located at Hanover, but has now removed to Durham. N. H. These cousins should be separately listed as: "Graduates of the N. H. College of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts

We give in this issue a list of Dartmouth College Alumni which we did not have 'n hand, when, in reprinting the the February number, we were com-pelled to go to press. It was original-think his answers to letters would be ly furnished by Mr. Thomas Allen delayed. Buthe is always prompt. Perkins, Secretary of Dartmouth College Alumni Association of San Franciseo. It was a little to comprehensive, containing rames of some who were not graduates, but who had received honorary degrees. It also included others who were graduates of the Agrienltural College, at one time located at Hanover, one of whom, Herbert-Harvey Kimball, we had already reported. reply. There should be a quick re-The list was therefore torwarded to sponce to all these letters. Eliwood-Davis Kimball of Wichita, a complicate matters terribly. A large graduate of the class of 1-41, for revision. He added the "notes" that are -elf explanatory.

flon. E. M. Avery of Cleveland, Ohio, is publishing a journal similar to the News in behalf of the Avery family.

HELP WANTED.

The following is a copy of a letter that Prof. Sharples is sending out. The supplemental history bids fair to equal in importance the main work. All those not in the history would do well to send to Prof. Sharples for blanks:

"I enclose you some blanks which I will be very much pleased to have you fill with your owr and your father's family. Please do this at once with the information you have on hand. If you have not the dates do not wait to get them. I care more at present for your line of descent than the dates, but I will be pleased to have you make the blanks as complete as possible. I have already many dates and marriages that 27th Ohio Volunteers: Col. 63d I cannot use because I cannot connect them with the rest of the family. A few words from you may enable me to do this. In the great majority of Nove A .- Honorary graduates should cases if you can give me the names of your father and mother and grandfather and grandmother, I can complete the history.

Yours respectfully.

S. P. Sharples. P. S.-I will be particularly obliged if you will send me copies of names, ages, etc., from the tombstones of any Kimballs who may be puried in your vicinity, even if you do not know who they are. S P. S.

Prof. Sharples is very busy just now. on another trip to Maine, then to Pennsylvania, then attending a meeting of the American Association for

Prof. Sharples writes: "I wish you could get up some device to make people answer letters, I am tired of writing and waiting six months for an answer." We know of no prod that will do this. A man complains that the history does not do him justice, You write and ask him for corrections and he waits for months or makes no Delays amount of matter may be nearly ready to publish, only one or two links missing. They are needed to make the whole fit in its proper place. Without it there is a missing cog and the whole machine stops. Answer letters prompt-



Major James Putnam Kimball

A New York despatch to the Globe Democrat says:

July 23 .- Chief Surgeon Kimball of Governor's Island is enthusiastic over the Mauser rifle. He said today that all of his patients were doing well. He declared that many of the men in the hospital had been hit in places where had the builet been from a Springfield rifle, the wound must have been tatal. Dr. Kimball spoke particularly of one man who was hit in the right side. The bullet passed through both lungs and came out on the opposite of his body. and today that man is one of the most chipper men in the hospital. Dr. Kimball says that if the Mauser people want a recommendation for their rifle he can give them one which will be quite satisfactory. (Fam. Hist. p. 743. No. 1584.

On the Minneapolis

George Edward Kimball (p. 835) born June 7, 1874, enlisted in the U. S. Navy as able seaman at Charleston. Mass., March 14, 1898, and was assigned to DeLong of Chicago, and Leavitt of Rethe U.S. S. Minneapolis; since then has loit, Wis., and Rev. Messrs, E. C. Barnbeen promoted to second gun captain ard, S. S. Matthews, and W. M. Short. of the forward rapid tire gun. He is a graduate of the Massachuse'ts Nautical Training School Ship Enterprise where he received a diploma on graduating with the rest of class from his excellency Gov. Roger Wolcott.

The Minneapolis while scouting in and around the harbor of Santiago discovered and located the Spanish fleet and and made all possible speed with the news to Key West. This ship is the fastest in our navy, going twentythree knots per hour.

Rev. Edward Kimball, whose address is 1300 Venitian Building, Chicago. Iti., has been raising a church debt in Milwankee, Wisconsin. He has freed nearly six hundred churches from burdensome debts. The amount raised for this purpose, through his influence has been over fourteen million dollars. He has become celebrated as the "church debt raiser," and his work has covered a large part of the country. In the Family History, page \$74, Edward Picket Kumball of Water.oo. is named as the "debt raiser," an error that was corrected in an early number

Geo. L. Kimbali, teacher of manual training at Canton University, N. Y spent his vacation at his Waterford

Charles Kimball of New York and Judge S P. Wheeler of Springfield, Ill., have been appointed receivers of the Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis Rallroad.

Flora May Kimball contributes a two column article illustrated, in the Chicago Record, on Hobson the Santiago hero as the best man at twenty weddings.

Mrs. J. M. Kimball has been appointed an aide on the staff of the National President of W. R. C. We know of no lady who can better fill this position with honor to the order and credit to herself than Mrs. Kimball, and we herewith tender her our congratulaations .-- Manhattan Nationalist. p. 940)

Rev. John Hovey Kimball, B. A .: (page 992) was ordained to the Congregational ministry at Stoughton, Wis., March 26, 1868. The leading parts in the service were taken by Rev. Drs.

Clinton Kimball, son of Maj T. D Kimball (1538) who has for four years been assistant engineer for the Bell Telephone Co., at St. Lonis, Mo., has accepted a position with the Bell Telephone Co. of Philadelphia. Until the arrival of his family, about Oct. 1st, his address will be No. 421 South Broad Street. We commend him to any of the kin who dwell in the city of broth-

During the last academic year, [1897-8] for the first time in a long while there was a Kimbal, in every class at Dartmouth viz: Senior, relass of 350, William-Albert of Plymouth, N II.; Junior, Arthur-Elwin of Lynn, Mass.; Sophomore, Arthur Stevens of Battle Creek. Mich., Freshman, Charles-Warren, Jr., of Penn Yan, New York; James-Hewland of Hingham, Mass.

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The Kimball Family News

Topeka, Kansas, October, 1898.

Vol. 1, No. 10.

Terms 50 cents a year.

The Kimball Family News.

AN HISTORIC GENEALOGICAL PAPER.
Published Monthly.

835 North Kansas Avenue.

TOPEKA, - KANSAS. The News is published in behalf of the Kimbali

clair, and its kindred, and incidentally in behalf of all family brotherhood. The object is not simply to gather genealogical data. But to restore, record and preserve the family history, blography and traditions, and to

data, but to restore, record and preserve the family history, bingraphy and traditions, and to enablase a soluti of emulation among families that will lead to a higher patriotism and a better elitzenship.

Family advertisements will be inserted on last

page, and miscellane as advertisements of an unobjectionable character on the cover pages, at 50 cents an inche each insertion, or \$5,000 percommunications to the publisher, 6. F. Kimball, To-munications to the publisher, 6. F. Kimball, To-

peka, Kansas, subscription Price, 50 cents a year in advince. Do not send personal checks unless cost of exchange is added.

Address all queries, and purely generalogical matters to Prof. S. P. Sharpies, I.S. Brond Street, Boston, Mrss., who has volunteered to conduct tols department for the year. In assing information of him return postage should be included

Entered for Transmi-sion as Second Class Matter,



MISS RUTH KIMBALL, LOVELL, MAINE,

Lovell, Maine. August 10, 1898.

To My Dear Cousins:—My birthday comes soon and paps asys! may set may come soon and paps asys! may send my photograph and nave it put in the paper. I have seen some and I hope to see you all in the paper sometime. I have finished two more terms of self-older the words and the send of the my first jetter and these make nine terms in all. I have not missed one day yet. I have had lots of nice plays this summer with my cowin Grace Knight. She has gone home now. She lives in Boston, Mass,

With love to you all, I will close,
RUTH KIMBALL.

RUTH KIMBAI.

RUTH KIMBALL. (2448-i.)

_ Born Aug. 23, 1889, daughter of Sumner and Carrie Eastman (Walker) Kimball, Lovell, Maine

GENEALOGY.

Ruth Kimball¹⁰ Sumner⁹ Elbridge G.⁸ (m. Ruth Charles⁹, Joseph⁷ William⁶ Richard³ Joseph⁴ Richard³ Thomas² Richard⁴

Ruth Kimball⁵ Sumner Kimball⁴ Ruth³ Charles³(b. Feb. 4, 1812)John Charles² (b. Apr. 17, 1772.) John Charles¹ (b. March 5, 1745.)

(ON MOTHER'S SIDE)

Ruth Kimbati⁵ Carrie Walker⁴ Hon, John Walker⁵ (m. Betsey Eastman) John Walker² (b. March 26, 1787) John Walker³ b. Feb. 7, 1762)

Ruth Kimball⁹ Carrie E. Walker⁵ Betsey W. Eastman⁶ Phineas Eastman⁶ Daniel Eastman⁵ Richard Eastman⁴ Jonathan Eastman⁴ Thomas Eastman² Roger Eastman¹

In relation to the pedigree as here given of Miss Ruth Kimbail, (24484) perhaps a little more might be annexed which may be a help all around in the line of genealogy. Of the Kimbail family I need not here speak. Of the other families I will take the Charles family first.



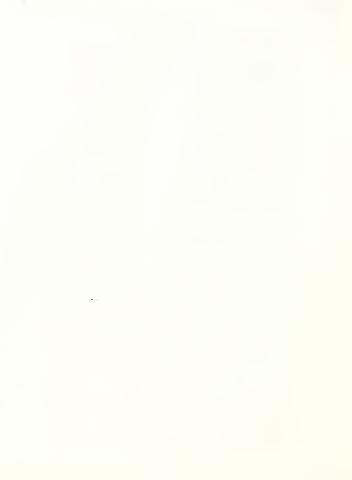
John Charles, the first as here called, ponds known as Kimball ponds. These ship. This township was laid out by in Frye's township. ealled Pequakett, and at that time said township was nearly sixty miles into the wilderness. Fryeburg was incorprior to any town in Oxford County. its incorporation being Jan. 11, 1777. The first town meeting was called was chosen town clerk.

Dea, Richard Eastmani, Isaac Abbott. Nathaniel Merrill, Dea. Simeon Frye and Ezra Carter were chosen selectmen.

Richard Kunball, Moses Ames, Stephen Farrington, Ezekiel Walker, and Benjamin Russell were chosen a committee of safety. In those days this committee of safety was considered of much importance, as the Indians at this time were not fully at peace with logs brought from the mountains lythe early pioneers in this vicinity, ing west and driven through Kimball These early settlers were mostly of brook and other tributaries into Saco Revolutionary fame and men who knew river. This pond in early times was the needs of proper safeguards at this also used to rait sawed lumber across time in these backwoods settlements, to what was called board landing, at and Fryeburg's soil covers very many the south east side near where Richard remains of these old heroes-their last Kimball once fived. But to return. resting place marked only by the raised such were the surroundings of the fuor sunken mounds above them.

a number of ponds around which were the Saco, having for his neighbors a the favorite hunting grounds of the few scattered families, who in a short Lovell's pond, noted as the spot where many are the ties of relationship of our the pride of the once powerful tribe of present generation to be found through Pequawkets was broken and the scene this first mingling of these old pioneer of desperate conflict maintained by families. By his first marriage five Capt. Lovell. (or Lovewell) and his lit-children became the heads of families. little band with the red warriors in His second wife died childless. His 1725. On the western boundary are two third wife. Miss Olive Abbott was the

married for his first wife Miss Abigail ponds were named for Richard Kim-Bliss and came from Brimfield. Mass., ball⁵ (no. 213) who lived near the south to Fryeburg. Maine, in the year 1767, cast end of lower Kimball pond. These as one of the proprietors of Frye's town- ponds were both supposed to be But in after and for Gen. Joseph Frye in 1763 years upon the true settlement of the at a place on the Saco River, then line between the states of Maine and New Hampshire it was found that the to be in York County, now being in Ox- upper Kimball pond and part of the ford County, Maine. At that time this ower Kimball ponds were within the bounds of New Hampshire. ponds are beautiful sheets of water lyporated as a town nearly twenty years ing at the foot of a range of mountains and nearly to the east of Mt. Kearsarge in N. H. (2943 feet in height) which looks down upon them from a March 31, 1777. Richmond Kimball⁵ distance of about four miles. They are fed by the many brooks running down from the moun air's side Upper Kimball pond is about one mile in length and a half mile in width. The outlet of this pond empties into lower Kimbail pond. Oa this outlet in the early days were built saw and grist mills, also a wool carding; mill. The lower pond is about one mile in length and breadth, and at present as in early times has been a great place to land ture home of the first John Charles. Within the corders of this town are who took up his abode on the banks of In the southern corner is space of time became closely al ied, and



mother of eight children, four boys this branch, as far as known, they and four girls, and most if not all of have stood well in the estimation of them lived to rear large families. He their townsmen, some being of note, died June 8, 1831, aged 86 years. His James Walker born Aug. 16, 1792, son last years were passed with his son of John and Lucy (Johnson) Walker, John, at that time living in the adjoining town of Lovell, Maine. Any infor- John Walker2, brother of James, marmation as to who were the ancestors of ried the daughter of John and Hannah this John and Phebe (Bliss) Charles Wood. Mr. Wood was one of the prowho came from Massachusetts would prietors and early settlers of the town be most thankfully received.

John and Phebe (Bliss) Charles. He tives lived in Bartlett, N. H. They lived in Fryeburg where six of their children were born, moving to boys and two girls, lived to good ages tellus? and helped to rear quite good sized families. Most of these children made homes in Lovell. Two sons went to New York state in 1836. One of these sons is now living in Fort Scott, Kan 848. One daughter, Mrs. James Mer rill, was a resident of Littleton, N. H. The grand-children are scattered from Maine to California John Charles followed the business of lumbering in the winter season, and that of farmer in the summer. It was a noted fact that nine hoes were often to be seen hung over the fence in the summer season, all being made use of at the same time by this family. He died in 1831. If is wife died in 1869, aged 51 years. Both are buried in No. 4 cemetery, Loyell, Maine.

Ruth Charles' was the seventh child of John?, born Feb. 4, 1812. She married Elbridge G. Kimballs. For furth, er information see Kimball History, page 822. Nos. 1796 and 2448-i.

Of the Walker family, which is a noted and numerous one, being scattered all over the United States, we

was president of Harvard College, of Lovell. His first location being near John Charles' was the first son of the center of the town and the old well now still in use has helped to onench married Hannah Carleton whose rela- the thirst of very many of those who have attended divine worship in the past fifty years at the Congregational church located near it. [QUESTION-Who Lovell, Maine, about 1812 to 1815, where were the ancestors of John Walker, six more children were added to their born Feb. 7, 1762, and his wife Lucy family. Eleven of these children, nine Johnson, born Nov. 7, 1761? Can you

> Of the Eastman family, which without doubt is very large, there is much to be brought to light. They have been one of the most active famiies in years past, taking part in all the stirring events of the day. Many have lived to a wanced years and enjoyed the prattle of a goodly number of grandehildren

The genealogy and history of this family is now in progress by Guy S. Rix. of Concord, N. H. Mr. Rix has been several years gathering records relating to this tamily and their kin Through reference to the Kimball history it is learned that these two families are related in quite a number of the different generations. Deacon Richard Eastman' was also one of the early settlers of Fryeburg, Maine, His first wife, Molly Lovejoy, bore him five sons and six daughters. By his second wife, Sarah Abbott, he had three sons, He was deacon of the Congregational Church, He came from Pembroke, N. H.: to Conway, N. II., where he purchased an interest in the mill lot with all the have but a short line of ancestry. Of improvements thereon. Among the



improvements was the first frame house in North Conway, N. H. It was built about the year of 1706-7. In 1769 Rich. ard Eastman, Jr., with his wife Abiah Holt, occupied this house and in it was probably born the first male white child born in Conway; N. H.

Most likely Richard did not remain long here, but moved to the now adjoining town of Fryeburg. Maine, as is seen by his being elected the first selectman at its first meeting in 1777. He died in Lovell. Maine. Dec. 29, 1807. aged ninety-five years.

Thus it is seen that we find three ancestors being heads of three different family names. The Kimballs Charles and the Eastmans, who were o the early pioneers hving as neighbors on the banks of the Saco in the infancy of this remote settlement called Pequaket, in York County, now Fryeburg, Maine.

Kimballs and kin to know that here magazine a success. I believe the key dwelt some of the subjects of "Elsie note was struck when you stated Venner." written by Oliver Wendell among the objects of the News "to Holmes. Prof. Langdon and Mary cultivate a spirit of emulation among Kimball (500-v) being the leading actors families that will lead to a higher paamong them.

But in the final we find one died in Conway, N. H. The other two. Charies and Eastman, following with their children died in the adjoining town of Lovell, Maine. It was to this town that a number of their children made their future homes so that the names of the Kimballs and Charles and the Eastmans were most familiar ones in the past as at present. Many are the names of the other families united with these through marriage ties, the Abbotts, Gordons, Kilgores, Chandlers, Dressers and Farringtons being among the older ones, besides many others of which space and time forbid mention And in the cemeteries of Lovell as in Fryeburg is to be found the last resting place of those who took an active part in gaining our independence and making new homes for themselves and futi re generations.

SUMBER KIMBALL, 2448.

A BATCH OF LETTERS

Bath. Maine. Sept. 3, 1898.

Dear Cousin:- I think it would be a loss and a misfortune to the Kimball family to have the Kimball Family News discontinued. The subscription should be \$1.00 per annum, and you may put me down for that. I think if you make the aunouncement that you must have \$1.00 you will meet with a hearty response.

Yours truly.

D. H. KIMBALL.

Springfield, Mass. Sept. 24, 1898.

Dear Sir:-I herewith enclose \$1.00 in payment of the Kimball Family News. As our branch of the family is exceedingly modest I do not expect to read of their glowing deeds. would state, however, that I am very much pleased to see the interest taken It may also be of interest to many by the family, and I for one wish the triotism and a better citizenship."

Again wishing you all the success attainable I am.

Yours truly.

GEO. W. KIMBALL

3.

Sunbury, Delaware Co., Ohio. Sept. 20, 1898.

Mr. G. F. Kimball.

Dear Cousin:- In response to the question of taking the Kimball Family News another year. I must sav, yes. with all my heart. The History is a treasure, but the News, with its letters from living members is even more; and I can only wish we might all meet.

Our youngest boy who is so frail with spina, disease that our hearts ache over him daily, used to wish he could go to a Kimball reunion, like some families he had seen. His father told him the Lovell, Maine, Kimballs were but few.



And now behold? They are many.

I took him to Boston with me in 1890 where his father had a brother who had several children, and the next morning peeked through a shutter and saw his uncle earry some rich dirt in a seve; he laughed. "He acts just like Pa, puttering around to sift dirt."

In return the cousins thought Jimmy a perfect little Yankee, and I myself was surprised to see the resemblance, and the family traits snown by the cousins. It would give me great pleasure to meet the different cousins. R.H. Kimball in Garfield, Ga., is a cousin in my husband's branch of the tribe.

If there is anything I can do to help the News I will try to do it. I sympathize with Mr. Sharples about unanswered letters, for I have many wanting myselt. Remember me in friendship to all the tribe, and give my love to your daughter who bears my name, the name of one who did "much serving," and believ me ever.

Yours truly: M. J. Kimball.

Sunbury, Ohio.

Sept. 26, 1808. Mr. G. F. Kimball, Ed., Etc.

Dear Sir:—I promise to renew my subscription for another year, and as long as the NEWS is published, or until I am promoted to join the innunerable family of cousins who have gone before.

If Miss Mary Percy Freeman, address 2223 Chapel St., Berkley, California, is not a subscriber for the News, and you have any full sets of Vol. I on hund please send to her a set. A idness as above and send bill to me, including the balance of Vol. I. expense, etc., and I will promptly remit. Or notify me that you can send the papers and I will immediately remit for them, and you can mail them later. Miss Freeman is a student in the decorative and art department of the University of

Calfornia Her father Otis Kimball Freeman is purser of the P. M. Steamship Co's vessels plying between Sau Francisco and Hong Kong. His mother was Mary Clift Kimball (my eldest sister)daughter of Elisha Kimball, mentioned in the letter of Robert Kimball of Lebanon, N. II., published in the September number of the News. On mother's side she is a descendant of the family of Col. Knowltou, hero of the rail fence at Bunker Hill, and of Gen. Lyon, of the civil war. Yet, while on on all sides her ancestors and relatives have, many of them, fought in all the wars of our country from the Revolution to the present, she writes me that at the last moment her courage failed her and she did not attend the reunion held in San Francisco a few weeks ago. But, judging from her picture. I think that should circumstances require, she would be found in line with the bravest of them. With sincere wishes for the success of the News I am,

Very truly yours, J. H. K.

J. H. KIMBALL.
(Miss Freeman is already a subscriber,
-Ed.)

St. Louis, Mo. Sept. 23, 1898.

My Dear Sir:—I beg to acknowledge the reprint of the early numbers of the Kimball Family News, last monthly issue and your circular accompanying the same. As you desire an expression of your subscribers as to their wishes in the future. I take great pleasure in saying that I have enjoyed your publication very much, and should sincerely regret to learn that you had been the loser financially thereby, not to mention your sacrifice of time and

I trust that the response to your request will be such that you will see your way clear to continuing the publication.

man is a student in the decorative and | If you find it necessary to increase art department of the University of the price, no one I think would object



who has been fortunate enough to have it during the last year.

Of the arnual growth in popularity and patronage of such a publication. you no doubt are better able to judge than a layman like myself, but it seems to me, however, that you can with safety look for a considerable expansion in your patronage the second year, and while your printer's instincts prompt you to its improvement mechanically, that can be well deferred without detriment to the interests inen you the means for realizing your everything by correspondence. ideals. With best wishes for the enterprise, believe me.

> Sincerely yours. T. D. KIMBALL.

> > Boston, Mass. September 27, 1896.

G. F. Kimball, Esq., North Topeka, Kansas,

Dear Sir:- I have received a number of copies of the Kimball Family News from time to time which have been of great interest to me. Observing that there is a very considerable likelihood that the News will be continued, it gives me much pleasure to become a I, therefore, enclose you one dollar for which I wish you would send me a complete set of the current volume and also enter my subscription for the current year.

I notice that with the exception of my immediate family little is said in the genealogy concerning my branch. This is doubtless owing to the failure of many of our people, with whom Prof. Sharples has doubtiess corresponded, to appreciate fully the work which has been undertaken. I shall endeavor to collate what information I can and forward to you so that it may be a matter of record.

With best wishes for the continued success of your publication and hoping that all members of the family will vigorously support you in the work. I am, yours very truly,

FRED M. KIMBALL

BUSINESS TRAINING.

Duran Kimball (Fam. Hist. p. 720) has a Business Training School at 113 Adams Street, Chicago. The News has been somewhat interested in this line of work, partly, perhaps, for the reasthat in former days we practised shorthand reporting, which has a peculiar fascination to many persons, and also because of the growing popularity of commercial schools, and particularly volved until your subscribers have giv- the modern fad of teaching almost

> Our cousin does not pretent to do this. We think he does not believe in it altogether. He does claim to teach business habits. Accounting, commercial law, higher mathematics, English training, rapid commercial calculations, shorthand, typewriting, correspondence, penmanship, etc., are the special branches taught at his school. Some of these may be taught by correspondence. An attendance at the school is preferable to all other methods. It

is becoming common, nowadays, to find those pretending to teach law. medicine, journalism, and almost everything else by correspondence. This is probably a good thing for the teacher, but is not to be generally commended except where one desires to become a blacksmith.

Among other late swindles of this kind is a preteuded school of correspondence for teaching proof-reading. and the inducement is held out that there is a great demand for proof readers at \$25 to \$30 a week. It is a fraud.

The study of shorthand, however, is one that may be conducted by correspondence and may be made very interesting. The system saught at Kimball Business School is the one best a lapted to this purpose, and is much simpler than the one we learned. Any of our friends interested should write him for particulars.



A SMALL REUNION.

Some twenty Kansas Kimballs and connections met on Thursday evening. Sept. 29, at the home of G. F. Kimball, North Topeka. It was quite informal. most of those from abroad being visitors to the state G. A. R. reunion and the Topeka Fall Festival. It was, however, a very social affair. Slight refreshments were served and many reminiscences rehearsed. Among other incidents of possible interest one may be related:

The annual Festival was noted for the presence of Miss Anna Rose of our new Hawaiian Territory, who had been brought here to act as Queen of the Carnival. It may be added that Miss Rose 's a stately and accomplished young lady speaking English, French and German besides her native language. Her father, a German, was a soldier in the Mexican war, who afterwards settled in the Sandwich Islands. as they were then called, where he Anna Kimball White (p. 798 Fam. Hist. and on the day of the Kimball gather- in that state today. ing she called and had a pleasant intermay also be mentioned that a tragic story was outlined regarding Mrs. White's uncle. Capt. Brown, who also settled on these islands, a story which we may give in a future number. It is thridling enough for a sensational novel.

Among those present at this meeting were: Capt. F. M. Kimball and wife Susangah, son Cland F., and Maud, of Topeka (p. 851), Mr. John M. Kimball and wife Mary Ellen, and daughter Me., awaiting turther orders.

Mary of Manhattan (p. 940) Mr. William H. White and wife Anna Brown; Mrs. Kimball Clarke and mother, of Topeka, (not in history); and Mr. Ezra Dow and daughter Alice, of Salina; Mr. Dow is a nephew of the late W. P. Chandler. (p. 593).

The Omaha exposition which is now attracting so much attention, made it unwise to attempt anything more than a mere social meeting of those who were in this city at the time, and made impracticable any attempt to hold any regular reunion any where else in this middle west

At the G. A. R. reunion Capt. F. M. Kimball of this city had charge of the grand parade, ' Capt. Fred is a small man, but he sits a horse as if the two were but one. He is a splendid horseman and makes the best kind of marshal on such occassions.

CAPTAIN WM. R KIMBALL.

One of the Kimball Family who enmarried. It so happened that Mrs. tered the United States Volunteer Army during the recent war is William and p. 121 July News) has a niece in Rogers Kimball (Fam. Hist. p. 957), the Islands an acquaintance of Miss captain of Battery D. 1st Maine Heavy Rose, Miss Nettle Brown, with whom Artillery. Captain Kimball is a native Mrs. White's daughter. now Mrs. Mar. of Bath, Maine, and is 37 years of age, shall, once spent a year. The same yes- His military career has covered a period sel that brought Miss Rose also brought of twelve years, so that he is one of the to Mrs. White a letter of introduction, best drilled and most experienced men

He was first a member of the cadets view with Miss Rose who was the her- of Bath. He enlisted as a private and oine of the day. In this connection it in the four years that he remained a member he rose to the position of captain. In 1890 he joined Company C. 2nd Regiment, M. V. M. as second lieutenant. He later served as first lieutenant, and on April 19, 1895, he was commissioned captain, a position that he held in the United States since. Capt. Kimball is at the head of the Pine Tree State Seed Co., and is unmarried. At the time of writing his battery was still in camp at Augusta,



IN MEMORIAN.

MRS MARY KIMBALL PRATT.

(From the Denver Post.)

"Mrs. MaryKimball Pratt. wife of Dr. Perry Pratt, died suddenly in her room in the Tabor opera house block at 5 o'elock, Saturday afternooon, August 20. Her death was due to neuralgia of the heart, from which she had suffered for the past six years. Thursday Mrs. Pratt suffered from the affliction. Friday she was better, but the next day there was a change for the worse.

"About four o'clock in the afternoon she fell asleep. Her son Perry K. Pratt. who was attending her, went down to the office and returned half an hour later and found his mother still asleep. She was lying in a cramped position and the son made her more comfortable. She was breathing easily and he left her again. He returned at 5 o'clock and found her dead.

"A number of physicians were called in and electric batteries were applied, but their efforts were useless. Undertaker Rogers was notified and took charge of the remains and prepared them for shipment to Naperville, 111 .. for burial.

"Mrs. Pratt was 50 years old and was born in Naperville. She went to California, where she married Dr. The family came here from San Francisco four years ago. Dr. Pratt is of the firm of Forden & Pratt. with offices in the Tabor opera house

"Mrs. Pratt was a noble, generous, true-hearted wife, and a devoted mother. Self-sacrificing, kind and good to all. She was a niece to J.K. Botsford. who built the first store building in Chicago, and of Mark Kimball, the Chicago capitalist. Her family are all prominent Chicago people. She leaves two sisters."

Dr. Pratt formerly lived in Topeka. are both prominent physicians. (Not No children by either marriage. in Hist.)

RICHARD KIMBALL.

Richard Kimball, son of Nicholas Kimball, formerly of Hannibal, was drowned while bathing in the Kaw river at Kansas City, August 24. He was 14 years of age.

A. D. KIMBALL.

A. D. Kimball of Co. H. Second Massachusetts regiment, died at Camp Wykoff, August 26, the result of bad food and exposure.

WILLIAM KIMBALL OF SYRACUSE, N. Y.

An old landmark in the New York branch of the "Kimball Family" has passed away. William Kimball, born April 14, 1807, was the oldest son of John Kimball, (753, p. 402) Though the father was a farmer all the sons. four in number including the subject of our sketch, were trained to the profession of law and followed their profession.

William married March 4, 1848, Lavantia Rindge, who died December 30, 1871. He married his second wife September 1, 1878, Miss Catherine Dempsey, who survives him.

His residence since early childhood was in Syracuse New York, where he practised his profession until about twenty years ago, being then upwards of seventy years old.

Until within a few months of his death he retained his mental and physical vigor to a remarkable degree, and the writer has several letters written during the past two or three years which are models of composition, indicating wonderful preservation of his mental faculties. The immediate cause of his death was an injury received by a fall April last. Although he remained at his home, he was confined to his bed only the day of his death, which occurred on the 6th day of June, 1898. at the advanced age of ninety-une Dr. Pratt and his son Perry Kimball years, one month and twenty-six days.

T. D. K.



The Family of Heber Chase Kimball

In the Family History (p. 585)a sketch is given of Heber Chase Kimball, the celebrated apostle and next to Joseph Smith, the leading Mormon prophet. No mention is there made of his family, and we have numerous inquiries for something further in regard to it. The March number of the News contained a lengthy article in regard to his genealogy ov B.F. Cummings the author of the sketch in the History.

In this issue may also be found a letter from his grand daughter, Mrs. Tilton. In this connection, therefore, we give as comprehensive a list of his family and descendants, as we are able.

Heber C. Kimball marrried.(as stated in the listory)

I Vilate Murray, died Salt Lake City, Utah, October 22, 1867.

CHILDREN.

i Judith-Marvin. ii William Henry, b. Mendon, N.Y. April 10, 1826. Resides Park City,

Utah. (See March News p. 35.) iii Helen-Mar.

iv Roswell-Heber.

v Heber-Parley. vi David-Patten.

vii Charles-Spaulding. vili Brigham-Willard. ix Solomon-Farnham.

x Murray-Gould. II Mrs. Sarah Noon.

CHILDREN.

i Adelbert-Henry. ii Sarah-Helen.

iii Heber.

III Sarah Ann (Whitney) Smith, widow of Prophet Joseph Smith.

CHILDREN.

ii David O. died in infancy.

iii David-Heber.

iv Newel-Whitney, now Bishop in XVI Christeen Golden. Logan, Utah.

v Horace-Heber.

vi Maria. vii Joshua.

IV Lucy Walker Smith, widow of Joseph Smith.

CHILDREN.

i Rachel-Sylvia. ii John-H

iii Willard-H. iv Lydia-II.

v Anna-S.

vi Eliza. vii Joshua Heber.

viii Washington. ix Franklin-II.

V Preseindia Huntington Smith, widow of Joseph Smith.

CHILDREN.

i Prescindia-Celestia. ii Joseph, now Bishop of Meadowville, Rich Co., Utah.

VI Sarah Lawrence Smith.

VII Mary Houston Smith. VIII Martha McBride Smith.

IX Sylvia P. Sessions Smith.

X Nancy Maria Smith. XI Sarah Scott Smith.

(The last six named were also widows of Joseph Smith, none of whom left children.

XII Clarissa Cutler. CHILD

i Abram.

XIII Emily-Cutler.

CHILD.

i Isaac-A. These two sister wives did not follow Heber from Nauvoo, Ill .. to Salt Lake City, but when the boys were about sixteen years old. both mothers being dead, they went to Utah, and afterwards both went on missions to Europe. Abram is now Bishop of Kanosh, Millard Co., Utah.

XIV Mary Ellen Abel, CHILD.

i Peter, died young.

XV Ruth Reese. CHILDREN.

i Susannah-R.

ii Jacob-R. iii Enoch-H.

CHILDREN.

i Cornelia-C.

ii Jonathan. Bear Lake, Utah. President Young Men's Improvement Association.

iii Elias Smith, Mendon, Utah. Both Jonathan and Elias have done Mission work in the Southern States.



XVII Anna Gheen.

CHILDREN. i Samuel-II.

ii Daniel-II.

iii Andrew-H.) twins. iv Alice.

v Sarah.

Andrew was the administrator of Heber C. Kimball's estate, and was long a missionary in the Indian Territory.

XVIII Amanda Gheen, sister of Anna CHILDREN.

i William-G.

ii A.bert-H. iii Jeremiah.

iv Moroni.

Jeremiah was killed May 25, 1887 by falling from a railway train near Fort Scott, Kansas. He was on his way to Europe as a misionary, and stepping out of the ear at night missed his footing. XIX Harriet Sanders.

CHILDREN. i Harriet.

ii Hyrum.H.

iii Eugene. Hyrum was a missionary in the Southern States.

XX Ellen Sanders, sister of Harriet, She was one of the three women who made the first trip of 143 pioneers, from Omaha to Salt Lake City in the spring and summer of 1847.

CHILDREN.

i Samuel.

ii Joseph-S. twins. iii Augusta.

iv Jedediah. v Rosalia.

XXI Frances Swan.

She left her husband CHILD.

i Frances.

XXII Martha Knight.

One son, died an infant. XXIII Mary Smithles.

> lleber had baptised her in infancy and gave her his blessing. They were married late in his life. CRILDREN.

i Melvina.

ii James.

iii Wilford. iv Lorenzo. v Abbie.

These seventeen were the wives. by whom he had sixty-five children. In addition to the above he nominally married the following twenty-two women but did not live with them as wives. They were mostly old, and widows, with out means and the marriage gave them protection and support. Their names were:

Mary Fielding Smith, widowof Elder Hyrum Smith.

Margaret McMinn. Hannah Moon.

Dorothy Moon. Adelia Wileox. Huldah Barnes.

Eliza Cravath. Mary Ann Shefflin.

Charlotte Chase. Theresa Morley.

Ruth L. Pierce. Maria Winchester. Laura Pitkin. Abigail Pitkin.

Ruth Wellington. Abigail Bnetanan. Sophronia Harmon.

Sarah Stiles Elizabeth Hereford. Rebecca Williams.

Sarah Buckwater. Mary Dull.

The biographer of Heber C. Kimball says that this large family was exceptionally harmonious. Not only were the wives 1 indly affectionate one to another, but the children, many of them about the same age, were seldom or never quarrelsome, and were so united that for an outsider to impose upon one Kimball boy was to draw upon himself the ill will of the whole tribe.

The family is now one of the most numerous in the state, and that it stands among the highest, morally, and tellectually, there is abundant evidence from all those who come in contact with them.

Florence May Kimball is writing for the Chicago Record. Query: Is she the Florence Mabel mentioned on page 921 of the History.



By the Sweat of His Brow

Garfield, Georgia. September 26, 1898.

Editor Kimball Family News.

Dear Cousin:-Somehow the supplement and prospectus failed to attract to my notice till recently that you wanted to know if the patrons of the present year would sustain the effort for the coming one: I propose to do so to the same extent as this year.

Am no judge of the publishing business and will make no suggestions. The History and Paper have secured to me information that correspondences a few years ago failed to do, and valid reason therefor, which is gratifying to me personally, and I wish the paper all

deserved success.

Was pleased on reading your editor-ial comments, views and sentiments that "the Kimball News is really and intensely Democratic." also, remarks are in sight of his front door. There on the study of genealogy and history among members of how far back it is proposed to go does wanted. not quite appear plain. How would back to Jacob the patriarch do for a alternately every three weeks-a word start? Then Noah-Shem being my to the wise is sufficient. choice from him. Poor old slandered Ham! I would defend him, and Japheth has his friends, and then the way are numbered by the next to the smallis easy on to Adam. This would embrace prophecy, genealogy. History quent, and informal, except on special and chronology and each coroborating occasions. Christmas and our family the other we would be assured an ultimatum of (invulnerable) truth as high crest wanted or worn is our own monoabove that of the Kimball or any other family as the Heavens are above the earth.

Your humble serrant claims to be a literal lineal blood descendant of the lost tribes of Israel the lost tribe of Manassah and is proud of it tou. Probably this may in some measure occount : for the tendency to stray and migrate as the actualities of his life portray. Writer has pursued this investigation for years past and found it the most supremely interesting, and instructive investigation of his life. Genealogy and history without the figures (correct chronology (is poor "stuff" indeed.

Reading through the Kimball Family History and paper, it occurs to me that Li ilung Chang only voiced universal sentiment, when so bluntly asking his American entertainers, "how much can you draw your cheek for?"

Let the innocent cast the first stone. I heard a live Yankee say recently, "this (Georgia) is a good poor man's eountry." He was right, and any one in that condition, and wishing to remain so, can emigrate hitherward. safely without a written guarantee in advance.

Writer's financial career might with some plausibility be likened to Job'smuch diminished in scale of magnitude however. He is living on a farm, his own, full average in the point of soil and fertility, to any here-trying to obey the injunction, to eat bread by the sweat of his brow-partly by proxy however. He does live, and the climate muistens his brow, and the other fellow does the work, and it is hard times now. Should you pass this way on the Millen and Southwestern R. R. train, and hear the trainman call out "Kymboulde," "Kymbold." Kembold." "Kimball," that is where he lives; you is no hotel here (like Rattlesden in this the same particular) and here none is needed. families and as well among and be- All decent people can stay with the tween the different families. Just neighbors and me, and no others are

The Literary Club meets at my house

The woods here are not full of Kimballs, all are in the family folds which est numeral, and our reunions are freanniversary days. The only family grams, mine being

R. H. KIMBALL.

Quartermaster A. S. Kimball of New York has been having his hands full providing for troops passing through that city since the close of the war P. 1088.)

I keep a little lamp alight All day, all night.

The moon can quench it not nor sun, It shines before the Hely One.

0 my sour's light. Burn bright!

-Hannah Parker Kimball.



Utah Correspondence.

44 East N. Temple St. Salt Lake City, Utah.

August 31, 1898 ED. KIMBALL FAMILY NEWS:

While at San Francisco last June I had the pleasure of meeting Miss Sarah Louise Kimball, who requested me to write your paper some things. I remember of Heber C. Kimball. I am his eldest grandchild, was christened Helen Vilate Kimball, and until married in 1865, was the constant companion of my grandparents.

I was taught that we were of Scotch extraction on both sides of the house Grandma Murray Kimball belonged to the Campbell clan, of which the Duke of Sutherland is the present head. H. C. Kimball had the family records for generations, also a coat of arms.

Mr. Cummings says in March 1898 of your paper: "I called on Mr. Fernando C. Kunball, who resembled, etc." H.C. Kimball's father removed to New York where they lost track of each other.

A legend: Grandfather told me that after he became a Mormon he returned to Vermont, visiting all his old haunts. He left Vermont for New York in 18.1. and had always dressed in kilts and cap. His father gave him his first hat for that journey. Said he, "in my imagination no land was so fair and no mountains so high and imposing as the Green Mountains." He made this tour on his return from one of his missions to Europe, when my father was a small boy. He also said his father did not fight in the revolution, but that he would go about getting sup plies and needful things for the soldiers "A most humane act." judging from recent events. He gave time and money for the cause-in fact he drove a baggage wagon.

Kimball Family News, March, 1898. kinton, N. H. This Richard had Ben-Heber C. Kimball during the sixties.

jamin. It goes on down to James, born 1736, who married Meribah --- among whose six sons was Solomon F., father of Heber C. Kimball. Solomon F.Kimball's mother was a Miss Farnham from Farnham, Vermont on the borders of Canada. The town was named in honor of her father, and it seems to me her name was Anna, but I cannot say positively, but that is the place to look for the family record. The Farnham in his name is for his mother. Ilis father's given name was not James, I am perfectly sure. A niece of grandfather and daugnter of Charles Spaulding came here. Her name was Anna Franham Kimball. We asked if her father Charles was named for his grandfather. She replied, "No. I believe his name was Thomas." But she did not feel sure as her father died when she was six years of age, but Charles and Solomon are family names on that side of the house just as Roswell. William and Henry are on the Murray side.

Have never heard of a New Hampshire branch of our family.

From the old Bible of Solomon Farubam Kimball I learned that he came from Holland to Canada, then to the borders, then to St. Albans, then to Sheidon Springs, thence to New York State, thence Ohio, Missouri, Illinois and Utah.

H. C. Kimball's father married Anna Spauldling: his grandparent marriet Miss Farnham: his great grandparent married Miss Farnsworth, who was Irish, or at least her parents were born in the north of Ireland. Grandma used to tell us we inherited our fair complexions from our Irish ancestors. Levi Kimball of Oakiand, formerly of New Hompshire, told me that when Mormonism was first made public his mother told him that Heber C. Kimpage 3s. The birth of his father, Sol-ball was a relative of their family. omon F. had not been recorded at Hop Levi Kimball and brothers visited



When in New York State I visited generations before, Grandfather laughing, said, "I knew we were kin"

It has been said here and in Scotland America to escape the consequences.

Kemble.

When I was quite a child a descendant of James Kimball came here and claimed to be related. He was hospitubly received, but grandfather said there was no James in his immediate family, but they might be distantly related. Like Miss Sarah Louise Kimball, he could always trace a strong likeness, but I found the same likeness in portraits in Scotland

II C. Kimball was handsome, proud, independent, courageous, and not at all aggressive, like most of the stock: he was kinder to others than to himself. He was a martyr too, but believed that the providence of God directs every event, and whether Kimball, Kemble or Campbell he earned the heavenly rest.

Very sincerely.

HELEN V. KIMBALL TILTON. Not a Mormon. I am an Episcopalian.

Who Volunteer.

We purpose putting a cover on every issue of the News for next year. We would like to have the front of this cover ornamented with a double column or a full page portrait of some one not in the history. If we have such a cut made the cost will be three dollars. A squad of twetve will be necessary. Can we have them.

Mrs. Sarah M. Kimball of Stoneham. all the friends and relatives of my Mass., has brought suit against the grandparents, and they informed me the stockholders of the fraudulent that when lleber C. Kimball became Electrolytic Marine Salts Co., for engaged to Miss Murray his father Solo- \$10,000, the amount she had paid for mon Farnham called and gave his gen- stock, including an unpaid note of ealogy. Mr. Murray doing the same, \$2,000. This company was to extract when they discovered that the two fam gold from sea water, and its failure ilies had been united by marriage many and fraudulent character have been fully exposed by the press.

The old Kimball Foundry has been that Richard was a member of the same sold and will hereafter be known as clan as the Duke of Argyle, that he the Lawrence Iron Works. The Kingwas a political offender and came to ball brothers (p. 994) were among the earliest settlers of Kansas and the assuming in England the name of foundry they established was one of the most notable in the west. One of them. Frederick, was a victim of Quantrell's raid in August, 1863. None of the brothers left sons to continue the business, and now it passes into other hands.

> The innate modesty of very many who made reports to Messrs, Morrison and Sharples for the Family History. left that work barren of much information that is desirable in such a work. For instance, Edward Pickett Kimball (p. 874) once served in the legislature of Massachusetts. Nelson Freeman Kimball (p. 1057, no. 2508) served in the Union Army and is now Department Commander, G. A. R., of Idaho. Such facts ought to be on record in the Family History.

> The Willard Kimball who has been prominent as the leader of the musical features connected with the Omaha exposition, has been for some years director of the conservatory of music at Grinnell, Iowa, having commenced with that school soon after he returned from his studies in Europe. In that period of twenty-five years he has placed that institution among the highest of its kind in the country, (See Fam. Hist. p. 929.)



The carriage builders of the United States met in St. Louis last month. There were two thousand present. The mel of Washington. Sixty-three years Carriage Builders' National Association | ago he was one of the young negroes is one of the strongest, as well as one of the oldest organizations of its kind to which allusion was made in the first in the country. It was organized in issue of the News, in referring to 1872 by a few of the largest carriage (George Kimball, (p. 521). A letter on builders in the United States.

The first meeting was held at the St. Nicholas Hotel, New York City, on November 19, 1872, and Charles P. Kimball was elected first president. The

at the same place.

The convention in 1884, a most notable one, was held at Southern Hotel in St. Louis, when 300 members sat at the table and tien. Sherman made them an

address.

The chairman of the executive committee of this Association is Charles of the C. P. Kimball Carriage Works of Chicago He has a reputation for executive ability. Il graduated from Bow-Immbia Law School in 1876, and the the Kumbali family has been so not ization of authors, artists and scholars. ed as that of carriage building. The first Richard was a wheelwright and so were handreds of his descendants. There has been no time since his immigration to this country in 1634 that numerous members of the should be Cyrus Carter. At the age of family have not been engaged in this "ten" should be "two" Roy Miner business. It is now one of the most was born in 1877 not 1887. important industries of the country, and it is some satisfaction to the family to know that one of its members ability as a business manager.

The late telegraph despatches announce the death of Alexander Crumdriven from a school in New Hampshire page 44, of March number, from James Burns Wallace gives further partienlars. Three years after he was compelled to flee from Noyes' Academy. desiring to enter the ministry of the second meeting was held a year later Protestant Episcopal Church, he applied in 1835 to be admitted to the General Theological Seminary. This caused bitter opposition in church eircles, and the application was refused.

The Washington dispatches give the following sketch of his life in later

"Rev. Dr. Crummell, who lies dead Frederick Kimball (Fam. Hist. p. 1042) in this city, was one of the best known clergymen in the l'mited States. He was at one time pastor of St. Lukes Episcopal Church, Washington: presidoin College in the year of 1874, with dent of the Colored Ministers Union. the degree of A. B., and from the Co- and the founder and president of the Negro Academy. In 1840 Dr. Crummel! next year went into business with his went to England, where he entered father, Charles Porter Kimball, (See p. Queen's College, Cambridge, from 825.) The latter had established a which he graduated in 1853. Owing to Carriage Factory at Bridgion. Maine, his delicate health he entered in misnearly fifty years ago, which he after- sionary service, and for twenty years wards moved to Portland, then to Bost he was in Liberia, during which time ton, and then latter to Chicago. It he acted as principal of the Alexandria was tharles P. who was at one time Simons and president of the Liberia democratic candidate for governor of College. In 1873 he returned to the Maine, and whose father Peter, who United States and founded St. Lukes was a republican, when asked if he Church, Washington, of which he conwould vote for him, replied. "No soon tinued rector until 1885. Since his reer than I would for any other rebel." tirement he engaged in literary work. (page 516.) Charles Frederick, while in and contributed to various religious every way qualified to succeed in poli- journals. His published works are ties, is unlike his father in this respect. "Future of Africa.", "The Greatness prefering to give his attention to of Christ" and "Africa and America. business and other congenial pursuits. In 1897 he organized in New York, the Perhaps there is no business for which, American Negro Academy, an organ-

Corrections.

July News, page 124, Cyrus Curtis

Mr. E. S. Kimball of Chicago was one does credit to the Association of Car- among others who interested themriage Builders, not only by his skill, selves in the weltare of the retaining in the art, but by his scholarship and soldiers so as to merit the comminitation of the daily press.



BRITISH PROPER NAMES

Some of the Peculiarities of Pronunciation.

From the Chicago News.

It cannot be too strongly insisted that no one knows how to pronounce a British proper name unless he has been ! accustomed to hearing it properly pronounced by an Englishman, or unless he has looked it up recently in a pronouncing biographical diction-Many of the names common to England and the United States serve only to increase the confusion, for the Americans, with rare exceptions, permit the spelling to govern the sound. as is only too usual with us; while the Britons seem to regard the letters of of which any name is composed as something to be avoided in so far as they have any orthoppical meaning. In other instances, the Americans accomplish the same thing by making the spelling conform to the speech-Secretary Windom, for example, had for his own name Wyndham; while Vice President llobart's name is llubbard in the old country. The publication recently of a long table of 'peculiarly pronounced proper names" in "Who's Who, 1898," revises interest in this study of British eccentricity, though the list is full of inaccuracies which mark too hasty an acquisition of the knowledge it purports to impart. Gladstone, it is rather generally known has the name pronounced as if the last syllable were spelled "stun" rather than "stone," and this is true of Blackstone, Buckstone, and many more with the same ending, the two given being spelled Blaxton and Buxton. Generally speaking also, names ending in "oke" are to be pronounced as if spelled "Cook"-Broke and Brooke, Coke and "ook, Roke and Rook, being justances of variant means of conveying the same sounds Pore, Poor, More, Moore are of the same kind.

The endings of "vs" and "is" generally have the simple sound of "s" or "z" -as if the vowel were not there at all. Charteris. Chartres and Charters are are the same name; so are Knollys and Knowles, Sandys and Sands, Wemys Weems, Pepys and Pipps, sometimes heda (drawdah), Hawarden (harden). peeps and peps, while "es" shows a McGillienddy (macheuddy), and Waldevariation between Innes and Innis, dis- grave (wolgrave). This is confessedly schable, and Sondes and Robartes where incomplete, but it will serve to indithe "e" is silent. "Er" is almost invary cate to the unwary the nature of the iably to be sounded as if ar. Berkley, difficulties attaching to a small branch barkly; Derby, darby; Ker, Kerr. car; of the "Queen's English."

Hervey, harvey, Hertford, harford; Jervis, jarvis; Clerke, clarke; Merchaunt, marchant, are a few instances of what may be laid down as a rule with rare exceptions.

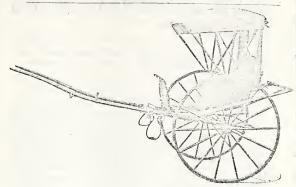
"Wode" is 'wood' in Chetwoode and Wodehouse and 'fote' is 'foot' in Panncefote. 'Burgh' is 'buro' in Jedburgh. Edinburgh. Yerburg (yar) and Scotch names generally; but the Scotch 'z' presents more difficulties, being 'y' as a rule. Dalzel is deeul; Menzies, meenyes, and there are one or two more which bear testimony to the practical identity of the black letter 'z' and 'v.'

A whole series of names ending with a double letter which are accented on the last syllable in America are given the first on the stress abroad. Among these may be mentioned Barnett. Burnett, Burdett, Buzzell, Frizell, Meynell (mennell), Parnell and many more. This American accentuation has grown up within the memory of living men. Forty years ago .he English and American pronunciations were not at variance.

The British accent these trisvllabic names on the middle syllable. Anchonry (aconry). Arbuthnot (arbuthnut), Athenry' Bolitho (bo-ly-tho, with the 'th' as in then.') Breadalbane (bredawlbin). Cadogan (caduggan), Carinichael, Carnegie. Clanrickarde. Dumaresq (doomerrik). Fermanagh (fermanna). Montresor (montrezur), Rathdonell Tredegar (tredeegar), while these are accented on the first of their three sylables: Acheson, Baggallay (baggaly), Beaconsfield (baccanztield), Bellingham (bellinjum)-a complete exception. Boisragon (borragon), Bolingbroke (bolinbrook), Challoner, Devereux(either deveroo or deveroox). Du Buisson (dewbisson). Dynevoi (dinnevor), Feyersham (favershum), Leveson-Gower (loosun-gore), Mainwaring (mannering), Majendie, Molyneux (molinoox), Pennocuick, Saumerez (summery), Thesiger (thessijer) and Westenra (westernrar)

Occasionally entire syllables are dropped out-and there is no rule what ever for this -as in Abergavenny (abergenny). Bicester (bister). Cholmondeley or Cholmeley (chumley), Claverhouse (clayverse), Colquhoun (cohoon), Drog-





A PRESIDENT'S CARRIAGE.

In our last number reference was made to that "One Horse Shav," used by President Frank Pierce. In 1852 Charles Porter Kimball of Norway. Maine, was not an extensive Carriage Builder, but his work had commended itself to the then Democratic candidate for President, and he was commissioned to build him a "chaise." It was used by Mr. Pierce while occupying the executive chair in Washington during the four following years.

This Chaise is still preserved in the warerooms of the C. P. Kimball Carriage Company, of Chicago, who kindly loan us the above illustration of the same.

Twenty years after this Chaise was made. Charles Porter Kimball was democratic candidate for governor of Maine, and of course was defeated. His son. Charles Frederick Kimball, is now the head of the Company which was established in Chicago in 1877.

Edward Pickett Kimball (p. 874, No. | Capt. F. M. Kimball of Topeka, is an 1921) of Waterloo, Iowa, has been visit enthusiastic Ralstonite About his ing his son Albert-Edward (p. 1055 heart it lies next to the G. A. R. and Fam Hist.) not Edwin as given on page the Kimball Family. 139 of News, who is in treasurer's office. Miss Mary E. Kimball, M. D., a gradu-

of Oregon Short Line R. R. at Salt Lake City. He writes that he has met ate of 'he Woman's Medical College. a good many Kimballs there, especial. Phi.adelphia, has a good practice at ly Solomon F. and Jonathan G., sons Brookville, Pa. (Not in Hist, See July of Heber Coase Kimball, with whom News, p. 126.) he was greatly p'eased

On page 306, raminy firstory, vestigation of the property of the fifth offices exceptional a transfers for thorough the fill of Benjamin, a revolutionary units mission in the first of the property of the pr On page 306, Family History, George

KIMBALL'S BUSINESS TRAINING SCHOOL



The Kimball Family News

Topeka, Kansas, November, 1898.

Vol. 1. No. 11.

Terms 50 cents a year.

The Kimball Jamily News.

AN HISTORIC GENEALOGICAL PAPER. Published Monthly.

835 North Kansas Avenue.

TOPEKA. KANSAS.

The News is published in behalf of the Kimbali clan, and its kindred, and incidentally in behalf of all family brotherhood

The of ject is not simply to gather genealogical but to restore, record and preserve the tamlly history, biography and traditions, and to cultivate a spirit of emulation among families that will lead to a higher patriotism and a better

Family advertisements will be inserted on last page, and miscellaneous advertisements of an unobjectionable character on the cover pages, at 50 cents an inch each insertion, or \$5.00 a year.
Address all business and miscellaneous com-

number tions to the publisher, G. F. Kimball, Topeka, Kansas. Subscription Price, 50 cents a year in advance, Do not send personal checks unless cost of ex-

change is added. Address all queries, and purely genealogical matters to Prof. s. P. Sharples, 13 Broad Street, Boston, Mass, who has volunteered to conduct this department for the year. In asking infor-mation of him return postage should be included

Entered for Transmission as Second Class Matter.

Miss Kimball's School.

We have at hand the elegant pamphlet setting forth the purposes of Miss Ellen A. Kimball's flome and Day School for girls at Worcester, Mass. It is a delicate specimen of letter press and illustrated art work. The School itself is one of established reputation with aims and purposes of the highest order.

Old Inswich.

We are probably indebted to Augustine Caldwell, publisher of "Old Eliot" for a copy of "Old Ipswich and School Day Memories", the same being a series of interesting sketches of OldIpswich town. It is intensely interesting and we shall in future make some use of it. A good deal of Old Ipswich belougs to the Kimballs.



ROLLIN HIBBARD KIMBALL.

Born February 5, 1826, at Hartland Township, Niagra County, New York.

[Page 155, Kimball Family News.]

My father's farm residence was situated immediately on that famous thoroughfare known as the Ridge Road. . leading from Rochester to Lewiston on the Niagara River, a beautiful natural ridge supposed to have been once the shore of Lake Ontario, ten miles distant from our locality, which was forty-eight miles from Rochester and twelve miles from Lockport, the county seat. Here the subject of this sketch was born.

Well do I recollect the fourth of July ride when very young, with father and my two oldest sisters to the labe shore: also the buggy rides to Rochester and more frequently to Lockport.

Two four horse stage coaches passed each way daily. These and Eric canal. three miles distant, constituted the



thoroughfares for travel. There were no railroads then.

Have often heard my mother say she saw the carriage go by our door said to contain John Morgan of Masonic fame, They had stopped a few miles east for breakfast and a relay of horses, and resumed the journey westward in a close carriage.

In the fall of 1835 the family emigrated west to Upper Alton, Madison County, Illinois, purchased a house and lot in town and a farm in the connerv. living most of the time in town, and during which time another widely known tragedy occurred at Alton. (The two towns were two miles apart then.) Viz: the shooting of Lovejoy at the hands of a mob, after having himself of the Company, without knowing anyfirst fired on them, killing an innocent thing of it until after the fact, and was man, a looker ou, who had just arrived promoted to 1st Lieutenant under like in the place that evening. The last circumstances. few years of our family home life was months and ten days service in war. at the farm, and I look back with pleasure to those happy days when I first service on various staffs, from Colonel's worked on the farm, and I might add for the last time on a farm.

The death of my mother, August 13, 1843, and the marriage of the oldest daughter later, broke up the family. The following May, the writer then about eighteen years old, returned to western New York and supported himself, attending school during the wingratify the wish of years to travel in the south, in which he engaged for about five years in a business way, and liked it. Southern skies had proved congenial. The idols of his more youthful years had not been broken.

In 1852 he married Miss Mary Woodbery, daughter of General William Woodbery and Miss Sarah (Johnston) Woodbery of Britton's Neck, Marion County, South Carolina, settled in South Carolina and engaged in business, farming, lumbering and merchan lising and became wholiv identified with the south, and remains so.

When the Civil War of the States eame on he entered the Confederate States Army, (volunteer service) as a private in Company E. "Mingo Rifles," 10th South Carolina Regiment of Infanttry on July 19, 1861, and was at once placed on the non commissioned staff as commissary sergeant, and issued the first, and as it turned out the last ration the regiment ever drew, after being paroled with the command at Greensboro, North Carolina, May 1. 1865. Ere a twelve month had waned in service, offers of a commission, and promotions were plentiful, all of which were declined for reasons peculiar to myself. Later was elected 2nd Lieutenant, Company D, by mnammous vote Here were forty-five Much of the time he was on detached to Major General's staff, and be it spoken for the credit of the name in general was invariably complimented for efficiency and ability in each, and has proof in writing of the fact in one important case from the General commanding the division.

Was not aware of meeting any Kimball during the war. I see by the Famters. Then came the opportunity to ily History that Gen. Nathan Kimball "was in command of a Brigade in Howatd's Corps and engaged at the battle of New Hope Church, Georgia, I recollect it well. Howard's Corps was cut to pieces late one evening near there. So it was said in our lines, and northern papers later confirmed it. Writer looked over the bivouac of the dead the next morning. Two countenances attracted my attention. The are indellibly fixed in memory. Why (??) I cannot account for it, can any one? Both were young men and dissimilar. sure I could never have known them in life. Was at Franklin Pike, near Nash-



ville, Tennessee, too. Part of our com- vention as treasonable and unhallowed mand was sent around there as rein- in the sight of Heaven, and unworthy forcement in some unimportant action the action of this convention." Anaand met the colored troops in front of themas were hurled at him, commothe fire of the whites; who would yell tion ensued; the galleries cat-called, to us, "surrender, white man, surren- whistled and shouted. A motion to adder, and go to the rear." Was at all journ sine die was moved and carried. those actions he mentions while in the and the Cotton States Convention was army of the Cumberland, including At- over, but not done with by many. Witlanta, Georgia, then to Nashville, Ten. ness the war eventually as an out-come. nessee, and into North Carolina, where Our regiment (10th S.C.) served mostly we were once more under ourold commander, General Johnston, much to our joy, but soon to be paroled, as already stated, at Greenshoro, N. C. Was pres ent on duty in every general engagement of our regiment, except the battle of Chickamanga, sickness prevented. Spent a total of eight days only in a hospital, at Rome, Georgia, during which Strait's Raid, consist ing of 1,800 mounted infantry, were here captured on Sunday by General Forest with 700 cavalry force. Writer sat in the upper hotel piazza and heard him tell of the achievements late in the evening. Here on this occasion was enacted enough of war, farce, comedy, and tragedy (for a small affair) to fill a good sized book, some of it visible from our officer's hospital two of whom participated in the tragedy.

Away before the war we were present in that Nashville, Tennessee, Convention, when it broke up so suddenly, known as the Cotton States Convention. Was on my way home to Illinois, and having to transact some bank business necessarily missed the morning stage and had a day to lay over and went into the gallery among the spectators and saw the finish to a sine die.

Hon. A. J. Donaldson, delegate from Tennessee arose and asked the privilege of the floor, was asked his object and evidently divining a failure. He arose to state his object and condensing his speech into his reasons as follows. caid: "I wish the floor for the purpose of denouncing the action of this con-

in the western army under Beauregard. Bragg, Johnston and Hood.

If the war had rnined me financially, it had furnished one element of success, friends, who when they prospered again, remembered me in my day of adversity. I had endured the test however a severe one, voluntarily, selling all I possessed and applying proceeds to pay debts, and with my little family went out desolate of a hearthstone. The barest necessities for living being retained, character for business qualifications was about all the stock in trade left us. We were then poor indeed. Friends and business came, debts were finally all settled satisfactorily. and with a clear conscience business prospered as never before. Albeit the reconstruction days weighed upon us like and incubus. They had to be enduted, and were, and afterwards politics. Then in 1882 was elected to the Legislature of South Carolina, Here will insert a clipping from the County Record, a paper published at the county seat, and edited by that veteran and able journalist; then so well and favorably known throughout the State:

.. We received a few days ago a private letter from a former citizen of this county whom the people honored with a seat in the Legislature, and who was in every way worthy of their trust and confidence. The tragic death of his



noble son, and the death of his widow to the average in point of fertility to shortly after will readily recur to our readers. We take the liberty of publishing the following extract from the letter which will show the citizens of the county in what high esteem they are held and remembered by him.

"We are all in good health and pleased with our new home in Georgia. and have met with no disappointments in the move. Our regrets and our sorrows, however, will be life long, even in our exile, from the surroundings of the harrowing scenes of the past years from which we have now fled. Your good paper comes to us regularly, a messeuger from the midst of the friends and relations of our old home near the vicinity where are laid the scenes of our early manhood's sweetest joys, and trials and struggles in life: triumphs and honors: and life's greatest. bitterest bereavement. But through all of which the tear of sympathy and the hand of friend-hip were ever tendered and extended in our behalf; where our loved ones are born and some of them sepulchered. We are bound to the people of Williamsburg County. and our relatives, friends and neighbors, by ties that only death will sever and we can never cease to remember them, and feel a deep interest in all that concerns their welfare.

The blow was erushing. Our fears were that it might prove mortal in the mother's case, whose health had been cause for much anxiety for some years past, and a complete change of location and seenery was thought desirable The fire orphaned children were with us, a heritage of love and affection, and our life work benceforth bound up in, and to be devoted to their interests and welfare. Hence the move to Seorgia was decided on that we might all be near our oldest, and now only son We engaged with him in his business the canteen system in connection with until last January we moved to the United States Army, and protests to the farm on which we now reside against its continuance in any form. and which we purchased soon after coming to the state in 1886.

Here we are living in rural simplicitract of land finely located and equal or write for information, specim in lessons etc.

any in the county, Our chief concern in this matter has been to leave a comfortable home, for these our orphaned grandchildren, and have a competency for an ordinary living should no untoward event intervene. Have been vouchsafed three score years and ten of life plus two, of which the foregoing is the merest sketch of the actualities and realities of it. We live in peace and unity with our neighbors, and adding to the list of our friends as time passes. We moved to our place here in January last. Since then the name of the station has been, by the railroad authorities. changed to that name that honors our illustrious family.

The land records will show my name in every county where I have resided since attaining my majority, and the courts no litigation on my part in which I am a party in interest.

Resting content with the patriarchal pride of the families here in Georgia, (so far as known to me). I have no apologies to offer for my general course in life, either morally, in war, or polities. to any man, or set of men. Bending the knee, oaly to the God who made me, hoping for salvation through Jesus Christ our Lord and Savior.

R. H. KIMBALL. October 10, 1898. Garfield, Georgia. Emanuel Co.

Elias S. Kimball, chaplain of the 2nd regiment Volunteer Engineers at Montauk Point, L. I., sends to the New York Voice a very strong letter against

KIMBALL'S BUSINESS TRAINING SCHOOL. IL. ADAMS STREET, CHICAGO,

ty on the line of the Milleu and South-quick, and inexpessive training in Shorthand 41, ewarf of, Bockkeeping within the Koulish and Koulish and Country by and the Country by and the



MEMIOR OF CHESTER KIMBALL

!Furnished by request by his daughter. Lydia Finster, to the St. Clair County Pioneer Society, of which he was a member. (Page 259, viii Chester Kimball,)

Chester Kimball, named after his grandfather (this is an error, his grandfather's name being Asa Kimball) was the youngest of eight children, three girls and five boys, and was born at New Berlin, Chenango Co., New York on the tenth day of July, eighteen hundred and eight (July 10, 1808) making num at the time of his death eighty years and a little over eight months. His ancestors were a seafaring race on his father's side they being descendants of Richard and Henry Kimballwho, in sixteen hundred, emigrated from Ipswich. England, and settled in Ipswich, Mass. His grandfather Kimball served as an officer all through the Revolutionary war, receiving a wound in the hand. His mother, Lucy Satterlee, was a direct descendant of on a piratical vessel. the wealthy Cheesboros of Boston, ancestor, Sir James Cheesboro, came from England in his own vessel, bringwith him and settled in Boston, Her mother. Miss (as she was twice married, Mrs. Dennison the second time) Lydia Avery, inherited several slaves, Hisgrandfather Saterlee was with Gen Washington at Valley Forge in seventeen hundred and seventy-seven (1777) and with two soldier comrades received a brief furlough to visit their families. They cut across the country to the adjoining towns of New London and Groton (in Connecticut). While on their way home they stooped at a house to get a drink of water, but did not enter: the man who brought it out to them | side him (through the breast), and the said a man was just dying with the smallpox in the house, and they noticed the stench of his clothes, but forgot it entirely in their anticipations of nome. All three died in a few days after reach-

then but seven years old, distinctly remembered her father kissing them all and telling her mother how sizk he was, and her mother and their favorite siave, old Guffey, putting him to bed and doctoring him. That was all she saw of her father. The doctor pronouncing it smallpox, the children were all sent away as soon as morning came.

His brother, Gurdon was born in eighteen hundred (1800) and was named after an uncle, Capt. Gurdon Kimball who commanded a ship and was drowned while returning to his own vessel at night, after visiting a brother officer. This happened in a foreign port. (Aun't Betsey thought Liverpool.) (Seé No. 446, Gurdon Kimball.) Our uncle Gurdon was commander of a ship which plied for many years between New, York, New Orleans, and Liverpool; while sa:ling before this, as first mate on some vessel in South American waters, he had a thrilling experience

Nore: - Miss Marie Antoinette Kimbalt, a niece of Capt, Gurdon Kimball, above mentioned, says that he received word to guide into port a vessel ing his family and household goods whose officers were ill with the yellow fever; that he went to the vessel, but found that, instead of this, the erew had mutinied and the officers were in their power: that he took the vessel into port and gave up the crew as mutineers, they were tried and found guilty and were fastened together with chains and left out in the sun to die, according to the laws of the country.]

Father's brother George, born in eighteen hundred and three, was six and one half feet tall in his stocking feet. Their father (No. 445 Chester Kimball) was six feet four irches. George wandered all over the west. A squaw once shot his comrade dead bearrow was six inches out between his shoulders. He had many adventures. the Indians once setting tire to the prairie behind them, because they had traced and reclaimed their stolen horses ing their homes. My father's mother, but the Arkansas River saved them.



Charles to New Orleans to get some these occasions in Indian chief costume tidings, and Charles stayed all winter, and had with him, as interpreter, old They were both at a fire where some James Conner, and generally about ten drug store burned, and a man took up a keg, he supposed was spirits; it was sulphuric acid, or ether, and the man burst open, dead, after taking a drink. The brothers both witnessed this, but did not find each other till at home at Aurora. New York. George was with Davy Crockett's band in eighteen hundred and thirty-six (1836). They were under Col. Travis' command at San Autonio De Beyar (as they then called it), and with one hundred and eighty-four others were massacred by the Mexicans under Santa Ana. This is now called the massacre of the Alamo. His name is on the column erected to their memory - A short time before this he married a Spanish widow of considerable property, and she had twin Kimball boys after his death, but his brother could never verify this or find the lady. The last intelligence his mother had was a few hurried lines when they were expecting an attack, that all they had been living on was raw beefsteak.

Charles and Chester came to Michigan in eighteen hundred and thirty (1830), intending to go on to Green Bay, but were frozen in from November till April, so stayed here. My aunt Harriet Comstock says father trapped several hundred musk rats for their skins. in the marsh just above my mother's home, which was two miles above Marine City, the first winter they were acquainted with him. He married Miss Nancy Westbrook, daughter of Andrew Westbrook, of whom the St. Clair Co. History gives a short account on page two hundred and seventy-nine (279). Mr. Westbrook was a man of prominence and wealth, with whom General Cass always visited, when coming up the St. Clair River on guberna-

Once his mother sent his brother torial business. Gen. Cass dressed on Frenchmen to paddle their birch canoe. James Conner spoke fluently seven languages.

> Chester Kimball was the father of five daughters, of whom the third and fifth survive him. In his vonpger days he was a noted athlete, the Indians coming from far and near to try their skill, but he was never thrown. His daughter still possesses the old turnkeys with which he used to pull teeth for numerous friends and Indians alike. but never asked or received a fee. There were then no dentists there for miles around in this part of St. Clair Co. I have seen the suffering rel men and their squaws with large tears rolling down their dusky cheeks, and none of their vaunted stoicism visible, and good natured father would leave any occupation he was engaged in to attend them. He held many public offices always performing his duties conscientionsly and holding the respect and confidence of all who knew him. The first meeting of Ira Township on March eleventh, eighteen hundred and thirty seven (March 11, 1837) convened at his house. In eight en hundred and forty one or two, northwest of his farm in Ira, between there and Swan Creek, an Indian concealed in the tail prairie grass shot and instantly killed a white man named Pelete. The Indian had mistaken him for some white man who had injured him. Chester Kimball caught and guarded the murderer and delivered him up to justice. My sister remembers father lying with his arm bound to the Indian's arm before the fireplace in the main room at night. His first writing lessons (in New Jerusalem, N. Y.) were copied on strips of burchen bank that the oubils were sent out daily to collect. When Charles



and himself first lived in Ira, if any members of their family were sick they had to follow the prairie out to Point Du Chien (that was due south) then by a limb. On that limb they saw a skirt the river as far up as St. Clair, to reach a physician, about twenty three miles away. Father was of an unusual peaceable, amiable disposition, and would quietly submit to many encroachments on his rights, in his abhorence of family jars. He died at his home, the Kimball House, Algonac, on the seventeenth of March, eighteen hundred and ninety seven. (March 17, 1897), and his funeral services were eonducted by the Rev. E.H. Carl, of the Episcopal Church of which he had of Port Huron and Algonac, Michigan, been a devoted and consistent member for twenty-five years, and was buried by the side of his wife in the Algonae Cemetery. He leaves one surviving sister. Mrs. Betsey Jackson. of Algonac. whose age is ninety-two, and who also furnished a part of these recollections. I am not quite sure grandfather's

name was Chester, and aunt Betsey could not recall what kind of an officer great grandfather was, but thought it was captain or major. In Nathaniel Hawthorne's preface to the "Scarlet Letter" he speaks of the Kimballs, old sea captains, and that's what made grandmother keep moving grandfather away from the sea coast, for fear he He, as well as fathwould sail again. er, always had their own blacksmith shop to mend their tools, and how many times he has told us of supporting his mother father and aunt Betty. for three years, by just chopping wood: and one winter they were so poor he was barefooted all winter, and when he went into town to buy things he wore his mother's shoes.

I also subjoin this true snake story, corroborated by aunt Betsey and father. While living at New Jerusalem. N. Y., shortly after Aunt Bettie's marriage, she was home to dinner and was taking Charles and Chester home to supper with her. They made a short cut across the meadow, in which stood a solitary oak tree over one hundred voted father,

feet in height, at the foot of which the boys had noticed snake skins when playing there in the summer. Up on the oak was a big rotten knot hole close large blacksnake sunning itself, fully sixty feet from the ground. The tree was sound and three feet through below. Charles went home and brought their guns and they killed the mother, who was eight feet long, and the two young ones were six feet long. They supposed a hawk took the old one

(The forgoing memoir appears among the records of the Michigan State Historical Society, it not having been turned over to the St. Clair Pioneers' Society.)

Mrs. Lydia Avery (Kimball) Finster. the writer of the foregoing sketch, is a daughter of Chester and Nancy (Westbrook) Kimball, and granddaugther of Chester and Lucy (Saterlee) Kimball; great-granddaughter of Asa and E-ther Meech (Meech) Kimball, of Preston, Conn.; great-great-granddaughter of Jacob and Mary (Parke) Kimball of Preston. Conn.: great-great-great-granddaughter of John and Sarah (Goodhue) Kimball of Waterton, Mass., and Stonington and Preston, Conn.; great-greatgreat-great-granddaughter of John and Mary (Bradstreet) Kimball, and greatgreat-great-great-great-granddaughter of Richard and Ursula (Scott) Kimball, the emigrants.

(The News is indebted to Miss Sarah Louise Kimball for the above.)

IN MEMORIAM.

EUGENE B. KIMBALL.

He was a member of the 1st Illinois regiment when the late war broke out and went with it to Cuba. At Santiago he was taken sick but was able to start home with his regiment. On the boat he suffered a relapse and at the landing he was given in charge of his father Eugene S. Kimball, and when his regiment reached Chicago insisted upon marching with it. This was doubtless an unwise act, as from that time he failed stendily until the evening of Oct. 17, 1598, when he expired in the arms of his father at the family home, 4706 Woodlawn Avenue. He was only nineteen years old, had been a gallant soldier, was a young man of promise, the pride and hope of a de-





RICHARD SHEPARD KIMBALL. TAKEN WHEN 8^{1}_{2} Months old.

Richard Shepard¹⁰ (Carl Willis* Frederick M.* Frederick W.* John⁶ John⁵ Benjamin¹ Richard³ Benjamin² Richard³ Benjamin² Richard³) was born in Willisboro, N.Y., Dec. 10, 1897. The portraits of his immediate ancestors are to, be found in the Kimball History group of five generations opposite page 139. Young Richard has yet to make his——. See also pages 31 and 74, Kimball Næws.

Hillon Hall.

Mrs Helen V.K. Tilton of Salt Lake, sends us a copy of her work, with the above title which she assures us is a true story, the names only being disquised. We may again refer to it in a fature number. There is material enough in if for a sensational romance. In the October News we gave place to a letter from her, in-which she seems to cling to the old theory in regard to the Kimball descent from the Cumpbell claim. Mr. Cummings and Mr. Sharples would seem to have chared up this matter next well.

MARRIED.

At Morenci, Mich., on Thursday, Oct. 20, 1998, at the home of the bride's parents Mr. and Mrs Charles Crosby Wake field, Miss Abigail G. Wakefield and William M.Hamilton of Galesburg, Ill.

The wedding was a local event of much interest. The bride is a young lady of culture and taste. The young people became attached while attending college at Adrian. [See Fam. Hist. p. 1006.]

Daniel Starkweather Kimball, M. D

Daniel Starkweather Kimball (No. 43 Elisha6 John John John John John Richard of Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., was born in Charleston. Montgomery Co., N. Y., January 7, 1806. His ancestors. Henry and Richard Kimbali, came from Ipswich, England, in the ship Elizabeth in 1634, and settled in Ipswich, Mass. He is the youngest of five children born to Elisha and Mary Godfrey Kimball, His father, Elisha, originally belonged to Stenginton, Conn., and was drafted, furnished a substitute, and then served as a minu'e man in the Revolution. In the eighteenth century, John Kimball, grandfather of this sketch, married into the Palmer family of Preston City, near Stopington. Both families always occupied a high position, and in earlier days some of its members were ealied to representative posts. On his mother's side he is also a descendant of John Whipple. an early elder and representative of lpswich. Mass., and Deacon Joseph Goodhne, and, more recently, of the remarkable Jemima Wilkinson, founder of the Wilkinson sect. Doctor Kimball was educated mainly in Auburn. Cayuga Co., N. Y. in the Theological Seminary.

[The foregoing was copied by Lydia Avery (Kimball) Finster from a book of Homeopathic Doctors, and the addition of Dr. Kimball's paternal ameestaback to Richard Kemball, the emigrant has been taken from page 256. Kimball History.]



Notes Supplementary to the Data of the "Kimball Family History."

[Edited by Prof. Shurples.]

Page 139-Noah Kimbails (Josephs Joseph4 Joseph3 John2 Richard1) b .--d. July 21, 1841. Noah went with his brothers to northwestern Massachusetts. Noah and Isaac seem to have gone to Pownal, Vermont, in the laster part of the last century. Noah changed the spelling of his name to Kimbell, or what is more likely the town clerk did it for him. The name appears with both spellings on the town books in Pownal. His descendants have used the spelling Kimbell. There is no record of his children on the town books. He is said to have served in the American Army at battle of Bennington.

CHILDREN.

i Martin 7 ii Abel.

> Martin Kimball⁷ (Noah⁶ Joseph⁵ Joseph Joseph John Richard b. ---; d .-- m. Luceny. Resided in Pownal, Vermont.

CHILDREN.

- i Noahs, b. Oct. 10, 1825; d. July 12-
- ii Mariam', b. Mar. 31, 1827. Died young.
- ili Amy H.S. b. August 9, 1828.
- iv Mariam' b, Oct. 22, 1430; m. May 28, 1849, James B. Jepson.
- v Almira* b. Oct. 13, 1832.
- vi Azuba*, b. Oet. 1835.
- vii Isabellas, b. Oct. 23, 1836.
- viii Rebecca Angelett⁵ b. Feb. 8, 1838. ix Lucindas, b. July 31, 1840.
- Page 139-Isaac Kimball⁶ (Joseph⁵ Jos
 - eph4 Joseph" John2 Richard!) b Scituate, R. I.; m. Freelove Salisbury. lle went to Pownal. Vermont, preous to 1800.

CHILDREN.

- i Joseph7, b. June 14, 1798. ii Abner⁷, b. April 7, 1802; d. Nov. 15.
- 1802.
- iii Marrietta, b. May 29, 1804.

- iv Mary7, b. Nov. 15, 1806; d. June 21, 1807.
- v Isaac b. Oct. 27, 1808.
- vi Sally7, b. Sept. 13, 1801.
- vii Fanny7, b. Dec. 27, 1813.

Joseph Kimballi (Isaaca Joseph Joseph Joseph John Richard b. June 14, 1798; m. Sally Barber, Resided in Pownal, Vermont.

CHILDREN.

- i Benjamins, b. June 14, 1821.
- ii Sibbil8, b July 5, 1824. iii Daniel* b. Nov 28, 1826.
- iv Davids, b. Nov. 10, 1828; m. Dec. 28,
- 1854, Ann Adelaide Jepson. v Joseph*, b. Oet. 10, 1831.

Benjamin Kimball8 Joseph Isaac6 Joseph Joseph Joseph John Richard1) b. Pownal, Vermont, June 14. 1821; m. Henette Myers. Resided Pownal, Vermont. CHILDREN.

i Ellen Augusta⁹, b. May 5, 1844.

ii Noah, b. June 18, 1848.

Abel Kimbell7 (Noah6 Joseph5 Joseph4 Joseph3 John2 Richard1)b. Pownal, Vt., 1791; d. Saratoga, New York, June 14, 1833; married June 1, 1811, Maria Powell, b. Oct.2, 1792; d. July 22, 1830. Daughter of Frost Powell. He served in the war of 1812.

- i Martin Nelson', b. Jan. 4, 1812: d. . Feb. 13, 1895.
- ii Catherine⁸ b. Mar. 23, 1813; m. Enos Crowell.
- iii Lavinia⁸, b. Mar. 19, 1815; d. Feb. 2. 1893, Franklin, New York; m. Dayid Bill.
- iv Annas, b. July 29, 1818; d. Jan. 23. 1898, Stark, Minn.; m. Lorenzo Sloeum. She had a son Martin Sloeum who was killed in the war of the rebellion.
- v Lucinda', b. Dec. 23, 1820; d Chicago, Aug. 8, 1896; m. William Buffington. Herson William was killed at the battle of Lookout Mountain. and her son David died in the hospita...



- vi Alexanders, b. Feb. 13, 1922; d. Feb. 15, 1822.
- vii Powell Noah⁸, b June 9, 1814. Maquokita, Iowa: d. Dec. 31, 1881; m. Jan. 28, 1847, Harriet Applebee; m. 2nd Sarah Elner Lawrence.
- viii Mariah P.* b. Aug. 3, 1826; d. Jen-eau. Co., Wisconsin. May 2, 1889; m. John Riley. Herson John Riley served in the war of 1861.
- 1x Salisbury Abel⁸, b. June 15, 1828; d. Sabula, Iowa, May 17, 1887; m. Lucella M. Peck. He served in the war of 1861.

Martin Nelson Kimbell* (Abel¹ Noah'Joseph¹Joseph¹Joseph¹Joseph¹John² Richard¹) b. Jau 24, 1812; d. Chicago, Feb. 13, 1805; m. Aug. 31, 1837. Sarah Ann Smalley, daughter of Nehemiah and Saily (Catalin) Smalley, b. April 8, 1816; d. Nov. 24, 1896. For his history see Kimball Family NEWS for May, 1898.

CHILDREN.

- i Charles Bill⁹, b. Dec. 6, 1858; m. Oct. 10, 1863, Almira H. Bartholomew. He served in the war of 1861. He resides in Hinsdale, Iowa.
- Julius Wadsworth⁹, b. Feb. 6, 1840;
 d. July 16, 1897;
 m. March 14, 1889.
 Elizabeth A. Cummings.
- lii Spencer Smalley⁹, b. Oct. 8, 1842; m. Sept. 2, 1865, Bell F. Millard.
- Iv Ann Maria*, b. Feb. 19, 1844; d. May 3, 1886; m June 13, 1896. Jacob Stryker.
 Sons Mark Kimbel Stryker and
 Ralph Spencer Stryker enlisted in
 the navy in August, 1897, and are
 on the Baltimore, and were at Manila in the fight of May 1, 1898.
- v Sarah Angeline⁹, b. June 6, 1846; m. April 15, 1855, Edmund C. Smalley.
- vi Frank Alonzo⁹, b. April 25, 1848; m. June 18, 1869, Marion D. Woodward. He has served in the U. S. Army. vii Martin Nelson⁹, b. Nov. 8, 1854; m.
- Sept. 8, 1874. Annie Craigmills.
 viii Edward Chester³, b. Sept. 27, 1858;
 m. Oct. 22, 1881, Harriet E. Cook.

KIMBALLS OF MONMOUTH, MAINE.

Benjamin Kimball came to Monmouth, Maine, in 1790. We have no record of the name of his first wife. By her he had a son William Kimball who married Eunice. Ilis second wife was Elizabeth Glidden of Epping, N. H.

CHILDREN.

i Themas2 b. 1768.

- ii Polly² b. 1774; d. Aug. 14, 1845; m. John Judkins.
- iii Betsey², b. June 1, 1778; d Sept. 21, 1856; m Oct. 1789, Phineas Blake, Jr. iv Nancy Ann², b. July 15, 1781; d. Jan. 29, 1841; m. Pascal P. Blake.
- v Benjamin², b. May, 1783; d. Mar. 21, 1855.

Thomas Kimbali? (Benjamin) b. 1768; m. Nancy Norris, b. Epping. N. H., 1769; d. Monmouth, Maine, Dec. 9, 1833; m. 2nd, 1839, Nancy (Blake) Pres cott. He resided in Monmouth, Me. She was the daughter of Ahasel Blake and wide w of Joseph Prescott.

CHILDREN.

- i James, b. Jan., 1793; d. July 21, 1801.
 - ii Henry J.*, b July 1803; d. July 22, 1827.
- Betsey³, b. Feb., 1798; d. June 8.
 1872; m. John Blue, d. Sept. 10, 1849
 Nancy N.³, b. 1811; d. Dec. 13, 1835.

Benjamin Kimball² (Benjamin¹) b. May, 1781; d. Mar. 21, 1855; m. Saliy Prescott. b. 1785; d. Dec. 13, 1827; m. 2nd. Lydia Moody, b. Jan. 1796; d. Nov. 17, 1981. Dan. ot Rev. Gilman Moody.

- i Mariada^a, b. Aug. 19, 1804; d. Feb. 17, 1881.
- ii Eliza², b. July 17, 1806; d. Mar. 2, 1886; m. Daniel Boynton.
- iii Naney⁸, b. Mar. 6, 1800; d. Aug. 4, 1801; m. 1831, Charles H. Prescott, son of Captain Sewail Prescott.



- iv Thomas Glidden Kimball³, b. Sept. 3, 1811; d. Dec. 1879.
- v Stephen³, b. Sept. 3, 1813; d. July 19, 1818.
- vi Harrison, b. April 5, 1816; d. Mar. 22, 1847.
- vii Stephen Wesley³, b. July 16, 1820; d. Feb. 11, 1822.

Thomastilidea Kimball' (Benjamin² Benjamin') b. Sept. 3, 1811; d. Dec. 1879; m. July 3, 1812; Haunah R. Esty of Waterville, Maine. b. Sept. 19, 1821. He was a graduate of Bowdoin College in the class of 1838. Was a teacher and merchant. CHILDES.

- i Elah Estyi, b. July 11, 1843.
- ii Mary R.4, b. July 14, 1849; d. Feb. 28, 1872.
- iti Benjamin⁴ b. Jan. 7, 1858.
- iv Thomas Wesley⁴ b. Jan. 14, 1860. Was a student in Bowdoin in the class of 1882.

Benjamin Harrison Kimball, (Thomasi Benjamin' Benjamin') b. Jan. 7, 1878; m. Lucy Prescott of Monmouth, Me., daughter of Marcellus and Elizabeth (Cleveland) Prescott of Monmouth.

CHILDREN.

i Fred P.5 ii Bertha5.

DESCENDANTS OF ISAAC KIMBALL OF LON-DONDERRY, MASS.

Isaac Kimball¹, b. Bradford, Mass. sept. 5, 1789; d. June 24, 1841; m. April 23, 1843, Judith Webber, b. Oct 27, 1791; d. Oct. 26, 1878, Dan. of Abel Webber of Salem, N.H. and Polly (Clark, Webber of Dracut, Mass. He resided in Bradford, Mass., and Londonderry, N.H. He was of Rockingham, Vt. at time of marriage.

CHILDREN.

- j Elbridge², b. Bradford, Mass., May 5, 1814; d. Oct. 3, 1883.
- ii Adaline², b. Salem, N. H., Sept. 4, 1816; d. Dec. 21, 1850; m. Abraham

- Colby of Loudonderry, N. R.
- iii Isaac², b. Salem, N. H., April 13, 1821; d. Mar. 10; 1891.
- iv William², b, Salem, N. H., April 13, 1821; d. London lerry, Aug. 28, 1825. ▼ Abel W.2, b Londonderry, July 4, 1825.
- vi Judith Maria², b. Aug. 26, 1828; d. July 6, 1865.
- vii Mary Jane, b. Feb. 7, 1831; d.——; nu. Rufus Veasey of Meredith. N.H.

Elbridge Kimball*(Isaac*)b. Bradford, Mass., May 18, 1514; d.Worcester, Mass., Oct. 3. 158; m. Abigall Robie, b.Feb. 20, 1818; d.Feb. 5, 1879; m. 2nd, Jan. 1, 188i, Maria Brown Bellows. He was a carpenter and resided in Worcester, Mass.

CHILDREN.

- William³, b. Jan. 21, 1846; d. Aug. 3, 1849.
- ii Helen May³, b. Oct. 3, 1849; m. May 16, 1872, John Leach of Dunbarton, N. H.
- iii Charles E³, b Dec. 31, 1854; m. Mar. 6, 1886, Lillian Warren Swift, of Plymouth.
- iv Edwards, F. b. Mar. 31, 1859.

Isaac Kimball² (Isaac³) b. Salem, N. H., April 13, 1821; d. Londonderry, N. H. Mar. 10, 1861; m. Nov. 2, 1848, Sarah J. Clough, b. Bow N.H.; d. Bondonderry, Feb. 23, 1831; m. 2nd. Nov. 20, 1851, Rebecca J. Goodwin, b. Dec. 24, 1832; d. Mar 3, 1892; dau. of Joshua and Mary (Jones) Goodwin of London-derry, Ille resided in Lon ionderry, N. H.

- i Nahum Clough³, b. Feb. 23, 1851; m. Feb. 22, 1879. Carrie I. Seers. b. 1857; dau. of Elbridge and Lydia Sears of Plymouth. He was a showmaker and had one child. Fred Leroy⁴, b. June 17, 1884.
- ii George W.5, b. Feb. 17, 1853.
- iii Charles G.3, b. June 3, 1855.
 iv Daniel W.3, b. June 3, 1855.
- v Milton J.A. b. April 2, 1854.



vi Sarah J², b. Sept. 1, 1856; m. Dec. 3, 1859, Frank L. Robie, blacksmith of Derry Depot. N. II.

Abel W.Kimball, b.Londonderry, N. H., July 4 1825; m. 6et, 23, 1851. Harriet M. Jackham, b. 1832; d. Feb. 17, 1891; m. 2nd, July 7, 1871. Laura O. Lamprey, b. 1841. He is a painter and resided in Lowell, Mass, and Sanbornton, N. H.

CHILDREN.

i Addie Γ.", b. July 19, 1853.

William H.F. F. May 28, 1856.
 Nellie May', b. Oct. 7, 1859; m. Sept.
 18, 1858, Hezekiah Ellis of Somerville, Mass.

Edward F. Kimball⁵ (Elbridge² Isaacl) b. Lowell. Mass.. Mar. 31, 1850; m.Oct. 27, 1880. Helen M.Gleason, b. Groton, Mass. Resided Worcester, Mass.

CHILD.

i Frank Adelbertt, b. Jan. 21, 1885. George W.Kimball' (Isaae² Isaae³) b. Londonderry, N. H., Feb. 17, 1853; m. Feb. 17, 1877. Francis Young, He was a carpetter and resided in Londonderry.

CHILD. i George Forest Kimball⁴.

Milton Isaac Kimball^a (Isaac² Isaac³) b. Londonderry, N II., Apr. 2, 1854; m. Nov. 29, 1876, Madge R. Freeman.

CHILDREN.

i Mary Anni, b. July 13, 1878.
ii Herbert F.i. b. July 25, 1883.

iii Walter Scott4.

iv Frank O.4, b. Oct. 18, 1889.

Charles Granville Kimball* (Isaace Isaac) b. Londonderry, N.H., June 3, 1855; m. Cet., 1879. Emma Cloby, He is a shee laster and resides in Concord, N. H.

CHILDREN.

i Harry C.4

ii Howard E.4

iii Pessie!.

Daniel W. Kimball³(Isaac² Isaac³) b. Londonderry, N. H., June 3, 1855; m. Nov. 28, 1883, Sarah Brooks, b. Feb 17, 1863. He resides in Lawrence, Mass.

CHILDREN.

i Beatrice C.4, b. Sept. 1, 1886. ii Myron Willist, b. June 28, 1891.

DESCENDANTS OF SOLOMON KIMMALL OF HAVERHILL, MASS.

Solomon Kimball, b. 1772 d. July 24, 1825; m. May 4, 1704, Mary Shephard, dau, of Jonathan Shephard, who at one time was a large land-holder in Haverhill. Mass. At one time he owned most of the land between Washington Street, and the river including what is now known as the Bowley Field. Solomon Kimball was a respected and influential citizen, and was one of the founders of the first Baptist Church. He and his wife were buried in the old cemetery in Haverhill, Mass.

2

- i Hazen², o. Oct. 8, 1794; d. Mar. 9, 1861
- ii Mary Graves², b. July 6, 1797; m. James V. Aver.
- iii Sarah Trask², b. Feb. 10, 1790; d. July 9, 1853.
- iv Carolines, b. 1803; d. May 1, 1822.
- v Adaline², b. 1802.
- vi Anna S.*, b. Oct. 1806; d. Dec. 30. 1891. She was for nearly fifty years a teacher in the Public Schools of Haverhill, Mass. She retired from the schools in 1800, at which time, school noard passed resolutions acknowledzing her long and faithful service. She was a devoted member of the First Laptist Church, if Fann's, b. 1806; d. Jan. 11, 1801.
 - Hazen Kimball² (Solomonib), Oct. 8, 1794; d. Mar. 9, 1861; m. April. 1822, Naney Furber, b.Aug. 9, 1887; d. Mar. 18, 1874, Resided Northwood, N. H. CHILDREN.
 - i Emily S.3, b. Nov. 17, 1823; m. Sept-20, 1854, John Garvith of New Bedford, Mass.



- ii John F.3 b. Dec. 21, 1825; m. 1852, Mary Elsworth of Newburyport, Mass
- iii Adaline F.³, b. Dec. 31, 1827; d. Oct 4, 1866; m. 1849, Abisha Weston.
- iv Mary S.3, b.Jan. 2, 1830; d, April 29, 1845.
- v James A.⁹, b. Feb. 23, 1832; d. Dec. 18, 1874; m. Emma Kendall of Providence, R. I.
- vi Anna Caroline³, b. Mar. 14, 1837; d. July 22, 1863,
- vii Lewis E.3, b, Dec. 23, 1839, viii Edward Hazen³, b, April 10, 1842.
- viu Edward Hazen⁵, b. April 10, 1842. ix Charles Loring³, b. Jan. 16, 1845.
- x William Cole), b. June 24, 1849; d. Jan. 10, 1882, Boston, Mass.

Lewis E. Kimball³ (Hazen² Solomon¹) b. Northwood, N. H., Dec. 23, 1839; m. Jan. 1, 1869, Fannie Davis.

CHILD.

Howard Gilman⁴, b. Nov. 28, 1869.
 Edward Hazen Kimball³ (Hazen²
 Solomon¹) b. April 10, 1842; m. Jan.
 1870, Mary Adelaide (fill.)

CHILDREN.

- i Carrie Gertrude⁴, b. Jan. 12, 1872. ii Albert Bigelow⁴, b. May 1, 1873. DESCENDANTS OF ISAAC KIMBALL OF CAROT, VT.

CHILDREN MENTIONED IN WILL.

- i Isaac², d. Feb., 1878.
- ii Myron S.2

\$ 12

- iii Rufus P.º He was formerly of Cabot, Vt., but late of Bernadotte, III. Administration on his estate was granted to Isaac Kimball of Cabot, Vermont, July 10, 1848.
- iv Daughter: m. Herrin. Children: I Salome Herrin³, ² Laura Herrin³, Isaac Kimbatt² (Isaac¹) d. Cabot-Vt., Feb. 1878; m. Jemima Thomp

son, b. ——; d. 1872. He was a blacksmith and the latter years of his life a farmer. His children were born either in Danville or either Cabot, Vt.

- i Azro3, m; d. aged about 20,
- ii Sally⁴, m. Thomas Hill. Lived and d. in Cabot, Vt. Child: Orson Hill⁴ who died a young man.
- nii Orsons.
 - iv Joshua³. Went early to California and died there.
- v Daniel', d. Nov. 24, 1888.
- vi Laura³, in. John Adams of Cabot. Vt. He was a farmer and resided in Cabot. Children: I Azzo Adams in Lois Walbridge of Cabot. Vt.; two children. Res. Cabot. 2 Charles Adams!; d. single. 3 William Adams!, in Ella Raymond of Pomfret Vt. Resided in Cabot.
- viil Betsey Clara", m Oscar Morrill of Cabot. V., Farmer. Children: I'Arthur Morrill!, died young. 2 Jack Morrill!, res. in Cabot. 3 Billy Morrill!, died young. 4 Charles Morrill!, lives in Cabot. Unmarried.
- viii Richard G.3, b. May 11, 1831.
- ix Isaacs.
 - Orson Kimball³ (Israe² Isaae¹) b Cabot, Vt. m.Susan Dutton. Lives in Cabot, Vt. He is a farmer and has held town offices.
- i Francelia⁴, m George Harvey, Resides at Saratoga, N. Y. Child: Adena Harvey⁵.
- ii George⁴, lives in Cabot, Vt. on the home farm. He married Hattie — of Montgomery, N. Y. Child: Jessie⁵.
- Daniel Kimball' (Isaac' Isaac'), h. Cabot, Vt.; m. Annie Dutton of Cabot. She had one son, Joshua', He m. 2nd. Nancy Thompson of Cabot. Vt., who had three children. He married third, Jennie Jones who had no children.
- i Joshnai, m. Lois Lyford.



Richard G. Kimball (Isane' Isane) b. Cabot, Vt. May 11, 1831; m. Sept. 2°, 1858, Paurina, Benton, b. May 13, 1833; d. Dec. 13, 1863; dan. of Walter Benton of Marsnfield, Vt.; m 2nd, Oct. 17, 1864, Harriet Kimball Brown, b. May 15, 1838, dan. of Joseph and Sophronia (Speels) Brown of Barton, Vt. He is a farmen and driver. Has lived in Barton, Cabot, Essex, Randolph and Wolcott, and in 1888 resided in Hardwick, Vt.

CHILDREN.

- I Walter Dwight⁴ b. May I, 1859, Cabot, Vt.; m. Aug. 9, 1882, Effic L, Woodbury, dau, of Asa M, and Sarah S, (Foss) Woodbury of Bardwick, Vt. He 's a teamster at the stone quaries and resides in Hardwick, Vt. Children: I Sadie Paulind's b, Stoughton, Mass., July I, 1885, 2 Charles-William', b, Straghzon, Mass., Aug. 15, 1892.
- ii Harlan Richard⁴, b. Barton, Vt., Nov. 4, 1865. He is a clerk in a drug store at Harlwick, Vt.
- iii Charles Williams* b. 1872; d Dec. 1, 1874 at Randolph.

Isaac Kimbali^a (Isaac² Isaac¹) b. Cabot, Vt.; m Jennette Wells. He was in a Vermont Regiment and died of disease in the hospital in the civil war.

CHILDREN.

- i Mphonzoi, m. Miss Hill. One child: is a farmer and teacher and lives in Cabot. Vt.
- ii Irving is an advent Preacher in Florida; m., one child,

Joshua Kimball⁴ (Daniel² Isaac² Isaac¹) m. Lois Lyford. Lives in Hardwick, Vt.

CHILDREN.

- i Edward Frank³, lives in Cabot, Vt. Single.
- ii Burt5, lives in Cabot.
- iii Belles. Died.

The Exposition Architects.

The March number of the N-ws gave an illustration of the "Arch of the States", one of the notable features of the Trans-Mississippi and Internation-Exposition that is now just closed at Omaha. This exposition was a great success and rivalled that of the World's Fair in Chicago. The Architects in chief of this great exhibition of Amercan skill and enterprise were Messiwalker & Kimbail who have offices in Boston and Omaha.

(Family History, p. 495) Thomas L. Kimball has long been known as one of the great railroad men of the country, especially in connection with the Union Pacific railway. But slight mention is made of him in the history. whereas, very much might besaid. His third child an loldest son was Thomas Rogers, (p. 496) born on the anniversary of the oattle of Lexington. April 19. 1862, and he it is who is junior member of the above firm of architects. It will be remembered that Willard Kımbali who has for twenty-five years been in charge of the Iowa Conservatory of Music, at Grinnell, had charge of the musical festivities at the opening or the exposition in the spring. (Page 979 Fam. Hist 1

J W. Lilly of 620 West Sixty-sixth Street. Chicago, is compiling a history of his family. The family is an old one and the work when completed will be one of value and wide spread interest. Both Mr. Lilly and his wife. through different branches, trace their ancestry back to Miles Standish the soldier hero of the early Puritans-Members of the family may find it interesting to correspond with Mr Lilly, enclosing stamps if reply is wanted.

Solomon F. Kimball of Salt Lake City, sends us several large photographic views, among them one of the residence of his father. Heber Chase Kimbalt built in 1822, and others showing the monument erected to his memory. If we had a "picture fund" these would make interesting views for the Family Xews.



ANCESTRY

Every Family should have its history in a permanent and accessible form. There are many reasons why we should prepare for coming generations some record of our lineage.

Forethought on the part of parents in recording their ancestry will command the lasting gratitude of their children. The desire to know who our ancestors were and what part they took in the great play of forces that has made our national life. Is natural and commendible. Make a record of your lineage. Discharge the obligation Now, before the memory fades, or the sources of information vanish forever. Carefully prepared lineage records are priceless legacies.

There who care nothing for their nocestors are wanting in respect for themselves; they deserve to be treated with contempt by their posterity. Thus who respect and venerate the memory of their forefathers will be led—not by vanity, but by a final affection—by a pions reverence to treasure up their memories.—[Hon. Wm. Whiting, L. L. D.]

1031AH F. KIMBALL. (2143)

He was a native of Ipwich, Massachusetts, and was born near the spot where Richard, the emigrant, settled in 1634. He was educated in the grammar and high schools of the old town, where he learned the trade of a printer in the office of the Ipswish Register. When quite a young man he removed to Lynn and started the Essex County Whig, which was afterwards changed to the Lynn News, which Mr. Kimball published for many years.

He was prominent in the struggle to accept a city charter for Lynn, and lived to see the town grow from a population of 9,000 to a flourishing city of 16:000. He died in 1859. He served the new city on the School Committe, represented his district twice in the Legislature, was Assistant Register of Probate for Essex County, and for a long time clerk in the Boston Custom House. He was fond of music and could play almost any instrument from a flute to an organ. In his early boyhood he was fond of making rhymes, and sometimes shocked his parents by loose transalation of the couplets and triplets of the New England Primer from which he studied the catechism.

Mr. Kimball wrote a great many short poems, humorous and otherwise, for his own and other newspapers, and 1 send you a specimen. He was a prominent member of the St. Stephen's Episcopal) Church for many years, although he was reared in the Orthodox Congregational faith. Kinsman

WIDOW WELLER

Next to the margin of the wood, Beside a field of clover. The Widow Weller's cottage stood,

With ivy climbing over.

Here, far removed from worldly strife. Pursuing honest labors. She passed a quiet, peaceful life,

Respected by her neighbors.

The drouth had curled her rustling

Twas in the hottest weather:

There hadn't been a drop of rain
For weeks and weeks together.
She dreamed all night of copious

showers.
Rejoicing in the blessing.

But waked in morning's early hours
To find the heat oppressing.

One day she in her doorway sat.
So that a breeze might reach her:
A stranger passed, whose white cravat
Showed him to be a preacher.

"Come in! come in!" she said with glee: He smiled at such a greeting; "I haven't seen you ma'am." said he. "Since you were down to meeting."

He prayed for rain at her request; The widow, gladder-hearted. Went to her labor, as her guest

Upon his way departed.

Ere far the sun upon his course
In brightness had ascended,
A mighty storm came down in force,

With hail and lightning blended.

It swept the fields and crushed the grain.

And broke the forest branches, And rushing streams showed how the Came down in avalanches. [rain

The widow, lightened of her fears, Looked on the "wreck of matter," And if her eyes were full of tears You cannot wonder at her.

At length a smile broke through the mist Said she. "I always knew it:

never liked those Methodists— They always overdo it:"



How It Works.

Summer I. Kimball of Lovell, Maine, writes:

"I know that our paper is doing much good and is a great help in the way of bringing out many incidents relating to the Kimballs and tracing the genealogy of other families as well as our own. I will tell you of one incident of this kind. My wife's maiden name was Martha I. Caldwell. Well in the September number you told of a monthly called "Old Eliot" as being published by Augustine Caldwell. My wife took notice of this and sent for a paper.

In making inquiries as to the first Caldwell he has sent us a line of descendants from the first Caldwells who came to this country, John and Sarah Dillingham Caldwell, in 16441 down to the fourth and fifth generations, which include her grandfather's family, thus making a direct line to the present generation. This much sought for information is much prized, as she in years past had a desire to learn of her ancestors. Mr. Caldwell also sends us a long printed letter written by him while he was in England in 1884, giving much of interest relating to the Caldwells of A. D. 1500 to 1600. He is desirous of printing the Caldwell records and we feel in hopes this will be the case some future time. So you see your little paragraph in the Kimball News was a big big help all around. and no doubt there are many others who might testify to some good they have obtained in a similar mauner."

PARDON TAYLOR KIMBALL.

Page 251. Pardon Taylor Kimballs son of John7, page 445 Family History, born October 15, 1813, married in 1840. Amanda Salisbury of Windham County. Vermont. His father was the oldest brother of Gen. Pardon T. Kimbali. whose portrait is shown opposite page 456 of the History. The History states that Pardon' had five daughters and one son, and numerous grandchildren. They are all living, and all are married "except one little old maid." Of twenty grandchildren there are only of Augusta, Ga., being president of the two Kimball boys by name, the sons of S. Kimball of Downey, California.

five years old Oct. 3. of this year and lives I still has extensive business interests.

at Elsinore, San Diego Co., California, where he has laid out an addition to the town and will sell lots "only to actual settlers who are free from the bondage of tobacco and strong drink," As may be imagined be is an inveterate foe to whiskey and tobacco and in his old age is publishing tracts and leaflets against these two evils. Not withstanding his age he is a terse and vigorous writer.

Our enterprising cousin Col. D. B. Dyer of Angusta, Ga., has found the late war with Spain the means of inereasing his museum of eurios. It is said he already has the largest collection of Indian relics. His collection has been loaned to the Kansas City Public Library where it is now on exhibition. The Kansas City Times gives the collection a two column review in which it says:

"This collection, so complete, valuable and instructing, illustrating as it does the mode of life, habits, dress, games, work and worship of the Indiaus, has been sought in vain by the Smithsonian institute and other museums. Col. Dyer has neither spared trouble nor expense in making his collection and has been anxious only to disseminate a knowledge of what the Indian has done and what he had to do it with. The collection was awarded a diploma and medal at the world's fair and again at Alanta and the Augusta expositions.

"Not contented with this magnificent collection of Indian curios, Colonel Dver has added to it collections of the same character from Sierra Leone, the Fiji Islands and Samoa."

To these he has added Cuban and and Spanish mementos of the late war Not on v this, but his adventurous spirit is interesting him in large enterprises in our new possessions. (P. 999) Fam. Hist, and p. 19 Feb. Fam. News.)

Colonel D. B. Dyer is now a resident Georgia Railroad Land and Colonization company. He was for several years Pardon Taylor Kimball was eighty- a resident of Kansas City, where he



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Topeka, Kansas, December, 1898.

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Terms 50 cents a year.

The Kimball Samily News.

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clan, and its kindred, and incidentally in behalf of all family brotherhood The of ject is not simply to gather genealogical data but to restore, record and preserve the family history, blography and traditions, and to

cutivate a spirit of emulation among families that will lead to a higher patractism and a better Family advert'sements will be inserted on last

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Entered for Transmission as Second Class Matter

MRS ABIGAIL GARVIN.

The Family History on page 230 makes a mere mention of Abigail Kimball. In the April number of the News much further mention was made in connection with the above portrait of this, the oldest living member of the

A late number of the Boston Globe contains an illustrated article descriptive of her celebration of her 102d Thanksgiving day. Nine days later, Dec. 3. she celebrated her 103d birth day. She has lived under every president of the United States, and with two exceptions, under every governor of Massachusetts.

The Globe says: "Mrs. Garvin recalls the proclamation of John Adams, call-



1:00, as an occasion for a service of memorial in honor of Gen. George Washington, whose death in December, 1799. is within the range of her memory. Benjamin Franklin's life work closed only five years before little Abigail's began at Berwick, Me. She was the third of ten children of Nathaniel Kimball and Mary Horne (The Family History says the second).

When shown a broadside of the Thanksgiving Proclamation of 98 years ago, her countenance lighted up as she read the words: "By His Excellency. Increase Summer, Governor of the Commonwealth." And she said: "I had a brother born on the day of his inauguration as governor of Massachusetts, and my parents named him Increase Sumner Kimball, and he made a good man, was a lawyer and a judge in the state of Maine " (See page 423. Fam. Hist. He was the father of General Summer I Kimball, now of the ing upon the people of the United United States Treasury Department, States to observe the 22d of February, and superintendent of the Life Saving



service of Washington. See page 745, Fam. Hist."

Nine days later. December 3. Mrs. Garvin cerebrated her 103d birthday.

"A Thanksgiving in my chiidhood, says Mrs. Garvin, 'was very different from that of today, When I was quite young my family moved to Shapleigh. Me., where we were subjected to many of the hardships of pioneer and frontier life. The year's spinning and weaving for the family must all be done before Thanksgiving, our stint deing 300 yards of cloch each year; and we all had a share in the work of this great home industry.

"We began early in the spring by seeing that the crop of flux had an early start, and its growth was watched with much interest, for upon that and the fleece of our sheep depended our garments for the year, and pin money as well. We made various fabrics, from the coarsest woolens for men's wear at rough work to the finest linens for wedding garments.

"We made a great deal of Thanks-giving at my home. All ten of us children made it in our way to be there, and our parents spered nothing in their power to make it the day of all the year. The turkey and chilsken were of our own raising, the herbs for the oressing were from the little garden bed near the door."

The word turkey brought to the mind of Mrs. Garvin an early experience, and she said with delight of youth:

"Father gave me a perquisite in the way of a brood of turkeys that for watched and tended until they were ready for market; and then came along a mirketimia who bought them and put them into his flock, driving them on to Boston market.

"I had the money, and they brought a good price. This I used to pay a silk dress, the first one that I ever nel, and I never enjoyed a dress more."

liceoffections seemed to troop in so fast that she could barely find time to explain, but with youthful enthusiasm she said:

"O, what a time there was in getting the wood ready for heating the great oven."

That brick oven was a true Puritin institution, and was backed up by the religious fervor of the faithful house-wives in taking the best of care of what was entrasted to its warm and capacious bosom.

"My parents and all the people in my youth were good, religious folks—we had to read a chapter in the Bible before we had any breakfast, and we were citechised every Saturday," said Mrs. Garrin.

"The turkey roasted before the fire was far superior in flavor to one cooked in the faney ovens today.

Turning to the fire blazing on the hearth, she said: "I have the good, cheertul, open fire, but it is too small to do the cooking as we used to do it when I was a child."

The preparations for the home-coming at this farmhouse are made by the daughter of the centendrian. Mrs. Audrew S. Wright, here-if past the altotted age of man. The good things for the day have been prepared without stint, and with an eye to the gratifeation of the youngest home-comer as well as the oldest, who has derived much pleasure from the manufacture of the first pie to the last tart, while the turkey and chicks prostrate before her are vivid reminders of the days of long ago.

Mrs. Garvin was the second of the 10 cidilizen of the family: two besides herself are living. John H. Kimball who is Si years old, a pensioned official in the post office department at. Washington, and Samuel Kimball of nearly four score, who lives in the west.



The Family of No. 445 Chester Kimbail. Page 259.

> BY SARAH LOUISE KIMBALL. (See article in October News.)

Chester Kimball, son of Asa Kimball, married Lucy Satterlee, of Preston, Conn. Her father was a soldier in the Revolution, and was with Washington at Valley Forge: and her mother was Lydia Avery. Their children were:

i Lucy Gear Kimball, m. Chester Griswold Fanning: lived at Auburn. N. V : both deceased. Children: 1. Elisha Kimball Fanning, m. Helen Meyers of Watertown, N. Y.; he died 1858. They had one child, a boy, who died. She married again, and is now dead. 2. Charles Oramei Fanding, came to California in 1849: worked in mines on Shasta river. He returned home, but afterwards came again to California. His folks heard nothing from him for over thirty years, until they received word that he was located in Pendleton, Oregon. He had lost his memory. Married, but had no children. 3, Lucy Eliza Fanning m. George Skinner, a railroad manager at Auburn, N. Y. They had one daughter, Mary Skinner, born 1849; unmarried, Auburn. 4, George Washington Fanning, m. Kate Wilson: resided at Skaneatles, N. Y. They had two daughters, one of whom is married. 5. James McKnight Fanning, m. Sarah Burt: resides at Auburn, N. Y. They had two sons, George Fanning, Charles Fanning, dead, 6, Sarah Henrietta Fanning, died unmarried. Auburn, January, 1885. 7, Chester Fanning, m., but had no children: d. in Michigan about 1890. S. Gurdon Satterlee Fanning, m Carrie-; He was born in February, 1838, and lives at Auburn, N. Y. Is quite wealthy, and has travelled extensively in Europe. They have no children.

ii Charles Kimbali, a hatter, resided at Algoene and St. Clair, Michigan; died about twenty years ago. Married and had two daughters: 1, Fidelia Kimball, died unmarried. 2, Flora Kimball, living, unmarried at St. Clair, Michigan.

iii Damaris Kimball, m. John Jackson, brother to Michael Jackson who marriel her sister Betsey. She died near Algonae, Mich. They had three children: 1, Thomas Jackson. 2, A son. 2, Libby (Elizabeth), who weighed 300 pound; P. T. Barnum wanted her to Join his circus. She married a man named Small, and weut to Dubuque, Iowa, but moved away from there.

iv Elisha Satterlee Kimball (No. 927, p. 472, Kimball History) married Lovisa Chapman, etc. Their children: 1. William Jones Kimball, etc., m. Rebecca Jane Barnum, and has one son, Elisha Barnum Kimball, in bakery business at 20th and 21st A.e., East Oakland, Call Married Elsie Dempster, and has a daughter, Elma Lovisa Kimball, 2. Marie Antoinette Kimball, b. Sept. 22, 1827; unmarried, living. in 1898, at No. 1, N. Culver Street, Rochester, N. Y. She has recently been visiting her nephew, Elisha Barnum Kimball of East Oakland. California, and spent a couple of days, in October, 1898, with Sarah Louise Kimball at Palo Alto, California. A lovely old lady, with a most wonderful memory. She has given me the accompanying memoranda as to various members of her grandfather, Chester Kimball's family, and also loaned me, for the purpose of making a copy for the Kimball Famuy News, an artiele on some members of the family prepared by Mrs. Lydia Avery (Kimball) Finster of Port Huron and Algonae, Mich., (Algonae Oct. 1898) daughter of Chester and Nan-



cv Ann (Westbrook) Kimball, who le it the Kimball House at Algonac. Mich., and grand daughter of Chester and Lucy (Satterlee) Kimball. Miss Marie Antoinette Kimball expects to return to her home in Rochester, N. Y., the latter pa t of October, 1898. 3, Caira Kimball, etc. 4. George Clinton Kimball, b. April 27, 1808: killed at Detroit, Mich., while on duty as a police officer, October 6, 1883. He m. 1st. Adelaide Kimball, his cousin, and had one son, Chaster Kimball, who died at New Buffalo, N. Y.; aged 18. He married 2d, May 1871, Victoria Frances Higgins, and had three children: 1. George Kimball b. April, 1872; a house painter and decorator at Englewood, N. J. 2, Frank Kimball, born February 14, 1876; a sailor; h.s home at Detroit. 3. Grace Maria Kimball, born October 7, 1877, residing at Detroit.

- v Gurdon Kimball, m. Mary Brown. He was a sea captain, afterwards a dentist in New York City. He was born in 1800. Three children: 1. Luzy Kimball, m. a Taylor, who had an old book store. 2. George Kimball, m. —; he died at Enterprise. Mississippi, leaving children. 3. Mary Kimball, married twice: resided at Mont Clair, N.J.
- vi George Kimball, born 1893. He was with Davy Crockett's band in 1836, and was killed at the massacre of the Alamo. His name is on the the monument erected to the memory of the hundred and eighty-five Americans killed there. He is said to have married a wealthy Spanish lady, who, afte, his death, had twin Kimball boys, of whom nothing is known.
- vii Betsey (Elizabeth) Kimball, b. 1806; living in October, 1898, at Algonac, Mich.: m. M.chael Jackson, and had six children; l. Lucy Jackson, b. 1830; living, unmarried, at Al-

gonae. 2, George Jackson, dead. 3, Capt. Charles Jackson, house painter: m. Nellie Pangburn; residing at Algonac, Mich. They have six children: i, George Jackson, of Bay City, Mich., who was mayor of the city when he was twenty-seven vears of age, ii. William Jackson. m. Martha Allen, and had a son. Curtis Jackson, iii, Captain Curtis Jackson, m Maggie DeBow; living at Algonac. They had one daughter who died, iv, Elizabeth Jackson, unmarried, Algonac. v, Marv Jackson, married John Randall; living at Algonac, vi, Nellie Jackson, 4, Charlotte Jackson, m. James Galloway. She died, leaving no children. 5, Gurdon Kimball, Jackson, lumberman, of Bay City' Mich.; m. Cornelia Swartout, and has two sons in business at Bay City; a daughter died young. He and his brother Charles' son George. own a large line of tow-boats at Bay City. 6, Henry Jackson, house painter; m. Sarah ---; live at Algonae, Mich. They have four children: l: Jennie Jackson. an engineer on boats at Algonac. Mich., and has one son. 2. Clinton Jackson, 3, Mary Jakson. Beatrice Jackson.

viii Chester Kimball went with his brother Charles to Michigan in 1830, and settled near Marine City, afterwards lived at Algonac, Mich., where he kept the Kimball House. a famous summer resort, and where he died March 17, 1897. He was a prominent man of St. Clair County. Mich., for many years and held many public offices. He married Nancy Ann Westbrook, daughter of Andrew Westbrook of of St. Clair County, Mich. Mr. Westbrook was a man of prominence and wealth. with whom General Cass always visited, when trave, ling up the St. Clair river on gubernatorial



business. A short sketch of Chester Kimball was prepared by his-third daughter, Mrs. Lydia Avery (Kimbali) Finster, for the St. Clair County Pioneers Society, and afterwards incorporated in the records of the Michigan State Historical Society. His children: i, Nancy Kimball, m., first, an Englishman; secondly, a Mr. McCormick, and had three children, all dead. 2, to death when two years old. 3, Lydia Avery Kimball, m. Dr. Fin ster, who died. She resides at 149 Gordon Street, Port Huron, Mich., but is since the death of her father at the Kimball House at Algonac. They had six children: i, Edward Finster, who died in 1898. ii, Alice Finster, iii, Frederick Finster, iv, Nanev Finster, a fine musician and teacher, at Port Huron, Mich. v. Arthur Finster, who has gone to Klondyke, vi. Chester Finster, of Port Huron and Algonac. 4. Adelaide Kimball, m. George Clinton Kimball of Detroit, Mich., as his first wife, and had a son, Chester Kimball, a sailor, who died, aged 18 years, at Buffalo, N. Y. 5, Alice Kimball, m. 1st, an Allen; 2d, Stephen A. Warner. Resides at Algonae, Mich. Has a son, Albert Allen, Algonae, Mich.

Page 344—George Washington Kimball' (George W. Solomon Solomon' Robert Benjamin' Richard') b. Kimball's Island, Me., Oct. 10. 1895; d. Nov. 18, 1879; m. Caroline Mirrian Barret. He resided in Frankfort and Camden, Maine.

CHILDREN.

1 Adelia Barrett⁵ b. Camden, Maine, Feb. 25, 1839.

ii Edgar Heelu⁴, b. Frankfort, May 15, 1845.

Edgar Hecla Kimball⁵ (George W.⁷ George W.⁹ Solomon⁵ Solomon⁴ Robert³ Benjamin² Richard¹) b. Frankfort, Maine. May 15. 1°45; m. Delia Filkins, Nov. 29, 1871 Resided ne ar Antioch, California.

i Edward Junior⁹, b. Antioch, Cal., Sept. 21, 1875. Enlisted in First California Regiment. Co. A, June 1898, and sailed for Manila July 24, 1898.

ii Sarah Maria⁹, Antioch. Cal., March 16, 1884.

iii Caroline Louisa, b. Antioch, Cal.,

had three children, all dead. 2. Eliza Kimball. accidentally burned to death when two years old. 3. Lydia Arery Kimball. m. Dr. Finster, who died. She resides at 149 Gordon Street, Port Huron, Mich... 28, 1863, John Schott.

i Louise Amazeen Schott⁹, b. San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 5, 1864.

ii George Ludwig Schott9, b. near Antioch, Cal., June 28, 1867.

iii Franklin Tuthill Schott, b. near Antioch, Cal., March 30, 1873. He is a member of the class 1899. Stanford, University.

MISS SARAH KIMBALL'S SCHOOL

By Elizabeth Smith Caldwell, from Old Ipswich Memoirs.

My first teacher was Miss Sarah Kimeall. She kept school in the Engine House, which stood on Elm street, at the near of the Unitarian Meetinghouse, now the Town Hall. On the first floor was the huge engine with its, big ropes and rows of buckets, all ready to answer the cry of fire. The children were not allowed to touch anything pertaining to it.

Anarrow flight of stairs led to a room above the engine. As the building was only a story and a half high, the ceiling on two sides of the upper room slanted very tow. There was a broad unpainted board inserted in the wall on three sides of the room, on which the firemen sat, when they held a meeting. It was too high for the little children, and they sat upon low benches in front of it, and the books and slates were placed on the higher bench be



backs, and they leaned, therefore, seene was evermore a fact to us. against the edge of this narrow board in the wall.

I remember my first day at the school. It was in 1837. It was long years ago in seems. I had a new Worcester's Primer, a new slate and a long illshaped pencil. It was before the days of beauty in pencils. Indeed we now of reputation as a scholar, preachhad never heard even of the softer "soapstone" grade. Two older scholars led me into the room, and said: "See, Miss Kimball, you have a new scholar." She looked upon me and smiled; and bade them take off my bonnet and lit- has a Bible." tle plaid shawl. Each scholar's wraps were hung over his seat. There were about twenty boys and girls in the room. The girls wore their hair cut short in the neck; and a little braid each side of the forehead tied with narrow ribbon, the color of which was adapted to the complexion. All wore. too, the very homely pantalettes, which came to the low shoes. But, if they Hartford, Conn. See page 482, Fam. were very homely, the were the fash- Hist. Ed. News.) ion; and "the fashion" always looks weli.

morning it was David and Goliah: we we all laughed, actually saw the Giant, towering high. in the valley, and David, ruddy and Second Book, a small number in The supple, twirling his sling, and running Young Reader, and two or three had

The children's scats had no like an athlete towards him. That

One morning she unfolded in her magnetic way, the strange dying of Anamas and his wife Sapphira. Our little nerves quivered. A lie did seem dreadful, though we were all too young to know what a lie really meant.

I remember one of the little boys. er and writer-John Calvin Kimballwent to Miss Kimball and said:

"Lend me. please, your lible to carry home?"

"Why, Johnnie, child, your mother

"Yes'm, but it isn't like your's; the stories are left out!"

"Well, said the good woman, with a quiet smile; "if you will be sure to fetch it back in the morning, you may have it." And the child took home that large old Book-so heavy he could hardly carry it.

(Rev. John Calvin Kimball, now of

After the morning Bible story and the teacher's brief prayer, the simple Little Caroline Lord came in .- frail routine of the day began. Most of the and transparent as I remember children read in the Primer. One at a her. She went immediately to Miss time they stood at the teacher's knee: Kimball, and asked: "May 1 say the she pointed at the letter, and the little Prayer tonight:" "Yes." was the student repeated it after her. Somekin lly response. 'you are the first to times there was a picture by the side ask this morning." Miss Kimball went of the word which indicated what it to her desk and struck the bell. The was. One day little Mary Evans was scholars took their seats at once and spelling in this manner. She lived in hushed to silence. She took her great the chamber tenement of the ancient Bible and read us a story. We all sat Knowlton mansion, which then stood still-even speil-bound. You might a few feet south of the Town Hall: have heard a pin drop. Wherein her and her parents soon moved to Salempower lay. I have never known; but no She was spelling II-E-N, and when other stories ever had such wonderful Miss Kimball's pointer rested on the interest as those read by Sarah Kim- the picture of a hen, the child very ball from that great Book. That promptly vociferated chickabiddy, and

There was a class in Worcester's



attained to Peter Parley's Geography.
When the children became restless.

she would strike her little bell, and we would all sit in order. Then she would say—we will sing:

Haste thee. Winfer, haste away! Far too long hath been thy stay. Another very bright and inspiring

Another very bright and inspiring song we sang and marched about the room—keeping step:

Children go, to and fro, In a merry, pretty row.

Sometimes she quieted the restlessness by telling us how grown-up people did ir a sick room: They spoke very softly; they stepped very lightly; and she would add-"We will make this room like a sick room." The entrains would then be dropped, and in the darkened room all restlessness would be quefted. Having diverted the children, she went on with the lessons.

Usually, however, when we were called to order, it was to hear the story of some little boy or girl she had known. And there would be the moral' to the incident. I can, even now, hear her say: "If you want others to be kind to you, sweak bleasantly to them."

Once in a while a venturesome boy would go too near the river for his safety. To make him cautious she teld the story of her little niece, Priscilla Kimbail:

Little Priscilla lived in the house next south of the Stone Bridge, on the river bank. She was playing at sunset outside the door. Her mother was getting tea. She baked a cake before the fire, which blazed in the large fireplace, and laid the table. The family were all ready to sit at the table; but Priscilla did not answer to the call. The father and mother instead of eating their supper began to search for their little girl, for she was only two years old. The neighbors came to help, for it grew dark and darker, but they could not find her. Then they raked the river. The dear little body tnat only a few hours before was full

of life and beauty, was gathered up but she could never speak to her sorrowing father and mother again.

(See Fam. Hist., pages 477-8. Little Priseilla, b. March. 1818, drowned Sept. 27, 1819; and her brother Calvin drowned in the same river July 22, 1822.—Ed. News.)

After we were through with our lessons, the girls and some of the boys, had sewing and knitting. We sewed patchwork, hemmed pocket handkerchiefs. Miss Kimball basted the work and took the first stitches.

Sometimes she punished. She had a whalebone a few inhes long. She snapped it upon the ears. She had a Foot's Cop, which she put over the head, like a bag, and buttoned it at the neck. It was a disgrace to wear it. I do not remember that any girl wore it.

When it was time for school to close, Miss Kimball struck the bell, and we put our books away. We sang:

Thus far the Lord hath led me ou.
Thus far His power prolongs my days,
And every evening shall make known
Some fresh memorial of His grace.

Then the child who had made the request first in the morning, and who was then seated on the cricket at Miss Kimball's feet, knelt and repeated the Lord's prayer.

Miss Kimball has many years been resting in the old High street burying ground. But her memory is fresh in the many hearts that rise up and call her blessed. She was tall and her face was plain, but she was a most natural teacher. We doubt if with all the school room developments and improvements of later years, little children are any happier than were we in Miss Kimball's healthful atmosphere.

(Who was this teacher Sarah Kimbail? Little Priscilla was the daughter of Benjamin'. He had but one brother. Elius, and his daughter Sarah was not born until 153s. Page 47s. Who she Sarah, daughter of Abraham', page 2137—ED. News.



IN MEMORIAN

EDWIN A. KIMBALL .-- PAGE 903.

Edwin A. Kimball, an inventor and mechanical expert and formerly superintendent of the mechanical department of the university of lilinois and the Illinois Industrial Home for the Bind in Chicago, died yesterday at his residence. 4106 Ellis avenue. A week ago he took a severe cold, which developed into pleuro-puemonia, and caused his death. Interment will be at Danville. Ill

Mr. Kimbail was born in 1834 in change. N. II. After leaving college he went to Boston and enfered the shops of the Spencer Repeating Ritt. Company. Illistrective skill won him rapid promotion and he became foreman and then superintendent of the works. He went into the army at the breaking out of the civil war, but was recalled, as his skill was of more value in the shoot than in the field.

He removed to Danville, Ill., in 1873, and became an instructor in the mechanical department of the University of Illinois, where he remained for 12 pring the last two years of his life he was connected with the

Western Electrical Company.

He survived his wife two years. He left three children—Edwin and Conrad Kimball and Mrs. Edward Goldschmidt.

We take the above from the Chicago press dispatches dated November 14. The News has room this month for no such mention as the subject merits. We had little thought ever to be called Aar write a memorial sketch of this our uncle, the early companion of our boyhood days, but will try to do so for the January number of the News. The subject is one which may possess more than merely family interest.

The article by Capt. F. M. Kimball n this number has some interesting points. It largely refers to the Perry famity, and it is curious to note how it is traced bork through and beyond Richard Kimball. Then the families become separated and after a few generations are again united. There are of course many similar cases, generally unknown.

MARRIED

Edward Carleton Kimball and Miss Emma Mabel Varney, both of Lynn. Mass., were married April 20, 1898. It was a pink and white wedding and was a very attractive local event. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. George H. Cheney, in the South Street Methodist Church. The whole affair was characterized by all the niceties of a refined and cultivated society, without a sign of vulgar ostentation. Master Howard H., the young brother of the groom was page and carried the silver salver in which rested two rings. and was accompanied by a little flower girl. The groom is the eldest son of Rufus Henry Kimball, wholesale dry goods dealer at Boston, (Fam. Hist., p. 938.)

At New Ireland, P. Q., October 26, 1898. Miss May Marshall, youngest daugitter of Mr. Joseph Marshall, and Jonas Osgood Kimball. The occasion was a very happy one, and after the ceremony at Christ's Church the invited guests to the number of ninety assembled at the home of the bride's parents. The bride is the popular organist of Christ's Church, and the bridegroom is the fourth child and the oldest son of Aaron Thomas Kimball. (Fa n. Hist. p. 872)

CORRECTIONS.

Page 155—(Kimball Nzws) Rollin Hibbard Kimball married July 8, 1-52 (not 1562 as printed.) Paroled May 1, 1565 (not May 10).

William A. Pegues (farmer) resides in Chesterfield Co., S. C. (not N. C.) Eliza McIntosh died January

19. 1886 (not 1888). Eleanor McIntosh, born Aug-

Eleanor McIntush, born Aug nst 8, 1579 (not 1979).

become separated and after a few generations are again united. There are of course many similar cases, generally involvenor's staff with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel.



Family.

To the end that the Perry line may be traced back to more remote generations and beyond the limit reached in the Perry name, the writer followed connecting lines which led him back to about the year 1565, among the hills of northern England, where was found a sturdy youth named Henry Scott, and a winsome lass by the name of Martha Whotlock. In after years they married and set up housekeeping among their country folk and amid the scenes of their childhood. Their lives were uneventful. Among their many children was one, the beautiful daughter Ursula2, who was destined to be the ancester of an almost innumerable wart son of Briton.

March, 1676. Their tenth child was

ried in April, 1861, Mercy, daughter of Maine. Of these Robert Hazeltine. He followed the oc- BENJAMIN PERRY (Mehitable Abcemetery at Bradford, Mass. They captain in the Revolutionary war and

A Sketch of One Branch of the Perry had eleven children, of whom the

ABRAHAM KIMBALL4 (Benjamin⁸ Richard Hepry Scotth, was born March 24, 1677-78 in Bradford, Mass., where he died Feb. 26, 1707-08. He married iu 1700. Mary Green, and lived in Bradford. Owned a portion of the sawmill in Haverhill, Mass., left him by his father. He died when only a young man. His widow remarried in 1708-09. They had three children of whom

MEHITABLE KIMBALL⁵(Abraham⁴ Benjamin³ Richard² Heury Scott¹) was the youngest. She was born March 22, 1705-06; married Obediah Perry of Rowley, Mass., son of Wm. Perry and Hester Hassel, daughter of Richard Hassel. William Perry's ancestors came from progeny inhabiting this western con- England and settled in Cambridge. Mass. tinent. She won the heart of a stal. Obediah won distinction as a Captain in the French war and was awarded a RICHARD KIMBALL2 who was born large tract of land in New Hampshire, in Rattlesden, county of Suffolk, Eng- afterward known as the town of Perry. land, in 1595. With his wife Ursula Obediah and wife Mehitable were the and several small children he emi- parents of twelve children, i. e., Abragrated to America, coming over in the ham. Ephriam, Obediah, Ebenezer, good ship "Elizabeth" in 1634, and Isaac, Joshua, William, David. Benjasettled in Ipswich. Mass., where he ex- min, Francis, Joseph, and Jerusha. perienced the hardships incident to the Capt Obediah and seven of his sons early settlements of America. He lost their lives in the French War, eithraised a family of eleven children and er being killed in battle or dying died in June 1675 His wife did not long from disease and exposure. One of the survive him, but died the following sons was with Maj. Rogers fighting the Indians. One was shot at St. Johns, BENJAMIN KIMBALL⁵ (Richard²) Canada. The five remaining children, Henry Scott1). He was boin in Ips. Isaac, Benjamin, Francis, Joseph and wich, in 1637; died July 11, 1695. Mar- Jerusha settled in Waterborough,

cupation of wheelwright and farmer, raham! Benjamin' Richard? Henry and accumulated quite an estate for Scott1 (Obediah, William) born in Aug. those times. In 1683 and 1684 he and 1742; died in Cabot, Vermont. March his brother Richard were soldiers un- 22, 1829. He married Susannah Potter der Capt. Appleton, and served in King | who was born July 1745, died August Phillip's war. He was cornet of horse 21, 1789, in Waterborough, Maine. A troops and known as "Cornet Kimball."; plain gravestone erected by her son An-The graves of Benjamin and Mercy thony in 1842 marks her grave and that Kimball are still to be found in the old of her youngest child. Benjamin was a



his old sword is still in possession of his descendants in Vermont. He settled in Waterborough, Maine, after the French War and resided there for over fifty years, save the time he was in the Revolution, owning a large and valuable farm. Late in life he moved to Cabot, Vermont; where he spent the remainder of his days, and where he VII-Charles C. Perry, born Aug. 13, died and was buried. The children

I-Mary Perry, born Nov. 30, 1764. in Hampstead, N. H.

II-Joshna Perry, born June 27, 1767, in Hampstead, N. 11.

III-Mehitable Perry, born July 20. 1769 in Waterborough, Maine.

IV-John Hazen Perry, born May 2. 1772, in Waterborough, Maine.

V-Anthony Perry, born April 7, 1774, in Waterborough, Maine, VI-Nathaniel Perry, born Nov. 22,

1781, in Waterborough, Maine. VII-Hannah Pervy, born August 20, 1784, 'n Waterborough, Maine,

VIII-Martha Perry, born July, 1787; died Feb. 17, 1790.

(V) ANTHONY PERRY? (Benjamine [Mehitable Kimballo Abraham4 Benjamin3 Richard2 Henry Scott1 Obediah, Williami) was born in Waterborough. Me., April 7, 1774. When a young man he settled in Cabot, Vt , and married Submit Wheatley of Brookfield, Vt., March 17, 1799, who died Jan. 18, 1847. She was a daughter of Nathaniel Wheatley of Brookfield. Vt. He afterwards married Susan Lance who died Sept.24, 1862 Anthony Perry was a highly respected citizen. He held many town offices, was a captain of the state militia; recruited a company for the war of 1812. and was a man of military bearing. He died Nov. 25, 1554. His children were all born in Cabot, Vt., to wit:

I-Nathaniel Wheatley Perry, born May 21, 1801; died Nov. 28, 1887. in Burlington, Verment.

II-Elijah Perry, born Dec. 9, 1803; died Oct. 11, 1-06,

III-Anthony Potter Perry, born July 25, 1805; died Feb. 8, 1875.

1V-Mary Vinal Perry, born April 16, 1807; died Nov. 7, 1894.

V-Elijah Perry, born March 30, 1809; died Sept. 26, 1864.

VI-Susannah Perry, born Sept. 30, 1811; died Dec 22, 1891.

1813; died June 4, 1881.

VIII-Allen Perry, born Oct. 29, 1815; died Nov. 24, 1889.

IX-Eliza Augusta Perry, born Oct.25, 1820; died Dec. 24, 1820,

(I) NATHANIEL WHEATLEY PER-RY8 [Anthony7 Benjamin8 Mehitable5 Abraham4 Benjamin3 Richard2 Henry Scoott1 Obediah2 William1), was born in Cabot, Vt., May 21, 1801; married Clarissa Collins of Williamstown, Vt.; died in Burlington, Vt., Nov. 28, 1887. He was a physician and practised successfully his profession for many years in Williamstown, Vt. During the war of the rebellion he was a surgeon in the army, stationed in the U. S. General Hospital at Burlington. Dr. Perry was a very honorable christian man, a lifelong member of the Congregational Church. He was as attentive in the practice of his profession among the poor as among the rich. He died at the age of eighty-seven years. His wife survived him several years. His children were:

I-Helen Maria Perry 9, married A.K. Ballard of Burlington, Vermont. He was a manufacturer of pcttery. Died about 1870. They had several children, all of whom died in infancy. Mrs. Ballard still resides in Burlington.

H-Martha Jane Perry, married Theodore Prentiss, a lawyer. Resides in Watertown, Wis. They have two children.

III-Clementine Submit Perry's, born Williamstown, Vermont, 1836; died in Burlington at the age of about forty years.



IV—Collins Perry*, died in boybood, in Williamstown. Vermont.

(3) ANTHONY POITUR PERRYS ([Anthony? Benjamin⁶ Mehitable? Abraham! Benjamin? Richard? Henry Scott!] Obediah? William!), was born July 25, 1805, in Cabbit murried December 14, 1831. Lucy Walbridge, who was born February 15, 1807, and who died July 29, 1830. Anthony Potterdied February 15, 1875. He was a thrifty farmer, and lived in Cabot all his-life—a Congregationalist. Their children were:

I--Laura Ann Perry⁹, born September 25, 1832, in Cabot: married February 8, 1853, Franklin A. Senter, who was a carpenter and who resided in Manchester, N.H.

II—Emily V. Perry⁹, born February 11, 1834; married September, 1852, to Ezekuel P. Read. She died February 12, 4879. No children.

HI—Anthony A. Perrys⁶ born April 21. 1837; married November 1, 1892. Julia A. Gunn of Cabot, who died December 12, 1892. Married 2d, Mattle A. Midgett, who died February 25, 1807. Anthony A. is a farmer and resides in Walden Ver, mont.

IV-Cornelia E. Perry⁹, born Murch 17, 1840; married November 1, 1862. John Austin, who is a farmer and resides in Amoskea 7, N.H.

V-Jewett W. Perry's, born in Cabot.
April 15, 1842. He entered the
service of his country in the war
of the rebellion in a N.H. Cavalry
regiment. He died in the U.S.
General Hospital at Alexandria,
Virginia, in July, 1865, and was
buried in the National Cemetery
at Ariington. A monument which
marks bits grave, was ereseted to
his memory; a brave soldier.

(IUThanialidean of LUEA NEX)

(I) The children of LAURA ANN and FRANKLIN A. SENTER.

1-Nellie A. Senter¹⁰, born February 27, 1854; married February 8, 1877, to 8. W. Barlow; occupation.

blacksmith. Residence. Reed's Ferry, N. H. They have two children: Laura Ann¹¹, born Sept. 12, 1877; Franklin W.¹¹, born February 7, 1879.

H—Florence M. Senter¹⁶, born Jan.6, 1857; married Guy Brown Dec.24, 1890. She was a teacher for many years. Mr. Brown is an electrician. Residence, Manchester, N. H. They have two children; Nellie E. ¹¹, born May 9, 1893; Louise C. ¹²; born January 31, 1895.

1II—Alice L. Senter¹⁰, born November 29, 186-; died March 29, 1868.

IV—Minnie A. Senter¹⁹, born Feb. 8, 1868; died March 7, 1872.

V-Emma L. Senter¹⁰, born July 10, 1872; died May 29, 1878.

VI—Arthur Perry Senter¹⁰, born November 22, 1875. He graduated from the high school; is a promising young man, and has been employed for the last four years on the "Daily Mirror" of Manchester.

(III) Children of ANTHONY A. and JULIA A. PERRY.

I-Walter Jewett Perryi⁹, born January 14, 1865; married Eva J. Waldo of Cabot, Vermont, January 1, 1899. They have two children: Ralph Waldo⁰, born January 7, 1891; Liia Julia⁰, born November 5, 1895. Residence, Walden, Vt.

(IV) Children of CORNELIA E. and JOHN AUSTIN⁹.

I-Leslie Perry¹⁰, born January 5, 1864. in Cabot: married Ruth Wheeler, August 8,1893. He is a musician and resides in Barre, Vt.

H—Charles Hiram¹⁶, born in Cabot, July 18, 1863; married Nellie Adams, June 30, 1888. He is a farmer and resides in East Cabot, Vt. They have two obildren, Mary¹⁰, born June 7, 1892; Marcia¹¹, born May 19, 1894.



HI—Phillip Anthony¹⁶, b. Nov. 11. 1873. He married Gertrude Vau Betz, August I. 1895. They have one child; Consuelo¹⁰, born May 30, 1896. He is a dentist and resides in Stamford, Conn.

(IV) MARY VINAL PERRY8 ([Anthony7 Benjamin6 Mehitable6 Abraham4 Benjamin's Richard's Henry Scott1 Obediah2 Williams) She was born in Cabot. Vt., April 16, 1907; married Joseph Hoyt. December 19, 1532, who was born April 14, 1806, and died August 2, 1870 at Cameron, Mo. She died in Topeka, Kansas, Nov. 7, 1894 Joseph Hoyt was a prosperous farmer and lived in Cabot until 1868, when the family moved to Missouri. He and his wife were both earnest Christian people and active in church work. He was a deacon in the Congregational church for many years. Mrs. Hoyt was a very intellectual woman, a great reader, and possessed rare christian virtues

CHUDREN

I—Alvisa Nealy³, (adopted), born August 31, 1831; died Feb., 1833. She married David Nevens. They had seven children, viz. George¹⁶, Abbiel¹⁶ May¹⁶, Nellie¹⁶, Fred¹⁶, Frank¹⁶, and Grace. Several of them died in childhood.

H.—Lucy Bigelow², born January 17, 1834; died at Cameron, Mo., Sept 24, 1872. She married Arthur C. Burbank of Limerick, Maine, in 1859. They were both successful teachers for many years. Prof. Burbank died at Galihen, Mo., June 2, 1802. Child: Linnie²³, born May 11, 1802; married Samuel C. Scott of Pittsburg, Pa., Oct., 1886, Children: Thuristane⁴¹, Arthur B.³¹, John³¹, and Euclein³¹.

III—Enoch Smith? born March 26,1836; was a soldier in the war of the rebellion, and died in the U.S. General Hospital in Montpeller-Vermont, Oct 1, 1865. He had an honorable record as a soldier. IV-Susannah S.9, born April 11, 1839; married F. M. Kimball, (See 1865) Kimball History.) September 27, 1863. He was a soldier in the war and was discharged from the service with the rank of Captain. Jan. 1, 1869, after a continuous service of over seven years. He was twice wounded in battle. Now resides in Topeka, Kansas. Business, secretary of the Etna Loan Company, Children: 1, Carl Willis10, born August 26, 1867, in Lawrenceville, Virginia. cated at St. James Military Academy, Macon, Missouri. Married December 31, 1896, Jennie Shepherd of Willsboro, N. Y. He is in business with Austin Kimball & Co., fruit dealers, New York City. Child: Richard Shepher.111 (See No. 11, K.F.N.), born Decem-10, 1897. 2, Mary Gertrude¹⁰, born May 9, 1870; died December 11. 1870. 3, Claude Frederick born May 27, 1873. Educated at Wesleyan College, Cameron, Missouri. 4. Maud Louise¹⁰, born December 22, 1877. Educated at College Sisters of Bethany, Topeka, Kansas, and resides with her parents.

V—Wheatley Perry⁹, born September 29, 1840; died May 11, 1859. He was a young man of promise.

VI—Abigail Smith*, born Angust 7, 1842; died December 23, 1892; married Amasa W. Carpenter of Cabot, Vermont, March 2, 1846. He was a soldier in the late war, and died June 14, 1892. They resided for the most part in Cameron, Mo. Children: 1, Horace*, born in 1868 an I died when about eight years of age. 2, Alfred W.** born March, 1870; died April 7, 1897. 3, Frank Nelson**, borniassa City, Missouri, 4, Evelyn** born April 16, 1879.

VII—Joseph Tristam⁹, born July 24. 1850; was a farmer and stockman



for many years in Nebraska. Now resides in Denver, Colorado. VIII-Frank Perry⁹, born Jane 27, 1853; married at Cameron, Mo., Annie Payne, September 27, 1873. Heita railroad engineer. Resides at Thomaston, Michigan. Children: Fred¹⁹ and Kate.

(V) ELIJAH PERRY* [Anthony Benjamin6 Mehitable5 Abraham4 Benjamin3 Richard² Henry Scott¹] Obediah² William1), born in Cabot, Vt., March 30. 1800; married Abigail F. Hovt, November 24, 1836. She died of consumption December 2, 1546. Their married life was very happy. Married 2d, Martha B. Coburn, June 2, 1847. In early life he became a clerk in the mercantile firm of Scott and Palmer of Cabot, Vt. A few years later he and his brother-inlaw, Joseph Hoyt bought out the business, and the firm of E. Perev & Co. continued for many years, adding to it other business enterprises, flouring mill, saw mill, etc. He was a member of the Congregational Church, and an earnest worker in the Church and Sunday School. Was highly respected by everyone. He died comparatively a young man. September 26, 1864. His widow, Martha B. died November 24, 1803.

CHU DREN.

I—Charles Henry*, born July 4, 1840; received an Academic education, and was employed during the vacations in his father's store. When the Civil War broke out, he enlisted in the Fourth Vt. Regt., September 1, 1861. He was a brave and faithful soldier, and fell in battle, while fighting for his country, at Cold Hurbor, Virginia, June 1, 1864, and was buried on the battlefield.

II—William Allen⁹ (a) born March 30 1845; received a good education, imhibed a spirit of patriotism, and like his brother, entered the army in defense of his country.

lle was a member of the First Vermont Brigade Band. mained with the army until September, 1863, when he was discharged on account of sickness. He returned to Cabot, Vt., and engaged in mercantile pursuits until 1867, then emigrated west and pursued the same business at Plover and Steven's Point, Wis., until his death, which occurred April 24, 1880. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church. He married in 1866. Emma Leonard of Royalton, Vt. They had three children; Abbie N¹⁰, Fred W.¹⁰, and Leonard¹⁰. Abbie married in December, 1891. Howard M Whiting of Des Moines Iowa. They reside in Portland, Fred is also married and resides in Des Moines, lowa, He is manager of a weekly newspaper called "The Record". Leonard is married and lives in Portland, Oregon. He is a printer by trade. The widow of William Allen married Edward Cowles and also resides in Portland.

III-Joseph Francis9 (b) born March 30. 1-45, being the twin brother William Allen. When not in school, he was employed in his fatter's store. At the death of his father, he and his brother William conducted the business for several years, the partnership dissolving in 1867. He sold out in 1870, and removed to Red Wing. Minn. In August, 1873 he again engaged in mercantile business with his brother at Stevens Point. Wisconsin, which continued for several years. He then went to Minneapolis, Minn., where he now resides. Is book-keeper and cashier for a large mortgage and brokerage firm. Is a member of the Presbyterian church. . He married on December . . .



Lizzie P. Swett of Limerick, Me., a lady of rare worth. Children: Elikanah Swett¹⁶ and George Francis¹⁶, twins. born March 15, 1878; died in infancy. Chester Swett¹⁶, born November 11, 1879. He lives with his parents, and is a very bright and promising voung man.

IV—Abbie M.⁹, born in Cabot Vermont. September 23, 1548. Was a very lovely child. Died November 9, 1862. Her death was a great blow to her parents.

(VI)SUSANNAH PERRYÄ(Anthony? benjamin' Mehitable Kimball' Abraham' Benjamin' Richard' Henry Scotti] Ursula² Martha Whotlock) bora April 30, 1811, in Cabot, Vt.: married October 9, 1822, Ames Walbridge, born May 15, 1810; died July 29, 1843. She died December 22, 1891. She resided all of her life in the town of her birth, and was a devotel christian mother. CHILDERN.

1-John W. Walbridge, born October 28, 1833; married Mary Jane Stone of Cabot, June 9, 1861, who died about 1880; married 2d. Mary Mar-I'n Hubbell, August 3, 1:-1. who died April 1, 1584; married 3d, Etta Gilkerson of Greensboro, Vt., Jan. 24, 1885. He is a prosperous farmer and resides in (abot. Children: I, Edward Payson10, born February 17, 1865; married October 4, 1892. Linnie D. Foster, who was born November 9, 1870. Children: Maidena Eisiell: born December 13, 1893. and Morris Edward⁶¹ born July s. 1896. Edward Payson10 is a thrifty young farmer, and in connection with his father-inlaw Mr. Foster, has become quite celebrated as a manufacturer of a fine quality of maple sugar. Resides, Cabot. 2, Fred W. ", born

Dec. 1, 1866; married March 7, 1894.

Nellie D Hale of Cabot, who was

born July 18, 1874. He died June

16, 1897. 3, Carrie¹⁰, born June 7, 1882; died April 1, 1884. 4, Harry¹⁷ born October 17, 1886.

H-Mary Vinal Walbridge, born Jan 28, 1834; died December 19, 1869 married Geo. T. Hazen of Hartford, Vt , March 16, 1860, and resided in Hartford until her death. Children: 1, Charles Herbert1". born July 18, 1861. He married Ada Shattuck of East Landair. N. H., May 5, 1884. Children: Ralph William born June 19, 1836. Allen Eugenell, born Dec. 7, 1899. Residence Hartford. Hattie Jane¹⁰, born July 13, 1863. in Hartford; died August 1890. Allen Walbridge¹⁰, born Oct. 3, 1865; married Fannie Calista Harvey, of Cabot, November 6. 1881. Children: Louise Maryll, born October 15, 1891, Paul Harvev H born May 2, 1897; both in Saratoga, N. Y.

III—Don Carlos Walbridge⁹, born Feb. 5, 1838; enlisted in the Seventh Vermont Regiment, and died in Pensacola, Florida, Nov. 27, 1862. He was a brave soldier and gave his life for his country.

IV—Susan Amelia Walbridge⁹, born 'April 12, 1840; died April 2, 1866.

V-Allen A. Walbridges, born April 2. Received a commercial education, went west in the spring of 1866, and engaged in mercantile business in Madison, Wis. After a few years he removed to Beloit, Wis., where he still resides following mercantile pursuits. He has always been an active business man, finding some time. however, to give to the cause of temperance and other social and moral reforms. He married Sarah Jane Harvey of Cabot, November 17, 1869, who died January 27, 1890; married 2d, Mrs. Sarah Ruth Strope, January 8, 1804, of Madison. Wis., Children: 1, Mary



Minnie19, born Sept. 6, 1870; married Dr. F. W. Adamson of Mil. waukee, Sept. 13, 1894, and died December 2, 1895, leaving a young child. She was an excellent young lady, and her death was a very sad affliction to her many friends. 2, Fannie Rose¹⁰, born July 29. 1872; graduated from the State University at Madison, and has been a teacher for several years in the High School at Beloit with marked success, 3, Carrie Susan16 born Sept. 30, 1873; graluated from the Madison High School and has been a successful teacher for several years. 4, Allen Harvey10 born March 6, 1876. 5, Ernest Lucien19, born June 17, 1877. Received a good business education, and for several years has been a traveling salesman for the firm of G. F. Harvey & Co., of Saratoga, N. Y.

Mrs. Walbridge also descended from the Perrys. Her grandfather on her mother's side being Calvin Perry, and lived in Canton, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. and died in 1811. His wife was a Miss Felton from Boston, who died soon after her husband. They left two children. Theodotia, born 1803, the mother of Mrs. Waibridge; and Calvin born about 1810, Calvin died in Texas, date unknown. His father, Calvin, who was the grandfather of Mrs. Walbridge, was one of twelve children of Phineas Perry and Hester Gates. They lived in northern N. Y The names of the twelve children were Justus. Daniel. Thomas, Hannah, William, Luther, Luke, Lucretia. Calvin, Martha, Heman, and Phineas. I very guadly leave it for some one else to trace this branch of the Perry family.

(VII) CHARLES C. PERRYS ([An-

thony⁷ Benjauin⁶ Mehitable Kimball³ Abraham⁴ Benyauin⁵ Richard² Henry Scottl O'Andinla⁵ Williamin⁴ born August 15, 1813, in Cabot: married June 7, 1840, Abigail Washburn Wabbridge, who was born April 7, 1817. He died June 4, 1881, and his wife died December 2, 1884. They resided in Cabot all their married life. A kind neighbor and a christian man.

CHILDREN.

I—Helen Maria Perry⁶, born November 30, 1841; married G. Cordova Hatch, November 28, 1867; ided, after a long and paintul illness, borne with Christian fortivude. May 13, 1896. Mr. Hutch is a merchant. Residence, Cabot, Child: Charles Perry³⁶, born March 19, 1875.

II—Ames Boyd Perry³ born June 2, 1845: married September 3, 1874. Elizabeth Jane Glichrist, who was born September 29, 1831, in MeIndoe Falls, Vt. Mr. Perry is a prospercus merchant, and was postmaster several terms. Resides in McIndoe Falls. Children: Mabelle Louise¹⁰, born Nov ember 27, 1835, a very interesting and intelligent young lady. Virginia Elizabeth¹⁰, born April 2, 1830.

III-Mary Louise Perry9, born April 20, 1849; married October 4, 1870. Charles James Bell of Walden. Vt , who was born March 10, 1845. He is an extensive farmer, and engages largely in the manufacture of maple sugar and dairy products. He is president of the National Grange: served several terms as State Senator; also as Railroad Commissioner, and is at present a member of the State Board of Agriculture. Mrs. Bell is a noble christian woman, and their home is a happy one. Children: 1. Adine Mercillio, born May 15, 1574. Has been teaching several years with signal success.



Jennie Bellio, born June 29, 1876. She is her father's secretary and treasurer of the creamery plant. The Bell farm is in Waldon, Vt.; post-office, East Hardwick.

ALLEN ([Anthony? Benjamine Mehitables Abrahamis Benjamins Richards Henry Scotts] Obadiah⁵ William¹) born in Cabot, October 29, 1815; married November 19, 1846, Almira O. Philpot, of Limerick. Maine, who was porn March 12, 1820. Her mother was Martha Perry. descendant of Obadiah Perrys, Mr. Perry died November 24, 1889. was a useful and influential citizen and held many town offices in Cabot. He was town clerk for many years, and his worthy and efficient wife rendered him great assistance in the performance of the duties of that office. Since his death Mrs. Perry has resided among her people in Limerick, Maine, where she still makes her home. No children. Both members of the Methodist Church.

(VI) NATHANIEL PERRY, another son of Capt. Benjamin' settled at Cabot, Vt., and left many descendants and I would nominate Mrs. Harriett Perry Goodwin of Minneapolis, Minn., as a suitable person with time and ability. to write up that branch of the family F. M. KIMBALL.

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Chicago Tribute to the Dead

Impressive services were held in Chicago, November 13, at the dedication of a monument to the memory of those of the First Regiment who gave their lives in the late war. Among these was Private Engene B. Kimball son of the Chicago banker. Eugene S. Kimball. This young hero left a home possessed of all the comforts that wealth can afford, and as many others did, accepted manfully all the hardships of a soldier's life. He was yet a boy, not entered upon man's estate, but when disease came in the midst of duty, refused to yield, and marched when he should have been in the hospital. He was able to reach home however, under his father's care when the war was over, but it was then too late. and his name was one on the Roll of Honor. The addresses at the shaft on this occasion were by some of Chicago's most eminent men, including Dr. Thomas and Bishop Fallows, and were not only eloquent but affecting.

HILTON HALL. REPRESENTE

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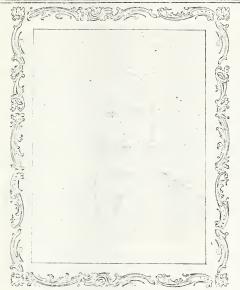


Kimball Family Hews.

Topeka, Kansas, January, 1899.

Vol. II, No. 1.

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EDWIN A. KIMBALL.
DIED CHICAGO, NOVEMBER 13, 1808.

(Family History page 903, also Family News. December, 1895.)

Edwin Alonzo Kimball was born in Orange, N. H., Novemter 21, 1834, the youngest of nine children, one of whom died in



infaucy. His father died when he was less than seven years old. He was thus left to the care of his mother, a daughter of Deacon Benjamin Fowler. She was a woman of remarkable talent and left her impress upon both children and grandchildren.

The Fowler and Kimball families were early united. Joseph Fowler came to America in 1634, and with his father settled in Ipswich, Mass., and after Richard Kimball went from Watertown to Ipswich, sold him forty acres of land and married his daugh-

ter, Martha Kimball.

This Orange home was one of those rugged mountain farms where hard work and rigid economy are required to insure a livelihood. The parents had succeeded in educating the eldest son, a deaf mute, a victim of scarlet fever, and four of the older children had left the family home while another four remained. Of these, two were boys of ten and seven years respectively. To manage this rough farm with these two small boys was the problem before this brave mother. But she solved it although new responsibilities were soon added in the care of grandchildren. Lucinda Fowler Kimball was a woman of tireless energy with a mind as active as her little body. She was well read in the standard books of the day, familiar with English poets and given to apt quotations. These often excited an interest in the young people and sent them rummaging in the old attic for books packed away in boxes and trunks for the want of room elsewhere. Her love for the beautiful found its best expression in her flower garden which was always the wonder of the neighborhood. She was a masterful teacher and guide, seldom ever using the rod. She was one of the early reformers in many ways. The children and grandchildren under her care were led and not driven. When they were made to hate slavery and intemperance and all immorality, there was no galling of the silken threads that led them on. There were no stern lectures and forbidding rules. There were pictures and examples held up to view as worthy to be copied and followed, but how or why they appeared was not apparent. This, some of us learned in after years and we have often thought hers a very admirable system of character building.

That country school district was on the watershed between the Connecticut and Merimac rivers. It joined the town of Groton, where so many of Hopkinton Kimballs had settled and from which many went to Elgin Illinois. 'See Fam. Hist. p. 171. Samuel and his descendants, including Joseph and his large family, mostly girls, page 323, ancestor of Colonel Dyer, Dr.

Alfred K. Hills, and many others.

It is recalled that in this school not a family indulged in liquor or profanity and every boy in the school was free from these vices.



Such were the influences under which Edwin Kimball grew toward manhood. He was by nature ethical, and his environment strengthened his moral convictions. His puritanical inheritance sometimes made him show an intolerance which was really foreign to his nature. Unfortunately he was almost entirelywanting in that tact, so predominant in his mother. While he might refrain from speech he could not conceal his contempt of all that was unmanly. It was this want of tact, that, under other circumstances, might have resulted more seriously in his

war experience as related below.

But withal he was a lover of exact justice. An incident in our early school life will illustrate this. He was some twelve or thirteen years old. As above intimated that school was a model of morality. There was not a bad or vicious pupil in it. There had never been a case of serious trouble or disobedience. The teacher, Osborne by name, was new, and as he afterwards explained had been g rossly and maliciously misinformed. It was near the close of the first day of the winter term. The writer of this sketch was sitting quietly at his desk close to the opposite wall, when suddenly a heavy ruler struck the partition and fell at his feet. Looking up he was ordered to take it to the teacher's desk. Then others were called up until a line of ten or twelve was formed, the writer at the head and Edwin Kimball at the foot. He was the largest in the line. Commencing at the head each one was then given a few stinging blows on the palm of the hand. Not one had the least idea why it was done. Reaching Edwin, at last, the teacher did not ask for his hand, but did ask if he thought he could obey the rules of the school if he was not feruled. To this Edwin replied in effect, that the pupils of that school had always been obedient; that not one of those he had just punished knew why it was done, and that if they deserved it he did also, and thereupon held out his upward palm. No blow was given and the school was dismissed. Later on that teacher was grieved enough at the mistake he made.

A few years later Edwin Kimball, who had developed more or less of mechanical genius, went to Winchester, Mass., the home of his eldest brother Ozro, (No. 1999, p. 901) where he entered a machine shop. Here he served his time, and acquired much of that skill that afterward served him so well.

About the time he had finished his apprenticeship the Kansas struggle began and he was one of the first to reach Topeka. Here he remained a short time, and there being few open-

ings for his trade he returned to the east.

In 1859 he married Miss Emma M. Alexander of East Canaan, N. H. Sne was born in Vermont, but had left that state with her mother upon a second marriage. About this time severil young women, who have since become well known were becoming prominent. Among these were Gail Hamilton, Har-



riet E. Prescott now Mrs. Spofford, with a warm place in the hearts of Ips wich people, Ellen Louise Chandler, now Mrs. Moulton. Miss Wetherell had published her Wide Wide World and Miss Maria Cunmins, the Lamplighter; and Edna Dean Proctor of New Hampshire had compiled Henry Ward Beecher's Star Papers. To these might be added Emma M. Alexander, whose fugitive poems and stories had appeared in the leading journals, but whose light was soon to go out, as well as Anna Douglass Green, (Marian Douglass, Fam. Hist. p. 551) and our own Harriet

McEwen Kimball (p. 686.)

The marriage of Miss Alexander promised to increase her literary usefulness. Edwin had a good position in Boston. He was a man of fine personal appearance, cultivated and refined. His tastes were literary and musical. He was a member of the Handel and Haydn and other societies. He not only enjoyed but improved the advantages offered by these associations, and this enabled the young wife to also profit by them. But she soon fell a victim to consumption and died at her old home in East Cannan in the fall of 1860. She was an ideal poet. The calmness with which she regarded death is distinctly recalled. She knew it was near, but the changing autumn tints of the mountain forests were as charming as ever, even though typical of her own existence. She had ordered her burial robe in advance, and on one occasion shortly before the end, showing it to a friend, said, "Is it not beautiful?"

A year or two later brought on a somewhat unusual war experience, one incident in which not only throws some light on his own character, but illuminates again the discrimination, if not the sympathetic nature of President Lincoln.

Perhaps the following letter written by Mr. Kimball to Sarah Louise Kimball of San Francisco, only a few months before his death will afford the best introduction to this period. He writes:

free by the Family History (p. 810) that your father was a hero in the Civil War, and you may wonder why my war record was so short I will explain briefly. I enlisted at Boston in the Engineer Corps. Suppers and Miners. under Capt. J. B. McPherson (afterwards killed in Tennessee), regular army, all officers graduates of West Point - Before the war there were only two companies. "A" and "B", composed of 150 men each, with 30 sergeants, and 30 corporals. Those two companies were composed of a lot of toughs: drunkards, criminals and others too lazy to work. Congress passed an act increasing the corps by two companies, "t" and "D". The sergeants and corporais of those companies were supposed to be taken from the ranks of enlisted men, but in fact many of the old men from Companies "A" and "B" were put into those places. I was sent to West Point for a time to drill and wait orders. While there I saw in the barracks several soldiers who were under arrest for drunkeness, and had quite an experience with that class of soldiers. We were soon sent to Washington, where one of them was reduced to the ranks for drunkeness, order read by Lieutenant Weitzel. (afterwards General Weitzel) before the whole battalion. On one of our campaigns to Harper's Ferry one of our Sergeants was so drunk we had to



put him into the baggage car with our bridge material-carried him as freight. We put a bridge across the Potomac for Bank's army, 20,000 mento cross over into Virginia, then returned to Washington, loaded a lot of bridge material, batteaux, boats, etc., upon steamers to go down the river to Fortress Monroe: but previous to that the "Young Napoleou," G. B. McClellan started out on a campaign to meet the enemy somewhere beyond Fairfax Court House; we found some wooden cannon but the enemy had been gone several days, so we marched up the hill and down again, Well one night I was detailed for one of our steamers, and for "Corporal of the Guard" we had Corporal Thompson a drunken Irishman and when we went on guard he could barely walk. It was raining at the time and the deck of the boat was running with water. My detail would come about ten o'clock, it was then about seven o'clock. and I wanted to get a little sleep before my beat came, so I took several bridge planks from a pile or deck and laid them on the floor of the deck to keep me out of the sheet of water flowing over it. The Corporal made me put the plank back on the pile again, saying. "If you always get so good a place as that to sleep on you will be lucky." I was angry all the way through and not in a mood for sleep, when my beat came at ten I was so hot that the per-sistent rain failed to cool me, and I mused while the fire burned and the rain pattered on my rubber blanket, and I asked myself how I could stand that sort of thing for three years, to be ordered about by men (?) whom I would not look at if I were at home. Before morning I formulated my plan, and when I went to the barracks for my rations I took time to write a note to the Secretary of War, Edwin M. Stanton, saying that I enlisted to serve the country and not to have my life wasted through the influence of drunken men, and asked for a transfer Into a Volunteer Regiment. The post boy was just going to the city for mail and I gave my letter to him, so I knew there would be no miscarriage. Afterwards we went down the river to Fortress Monroe and up through Hampton to "Cornwallis Plain" before Yorktown, where we camped: soon after the floods came, and we lived and moved in mud. Then an order came from the War Department for me to report at headquarters at once, so I left my beloved comrades and alone wended my way back to the Fortress and via Baltimore by boat to Washington. That was one day after the Merrimac and Monitor had their fight. Through the influence of a congressman and an interview with Lincoln I got my discharge, so now you see why I missed being a hero.

Here is a bare statement of facts. Very little has been said of the real grievances that led to the writing of the letter to Secretary Stanton, and nothing in detail of the interviews with President Lincoln.

In postscript he says:

I inherited from my mother an undying disgust for the drink habit, and a hatred of strong drink, so that surroundings of this sort made it hell for me.

Reference has been made to his want of tact. He had no tact, possibly no desire to conneal this disgust. He could not, at least did not, fail to show the contempt he felt for his carousing comrades. As a private the officers of the company were able to heap upon him impositions that were unendurable. Advantage was taken of this power, and no doubt the position was a "hell" to him.

There must have been something unusual in that letter to Secretary Stanton to elicit a reply. Strange that it was not cast



aside thoughtlessly. The first interview with the stern Sccretary led to the conclusion that nothing could be done. He was in the regular army. He did not seek a discharge but a transfer to some volunteer regiment. He did not seek to evade the service or shirk any duty. The Secretary expressed his sympathy and suggested that he see the President. At first the interview with President Lincoln was hardly more promising. He asked what were the views of Mr. Stanton and then remarked that the Secretary knew better than he did as to what could be done without detriment to the service. The President was then asked if the decision was final that he should return to his company. He supposed it was.

"Then," said Edwin, "I may as well be arrested at once as a deserter, for I will never rejoin that company. Death is far preferable." President Lincoln became interested, and asked for his story, the grounds for his complaint, his former business, and how he came to enlist. These were all stated in sufficient detail and another interview appointed. The President called in the aid of the Member of Congress referred to, and made investigation, the result of which was the conclusion that he was of far more service to the country making fire arms than in using them, and so a full discharge was given him, and he returned to become superintendent of the Spencer Arms Company.

After the close of the war his business career was somewhat varied. At one time he was superintendent of the Boston Globe Nail Company, and then of the Winchester Arms Company. At the time of the Turko-Russian war he was contractor for the Feabody-Martini Rille Company of Providence. R. I., and later became identified with the Domestic Sewing Machine Company of

of the latter city.

On January 17, 1863, Edwin Kimball and Clara B. Bryant were married in Boston and here two children were born, Edwin Raymond, Nov. 5, 1863, now on the editorial staff of the Chicago Times-Herald, and Clara Maud, born Nov. 5, 1867, married January 14, 1894, Edward Goldschmidt of the Chicago Electric Company. She is a trained musician, having the advantage of European study, and was a teacher in the University of Illinois. Courad B., the youngest son, was born in Providence, R. L., September 23, 1873, and is now an architect in Chicago. He too has great musical talent and ranks as a superior vocalist. All are graduates of the University of Illinois.

In 1873 Edwin Kimball removed to Danville, Illinois, where two brothers and two sisters had long resided, and where the mother died and was buried. The year following he was made instructor and superintendent of the mechanical department of the University of Illinois, at Champaign. Here he remained twelve years until the place was needed as a reward for political service within his own party. After this he was



appointed superintendent of the Illinois Industrial Home for the Blind, and after that was connected with the Western Electric Company until his death. Mrs. Kimball died nearly two years before. She was a bright, intelligent woman, a devoted wife and mother, a sincere christian woman whose good works

will live long in the memory of others.

Edwin Kimitall, as a friend writes, "was made of finer material than most of us, although he had his peculiarities." He was a lifelong student, fond of literature, of music, of art and of science. He loved his home and family and all that was good and true. He certainly did have some "peculiarities." Some puritanical ideas were a part of his inheritance, and some of these became softened with age. More of his mother's tact would often have saved him from annoyance, but his heart was big and in the right place. It had the tender quality of a woman's and never can be forgotten how tender on one occasion as the beautiful life of a precocious loved one slowly slipped away and into the unseen.

No one could have antipated the death of this strong and healthy man. He had scarcely ever known sickness. In every respect his life had been temperate and no one imagined that many years more were not to be his. He was only one of many who seem to have been suddenly taken off this season by the fatal pneumonia. He was the first of the five brothers to die a natural

death. Three before had met their death by accident.



Perhaps the following inscription, found on page 190 of "Epitaphs from the Old Burying Ground in Groton, Massa-chussetts," may furnish a fit item for the Family News At any rate I send it for your decision. S. A. G.

Lib. Mass. Hist. Society, Boston.

[Willow Tree and Urn.]
CHARLES HENRY,
SON OF HENRY AND
NANCY KIMBALL.
died March 21, 1837,
Let 4ys. and 6 ms.
This lovely bud, so young and fair,
Called hence by early doom,
Just come to see how sweet a flower,
In Parvalles would blow would

13000

Mrs. Annie Kimball Sloane of San Diego, Cal., (p. 1057) who has been giving lessons in music and voice culture in San Francisco, returned to her home for the holidays.



CATHERINE J. KIMBALL.

Catharine M. Kimball died in Bloomfield, N. J., Wednesday morning, December 21, 1898. She was the youngest daughter of the late Solomon S. and Emily Ann (Close) Kimball, and leaves behind many friends and relatives.

MRS. SOPHIA KIMBALL COOK.

At Eaton, Province of Quebec, December 23, 1898, Mrs. Sophia Kimball Cook, widow of the late James Cook, aged 73 years, 6 months and 20 days. (See page 521 Fam. Hist.)



MARRIED.

On December 29, 1898, Miss Mary E. Kimball, M. D., of Brookville, Pa., and Dr. Frank Chester Frisbie of Amsterdam, N. Y., were married at the bride's home, and the happy couple will settle down in Vermont for pactice of the profession to which both are devoted, and which was the profession of their respective fathers. The News extends all round congratulations. Mrs. Frisbic is a sister of Granville Kimball noticed elsewhere. (See July Kimball News, p. 126.

Oueries and Answers.

A correspondent writing to the Boston Transcript, which publishes a genealogical column every Wednesday, asks for the ancestry of Robert Kimball who married Susanna Atwood, and whose daughter Susanna married Lieut. Ebenezer Ayer.

See Kimball History, page 61, Robert Kimball¹ Benjamin² Richard¹, His mother was Mercy Hazeltine, page 45. He was born in Bradford, Mass., March 6, 1675, and died, Haverhill, Mass., Feb. 24, 1743. Susanna Kimball, born May 25, 1707, married Ebenezer Ayer, March 29, 1726.



The Christmas dinner under the auspices of the Kimball Mission, was one of the features of Christmas Eve at the City Hall. There was the usual supply of turkey and cramberry sauce with plenty of mince pie. Mrs. Kimball, who has charge of the mission, said that arrangements had been made to feed three hundred persons. After they had been supplied the residue went to the newsboys of the City Hall Park.—New York Tribune.



The late storms along the Atlantic Coast have brought into prominence, once more, the Life Saving Service of this nation the like of which is to be found in no other country.

The papers have been filled with accounts of the disasters, and of the value of the service. We note some of them: In "Collier's Weekly" for Dec. 24, there are pages of superbly illustrated matter on the subject, including a lengthy ballad by Julian Hawthorne. We give his introductory note to the same:

The Life-Saving Service of the United States was founded in 1871 by Summer I. Kimball, at that time head of the Revenue Marine Bureau of the Treasury Department. He secured appropriations from Congress, introduced scientific methods of saving lives and ships, drilled the men. built Stations at points within a few miles of one another from Maine to Florida, and along the shores of the Great Lakes, and effected such improvements that he got the entire country heartily at his back. The amount of property and the number of lives sayed, from the outset, was most impressive. In 1874 he prepared a bill to extend the work, to bestow medals upon deserving life-savers, to collect and tabulate statistics of marine disasters, and to determine what points on the coast were specially liable to maritime calamities. He caused life-boats to be selected for particular regions with a view to their fitness for meeting the conditions there existing: he investigated the merits of various inventions in the way of guns for shooting lines to wrecked vessels and of life-cars and other devices for bringing persons from the wreeks to the shore. Finally the Bureau was separated from the Treasury Department and set up in business for itself.

Our Life-saving is now unique among nations. The greater part of our coast being practically uninabited and deserted, and in many places very dangerous to navigators, there was need that it should be sedulously watched. The entire stretch of coasts, about ten thousand miles in extent, is now parolled daily during the stormy season, and no wreek can occur without being promptly reported, and all possible means taken to minimize loss. The men are perhaps the most thoroughly drilled, intelligent and efficient body in the world, and constant inspection and encour-

minimize loss. The men are persaps the most thoroughly drilled, itselfgent and efficient body in the world, and constant inspection and encouragement of the worthy maintain them at this high level. The Station buildings are commodious and well-kept, and stored with whatever can be a face in the service, or productive of benefit in educating the most leading to the service of the service of

The following is the closing stanza of the ballad:

And now the gale is overpast, and peaceful soars the morn; The sliding rollers slink ashore their locks of terror shorn; They whine around the shattered wreek, like wolves balked off their prey, Their ruthless maw is all unfed, their victims snatched away. And many thousand sailor-folk, and other folk likewise.



Have looked on death and 'scaped' him since stout Kimball's brave emprise. All honor then to Kimball, who made the service be— Who fashioned it, and furnished it and matched it 'gainst the sea!

And honor, gratitude and love to Kimball's trusty men-

The Life-Savers! Long may they live, and live in fame again!

From the Detroit Free Press:

Our life-saving system has been brought to its present plane of usefulness by the untiring efforts of its general superintendent, Summer I. Kimball. Prompted by a humane feeling for the good of the mariner, urged by the impulses of philanthropy in the very face of disconragements, the founder of this splendid service has brought about a complete and systematized organization. The United States today stands paramount to all nations as to its elaborate organization of a life-saving service, the won lerful achievements of which have made it renowned throughout the world.

The New York Nation of December 8, says:

The severe storms along the Atlantic coast during the past fortnight have furnished an object-lesson as to the value of civil-service reform. The bright side of the dreadful story has been the uniformity with which every report from whatever quarter has recorded the remarkable efficiency of the Life-Saving Service. From station after station have come thrilling accounts of the courage, persistence, and success with which the men in this service did all that human force could accomplish to save the lives of those who had been wrecked. There was nothing exceptional in all this. It was simply the maintenance of a standard which was established long ago, and which enabled the superintendent of this service to state, in his recent report, that during the last fiscal year more than 3,000 persons were brought safely to shore from more than 400 vessels which had fallen into peril, while only 12 persons on all these vessels were lost. The Life-Saving Service has been for a great many years under the charge of Mr. Sumner 1. Kimball, who enforced the principles of civil service law, and who has succeeded through many struggles and with great difficulty, in keeping his force out of the hand of spoilsmen, who have over and over again made desperate efforts to capture it. Its high state of efficiency is the best vindication of the merit system in our Government.

Our readers will be particularly interested in this number Collier's Weekly. Price 10 cents, to be had at news stands or at

the office of the publication, New York City.

Gen. S. I. Kimball is nephew of the venerable Mrs. Garvin, the oldest Kimball now living, mentioned in our December number.



Arthur Reed Kimball, (p. 540) has an article in a late number of the New York Independent on Yale College of which he is an alumnus. This New York Independent, by the way, has recently changed its form and is now a weekly magazine, equal to some of the \$3.00 monthlies, while its price is only \$2.00 a year, less than five cents a number.

2020

CORRECTION: - Page 195, December News. Reference should be to November, and not October News.



NOTES AND CORRECTIONS IN FAMILY HISTORY.

[EY S. P. SHARPLES.]

I notice F. M. Kimball seems to have got a little mixed up on page 201 of the Krijball News. Henry Scott and Martha Whotlock were of Suffolk County, England, not of northern England. Richard Kimball's wife, who died soon after he did, was Margaret Dow and not Ursula Scott, who was the mother of his children. We have no trace of the date of death of Ursula and I have always thought it strange that not one of her sons named a child for his mother. And among the many thousands of her descendants so far as I have heard there is not a single Ursula. This may have arisen in the first place from the fact that the name was a popular one in the Catholic Church and was not a Bible name. The tradition being that Saint Ursula was a martyred virgin. Hence the Ursuline convents are those devoted to the education of girls.

Page 65—Sarah Kimball m. Caleb Pillsbury Jr.; b Newbury, Mass., 1717; d. Amesbury, Mass., 1778. Son of Micajah Pillsbury, b.1761, Amesbury, Mass.; d. Sutton, N. H., 1801; m. 1751, Sarah Sarjent, Son, Stephen Pillsbury, b. Amesbury, Mass., 1781; d. Londonderry N. H., 1831; m. Lavinia Hobart in 1-16, daughter of Josiah Hobart of Hingham, Mass. Son, Josiah Pillsbury b. Hebron, N. H.; m. Elnorah Pervere.

Page 317—William Gray Kumball, m. Dec. 4, 1822, Hannah Bradbury, not Bradley. She died Feb. 19, 1853. She was the daughter of Daniel and Elizabeth (Lunt) Bradbury of Haverhill. Mass. Daniel Bradbury fought in the Revolutionary War. At the expiration of his term of service, which was at the close of the war, he received an honorable discharge from the hand of General Washington. For many years he was with Washington at the time he was president of the Cluted States.

Page 377—Add to the children of Dudley Kimball: Eliza Ann. b. Oct. 22, 1843; d. Aug. 16, 1895; m. April 6, 1837, Nathaniel Very. Child: Nathaniel A. Very; resides Salem Mass. Also Susan S., b. July 27, 1822; m. March 1842, William T. Richards.

Page 409-Lewis A, was b. March 5, 1809,

Page 409-Harmon was b. Dec. 19, 1813.

Pare 484—Chauncy G. Kimball, m. Feb. 13, 1839, Catherine Forbush, b. May 22, 1816; d: —. She married 2d, Dec. 11, 1867, William Mead.

CHILDREN.

 Josephine M., b. May 15, 1845; d. June 3, 1869; m. Sept. 26, 1865 Nathaniel Fraser.

ii. W. A. Kimball, F. April 25, 1856. Resides Cato. N. Y.

Page 577—Edward Kimball died 1839, not 1879. Betsey (Fowler) Kimbal m. 2d, March 4, 1871, Albert Holt of Pembroke, N. H.

Page 592-Henry Holyoke should be Edward Holyoke.

Page 700—Eliza Ann Kimball, b. Sept. 1, 1821; d. 1846, not 1840.

Page 734-Althea A., b. Dec. 28, 1848. Miranda S., b. April 10, 1850.

Page 886-Minnie Louisa Kimball m. — Alcorn and has six children. She lives at Boulder Creek, Santa Cruz Co., Cal.



Page 887-John Gibson Kimball, b. East Concord, not Hopkinton; d. Andover, Mass , July 28, 1895; m. Mary Josephine Perkins, b. May 4. 1838, dan, of Capt. Joseph and Saran Ann (Bracy) Perkins of Kennebunkport, Maine. Daughter Ada should be Addie. Mr. Kimball adopted a child to whom was given the name of Willis Norton Kimball, b. March 23, 1572. He married Helen Augusta, Lyons. They have two children: Gertrude Josephine, b. Jan. 19, 1891; and Doris May, b. May 5, 1896.

Page 1011-Althea A. Kimball Murphy now resides at Enid, Oklahoma, where her husband is a wholesale grocer.

Page 1021-Children of Fred A. Kimball and Nellie Davis.

i. Anna Beatrice, b. June 12, 1889.

Gordon Frederick, b. Nov. 25, 1890.

iii. Helen Monernia, b. May 18, 1892.

Page 1109-Luther W. Kimball and Martha D. Larrabee had a son Edwin. b. April 6, 1840; m. Jennie Walden. He lives at Walnut Creek, Contra Costa. Cal. His son Clarence E. is a draper and is with Bare Brother's furniture dealers, San Francisco, Cal.

Page 1124-George Ezra Kimball studied medicine and was graduated in N. Y. City in 1851. Resides in Iowa City, Iowa. He has retired from practice and is engaged in nursery business.

Page 1126-Charles Henry Kimball is in the nursery business at Iowa City, lowa.

BY SARAH LOUISE KIMBALL, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Page 344-(344) George Washington Kimball m. Lucretia Amazeen, a Greek. Their son, G. W. Kimball, Jr., m. Caroline Miriam Barrett.

> i. Adelia Barrett Kimball, b. Feb. 25, 1839, Camden, Maine; m. Sept. 28, 1863, John Schott. He died, but she is living at Antioch, Cal. Children: I. Louisa Amazeen Schott, b. Nov. 5, 1864, San Francisco: living, in 1868, with mother at Antioch, Cal. 2. George Ludwig Schott, b. June 28, 1867, near Antioch. Cal. Franklin Tuthill Schott. b. March 30, 1873, near Antioch; member of the class of '99, Leland Stanford, Jr., University, Palo Alto. Cal.

> ii Edgar Heela Kimball, b. May 15, 1845, Frankfort, Maine: m Delia Filkins Nov. 22, 1874. Children: 1 Edward Junior Kimball, b Sept. 21, 1875. Antioch, Cal. He enlisted in June 1899, in the first Cal. Vol. Regt. Co. A, and sailed for Manila July 24, 1898. 2, Sarah Maria Kimball and Caroline Louisa Kimball, b. March 16, 1884, near Antioch.

Another Kimball cousin is Mrs. M. Alcorn, Boulder Creek, Santa Cruz Co., Cal., niece of Mrs. Sophronia (Kimball) Neal, of St. Paul. Minn., (p. 579) and whose father was a cousin of Sam Clifford, all of Sugarball, N. H. (See p. 886, No. 1958, her father.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Page 896-(1938) James Ingalls Kimballs (Netson James James Jeremiah David³ Benjamin² Richard¹) b. Apr. 6, 1833; d. Nov. 30, 1893; m^{*} Oct. 16, 1855, Louise Woodar I, b. Dec. 29, 1832; d. Oct. 20, 1892. Resided at East Dunham. P. Q.

i. James Burtor9, b. Jan. 12, 1860.

 Harold⁹, b. Aug. 30, 1861; d. Nov. 1861. iii Hartley Fenwick, b. Sept. 27, 1862.



- iv. Herman Nelson, b. Meh. 20, 1864.
- ν, Emma Louise, b. May 22, 1866, vi. Jamin Orlin9, b. Dec. 10, 1867.

James Burton Kimball born Jan. 12, 1860, at East Dunham, P. Q. Married Dec. 25, 1883, Emma M. Kathan of West Brome, P. U.: removed to Enosburg Falls, Vt., in 1886, where he now resides, and is senior partner in the firm of Kimball Bro's & Co., manufacturers and wholesale dealers in Proprietary Medicines, etc.

CHILDREN.

Harold Burton10, b. Aug. 29, 1885.

Wealthy Louise10, b. April 4, 1888.

Hartley Fenwick Kimball, born a: East Danham, P. Q., Sept. 27, 1862. married June 29, 1887, Margaret R. Gill of Abbotsford, P. Q.; died Aug. 14. 1889. Married 2d, Annie M. Gill of Granby, P. Q. He resided at Lawrenceville, P. Q. about ten years, where he was engaged in the mercantile business. His store and contents were burned by lightning in April, 1894, after which he removed to Granby, P. Q., where he now resides, and is at present traveling salesman for the Granby Rubber Co.

- Howard¹⁰ Fenwick, b. April 12, 1888.
- Marian Louise, b. Nov. 22, 1894.

iii. Douglas Gill, b. Feb. 8, 1897.

Herman Nelson Kimball, born March 30, 1864, at East Dunham, P. Q. Married September 15, 1886, Mary J. Wales at East Dunham, P. Q. They lived on the old homestead at East Dunham until 1896, when they removed to Enosburg Falls, Vt., where he is now engaged as a commercial traveller.

Lena Mildred¹⁹, b. Sept. 20, 1888.

il. Hazel Sophronia, b. Dec. 11, 1802.

Emma Louise Kimball, born at East Dunham, P. Q., May 22, 1835. Married Oct. 18, 1802, Lincoln Gleason. They are farmers and reside at East Dunham, P. Q.

CHILD.

Claire Kimball¹⁰, born May 25, 1895.

Jamin Orlin Kimball, born at East Dunham, P. Q., Dec. 10, 1867. Marriel Sept. 30, 180). Lina M. Trulean, of Sheldon, Vt. He came to Enosburg Falls, Vt., in 1880, where he now resides and is a member of the firm of Kimball Bro's & Co.

i. Anna Elizabeth, b. July 21, 1897.

Page 478-Abby Kimball' was born May 13, 1833, Rowley, Mass. Instead of being the fifth she was the eldest child of Elias Kimball and Abigail Hammond Kimball. She married Dec. 25, 1855, James Bradford Bradstreet, son of Nathaniel and Charlotte Bradstreet (Bradford) Bradstreet, born Feb. 21, 1830, Rowley, Mass.

i. John Francis Bradstreet, b. Nov 1, 1856, Rowley.

ii. Abby Jane Bradstreet, b. June 2, 1859, Rowiey. iii. Annie Clayton Bradstreet, b. Sept. 15, 1868 Rowley.

iv. Harry Hammond Bradstreet, b. Jan. 9, 1875, Salem, Mass.

Mr. Bradstreet's mother is a direct descendant from Geo. W. Bradford.



GRANVILLE KIMBALL.

Before the Late War and Since, His Trip Around the World. (Kimball Family News, p. 126.)

Granville Kimball does not appear in the Family History.

His father is incorrectly given on page 672. The correction is is made on page 126 of the family News.

He entered the United S ates navy Oct. 4, 1878. In that service he circumnavigated the world, traveling 52,896 miles. In brief, he visited Cape Verde and Maderia Islands, off the coast of Africa, around to Cape Good Hope, to Madagasca, the Johana Comoro Isles, Zanzibar, Aden (old) Island of Omas, Basarra. Turkev in Asia, Bombay, Point a Gaul, Cevlon, India, Parang-Malay, Singapore, Borneo, Manila, Hong Kong in China, Yokohoma in Japan. Fuesan in Corea, which port they opened to American commerce in 1879, then to the Sandwich or Hawian' Islands, then to Sau Francisco, and home by way of Cape Horn, calling at South American cities on the way and arriving at New York, Sept. 1, 1881. Then for five years he was engaged in the U.S. Coast Survey. In 1886 he left the navy and engaged in contracting business in connection with steam engineering, until the beginning of the late war with Spain. He then offered his services to the Government and on May 14, he was given a commission by President McKinley, as past assistant engineer with the rank of lieutenant, and assigned to the U.S. Steamer Leonidas as chief engineer. On this vessel he served during the short war, which was one of the fleet designed to attack Admiral Camara's if the war had continued.

The Leonidas was conveying the cruiser Maria Teresa which was on its way to the United States when it was abandoned in the great storm of November 1, and afterwards went ashore on Cat Island. Upon arriving at Norfolk, Engineer Kimbali ran up to Philadelphia to visit his mother and there met a represen-

tative of the Record from which we quote:

Mr. Kimball tells a thrilling story of the storm and its consequences Towards morning. November 1, the sea was very high and the wind blowing a gale. The Teresa would pitch and roll and dive down into the sea. The heavy soa caused her upper plates to wash loose and the water leaked in without difficulty. She had passed through the fire, her wood work burned out leaving her beams and plates a mass of twisted iron. He thinks Captain Harris did right to abandon the vessel, which he says was practically worthless, and only brought to this country as a matter of sentiment.

On November 16, Engineer Kimball was detached from duty on the Leonidas, at his own request, and returned to his home in Chicago. Here he found his family well, but as he writes. "was surprised and grieved to learn of the death of E.A. Kimbail, who had called at our home but a short time before, and no one knew he was ill."



DANIEL KIMBALL.

(Page 458, Family History,)

Daniel Kimball' (Leonard's Aaron's Richard's Richard's John's Richard's born in Grafton, Mass., Oct. 31, 1794; died at bowner Lanc'nne, (Hingham, Mass.) June 21, 1874; married Sept. 28, 1825, Louisa Kieth, daughter of Roy-

al and Deborah (Adams) Keith of Grafton.

The following sketch of the life of Daniel Kimball, of Boston. Mass., taken from his journat, is interesting because it shows the early life of a typical New England boy of the early part of the present century, and valuable as an example to the rising generation for what may be accomplished by industry, economy, temperance and strict integrity.

Daniel Kimball was the only son of Leonard and (Patty) Baird Kimball of Grafton. His parents moved to Barre, Mass., soon after his birth and his mother died in that place when he was two years of age. After his father's second marriage his home was first in North Sutton, Mass. and later in the south part of the same town, where his tather had a farm and also kept a hotel and a general store. "Bad debts" caused his father to discontinue business and remove to a farm in Greenwich, Mass. Young Daniel was then thirteen years old and the farm a hard, rough one to work. The district school was about two miles distant to which he went two of the winter months of each year. Before going to the school, in the morning, he was obliged to do "chores" about the house and barn, before breakfast, and afterwards to start for school in time to reach it at nine o'clock. At the noon recess he ate the suncheon he had brought with him and at the close of the afternoon school would start on the run for home when he had again to do his "chores." This was his routine of work and all the education he obtained while in Greenwich, with the exception of one or two fail terms at a private school, until he was seventeen years old when he went to work on his grandfather baniel Baird's farm, in Worcester, for sixty dollars a year and the privilege of attending school in the winter. In his journal he says when the time came for leaving home his clothes were put in a large handkerchief, his every day hat was put inside of his fur hat and both put on his head. He hung the bundle to the end of a stick and with it on his shoulder he bid farewell to parents, orotners and sisters, and left home in his seventeenth year never to return to reside with his parents. He walked the entire distance of thirty-two miles, to Worcester and arrived safely before sunset. He worked on his grandfather's farm, and in his tavern, until the expiration of the year when his father visited him and also for the purpose of collecting money from his employer. the salary due for Daniel's services. Owing to the scarcity of money his tather was obliged to take his pay in a yoke of oxen to square the account.

After his year with his grandfather Daniel worked for his nucle, Aaron Kimbail, in Grafton, and for his uncie Samuel Wood, who kept a tavern in the same town. His uncles gave him his board for his services and also allowed him to attend school. He also worked for Colonel Cyrus Leland and Joseph Bruce. When he was twenty years of age his father made him a visit and "gave him his time" and now, feeling that he was his own master he began to talk, as well as to think, about doing something besides farming for a living and he began to look for a situation in a country store. In the spring of 1-15, peace having been declared with England, his cousin Samuel Wood, (his uncle's son) hired him as head and only clerk in his "old red store" in Grafton, at a salary of one hundred dollars a year. He was quite well contented for several months with this situation when he began to think the ladder to success contained higher steps and he made up his mind to go to Charleston. S. C., and go into the wholesale produce and shoe business. His capital of only thirty-seven dollars would only suffice to pay his passage and expresses to Charleston: so he bought on, six months credit, a smill stock of butter and shoes.



which were shipped to Charleston on the big "Ant". Captain Sabin, he taking his passage on the same vessel, Oct. 16, 1816. Thus, he says, "I commenced without experience, without capital, and scarcely anyone whom I could call my friend, but I saw no other way but to go forward, for if I ever were to be anything or any body it must be done with individual efforts" He arrived safely in Charleston where he found a Grafton friend, who gave him the use of his store for his goods. He soon sold his butter. and later the shoes, at a small profit and then sought for a clerkship, which paid him eight dollars a month including his board and lodging in the store where he worked. At the close of the season he returned to Grafton and in the autumn of 1817, formed a copartnership with Paul Farnum and returned with him to Charleston. Their business did not prove profitable. Mr. Farnum relinquished his interest and Mr. Kimbail continued; but he confined the business to selling on commission and by making prompt remittances to his consignors, established a good credit. He continued for five years and, although he had gained but a few hundred dollars, he felt happy and encouraged. In 1871 he formed a copartnership with Tristram Tupper, of Charleston, to do a commission boot and shoe business, which was moderately successful and was continued until the summer of 1829 when the partnership was dissolved. Jan. 1, 1830, he formed a partnership with Paul Farnum to do a commission dry goods business in Boston. This continued for six years when Mr. Farnum withdrew and his brother. Peter Farnum, tiok his place. This partnership continued until July 1838, when it was dissolved. They went through the crisis of 1837 and paid all their debts, in full: although they were obliged to ask a short extension of some of their paper which was paid at maturity.

From 1828 to 1825 Mr. Kimball applied himself industriously to his dry goods commission business: having in the mean time admitted to partnership his son Daniel, and Albert Day. July 1, 1835, he retired from active business on account of his health which had became impaired by long and close application to business. His health was restored, by the relief from care and responsibility, and he made a southern journey with his wife and daughter, visiting his half brother Leonard Kimball of Habolochitto, Mis-

sissippi, whom he had not seen for nearly thirty years.

Mr. Kimball was elected a representative to the Massachussetts legislature of 1857 but declined a renomination for a longer term. He had always been a Whig and a Republican but took no active part in politics.

Although Mr. Kimbail had retired from active business in 15.5 he continued for ab art on years to rotain a silent instrest in the copartnership formed by the success rs of his firm. He had for many years been one of the owners of the Fitchburg Woolen Mils and took a deep interest in its success.

The latter part of Mr. Kimball's life life was spent in quiet retirement from the bustle of besiness and vet he kept in touch with eurrent affairs. As a member of the Old Scatt ('burch, of Beston, and as an earnest and practical christian he was always to be found, when wanted, willing to aid in helping a good cause without ostentations display. His journals noted down current events and family incidents; among the latter were descriptions of his journaps, by carriage, to visit his agred relatives in Worcester County, Mass.; the visit to his mother's grave, Barre, where he had a new marble headstone credeted to replace the old one; and gave a permanent order to have his father's and step-mother's headstones kept in good order in the Greenwich cemetery.

Until 1-72 he seldom had been onliged to call on the doctor, but now the indrinities of arge competed him to place himself under a physician's care. The summer of 1-73 he received so much benefit from living by the seaside that the following year he hired a cottage at Downer Landing. Himpham Harbor, where he intended passing the summer with his son Herbert, and his family, but soon after removing from Boston a recurrence

of his infirmity caused his death on June 21, 1874.



Rimball-Family Hews

Topeka, Kansas, February, 1899.

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NELSON FREEMAN KIMBALL.

Commander of the Department of Idaho G. A. R. Born Orange, N.H., April 26, 1843. Fam. Hist. p. 1057.

Nelson F. Kimball, the youngest brother of the editor of the News was born on the old homestead farm, as above stated, and there remained until fourteen years of age.

In the spring of 1857 he moved with his parents to Illinois, first to Kendall county and then to Danville, where several oth-



er members of the family then resided. Here he worked some on a farm, and then as a clerk of a coal mining company, of which Major Kirkland, afterwards a member of Gen. Geo. B. McClellan's staff, was the superintendent. In August. 1892, he enlisted as a private in Co. C. 125th Illinois Volunteer Infantry. After going through the usual routine of delay and preparation he found hunself in Louisville, where he was at the time of the tragic death of Gen. Nelson at the hands of Gen. Jeff. C. Dayis

at the Galt house.

· The brigade of which the 125th was a part was commanded by Col. Dan. McCook one of the illustrious fighting McCooks.and General Sheridan was division commander. The army left Louisville about the first of October, under the command of General Buell to operate against General Bragg. He received his baptism of fire on the cighth at the battle of Perryville. The army then marched to Nashville, where McCook's brigade was assigned to garrison duty, and Nelson was therefore not engaged in the sanguinary battle of Stone River. It was not until August, 1863, that they left Nashville to join the main army then commanded by General Rosecrans. He took part in the battles of Chickamauga, Sept. 17, 19 and 20, and afterwards in the struggle at Missionary Ridge and then followed the retreating enemy to Ringold. "From this point" he writes, "the division of Gen. Jeff. C. Davis, to which we had been assigned, upon the reorganization after Chickamanga was ordered to join the Fourth Corps in a forced march to Knoxville to the relief of General Burnside. Leaving camp preparatory to the battle of Mission Ridge, we were required to leave overcoats and blankets behind, but we were liberally supplied with ammunition before starting on the march-100 rounds to the man-and in point of pounds and ounces it meant much compared with the ammunicion in use at the present time. It was about Christmas time when we returned to Chattanooga and all in all it was perhaps the most trying month of our entire service. Clad only in summer apparel, without overcoat, or blanket, or tent for shelter or protection against storm or cold, making forced marches without regular rations, sleeping on the wet or frozen ground, marching all day in the rain and mud, laid the foundation for disease and death. I remember well one night wading through the water going to the designated camping ground, spending a night in an attempt to sleep with no tent, no blanket, no overcoat and in the early morning, when returning to the road to resume the march, instead of wading through the water I walked safely over it on the ice. After our return to Chattanooga, about Christmas, we remained in winter quarters until the opening of the campaign about the first of May, 1864. From this time until Sept. 1, it was a series of skirmishing, fighting and flanking. with hardly twenty-four hours at any one time during the four



months when we were beyond the reach of the artillery of the enemy and no considerable part of the time out of range of mus-The most severe engagements of the campaign in which I participated were at Resacca, Kenesaw Mountain and Jonesboro. After the latter battle we took about 3,000 prisoners, captured there, under guard to Atlanta. From this point we were hurried back to Huntsville and Athens, Alabama, to intercept cavalry raids but heavy rains, muddy roads and swollen streams prevented the accomplishment of great results. The road back to Atlanta had to be again marched but this time without fighting. As we approached Atlanta, the preparations for the march to the sea having been completed, and everything not required sent north, the line of communication was cut and the railroad completely destroyed. We reached Atlanta just in time to draw some much needed clothing and join Sherman in his march to the sea, made famous in song and story. On this campaign the weather was perfect, the marches easy, the roads of the best, water plentiful, and forage abundant, from which the army was expected to subsist, and not until we approached the outer works of Savannah was our progress impeded to any considerable extent.

"Early in January, 1865, the campaign through the Carolinas and the closing one of the war began. This was in midwinter, and while the rigors of the northern winters were not experienced, the rains that fell were as wet and the mud as muddy as elsewhere, and subsistence not so plentiful as in the former campaign. At Pentonville, March 17 and 18, was our last fight. A few dars later, March 25, while out with the regiment guarding a forage train, a body of confederate cavalry made a sudden dash and succeeded in capturing myself and one or two others. After being captured I was taken to Richmond, which I reached late Saturday night and spent the remaining hours in Libby prison; partook of a frugal Sunday morning breakfast and soon after the dinner hour, but without dinner, together with about a thousand others, went on board boats in waiting, the white flag of truce was hoisted and we steamed away down the river for our lines where we were turned loose. The next day Grant's troops entered Richmand while we took passage under our own flag for Annapolis, Md. Here we were treated to a bath and new clothes, and a few days later started for St. Louis. This prevented us from taking part in the march from Raleigh to Richwood and Washington and caused us to miss the grand review at the capitol and the final mustering out of our regiment at Chicago, but I was discharged in Springfield July 3, reaching home in Danville early in the morning of the fourth.

"I was promoted to the exalted position of corporal in the spring of 1853, and during the summer of 1854, while on the Atlanta campaign, was promoted sergeant for meritorious service.



Was never wounded nor in hospital. Nearly always ready for duty and rations. Never did anything to distinguish myself but always tried to do my duty and generally succeeded."

Nelson Kimball has natural business capacity. It was shown very early in life. After his return from the war he became connected with his uncles, Henry M. Kimball and Col. Wm. P. Chandler, in Danville. (See Fam. Hist. pp. 502-903.) When the latter was appointed U.S. Surveyor General of Idaho in 1878. Nelson accompanied him to the territory where he has since resided. For some years he was transcribing clerk, and afterwards chief clerk in the surveyor's office, resigning after about eight years public service. On October 2, 1882, he married Miss Sallie French a teacher in Boise City, daughter of Dr. French of Iowa. They have one child, Gilbert French Kimball, born Nov. 25, 1885. He now resides in Weiser where he was formerly engaged in milling, but is now in the ice business. He has been interested in mining and at one time controlled Huntington Ferry on Snake River.

From a sketch in the National Tribune of Dec. 8, 1898, we take the following: "He has always been public-spirited and liberal. He was a charter member of the first and only G.A.R. Post in Boise, where his membership remains. He was generous in assisting to build the Post hall. He has been constant in Grand Army work, filling nearly every office in his Post; and in the Department has served as Assistant Quartermaster-General and one term as Senior Vice' Department Commander. He was Aid on the staff of Commander-in-Chief Weissert in 1893".

He was elected commander of the Idaho Department G.A.R. at its last meeting.

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The California Genealogical Society now has 51 members, and Sarah Louise Kimball has been re-elected corresponding secretary.

The Kansas Society of the Sons of the American Revolution has 130 members. At the January meeting Ellwood Davis Kimball of Wichita, was elected one of the vice-presidents, and Gustavus Franklin Kimball of Topeka, one of the board of managers. Capt. Frederick Marius Kimball of Topeka, is also a member, and there are at least a score more of Kansas Kimballs who ought to be members.

Arthur Warren Kimball, son of Howard Kimball of Indianapolis, read the class poem at the graduating exercises of his class of ninety-nine, January 27. Not in History. See FAMIX NEWS, August, 1808, page 130. His father's number should be 2423a, page 1033 of History.



A Hills Family Reunion.

The reunions of the Hills Family are unusually interesting. The family dates back in this country like that of the Fowlers, to 1638, when Joseph Hills emigrated from Malden, Essex County, England, to Charlestown, Mass. His descendants are now very numerous, both as Hills and Hill. Among the notable reunions of the family was that held in July at the country home of Dr. Alfred Kimball Hills, at Hudson, N. H.



"ALVIRNE," COUNTRY HOME OF DR. ALFRED KIMBALL HILLS."

We have often referred to the notable Elgin family of Kimballs that went out from Hopkinton, N. H., and Groton, N. H. The leader of this movement was Joseph Kimball, who died unfortunately almost as soon as the settlement was made, as recorded on page 323 of the Family History. But he left two sons and six daughters all of whom became heads of families, many members of which have since become widely known.

The wife of Joseph Kimball was Nancy Currier, who lived fifty-three years a widow, and celebrated her one hundred and

first birthday a short time before her death in 1888.

On another page of this issue the Rev. John C. Kimball pays a deserved tribute to the Kimball mothers and mentions as a notable fact they have been superior women. The point is well taken. It was the daughter of this Kimball mother, who also bore her name, Nancy Currier, who married Alden Hills of Hudson, N. H. She is still living at the age of 85, active and entertaining, possessing all her faculties, and with a fair prospect of attaining an age equal to that of her mother, notwithstanding she is reported on page 601 of the Family History ashaving died in Hudson. The mention of this family on that page is very incomplete.

Alfred Kimball Hills, at whose home near Nashua Junction, at which this last reunion was given, but which we are not at-



tempting to report although replete with historic interest, has attained a wide celebrity in the medical world, and is associate editor of the New York Medical Times, and was the trusted physician of the late Frances E. Willard.

Prof. Joseph A. Hills occupies an enviable position in Boston, and the vounger brother, Arthur T. Hills, is a practising physi-

cian in New York City.

Col. Daniel Burns Dyer, of Augusta. Ga., whose portrait was given in the second number of the News, with a sketch of his life, is first cousin of these Hills, his mother having been Elizabeth Howe, one of the six daughters of Joseph Kimball, and who married George R. Dyer of Illinois. Fam. Hist. pp.

600-603.

We have a three column report of the Hills Family reunion as given in the Nashua Telegraph. The history of this particular part of New Hampshire possesses more than local interest, inasmuch as it was claimed by Massachussetts and a long contest resulted. This contest was finally settled in a somewhat arbitrary manner by King Charles who gave to New Hampshire even more than she asked. Joseph Hills had compiled the old colony laws and for this service the Massachussetts Bay colony gave him a large tract of land. In 1988 this land passed by will to his descendants, and here one of his sons, James, settled in 1732. The present family descended from him, and the old homestead still remains in the family.



THE OLD HILLS HOMESTEAD.

Among those present at the Hills reunion may be named the vernerable Deacon Rei Hills, who married Charlotte Lucy Kimball of Windham, N. H., who became the parents of Ellen L. Hills and Annie Elizabeth Hills whose portraits are given opposite page 542 in the Family History. They are highly educated having studied in the best American and European schools.

It may be noticed that this Charlette Kimball Hills was the sister of Leonard A. Morrison's mother, and of Arthur Reed Kimball's father. All the children of Joab Kimball seem to have possessed strong mental qualities which have not deteriorated

in the least. (Fam. Hist. p. 294 and 533 to 542.)



DIED.

In Medford, Mass., Dec. 12, 1898, Elsie, wife of Henry Woodbury Kimball, aged 66 years, 10 months, 7 days. (p. 634.)

In Appleton, Wis., Feb. 7, 1899, Sabin-Clark Kimball of old age. 'See p. 874.)

At Lodi, Wis., Feb. 14, 1899, George Fry Kimball of pneumonia, brother of above Sabin Clark Kimball, pp. 570.)

At Austin, Minn., January 16, 1899, Aaron Kimball of cancer of the bowels. He was born in New York City, March 16, 1836, and had occupied a prominent place in the history of lowa and Minnesota. A sketch of his life will be given in the next issue of the News. (p. 1029.)

Jared Kirtlin Kimball died in (Clarks) Nebraska, January 12, 1899. He was born in Middletown, Coun., June 10, 1828. He leaves a wife and seven children, four sons and three daughters, all grown.

The information is sent by his daughter, Mrs. Margaret K. Ross of Clarks, Nebraska. Jared Kirtlin Kimball is not mentioned in the Family History and the above is all the information we have. It is desirable that names of father and grandfather be given, name of wife, date of births, deaths, marriages, with names of children. In these matters one can hardly be too definite. We can omit, but cannot supply unknown data.



Rev. C. A. Kimball is pastor of the St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church at Edwardsville, Ill.



Mrs. Ben. Kimball of St. Louis is mentioned in the papers of that city as prominent in social circles. Among others also are the manes of Miss Florence and Miss Mary Kimball. Mr. Ben Kimball is a leading insurance man of that city.

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Mrs. Lottic Kimhall Carter of Friendship. N. Y., writes that she has joined the Daughters of the American Revolution, as she has a right to do as the grand daughter of Meilen Kimball. (Page 309, Fam. Hist. She was also interested in the Perry Genealogy as printed in the December News, as her husband is of Perry descent.



Our Blind Preacher.

On page 262 of the family History is given a short sketch of Caleb Kimball, the blind preacher. He was born in Ipswich June 3, 1798, and died, Medway, Mass., June 19, 1879. In 1854 he married Martha Mary Guild of, Walpole who died in Medway, Dec. 10, 1898, exactiy 95 years and 3 months of age.

The Independent says:

"She was one of the few real daughters of the Revolution alive. She was identified with the Newton chapter of that organization which presented her on the 36th of October, 187, a gold spoon in behalf of the national seciety. Her 66th birthlay occured the 10th of September last which by the assistance of relatives and friends she celebrated. Despite her great age she retained all her mental faculties, was as bright in conversation, as well posted on current events as the college woman today. She retained her great memory to the last, the events of her childhood being fresh in mind as those of a previous day. She was a source of inspiration to all who here wher and many will remember for time to come "Annt Martha" as she was familiarly called. Funeral services were held from her late home on Tuesday morning and the body was carried to Norwood for burial.

The death of this venerable Kimball widow inspires the following interesting sketch of the blind preacher husband by one who knew him well.

The departure of Martha M. G. Kimball, registered in the Independent of Dec. 16, recalls the face and the voice of her late husband, widely known, years ago, as "the Bind Preacher."

The Rev. Caleb Kimball was a native of Ipswich, born June 3, 1798 one hundred years ago. He bore his father's name Caleb. His mother's maiden name was Elizabeth Hammond. The old home was on High street. And High street has been the birthplace and residence of many notable old-time people.

Why he became blind we do not know; for we were too young when we knew him to ask curious questions. But his closed and covered eyes made him of attractive interest to the children of other days.

He was graduated at Dartmouth in 1826; studied at Andover in 1829; was ordained evangelist in 1832.

Sixty years ago Evangelists were interesting and quite prominent pulpit men. Some of them were most effective. The compiler of the old time 'Village Hymns,' was one of this class; and for two or three years was very prominent in the religious world. The Village Hymns were in constant use at the vestry meetings of the South Church a half century ago:

After his ordination, Mr. Kimball preached two years at Harwich totally blind; and two years more at Bideford. Maine; and thenever after, he was a speaker wherever he was invited, especially to children.



DILLINGHAM FOSTER.

We remember that he came to Ipswich in the summer of, perhaps. 1840. Mrs. Caroline Fitz and other ladies of the South Church held meetings during the summer season to interest children with stories and teachings, for books were not common then for little ones. At one meeting Heather gods were exhibited, and Mrs. Fitz told of the lives of the far-away children.

Mr. Kimball was invited to speak at one of these meetings, and it was held in the parlor of Mrs. Daniel Cogswell,—the Cogswell house and store, then nearly opposite the residence of Mrs. Heard. The children who were too young to go alone on that anspicies day, were accompanied by mothers and grandmothers. The parlors were crowded to overflowing. Mr. Kimball soon appeared, his eyes covered with a green silk band. A man of small stature, but full of hiving energy, and an apprehension of what to say and how to say it.

Doubtless the large majority of those present that afternoon are now in their graves, but those who remain will remember the quaint address of the olind man on the difference between rude and politic children: The rude child saying "yeer's." to his mother, and the politic one saying "yes, ma'am." The blind man's "yeer's." caused a burst of merriment from children and grandmothers; and was re-ochoed again and again whom meeting was done.

Caleb Kimball wrote religious books for young folks; and they sold very widely. Two of them passed through forty-four editions.

Of his old are we have no knowledge. He bassed away years ago: and we think his dust lies at the foot of the hill in our High street Burying Yard. And his name is one that will now and again come up fresh either in memory or record. He will always be known as one who had spiritual intuition which is, perhaps, more than physical vision.

2012/2012

Won a Merited Honor.

Miss Alice L. Kimball of Newburyport, daughter of Mr. George H. Kimball, residing on Broad Street, a student at the Ann Arbor (Mich.) medical university, and a native of this town, received the great honor of being appointed a nurse in the Red Cross hospital service and has reported at Washington fon duty. There were low or more applications for the posi, tion and it will be very gratifying to her Ipswich friends to learn that she carried off the honor. She should feel proud of her patriotic ancestry. Hur great grandfather was in the revolutionary war and two of her uncless served throughout the rebellion while on the material side her grandfather. Mr. Thomas L. Jewett of this fown, served with distinction in the civil war. Miss Kimball is thoroughly fitted for her new duties. She spent two years in the Nawburyport high school, graduated at the Salem normal school, and for three years by close application as a medical student has mastered the professional work in which she is bound to succeed.—Rowley, Mass. Recore. See Fam. Hist. pp. 507-903.



Ipswich Notes.

There are enough Kimballs still remaining about Ipswich, Mass., to furnish the local papers numerous items of personal mention.

Robert S. Kimball is member of town committee for 1899.

Fred A. Kimball is delegate to a councillor convention.

Miss Frances Kimball of Pigeon Cove visits her aunt Mrs. Howe, and Miss Lucy Kimball goes on a month's visit to friends in Maine.

Miss Susic Kimball is teaching school: Phillip Kimball is building and improving, and Kenneth Kimball of the 8th Mass, Regiment, after a sixty days furlough, goes to Americus, Ga., to join his regiment.

Daniel Webster Kimball deals in provisions and shows a wonderful beet big enough for an item in the newspaper.

R. G. Kimball advertises to do house and sign and carriage painting, and is an artist on wall decorations, while R. S. Kimball acts as a floor director at a somewhat high up private party with an orchestra all the way from Boston.

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Supplemental Notes to Family History.

Page 777—The widow of William Newell Kimballs married Franklin Dunnell (no date given). She was Mary Ann Archer, born in Carlyle, Englane, July 12, 1822. Her father was for thirteen years a British soldier, and her mother belonged to the noble Leslie family of Scotland. She came to the United States in 1824, and in 1841 married William Newell Kimball of Webster, Mass., where he died in 1851. The family was a notable one as may be seen from the Family History. The portrait of William is shown on page 403, and his father Samuels, was a soldier under Washington at Valley Forge, 1p, 216).

Two of their children are still living, Mrs. Jennie S. Harington of Homer, Nebraska, and William Archer Kimball of Bendena, Kansas, p. 1006; The latter was a soldier in the Union Army, under his uncle Themas Dudley Kimball. p. 728) After the death of William Neweil Kimball in 1831, his widow married Franklin Dunnell and they had two children, George F., now of Effingham, Kansas, and Fred L., of Stoux City. Iowa. She died at her home near Homer. Dec. 29, 1898, leaving a lus-

band and the four children above named. She was a patient sufferer for several years, having received a paralytic stroke in

1891, from which time she was nearly helpless.

Mrs. Mary E. Kimball of Oxford, Mass., died in December last, as we learn incidentally but have no particulars. (See Fam. Hist. p. 727.)



Chief Justice Russel S. Taft.

Governor Smith of Vermont, upon the resignation of Judge Ross has promoted Associate Judge R. S. Taft to be Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. Of this advancement of Judge Taft the Vermont papers speak in most favorable terms.

Russell S. Taft was born in Williston, Vt., Jan. 28, 1835, the son of Elijah and Orinda (Kimball) Taft. The Family History contains no mention of the family, but the News ex-

pects to furnish it at some future time.

He resides in Burlington, and from the daily News of that city for January 26, we find a sketch from which we take the

following:

"Judge Taft was educated in the common schools and in different academies. He chose law as his profession, was admitted to the bar of Chittenden county in November, 1856. He was a selectman of the town of Burlington from 1861 to 1864, and an alderman of the city of Burlington from 1865 to 1869. He was state's attorney for Chittenden county from 1862 to 1865; a state senator from the same county in 1865 and 1866; city attorney for the city of Burlington in 1871 and 1872; register of the probate court in the district Chittenden from 1863 to 1880; and lieutenant-governor of the state in 1872-4. In 1880 he represented the city of Burlington in the legislature and was elected assistant judge of the supreme court. He has since been biennially unamimously re-elected and since 1890 has been first assistant. Judge Taft is especially conversant with Vermont decisions, and in disposing of cases is much more inclined to apply to them the law as it is in Vermont than the law as it may be in other jurisdictions. He is of literary tastes; a collector of early specimens of the art of printing, interested in historical matters, a vice president of the Antiquarian society of Vermont, in the organization of which he took an active part; and a resident member of the New England Historical, Genealogical society.

In 1830 he delivered the address at the semi-centennial celebration of the Boxer Engine company, wrote a sketch of the Vermont supreme court published in the Green Bag in 1803-4, and at the last meeting of the Vermont Bar association read a paper termed "A Legal Medley," which ex-Senator Edmunds said was extremely interesting, valuable and witty."

He married, June 27, 1876, Jane Marlette, a native of Illinois. a desendant of the French Huguenot, Gedeon Merlett, a Staten Island immigrant of 1662, and has one son. Russell Wales Taft, born May 4, 1878, a graduate of the University of Vermont, now a law student.

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The Chicago Record says:

"The second regiment of volunteer engineers, which is now laying out the camp for the returned soldiers at Montauk Point, boasts the only Mormon chapiain in the army. He is E. C. Kimball of Utah, a close friend of Col. Willard Young, the regimental commander, who was a son of the famous Brigham Young. Chapiain Kimball does not preach Mormonism to the soldiers, but gives them talks on Sunday mornings based on good moral lines. He is 32 vears old and prominent in the Mormon church.



Some Valuable Suggestions.

HARTFORD, CONN.

Mr. G. F. KIMBALL.

Dec. 27, 1898.

DEAR COUSIN:- I have just been reading the twelve numbers of Volume I, of the KIMBALL FAMILY NEWS. The only fault I have to find with the numbers I have looked over is that they are so interesting-more so than any novel I have read for a long while-that I cannot lay them down to take up

my pressing work.

With all the Kimballs there are in the present generation, I can hardly conceive how you can have otherwise than a most liberal support for your work. Possibly it has been because the publication is in Kansas. For several years that has been New England's Nazereth from which it was a question whether any good thing could come; and about the last place from which the good in the antiquarian line could rise. But I see now that while we at the east can furnish the antiquities of the family, it needed your western enterprise to give them expression. But as soon as it becomes known that genealogical enthusiasm and ability do not depend on longitude or locality, it seems to me you will have an ample return alike of praise and pennies.

In my own case I greet you all the more cordially because Ipswich, Mass., the original home of the Kimballs, is my native place, and very singularly the native place of all my American ancestors, alike on the paternal and the maternal side, and it makes me feel quite grandfatherly to reach half way across the continent to greet you vounger folks in the younger places, and gives me the sense of personal importance which "the oldest inhabitant" always feels, in this case if not the oldest in years, yet

in residence.

I still retain the old family homestead in Ipswich, not Richard's, but of three generations back, and go there often enough to keep in touch with the inhabitants and interests of the place. You will be glad to know that it is a lovely old town, one that the Kimballs would all enjoy visiting, and that they may feel proud of as the family's early home. Sometime, if you would like, I will give your readers an account of it, with perhaps pictures of streets, localities, and buildings associated with Richard and his earliest descendants. We have a Historical Society there, and have just purchased and dedicated one of the town's old houses to its use, filling it with interesting relics. I was asked to give one of the addresses on the occasion, and, if I can find a copy, will mail to you.

That suggests a suggestion I would like to make to you. I see allusions in the News to various publications by members of the family. Could you not sometime give a list of the princi-



pal ones with the addresses of their authors? I would like to exchange—not that mine are of any surpassing value, but that they may illustrate family traits; and perhaps others may have the same kind of interest.

Still further, it may be well sometime to have in some accessible place, a collection of such writings from the earliest date, and with it such other relics and memorials of the family as from time to time can be got together. Antiquities are among the few things which increase in value with years, and though what is modern now, may seem trivial and hardly worth preserving from the dust, in two hundred years from now they will be as precious as the ancient ones are today. Unless it be in Washington, D. C., or some large central locality, why would not Ipswich, the early home of the family, be appropriate for such a collection.

I am glad to see that the FAMILY NEWS does not exclude from its attention the women who have been connected with our stock, either those who have married out of it to take other names, or married into it to take the Kimball name. Without any disparagement of the paternal blood, not the least precious part of what is in our veins today has come from the mothers. It has been the rare good fortune of the Kimballs from the beginning that they have asked a very superior class of women to be their wives, and that this class of women have so uniformily answered "yes." I am happy to say my individual case is no exception; and going back five generations to Moses, the third from Richard, there is nothing of which I am more proud than that his wife, Susannah Goodhue, was the niece of the Goodhue who was one of the famous five in Ipswich who, a hundred years before Declaration of Independence, asserted the great principle of no taxation without representation. That fact with what it means for my blood is worth to me more than all the heraldic emblems ever certified to by the College of Heraldry. And surely in any honest account of the Kimball stock we ought to give full credit to what it has thus received from the women who have dropped at the marriage altar their own names to add to ours all

I have a score of other thoughts that the reading of your Vol. I has suggested, but I will not burden you with them now. I can see in all directions wide fields of interest and usefulness opening for such a publication as yours, if it can only have the proper financial support. I began years ago a private study of my own ancestry reaching back to Richard. Your work, if I could have had it then, would have aided me mightily in a general survey of the field, as that of Mr. Sbarples and Mr. Morrison has since. But in my study I picked up many anecdotes and incidents illustrative of family traits and of colonial times, which would have made the published genealogy too large and



costly, if out in it, but some of which might now go appropriately into the FAMILS NEWS. Then, too, as a Parwinian and Evolutionist I am greatly interested in Heredity; and I can see that eventually a work such as yours can be made will be of immense help in the study of its human manifestations.

So in wishing you a merry Christmas and happy New Year, I wish you in publishing the Kimball Family News the annulest success.

REV. JOHN C. KIMBALL.

[The readers of the New will unite in hoping to hear again from this family consin. The isknown to possess a fund of information to be as profilie in ideas as he is able to give their expression. The News may not be able to give as much as it did last year, but it will aim to give the best, and hopes to again hear from the writer above.

A Kimball Warship.

Col. Luther Caldwell sends the following very readable item from Washington. These old Ipswich notes are universally interesting.

Caldwell Cresent, Lynn, Mass. 1759 Q Street, Washington, D. C. Jan. 30, 1890.

To the Editor of the KIMBALL FAMILY NEWS:

I learn from the Inswich Independent that you publish a Kimball, News, which is news to me. I am a Kimball, or my mother was whose name was Mary Kimball, daughter of Abraham Kimball, ship carpenter, and sister of Abraham Kimball, Jr. We belong to the Ipswich Turkev Hill tribe of Kimballs, ship-builders, and farmers, tall, broad shouldered, immense feet and hands, and fluent talkers, grey blue eyes, and characters unimpeached and unimpeachable. Hard workers, and during the Revolutionary war built a vessel up at Turkey Hill, three miles away from tide water. She was named "The Huckleberry," because built in a field or pasture of that name and bearing huckleberries. She was out on wheels and hauled to salt water by a "bee" wherein all the neighboring farmers came together with vokes of oxen to do the hauling. From this incident we heard for a generation or so about "Turker Hill Navy Yard." The Kimballs have moved away or died away from the old farm, but the Loomis family who married Kimballs still hold the fort at "Turkey Hill,"

I hope I may live to see the family reunion proposed. I send by mail to you a book of mine, entitled "Anne Bradstreet, the

Puritan Poetess."

Very respectfully, LUTHER CALDWELL.



Dr. Arthur Kimball.

(SEE FAMILY HISTORY PAGE 420.)

Dr. Arthur Kimballs (Edmunds Edmunds Thomass Edmunds Thomass Richard' Richard's. His father, a graduate of Harvard, who studied law with Daniel Webster, had an idea that the family name was Kemble, and so Dr. Arthur his son was known as Dr. Kemble, and this spelling is preserved in the following sketch from a Boston paper dated October 29, 1898.

"Dr. Arthur Kemble, one of the best known physicians of Salem

died this morning after a long idness

Arthur dan de was born in Wenham on May 8, 1839. He was educated at Amberst College and the Harvard medical school. He also studied in Europe.

Dr. Kemble was a surgeon in the navy for some time during the civil war, and since graduating at the medical school has practised in Salem, where he has ranked as one of the most skillful surgeons and physiclans in the vicinity. He was instrumental in establishing the Salem Hospital 20 or more years ago, and has been prominently connected with it ever since. He was for several years an examining surgeon for pensions.

Dr. Kemble married a daughter of the late Judge Perkins, who survives him. They have no children. The doctor was famous as a witness in court. He understood medical jurisprudence about as well as most of

the lawyers.

An instance of his character that is related of him is deserving of publication at this time. One inclement night, several years ago, when in the height of a very large practice, he was summoned from his bed to answer a cill in Hami'ton. He knew well that he could not expect any mancial return from those who had asked for his services, but he went as willingly as though he were to make a visit to his nearest and richest friend. After a dreary drive he reached the house. There he found two children sick with the diphtheria. He quickly saw that one was beyond all earthly help, but a chance remained for the other. Instantly he proceeded to perform the very critical operation, tracheotomy. The surgeon, with his own lips, sucked the diphtheric membrane from the turoat, and the life of the poor man's child was saved.

such an act on the part of the physician was extremely hazardous. and none knew the fearful chances he was taking better than himself, and

yet he wildingly accepted the great risk.

As a result he became very sick and his life was for a time despaired of, but he finally recovered, and he was spared to become the great physician that be has been. Many other instances of personal heroism could be readily cited.

He was a member of the Salem Cadet Veteran Association, and for a long time its surgeon, and a member for over 25 years, of Essex Lodge.

F. & A. M.

He leaves four brothers, Capt. Trank Kemble and Capt. Edmund Kemble of New York, ex-Alderman Edward Kemble of Salem and Walter Kemble of Wenham, and three sisters, Mrs. Mary B. Robbins and Miss Annie A. Kemble of Wenham, and Mrs. John Robinson of Salem. His mother died in Wenham, Feb. 26, 1888, aged 78 years.

The funeral of Dr Kemble was held from the family residence, on Federal street. It was conducted by the Rev. Henry Beninger of St. Peter's Episcopal Church, and the Rev. J. B. Franks of Grace Church. The casket was literally covered with floral offerings. After the services at the house the remains were conveyed to Forest Hills crematory for cremation, which was accomplished in the afternoon.



Rambles About Old Ipswich.

A book is soon to be issued to the public from the Independent Press. entitled "Rambles About Old Ipswich." It includes a short sketch of the town, as one would see it as he steps upon the platform of the B. & M. R. R. depot, and rambles through its historic thoroughfares. The book is illustrated with sixty fine half-tones of all the churches and old houses, also of many of the most beautiful summer and permanent residences of the town together with several views taken from the upper and lower rivers with all their bridges. Most of the pictures were taken especially for this work by Geo. W. Dexter. The text is written by Rev. T. Frank Waters, and the entire arrangement of the book is the work of Lewis R. Hovey, editor of the Independent. The book is bound in Avon green covers and thei with a sok cold, with a special cover illustration from the pen of Prof. Arthur W. Dow. It is not only a guide, but because of its nicety of appearance and the artisticness of its entirety this work will make a becoming present for any to give to their friends. The printing is of itself a work of art, and the very finest which has ever been attempted in Ipswich - Reverly Times.

This souvenir of Ipswich will possess rare interest to all readers of the News. It is published under the auspicies of the Ipswich Historical society, and is sent post-paid for 75 cents, by the Independent Press, Ipswich, Mass.

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The Augusta, Ga. News tells in a column article how Col. D. B. Dyer managed to induce President McKinley to visit that city on his late southern trip, after it had been decided that it could not be done. According to the program the proper connection could not be made, and Augusta was left out. Happening to be in Washington, on his way south from New York, some southern gentlemen meeting him and knowing him to be a railroad man, asked his help. The itinerary of the trip was already made and the manager said it could not be changed. Now nothing suits Col. Dyer better than to do what others say cannot be done. So they went to the Southern Railway office and after a little study Col. Dyer pointed out a change that would save an hours time and take in Augusta. He claimed that hour and got the visit too.

2225

Messrs, J. S. Kimball & Co., shipping merchants of San Francisco met with a severe loss in the wrecking on Dec. 9, of their steam schooner, Protection, heavily loaded with coal, on the way from Seattle to San Francisco. The engineer was knocked overboard, but the rest of the crew, nearly frozen, were rescued after twenty six hours exposure in open boats.



Timball-Family Hews .

Topeka, Kansas, March, 1899.

Vol. II. No. 3.

Terms 50 cents a year

Entered for Transmission as Second Class Matter



C. O. ARMSTRONG, p. 973. OWEN A. KIMBALL, p. 654 OTIS H. KIMBALL, p. 683

A Kimball Bank.

We present above the interior of the Farmers' Bank at Sunbury, Ohio. Page 683, Elias Kimball, born in Lebanon, N.H., July 13, 1815, moved to Ohio in 1837. Most of his life there was spent in the dry goods trade, and there he died in 1872. He was the first president of the bank. He was a grandson of that Joseph Kimball who went from Preston, Conn., to Plainfield, N.H., in 1764, and became a leading citizen of that state. [Fam. Hist.



p. 197.] This Joseph was grandfather of Elder Roswell Kimball, the Illinois pioneer and great grandfather of Rollin Hibbard Kimball now of Gartield, Ga. [See Fam. News, p. 133, August; pp. 153 to 155, Sept.; p. 171, Oct.; and p. 177 with portrait in November News.] A younger brother of this Roswell Kimball was Lewis Kimball, whose portrait is given opposite page 375 of the Family History with a liberal sketch of his useful life. A few errors in that sketch are elsewhere corrected on another page of this issue of the News.

A younger brother of Elias Kimball is Joseph Henry Kimball, the manager of a creamery in Sunbury, O. [See p. 683.]

The eldest daughter of Elias Kimball was Irene who married ried 2d in 1876, George Armstrong. The following, then, are the

names of those shown at the counter at the bank.

Otis Hinkley Kimball, born June 13, 1855 in Sunbury, Ohio, is the only son of Elias Kimball and his wife Irene A. Ticknor. He was cashier of the bank in 1876, the year of his marriage to Abby Moore, who is descended from New England parentage. He has been president of the bank for ten years.

Owen Adam Kimball, born July 15, 1865, is the oldest son of Joseph H. Kimball. He was a student at Fenton's Business College in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1884. Was five years a partner in a dry goods house. Went as cashier to bank in Jan. 1892.

Charles Otis Armstrong is a grandson of Elias Kimball, being the youngest son Irene (Kimball) Armstrong, born May 15, 1877.

All three born and raised in Sunbury.

On pages 10-4-5, October News may be found a pathetic mention of the youngest member of J.H. Kimball's family by his mother. Word now comes of his death, Feb. 14, particulars of which we may be able to give next month. He was for years a patient sufferer from spinal disease.

MARRIED.

At the home of Professor and Mrs. Carl C. Plehn, in Berkley Cal., last Tuesday evening, (Feb. 14, 1899) occurred the marriage) of Miss Mary B.R. Sturtevant, only daughter of Mrs. Sturtevant Peet, and Mr. Edwin Boyce Kimball, (son of the late Dr. Edwin Kimball of Hawards, Cal.) The Rev. Mr. Swan pronounced the words which made the couple one. Mr. and Mrs. Kimball are spending their honeymoon in southern California.—S. F. Evening Post, Feb. 20, 1899. Fam Hist, p. 786.)

BORN.

In Chicago, Jan. 23, 1899, Allen Howard Kimball, son of Elmer Allen and Ella Howard Kimball, [See p. 995 Fam. Hist., also p. 88, Fam. News, for 1898.]



Enterprising Kimball Boys.

Enterprising boys make enterprising men. The Oxford, M., Advertiser of February 10, has the following in proof of the statement.

A few months before Gen. G. L. Beal died (Dec. 11, '96.) he came into our office and told us in substance the following story as to the naming of the Norway village streets and putting up of signs:

"Yes," said the general, "we boys named the streets and put up the signs. That is, the b'unball boys and myself. There are only one or two of the original signs in the village now. The one on Beal's House. "Cottage Street, I've had painted once or twice when the house has been painted, and that and one other, 'Main Street,' are the only ones I know 9f. It's pretty close on to forty-five years ago that these signs were painted and put up."

"You see," says the General, "that about the time we organized the Oxford Bear Engine Company we had grown to be a considerable of a village, or at least we young fellows thought we had, and also thought the streets ought to be named so a stranger wouldn't get lost. We were enterprising, you see."

"The attention of the Corporation Assessors was called to this fact, but they said they had no money for such purposes and turned us down. Notwithstanding that, Han. Kimball and I thought differently and we made the signs in Chas. P. Kimball's Carriage Factory at our own expense. Charles gave us the lumber—or we stole or took it—we got it from Charles; pile of lumber, probably with his consent, as I remember he helped us a little. Han, and I did the carpentry work assisted a little by Charles. There were a dozen or more of these signs. If I remember right; John Angus, the man who painted President Frank Pierce's chaise, lettered and painted the signs." (See Family News, Oct. 1983.

"All this work had to be done in secret as there was some feeling in the village against such aristocratic foolishness as painted signs for the streets, and too, the people wouldn't agree as to what names the streets should have. They deried to agree as to what the names of one or two streets should be, but they couldn't do it."

"Chas. P. and Han. Kimball and myself and John. Augus agreed on the names of the streets. I think Han, and I got into a dispute over one and we left it to Charles to decide, and he decided against, me if I remember correct, and called it. Brown Street."

"The signs were put up in the night and it was the talk of the village for some days thereafter. One of the heavy taxpayers-well I could say who he was, but I won't-thought certainly there would be a rise in his next year's tax to pay for them signs, but there never was," added the General.

"That Cottage Street sign on the Beal's House and a Maine Street sign somewhere are the only original ones left. You remember that Fred, and when you have the house painted again just have that sign



touched up and keep it to remember the boys, who made and gave them to the village."

We promised the General that we would do it and the promise has been kept. Last summer the Main Street sign, which has done duty at the old Shackley Corner for so many years, needed repairing. The repairs have been made and it is hoped it will remain in kind remem wance of the boys who made it and gave to the village nearly a half a century ago.

A GIFT TO THE VILLAGE OF NORWAY BY

GEN. GEORGE L. BEAL. HON, CHARLES P. KIMBALL. HON, HANNIBAL I. KIMBALL.

Charles P. Kimball established the Kimball Carriage Company at Chicago. (p. 828.) Haunibal Kimball built the Kimball house, costing over \$600,000, in Atlanta, Ga., and was director general of the International Cotton Exposition in that city. (See Fam. Hist., p. 831-33.)

Will David Answer?

David S. Kimballhas been installed as commander of Fairbank's Post. No. 17, G. A. R., at Detroit Michigan. This Post is the largest in the state, numbering 520 members. Mr. Kimball has lived in Detroit twenty years. He was born June 1, 1843, enlisted Aug., 1861, in Adrian, Mich.; was sent in St. Lonis where he was assigned to the First Missouri Engineer Corps. We do not find this Kimball consin in the Family History and solicit information as to his family. It is known that one of the sons of Abraham', p. 169, went to Ohio and then to Michigan early in the century, and that many of his descendants have not yet been located. Is this David one of them?

Lieut, Commander W. W. Kimball of the United States Navy has been taking a rest visiting friends at his old home in Paris, Maine. It may be remembered that more than a year ago, in command of the torpedo boat flottila consisting of the Porter, Dupont and Cushing he was sent on a tour of inspection along the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, and up the Mississippi river. By the time they reached Mobile the Spanish war came on and and they were ordered to the Cub.n coast, where not much was found for them to do, but one of his young officers, Ensign Bagley of the Winslow, was the first, early in May, to fall in actual war, although a young officer, son of Gen. Breckenbridge, was washed overboard and drowned a short time before. See p. 98, June News, also p. 16 January, p. 61, March, and p. 133 August, 436 Fam. Hist. p. 997.



Two Easter Poems.

Oh glorious Easter morning A fitting symbol found, In sprouting buds and grasses From out the warm, moist ground.

Oh blessed Easter morning. Our voices loud we raise In sweet and joyous anthem, To sing our dear Lord's praise.

ELEANOR TAYLOR KIMBALL.



Raise your voices in praise, ye children of men. Send forth your glad worship in song Let hearts open wide This bright Eastertide To Him who on Christmas was born.

He came to this world a babe like the rest.
For cradle a manger had he.
There the Magi old
Brought incense and gold
As He lay of the Virgin's knee.

When the servants of death went forth to obey
The order of Herod the king,
The angel of love
God sent from above
Enfolded the child with its wing.

He suffered for us the death on the cross, The angels were weeping in heav'n, But joy follows pain So loudly proclaim

Hail, Easter! For Christ has aris'n. (Fam. Hist. p. 1057.) Fro

FLORENCE KIMBALL.

Leverett Kimball one of the oldest active business men of Haverhill. Mass., died Oct. 17, 1898, at his home. He had been ill for the past six months with an intestinal complication. He was a native of Bradford and had been engaged in the jewelry business for more than 60 years. The business house to which he succeeded and which he carried on actively for the past half century is one of the oldest in Haverhill. He left a son, Wal lace L. Kimball, and a wife. [See page 637, No. 1304.]



Sketch of Aaron Kimball, 2411.

Page 1029 Aaron Kimball* (Thomas De Kay* Richard: Richard* Aaron* Richard* John* Richard*) was born in New York City, March 16, 1836. He was the second son of Thomas DeKay and Mary Ann (Goings) Kimball. He died at his home near Austin, Minnesota, Jan. 16, 1899. Thomas DeKay Kimball removed to Middlebury, Elkhart Co., Indiana, in 1837, and here Aaron grew to manhood amid the hardships and limitations incident to pioneer life. He was educated at Michigan University and in 1837 went to Howard Co., Iowa, which was his home for nearly thirty years. He commenced life there as a teacher, and soon became deputy treasurer, and in 1858 married Mrs. Irene S. Kelly, widow of Capt. Alexander Kelly of New Bedford. Mass., who died in Cresco, Iowa, in 1870, deaving him one daughter, Mary Irene, now the wife of Hugh S. Campbell, of Austin. Minnesota.

In March, 1872, he married Miss Emma Laird of Indianapolis, who survives him, and by whom he had five children. Lois, wife of Prof. Matthews of Utah University, Misses Ruth and Alice, and two sors who died in infancy.

In 1864 he was elected clerk of the Howard Co. Czurts, later was made County Supervisor, and in 1877 was chosen Senator to represent the district composed of Howard. Chickasaw and

Bremer Counties.

He was always an active temperance worker and was for vears president of the Iowa State Temperance Alliance. He canvassed the state in the work of carrying the prohibition amendments to the constitution, and gave his services, time and money freely, in the effort to forward the cause dear to his heart, and that he believed to be fraught with the greatest benefit, to his fellowmen. He was always an ardent and active republican. From 1869 to 1885 he was senior partner of the banking house of Kimball & Farnsworth of Cresco, Iowa, and in the latter year retired from banking business and removed to his large farm at Cedar Bend near Austin, Minnesota. During the first years of his residence in Minnesota he was president of the Mower Co. Agricultural Society was much interested in agricultural pursuits and in thorough bred stock-raising, and was always and everywhere active in whatever would tend to the upbuilding of the community in which he lived and the best interests of his fellow citizens.

He was a member of the Congregational church and was ever ready to serve his church as deacon, Sunday School superintendent, representative at associations and councils, or in any capacity his services were required.



Five years ago his health began to fail, and for three years he has been a great sufferer. Repeated surgical operations were resorted to, and everything that human skill could devise, or love suggest to save or prolong so valuable a life was done, but in vain; the disease eventuated in cancer of the bowls, and January 10, at midnight he was summoned home, leaving a bereaved and sorrowing family to mourn his loss.

Mr. Kimball was a man of many rare qualities of character, and of unswerving integrity; large hearted, genial, of a cheerful and hopeful disposition; he was the life of any circle of which he was a member, and he has left behind him a fragrant memory. In his death there are many mourners; not only the dear inner circle of his home, where he will be so greatly missed, and the sisters and brothers who survive him, but neighbors and townsmen, and all who have come under the influence of his strong personality, feel that a good man, and one who could ill be spared, has been called home, and that earth is poorer and Heaven is richer for his passing.

From the Republican of Decorah, Iowa, where he was well known we take the following:

"At Cresco last Friday were interred the remains of Hon. Aaron Kimball, who was at one time the most prominent public edition of Howard County. Born in New York City in 1836, but removing with his parents to Indiana in childhood, all of his experiences were in the west. He was liberally educated and graduated at Aan Arbor, Mich. His residence in Howard County began in 1857, and in 1844 he was elected Clerk of the Courts; still later he became a County Supervisor, and in 1877 he was chosen seanour for the district composed of Howard. Chickasaw and Bremer Counties. In this position he secured such prominence that he became a Gupernatorial possibility, and in one Republican State Convention he received a very liberal support from the radical prohibition wing of the party. From 1896 to 1825 he was senior partner in the banking house of Kinball and Farnsworth; and in the latter year retired from business and removed to a large farm near Austin, Minnesota.

-77/10

Ouinquennial Reunion.

The Boston Globe of Dec. 8, 1898, reports the quinquennial remains of past and present teachers and the alumnae of Bradford Academy. Among those present it mentions Mrs. Betsey Kendall. (Fam. Hist. p. 844.) She is the only surviving child of of Prof. Benjamin Greenleaf and Lucretia Kimball. Prof. Greenleaf was for many years preceptor of the Bradford Academy, and was the author of Greenleaf's Arithmetics and other well known school books.

A letter of greeting was also read from Mrs. Charlotte Tenner Kimball the oldest living alumna of the Academy now over 84 years old, regretting her unavoidable absence. She is the widow of the late Daniel B. Kimball, whose portrait in the Family History is opposite page 623.



Supplemental Notes to Family History.

Pages 353 and 938 Family History, and pages 124 and 125 July number Kimball News.

On account of some errors in the additions given on the above pages in the News, and because of some new matter, the following is furnished by George B. Kimball of Jamesport, Mo.

Benjamin Gage Kimball was born November 17, 1814, at Bradford, Mass., emigrated to New York when quite young and there served an apprenticeship as a shoemaker. In 1837 he moved to Missouri and located at Tinney's Grove, Ray County, entering into partnership with Isaiah Mansur and embarking in the mercantile business and continuing therein until A.D. 1842, when he removed to Cravensville : Old Diamond of Mormon fame) in Daviess County, Missouri. On Feb. 14, 1843 he was married to Zerelda Ann Burton, a daughter of George Louis Burton and Ann Kincaid Burton, nee Poage, Soon after he formed a mercantile partnership with Wm. Johnson at Cravensville but sold out in 1845 and moved to a farm he had purchased, five miles north of Cravensville. In 1848 he sold this farm and purchased another one mile west, which is still owned by his wife who survives him. During the gold excitement, in 1849, he sold his personal effects and tried his fortunes with varied success until March, 1852, when he returned to the farm managing the same and engaging in the lumber business until his death, which occurred Oct. 22, 1882. He was elected Public Administrator of Daviess County in 1860, which office he held for four years, was a member of the county court of the same county for two or more terms, and at different times was Assessor and Deputy Sheriff.

The descendants of Benjamin Gage Kimball and his wife, Zerelda Ann, with dates and residences are as follows:

- i George Benjamin, born Mar. 2, 1844; married Feb. 19, 1868, to Nancy M. Hill, daughter of Wm. P. and E. Beard Hill. Their children are: 1. Caroline Elizabeth, b. Mch. 2, 1872. Teacher in Albany, Mo. 2. Mary Eliza, b. June 12, 1874, now at Jamesport, Mo. 3. Georgia Ann Virginia, b. July 25, 1876; died Nov. 28, 1878. 4. Zerelda Addie, b. July 7, 1889; now at Jamesport. Mo. The mother died May 12, 1881, and the father was married again, May 7, 1885, to Mrs. Margaret E. Macy, daughter of Wm. and Hannah Cruisk-hank, b. July 7, 1811, near Glasgow. Scotland, and died at Jamesport, May 10, 1893. George Benjamin, farmer and merchant, now resides at Jamesport, Daviess County, Mo.
 - ii James William, b. Dec. 10, 1845; m. Feb. 14, 1877, to Ann Vogel. Their children are as follows: 1. Josephine V., born Sept. 7,



1889; row at Jameson, Mo. 12. Win. Thurston. b. July 23, 1882;
 d. Mch. 21, 1883. 3. Lula Mary, b. Nov. 5, 1883; now at Jameson,
 Mo. 4. Aliee Elizabeth, b. Nov. 14, 1885; now at Jameson, Mo.

iii Caroline Elizabeth, b. Aug. 14, 1848; d. January 14, 1870.

iv Eliza Mansur, b. Feb. 2, 1853; m. Dec. 31, 1772, to Joseph H. Fenrt. Their children are: 1. Gage Davis, b. Feb. 14, 1874; now at Jameson, Mo. He was married Dec. 71, 1896 to Nannie Froman, 2. Gertrude H., b. June 27, 1877; now at Jameson, Mo. 3. Joseph H., b. Meh. 28, 1880; d. Meh. 28, 1880. The husband, Joseph H. Feurt died, and on May 18, 1890. Eliza M., the wife was married to Henry Hubbard. Their children are: 4. Capitolo Ruth, b.July 30, 1893; now at Jameson. Mo. 5. Horace H., b. Meh. 28, 1897; now at Jameson. Mo. 5. Horace H.,

v Alice Aun, born April 7, 1855; married May 22, 1885, and died June 23, 1888. One son b. Aug. 26, 1886; d. Sept. 16, 1886.

vi Nathaniel Thurston, b. January 25, 1857; m. to Elizabeth Lowry May 9, 1856. Their children are as follows: 1. Ernest L. b. Dec. 9, 1888; now at Jameson, Mo. 2. Orville, b. May 12, 1890; now at Jameson, Mo. 3. Richard, b. Oct. 22, 1892; now at Jameson, Mo.

vii Harriet Ellen, b. May 9, 1858; died July 18, 1863.

viii Jefferson Davis, b. July 19, 1861: now a ranehman at Lavina. Fergus Courty, Montana.

Page 199—Lewis Kimball', d. March 12, 1895, not 1815.
 See p. 375 Page 374—Lucy Allen Kimball', died March 2, not 21.
 Lewis Kimball', married 2nd, Sept. 7, 1888, not 1859.

Page 375—Nellie May Kimball^a, died May 3, 1880, not 1859. Page 375—Henry Waldo Davis should be Harry Waldo Davis. Page 971—George H. Longley, of Peterborough, N.H.; died Feb.

17, 1896. He was well known as a correspondent of Concord and Boston newspapers.

Page 1425—Child of Joseph Edwin Kimball', should be Samuel Mason Kimball. It is the only name he is ever called.

Born on Jan. 8, 1890, not Jan. 9.

Page 1143—(pages 117 and 118, and pages 156 and 157 Kimball NEWS, July and September numbers 1898.) The children of John Kimball are given on page 1143 of the History, and in supplementary notes of the Family NEWS for September, further details are given. John Simpson Kimball son of Charles C., now resides at Seminary Park, California, and is a ship owner and lumber merchant doing business in San Francisco. It was his Company's schooner mentioned in the last number of the NEWS as having been wrecked. His wife, Helen N. White Kimball is not dead as stated in the NEWS on page 157. Their eldest daughter, Alice Naomi, b. Nov. 9, 1809, married about 1897, Charles Campbell, a wealthy planter living in Honolulu.



Truth and Errors Mixed.

On page 231 of the NEWS, January number, we mentioned the death of Jared Kirtlin Kimball, regreting the want of further information as he could not be connucted with the family. His daughter, Mrs. Margaret K. Ross, of Clarks, Nebraska. now supplies some missing links, and in connection therewith relates some traditions they have preserved. They have not seen the Family History and are uncertain where they belong, They have the family line, marriages, births, etc., as given in the History from Richard', Benjamin', Abraham', Ephriam', to Asas, as given on page 97. This Asas, as stated in the History was born Sept. 10, 1723, and married Ruth Morgan, and lived in Middleton, Conn. Here Abraham Tyler was born in 1757, died 1834, married Sarah Babbit. His son Asai was born 1793, died 1875, married Mary Spencer. They had ten children, only three of whom are living.

Jared Kirtlin Kimball', who died Jan. 12, 1899, was born in Middleton, Conn., as stated in January issue. Married at La Salle, Ill., Jan. 1, 1857, Lucinda Lowell of Vermont stock. whose family dates back as far as that of Richard. She is still

living.

CHILDREN.

i Delbert K., b. Jan 26, 1858. ii Mary Margaret, b. Jan. 13, 1861.

iii Louie Agnes, b. April 26, 1866. iv Mattie Serena, b. June 29, 1868. v Perry Robert, b. Nov. 13, 1870.

vi Walter Lowell, b. Mar. 22, 1872.

vii Frank Edward, b. June 22, 1877. All living.

It will be seen that the family tradition is quite authentic so far and as Mrs. Ross is anxious to know if her relationship to the family can be established, she may rest assured of the fact. The matter of doubt resting on another tradition is interesting. It was that a second brother, named Edwin, left England in the ship Elizabeth with Richard, but in a shipwreck he was separated from his brother and was landed on the coast of Ireland, and that he afterwards became the head of another branch of the family.

Readers of the Family History now know that two brothers Richard and Henry, did come over in 1837; that Henry's line has become almost extinct and that nearly or quite all the Kimballs

now in the country are direct descendants of Richard.

Mrs. Ross misunderstands a correction in January News, when she gathers that Prof. Sharples holds that Ursula Scott was not the wife of Richard, and says they have tradition to the contrary. Prof. Sharples' point was that Margaret Dow was the wife who survived Richard. Ursula Scott was the first wife and mother of his children.



Preserved by Moses Kimball.

The New York Herald of Sunday Feb. 19, 1899, contains a large engraving of Washington and his family from a painting by the early noted artist, Edwin Savage. The picture was a large one that was well known in the early years of the century, and hung in a New York gallery that was destroyed by fire and for years it was supposed to have perished. It seems however that it was saved and afterwards sent to a Boston gallery, where it was found by the late Moses Kimball in 1840. He was owner of the celebrated Boston Museum. Here it remained for nearly two genreations, until discovered and identified by Mr. S. P. Avery, jr., a New York art connoisseur. The rediscovery of the painting is considered a great "find," and the Herald devotes most of a page to the engraving and its History. Moses Kimball was for many years a leading citizen. His museum had a national reputation, while his own personality lent its influence to the social and material progress of all New England, and more or less to the entire nation. The Family History on page 662 mentions him but slightly. A more lengthy sketch, but one still incomplete, was given in the March number of the NEWS, (1898) page 56.

The Boston Globe of Jan. 9, notes the death of Dr. Samuel F. Dike at the home of his daughter, Mrs. John H. Kinball, Bath, Maine. Dr. Dike was at one time an earnest Swedenborgian minister. He was born March 17, 1815. According to the Globe he leaves six children, one daughter, the wife of the Hon. John H. Kimball of Bath, and another Mrs. E. H. Kimball. The latter we do not place. p. 555.

2000

We take the following from the Boston Globe, dated Haverhill, Mass., Dec. 27, 1898.

Moves G. Kimball, a well-known resident of this city, died suddenly this evening at his home on Merrimae street. He was a native of Bradford and and resided in this city all his life. He was a veteran of the civil war, having served in the 19th Massachusetts volunteer militia. Until two years ago, when he suffered a shock, he was employed as a teamster and street car driver. He was attacked with paralysis of the heart early this evening. He left a wife, one brother and a sister. He was aged 67 years. (Fam. Hist. p. 519, No. 10461)

The Globe of March 3, also says that Dr. Samuel Ayer Kimball of that city. [p. 835] was called to Bath. Me., to see his father, the Hon. John H. Kimball who was seriously ill. [p. 555] We have no further particulars.



Death of Judge Woodbury.

Judge Enoch Webster Woodbury died at his home in Bethel, Maine, January 26, 1899. He was born in Sweden, Me., Jan. 8, 1818. He was largely engaged in mercantile business, but found time to give much attention to public affairs for which he had peculiar talents, although never aspiring to responsible positions. He was one of the founders of the republican party in his state. He served in both houses of the state legislature, served as judge of .he Probate, superintendent of Reform School, and for fifty years a justice of the peace, and almost continuously a member of some public board of trustees. He was an ardent worker in the temperance cause, and during the war devoted much of his time to caring for and enlisting union soldiers.

It is seldom that we meet with men of such well balanced character. As a business man, in political life, and as a lifelong member of the Congregational Church, with positive views, he always commanded, both the respect and confidence of his

acquaintances of all parties and sects.

On July 2, 1849, he married Sally Ludlow Kimball, daughter of Aaron and Phoebe (Chadbourne) Kimball of Bridgton. They had five children. Webster graduated from Bowdoin College and Bangor Theological Seminary, and entered upon the ministry of the Congregational church. He has been settled over several parishes and is now enjoying what has proved to be a long pastorate at Milford, Mass. Francett: married Deacon Josiah U, Purington and lives in Bethel village. Ambrose, died in childhood. Emma Caroline, married Francis S. Chandler and lives in Bethel village. Wesley K., is a successful lawyer at Pottsville, Penn.

In 1866 they were burned out, the destruction being so complete that not even a good suit of clothes was left. That was a a severe blow for he not only lost much property, but a valuable library and many other things that he had been accumulating

for twenty-five years and could not be replaced.

Mrs. Woodbury died in 1889. Since that time Judge Woodbury had found a pleasant home with his daughter, Mrs. Purington. Judge Woodbury left eight grandchildren and five great-grandchildren.

The Oxford advertiser from which we gather these particulars, says:

The funeral was held at the First Congregational church on Tuesday afternoon. The large building was filled with sympathizing friends, who gathered to pay their last tribute of respects to one so dear to them as a loyal citizen, a kind neighbor and an ardent supporter of all that can develop an enlightened christian life.

The casket was profusely decorated with cut flowers, and a sheaf of wheat lay upon the foot. The pew that used to be occupied by the Judge



in his constant attendance to meeting was decorated with boquets of pinks and roses and trailing smilax.

The eldest son, Rev Webster Woodbury of Milford, Mass., was unable to be present on account of the severe sickness of his companion. Wesley Woodbury, esq., the other son, of Pottsville, Pa., was present, also a grandson. Walter Chandler, of Norway.

All business and business places were closed from 12 until 4-o'clock p. m., and the schools until 2:30.

Note by Sumner Kimball of Lovell, Maine: -2448.

In the foregoing sketch of Judge E. W. Woodbury and family, mention is made of his marriage with Sally Ludlow Kimball, daughter of Aaron and Phebe (Chalbourne) Kimball, of Bridgton, Me. By reference to our history on page 480, No. 945—Aaron and Phebe (Chadbourne) Kimball there is but one child given. This should be amended as follows: Phebe Chadbourne Kimball died March 28, 1882.

CHILDREN.

- i Charles, b. ---. 1812; d. ---. 1872.
- ii Charlotte N. b. Feb. 19, 1815; m. Powers. Resides in Fryeburg Village. Me.
- iii Sally Ludlow (m. Woodbury) b. March 9, 1818; d. March 29, 1890.
- iv Lyman Nutting b. Feb. 16, 1823; d. March 1893.
- ▼ Wesley, b. ——: d. 1854.
- vi Caroline, (m. Vance) b. ---. 1827.

(The News would be glad to receive the names of the children of Judge Woodbury, and of his grandchildren, with dates of birth, death, marriage, as well as wives and husbands.)



Messrs. Rankin & Kimball do an extensive lumber business in St. Louis.

R. H. Kimball of Carfield, Ga., writes that his house has been practically a hospital nearly all winter with cases of rheumatism and measles.

Captain Kimball of Islesboro, Maine, was lost on the schooner Lewis, wrecked in the storm on the Massachusetts coast on the last of November.

Rev. Chas. M. Kimball of Buffalo, N. Y., was the moral force at the Elliott Club dinner of the Buffalo Association of the Sons of the Revolution, February 28.

The Rev. John C. Kimball of Hartford, Conn., has written, and James H. West & Co., of Boston have printed a little pamphlet. "Our Daily Bread." that is sold for ten cents. It is filled with rich thoughts.



Mr. Moses Chandler,

Whose demise on Jan. 17, 1899, in the town of Fryeburg, Me., was a kin of the Kimballs and was well known to many in his own and adjoining towns. This family of Chandlers of which he was a member were men of note, being well educated they were strong men both mentally and physically, and as such took high rank among their surrounding towns people.

Mr. Chandler's grandfather, on his mother's side. was Prof. Paul Langdon, (see p. 149) husband of Mary Kimball, No. 213-v. His mother being their daughter. This tie of relationship between the Chandlers and Kimballs in his youthful days was much prized and the cause of many a family visit between the

cousins and older ones in years past.

Mr. Chandler had always kept these good old time visits in sweet remembrance and took delight in relating of these annual visiting tours between these families when he was but a small boy and allowed to sit up a little later than usual and listen to the many well told stories of the hardships endured by his ancestors and other early pioneers of his own and adjoining towns.

It was through these channels of early information that Mr. Chandler with his strong and retentive memory, and a keen relish for ancestral lore, made him a rare mine of historical facts in after life, all of which he was ready to impart to any one who sought his acquaintance for this purpose. Connected with this family of which he was a member there are those of the Kimball families who have kept in the remembrance this link of relationship and who today feel that they too have been called upon to part with those who in this life held true to that bond of relationship which we so highly prize.

5. K.

This family of Chandlers were more nearly related to the Kimballs than even the above sketch would imply. The Chandler Family History we believe to be the only one published that is larger than the Kimball History, and it is only a few pages larger. The families have largely internarried, more so than either of the Histories show. One feature noticeable about the marriages is that they were not very prolific, or that the lines have run out. Notice on page 272 of Family History, that Phebe Kimball married Ralph H. Chandler. Of their twelve children not one is reported as the head of a family. Again, page 282. Molly Kimball married Isaac Chandler. Of their nine children not one leaves a descendant. Page 151, Priscilla Kimball married Jonathan Chandler; no children. Page 529. Abba Kimball married John L. Chandler; no children. Page 593, Sarah E. Kimball married Wm. P. Chandler; no children.

Many members of this family are now living in Concord.

N. H. (See Fam. News, July, 1898, p. 120.)



David Tenney Kimball's Sons.

One of the strongest characters recorded in the Family History is that of Rev. David Tenney Kimball of Ipswich, Mass., who died there Nov. 2, 1860. The History gives his portrait opposite page 333, and follows with a concise but comprehensive sketch of his life. He had four sons who lived to mature age, and one who died in infancy. These four sons all attained to prominence, and while they have received liberal mention in the history, we have some additional notes furnished by M.V.B. Perley of Portsmouth, N. H., page 620.)

David Tenney Kimball, jr., the eldest son, born Sept. 7, 1808, who lived for many years in Lowell, and died there March 20, 1886, also studied for the ministry and preached some but was never ordained, being compelled to abandon his chosen profession on account of a brouchial affection. But as a teacher he exerted

a wide influence.

The second son, Daniel, born in Ipswich, May 25, 1810, and who died in Woburn, Mass., Nov. 23, 1888, was also college bred, and was for many years an active temperance editor and lecturer and travelled widely in this country and abroad. Of some of his speeches we give the following contemporary press notices:

The Salem Observer said of an address delivered at the seventeenth annual meeting of the Essex County Teachers' Association at Ipswich, Oct. 16, 1849: "It was a well written and valuable lecture. The room was filled to overflowing, and the lecture was listened to with much apparent delight. It was not only a well written lecture, but in the manner of delivery it was superior to that of most lecturers. It was followed by a very spirited and interesting discussion, in which many members took part. We have rarely listened to a lecture which gave such evident satisfaction, or which elicited a more profitable discussion."

The American Republic of Greenfied thus speaks of an address before the Franklin Connty Temperance Association, at Shelburne Falls, July 4, 1547: "It was of a very high character as a literary composition, and very impressive from its matter and the manner of delivery. We had heard much of Mr. Kimball, but he exceeded our expectations. His array of facts was very imposing and his appeal to young men, and to all classes in behalf of young men, was an effort full of energy, pathos and power."

The Cheisea Union of a speech in Chelsea. 1851, said: "His remarks were thrilling, sound, judicious and decided. There was no misunderstanding his language and we doubt if one left the house without a vivid realization of the ruinous business of the ruinseller. As an effective speaker we think few exceed Mr. Kimball. His whole-hearted carnestness entises the attention, while his chaste language, beautiful imagery, and touching pictures of real life, agreeably vary the tenor of his discourses."

Augustine Phillips Kimball, (not Augustus as given on page 621), was an active and public spirited merchant in Boston for



many years, then a manufacturer owning the Androscoggin Mills in Brunswick, Mc., and finally retiring to a farm in Ipswich, on account of failing health. He died in 1859. He never married.

John Rogers Kimball, the youngest son, except Levi Frisbie, who died in infancy, was born in Ipswich, August 23, 1816, and died in Lexington, Sept. 17, 1883. For more than twenty years he was an enterprising and successful merchant in Boston. In 1866 he retired from business with a competency and established his permanent home in Woburn, where he soon became identified with many public interests. He united with the first Congregational Church, Rev. Jonathan Edwards, pastor, and was afterwards one of its board of deacons, and a most efficient worker in every good cause. He was one of the most prominent and useful citizens of the town, which he represented in the legislature one year during the period of the late war and did good service in that stormy time. In announcing his death, the Woburn Journal said of him:

"Deacon Kimball was a man of marked individuality, influential, of great integrity, commanding the respect of every one. He was active in good works, set a good example—a real christian, charitable, kind and greatly beloved.

David Tenney Kimball was also the father of two daughters. Elizabeth born July 9, 1814, married Eugene Frederick Winsor Gray, a well known Massachusetts editor, and a very earnest Episcopalian, who died in 1861. They have two children living.

Maria Sophia Kimball, born Aug. 16, 1820, who married John Dunning Coburn, who was a partner in business with her brother Augustine. They married March 25, 1849, and he died less than three months later, June 6. About twenty years later, Jan. 28, 1869, she married the Rev. John Quincy Peabody of Ipswich. She has no children, but a memory fragrant of good deeds and devotion to the needy sheds a halo around her declining years.

Of this able and influential branch of the family, some further particulars of the grandchildren would be interesting. But little mention is made of them in the Family History, pages 921 to 924.

All those desiring the first volume of twelve numbers of the Family News for themselves or friends, should order them soon. Eastern dealers in genealogical works gather in such publications and sell them at greatly advanced prices. The older they get the more valuable they are. We already have applications for what are left, but shall retain enough to meet any probable demand from members of the family, but it will be wise to avoid too great a delay. The price is still 50 cents for the twelve numbers complete.



Kimball-Family Hows

Vol. 11, No. 4.

Terms 50 cents a year

Topeka, Kansas, April, 1899.

Entered for Transmission as Second Class Matter.

Kimballs, Chandlers, Eastmans.

A study of inter-family marriages is one of the interesting features of family history. There are few instances more remarkable in this respect than may be found in connection with the three families above named. Many of the most numerous families in America bearing the same name, are often made up of persons who are in no wise related. Their names are simply the same. And this is true in many cases where; the ancestors of some were among the earliest immigrants to the new world.

Asis now well known this is not true of the Kimballs in the United States, who with rare exceptions trace their lineage back to Richard who came from England in 1634. And when the records are not clear there is little doubt as to the fact of similar descent. The three families named settled largely in Essex county, Massachusetts. From there they moved north and east, some to Maine and some to New Hampshire. In both cases there families continued to intermarry, but for many years with little intercommunication between those in the two states.

Two prominent storm centers, so to speak, of these movements seem to have been Fryeburg, Maine, and Concord, New Hampshire. A further interesting feature is the fact several other families followed the same lines, and while there were still intermarriages, they were not so frequent as in the cases first mentioned. Among those in the secondary class might be named the Farnums, Abbots, Bradleys, Faringrons and others,

The case of Moses Chandler, a sketch of whose life was given in the last number of the NEWS, is simply one from the Maine end. It is not our purpose here to more than incidentally touch upon the Maine families. Of course neither Concord nor Fryeburg can be considered as any but central points. New

settlements were made all around these towns.

In 1721 several citizens of Essex County, Province of Massachusetts Bay petitioned for a grant of land eight miles square, on the Merrimac river, bounded north by the Contoocook river. Among these petitioners were Ebenezer Eastman, John Chandler, David Kimball (Fam. Hist. p. 89) Samuel Kimball (p. 89), Robert Kimball (2 see p. 64). Later on other members of these three families went to Concord and we note some of the



marriages that followed, a part of them not found in the Family History, and also add some notes that may be of interest.

Capt. John Chandler, father of the Concord settler, lived in Mass. He was a powerful man of great courage. One day he went to Newburyport where three of the king's officers attempted to impress him, laying their hands upon him saying, "the king needs your services." He replied that his family also needed him. "No matter," they replied, "the king needs you and you must go with us." Waiting his opportunity he walked along quietly until they came to an open cellar where a house had been burned; turning suddenly he seized one in each hand and hurled them into the cellar, and then pitched the third one after them.

His son John, the Concord settler, was also an athlete, and on one occasion he sought a contest with a famous wrestler named Wise, who advised him to withdraw his challenge. But Chandler refused and then Wise took hold quickly and threw his man over a wall. Daniel, a son of this John Chandler, married Sarah Eastman, daughter of Ebenezer Eastman, jr. Isaac Chandler, a grandson, born April 18, 1758, married Mary Kimball (not in history.) Moses, son of Ebenezer m. Elizabeth Kimball. Page 89—Elizabeth Kimball, b. Concord, N. H., Sept. 23, 1738;

m. 1756, Moses Eastman, b. Feb. 28, 1732; d. April 4, 1812.

CHILDREN.

i Sarah, b. Aug. 8, 1757; m. Jacob Carter, ii Susanna, b Oct. 30, 1759; m. John West.

iii David, b. Jan. 15, 1763; m. Ruth Carter. iv Ebenezer, b. Oct. 19, 1765; m. Esther Farnum.

v Abiel, b. Oct. 3, 1767; m. Sally Thompson.
 vi Judith, b. Sept. 7, 1769; m. Aaron Austin.
 Phinehas, b. Jan. 20, 1772; m. Susan Cogswell.

viii Simeon, b. May 11, 1774; m. Susan Cogswei viii Simeon, b. May 11, 1774; m. Abigail Virgin.

ix Jemima, b. Oct. 13, 1776; m.

x Betsey, b. April 2, 1779; m. - Lathrop, of Cleveland, O.

xi Persis b. May 31.1781; m. Jacob Trussell. of Canaan.

Jonathan Eastman, grandson of Ebenezer, married Mary
Chandler; and Mary, a granddaughter, daughter of Joseph, married Major Asa Kimball. (p. 165). Another grandson, Jacob,
son of Nathaniel, born July 9, 1763, married Abigail Kimball.
not in history. Jonathan Eastman was a son of Phillip who
married Abiah Bradley. He was noted for his activity and
bravery. In 1601, when he was fifteen years old Jonathan
was sent by his father to drive some hogs and cows to Conway,
going by way of Saco, Maine. While in the woods, about hall
way, a bear came out and stood facing him in the path, but the
boy stood his ground and the animal slunk off into the woods.
He found an old deserted cabin soon afterwards where he spent
the night alone. On another occasion they were out with a surveying party, the only flint to their gun was lost and they had



no way to make a fire. They were on the way to Fryeburg in midwinter and they were near the Keaser pond, in which there were known to be quartz pebbles. Here they cut a hole in the ice, and stripping off his clothes the boy Jonathan dived to the bottom and brought up a pebble with which they struck fire. Jonathan Eastman became one of the leading men of Concord. His son Asa married Mary Kimball. (See Molly K. p. 338) Another son, Jonathan, married Mary Chandler.

It may be seen by the Family History that the Kimballs and Eastmans have largely intermarried. An interesting mention is made of one of these marriages. We refer to that of Anne, daughter of Reuben Kimball, and Simeon Eastman. The mere fact of marriage is stated on page 164 of the History. Capt. Reuben Kimball, it must be remembered was one of the most prominent citizens of Concord. (See p. 74, FAMILY NEWS)

When Ann and Simetn were married, her marriage settlement was a barrel of pork, a barrel of beef, a cow and a yoke of oxen. They were to move to Landaff, N. H., and a small flock of sheep was to be added, but because the wolves were so numerous the sheep were not included.

It may be added that Roger Eastman who came from Wales in 1640 and settled in Salisbury, Mass., was the ancestor of most of the Eastmans now in this country.

Capt. Thomas Chandler, one of the first settlers of Andover, Mass. was the founder of the Chandler family. The Capt. John Chandler, who settled in Concord, was the fourth generation from Thomas. The former notable United States Senator, Zachariah Chandler of Michigan, whose daughter married the present Senator Hale of Maine, and Senator W. E. Chandler of New Hampshire descended from Thomas Chandler, Abiel Chandler, son of Daniel, bequeathed the sum of \$55,000 to founding the Chandler Scientific Department of Dartmouth College.

Beans and Beans.

We are not able to place Benjamin Kimball, jr., a hatter who lived in Concord, N. H., in the early days of this century. It is related of him that during the ministry of the Rev. Dr. McFarland, he rented from the latter a certain lot for which he was to pay one bushel and a half of white beans annually. The summer of 1817 was not a good one for beans, and Benjamin could not raise them by purchase or otherwise. He did however get together two bushels or more of "ring-streaked or speckled beans" in various colors. These he took to Dr. McFarland, who said, "But you have brought more than the amount." "Yes," was the reply, "but not of white beans. The rest I throw in for being off color."



Amos H. Worthen.

Miss Helen Mar Worthen of Den.er. Colo., sends us a memoir of her grandfather, the Hou. A. H. Worthen, formerly state geologist of Illinois, read before the National Academy in 1893, by Charles A. White. He was born Oct. 21, 1813, and died May 6, 1888, in his 75th year. His father was Thomas Worthen of Bradford, Vermont, and his mother Susannah Adams, one of the celebrated Adams family of Quincy, Mass. Mr Worthen received a good academic but not a collegiate education. On January 14, 1834, he married Sarah B. Kimball of Warren, New Hampshire. The union was a happy one and continued fifty-three years, until her death in 1887, about one year before his own.

Soon after marriage the young couple determined to go west. His eldest brother had gone to Cynthiana, Kentucky, and they followed him. Not satisfied with the country they then moved to Cumminsville, near Cincinnati, Ohio, where he taught school one year. They then moved to Warsaw, Illinois, where several of the Kimball family had located, including one of Mrs. Worthen's brothers, with whom he formed a mercantile partnership, which with changes, continued until 1855. But during all this time Mr. Worthen was devoted to scientific pursuits, leaving the business to Mr. Kimball. The difficulties attending scientific study in that period of frontier life may be imagined. Methods of communication were slow and expensive, even postage on letters costing twenty-five cents, and much correspondence with scientists absolutely necessary. Two years, 1842 to 1844, he spent in Charlestown, Mass. In 1851 he became a member of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. He was then high authority on the geological features of the Mississippi Valley. The immense coal measures of Illinois were beginning to attract attention. Great railroad systems then crude indeed, were approaching from the east. In 1853, State Geologist Dr. J. G. Norwood called Mr. Worthen to his assistance. In 1855 he was appointed assistant State Geologist to Prof. James Hall of Iowa.

In 1858 Governor Bissell appointed him State Geologist of Illinois, and his record for the following thirty years until his death, has seldom been surpassed. In 1877 the Illinois State Historical Society and Natural History Museum was established and Mr. Worthen was made curator. One characteristic of Prof. Worthen was his devotion to his adopted state. His reputation was such that his services were sought for other fields, but he

declined all outside overtures.

Among his published works are eight large quarto volumes of exhaustive survey reports which will remain as standard works in all scientific libraries of this class. Altogether he was



the author of thirty-eight publications, consisting largely of papers and addresses before scientific associations, and most of these are included in the eight large volumes before mentioned.

Prof. Worthen's work was warmly appreciated by the people of Illinois. His one great purpose was to make his labor benefit the people at large—those engaged in farming and mining interests, and this it was that made him popular with the masses.

Mr. and Mrs. Worthen were the parents of seven children, an only daughter dying young. Six sons survived and acted as

pall bearers at the father's funeral.

Page 341 Family History, the maiden name of Mrs. Worthen is given as Sally Burnham, daughter of James Shepard Kimball, afterwards of Salt Lake City, Utah, but no mention is made of her marriage. On page 106 of the Family News mention is made of her youngest br.ther, John Burnham Kimball.

Page 341—James Shepard Kimball, b. Nov. 17, 1785; d. Oct. 5, 1857; m. Ruth Burnham of Exeter, N. H., Feb. 7, 1811.
 She was born Dec. 3, 1791; d. Aug. 4, 1870.

CHILDREN.

- i Hazen, b. Mch. 31, 1812, at Hampstead, N. H; m. Derinda Clark, May 30, 1841; d. at Napa, Cal., May 9, 1886.
- ii Sarah Burnham, b. Jan. 28, 1814. Hampstead, N. H.; m. Amos H. Worthen, Jan. 14, 1834; d. Jan. 13, 1887, Warsaw, His.
- iii James Lawrence, b. January 28, 1816, at Hampstead, N.H.; m. Ann Woodruff; d. Jan. 28, 1852 at San Francisco.
- iv Harriet R., b. Jan. 25, 1818; m. Andrew Burnham; d. July 2, 1885, at Salt Lake.
- v Catherine, b. Feb. 5, 1820, at Hampstead; m. George Bond, May 6, 1849.
- vi John Burnham, b. July 20, 1822, at Hampstead; m. Julia Lawrence; d. Nov. 11, 1871, Salt Lake.
- vii Charles, b. Jan. 20, 1828, Pierpoint. N. H.: d. Aug. 29, 1850, Sacramento, Cal.
- Sarah, as well as most of the children, was born in Hampstead, N. H. The family afterwards moved to Warren.

CHILDREN OF AMOS HENRY WORTHEN AND SARAH BURNHAM KIMBALL

- Lafayette Shaw, b. Dec. 10, 1834, Warren, N. H.: m. Harriet A. Wood; d. Angust 17, 1897, Warsaw, Ills.
- ii George Byron, b. June 30, 1537. Warsaw, IIIs.: m. Mary L. Deathe (nee Bedell).
- iii Helen Mar, b. Aug. 29, 1839, Warsaw, Hl; d. Sept. 26, 1840, Warsaw, Ill.
- iv Thomas Albert, b. Sept. 6, 1841, Warsaw, Ill.; m Martha Tufts.
- v Amos Henry, jr., b. Feb. 21, 1844, Charlestown, Mass.; m. Jane M. Brown,
- vi Charles Kimball, b. Sept. 6, 1850. Warsaw. Ills.: m. Clara Floy Waugh.
- vii John Burnham Kimball, b. Feb. 4, 1855. Warsaw: m. Belle S. Connor.



Some Original Grantees of Rumford, Maine.

In another place of this issue we have referred to the notable union of the Kimball, Chandler and Eastman families, and to their locating in New Hampshire and Maine. We believe that the compilers found it more difficult to fully identify the Maine Kimballs, or some of them at least, than any others. Why this is so is uncertain, but probably the most of the Maine members are as well known as any others, especially those who settled in York and Oxford counties and their descendants. It is interesting sometimes to note how these new settlements came to be made, and by whom. Take for instance the town of Rumford. Maine. The long controversy over the boundaries of Concord and Bow. New Hampshire, was settled in 1774. This controversy resulted from the dispute as to the New Hampshire boundary line. The town of Bow was granted by New Hampshire, that of Concord by Massachusetts, and these townships overlapped each other. The New Hampshire boundary was settled in 1740 by the decision of King Charles I. Then followed the long dispute over the town lines, which was not ended until the year preceeding the opening of the Revolution. The controversy had been very expensive to many citizens of Concord and others interested in that town. So when the difficulty was settled a petition was sent to the General Court of Massachusetts to grant these sufferers a tract of land in Province of Maine, as remuneration. The petition was granted and a tract, afterwards known as Rumford was assigned to about seventy persons as original grantees, among them John and Abiel Chandler, Joseph. Ebenezer, Phillip. Moses and Nathaniel Eastman. Phillip. Asa and Reuben Kimball, all of Concord, and Abraham Kimball of Bradford, and Phineas Kimball of Haverhill. Among the others were Abbots, Farnums, Farringtons, other well known names of Maine citizens. Not all these grantees became citizens of Rumford, as not all who had rights in Concord moved to that town. But many of them did so, or assigned their rights to other members of their respective families. The new town was called Rumford after Concord, the capital of New Hampshire, but which was originally called Rumford.

-30 1000

The last session of Congress voted Gen. John M. Palmer of Illinois a pension of 850 a mouth. Gen. Palmer is now over eighty years old, and nearly blind. He was a general in the Union Army, governor of Illinois, United States Senator, and late gold standard democratic candidate for President. He was an early anti-slavery man, and after a life in active politics, is a poor man. His present wife was a Mrs. Kimball.



Dr. Dyke and John Hazen Kimball.

In the March issue of the News p. 251, mention was made of the death of Dr. Samuel P. Dike at the home of his daughter Mrs. John H. Kimball, Bath. Me. The substance of the item was taken from Boston Globe, which stated that Dr. Dike was at one time a Swedenborgian minister, and that of two daughters left, one, Mrs. E. H. Kimball, we could not place. Mr. John H. Kimball now sends us an obituary of Dr. Dike, from which we give extracts below, and also writes a letter of explanation, which further examination on our part would have made unnecessary. His second wife, Elizabeth, born 1845, is a sister of Anna, born 1855, wife of his eldest son, Edward Hazen. [See pp. 555 and 885] both daughters of Mr. Dike.

It will be noticed that the Hon. John Kimball is a grandson of Deacon John and Anna Ayer Kimball of Concord, N.H., about whom we have considerable to say this mouth. His father, the Hon. Samuel Ayer Kimball, was born the same year that the Rev. Timothy Walkerdied, 1782. He was also one of the prominent men of Concord and of the State, but did not come upon the stage of action until the pioneer era had nearly passed. From

the Bath Times, Jan 9, 1899:-

Dr Samuel Failer Dike was born at North Bridgwater, Mass. March 17, 1815. He graduated from Brown University in 1838, an earnest disciple of Swedinburg, went to Biston to study thoology with Dr Worcester by whom he was orialisal in Paila lelphia. June 7, 1849, and subsequently married his daughter.

Although but twenty-five years of age. Dr. Dike hat already shown abilities as a scholar and attracted the attention of William D. Sewall, wno invited him to become the first pastor of the New Church society.

then but recently formed in Bath.

This invitation was accepted and on June 13, 1840. Dr. Dike arrived. It is not unusual to find men who have been engaged in the ministry for fifty years, but it is seldom that one can point to that period as spent in a single parish, while it is more than doubtful if the state can show another church of so long standing which had but one pastor for so long a time.

Dr. Dike was installed over the society Oct. 10, 1841. In June 1590, having served for fifty years, Dr. Dike preached his farewell sermon and withdrew much to the regret of his people. Through the generosity of one of his friends and parishners Hon. Arthur Sewall, he was enabled

to make a tour of the world, taking one year for his trip

In 1s41 the graded system of schools was introduced and Dr. Dike was chosen the first superintendent, a position he held for over twenty years. The efficiency of his work is clearly shown by the fast that this period is referred to as the one when Bath schools were at their best, and is held up as a standard by which the work of past times should be judged. After his resignation Dr. Dyke was repeatedly urged to return but other duties prevented.



In 1880 br. Dyke went on a trip through Asia Minor, proceeding as far east as Damaseus, for the purpose of fitting himself more thoroughly for the professorship of biblical and ecclesiastical history. He was appointed a member of the Peace Congress held in London in July, 1890, but was unable to attend.

Dr. Dyke leaves six children, Mrs. John H. Kimball, Mrs. A. E. Hooper of Newtonville, Mass., Mrs. E. H. Kimball, Dr. John Dyke of Melrose,

Mass., Mrs. George H. Dole, and Dr. Thomas W. Dyke of Boston.



Afflicted Cousins.

There is a Kimball home in East Hebron, N. H., whose afflictions call for the keenest sympathy. It is that of the late Jacob D. Kimball. (p. 603 Fam. Hist.) The date of his death is not given. For years the widow has been an invalid, and all through the late long winter she has wavered between life and death, under the care of two daughters, both suffering from ill health themselves. About the middle of February she began to rally, and then on the twentieth came a blow the most The oldest son, William, had built a little mill in Concord and had begun to see the way to help his suffering mother and patient sisters. On the day mentioned he was workwith several other men where the use of dynamite was necessary. While preparing this an explosion took place in which he was instantly killed. No one else was injured, while he was mangled beyond recognition. When the news reached the long time saddened home the mother was thrown into convulsions, and for days made delirious, but she still survives.

This is the first break in the family since the death of the habband and father. But the family has endured more than its share of suffering. An invalid mother, largely under the care of an invalid and sometimes helpless daughter, without the advantage of wealth, found a patient endurance already put to a severe test, and now the death of a helpful son, in this distressing manner, just as new hopes were budding into expectation, comes

to her as the last crushing stroke.



W. A. Kimball, now located in Danville, Ill., representing a Kansas City packing company is not found in the Family History. The family is from New York, and members are living in West Virginia and Kansas.



The name of Duran Kimball, page 720, does not appear in the index of the family History.

Page 838, No. 2474, belongs to Frederick and not to Charles.



Notes Supplemental to Family History.

Page 171—584a Stephen Kimball⁶ [Aaron⁶ Aaron¹ David³ Benjamin⁹ Richard¹] b. Hopkinton, N. H., Aug, 9, 1802; died Cleveland, Ohio, June 25, 1879; m. Harriet Ellis Keith, Dec. 2, 182⁹; b. Newport, R.I., Feb. 12, 1803; d. Holyoke, Mass., May 30, 1868.

CHILDREN

- i Infant son, b. and d. Nov. 12, 1830,
- fi Harriet Isophene, b. Jan. 16, 1833; d. Jan. 5, 1896, New York City; m. Apr. 23, 1864, Edward E. Brankman, No children.
- Rhoda Isadore b May 28, 1833; d. Jan. 29, 1891; m. I. H. Graves,
 April 8, 1856. Children: I. Lillian Florence Graves. b. Mass.,
 Jan. 24, 1857; m. Apr. 18, 1879. G. H. Chase, Red Bluff. Cal.
 Children: Edith. Lee and Gladys. 2. Percy Kimball, b. Mass.,
 June 19, 1859; unmarried: rosidence. Sacramento, Cal. 3 Battie Es-telle, b. Mass., Nov. 18, 1860; m. Henry Eugene. Sacramento.
 Cal. Children: Harry, Amy. Frank. Florence, Percy and infant. 4 Frank Howard, b. Mass., Aug. 23, 1862; d. Aug. 24, 1863. 5 Edith May, b. Cal., Apr. 7, 1867; d. Oct. 1868. 6 Frank
 Omar, b. Cal., Mar. 14, 1571; d. Feb. 1873.
- Page 652-1346 Joseph L. Kimballi m. June 18, 1844; Harriet Newell Putnam, b. Elmore, Vt., June 18, 1823; d. Sept. 22, 1882, Manhattan, Kas. He was a photographer for many years but spent the last ten or lifteen years of his life on a farm near Manhattan with his children.

CHILDREN.

- i Ella Maria⁴, b. Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 26, 1845; d. June 17, 1874; m. Sinteon M. Fox of Manhattan. Three children, only one, Charles J. Fox, living.
- ii William Henry' (not Harlan) b. Manchester, N. H., May 16, 1847. Farmer, single; lives near Manhattan, Kansas.
- iii Ellery Channing, b Concord, N. H., April 5, 1850; m. Dec. 17, 1888, Helen Eva Pillsbury. Have four children, all living. Live near Manhattan. Farmer
- iv Walter Bernard*, b. Concord, N. H., Nov. 19, 1851 Single; resided San Francisco, Cal.
- v Helen Mauds, b. Concord, N. H., Sept. 8, 1856; m. Dec. 3, 1874, Roswell D. Jacobus, Pompton, N. J. Nine children; seven living; farmer; lives near Manhattan.

Joseph L. (1346) whose record is so imperfect in Family History, was the brother of W. H. Kimball (1347) whose record is so full, and was his partner in photo work, as history states on p. 653. Harriet Newell Putnam, as well as Sarah Collins Putnam [See Number 1342] were of the Gen. Israel Putnam family.



Some Early American Ancestors.

Reginald Foster who first settled in Ipswich, Mass., was the ancestor of most of the New England Fosters.

Phillip and Martha Fowler who came from England in 1734 and settled in Ipswich, Mass. Their son Joseph married Martha, daughter of Richard Kimball, who came over the same year and they became the head of a large Fowler family. Thomas Scott and his wife Elizabeth, were the ancestors of the New England family of Scots. His sister Ursula was the wife of Richard Kimball and they all came over from Rattlesden, England, in 1634. His father was Henry Scot. Some of his children settled in Connecticut.

John Severans, who married Abigail Kimball, and who came to this country, probably the same year as her father, was the ancestor of most persons of that name. Their daughter Elizabeth married Samuel Eastman, and their grand-daughter was

the mother of Daniel Webster.

Robert Day and Moses Pengry (Pingree) were among the earliest settiers of Ipswicia, and were ancestors of most New England Days and Pingrees. John Day married Sarah Pengry. Gen. A. W. Greeley of the United Signal Service, and the explorer who narrowly escaped death in the polar regions, descended from the son of Moses and Abigail Kimball, as did many others—the Balch, Jewett, Bailey, Cobb and Nesmith families.

The ancestors of the notable Massachusetts Walker families were John Walker, who settled in Charlestown, 1634, and Augustine who settled there in 1641. They were not only the progenitors of many branches of Walker families, but of an unusual number of other families on the female line. It seems that nearly every prominent New England family is to this day more or less connected with the Walker, either by descent or marriage. Among these would be such names as Abbot, Bradley, Bailey, Davis, Chandler, Collin, Dow, Farnum, Kimball, Livermore, Eastman, Moody, Parker, Pickering, Rolfe, Thomp-

son (Count Rumford , Webster, etc.

Robert Potter came from Coventry, England, in 1620 and settled in Lynn, Mass. He had a son Anthony who settled in Ipswich in 1648. Thomas Kimball (p. 52 Pam. Hist.) married his daughter Elizabeth. Her brother Anthony was the father of the Daniel Potter who married Elizabeth Kimball, ninth child of Ephraim, in 1728. (See p. 53.) They had two sons, Ephraim and Richard and a sister Elizabeth who went from Ipswich in 1771 to Concord, N. H. They also had wo sons, Daniel and Anthony, and a daughter Martha, and another Elizabeth, all of whom died young. Richard Potter was born March 17, 1744, and married Lydia Averill, of Topsield, Mass., in 1766. When they moved to Concord, they had \$130 which was paid on



the farm. Mrs. Potter and child went horseback. Mr. Potter drove a cow, and their household goods were on a barrow drawn by another horse. He served a short term in the Revolution under Gen. Sullivan. He had a leg broken in 1782, but lived in robust health until 1828, his wife Lydia dving in 1824. Two of their grand-daughters were named Lydia Kimball, and the other Alnah Kimball Potter.

Ephraim Potter, the elder brother of Richard, was first a sanction, then a mechanic. He made wooden clocks, and built the four square steeple of the old North meeting house in Concord, the wonder of the time. He married Sarah Cory, and they had nine children. He was a man of superior intelligence, and accumulated good property, but drink, the satlor's besetting sin, caused his family to be left poor. He died in 1800.



E. P. Kimball, editor of the Record, Virden, III., is also a postmaster, and his wife is a clerk in the office. This consin, not mentioned in the Family History, is a son of Henry Martyn Kimball, A. B. Dartmouth College, 1855, formerly editor of the Carlinville (III.) Democrat, now on the staff of the Northwestern Farmer, St. Paul, Minn. E. P. Kimball his maternal grandfather was Elihu J. Palmer, brother of Ex-U. S. Senator John M. Palmer, comes from newspaper stock, his grandfather David also having been a newspaper man, a graduate not only from Yale College, but from the old printing office of George Hough of Concore, N. H. (See p. 592, Fam. Hist.)



Notwithstanding the size of the Family History, nearly 300 pages, and all that has yet been given in the Family News, amounting to nearly half as much more, there are hundreds of families not yet outlined. And there is constant demand for this information by those who wish to join the Sons or Daughters of the Revolution, the colonial and other patriotic societies, and for other purposes. Note some of the cases given in this issue, descendants of Stephen Kimball, p. 171. Family History, and of James Shepard Kimball, page 341. All those having the History and finding the records incomplete are invited to supply all the information possible, following the plan of the History in all minute details as to names in full, dates, etc.



Kimball Family News for 1808, 208 pages, over 400 columns supplemental to the Family History, postpaid 50 cents. Order soon before they are gone. G. F. Kimball, Topeka, Kansas.



Oueries

The two following graduates of Dartmouth College, (See Family Naws, Sept. 1898, p. 188) are not mentioned in the Family History. We have as much information as here given. Who can give their ancestry?

Arthur Herbert Kimball, son of Joseph Peck and Melvina (Green) Kimball. born Corinth, Vt., Oct. 23, 1850. Fitted at Barre Academy. Assistant in Barre Academy 1873-4; studied medicine meanwhile with Dr. J. H. Jackson; continued studies Dr. C. P. Frost, (Dartmouth College, 1872) and graduated M.D. in Nov. 1875; spent two months in Bellevue Hospital; practised Cummington, Mass., Jan. 1876, to Nov. 1882; studied at New York Polyclintic Medical School in winter of 1882-3; practised Battle Creek, Mich., April 1883, till cecease. Married Sept. 14, 1876, Mrs. Marian Crowell (Baker) Baker, daughter of Obed and Miriam Baker of South Dennis, Mass., who survives him with two sous. Died Battle Creek, Mich., Aug. 6, 1894, of consumption.

Clarence Eugene Kimball, son of Charles Dexter and Harmela M. (Colburn) Kimball, born in Townsend, Mass., Dec. 24, 1856. Fitted at Kimbalt (Union Academy, coming to college, (Dartmouth) from Rindge, N. H. Principal of Mystic Bridge (Conn.) High School, 1881-3; studied at College of Physicians and surgeons, N. Y., from Oct. 1, 1883, graduating M. D. in 1886; assistant in Colored Home and Hospital, New York City, 1886-7; resident New York Infant Asylum, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., 1887-9; in general practice there May 1, 1889, till decease. Married Sept. 14, 1893, Fredrika Creighton, daughter of John Millington and Nancy (Howe) Lockwood of Mt. Vernon, who survives him, without children. Died in Michigan, on a journey, Nov. 29, 1895, of apoplexy.



F. W. Kimball, No. 3 Union Square, New York, and 84 Oxford St. W. London, advertise an Anti-Rheumatic Ring, and print a small pamphlet on rheumatism and similar diseases.



And now comes David S. Kimball the New G. A. P. Commander Fairbank's post, Detroit, Mich. who is not found among the ninety Davids in the History, and revives the old tradition that the family is of Scotch decent. The tradition is an old one and seems to have found a lodging in many quarters.



Deacon John and Anna Aver Kimball.

Opposite page 159 of the Family History a group of five Kimballs is shown, commencing with Deacon John Kimball of Concord. The group includes Capt. F. M. Kimball of Topeka. and ends with his son Carl Willis, now in New York City.

The April number of the FAMILY NEWS for 1898 was accompanied by a half tone portrait of Anna Ayer, the wife of Deacon John, taken from a family painting, and hence not so good as if taken from life. The same number of the News also contained a supplemental sketch, ending with the statement that after the death of the Rev. Timothy Walker [which occurred Sept. 1, 1782] he was one of the committee to supply the pulpit. This means much more than one would suppose. The Rev. Timothy Walker was one of the great men of the new settlement. He commenced his ministry in 1730. From that time for ninety-five years afterwards, the minister was hired by the town corporation and paid by the parish treasurer. He was a town official to all intents and purposes, and at the death of Mr. Walker, even the funeral charges, amounting to over \$60 were paid by the parish. The committee appointed to act for the corporation in securing a new minister consisted of Timothy Walker, jr., John Kimball, Reuben Kimball [p. 164 Fam. Hist., and Fam. News, p. 74] Seven years later both Deacon John and Reuben were on a committee to build a parsonage, which was sold to the Congregational Church society in 1828, three years after the town corporation went out of the ministerial business.

The Aver family was descended from John who settled in Salisbury, Mass., ir. 1640, and moved to Ipswich in 1648, and to Haverhill in 1657, where Anna Aver, daughter of Samuel and Ann (Hazen Aver was born. Anna Aver was not only beautiful, but intelligent. Her mother had a superior education and became Anna's teacher, and she only attended school five weeks to study penmanship. She taught school in Haverhill; and ranked high in the profession. It was something in those days to be a good speller, and particularly so for a woman. But Anna Ayer had the honor of being one of the two best spellers. Probably there have been few marriages more congenial than that of Anna Aver and John Kimball. For more than fifty years they worked together, and they were certainly among those who did effective work in their time toward forming the highest American character. She was not only a helpmeet and co-worker with her husband, but during the last fifteen years of his long and remarkable pastorate she was a valued help to the Rev. Timothy Walker.

John Kimball after he went to Concord soon became one of the leading singers in Mr. Walker's Church. At that time it was the custom to line the hymns, that is, the minister would



read a line and then the singers would sing it. This was before Mr. Kimball became deacon. He it was who induced them to dispense with the lining, although it took some effort and a little

strategy to secure the reform.

Deacon John Kimball's house stood near the church. Not until 1822 did they have fires to warm the building. Most of the church going people carried with them stones or slabs of marble previously heated, upon which they placed their feet. Others carried small foot stoves made of tin in which was a pan filled with live coals. Under such circumstances Deacon Kimball's house was a favorite resort before services began and during the hour of intermission between morning and afternoon services, for there in the huge open fireplace a blazing fire was kept up.

Anna Aver Kimball was a good housekeeper. The Kimball house was a hospitable one, not only for the church people but for statesmen. It is related that Gov. Langdon, when he went from his home in Portsmouth up to Concord on state business. was often a guest at Deacon Kimball's. Mrs. Kimball learned that baked pumpkin was a favorite dish with Gov. Langdon. It was a more aristocratic dish than bean porridge, and there was a genteel way of preparing it and Anna Kimball understood it. It required pumpkins with hard shells. A circular hole was cut in the stem end and the seeds and insides scraped out, and then nearly filled with new milk, and the pumpkins put into a very hot oven, and the lid closed. Here they remain twelve hours or more. When removed for the table, the pumpkins were filled up again, one for each guest, who scooped out the inside with a spoon leaving only the shell. A less stylish method was to scrape out the substance into a pan, and then dish it out into wooden bowls. The highly cultivated Anna Aver served her puddings to Gov. Langdon in the most approved style, and we give the formula for any modern Kimball girls to use at their convenience.

とうけんりょ

Edward A. Claypool, of 219 Dearborn Avenue, Chicago, has issued a two volume work on Scotch-Irish ft milies in America. Among other things this work contains the names and residences of nearly 50,000 families of Scotch ancestry established in this country before 1788, and 10,000 families of the colonial period. It is claimed that more than one-fourth of Washington's generals, more than one half the leading officers, on both sides in the civil war, eleven presidents, more than one half of the mos, noted editors, nearly all the great inventors, and a very great proportion of the statesmen and jurists of the country have been descendants of the Scottish race, while by intermarriages this blood has been more or less diffused in almost every family in the nation.



The Kimball Elm.

In the December number of the News we copied from "Old Ipswich in Verse and School-Day Memories" an article on "Miss Kimball's School." The same work contains a poem of over two pages on "The Kimball Elm." The poem was written in 1864 by Samuel R. Bond, about the time the tree was cut down. It was preceded by the following introduction:

These lines were suggested by the outling down of the Old Elm Tree, near the depot in Javoichi to be of the largest and most noted among the many beautiful shade trees of which there is to down the day of the largest and under which the writer was used to sport through all the years of his childhood; to whom it was no common tree.—hardly less, indeed than a Talking Elm.

It was set out by Aaron Kimball, in the year of 1775, on the twentyinst anniversary of his birthday, and for many years served as the rooftree of himself and his descendants. When at length the old homestead was sold, there was a clause in the deed reserving the tree, whenever it should be necessary to cut it down, to the heirs of the grantor.

Projected improvements on the part of the Eastern Railroad Company required the sacrifice of this ornament of the town. Five grandsons, and the husband of a granddaughter of him who planted it, eame together from different parts of the country to perform the sad but pious offlee of laying the ax to its aged truck; and only after more than two days did it, it is seen to the property of the proper

Its dimensions were over one hundred feet in height: twelve and a half feet in circumference at a distance of ten feet from the ground; and eighteen and a half feet across the roots at the surface of the earth.

A large portion of the tree is already being used for ship-timber. It

may, therefore, see another generation of usefulness.

This Aaron Kimball we understand to be number 193, recorded on page 139 of the Family History. Three of his children are given as heads of families. (See p. 265, numbers 457, 458, 459. The grandchildren are also there recorded, and on page 483 are the names of several great-grandchildren, most of them born since the old Kimball Elm was cut down.



From San Francisco 'Chronicle,' March 18, 1899.

The ship Helen N. Kimball was yesterday reported arrived at Panama, and the anxiety of her owners was thereby allayed. The Kimball sailed from Eureka 104 days ago, and the precarious nature of the voyage and her unusually long passage had caused considerable speculation as to her safety.

(The ship Helen N. Kimball was named for the wife of the principal owner, John Simpson Kimball, who was Belen Naomi, White. See Fam.

Hist. p. 1143, Fam. News pp. 117, 118, 157, 158, 249.)

A new coast steamer for passengers and freight is being built at Puget Sound for the J. S. Kimball Company. She will be ready by October 1, and will accomodate 100 passengers. She will be 225 feet long, 38 feet beam and 16 feet in depth.



Was Abraham at Bunker Hill.

An eastern cousin writes to know if she is eligible to become a daughter of the American Revolution. She names father and grandfather, and says the family story is that an ances-

tor Abraham fought at the Battle of Bunker Hill.

This ancestor is found to be Abraham No. 250, p. 169, Family History. It is there stated "It is said that he was in the battle of Bunker Hill." This would not be conclusive. The probabilities are that he was there, but the evidence is not positive, and cannot be obtained, so far as known. The records are not complete. It is known, however, that after the battle of Lexington three companies were formed from Concord and adjoining towns, and they made a part of Col. John Stark's regiment at Bunker Hill. One Abraham Kimball belonged to Capt. Aaron Kinsman's company, who was probably a descendant of Stephen Kinsman and Lucia Kimball [p. 63, Fam. Hist.] This Abraham is reported as having lost a gun. At this time there were three Abraham Kimballs in Concord and neighboring towns. One was the son of David. [see p. 60, Fam. Hist.] He was a little over sixty years old, and therefore not likely to enlist. He lived in Concord. Another lived in Weare, a neighboring town. [p. 196 Fam. Hist.] He was nineteen years old and the next year he enlisted in Capt. Young's company. The other Abraham was from the adjoining town of Hopkinton, son of Aaron[p. 169] He was 33 years old, was the one most likely to enlist, and is therefore supposed to be the one in Capt. Kinsman's company at Bunker Hill. But it is not certain.

The muster rolls in the office of the Secretary of State, Document No. 2, Chapter ix, gives the names of the Concord men who helped make up this regiment inder Stark. One Abraham Kimball is there given as a member of Capt. Gordon Hutchins' company. Capt. Kinsman in his report of his losses mentions Abraham Kimball as having lost a gun. In a note, after mentioning Concord men in his Company, it is added, "Most of Capt. Kinsman's company were from "other towns." From this it would seem that there were two Abrahams at Bunker Hill, and the presumption is that one was the number 250, the son of Aaron. Probably the one in Capt. Kinsman's company.

But it is certain that this Abraham was at the battle of Bennington where he was wounded. It is upon this record that his descendants must rely in their applications for admission as Sons or Daughters of the Revolution. [See Fam. Hist. p. 169; Fam. Naws p. 47; list of New Hampshire soldiers at Bennington by Geo. C.Gilmore, published by John B. Clark, Manchester,

N.H., and the official records.

The Kimball Family History, in two volumes, nearly 1,300 pages, price \$6.00 postpaid, by L. A. Mornson, Canobie Lake, N. H.; or S. P. Shareless, 13 Broad \$5.1, Boston, Mass.



Himball-Family Hews

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Entered for Transmission as Second Class Matter

WHO ARE THE KIMBALLS?

A BIT OF PRESUMABLE FAMILY HISTORY. By Alice Kimball Hopkins.

(See Family History, page 946 No. 2187 v., page 947)

This question we shall endeavor to answer, and also to trace the name of Kimball to its origin or source, that we may learn

its real significance.

Since Adam gave names to the animals, man has never called things amiss, but has always named them in accordance with some inherent quality or principle which they were originally intended to represent, because this was in the mind of the Maker. We believe, with the ancients, that this extends even to the human family; for we find indubitable proof of the same in the Scriptures.

First, we shall do well to recognize the fact that our family, patronymic has undergone various modifications in spelling. This is true, at least, of its root or stem, the ancient forms of which we find to be Kim, Kym, Cimb, Cumr, and Cimr, for K and C have a similar sound in this name, while the letters j, y, and n have all the same power in the middle of the syllable. The word Kym, we learn, means to firm, or well pound, and round. Hence we see that the termination highly have grown out of the root significance, if it have not, another to

which we shall allude as we proceed.

Kim, as a patronymic, antedates even the time of Honier, for it was borne by a people or tribe of whom he writes. The Kimmerians or Kimmerioi were the Happy Hyperboreans who were located by all tradition at the extreme north beyond Boreas, in the summer land, where, as the poet tells us, "The truit falls not, nor ever fails in winter time nor summer, but is yielded all the year." Naturally were the Hyperboreans called the people of the Great Boar, because the perfect flower of the previous cycle; for no scholar today questions that man has passed through one, if not more, precessional periods on this planet.

Herodotus next makes mention of the Kymry, or Kimmerioi of Homer, and affirms that in his own day they dwelt in the Crimean Peninsula, whence they had come from Media, which

he says was not their original home or birthplace, ...



"He particularly notes," Prof. Totten says, their prowess, virtue, and many other noble qualities, and seems not a little mystified in regard to them."

"Strabo, Diodorus, and Pliny all speak of them as 'Wanderers.'" while history and scholarship today declare them to

be of the most ancient people of Europe.

We next hear of them as the early inhabitants of Britain, where their own traditions affirm that before they came to this land they dwelt in the Summer Country from which they escaped by ship at the time of a great flood. These state that "Hugh, the Mighty, led hither the nation of the Kynry from the north, over the hazy sea [the German Ocean] to the island of Britain, and that none have any title therein but the Kynry, because they first settled upon it."

During the various Roman invasions of Britain, the Kymry displayed great valor in holding their country, but they finally retreated to Northumberland, cumberland, and Wales, which are still styled the land of the Kymry, and named for them, as Cambria and Cumbria. There today are to be found the de-

scendants of the North and South Kymry.

Thomas Stephens, a distinguished Cambrian scholar in the preface to his "Literature of the Kymry," observes: "On the map of Britain, facing St. George's Channel, is a group of counties called Wales, inhabited by a people distinct from and but very imperfectly understood by those who surround them. Their neighbors style them Welchmen (a Teutonic term, signifying 'strangers'). The proper name of these people is Kymry, and they are the last remnant of the Kimmerioi of Homer.

Mr. Stephens continues: "The history of the Kymry is clear, concise, and authentic, and ascends to a high antiquity. Their language was embodied in verse long before the languages now spoken rose into notice, and their literature, cultivated and abundant, lays claim to being the most ancient in modern

Europe.'

This people, whose origin is prehistoric, is known in Celtic history as the North and the South Kymry. The latter embrace the inhabitants of Cambria or Weles, while the North Kymry spread along the sea-coast, and comprise the people of ancient Cumbria, now called Cumberland (properly pronounced Kimberland), where they still style themselves Kymry, and give their country a similar name.

But, you will ask, What has this to do with the Kimball family in New England? Simply this: that the Kymry is our own genealogical tree, which has spread its roots broadly and

deeply into the soil of the New World.

We have in our possession a statement from the Heraldry office in London affirming our branch of the family of Kimball to have had its origin in the county of Cumberland [ancient



Cumbria], from a parish of the same name upon the Scottish border. In other words, we belong to the North Kymry division of our race who settled the northwest coast of Britain, and whom history traces across the German Ocean from their home in the North. Our ancestors were of that Cumbrian race known as one of the most remarkable in the family of nations.

Alexander Jones, in his "Oration on the Kymry, "affirms that "This people have had a country and a language on the island of Britain for twenty-four hundred years, which they maintained in unconquered and unconquerable possession against all invaders. [The preservation of a language in living use among a people from primitive ages to the present era affords

strong evidence that they were never conquered.]"

Naturally did our common ancestor, springing from this ancient race of "Wanderers," hear, like Abram of old, the divine call, which ever and anon comes down the ages: "Get thee out of thy country and from thy kindred, and from thy father's house into the land that I will shew thee." The promise to the patriarch, "I will multiply thy seed and make of thee a great people," has as truly been fulfilled in the descendants of Richard Kimball; for numerically we are today one of the leading families of New England.

When we learn, as we do from history, that among those who were the most prominent factors in American Independence the South Kymry were largely represented [seventeen of the signers of the Declaration being of Cambrian birth], we see that the spirit of the fathers still lives in the descendants of this ancient race, who have, in all lands, been the pioneers of civil and religious freedom. Fittingly are they named Kymry, for to turn—to turn about and to overturn,—is peculiarly their mis-

sion to the nations.

We would say a word here in regard to the present form of our family patronymic in America. It appears from the records of England that the more common ending there has always been b-l-e. The termination b-n-ll is first met in the Chancery Records between the years 1603 and 1625. (This proves that our presents manner of spelling is not of American origin, as has been claimed.)

Kimball may be regarded as a place-name, since it did not grow up, like the patronymics Williamson, Wilson, and Wilcox, from some paternal William: neither does it belong to the class of names which like Weaver, Webster, and Webb, indicate the

employment of the founder of the family."

Two cases are found on record in England which seem to indicate a place-name. In the Civil Records for the year 140s, the will of Alice de Kymber was offered for probate. Again, in 1223, the Bishop of Bath signed a charter to the Church of Kammel.



The letter b, we remember, was included in one of the most ancient forms of spelling the word. The present termination b-a-ll or a-ll seems to have come in somewhere about 1600, since the earliest record of it is found at that time. This suggests that those who first adopted it regarded themselves as the nucleus of the old race (at least of the North Kymric division); and it seems the more probable from the well known fact that this people were never indifferent regarding genealogy; for to be a Kymry was to have ancestors.

However this may be, we believe that the Kimballs, wherever found, may claim descent from the Kimmerioi, because originating in the land of the Kymry and still bearing down the ancient

name.

Springing from this people of the Great Bear (which has far other significance than the ordinary accepted one, it behooves all bearing the old name to work earnestly, and at the same time with faith, toward bringing about realization of the traditionary promises which the descendants of the Hyperboreans have always held; namely, the return of a Golden Age, when men shall live together again in love and unity.

For like the harvest which crowns the year and is followed by the golden days of the Indian summer, so will the summer of the race follow the great cyclic of world-year harvest of which

we have annually a symbolical expression.

We have not the time to enter upon the long-preserved traditions of the Kymry, or their claims to a Hyperborean origin (which is now generally conceded). Neither can we attempt a defence of their ancient faith or worship, for Druidism is a dead letter to moderns. Many recent theories, however, (and we believe correctly), connect the tenets of this mystery religion with the same truths taught of old to the patriarchs: for the canopy of heaven was common to both, and man needed not a written word to interpret the primeval revelation.

That the Druids of Britain had no mean knowledge of the science of astronomy, meteorology, and medical botany is now

proven.

Stonehenge is the grandest ancient relic of Kymric architecture today extant. In this massive circle of stone, which is the most mysterious monument of Britain's past, we find the great circular temple of which Diodorus speaks: and which unquestionably had to do with the zodiacal circle in the heavens; for to the ancient Kymry it was given to transcribe the message written in the stars, a wisdom that declined from age to age as a more material life came in, and finally perished utterly with its priests and hierarchy.

The motto of the Kymry was, "Truth against the world," which not only proves them to have been light bearers from the



earliest times, but also that, as today, the world was arrayed against the truth; for then, as now, materiality held sway.

Little wonder is it that this illuminated race were scattered among the nations of the Old World, and everywhere regarded as "strangers" and "wanderers." So they must always have held themselves, for their descendants, the Kymry, have continued to remain distinct from those about them, and have been ever styled a newline people.

While the more prominent families of England claim to have come in with the conquest, the Kymry can, and do, make a prior claim, namely, that their forefathers were once lords of all Britain. For they were associated with that remarkable age when Arthur, and the Knights of the Round Table (or the Zodiacal Circle) figured in Britain's History: when a hundred thousand chosen men of the Kymry were slain in the battle in which Arthur fell.

At the time of the Roman invasion these aborigines of Britain, instead of being medicine men and conjurers, were a body of men, half monks and half philosophers, with a system of heirarchal order and professional instruction, remains of which are today found in the institutions of their invaders.

"Many there were among this ancient people who held to the hope of beholding the supremacy of the Kymry again restored, and this remarkable faith was handed down through the centuries from one generation to another."

In this fact we see evidence of that firmly rooted belief in the restoration of the Order of the Ages, regarding which they had lost all data, else they had not made the mistake they did in relation to Arthur, of supposing the Christ to have indeed come in their great Kymric leider.

Paith in their old race traditions was naturally much strengthened in Arthur, whose name, Arth, in their language signifies a bear. The coming of Arthur did bring to his race a bear of the spiritual, indeed, and for a time renewed its declining light; for he revived in some degree the ancient wisdom, establishing the order of the "Knights of the Table Round." This with the traditions of the Holy Grail or Starry Challech, belong to that period, and prove the people of his age to have been more or less conversant with the arcane knowledge of their forefathers.

The ancient Kymrie name of the constellation Lyra was also Telyn Nethur, or Lyre of Arthur, and when we recognize the symbolical expression of this emblem, whose principal star, Teyn, is to be the final pole star of our cycle, we see why Arthur was supposed to be connected with the end; and regarded both living and dead as the hope of his nation. The Hebrew name of this first-magnitude star Typa signifies exaltation, triumph; and hence, as the beacon star of the perfected or completed sun



period in which we are now living, it is both a prophecy and promise of that better day in which this ancient race devoutly believed.

When I eya was last pole star the Kimmerioi were in their supremacy, and their descendants knew the consellation Lyra to be connected with the consummation of every great cycle. Naturally, therefore, did they associate it with their hero of whom their traditions predicted, and through whose speech flowed a marvelous melody to their ears because that of their fatherland.

"It seemed as the harp of the sky had rung. For the heirs of heaven played round his tongue."

(As the poet has said of Kilmeny.)

The real significance of this period, history teaches, was the preparation of this people for that renewed light which came in the form of Christianity. This was the more readily accepted by them in that it intepreted their traditions of Him who was to come and restore that ancient order (in which today man no longer believes).

In closing, we would offer a reason which is to us more significant still for the name of Kimmerioi and Kymry having been given to this people, and also for the fact that the Hyperboreaus have always been associated with the constellation of

the Great Bear and the North Pole.

As we said in commencing, we find that names are not a matter of accident (as man will eventually learn), for they are always significant, in civilized as well as savage life, of some inherent quality or principle which distinguishes the person or

thing.

The ancient word Kym, as we learn from good authority, meant to turn or roll round and round, which the bear does continually about the pole, pointing always to that one fixed point in the heavens which is marked by the North Star for the beacon of all "Wauderers"]. This again turns ceaselessly around that center [which it never quite attains, any more than does man], which is called imaginary. Are we not told that the Divine is in the midst, like an axis?

Naturally did the name Kym designate a people who had the polar or reversed view,—the all-rounded one,—because from the true center, which man's objective point to-day denies him. We question not that they were indeed located at the pole,

for the physical and the spiritual are ever in correspondence.

Ancient Britain's designation of this constellation as the Plough and America's term the Dipper are both singularly significant. The former did indeed break the ground for a bear or yield of the spiritual, which the latter is today harvesting; for in the New World is gained the more depressed horizon which grants to man that broadened view which the Old World



denies him. In other words; our horizon dips; more of the

southern heavens are seen from our shores.

The term "Hyperborean" signifies over or beyond the pole, and also below or under it: positions which the constellation of the Bear alternately assumes in its circuit of the heavens for this symbol of the secen stars is the object lesson of the ages which a simpler and more spiritual race were not slow to appreciate, as the Hebrew and Arabic names prove.

The Kimmerians and Hyperborians belonged to that age or sun-period when the great luminary was last in Cancer, of which the Great Bear is a Decan or part. Here indeed occurred the summer solstice of the race—when man reached his northern tropic; and where, [like the sun when in this symbol] he also made a stand or stop before starting again on the path of declination. In other words Cancer was the point of his full ascension.

In the constellation of the Bear which belongs to this sign, we find that clock in the sky by which the mariner, and also the voyager upon life's sea, may learn the hour of the night, and so be able to calculate the dawn.

Again, Ursa or the she-bear, the Latin name of this constellation, is significant of that bringing forth which the cyclic period of Cancer witnessed, and which the phenomenon of

nature annually confirms in this sign.

The true Hyperboreans are today, as of old, the people of the pole, where, in the natural world, everything is turned about and reversed both physically and visually. Consequently theirs is the opposite view from the material standpoint, the allrounded one, because from the very center.

One word more and we are done. It is a singular and signideant fact that the Kymry, who have held the soil of England for centuries, should be today designated there by a term signi-

fying "strangers."

Perhaps it explains the fact, however, that the Kimballs in New England, though dating back as a family to the early colonial days of the country, have always been unknown either to place or power. Strong evidence is this that they belong not to the existing order of things.

In other words, the descendants of Richard and Ursula are also "strangers" in the land of their sires and grandsires; their names figuring only with any prominence in church register; and annals. Here, however, they no less truly witness to that power which will occrura and orestara, rolling the nations round and round the earth, till He, whose right alone it is to reign, shall have put all things under his feet.



DIED.

In Columbia, Mo., March 11, Caroline Parker, widow of Capt. George A. Gerrish, and daughter of the late David Kimball, Esq., of this city.

CAROLINE PARKER GERRISH.

Mrs. George A. Gerrish, who died at Columbia, Mo., on Saturday last, was the youngest daughter of the late David Kimball, Esq., of this city. Mrs. Gerrish was born at the family homestead on Austin street, and with the exception of a few years of her married life, and the last few years which were spent partly in Europe and partly in Missouri, she resided here. She was a woman of unusual beauty of person, and graces of mind and character, and of much sweetness and dignity of manner, and admired and beloved wherever she went. Her keen wit, and the test and bouyancy with which she engaged in the interests of daily life were somewhat concealed by her outward reserve, from all but her more intimate friends to whom this side of her character was delightfully revealed. With an intense love of art, literature and music, for the last of which she possessed an unusual gift as well as a faultless ear, and led always by high ideals, she was a companion greatly to be missed. Crowned as all her other attractions were by Christian faith and practice, her influence was always exercised to promote the highest interests of society. She leaves one child, the wife of Prof. Pickard of Columbia, Missouri, and two sisters, Mrs. Lucy W. Harris and Miss Harriet McEwen Kimball.

The funeral was held at Columbia, Missouri, where she died, the Rev. Dr. Watts, Rector of Calvary church, officiating. Mrs. Gerrish's son-in-law, Prof. John Pickard, reached this city Tuesday afternoon with her body, and the burial, which was private took place immediately, the committal service being said by the Rev. C. LeV. Brine, Rector of Christ church.—Portsmouth. N.H., Journal, March 18. [See Fam. Hist. p. 974.]

IAMES M. KIMBALL.

James M. Kimball, retired cotten merchant and cotton manufacturer, and President of the Second National Bank of this city, died at his home at 10s Prospect street, this morning, from diseases incident to old age. Mr. Kimball was within a month of 85 years of age and for some time past his health has been failing. He had been prominently identified with some of the leading business enterprises of Providence for many years, although for the past five years he had not been engaged in active business.

Mr. Kimball was born in Smithhield, R. I., May 12, 1814. and was educated in the common schools of that town. For the



Erst twenty-five years of his business life he was engaged in active business life, he engaged in the manufacture of cotton at Fall River, Muss., and Kirkiand, N. Y. He was also interested in the cotton business in the South. In 1860 he came to Providence and established the firm of J. M. Kimball & Sous, commission dealers in cotton. The business of the firm is still carried on by his two sons at 20 Market square, the elder Mr. Kimball having retired from the firm in 1850.

Mr. Kimball was a director in the Blackstone Mutual and Merchants Mutual Fire Insurance Companies, a director and member of the executive committee of the Industrial Trust Company and a director of the Rhode Island Safe Deposit Company, and had been President of the Second National Bank since 1884. He was a member of the Central Congregational Clurch. The only members of Mr. Kimballs family who survive him are two sors, James C. and William B. Kimball, both of the firm of J. M. Kimball & Sons.—Providence Journal. (Pam. Hist, p. 489.).

MRS. FRANCES KIMBALL,

Mrs. Frances Kimball died April 23, 1899, aged 50 years,

seven months and 25 days.

Francis M. Dictdorff-Kimball was born in Medina county, Ohio, August 25, 1848, and was the clidest daughter of Rev. J. Dierdorff and wife of this city. In the spring of 1851 with her father and mother she came to McDonough county. III. December 28, 1871, she was married to Edwin M. Kimbail. From IIII-nois she and her husband in wed to Lancaster county. Neoraska, in March, 1876, and the following year they came to Smith county where they have resided ever since.

When 10 years of ago she was converted and joined the United Brethron church and has been a member or that church every since, being an active and carnest worker in the, Sunday

schools.

light children, four bors and four girls, one of the girls being married, are left, with the husband to mourn the loss of a kind, adoctionate motion and loving wife. All her family were present at the time of her death, also her father, mother, J. W. Dierdorf, Mrs. Sappenheld, a brother and sister.

The functal services were held at the Pounds school house, conducted by Rev. W. Carper of the U. B. church, and Mrs. Kimball was laid to rest in the cemetery near there.—Smith

Center, Kansas, Pioneer.

We find no record of this family in the History and hope that some one will furnish the desired information. That all of so large a family were able to be present on the sad occasion was a little consolation not often afforded.



MARRIED.

Miss Caroline Elizabeth Kimball and Mr. J. T. DeVorss were married Wednesday evening, April 20, 1890, at the residence of the bride's father, George B. Kimball at Jamesport, Mo. A number of invited guests were present, a bountiful wedding supper was served, a social evening was spent, after which the young couple were escorted to their new and handsomely furnished home that been made ready for their coming.

The local paper says, "They were a handsome couple" who commence life under the fairest skies, and with the benedictions of the entire community. See Family News for March, page 248, where it will be seen that the bride has been a teacher in

the Albany schools.

The same paper from which we gather the facts regarding the marriage of Caroline E. Kimball, also states in another column, that her sister Mary, who served the wedding dinner, would take part in a duet to be rendered the next Sunday evening at a temperance lecture to be given by our old time friend John Sobieska, whose ancestor once King of Poland did no greater work in behalf of Polish liberty than this eloquent speaker is now doing for the cause of temperance.

The leading paper we give this month on, "Who are the Kimballs" is said, by Prof. Sharples, to be one of the ablest yet written. It is really not so much an essay on this one question. as it is on a more general question. While not strictly anthropological in character it touches upon some points that have attracted renewed attention on the part of anthropologists of late years. For example, the leading Italian students of that class are now claiming that the ancient Hyperborean races were actually the progenitors of the ancient Egyptians, the oldest of historic nations, and whose civilization merges into and is lost in that of prehistoric races. While not going so far as this the French savants concede that the old Hyperborean races antedate the Arvans and were the prehistoric ancestors of the Lapus and Esquimaux and other ancient and northern peoples. The essay really possesses more interest today, in view of these facts, than it did a few years ago when it was read.

and the same

In a postscript to a letter from Rollin H. Kimball of Garfield, Ga., he says:

I am experimenting with a small field of wheat this year—about three acres. It is all headed out and looks fine, much exceeding my anticipation. The other day, I walked through it and the fragrant smell of it carried me back to the boyhood days in Illinois. Expect to harvest early in May. R. H. K.



Helen R. Kimball of St. Louis is assessed on the tax rolls for \$26,300.

+3030000

Edgar Hobart, (p. 1036, No. 2435) of Palo Alto, Cal., is taking lessons in voice culture in New York City. He is a vocalist of note on the Pacific coast.

- September

The Third Pacific Coast Rennion.

Sarah Louise Kimball, secretary, sends notice that the Third Annual Reunion of the Kimballs of the Pacific Coast will be held in San Francisco, Cal., on Saturday, May 27, 1899. These annual reunions have grown to be somewhat notable affairs, and those who do not attend the malways live to regret that they were not there to enjoy them.

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Edward Payson Kimball, of Portsmouth, N. H. [Page 898, Family Hisory.]

The News does not often receive calls from far away cousins, so it was a very agreeable surprise when Edward Payson Kimball dropped in a few days ago. The visit was one of unusual personal interest. Word had recently come of the death of Mrs. Gerrish, (page 280 of this issue) at the home of her son in law, Prof. Pickard, of the State University of Missouri. Her father was David Kimball of Portsmouth (p. 685) and her sister, Harriet McEwen Kimball is still living there. Her fine spiritual poems have endeared her to thousands of readers in lands besides our own. And so the presence of one from near the sorrowing home was like that of a messenger from the mourners who wait the great requirion.

Then added to this was the historic association of our ancestors. In the settlement of Concord, N. H., David Kimball, (Daniel-Benjamin' Richard') was a pioneer. It was his daughter Elizabeth who married Moses Eastman (see April News), Two of his brothers, Jeremiah and Aaron, settled in the adjoining town of Hopkinton. Jeremiah afterwards removed to Warner, where his son Reuben had settled, (p. 167) with his fatherin-law, Daniel Annis. Their son Jeremiah was the first child born in Warner, and was the grandfather of Edward Payson Kimball. Aaron remained in Hopkinton, and his son Abraham (p. 169) was the first child born in that town, and he was the great-great-grandfather of the editor of the News, (p. 1057)



Page 318—(574) David Kimball, son of Abel, son of Aaron, not Jeremiah, see p. 168, No. 248) — Jeremiah, p. 99 does not appear to have had a son Abel. On page 91, No. 248, is given to Abel, son of Aaron. The same error appears at top of p. 592, No. 1190.



Charles Dean Kimball. [page 814 Fam. Hist.] is senior member of the firm of Kimball. Colwell & Co., Providence, R. I. The firm does a business as wholesale Pork Packers and Provision Dealers. We are indebted to him for the notice of the death of James Madison Kimball of Providence, given in another column, (p. 489). For three generations from Richard their lines of descent were the same.



Charles Augustus Kimball, attorney at law, and editor of the Courtland Register, called on the Topeka members of the family a few days ago. His brother Albert Barney Kimball of San Iia has just been defeated as a candidate for mayor of his town. Perhaps it was thought to be postmaster, and editor of the town paper was enough for one young min."



Numbers 2 and 3 of "Old Ipswich" are at hand. This monthly magazine is a wonderful compendium of historic details. It is noticed that the Kimball name in the early records there given is spelled "Kimbole."



Prof. Sharples says in the Family History that he cannot commend the Kimballs as letter writers. By this he does not mean that they cannot write letters, but that they do not. They are a kind of "manana" letter writers, always tomorrow. The professor hits the bull's eye. This habit is one thing that handicaps the News.



"Not to know from whence we came, not to care anything about our ancestors, is to detract from the honor and gratitude due them, to suppress from posterity and blot from human record the elements which have made us what we are."

-Hon. Marshall P. Wilder.



The Kimball State House bill that passed the Arkansas state legislature is pronounced by Attorney-General Davis to be unconstitutional. Good lawyers differ.



Some Kimball Newspaper Folks.

Henry Martyn Kimball is on the editorial staff of the Northwestern Farmer, St. Paul, Minn. (Fam. Hist. p. 593.)

His son is editor of the Record, Virden, Ill. He is also

postmaster.

Albert Barney Kimball is editor of the Scandia, Kansas, Journal, also postmaster.

His brother Charles A. is editor of the Register, Court-

land, Kansas. (Hist. p. 940.)

Edwin R. Kimball is on the staff of the Chicago Times

Herald. (Hist. p. 903.)

Pontiac, Mich. (p. 375.)

Miss Florence Kimball is proofreader on the Topeka, Kansas, Daily Evening Journal, and her sister Daisy Martha is a reporter on the same.

Their father is editor of the Kimball Family News, and of

local papers. (Hist. p. 1057.)

Dr. Alfred Kimball Hills is associate editor of the New

York Medical Times. (Hist. p. 601.)
F. E. A. Kimball is editor of the Scaport News, San Diego,

Cal.

Prof. G. S. Kimball is editor of the School Record, Albion,

Michigan.
Charles Ford Kimball is one of the proprietors of the Gazette,

David Holyoke Kimball.

On page 127, July Family News, 1808, David Holyoke Kimball is mentioned as a graduate of the Chicago College of Law. His name does not appear in the History, and we could not place him, although we find that we knew his father and spent ten or twelve years of his boyhood not far away.

He is a brother of E. P. Kimball to whom reference was made last month, his father being Henry Martyn Kimball formerly editor of the Carlinville, Ill., Democrat, and now on the staff of the Northwestern Farmer, St. Paul, Minn. (Family

History, p. 592.)

David is the youngest of the family of seven, two of them deceased, and one year ago was located in the practice of law in St. Paul. He enlisted in the Thirteenth Minnesota Regiment in the Philippines. We have before us a letter from him to his brother's paper, the Virden Record, dated March 7, in which he seems to think the war is not prosecuted with much vigor. Perhaps he would not make the same complaint now. However he does not seem to be greatly taken with the Philippines.



Scotch-Irish Ancestors.

It is Mr. Charles A. Hanna, and not E. A. Claypool who is compiling the Scotch-Irish genealogy of America, as stated in the April News. Mr. Claypool is subscription agent. Of this work, now well in hand, it may be said that it will be a most valuable genealogical publication. Instead of two it will make three large volumes, and in fact it is not easy to understand how it can be compressed even into that space. The undertaking is an immense one. Of course it cannot go into genealogical family details as is done in such histories as those of the Kimball, Chandler and other families which require a thousand to fifteen hundred pages, and are then incomplete. The proposed work is to include many thousand families, and hundreds of of different family names. There have always been those to claim that the Kimballs are of Scottish descent, while many others deny it. The investigations necessary to the completion of this work may do something to settle the question. One thing is certain and it is that the Kimballs have largely intermarried with the Scotch and Scotch-Irish. Those interested may address Edward A. Claypool, 219 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

and the same

An Explanation.

BATH MAINE, April 14, 1899.

Mr. G. F. KIMBALL,

Topeka, Kansas.

Dear Cousin:—"Beans and Beans." My uncle Benjamin Kimball [531] was a hatter living at the "North End" Concord, N.H., son of Deacon John [231]. He may have had "jr." tacked on to his name to distinguish him from other Benjamins then living in Concord, but he was never known as jr. in the family and he was the only K.mball who was a batter in Concord. He had a great fund of humor in his composition and his answer to Dr. McFarland was very characteristic of him. Yours truly.

JOHN HAZEN KIMBALL.

The above is undoubtedly correct. There were at least three Benjamin Kimballs in Concord at the same time. One was son of Reuben, page 30%, No. 555, One was called Benjamin III to distinguish him from the others. Our "Beans" Benjamin, was doubtless called "jr." for the same reason. It is so given in the History of Concord.

-725

Mrs. Clinton Kimball of Kirkwood, Mo., [p. 729] is visiting in Louisville. Kentucky. She was a Miss Buckner of an old Kentucky family.



Miss Annie P. Kimball of Reading, Mass., daughter of Rev. H. S. Kimball of Hyannis, has been delivering a lecture. New England which the press mention most favorably. Sentitles it, "Types: A study of human nature." She has also written an interesting sketch that appears in the April numb. of "Short Stories" which is for sale at all book stores. The little production, the first, we believe of her stories to appear print, has already caught the favorable eye of publishers such papers as Harper's Bazar, New York Ledger and Youth a Companion.

and the same

Fifty years ago. April 4, 1849, the ship Elizabeth. Cor-James Staniford Kimball sailed from Salem for California, with the third lot of 49ers who sought the gold fields. Among the were Joseph Willcomb Jr., and James Henry Staniford. Of thetwo, Mr., now Capt. Willcomb went to the mines and return a with quite a sum of gold dust. Mr. Staniford staid much love, er and was quite successful. Of all those who went on that long and tedious voyage around Cape Horn, but three are now living James Salem who has remained in California all those fits years; Mr. George Stickney and Capt. Joseph Willcomb of Tp wich, who, since that memorable voyage has "sailed the seasover" for many years. He was but seventeen years old at the time of his first voyage to California and went out "before the mast" but came home as second mate, —I-pswich Independent.

Capt. Kimball died in 1875. He and his brother Willing partied sisters. Eliza and Abigail Lane. See 1380 and 135 pp. 667 and 668 Fan. Hist.

and the same of

The closing ball of the Junior Club, which was given a. Mahler's Hall, on Friday evening was adelightful affair. When the hour of adjournment arrived the young people gather. I around Mrs. Kimball and the other chaperones to render a vo. of thanks for the many pleasant evenings spent during the wir Mrs. Kimball, as the promoter of the organization w. tendered an especial vote of appreciation. A general wish wa expressed for a renewal of the club next season. There was full attendance of the young ladies of the club at Friday even ing's ball, and the costumes worn were very beautiful. Mi-Mary Kimball wore a French toilet of white silk under white organdie; the low-cut bodice ornamented with a bertha of relace, and she carried a boquet of La France roses. Miss Flor. ence Kimball looked lovely in a pale rose colored silk, with overdress of mousseline de soie of the same shade trimmed wit. plisses of the same material. - St. Louis Globe Democrat, Apr. 10.



Stephen Kimball.

(PAMILY HISTORY, PAGE 161.)

Stephen Kimball (234) went from Bradford, Mass., to Concord, N. H., in 1780. He was a shoemaker by trade. He built a house in 1787, which was afterwards used as a school house and was subsequently burned. This house he sold a few years, after it was built when he moved to a large farm he had bought in Hanover. The purchaser was the Rev. Israel Evans of whom it is said, he was less devout outside the pulpit than in it, where he was sometimes so carnest that it was intimated that he had taken too much spirit before beginning his sermon, when he would "make the dust fly from the old pulpit cushion."

Stephen Kimball did not live long after moving to Hanover, about his som became prominent and was much interested in Dartmouth college where some of his children were educated. But little seems to be known of his descendants, although many of them had superior qualities. Only Stephen is given as the head of a family, while Increase was an ingenious mechanic, who might have male a fortune from his inventions, but who

died poor - a religious crank.

This son Stephens (Stephens Stephens Richards Benjamins Richard No. 537, was the father of six children; among them Edward Burroughs [1111] who was one of the first settlers of Ouincy, Illinois. His family of eleven children is mentioned on page 562 of the History bute's very incomplete and unsatisfactory. Edward Burroughs Kimball seems to have been a man of vigorous energy, and lived in Quincy until 1886 where he died at the age of 82. Of all his children only one, George Edward Kimball No. 1882) became the head of a family, and only one of his six grandchildren. James Adams Kimball [2485] now a prominent citizen of Salina, Kansas, and particularly well known among traveling men and in the Masonic Order. He is also active in state politics, being an influential republican. There is much however, in the history of this branch of the family that ought to be better known, especially in regard to the immediate descendants of Edward Burroughs Kimball, the Quincy pioneer. Can it not be obtained from some source?



Mrs. T. D. Kimball of Kirkwood, Mo., is president of the Fortnightly Club of that place. The club holds an annual educational meeting at which much practical work along that line is done, the teachers of the county and the club women taking part. Among other matters considered at the last meeting April 15, was that of "household economics." (See p. 728) [8] [8]



Kimball-Family News

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Published monthly by G. F. KIMBALL.

Annie Kimball Sloane.

The half-tone portrait that we present this month is that of Mrs. Annie Kimball Sloane, the wife of William A. Sloane, attorney at law, of San Diego' Cal., and their youngest and only daughter, Hazel Hortense.

Annie Lorraine Kimball was born in Croydon, N. H., March, 21, 1859, the eldest daughter of the editor of the Kimball Family News. On May 1, 1882, she married Mr. Sloane, a practicing attorney of Sedalia, Mo., where her father was then engaged in journalism. Mr. Sloane was born in Rockford, Ill., Oct. 10, 1854, graduated at Iowa College, at Grinnell, Iowa, in 1877, and was admitted to the bar two years later. In 1882 he also engaged in newspaper work, in Sedalia, and 'subsequently, was for years editor and manager of the Daily Banner at Carthage, Mo., where Mrs. Sloane conducted a musical conservatory.

For the past ten years they have lived in San Diego, a change of climate being desirable on his account because of threatened lung affections—a change that proved highly beneficial. Soon after his removal to San Diego he was elected judge of the municipal court, a position he held from 1889 to 1893. In 1895 he was the republican candidate for mayor, but was defeated through democratic and populist fusion. Judge Sloane is now a member of the law firm of Luce & Sloane. He is a man of legal and literary ability and of the highest moral qualities, he and his wife both being members of the Congregational church.

Annie Kimball Sloane has devoted her life to music. She inherits musical qualities directly from her mother's family, and while her father is not musical, other members of his family are notably so, and the Family History tells us how often musical

ability appears as a family trait.

Mrs. Sloane studied at the Boston Conservatory besides receiving private instruction in New York and Philadelphia. She has given special attention to voice culture and voice building in which she has had much success as a teacher. She has a wide reputation as a soprano soloist and has appeared in many of the larger cities of the country. Of late years she has given



attention to song writing, especially for children, sacred songs

and solos, writing both words and music.

Mr. and Mrs. Sloane have three children: Harry, who will be eleven years old in September; Paul, not given in the history nine years old, and Hazel Hortense, shown with the portrait of her mother, seven years old. All born in San Diego.



MARRIED.

On Thursday morning, June the first, Miss Augusta Bernadine Kimball, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Phineas Kimball of Nauvoo, Illinois, and Mr. George A. Lubbe, of Peoria, Illinois. At home at the Aldine, in the latter city after July the tenth. (P. 1092-93.)

Arthur Richmond Kimball is chief in the Order Department Library of Congress at Washington. He is an experienced Librarian, having served in the State Library of Concord, N. H. (Fam. Hist. p. 054.)

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William Parker Kimball and family, of San Francisco, will spend their summer vacation in camp at Pacific Grove, Monterey County, Cal. (Hist. p. 921)

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Miss Helen and Daisy Kimball, daughters of John Simpson Kimball, of Seminary Park, Alameda County, Col., (see News, pp. 117-8, 156-7), are visiting in New York City.

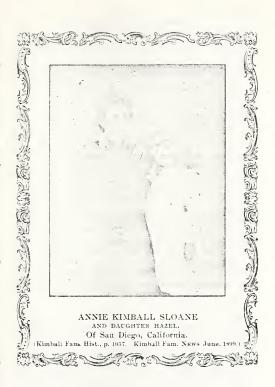
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Miss Alice Kimball, daughter of William Parker Kimball (No. 2057) of San Francisco, won a scholarship at the University of California, at Berkley, Cal., where she and her sister, Miss Florence Kimball, are students. Their brother Herbert will attend the University next term.

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Among the graduates of the Leland Stanford Jr. University, at Palo Alto. California, is Mr. Franklin Tuthill Schott, who received his degree of A. B. at the commencement exercises held in the new Assembly Hall, at the University, Wednesday, May 24, 1899. He is a grandson of George Washington and Caroline Barrett Kimball, (see p. 344, Hist.) Mr. Schott will teach in the preparatory school for boys at Palo Alto. His home is at Autioch, San Joaquin County, California.







Rev. John C. Kimball's Address.

EDITION OF IPSWICH INDEPENDENT:—With this generous delight in recognizing each other's good work and in doing justice to sentiments with which they do not dgree, that all newspapers ought to cultivate and of which it is hoped by its many friends that The INDEPENDENT will be forever a shining example, will you allow me to say through your columns that your neighbor. "The Chronicle", has printed my Patriot's Day address in a most admirable broadside form, and that several thousand copies of it are also to be printed by The Anti-Imperialist League as a part of what by some lapsus virtuits you call its "uscless gabbling." Copies can be had "free gratis, for nothing," by calling at The Chronicle office, or by dropping a card to Mr. Erving Winslow, 44 Kilby street, Boston, and I would like to hope that it may be read by any of my Ipswich friends who may not wholly agree with me in the position taken.

May I also add through THE INDEPENDENT one point and one good story that I somehow failed to get into my spoken address? They relate to the plea in behalf of the Philippine war that our aim is only to do their people good by importing to them our higher American civilization. It seems at first glance a very excellent plea, but it is based on a false idea not only of the Filipinos, but of all human nature. The fact is, it is not possible anywhere to bring about moral results by military methods. The modern Christian world, alike Catholic and and Protestant, learned long since the folly of such attempts in respect to religion, and if there is one thing more than another it has prided itself upon over Mohammedanism, it is that it has given up propagating the gospel by the sword. But the law holds equally with regard to all the higher elements of civilization; and the amazing thing in the present crisis is to see intelligent men forgetting this law and reviving in politics what in religion has been left among the thumb-screws and torture-racks

of the dark ages.

The civilization we have to offer the Filipinos may be a thousand fold better in itself than what they have at home; but force can never make it really theirs, never give it anything more than an outside acceptance. Each race has its own special aptitudes and tastes for moral food which are a part of its very being, just as much as its features and complexion are, and it is only along these by inner growth that it can be improved, and not by any exterior sustenance, however good it may be for another race. My brother minister W. I. Savage, tells the story, quoted I believe from James Russell Lowell, of a certain barber who, having heard that canvas-back ducks get their delicious flavor from feeding on celery, theorized that common ducks so fed might be turned into canvas backs with like value; and in hope of



making a fortune that way, sold out his business for a thousand dollars with which he embarked in the new enterprise. Finding him a year after at his old work of cropping heads and shaving chins, a friend asked him about the success of his duck theory. "Oh," said he sorrowfully, "the theory was all right, but the trouble was the darned things wouldn't eat the celery;" so with our efforts to convert the Filipinos into canvas-back American citizens by having our army feed them on the celery of our Anglo Saxon civilization. The theory may be all right as a theory but the trouble is evident that "the darned things won't eat the celery."

JOHN C. KIMBALL.

J. R. Kimball is proprietor of the Kimball Hotel at Syracuse, New York.

Rev. C. O. Kimball of St. Johns M. E. Church, Edwardsville, Ill., dedicated a new church at Fillmore a few weeks ago.

* The Rev. John C. Kimball of Hartford, Conn., (p. 482) delivered Memorial Day address at Exeter, N. H.

Granville A. Kimball, assistant freight agent of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway at Topeka, has resigned his position, and his marriage with Miss Maude Buhre of this city took place on June 1. (p. 711.)

Capt. Frederick M. Kimball and wife of Topeka, went to Cameron, Mo., to spend Decoration Day. This was their former home and there were buried several loved ones of both, in memory of whom a \$250 monument has recently been erected. (p. 851.)

The engagement is announced of Miss Myrtle Lydia Kimball, youngest daughter of Alfred and Mira B. (Chesley) Kimball of Haverhill, Mass., and Mr. Allan Hoyt Wilde of Malden, Mass., of the W. A. Wilde & Co., Publishing Company of Boston, Mass. Fam. Hist., p. 1059.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Hobart and Miss Gladys Hobart page 1936) of San Jose, Cal., sailed on the "St. Louis" from New York last week for Paris, where Mr. Hobart will continue his musical studies. Mr. and Mrs. Winthrop S. Lester (nee Hobart). of San Francisco, accompanied them on the trip.



Death of a Noted Orchidist.

Mr. George Savage, who for the past fifteen years had charge of the Kimball Conservatory in this city, died on the 16th of April, aged fifty-four years, leaving a wife and one brother in He was born in England and there learned his business. When he came to this country he was engaged in New Jersey for eight years, and then made an engagement with the late Wm. S. Kimball, of this city, to come here and take charge of his greenhouses, which were mostly devoted to orchids. Under the management of Mr. Savage and in accordance with the taste and desire of Mr. Kimball, the collection of orchids at these houses became famous, and Mr. Savage became widely known, both in this country and abroad, as a most skilful orchid grower. On the death of Mr. Kimball, a few years since, it was decided to continue the care of the fine collection, and Mr. Savage had his hands and his heart full in this interesting work. Mr. Savage was a person of unusually cheerful and agreeable presence, a friend to everyone and who had everyone for his friend. His death will be a personal loss to all who knew him, and it will be a distinct blow to the higher horticultural work of this city and region .- Fick's Magazine, Rochester, N. Y. - DE PROCES

Col. Robert J. Kimball of New York, who also has a summer home in Randolph, Vt., has given to the graded school district in that town a scholarship in perpetuity in the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College. In his letter to prudential committee of the district, under the date of April 22, he states that he always regretted not having taken a college course and Lopes to atone for it, in a measure, by having a student from his academic alma mater in the university of the state for years to come. Col. Robert J. Kimball and Eugene are bankers at 71 Broadway, New York. He was born in Randolph, and a fine view of his residence there is shown opposite page 782 in most of the Family History volumes, but by accident or otherwise it is not found in all. Colonel Kimball is also President of the Vermont Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

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Charles Dean Kimball of Providence, R. I., is a member of the Rhode Island legislature and chairman of the committee on special legislation. (Fam. Hist. p. 814, and May News p. 248.)

Willis M.Kimball has been appointed superintendent of the water department of Rockford, Ill.



Samuel Sparhawk Kimball.

Fam. Hist. p. 556.)

Died on May 12, at his home in Concord, N.H., after a long illness. He was the second son of Samuel Ayer Kimball (p. 299) and grandson of Deacon John (p. 159) and Anna Ayer. (See April News.)

A correspondent from Concord says:

He was born in this city March 1, 1825. His education was gained in the public schools of Concord. Upon its completion here, he studied for a year in Bradford, Mass., academy.

At the age of nineteen Mr. Kimball went to Van Buren, Ark., where he served an apprenticeship in business until 1852, when he was married to Hannah Mason of Hubbardston, Mass, and returned to Dardenelles, Ark., where he embarked in business with his brother-in-law, the late C. M. Murdock. This partnership continued until 1858, when it was dissolved, and Mr. Kimball continued the business alone until the outbreak of the war.

Mr. Kimball remained in the south during the period of the hostilities and then came north. He reached this city in 1868 and immediately purchased the old homestead of his father and grandfather on Main street and proceeded to beautify the place by the erection of an elegant mansion, in which the declining

years of his life were passed.

During his residence here Mr. Kimball was an important factor in the business life of Concord, and carried through many enterprises requiring mature judgment and sound business sa-

gacity.

He held many positions of trust. He was president of the old New Hampshire savings bank from 1874 for a period of nearly a quarter of a century. He was a member of the board of trustees of the Rolfe and Rumford Asylum, and for several years was treasurer of the board. He was also for a long period a member of the board of water commissioners.

He was prominently identified with the railroad interests of New Hampshire and at the time of his death was a member of the boards of directors of the Concord & Montreal and the old Boston, Concord & Montreal road. Of the latter corporation he was president several years, succeeding the late Hon-Edward II.

Rollins.

He is survived by one son. Dr. George Morrill Kimball of this city, and one brother, Hon. John H. Kimball of Eath Me.

Mrs. Charles E. Kimball and Mr. Geoffrey Kimball took part in a society affair May 17, 18 and 19, at the Music Hall in Summit N. J., where a "Kirmiss" was given to aid the Fresh Air and Convalescent Home.



Edward Winslow Cross.

On page 417 of the Family History may be found a compremostive sketch of Judge Davil Cross of Manchester, N.H., whose mother was Olive Kimball. Judge Cross, now eighty-two years old has been a prominent figure in New Hampshire affairs for more than half a century. His wife is a daughter of Judge Ira A. Eastman, formerly member of Congress, and for many years judge of the State Supreme Court. Her father was himself a descendant from Richard Kimball the immigrant, through his mother. As stated in the April News, the Eastman is an eminent New England family, dating back to 1640, and marriages between the Kimballs and Eastmans have been frequent.

At the time the Family History was published Edward Winslow Cross was a student at Amherst College as stated

therein.

This young man was one of those peculiarly lovable characters that attract all who come in contact with them. Such characters are not common. When they now and then appear upon the stage of life they are quickly recognized as exceptions. But when these kind, lovable natures are further notable for their unusual abilities, and when these have been supplemented by a high degree of culture giving promise of great usefulness in science, or art, or any of the uplifting influences that add luster to our civilization, we build about them our fondest hopes and highest expectations and crown them with our love and esteem. When such lives are spared the world learns to share this love and admiration and grows better and stronger for it. But when the angel of death calls ere the tenderness of youth has become the strength of manhood, while the circle of loving admirers is still small, and the field of labor yet untilled, we are led to wonder why one is taken and another left, and sometimes to question the ways of providence, as if doubt were a palliative of grief. Such was his taking away and such the void he leaves behind.

We take the following from a Manchester paper.

Just as the Sabbath was ushered in, with every premonition of a bright and beautiful day, the sqlrit of Edward Winslow Cross, the beloved son of Judge and Mrs. David Cross, passed from its casket of elay and entered into immortality. At his deathed were prosent the members of his family, whom he recognized and to whom he spoke words of endearment and farewell, "God biess you all' being almost the final syllables that fell from his lips. His brother had not been permitted to see him during his illness, so that the parting with him was a greeting as well as a good bye. The end came peacefully and beautifully, and the remembrances of it, although full of pain, are brightened by the knowledge that the loved one realized his condition, was not wandering in his mind, had faith in the life hereafter, tenderly spoke to the different members of his family and sought to lighten the sandow of the approaching bereavment.



The announcement of the sad tidings of the death of this highly cultured young man bears with it profound sorrow and deep regret to a large circle of friends and acquaintances. Posessed of a disposition which was the reflection of a sunny and genial nature, he won friends wherever he went. He was an ardent admirer of nature, being an entomologist of rare and skillful ability, and it was one of his greatest pleasures to be in the fields or in the roals or grass-grown ways day after day, seeking and gathering moths, which he took immense pride in studying. His passionale love for nature and her wealth of insect life never ceased, and he was the possessor of one of the finest collections of geometridae in this country. In fact it is authoritatively stated that the only collection of this kind that eclipses the one he leaves is owned by Dr. G. Hultz of Brooklyn. N. Y. He began to collect moths when a student at high school, and he pursued it for years with intense enthusiasm and became known as an authority in certain lines. He had written articles for The Entomological News of Philadelphia and the Canadian Entomologist He lately became a member of the Agassiz Entomological society of Cambridge.

Adept as he was in this science, he was also making brilliant progress in the study of law, which he had chosen as a life vocation. He labored natifingly and zealously over his books, and his talents and studious habits gave promise of a brillians (attar) in his preferred profession. With him the study of law seemed to be hereditary, and he entered upon the work with zeal, perseverance and determination. Judge Cross was very desirous that one of his sons should become a lawyer, and it was a loyality to this wish and a devotion to his father's hope that directed Mr. Cross choice of a profession. He was the youngest son, born in Manchester, educated in our schools, a student at Phillips. Andover, academy for a year, where he took a preparatory course, after which he entered Amberst college, graduating from that institution in June, 1907. After completing his course at Amberst he entered the office of his father, remaining but a year, and then becoming a student at the Harvard law school, where his last sickness befell him some two weeks ago

His college life was full of interest and one that his many associates can look back upon with respect and admiration. While mingling with his companions in those classic halls his display of a sunny disposition and winsome qualities won for him the love of all who daily came in contact with him. He was interested in college fraternities and was a mem-

ber of Phi Gamma Delta of Amherst College.

The fight to save his life was cone of the bravest imaginable. Stricken with pneumonia, the dread enemy was recognized at once, and all that two of Manchester's ablest physicians could do to combat the directly effects of the discase was zealously and unitringly performed, their efforts being supplemented by one of floston's most skillful doctors. Four trained nurses were employed, and two of these were constantly near him. The same methods so successful in supplying air to the lungs in the case of Kipling were resorted to in this case, but young fross had not the constitution and vitably to enable him to recuperate, and so the sad end came. The nearest relatives of the deceased are his parents and one brother, the Rev. Allen Fastman Cross. The deepest sympathy is extended to the grief-stricken family in their hour of affliction and the irreparable loss which they have sustained. Judge and Mrs. Gross have lost four children



THIRD ANNUAL REUNION OF THE KIMBALL FAMILY ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

Saturday, May 27, 1899, at the residence of MR-ROY THURSTON KIMBALL. No. 1230 Geary Street, San Francisco, California.

PRESENT.

Roy Thurston Kimball, of San Francisco. (p. 578, History.)

Mr. and Mrs. William Parker Kimball. (No. 2057, p. 921) San Francisco.

Miss Alice Kimball, (p. 921.) Miss Florence Mabel Kimball. (p. 921.)

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lloyd Kimball. (No. 2383. p. 1021) of Healdsburg.

Mrs. Georgia A. (Kimball) Oliver, (p. 1021) of Healdsburg.

Mrs. Lulu M. Davis and daughter Bernice, of Oakland.

Mrs. G. F. Patton and son, of Oakland. Mrs. Leonidas F. Kimball and little daughter Leonia.(p. 931) of S. F. Mrs. Grace M. Kimball, (wildow of Levi Woodbury Kimball, No. 1967) Gakiand, and daughter. Miss Gertrude.

Mr. and Mrs. John Carpenter Kimball, of San Francisco. Mrs. Elisha Barnum Kimball and daughter Elma, of East Oakland (her husband, who was in Sacramento the day of the Reunion, is the only son of William Jones Kimball, p. 473.)

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Lee Kimball, of san Francisco.

Mrs. Mary. A. (Clough) Kimball. (widow of Charles Bradbury Kimball. No. 1765, p. 510) of Palo Alto.

Miss Sarah Louise Kimball, of Palo Alto and San Francisco

Miss M. Alice Kimball, of Palo Alto. Albert DeWitt Kimball, of Palo Alto.

Miss Eisie J. Kimball, (p. 1036) of Palo Alto.

Miss Dora E. Kimball, (p. 1036) of Palo Alto.

Mrs George Prescott Kimball, (p. 713) of San Francisco.

Miss Mand Foster Kimball, of S. F. a News, Aug. 1898, pp. 138-9.) Miss Fanny Kimball Freeman, of San Francisco, a grandaughter of

Mary Clift (Kimball) Freeman. (p. 373 History; see News.) Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stokes Kimball, of San Francisco

F. W. Kimball, recently of San Luis Obispo. Cal. now of San Fran- . cisco: his father Willard Kimball, of Augusta, Maine,

Frederick G. Kimball. (p. 940) who was in San Francisco a couple of days, on his way to Alaska (St. Michael's.)

Miss Emma Victoria Bishop, of Fruitvale, Almeda Co., Cal.

Miss Belle Sarah Bishop, of Fruitvale. Miss Lucy Kimball Bishop, of Fruitvale.

(Daughters of Oliver Harvey and Margaret Ann (Adams) Bishop, grandaughters of Gurdon and Mary Ann (Crocker) Bishop; see page 501 History. Gurdon Bishop, their grandfather, died in 1898.

Thomas Danforth Kimball, of San Francisco, (News, May, 1898.)

Mrs. Lena (Kimball) Soule, of San Francisco. (News. May-June.) Harold Kimball Soule.

Miss Grace I. Kimball, Mrs. Grace (Sprague) Pillsbury,

Edwin Sprague Pillsbury, Mrs. Lilian Sprague Copping.

Mrs. Mary Louise (Kimbali) Fitzsimmons, S.F., " Miss Rebecca M. Kimball of San Francisco. (p. 700.)

Mr. and Mrs. Miranda Kimball, of Seminary Park, Almeda Co , Cal. (p. 412, No. 1770.)

Mrs. Joan (Kimball) Clark, Melrose, Alameda Co., Cal. (p. 496) Miss Anna A. Kimball.



RED BLUFF, CAL. April 25, 1899.

Mr. G. F. KIMBALL,

Topeka, Kansas.

DEAR COUSIN:—Your letter and also the News at hand. In reply to your letter I would say, some time ago I wrote to Prof. Sharples and mentioned to him that John's might be a brother to my grandfather Stephens. He thought I was mistaken but later found it to be correct as in April News 1898, page 75. I am confident that he, John, had a large family and in a letter written by my aunt Isophene Brankman in 1894 or 1895, she speaks of the death of a Dr. Geo. Kimball, her cousin. He was about 70 years of age and died from the effects of the heat in Pasadena, near Los Angeles, California, to which place he had come from Kennebunk. Maine. His children are on a farm in Nebraska, but more than this I do not know, yet it may be that this George is a son of John's.

Another thing I wish to mention is, in the September News of 1898, page 159, the name of Herbert Harvey Kimball and Warren Webster Kimball, consins, are spoken of. As far as I am able to find, no other mention than in this place is made of Warren-Webster, the other, however is traced on down. He is in my line of descent, but what I would like to know is where he comes in? Can you give me this information?

Thanking you for your trouble, I will close.

Remaining as ever, sincerely yours,

Mrs. Lillian F. Chase.

A new genealogical order has been instituted in New York entitled "The Order of the Settlers and Defenders of America." Its particular objects are to stimulate genealogical, biographical and historical research, and to publish patriotic manuscript and records and collect Colonial and Revolutionary relies; to mark patriot graves and to protect historic sites. The territory in which its operations are to be principally conducted is the several States, Territories and colonies of the United States, the District of Columbia and foreign countries, with principal office in New York City.

A great many of those who subscribed for the News for 1898 have not renewed for 1899. Nearly or quite all who have subscribed first for 1899 have also ordered the numbers for 1898. They can still be had for 50 cents or \$1.00 for the two years.

Rev. C. O. Kimball was the orator Mémorial Day at Edwardsville, Ill.



THIRD ANNUAL REUNION OF THE KIMBALL FAMILY ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., May 29, 1899.

DEAR COUSIN:-

Our Third Annual Kimball Reunion was an immense success. While there were not as many present as on previous occasions, we were all better acquainted with each other and there was more sociability among the cousins than has been apparent heretofore. Mr. Roy T. Kimball had engaged Golden Gate Hall for the day, but upon receiving regrets from quite a number of the family, and judging that we were to have only a few this year, we considered it best to meet at his home. No. 1230 Geary Street, which he kindly handed over to the cousins for the occasion, stationing a man at the Hall to direct all who might come to the new address, a little further out. About fifty of the family were present, among them being several for the first time. Sickness and absence from the state prevented quite a number who were with us last year and the year before from attending this Rennion.

Among those present for the first time was Frederick G. Kimball. a nephew of Mrs. Orrin W. Bill. of Garden Grove, California, who has heen a contributor to the "News." I believe, and son of Richard R. Kimball. of Manhattan Kansas: he had only just arrived in the city, and on receiving word at his hotel that the Reunion was on hand he at once came out there; he said he was on his way to Alaska. Another new face was that of Mr. F. W. Kimball, a young attorney, recently of San Luis Obispo. in this state, now of San Francisco, son of Willard Snell Kimball, and grandson of John Kimball, of Angusta, Maine. He is a very pleasant speaker, and made some remarks at the close of our business meeting, after tunch.

At the close of luncheon Mr. Roy T. Kimball read to the cousins your very interesting communication, which was received with applause. Then Deacon, also Captain. Charles Lloyd Kimball, of Healdsburg, made a little speech, in which he quoted approvingly extracts from Mrs. Alice (Kimball Hopkins' very able article on the origin of the Kimball name. which appeared in the May issue of the "News," for extra copies of which I have to thank you on behalf of the cousins. Mrs. Hopkins has rendered the family a great service in bringing together all this information, and I. for one, cannot speak too highly of her article. There is no doubt, in my mind, but that our name. Kimball is derived from the ancient Kimri, or Kymry, Cimri, Khumri, etc., as it has been variously spelled. But Mrs. Hopkins did not mention the fact that the ten tribes were so designated during their stay in Media because of the fact that they were Baal worshippers, which is, I understand, the meaning of the name, and for which worship they have been exiled from Palestine. However, I am glad to see there are some among our numerous and widely stattered cousins, some in Boston, some in Georgia, and others on the Pacific Coast, who are studying along the same lines. To get back to our Reunfon. After the Dea-



con's remarks, Mr. Roy Kimball called upon Wm. Parker Kimball (2057), and he responded with one of the finest, true blue American, and most scholarly speeches it has ever been my good fortune to hear. He said he would try to give us an idea of the kind of life and surroundings of our first American ancestor, Richard Kemball, contrasting those times with the present. It was a splenaid oration, and I wish all the cousins could have heard it.

After lunch and the speechmaking there was dancing in the banquet room down stairs, and more music and singing in the parlors upstairs, with cousins scattered all over the rest of the house, getting acquainted with each other. Miss tiertrude Kimball played on the piano and Mrs. [Allian (Sprague) Copping sang. A register was kept, in which all who attended the Reunion of 1.98 had signed their names, and this record was

also made by those present this year.

At the business meeting, or election of officers, Mr. William Parker Kimball was elected President; Ms. Joan (Kimball) Clark View-President; Mr. Roy T. Kimball, Treasurer; and Miss S. Louise Kimball. Secretary. A motion by Mrs. Grace M. Kimball, nominating Mrs. Joan (Kimball) Clark for President was lost, or eather, Mrs. Clark refused the office. but accepted that of Vice-President. The matter of holding reunions annually, or once in two, or three, years was considered, and it seemed to be the unanimous wish of those present to hold the reunions every year. The reunion next year, 1990, will be held on the summit of Mt. Tamalpais, on the opposite shore of the Golden Gate from San Francisco, in Marin County. (I have a plain view of the mountain and the Sheeping Beauty—a supposed likeness to the sleeping princess formed by the ridge of the group of mountains of which Tamalpais is the highest—from my windows on the tenth floor of the Mills Building. Our next reunion will probably be held in September.

SARAH LOUISE KIMBALL.

Our Supplement.

As part of the News this month we send an address or paper read by the editor before the Kansas Society of the Sons of the American Revolution at their April meeting. It may not be altogether in line with the purpose of the NEWS, but we have given place to the letter of our Reverend cousin John C. Kimball, in which may be found the best story in his address about the celery ducks, a story which he credits to Rev. Minot J. Savage. We have since received his published address, and also one by Rev. Charles R. Brown of Oakland, Cal., delivered before the Sons of California. Neither of these tell us how we are to get out without going ahead. A writer in the June Atlantic Monthly, page 742, takes the same view in regard to Britsh colonial influence that may be found in our supplement. Perhaps our Anti-Imperialist cousins (a meaningless term, by the way) may see things in a different light, or perhaps we may, some day.



Kimball-Family Hews

Vol., II, No. 7 and 8.

Terms 50 cents a year

Topeka, Kansas, July and August, 1899.

Entered for Transposition and section is a substitution of the form of the for

Deacon Ephraim Kimball, No. 520.

Family History, page 299. Ephratin' (Ephratin' Ephratin' Thomas Thomas' Richard'). From a paper read by Ebenezer Bailev before a late meeting of the Fitchburg, Mass. Historical Society. The author of this paper is son of Ebenezer F. Bailey who married Dorothy Sawyer Kimbail. See Fam. Hist, p. 525. No. 1034-vii.

Ephraim, the grandfather of Deacon Ephraim Kimball, was born in Brudford, April 20, 1609, Faus, Hist, p. 8%, and whose mother was his father's nest wife, Deborah Femberton. His first wife was Anna Tenney, his second wife, Mary Whittier, and his third wife Sarah Mulifleen. He died fee, 23, 1743, and in his will, he orders his negro gril sold to pay his debys. He owned land in Rowley, in Chester, N. H., also in Lunenburg, Mass. His brother Thomas also bought land in Lunnenburg, and removed there about 1730. His bother Thomas had two sons who were rominent in local history.—George Kimball, ip. 182 who resided in Lunnenburg, and Amos who was one of the principal citizens of Fitchburg. Amos lived on what is now the estate of Henry Hale, on South Street. Ephraim Kimball away resided in Ban ford.

Expiration Kimicative e-lest son was also named Ephratim. (p. 1344 and he about two years after the death of his father, that is about 1745) removed to that part of Lonenbarg which is now Fitchburg and settled on the farm adjoining the of his consin Amos on the south. His house nearly occupied that of Isaac O Monroe, Jr. No. 210 South Street. The deed of this farm was mote May 3, 1747 to Ephratim Kimball, of Bradford, by John Heywood, for the sum of 120 old thene. It gives him ainety two acres of land, more or less, described as bounded north-east by land of Thomas Kimball, the father of Amos, west by Col. Fitch, south by

Jonus clark, east on the river.

This Ephraim was own August 16, 1722, and his mother was Anna Tenney, his father's first wife. He was a young man about twenty-three years of age when he came to this place and self-id on his new farm. Of the eighteenth day of July, 1745, he married Mary Wehrebee, the Jaugal ter of Ephraim and Enzabeth Wearhelve. Of Lunenburg. There was probably at this time, some kind of a bridge over the river, and perhaps a cart path or bridle road reward the south, but it was not till March. 173-that any town road was sail out as will be seen by the following recorded tote at that time: "rotted and accepted of a town way. Laid out by order of the Scientime. Beginning at the south ead of Appletree. Hill, at the old war ranning through a piece of the Common Land, and over the bridge (through Amos Kimbali's Land and Ephraim Kimbali's Land said way was laid out by

DAVID PAGE Angs Kinball Epidam Kinball."

The cousins Amos Kimball and Epiratin Kimball soon went into business together they consuded that the narrow place in the river just above the bridge was a good site for a data and water power, and so they built a dam very nearly on the site of the present one at a ushing's mill on



Laurel Street. It was built of logs with spiling driven inside. The present stone dam was built to follow the ledge, but does not vary much from the location of the first primitive one, which was usually carried away by the annual freshet which would wash away the bank on the south side, and then carry away or seriously damage the bridge below.

Here the Kimballs built a saw and grist mill, and hired a man named Hodgkins to tend it, who built himself a little hit close by in which to live. This was the beginning of business within the limits of Fitchburg, and the nucleus around which the village would grow in days

to come.

Ephrain Kimball was a thriving, industrious farmer and mill owner with good prospects in life. In 1703, he was one of the five highest tax payers in town. Before the setting off of Fitchburg, he held some ininor town offices in Lunenburg, and in 1733 was surveyor of highways. When Fitchburg was incorporated, he was the first town treasurer. On the 17th of September, 1764, he was chosen, with hil coulon Amos and Thomas. Dutton, to "provide a Buerring yard," and in November he was chosen a member of a committee, "to provide preacting for the present." At this same town meeting, Nov. 26, 1764, Ephraim Whitney, Amos Kimball and Ephraim Kimball were made a committee "to select the most convenient spot in Capt. Cowdin's wheat yard for a meeting house, and to take security for the land in ochalf of the town," Sept. 22, 1766, he was a member

of the school committee "to lay out and dignify the pews."

It is a little singular, when we come to think about it, that the meeting house should have been located so near the Lt nenburg line, and so far from the geographical centre of the new town. One of the principal reasons, if not the most important one, which had been urged by the petitioners, for being set off as a separate town, was that the meeting house was so far away from John Fitch and others within the town limits. Moreover, the town of Lunenburg had, in 1761, so far granted their request as to vote that a separate parish be set off for them provided they should set their meeting house "as near the Conture of said Parish as may be to accomodate the whole." Now that they had a new town of their own. they proceeded to set the meeting house very far indeed from the centre. That this caused dissatisfaction is certain, as is shown by an article in the warrant for town meeting, March 1765, to see if the town would reconsider their vote and place the meeting house nearer the centre, but the article was passed over at the town meeting. The gift of the land by Thos. Cowdin and the fact of its vicinity to the tayern and the saw and grist mill of the Kimballs, very likely had great weight in fixing the locacation.

In the antumn of 1765, preparations were made by the town for the raising of their new house of worship, and in anticipation of that important event, it was voted "that Dr. Amos Kimbail, Capt. Thos. Cowdin. Ephraim Kimbail and Isaac Gibson and Isaan Witt be a committee to provide such things for the Raising of the meeting house in said town as they shall think proper." One of these things was undoubtedly, good New

England rum.

"In 1787, the town voted to call the Rev. John Payson to the work of the gospel ministry, and it was voted Dec. 19, 1767, "that Decoon Kimball and Ephraim Kimball provide for and entertain the Counsel at the ordination of Mr. John Payson, and that the town pay live Dolers to Deacon Kimball and five Dolers to Ephraim Kimball for their services. (19:

Deacon Kimball was meant Amos Kimbail.

From this time until his death, Ephraim Kimoall is hardly mentioned in the town records. He was in poor health for a considerable time previous to his death, and perhaps took little interest in town affairs. He died February 14, 1752, and was buried in the cemetery on South Street, where his grave with two stones is to be seen: the larger



one at the head with the record; "In memory of Ephrain Kimball, who deceased February (4, 1782, in the 60th year of his age," and a smaller one at the fout bearing the shaple inscription. "Ensign Ephrain Kimball," Fhough Ephrain was prominent in church affairs, we find no record that he was sere a deacon.

.He had eleven children. Fam. Hist. p. 154.)

As the record shows, Ephraim Kimball, the third child was born February 15, 4751, (Fam. Hist, p. 290) and tacked one day of being thirty. years old on the day of his father's death. He was born and grew up on the old homestead, and received his religious training from his parents and from the Rev. John Payson in the little church on the nill overlooking his father's mills. Yet, in spite of all this orthodex training he became a Universalist, and so would have probably remained, had he not, at a certain time, taken part in a discussion, in which he advocated, for the sake of argument, the auti-Universalist side. His own arguments be found so convincing that he became a strong upholder of the faith of his fathers in which he never wavered. He became a very religious man, and was a dracon, and one of the most prominent men in the church, under Rev. Mr. Worvester. Me will designate him in this paper as Deacon Ephraim Bimball. He was an active enterprising young man, and had a pronounced inclination for trading. He had a store near the mills, on haurel street, in 1772; Torrey says in his dwelling house, flere, he traded for five years, and here the arms of the minute men were stored, and from this place they started on their march to Lexington, on the 19th of April, 1775

His first appearance in the town records is as one of the weedens in 1776, and the next per he was chosen one of the deer receives. In town meeting, Angust 29, 1779, he was chosen with Thomas Steams and the Assessors the examine the fred to of the inhabitants of the Town of Fitchburg respecting the present War, and to see what men are behind in respect to their Proportion, and where they appear not to have done their Proportion, to make it win in more without delay." In 1779, he was a member

of a committee "to repair the bridge by the Miles.

About 1500 the finances of the whole country were in a terrible condition, owing to the depreciated paner currency and here is an instance of the state of affairs in this precard in Fitchburg as shown by the town records; Way 23, 1750, coted and those Mr. Kendal, Boutell, Phineas Sawyer, Mr. and Epiroinio Kimfall, At to fee of "mitteet being in to said." Town what the money Depresheated sins in. Payson's Salery was granted last fail.

·Voted and adjurned the Town meeting one hower to wait to here

the report of the Committee.

"The Town meet at the time the meeting stood aimmed to and the report of the commutee is that the Town pay mr. Payson three thousand three hundred and twenty pounds, foure shillings (£3330, 45), to make his salery good sub-said Salery was granted."

it was also voted "to asses the sum without delay" Mr. Payson's

salary was about 670 in hard money.

In town meeting Oct. 23, 1789, Ephraim, kimball, Jr., was chosen, with John Thurston and Asa Perry, a committee to purchase "Beele for

the Army, a Greable to the Courts resulte."

Sept. 1. 1731, he was made a member of the school committee, and in 1782, he was observed one of the scienters, with faint. Thoms lowdin and Older Studeney; he was also one of the assessors. He was seven of the needing house for a long time, and was also ghosen for many years to filly the graves. In 1787, he was made a member of a committee to perform the tovermore and tunnel in behalf of the "Inscrepents or regulators, as they can't themserved" and to liberate Cept. Shattick and others that are apprehended by towerment, on these permissing to behave page the and faithful subjects to this commonwealth.



Deacon Kimball was keeping store and probably residing near what isnow the corner of Laurel and Mill Streets, from 177: to 1777, and from Torrey's description, in his history of the village in 1786, he must have considerably in real estate, and lived on several different farms. In 1784, he gives a mortgage to his mother of about 89 acres of land, being described in the deed as "part of the farm I now live on, and all the land on the west side of the road that leads from Fitchburg Nection house to Leominster." This might have been part of the home place of his father.

where he was living about 1794.

In the year of 1788 he purchased the land on which he subsequently built a house, and where he spent the remainder of his life. This property is described in the deed as containing 150 acres, and included all the land on the side of Rollstone Hill toward the village, and all the land between it and the river, from a little below Rollstone Street to a point between the Iver Johnson Shops and the Nockege Mill. This property was part of the 185 acres of land sold by the proprietors of Lunenburg to David Pratt. Oct. 18, 1780 (David Pratt was great-grandfather of Alderman Andrew Pratts. In June, 1782, David Pratt deeded 103 acres of land "known by the name of Rollstone Hill." to Thomas Kimball (a son of Amos Kimball). and Thomas Kimball deeded this and forty-five acres more which he owned, to Deacon Ephraim Kimball, March 3, 1788. The price paid was \$2.33 an acre. This estate afterwards came into the possession of the Deacon's son, Ephraim, who sold an undivided half to his brother. Alphens, who after a time, sold to Daniel Tuttle. Kimball and Tuttle afterwards divided the farm, Mr. Tuttle taking the lower balf. Ivers Phillips. Watter Heywood and David H Merriam bought in 1852, of Mr. Tuttle, the land on both sides of Circle Street, between the river and the railroad. They succeeded, after a contest, in getting Circle Street laid out by the town. and gave a lot of land for the Alonzo Davis chair shop, now one of the mills of the Parkhill Manufacturing Co.

Thus Deacon Ephraim Kimball, in 1788, owned this farm of one hundred and fifty acres in the vicinity of River Streat, and in 1794, in company with Jonas Marshall, he built u dam across the river near Pitts' Mill on West Main Street, where they erected a saw will. This was the second dam built across the stream, the father building the first dam at Laurel Street, and the son the second one at River Street. A year or two later.

Mr. Marshall sold his half of the property to Mr. Kimball.

It was not till 1797 that Deacon Kimball built a house on his River Street farm. He built a low house after the fashior of many of those days, which is still standing and very little enanged, at the head of Kim-

ball Lane, near the railroad.

In 1799, having a house, a mill and a dam, with the mill on the opposite side of the Firer from his house, he naturally desired a bridge, and accordingly, he asked the Town to build one. The Town appointed a committee to examine the proposed place, and that committee reported as follows: "That it appears to your committee that Mr Kimballi's request should be granted, so far a, to lend him one hundred doltars, to build himself a good bridge. He paying interest annually and binding himself and his Heirs to ke p the bridge in good repair, till the Town sees fit to make a public bridge of the same. N. B. The place for building the bridge must be between Kimball's saw mill and the Smith Shop." This at least fifty feet above the present kiver Street bridge.

This was not a very good burgain for Descon Ephrain Kimball, and so his fellow townsmen seemed to think, for on March 1, 1807, they voted to relinquish to him one half of the principal of the note for building the bridge near Farewell's shop, which bridge was carried away by the fresheth, on condition that he put it in repair. Not even Horatius had a harder task to keep the bridge. About — he built a stone bridge in Rockyille.' on

the old Westminister Hill Road.



In the year of 1812, occurred an episode in the life of Deacon Ephraim Kimoial, and the incident connected, created much interest and excitement in the town. There was a close contest in that year in this State between the Federalists and the Republicians. Here in Filchburg, the Republicians in order to win, put forward and elected the Rev. Tims T. Barton, the paster of the church which had left the first parish and worshipped on the site of the present C. C. Church, corner of Main and Rollstone Streets. Now it happened that the members of Mr. Barton's church were mostly Federalists, and a majority of the other society were Republicans, and not only was Rev. Mr. Baroon a Republican, but he took pains to let his people know it, and had preached a sermon on Fast Day so strongly republican, that one member of his church arose from his pew, and walked down the aisle and out the door during the sermon. This man might very well have been Decon Kimball.

That their pastor should go to the General Court under these conditions was exasperating. Moreover, a revival of religion had just began, and it was apprehended that Mr. Barton, by assuming his new duties, must necessarily neglect his important responsibilities to the souls under his charge. The members of his church regarded his conduct with great disapprobation, and they determined, if possible, to prevent him from taking his seat; but Mr. Barton undoubtedly had some political aspirations and was decidedly reluctant to resign his office. It must be said that Mr.

Burton was absent on a visit at the time of his election

Deacon Kimball thus records the outbreak of the war: "The next day after he (Mr. Barton) was closen, I saw a few of the brethera and Conversed with them about Mr. Barton's being elected. The inquiry was will he go? Sum said he will Not. Considering the grate work of the holy spirit going on with the people of his Charge and he being their Leader and so many are apparently hackening to his voice. Others said he is so engaged in his political Sentiments I am fearful he will go. I told them I had thought what was best for us to do all things considered. I told them seem to be some about the same him that another would be chosen in his Room and one of his Sentiment hoping he would

be content to give his answer to the town in the Negative."

The Deacon goes on to say that on the day of his pastor's return from his visit, he was going over his bridge about sunset when he met his son James, who told him that Mr. Barton had returned and that he believed he was going to accept and take his seat in the General Court. The Deacon now thought the time for action had come, so he called at once on John and Joseph Farwell and Mr. Benj. Perkins, and they all proceeded to Mr. Barton's house, where they spent the evening with him in a vain endeavor to induce him to resign. Out of that evening's conversation grew trouble which culminated in charges preferred to the Church by Deacon Kimball. Mr. Barton made a long written reply to these charges which was answered by the Deacon in another long document. Both of these documents were presented to the Church, and are very interesting reading, illuminating, as they do, the views of some of our ancestors on politics and religion, also, the character of the two participants. Deacon Kimball was evidently in a congenial field, and it will be admitted by the readers of both these documents that he does not get the worst of the argument with his pastor.

Mr. Barton says in his answer to the charge that Deacon Kimball came to him, and in "his positive manner", told him that if he would not resign, he would not collect another dollar of his salary, and the result would be that he would have to pay every debt he cwed as soon as it could be collected by law. This Mr. Kimball denied, but admitted that it would be harder to collect his salary than it had been. However, Mr. Barton thereupon handed in his resignation to the selection, for which wicked act, he tells his clinrch he shall repent to the last day of his life, in that he "telered these men more than the God of heaven, who might

consistently for that destroy soul and body in hell forever."



Mr. Barton also stated that in case he should resign and throw the town of representation and the State perhaps, out of a majority on the republican side, he would become the object of newspaper scurrility." This gave occasion for some most outting remarks by Deacon Kimball, for his pastor evidently had a belief that he would shine in the field of politics. The Deacon says: "Poor man! Afraid of newspaper scurrility; pity him most heartily. Really, Mr. Moderator, until now, I never knew that the honorable minister of Christ was in danger of abuse from this quarter. If he attends to the duties of his pastoral office like a faithful shepherd and does not wander from the sphere in which God and his duty have placed him, he will be a mark too humble to be shot at for this. If ministers of religion will mind their own business, politicians and statesmen will mind theirs, and they will be in no danger of newspaper abuse." Many other points were taken up by both gentiemen, but we have not space to go into the matter further. Rev. Mr. Barton was dismissed in February 1813. and his church reunited with that of the Rev. Mr. Bascom, under a new minister, the Rev. Wm. Eaton.

Deacon Ephraim Kinball was now over sixty years of age. He had been ill for years with what he called consumption. His hair was white and his physical vigor declining, yet his mind was active and strong, and his religious faith burned brighter than ever. He spent much of his time

in the study of the holy scriptures

His son James, who was born Nov. 21, 1759, we t to Yale College with the intention of becoming a minister, and was a student there in 1806. In that year Dencon Kimoult wrote a letter to his son which has been preserved. It reads as follows:

"Dear Son:

These lines will inform you that through the goodness of God we enjoy a confortable measure of health of body and I brink, that if I mistake not some health of Soul. At same time I have one peace of News to inform you of which is solemn and awful, that is Landlord David Boutwell Lays now a Ded Corps. he put an end to his own Existence on Saturday and is to be buried this afternoon, he hung himself in his garret. O how teachable this is to us O what wret ned what miserable creatures we are when Left to Ourselves. Let us keep near to God. Let us fly to him. Let us shrow ourselves into the arms of his mercy and take shelter under the wings of his protection praying for restraining grace that we may be kept from Laying violeat hands opnomiselves and that we may be kept through faits unto salvation. I have no more remarkable news to write.

There is a coldness and deadness in the Church, our Conferences and prayer meetings are Decaying Excepting the female prayer meetings are increasing in number and Spirit not one privet room in town big outf to hold them.

Rev. Mr. Eaton shines briter and briter Mr. Marshall says be will

not hear him no more.

One peace of good news this minute comes into my mind that is I think you may depend on your Brother Porter's having become a Christian. I have not seen him, but have heard from him so many times and so many ways and by his letter sent to me I think there is not doubt

You may expect two horses and a wagon sent to you the secon tuesday in September.

This is from your Loving father Ernst, Kimball.

Fitchburg, August 5th, 1816."

This son James died only a few years later. January 1821, to the great grief of his father, who did not long survive him but departed this life Max 6, 1825, at the new of seventy there years, o. 2001.

Iife May 6, 1823, at the age of seventy three years, 9, 2001 Deacon Ephraim Kioball married April 14 1774, Betsey, daughter of John White, a prominent citizen of this town, who lived on the Fisher



Rond, on what was formerly the Winchester Wymen farm. She was a woman of everlent disposition bright intellect, and a good triend and companion to the yearly people, especially her grandelfidiren, who were always very tond of visiting her. She survived they tustiand and died died, as the she was the survived between the shadour terms of the survived between the shadour died died died, as follows:

John, the eldest, married Beaulah Sawyer, and resided in the town

of Bloomfield, Me.

Ephraim. Fam. Hist. p. 525 married borothy Sawyer, daughter of Phineas Sawyer, who lived on what is now the Burnap farm. Williams Road. He retained the homestead, and lived in a house which he built, a little nearer to liver Street than that of his father. The house is still standing, but is greatly changed. He was the inventor of an aneitine for shearing cloth, and was also the originator of an inventor to making seythes. He is said to have propelled a boat across one of the ponds in Fitchburg with a screw—a wonderful thing at that time. He built the dam across the river at liolistone street. His children who resided in Fitchburg were Phineas sawyer. Mary Prescott and Dorothy Sawyer, who married E. F. Bailey, and is the only surviving child. Jame, his second daughter, married Franklin S. Francis of Lunenburg. He endeavored to perpetuate the name of Ophraim in the family, but the three children who received that name, died young—the eldest being under seven years of age at his death.

Polly, the third child of Deacon Ephraim, married Joseph Farwell, of Fitchburg Her eidest daughter Mary, married Dr. Abel Fox, father of Abel Fox of this city. Elvira, the third child, married Phineus A. Crocker.

brother of the late Hon Alvan Crocker.

Betsey, the fourth child of Deacon Ephraim, married and lived in Bloomfield. Me

William, the fifth child, married and lived in Petersburg Ohio, Samuel married Sally Farwell. (p. 525.)

second daughter was Francis, who married for her first husband Wm. second daughter was Francis, who married for her first husband Wm. B. Towne, and for her second husband, the late George T. Daniels, (p. 526.)

Hannah, Deacon Kimball's eighth child, qp 200 married samuel Putnam Among their children were, Hannah, who married Emmons Crocker, father of the late Samuel Emmons Crocker: Martha, who married Charles H.: Samuel-S. Crocker, of Leominster, and Sarah, who married Charles H.:

Benton, of Fitchburg.

Benford, of Figure 2. The product of the product of

Nancy, Deacon Kimball's thurteenth child, cp. 290) married Jonas Holden. Among their children was the late Henry J. Holden. of Fitchburg. Elvira, the youngest child of Deacon Ephraim: married Ephraim

Crocker. They had no children

We have before mentioned James who died in 1821 at his father's

house. (p. 290.) Two of the children of Deacon Kimball, Joseph and Abel, died at an early age.

we have this evening traced one. New England family from the immigrant ancestor of 1034, to our own generation. We began at Watertown and Ipsy ich near the coast; we have followed them westward to Fitchburg, and finally, some of them to Northern Maine, and others to the Stary of Ohio. This is only typical of other New England families, which spread westward and northward, and were pieceers of evilization throughout the country. They and the foundations; the superstructure is varily



different. Could Ensign Ephrain Kunball visit his old home on South Street today, he would find on his farm, not far from his old boor yard, the foundations of a brilding to be erected for a Catholle home for orphans, and within a radius of one half mile two Catholle churches and other Catholle buildings. With what anazement would he and his son Deacen Ephraim look upon Fifthburg today. Yet, if they saw it today in the light of many years of experience and added wisdom, there would probably be no wender, but only recognition of progress in civilization and religious freedom.

[Note.—Some of the first pages of this interesting paper have been condensed, as the substance is all found in the ramily flistory. The references to the history are by the editor of the Naws It will be noticed.

that the paper and History are not always in accord.]

William Henry Kimball.

f2058-p, 9217

William H. Kinnball of Lowell, Mass, died June 1, at his home. He was fifty-four years and three months old, and had been for many years president of the Lowell Builders Exchauge. He was an expert stair builder, and was one of the most esteemed men of the city. He was a veteran of the civil war and a member of Post 185, G. A. R. His wife died a few weeks ago, the funeral occurring on April 2, since which time his health has been seriously affected. His serious illness was only of a few days. The funeral was highly impressive, many floral tributes testifying to the memory in which he was held. He leaves three daughters and four sons. His eldest son recently returned from the army where he served in the war with Spain. The deceased was a grandson of David Tenney Kimball, one of the most notable members of the family. See the March number of the News, and pages 333 and 620 of Family History.

MARRIED

The last of the Ipswich June weddings took place at high noon vesterday at the home of Miss Susan Kimball, an aunt of the bride on County road. The bride was Miss Abbie Putnam Kimball, youngest daughter of George Kimball, formerly of Danvers, now superintendent of streets in Manchester-by-the-Sea. The groom was Charles Flemming of Manchester. The ceremony was performed at 12 o'clock by the Rev. Mr. Hartman of Leominster; | formerly of Manchester |, in the presence of the immediate families. The bride was gowned in white organdie cut en train and carried a boquet of white pinks. There were no bridesmaids. Fragrant lilies mingled their white petals with the graceful fronds of fern and palm, and were massed into a floral bank before which the couple took their places on entering the room. A wedding breakfast followed the ceremony after which the honeymoon trip. They will reside in Manchester .- Ipswich Independent.



Cecil Sprague Copping born in 1888, is a son of Lillian Sprague Copping, the well known contralto singer of San Francisco, who was present at the last Pacific Coast reunion. The family is not reported in the History, but on page 92 of the News, it shows that William Story Kimball should appear on page 492 of the History as number 901a. On page 110 of the News (June 1898) it appears that his daughter Malvina S. Kimball should appear on page 462 of the History as number 1691e having married Edwin Sprague of Rockland, Me. On this page [110] of the News that their first child, Grace, married Albert should be F.: Pillsbury, who have two children. Dorothy, b. 1891, and Edwin Sprague, born 1896. The second child. Lillian Sprague Kimball married --- Copping, but no mention is made of their son Cecil Sprague, notwithstanding the prominence of the family. It illustrates again the time required and the difficulties encountered in getting their complete records.



Two items of the Kimball News in this issue are not discreditable to the family. One is that of Charles Dean Kimball, whose action in refusing to accept a gratuity of \$175 as a member of the Rhode Island legislature is unlike the course of the ordinary politician. Politics has come to be regarded as a scheme to get money by a grabbing process. There is very little legitimate money making in politics, and yet the business is very profitable to those who win, provided they go into it for that purpose, have skill and no more conscience than other gamblers. Unfortunately it runs the whole gamut from ward polities up, and is one thing that disgraces our republican system.

The other case is that of Thomas Dudley Kimball, elected mayor of Kirkwood. He made the fight on a strictly anti-saloon platform. Mayor Kimball has the Council with him.



H. H. Kimball is connected with the Weather Bureau in Washington and writes for the Monthly Weather Review giving instructions for those wishing to take Civil Service examinations for observers in the Bureau.



CORRECTION:--On page 995 Kimball Family History the name given Frederick Benoni should be Fred Benoni.

1-3-24 CHI-

Carl Willis Kimball, of Willsboro, N. Y., with his wife and young Richard, whose baby picture is shown in November Næws, is visiting his father's family, that of Capt. F. M. Kimball, of Topeka. Fam. Hist. pp. 159-851. Næws pp. 31-74.)



The Wife of Hiram Powers.

On page 35. March (1898 issue of the News, Ezra, (not Edward) Tobey Kimball (Hist, p. 988) asks several interesting questions. Among other matters he calls attention to the fact William, the tenth child of Edmund Kimball (No. 280, p. 186-7) is not there given as the head of a family, while in fact, he was not only a father, but a grandfather, and a highly respected citizen of Portland Maine, whose daughter or grand daughter became the wife of sculptor Hiram Powers, and on page 51, in Notes and Queries the question was asked, who was the wife of Hiram Powers. In reply to this question Mrs. M. T. Campbell, wife of a well known Topeka lawyer, tells us that she was Elizabeth Gibson of Cincinnati, O., an aunt of Mrs. Campbell, and she shows her photograph as well as that of the celebrated sculptor. The question now is, was Elizabeth Gibson a grand-daughter of William Kimball? Who can tell?



Thomas Dudley Kimball, who conducts a general insurance agency in St. Louis, but who resides in Kirkwood, one of the beautiful suburbs of that city, has been elected mayor of Kirkwood. The contest was lively and exciting. The contesting parties were named the "Hoodluns," and the "Silk Stockings." The latter term was probably intended as one of reproach, while in fact it represented the decency and respectability of the town, as the opposition, with the same probability was fairly represented by its name. We hereby congratulate our cousin, not alone on his personal triumph, but as a representative of the the better elements of his town. See Fam. Hist. p. 728, for a fine portrait, and also p. 40, March Naws 1898, for something about Lake Chaubungungamang.



Arthur Reed Kimball p. 540 of Waterbury, Cenn., has an able and comprehensive article in the August Outlook on Yale College and its position among the great institutions of this country at the close of this century and the beginning of the next.



Col. John Kimball of Fitchburgh, a descendant of Deacon Ephraim Kimball the subject of the leading paper in this issue, has been state auditor of Massachussetts since 1893, and now stands as a candidate once more. (Fam. Hist. p. 841.)



Charles E. Kimball is receiver of the Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis R. R. and has nearly completed the reorganization of the line.



Returned the Money.

Two members of the Rhode Island Legislature have created quite a sensation in that little state. They are Charles Dean Kimball (Fam. Hist. p. 814. Fam. News p. 248.) and Walter F. Brayton. It seems that the members of the House voted for themselves extra pay for committee work. Mr. Kimball was in the chair at the time the resolution was under debate, and left it that he might oppose the scheme. "He made," says a Providence paper, "a speech in which he deprecated the action that the committees were taking in thus voting themselves a compensation at the expense of the State, and made a vigorous protest against the passage of the resolution.

Dr. Garvin also protested against the resolution, stating that the committee had not been authorized to sit during the recess, and that it had done but little work. He believed that a bad precedent was being established, and moved the indefinite postponement of the resolution. The motion was seconded by

Mr. Kimball.

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Mr. Kimball said that he saw no reason if the House took this action why a committee that held one meeting during the recess could not present a bill for services. He asserted that the committee had held its sessions during the time that the house

was in session and not while there was a recess,"

But despite all opposition the resolution carried, and checks covering the grab money were made out and sent to the members. On the same day these checks were received, both Mr. Kimball and Mr. Brayton returned them to the State Auditor. The Kimball check was for \$175, and Brayton's was for \$100. The following is the short but pointed letter of Mr. Kimball to C. Grav, the State Auditor.

Dank Sike-Enclosed please find check from General Treasurer, which I decline to accept. You will find it endorsed payable to the General Treasurer. I still decline to be a party to

any new scheme to pay members for committee work,

Yours truly,

CHARLES DEAN KIMBALL.

This action caused unusual comment. The papers anmounced it with flaring double column headlines. Letters were sent the papers commending the course of these representatives and their example was followed by other members.

The example was one which might be imitated by many other legislators; national as well as state. Our readers will

feel proud of this pace set by a member of the family.

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E. A. Kimball of East Haverhill, Mass., has compiled and published an account of Joseph Peaslee, his descendants, and allied families.



DIED.

ZINA E. STONE

The Oxford County Advertiser of June 30, Norway, Maine, furnishes the following:

Zina E. Stone, one of the oldest newspaper publishers in Lowell, Mass., died. Monday at his home there, aged 70 years. He was born in Bethel, the son of Luther Stone, and his mother was Hadassah Kimball of Bridgton. After working at the printers' trade in Paris, Concord, N. H., and Bradford, Vt., he went to Lowell, but later drifted back into Maine, and then to

Boston. He finally settled in Lowell.

Mr. Stone was in the House of Representatives in 1865-66. He married Charlotta A. Shaw of New Sharon in 1846, who died in 1866. A coincidence of the death was that of his brother, William H. Stone, at Fall River, Saturday. He leaves a brother and sister in Paris and a sister in Fall River. He entered the Oxford Democrat office in 1837, at the age of fourteen years as an apprentice, and remained in the office four years. He then went to work as a "jour." on the Lowell Advertiser and soon became foreman. In 1854 he started the American Citizen in Lowell, run it two years, and during that time began a daily. He went to Chicago and remained a year. In 1857 he started the Tri-weekly at Haverhill and made it a success. In 1860 he bought a half interest in Lowell Vox Populi and was connected with it 18 years. In July, 1879, he started the Mail, now both daily and weekly. It was owned by a company of which Mr. Stone was president. He was half owner of the Lowell Courier from 1861 to 1865. Accompanied by his wife he spent some time in Europe and has visited the chief points of' interest in our own country.

As a whole Mr. Stone made the publishing business a success and was able to retire from active service on a competency.

(See Fam. Hist, p. 264, No. 455-ii.

JOTHAM KIMBALL.

The Advertiser of June 16, also has the following:

The late Jotham Kimball was born in South Hiram 87 years ago—May 12, 1812. He dwelt a long time in Cornish and moved to Kansas district in Bridgton, thirty-two years ago, where he remained until his death. He was a life-long farmer; was a quiet, industrious, excellent man. He married Elvira Merrifield of Hiram, who has been dead several years. Mr. Kimball leaves five children: Mrs. Ira F. Pinkham of Farmington, N.H.; Mrs., Win, G. Norton of South Hiram; Mrs. Stephen Weymouth and Isaac Kimoall of Bridgton; Mrs. Ida E. Merrifield of Tapleyville, Mass.; all of whom were enabled to see him before his death, and also to be recognized by him. Deceased was a



member of the Christian Baptist church. The funeral was at Mr. Weymouth's, conducted by Rev. F. Johnson; with singing and floral tributes: the burial was in Forest Hill cemetery.

(The Family History makes no mention of this Jotham

Kimball. Can any one give his record.)

JAMES TICKNOR KIMBALL.

James Ticknor Kimball, youngest child of Joseph Henry Kimball died at his home in Sunbury, Delaware County, Ohio, Tuesday morning. February 14, the culmination of spinal disease. He was born June 11, 1879, and from his fifth year had been handicapped with a frail body which held a courageous spirit. In all those years, the early ones of which were painful, he never once said "why am I afflicted." He began school in 1886 and rarely missed a day or even an hour, and was graduated with his class in 1898. A stranger once asked his mother how she dared send him to school among rough boys. But in truth every one turned only a gentle side to the delicate manly child who won every one for a friend.

Three years ago he did some good work in photography. developing and finishing his pictures in a room he fitted up for that purpose. In all his work he was deliberate, neat, and accurate, and for a year had assisted his father in book keeping. In many of his traits of character he was remarkably like his father, and when he was in Boston in the summer of 1890, he was surprised and pleased to find he was thought to be like the Kimballs there. In autumn he studied telegraphing making good progress, and talked of a time when he should go to another office. He said to his mother "you know I cannot always stay here." Ah, too well she knew.

On the 6th of February he went to Columbus, twenty-four miles away, returning the 8th, and was at his work the 9th, but said at evening he was dizzy. On Friday he read his paper, but grew worse in the evening and Saturday kept his bed, but did not know he was in serious condition. On the 12th he became unconscious, his last words being a greeting to two young men, his close friends, who came to his bedside. The last words he said to his mother were "cannot you see?"

It is believed his life was not endured in vain. His was a faithful heart that has left its influence on many of his personal friends. He had travelled considerable, had read largely, and those who knew him best think he had a happy life. The path oftimes grows rough when school days are over, and the

Great Teacher has promoted him.

The house from which six children have passed out, not to return, is a lonely one and the mother whose companion and comfort he was finds the best consolation in the words "I shall follow him."

3



United in Death.

Mr. and Mrs. Fry M. Kimball, of Minneapolis, died the same day, Sunday, June 18, at their home. They had lived to celebrate their golden wedding, having been among the earliest pioneers of the State of Minnesota. Of six children but one is living, Mrs. W. S. Kilburn. The family like so many others is not mentioned in the Kimball Family History. The News hopes that Mrs. Kilburn will supply what information she may have in regard to the ancestors of her family. We take the following from a Minneapolis paper. A few years ago Mr. and Mrs. Frank Leavenworth went to Minneapolis, strangers, where he was to take a responsible position in connection with the educational interests of the city. Mr. and Mrs. Kimball were among their first acquaintainces and took especial pains to make their new surroundings pleasant. It was through Mrs. Leavenworth, a sister of Mrs. A. J. Arnold of Topeka, that attention was brought to the case.

A sad, sweet ending to a romance in real life came Sunday. June 1s.

at Minneapolis, when Mr. and Mrs. Fry M. Kimball died.

Fifty-one years ago Mr. and Mrs. Kimball were married and, as Mrs. Kimball would describe it, their life was fity-one years of bappiness. Settling in Minnesota when the country was a vast wilderness and obstacles presented themselves in the path of the husband he refused to yield and in good nature, he and his loving wife battled on together.

After becoming old and tired they moved to Minneapolis and took up their residence on the East Side. There their happy life continued despite the fact that both had become invalids. Mr. Kimball's work on the frontier had worn him out, and he suffered from chronic lumbago. Four years ago the white laired wife was strick-n with typhoid fever and never fully recovered.

As soon as the aged pair were able to be moved, for Mr. Kimball's illness had taken a serious turn, they were taken to the home of their only living daughter, Mrs. W. S. Kilburn, 1924 Fourth avenue south, and there remained until the end came.

They had lived happily together so long, and death, that grim spectre, had no terrors for them. Early Sanday morning Mr. Kimball began to fail fast, and shortly after eight o'clock he passed away.

In the next room, in an invalid's chair, for she was unable to lie down, was Mrs. Kimball. No one told her that her helpmate and lover had died, but the soils that fived for fifty-one long years had entwined about each other until they had grown to be one, needed no telling, and after a few more weary hours of suffering the wife closed her eyes, and her soul went out to join its companion.

Mr. Kimball was 75 years old and Mrs. Kimball was 71. They were married 51 years ago, and at an early date moved to Stevens County Fifteen years ago they came to Minneapolis and have lived here ever since

The leave but one child, the daughter, who for many years was connected with the St, Paul Globe, and well known in newspaper circles-



Some Michigan Kimballs.

Mr. David S. Kimball, Commander Fairbanks Post No. 17, Department of Michigan G. A. R., Detroit, writes us regarding his family. The data he can furnish are not complete, but may furnish a foundation upon which to build. He is not mentioned in the History.

EDITOR KIMBALL FAMILY NEWS,

Topeka, Kansas.

You asked for uames of my ancestors. I have been writing to try and get the names, births and deaths complete, but have not succeeded very well, but I will give it complete as I have it. My father's father. David, was born in Nelson, N. H., date —. He had a brother Fred who has been dead about forty years; died in the State of New York. Grandfather married a Miss Nancy Blackman. I dont know how long both have been dead; buried in Adrian, Mich. Could find out by writing there.

My father and mother have been dead about five years; both died in Adrian. Grandfather had a family of eight children: George G., dead; Charles B., at present in New York living with daughter: Myron H., of Santa Monaca, Cal.; Henry H., dead; Mrs. P. Stocking, Oneida, N. Y.; Mrs. S. P. Holmes, St. Paul, Minn: Mrs. Delia Vane, Cleveland, Ohio; Mrs. B. S. Hubbard, died December, 1898, in Cleveland, Ohio.

George G., my father, was born in Verona, Oneida Co., N.Y., Aug. 21, 1818; came to Michigan in 1834, settled in Livingston Co.; was married to Sarah Crawford in 1834. Their offspring were nine children: Myron, died in infancy; David S., born 1843; Charles C., of Chicago, Ills., engineer Chicago, M. & St. Paul R. R., married and bas two children: Mary Jane, died quite young; Martha Mudge, has three children, two boys and one girl, two married; Delia Puller, widow; Sarah Aldrich, one child, girl; Jane Hoag, no children; Emma, died some years ago.

My family consists of three children, two girls and one boy: oldest, Etta Johnson, no children; Stella; Scott, New York City.

An aunt tells me to write to Uncle Myron of San Monaca, says he has quite a complete record. If there is anything you don't understand or anything more I can do to help the good cause or the good name along, I will be only too glad to enlighten you as far as I can.

From your cousin,

DAVID S KIMBALL

A dispatch from Hinsdale, Mich., of July 28, says that Bert Kimball, an aeronaut, of North Adams, was drowned in Bawbee Lake, his parachute falling in the lake.



Supplemental Notes to Family History.

(BY S. P. SHARPLES,)

On page 1152a of the Kimball Family History is a note in reference to Nehemiah Dean Kimball. Mrs. Abbie A. Barker has recently furnished me with a much fuller account of his descendants. Below will be found a copy of her letter, almost as she sent it to me.

S. P. SHARPLES.

Nehemiah Dean Kimball' (Peter 8.9 Josephè Johnt Caleb' Richard's Richard's born Exeter, N. H. about 1792, died Neenah, Wis., in 1844, Married Mary Moore, born Dec. 28, 1793; d. Nov. 18, 1887. After marriage they lived in Skowhegan, Me., un'il 1849 when he with his wife and all his children moved to Wisconsin and settled in Neonah. After his death his widow and children removed to West Superior where the survivors still live.

CHILDREN.

1598a i Sophia Ann'b. Dec. 16, 1823; d. Jan. 28, 1854.

1598b ii James M. 8 b. 1825.

1508c iii Charles D.* b. 1827; d. August 1864.

1598d iv Mantheno Areando' b. 1829; d. 1857.

159se v John Parsons8 b. Feb. 21, 1839.

1598f vi Joseph Collis's b. Feb. 1832.

1598g vii William Langdon's b. July 13, 1834; d. Mar. 29, 1884.

viii Mary Janes was accidentally scalded and diedaged about five years. Do not know date of birth or death.

1598a Sophia Ann Kimball' b. Dec. 16, 1823; d. Jan. 28, 1854; m. May 21, 1842; George W. Hubbard who was b. Canaaa, Me., June 24, 1812; d. April 1, 1855.

CHILDREN.

- i Henry G. Hubbard' b. Feb. 28, 1843; d. Oct. 1, 1865. He served in the Union Army.
- ii Harrison W. Hubbard⁹ b. Feb. 28, 1843; d. Oct. 3, 1875.
- iii Howard A. Hubbarb⁹ b. August 15, 1845; d. May 5, 1890.
- iv Horatio F. Hubbard⁹ b. Dec. 15, 1847; d. Nov. 5, 1855.
- v John Quincy Hubbard⁹ b. April 15. 1848. He married Delia Darrow of Menosha, Wis. They live in Mobile, Ala, where he and his brother Ebenezer are engaged in the lumber business. He has the following children: 1, Faith Isabella Hubbard¹⁶ b. July 18, 1885, 2, John Hubbard¹⁶ b. Sept 24, 1887, 3, Davida Kimball Hubbard¹⁶ b. Nov. 1, 1890, 4, Annabel Hubbard¹⁶ b. Nov. 18, 1892.
- vi Joseph F. Hubbard⁹ b. June 10, 1852.
- vii Ebenezer Hubbard⁹ b. Jan. 28, 1854.

Mrs. Barker writes as follows: "My informant writes in regard to this line of the Hubbard family that she can tell me very little concerning their families except that of John, although they all married and had families except Henry and Horatio."



- 15086 James M. Kimball's b. 1815; in. Margaret Dolan, but I do not know the date of her birth or the date of their marriage. Forty-three years ago he settled in what is known a skimball Frairies. Minn. Several years ago the Soo. R. R. was built through that country and the town of Kimball was named in his honor. His wife died about four years ago. His oldest son lives with him on the farm. There is one other son who lives in Dacotab. He has four daughters.
 - i Laura9. She is in a convent in Santa Fe.
 - ii Nellies m --- Barrett and lives at Kimball, Mich.
 - iii Celia?. Is a teacher.
 - iv Blanche9. Is a teacher.
- 159sc—Charles D. Kimball⁸ b. 1827; d. August 1864; m. 1857,Caroline Howe of Bangor, Me.

CHILDREN.

- i William Charles⁹ b. 1858. He is a lawyer and at present is Court Reporter at Oslook, Wis. He married Katherine Ketz, about thirteen years ago. They have two children. Normanth and Charles¹⁵.
- ii Lillian Gertrude⁹ b. Dec. 4, 1859. She is a teacher in the State Normal School Oskosh, Wis.
- iii Mantheno⁹ b. Nov. 1863; m. Oct. 4, 1888, Caroline Berry. Children: 1, Richardi⁶. 2, Thomasi⁶ b. ——; d. June 16, 1895.
- 1598d—Mantheno' b. 1820; d. 1857. Had no children. He had been married six weeks and was taking lik wife to Superior, Mich., at Ontenagon. Mich., he walked off the steamer and was drowned. His wildow only lived a year after his death.
- 1598e—John Parsons Kimball³ b. Feb. ²¹, 1849, m. March 1870 Hannah Cassidy. He lives at Forest City. Minn where he owns a large farm. He served in the army during the entire war of the rebellion.

CHILDREN.

- i Dean⁹ b. 1871.
- ii Martha' h. 1872. She is married and has children.
- iii George b. 1876.
- iv Frank? b. 1878.
- v Ida9 b. 1880.
- vi Charles' b. 1882.
- vii Bertha⁹ b. 1885.
- 159sf-Joseph Collis Kimball b. 1832. Never married. He lives at Kimball. Minn.
- 150 sg—William Langdon Kimball' b. July 13. 1834; d. Mar. 29. 1844; m. Dec. 4. 1862, Nancy Jane Hinton, daughter of James and Mary Ann (swiber) Hinton. Three years after his father's death he moved with his mother and brothers and sisters to Superior. Wis., and lived there until his death. He went there not long after the town was started and was always a prominent citizen and was highly respected and honored by the entire community He was a lumberman.



2365a i Byron⁹ b. July 6, 1864.

2365b ii Mary Lillian² b. April 11, 1867; d. Mar. 19, 1897.

2365c iii Jennie Ethel b. July 25, 1868.

iv Gracie⁸ b. April 3, 1870; d. July 6, 1870.

v Edna Gertrude" b. Sept. 20, 1872.

vi Bertha Cloughs b. May 7, 1874.

vii Josephine Peyton' b Feb. 25, 1889.

2365a-Byron Kimball⁹ b. July 6, 1864cm. August 18, 1867, Louisa Smith, b. July 30, 1866. He is the Secretary of the Board of Education at Superior, Wis.

CHILDREN.

i William Langdon to b. Sept. 4, 1884.

ii Byron¹⁰ b. May 8, 1804; d. Aug. 12, 1895.

2365b-Mary Lillian Kimball⁹b. April 11, 1867; d. Mar. 19, 1897; m. Aug. 6, 1556, Josiah Bond.

CHILDREN.

i Nancy Kimball Bondio b. Sept. 30, 1889.

ii Emily Elizabeth Bonde b. Aug. 11, 1891. iii Edna Charlotte Bondin b. Dec. 24, 1895.

2365c-Jennie Ethel Kimball⁹ b. July 25, 1868; m. June 18, 1890, William Willis Strickland, b. May 20, 1865

CHILD.

i William Kimball Strickland¹⁶ b. Feb. 18, 1893.

Mrs. Barker says: "One of William L. Kimball's daughters has given me the information I have written out for you. I hope I have not written any repetitions of this history, but I have had so many interruptions since the commencement of it. I fear you will find it very crude. Perhaps you have heard of the death of my brother (p. 428) Robert Hasty Kimball, b. Sept. 22, 1819, d. May, 15, 1898. I intend to call on you sometime as I am anxious to meet some one who is interested in learning more of the branch of the Kimball family that I belong to I send this to you thinking perhaps it will be useful if you should get up a supplement for the Kimball Family History Some years ago I saw in a newspaper that a history of the Kimball family was to be compiled. I wrote to the address given but received no answer in regard to it, and had it not been that my son Abner H. Barker, began making inquiries concerning the Family Genealogy I should not have learned anything more about my ancestors than I then knew and that was very little. We have the Kimbali News which I find very interesting. I will send you a picture of my father as you may be interested in it. I can see a resemblance to him in many of the pictures in the Kimball History. He was a man of sterling integrity. So many times I have heard him say that he considered his word as good as his bond and he always lived up to that precept. He was self made as the saying is, for unfortunately his home from his chiblhood was with a man who was very intemperate and lucked all the requisites to bring up a child judiciously, but my father, not withstanding the unfortunate surroundings of his boyhood life came out of it unseathed, and his life was



such that his children have no cause to feel anything but the greatest love and respect that a child may cherish for a parent. He was honored and respected throughout the whole community where he resided and of a trath can it be said of him, "An honest man is the noblest work of God," I consider that we are wonderfully blessed in having a father and mother who were of such sterling worth for no one in the town were more respected than they.

I will ask your leniency in overlooding any imperfections that you may discover in this, for I am past my sixty-fifth birthday, and what little education I had was obtained in the district school, so please excuse whatever is imperfect.

Yours very truly.

(MES:) ABBIE A. BARKER. Daughter of Charles Kimball, (819)

Mrs. Barker resides in Wellington, Mass.

(BY SAEAH LOUISE KIMBALL, SAN FRANCISCO.)

Page 713-1499 Timothy Dakin Kimball, etc.

CHILDREN.

- i Elizabeth Alice Kimball, m. John Bradford Tupper and Ilve at San Jose, California. They have two sons: 1, Irwin Kimbail Tupper, Claremont, N. H. 2, Otis Mitchell Tupper, San Francisco, Cal.
- ii Catherine Jane Kimball, m. J. Q. A. Ballou, and lives at San Jose, California, Farmer. They nave two children: I, George Ballou, San Jose, Cal. 2. Alice Ballou, m. Wager Bradford, who is now near Johannesburg, South Africa.
- Page 465-908 John Palmer Kimball, etc. He had two children by his first wife. Lucy Schellinger, who both died young. He m. 2d. Bethia N. Harris, who died in December, 1895, and by her had:
 - i Cornelia Eliza Kimball, b. Dec. 30, 1835; married Joseph P. Bradford, son of John and Eliza (Cayton) Bradford, of New York and Monroe County, Mich., and grandson of the Bradford who came from Scotland. There is quite a history to this Bradford family and their estate in Scotland. Joseph P. Bradford and family removed from Monroe. Mich., to Carthage. Missouri, where he and his wife are (May 1899) hving. Their children are: 1, Seymour Kimball Bradford, b. Aug. 22, 1859. Monroe, Mich., married Sallie L. J. Ward, daughter of J. N. and N. M. Ward, of Columbia. Boone, Co., Mo. The Wards are a Kentucky family. He is a mining engineer. Reside at Palo Alto, California. Her tather lives with them. Their children: i. May Bradford, b. May 11, 1879. ii. Nanelia Lou Vee Bradford, b. Sept. 27, 1884. iii. John Ward Bradford, b. June "0, 1886, ii, Edgar Bradford, died young, iii, Anna Bethia Bradford, b. 1865; died young, iv. Len Lewis Bradford, b. Nov. 23. 1868. Monroe, Mich.; m. Mary Kiskadden, Carthage, Mo



Child: I. Herschel Leigh Bracford, b. March 20, 1899. v. Lura Maude Bracfford, died young. vi. Jay Phillip Bradford, b.

May 24, 1875, Mouroe, Mich.

ii Emiline sandiforth Kunbull, in William Salter, of La Salte, Much. He served in the Union Army during the Civil War, and died as the result of disease contracted in the service. She is living, in 1890, at Lyons, Kansas, Children; I, Ferson Salter, b. 1890; in and lives at Clay City, Ind. They have children, 2, John Kimball Salter, b. about 1896, 3, Robert Salter; in. 4, Armilage Salter, in and lived at Worthington, Ind. 5, Arthur Salter, 6, Oliver Salter.

iii Mary Jane Kimball in, William Kelley of La Salle, Mich. Their children: 1, Ellis Kelley, M. D., Vienna, Mich. 2, Jenny Kelley La Salle, Mich. 3, Elias Kelley, La Salle, Mich.; medical student.

- iv Adelia Kimball m. George W. Bradford, of Carthiage, Mo. Both deceased. Children: 1. George H. Bradford, m. 1. Libby Kirby, who had no children: in 2d. Allie Rhodes, who had two children: m. 3d. ——, Wichita, Kansas. 2, Ray Martel Bradford, M. D., Carthage, Mo. 2, Alliee Bradford, Carthage, Mo. 3, Alliee Bradford, Carthage, Mo. 4, Clarecce Bradford, m. Lottie ——, Pueblo, Col. 5, Chayton Bradford, Carthage, Mo. 5, Rethia, Bradford, Carthage, Mo. 9, Frank Bradford, Carthage, Mo. 10, Anna Bradford, of Carthage, Mo. 11, Murray Bradford, Carthage, Mo. Two others, died young.
- v Alice Kimball, m. Jacob Rauche, of West Toledo. Ohio. Children: 1. Edgar Rauche, electrical engineer, New Bestford, Conn. 2. Chifford Rauche, real estate and oil business, Toledo. 3, Roy Rauche, farmer, La Salle, Mich.

Page 501-1000 Lucy Kimball, m. Gurdon Bishop, etc.

CHILDREN.

i Gurdon Bishop, b. Chesterfield, Conn., Oct. 6, 1815; m. Mary Am Crocker. Resided in Oakland, Cal.; d. 1898. Their son, Oliver Harvey Bishop, m. Margaret Aun Adams, and Lave: 1, William Harvey John Bishop, Fruitvale. Alameda Co., Cal. 2, Elizabeth Emeline Bishop, Fruitvale. 3, Emma Victoria Bishop, Fruitvale. 4, Belle Sarah Bishop, Fruitvale. 5, Lettita Mary Ann Bishop, Fruitvale. 6, Lucy Kimball Bishop, (1884) Fruitvale.

(BY THE EDITOR.)

Page 140-No. 196. Stephen Kimball born in Bhode Island, was a sea captain and afterwards moved to New Hampshire, one of the first settlers in Grafton. He served as a lieutenant in Hitchcook's Riode Island regiment from May 3, 1775 to December, 1775, and captain in the 11th Continual infanty to Dec. 31, 1776, Of nine children only the second, Howland, is briefly mentioned on page 267 as the head of a family. Sarah, the closest, is said to have married —— Fords. Her number should be 50%. She



married Richard Ford (not Fords). Among their children were William, Merriam, Richard and Stephen. The latter was the father of Stephen Kimball Ford and Horace Ford, prominent citizens of Orange, N. II. Horace Ford married Amelia Caroline Andrew, dau, of Samuel and Matilda Fowler) Andrew. Matilda Andrew was a daughter of Deacon Benjamin Fowler and sister of Lucinda Fowler Kimbalt, (page 593 Fam. History, p. 210 Fam. News, So the descendants of Horace Ford and Amelia Andrew are twice related to the John Kimball family of page 593. As a teacher of a country school, (Fam. News p. 13) the editor of the News boarded with the family of Kimball Ford without any knowledge of the somewhat distant relationship. He was a man of wide reading and unusual intelligence, and as town clerk, a position he held for many years, it was his duty to "publish" intended marriages, which he did according to the custom then prevailing, of loudly announcing the names of the contracting parties at the close of church services. declaring their purpose and calling upon any one opposing to make such opposition known or thereafter hold their peace. As Kim Ford, as he was called, never attended church at any other time, his presence was always a notice of what was to come. While not a church goer he was never known to miss attendance at a funeral. The Samuel Andrew above mentioned was by all odds the leading citizen of the town, a man of much ability, the highest moral character, and the one always sought for legal advice.

The News will probably give more concerning the descendants of Stephen Kinball in a later issue.

- Marie Contraction

An Incident in the Life of Daniel Kimball of Boston.

In the year of 1820, while I was a resident of Charlestown. S. C., a deeply concerted plan was formed by the negroes to arise and massacre the white citizens: it was only discovered by a faithful servant telling his master a short time before day fixed to commence the carnage. There was great alarm at the discovery and almost every white man in the city armed himself with some kind of implement of defense. I belonged to a company of volunteers and did patrol duty, day and night, in the city. The negroes were also very much alarmed when their case was discovered. A court was formed of "Free Holders." under the law, to try negro cases and many of the leaders were arrested, tried, and about a dozen of them were hung. Denmark Veazie, the principal leader of the whole plot, was the first one executed and at the same time two or three of his comrades who were greatly downcast by their impending doom he tried to cheer by the words: "die like men; we die in a good causeliberty." Fam. News, p. 223, Hist., p. 548.



Only a Sample.

The following is a fair specimen of many letters that come to the Family News.

PORT HURON, MICH. July 31, 1899.

MR. G. F. KIMBATL.

Deam Sik:—I do not know whether I am any "kin" of yours or not. But a copy of the Kimball News came to our notice a short time ago. My mother was a Kimball; her great grandfather was Amos Kimball who settled in Vermont, time of Revolution, afterwards moved to New Hampshire and died at a place called Kimball's Landing. Enclosed find subscription and we hope to learn more of relatives in the east. My mother's parents came to Michigan in 1836 and knows but little of her relatives.

Very truly yours,

ELLA EVERETT CADY.

On page 189 of the Family Eis ory we find that Amos Kimball' (Abraham' Ebenezer' Benezer' Richard') was born in Bradford, Mass., Aug. 31, 1750, narr' d Abigail Corlis in 1774, moved to Barnet, Vt., and afterwards to Haverhill, N.H. where it is presumed that he died. We have no other evidence that he was the ancestor of Mrs. Cady. Probably he was. They had twelve children, only the two oldest being given as the heads of families, with no further mention whatever of the remaining ten, one of whom bore the name of Everett, same as the writer of the above. Now if the name of Mrs. Cady's grandfather had been given, it would have added another clue.

The Kimballs in the United States have nearly all descended from Richard who come to America in 1634. A very few survive who descended from his brother Henry, so that there is a

degree of kinship in all.

Where information is wanted of ancestors all known information should be furnished as clues—names of father, grandfather, and so on as far back as possible, with place of birth, etc. We must depend largely upon the Farrily History and such other information as we have gathered for the News during the last two years. Th's Fa rily History is a remakable compendium of genealogical information of nearly 1300 pages—one of the most extensive family genealogies published in America. Yet there are very unony an' iss of the name not mentioned, and, many more ale very incomplete. The News, in its two volumes of over 300 pages, has given much supplemental matter, and no one knows how much more remains so be discovered.

Take the cose men 'one' by our cos' n Ella Everett Cady in the above letter; that of D. v'd S. K' nbol, whose letter is found elsewhere; also that of Mr. and Mrs. Fry M. K'mball, whose



death on the same day, after living to witness their golden wedding. Such cases are continually coming to light. Two sons of the above mentioned Amos Kimball are given in the history as heads of families. Of the remaining ten there is no record of their birth, marriage, nor death. Yet it is not improbable that one of them. Everett, perhaps, was the great grandfather of Ella Everett Cadv.

The News is often asked for information in these cases and is always willing to aid whenever possible. But it relies largely upon the Family History. When it is incomplete it requires time, patience and money. Messrs, Morrison and Sharples spent fifteen or more years in gathering unaterial and compiling the Family History. They travelled thousands of miles and spent hundreds and hundreds of dollars investigating church, county and court records. The same process is necessary yet and should be done by those interested. No one person can afford the expense of all these different researches.

When information is wanted, all that is already known should be given as a basis to work from -name of father and mother, and their ancestors so far as known, date and place of birth, marriage, death, etc. This may furnish data to enable one to close up the breaks in the line.

Another Hills Reunion.

In the Family News for February last mention was made of the Hills family reunion held in July, 1898, at the home of Dr. Alfred Kimball Hills in Hudson, N. H., the old family home of the Alden Hills branch of that family. Alden Hills married Nancy Currier Kimball (p. 601) and their old Hudson homestead is shown in the February News, as well as the present country home of Dr. Hills. Another reunion of this family was held on July 28, of this year at the Hotel Pines. Revere Beach near Boston, at which most of those mentioned in the February issue were present, as well as many others. The family is a notable one and is traced back six hundred years, the first immigrants to this country arriving in 1632. Many interesting historical facts cluster around the Hills family and their residence in southern New Hampshire, to which some reference was made in the February number.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Kimball of Danville, Ill., +p. 593-902 are spending the summer among the White Mountains. Last year their outing was among the Rockies and on the Pacific coast.

Capt. Kimball and wife have been leading in Salvation army meetings in Ipswich, Mass.



The Knowltons.

One of the oldest families in America is that of the Knowltons. The first immigrants to this country, consisting of the father and four sons came over in 1632, two years before the arrival of Richard Kimball and his family. The reputed origin of this family name is interesting. It is said that when William the Conqueror was establishing himself in England he observed the valor of two soldiers; and as a reward for their devotion, he invested them with Knighthood. Discovering that one lived upon a hill, and the other upon a knoll, he surnamed them Hillton and Knoll-ton; and their descendants have borne these names to this day. A large family reunion of the Knowltons was recently held in Massachusetts, and in a published report of the same it is stated:

"Deacon Thomas Knowlton married into a strong name, His wife, Mary, was of the first Kimball family. And because they had no children, they gathered some of William Knowlton's little ones about them, and sent them to the school on the Meeting-house Green, till they were old enough to work."

It seems from the Kimball Family History page 33, that this is an old tradition and a mistake, historians having been misled by her tather's will. It is there stated that Mary Kimball married Robert Dutch, and a list of their six children is given. But on page 41 of the History it is stated that Mary, the second child of John Kimball, son of the first Richard and brother of the Mary of the "first Kimball family" married Deacon Thomas Knowlton. A son of John Knowlton married Sarah Whipple of another old family, and that Anthony Potter also married Elizabeth Whipple, while their daughter Elizabeth married Thomas Kimball.

In the old graveyard of Ipswich, Mass., may still be read an old inscription, as follows:

Here Lys Buried
Mrs. Elizabeth Potter
who died March
ye 10, 1712, aged
83 years.
A tender mother
A prudent wife
at God's command
resigned her life.

From the Family History, page 52, it seems that her daughter Elizabeth, died a few years later. Dec. 4, 1723, although this relationship is not stated.

As will be observed, this issue of the News is a double number, covering July and August. Some have asked for the missing July issue, and possibly some others have missed it without saving so. It was simply a convenience to the publisher.



Question of Marriage.

New York, July 30.— Owing to the confusion in the divorce laws of the various states, legal questions of an intricate nature often are presented for the consideration of Justices of the Sapreme Court. In this class is the suit of Harriet I. James, wife of J. S. James, member of New York Stock Exchange, against Charles George Wilson, former president of the Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Exchange of Manhattan, to direct him to pay into the Supreme Court \$4,000 insurance money, and naming Maud E. Kimball as a defendant.

Edward C. Kimball was a broker, and for seven years was a member of the stock and petroleum exchange. He died on Nov. 9, 1890, in his home in Nineteenth street, South Brooklyn, Harriet I. James, the plaintiff, is his sister. Kimball had a gratuity fund of 88,000 in the exchange, which, on the death of a member, goes to the widow or next of kin. Mrs. James deposes that she and her mother, Harriet A. Kimball, are the on-

Iv next of kin, and each has sued for \$4,000.

Mand E. Kimball has put in a claim for the entire \$8,000, as the widow of Edward C. Kimball. She was married on May 2, 1885, to James L. Seaman. Five years later she got a decree for absolute divorce in North Dakota, on the ground of abandonment. She mas married to Kimball on June 29, 1895. When the divorce suit was pending, in 1890, Seaman sent a letter to his wife's lawyer, in North Dakota, denying all of her charges. After Kimball died, in 1890, Seaman got permission from the North Dakota court to file the letter so as to amend the decree by striking out the recital that he had made no formal appearance to contest the decree of the court.

Nearly a month before this action was taken the surrogate had granted letters of administration upon the estate to Harriet I. James. Harriet A. Kimball and John S. James. Maud E. Kimball, two days after the decree had been awarded in North Dakota, applied here for letters of administration as the widow of Edward C. Kimball. The surrogate refused the application, and the court sustained him. It was held that the divorce in North Dakota was void in this state when there was no personal service in North Dakota and no answer to the summons and compolaint.

Maud E. Kimball then sued out a writ of error in the Superme Court of the United States. The writ was dismissed on May I, without determining the validity of the North Dakota divorce, and now the question of the marriage of Maud E. Kimball, according to her counsel, will have to be determined in a new suit in the United States Supreme Court.

(None of these are found in the Kimball History.)



Denying Self.

HARRY W. KIMBALL.

King David, weary of the strife— For foes on every hand surround— Longed for a drink from the deep well, Which by the Bethlehem gate is found.

Scarce spoke the wish, ere three brave men Broke through the host, careless of fate, And though a hundred burred their way. They reached the well beside the gate.

A draught of water brought they hence.
And offered unto the king;

But he upon the ground poured out

The life bought water they did bring.

Thus David, noble king of oid,
Denied himself in all his pride,
That other's life might not be risked.
And his own wish be gratified.

Are we less noble than this king.
We, living in the fuller day?
Are we not glad for his great love,
To put aside our own wished way?

And see that we a stumbling block In other's path may never be: But rather help them by our life Into the Christ-life, full and free.

From the Union Worker, Ord, Neb.

POON

BORN.

Born to Fred Benoni and Martha Ann (Russell) Kimball on June 6, 1899. a daughter, Bernice Naomi.

Born to Ernest and Mary Kimball Sawyer on April 11, 1890, a daughter, Catherine Louise. (See page 995 Kimball History.)

Edward R. Kimball, superintendent of the Kansas City Creamery Package company has just returned from a trip through China, Japan and other Asiatic countries. When he left the city three months ago it was the intention or Mr. Kimball to journey around the world, but was quarantined for the plague, and then concluded to come home.



Kimball-Rast.

A quiet wedding was solemnized vesterday at high noon at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Rast at their home on Malvern avenue. The contracting parties were Miss Annie E. Rast and Mr. Phineas Kimball of St. Louis.

The bride never looked fairer and sweeter than on this auspicious occasion dressed in white satin exquisitely trimmed with white pearls and Irish point lace, with hair tastefully arranged in high conflure and carrying a beautiful boquet of white bride roses. She looked a perfect bride. Mr. Kimball was elegantly attired in the conventional black, and made a fine look-

ing groom.

Dr. Fawcett the beloved pastor of the family performed the marriage rites in a solemn and impressive manner. The service was made short but beautiful. The ring being used added solemnity. There were none present save the family except Dr. Fawcett and Mrs. James. It was just one of those sweet home weddings, too sacred for the eyes of the public. Immediately after the ceremony an elegant limcheon was served, which testified to the cultivated taste of Mrs. Rast in the cultinary art.

Mr. Kimball is accused of stealing a march on Miss Annie's host of friends by a quiet wedding of which none were aware, but the truth is Mr. Kimball has been admiring and loving Miss Annie two years, and yet no one suspected the truth. He just came in last week from St. Louis and not even his friends at the Park, where he was a guest had an idea he meant to get married—at any rate all know it now—and know that he is a splendid young man, with an extensive business in St. Louis, known as the firm of Rankin & Kimball, lumber and timber, with offices in the Equitable building.

The happy couple left on the 2:40 train for their future home in St. Louis, where they will at home to their friends af-

ter May 1, at the Lindell Hotel.

The bride received some handsome presents, among them was an elegant watch from her brother, Ocey Rast who came from Dallas, Texas, to attend the nuprials.—Hot Springs (Ark.) News.

May Take Pastorate.

The following is from the Sharon, "Mass." Enterprise of June 9: Rev. John. C. Kimball, of Hartford, Conn., who occupied the Unitarian pulpit on Sunday, delivered one of the most cloquent and impressive discourses, and that almost without reference to his notes, that has been heard there in a long time. The proposition of extending a call to Mr. Kimball is heartily favored. He is a former teacher in the Sharon Center School, and has many friends outside the parish as well as in his chosen field." p. 482.



Bride a Daughter of Ipswich.

The following from the Hartford Post of June 8:

"A very pretty home wedding which was celebrated at high noon today was that of Miss Grace Clark Kimball, daughter of Rev. John C. Kimball, to Lyman William Griswold, of Greenheld, Mass. The ceremony was performed in the large parlor of the apartments of the bride's parents in the Chency building, and was witnessed by many friends, one hundred and fifty invitations having been issued. Rev. John C. Kimball, the father of the bride officiated, assisted by Rev. Joseph Waite, pastor of Unity church, and the simple and beautiful Unitarian service was used." (p. 482.)

Nothing to Do.

A strip of snowlest linen.

Half embroidered and stamped in blue.
And the gleam of a threadless needle
Piercing the pattern through:

The needle is ready, yet the sweet little lady Sits sighing for something to do.

Heaped on the table beside her Blossoms of every hue: Delicate, odorous roses— The rurest that ever grew:

The vase stands ready while the sweet little lady Sits wishing for something to do.

Half hid under flowers a volume In daintiest gold and blue, Just parted, as if it would open At "The Miller's Daughter for you: The book lies ready, yet the sweet little lady Sits sighting for sympthics.

Sits sighing for something to do.

A silent harp in the corner.

And melodies old and new
Scattered in pretty disorder—
Songs of the false and the true:
The harp stands ready—still the sweet little lady
Sits longing for something to do.

A sudden wind-sweep and flutter— The door wide open blew: A step in the hall and swiftly, Like a bird, to the threshold she flew: Blushing, already the sweet little lady

Forgets she has nothing to do.

-Harriet McErren Kimball, in "Ledger Monthly."



From Rollin H. Kimball, Garfield, Ga. See Nov. News, 1898.)

Laitor Kimbali, Family News.

Topeka, Kansas.

Dear Coust:—The May and June issues are notable, as of interest. "Who are the Kimballs?" under the head lines, "A bit of Presumable Family History." (a most appropriate heading

by the way) is especially noted.

Your Yacific Coast correspondent, in June issue, notes that the former did not tell us that the Kimry were the ten lost tribes of Israel, nor does either tell us the ten tribes are comprised in the Anglo-Saxon race, as is so ably held and set forth beyond peradventure in recent years. Therefore, according to our understanding of the case we cannot arrogate to our family Patronymic the peculiarities as set forth by your correspondents and I can only regard them as vain genealogies equally applicable to the Smiths, or Jones, or any family patronymic, of the Anglo-Saxon race. However, if the case can be made out in our favor, so much the better. In any event, we too are glad to know the fact that our family name is well represented, as investigators on these lines.

Writer once had Burke's Peerage, so called in common parlance, an English publication, said to be authentic and standard work. The K's were carefully looked over for our family patronymic, which, we failed to find therein, and no coat of arms of

course.

Cousin, we read and reread that address, the supplement. You could not have done anything better than to publish it for the Kinball Family News. "Unconscious Cebration in History" expresses our own opinions and ideas—however in much more clear and terse manner than we could hope to do. I regard it as the strongest and best address or utterance ever published in the News.

Surely these be wonderful days in which we are living, already so plainly set forth in events; earnests of the near future,

that he who runs may read.

Back to the rock whence ye are hewn, both church and state, for doubtless much of the work of both, will be swept away, with the besom of destruction when He comes, whose right it is to take the sword and scepter and reign till all things are put under his feet.

On Tuesday evening last, Dec. 29, 1731) just about dark-Joseph Kembal, a Lad of about 15 years old, Skating on Ipswich Mill Pond, mistook water for Ice as is suppos'd and falling in, was drown'd. His body was found about an hour after. -The New-England Weekly Journal, Monday, January 4, 1732.



Kimball Notes From Boston Globe.

Probably no other paper in the country furnishes so much Kimball news matter as the Boston Globe. The following items are from late numbers.

George Kimball owns probably the oldest printed book in Easton. It is a Bible printed in 1501. A large number of sacred hymns and nusic is included in the book. It came into possession of John Gott, an ancestor of the Kimball family, in 1737,

as recorded on one of the blank pages.

(According to the Family History John Gott married Oct. 16, 1715, Martha ninth child of Samuel Kimball (Richard), Richard) but nothing is said there of their descendants. The News and many others would like information. Can George Kimball of Paston furnish it? See page 51.—ED. News.

Winthon, May 3.—To the credit of the women of St. John the Evangelist church, it can be said that never in the history of social events of the town has the grand concert and ball given at Wadsworth hall this evening been eclipsed by any organization of any name or nature.

The credit for all the hard work and perfection of detail belongs to Mrs. Charles M. Kimball and Mrs. Margaret J. Moloney

and scores of willing women who assisted them.

To these are due and will be given the thanks of a grateful paster and congregation for supplying from the proceeds of the evening's entertainment a tower bell, the chief object of the affair.

Mr. John Sullivan and Mrs. Kimball, followed by Mr. Pat Bergen and Mrs. M. J. Moloney, led the grand march, followed by 50 couples through the intricacies of the Sicilian circle, after which the pleasure was shared by the 350 persons present.

A collation was served at midnight.

The affair was in charge of the following women: Mrs. Chas. M. Kimbail floor director: Mrs. Margaret Moioney, assistant floor director, and others.

WOYCESTER, May 22. - Charles Kimball, 28, a mill operative, was killed on the tracks of the Boston & Maine railroad at Summit, about four miles from here, this afternoon. It is thought his home was in Peterboro, N. H.

Mrs. Anna Kimball, a colored woman, died vesterday at the home of her son. Thomas Kimball, at 17 Camden Street, south end, at the reputed age of 100 years. Her family say that this may not be her exact age, as the old Lady was never able to tell them just what year sine was born, but from certain



facts they are of the opinion that she had more than rounded out a century.

She was a strong and sturdy woman, a native of the West Indies, and up to the very last was possessed of the use of her faculties. Her eyesight was something unusual for a person of such advanced age, and her hearing was good. She had been sick but a short time, and her death was not expected so suddente.

She came to this country a number of years ago and had lived in various sections, finally removing to this city, where she made her home. Although uneducated she was remarkably intelligent and had often taken delight in surrounding herself with her grandchildren and telling them stories of her adventures in her early life. She was possessed of a good memory and, according to her son, remembered events of three-quarters of a century ago.

Her family was a large one, several sons and daughters still living in different parts of this country. She has many grandchildren and great grandchildren.

[According to the Family History several members of the Kimball family lived in the West Indies at an early day. It is not improbable that the old colored woman was once a servent of some member of the family living there, and so received her name as was common.—ED. XEWS.]

At the session of the daughters of Veterans convention, Miss M. Lizzie Kimball of Fitchburg was elected department senior vice president last year. She is a school teacher and daughter of the state auditor.

[See Family Hist. p. 841, No. 1838-ii. Also paper on Deacon Ephraim Kimball in this issue.—Ep. News.]

The steamer Albion was the first to leave San Francisco the season for the new gold fields at Cape Nome, Alaska. She left on Saturday, May 27, with a party of gold seekers, the day of the Kimball reunion. The Albion is on a whaling trip by the way of St. Michael, to which point Frederick Greer Kimball is sent by the postal department as mentioned elsewhere. See News pp. 157-249.)

Rev. and Mrs. John C. Kimball and neice, Florence I. Kimball, are at their summer cottage at Thousand Islands. Miss Kimball completed her first year at Bates College with honors. Her sister, Miss Alice L. Kimball, will spend her summer vacation at Newburyport, after a successful year's course at Ann Arbor. (p. 482).



Oueries.

Charles Stokes Kimball, public weigher, Pier 3, San Francisco, Cal., son of Colon Kimball and his wife Ann Fleet, who lived in Bucks Co., Pennsylvania; he son of — and — Morris Kimball, she of German parentage, of Bucks Co., Penn. Do you know who this man is?

- F. W. Kimball, a young attorney, recently of San Luis Obispo, Cal., now of San Francisco 831 Turk Street; born in Augusta. Maine, (about 1860) very tall, dark. Son of Willard Snell and his wife, a Philbrick Philbrook) of Augusta Maine; he son of John Kimball who went to Massachussetts Bay to Augusta, Maine. Who is he?
 - O. B. Kimball, Westside. Santa Clare Co., Cal. Who is he?
- G. W. Kimball, mining engineer. Peacerville, California. Who is he?

Promoted and Sent North

Frederick Greer Kimball of Manhattan. Kansas, who has long been in the mail service on western railroad lines has been promoted as an expert member of the postal service and is sent to St. Michael, in Alaska, where he will have charge of mail matters as chief clerk. He left on the steamer Bertha from San Francisco, a few days after the family reunion on May 27, which he was fortunate enough to attend. He is the eldest son of Richard Henry Kimball of whose trip to Kansas in the early days mention was made in the News. His sister Satah Bertha for some years made the entomological drawings for the State Agricultural College at Manhattan, and he was educated at this institution with the other members of the Manhattan Kimball families, all of whom are working right along upward. (See Fam. Hist. p. 940, and several numbers of the News.)



The May issue of "Public Libraries," published at Chicago, contains an article on "The Smaller Libraries of California" by William Parker Kimball of San Francisco, whose address at the recent family reunion in that city was so favorably mentioned. Since 1800 the public schools of that state are supplied with small libraries consisting of a dictionary, a moderate encyclopaedia, and a judicious selection of other books. A certain amount is expended each year in every district to keep up these libraries.



Kimball-Family News

Vol. II, No. 9.

Topeka, Kansas, September, 1899.

ROO

Entered for Transmission as Second Class Matter. Published monthly by G. F. KINBALL.

Heber Chase Kimball.

Mrs. Helen V. Kimball Tilton, of Salt Lake City, Utah, grand-daughter of Heber C. Kimball, who is also the author of the story "Hilton Hall," sends the following letter: (See News pp. 172-208.)

Salt Lake City, Utah. August 8, 1899

Editor of News.

Dear Cousin:—I have been requested to again write your paper. I purchased a copy of the Kimball History, which is very interesting, but the statements about our grandparents are grievous errors. Mr. Cumming's statements are not convincing; it was absurd to inquire of strangers and write as facts

mere suppositions.

Kimball History, page 585 is wrong. H. C. Kimball martied Vilate Murray at Victor, Ontario Co., New York, Nov. 27, 1823. I have the record from grandma herself.) He (H.C.K.) resided with his parents until he married. His father was not a blacksmith; while that is an honorable occupation it is not correct. Solomon Farnham Kimball was a potter. The forge which B. F. Cummings saw, was for making swages, or molds, or models for shaping his work. He was not very poor; on the contrary he was considered quite well off as he had a good sale for his wares. When he first came to New York State (which I have always been told was in 1809) he endured some privations owing to the expense of moving and setting in a new home and to a scarcity of potash or some material that he used in coloring and glazing. Soon after coming to Bloomfield he built a new house in Mendon. He bought land in the two towns.

Heber C. Kimball used to go in the fall with the Murray, Ellis, Ford and other young men harvesting and apple picking. Many are the amusing yarns I've heard him tell of those times. Also when I went east I was introduced to all those men and they repeated to me many of those stories. They were nearly all members of the Buffalo Lodge of Masons. At nineteen his father said to him, "Heber, you must learn some of the details and to tran-act business." He sent him out with a load of his wares on the three weeks trip as far as Buffalo. When he



returned his father said. "Well, my son, what success?" Hereplied, "None, I passed the poor houses, thinking they were two poor to buy such nice wares, and when I came to the handsome homes I thought they will not want anything so common, so I've swung around the circle and sold nothing." "Well, Heber if you can do no better than that you must learn the trade and work." Charles, his elder brother, was co-partner in the business, selling and buying such commodities as belonged to their line of trade. So he continued to conduct the business and became, as they say, the boss, while grandpa worked under his supervision.

After his marriage he purchased a pretty home not far from his fathers. (My sister and I have been over the house.) It was quite large for those days, porch back and front, green blinds and old fashioned fire places, green lawn and flower beds. old well and delightful views from all sides. It was here that he took in B. Young and family when they were in extreme poverty. He carried on the pottery business and was most successful sending his wares to New York City and other large cities. He used to ship by canal and he kept four men to peddle in Western New York. He was considered a man of substantial prosperity, and I was told there, and by people living here who were their neighbors, that there was no happier couple in western New York. They were perfectly united and when invited out if one could not go the other declined to go. Both were known for their charity and they never had any serious misuaderstanding until polygamy broke up their home. They had differences but no misunderstanding.

Grandfather and brothers were church people and gifted in prayer, accustomed to speaking in church. The old home here was after the style of his father's home in Mendon, only on a

larger scale.

My grandparents were intimate with us until their death I was married a year or so before but corresponded with my grandmother until her death in 1867. I was married in 1865. Grandpa was in our house the day he was taken ill, told us all about the insult that caused the stroke of paralysis. He asked my sister to sing him grandma's favorite hymn, "Old Methodist hymn," and grandma the day she was taken with her last illness asked Belle to sing that same hymn. They were devoted to my father and came to him for help whenever in financial straits. and always for sympathy, and grandpa said to us, the heaviest sin on his soul was making such a wreck of my father's life as he had been obliged to do since joining the Mormons. Grandma never believed in polygamy and did not know grandpa was in it until he had fourteen wives, then she learned it by hearing a polygamous child call him papa. The wives have indorsed this. My aunt told me that she was married to Joseph Smith and he threatened her if she dare tell, and it was three years before her



parents knew it. And many of Joseph Smith's wives have told me the same thing. My grandparents were kind hearted people and were victims of the circumstances by which they were surrounded and from which they were unable to escape. Grandma told me she thought she would die when she knew her only daughter was in polygamy and if she had been dead the news would have been sweet compared to that.

I have been raised in a place where it is commanded but never saw one human being who ever said they were happy in

it, but have many lovely friends who are victims of it.

The time is coming when circumstances will broaden them so they will feel that it was all wrong. They say the Bible does not condemn it. Neither does it command it, but it surely forbids it in I Kings xi, and no man can do justice to so many children.

Very many Mormons say to me, "You were cursed because your mother and grandma did not believe in polygamy," but I don't think the Lord had anything to do with my marrying

Charles Tilton.

My father was eight years of age when his parents left York State. He well remembers the old homes and has visited all his relatives while all were living. He remembers his grandfather's pottery and his father's. We all know his grandfarents lived for a time at St. Albans. We also know Farnham was for his great grandma, whose home was Farnham on the borders of Vermont. Sol Kimball used to tell when little his name al-ways end ng with Farnham is for my great grandmother, but he seems to have forgotten it now. Grandpa always kept his books in perfect order, but while he was being buried they were destroyed by fire in front of his office door. We know who did it. Very sincerely.

HELEN V. KIMBALL TILTON.

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W. S. H. Kimball is assistant surgeon on the staff of Gov. Samuel H. Allen of Maine, at the Soldier's Home at Togus, and H. H. Kimball is commander of Company C.

· A Property

Caleb W. Kimball, a member of engine 2, is a paper hanger employed by J. L. Bowen, 36 Broadway. He came to the shop about 8 o'clock today, and took off his coat and vest and placed them in the back room. In his vest was a gold watch valued at 840. He then removed his shoes. He went on an errand leaving his window open, and when he came back he was surprised to find that a sneak thief had entered the store and carried off his watch and his 84,00 shoes.—8 omerville, Mass. Item. p. 10a7)



The "Union Worker" recommends readings from the leaflet by Lucia E. F. Kimball, former National Superintendent, who issued a leaflet on pledge work

2200

"Old Ipswich", a magazine of local Genealogy and History, says very kindly, that the Kimball News is worth much more than its price of 50 cents a year.



As will be seen elsewhere Mr. Sharples is again engaged on the Webster Family History. It will be remembered that Daniel Webster was a descendant of Richard Kimball.



Gen. A. W. Greely, the Arctic explorer, and now of the United States Signal Service, a descendant of Richard Kimbail, has gone to Europe on scientific duty for the government.



All who have items of interest appropriate for the Kimball Nrws will do well to send them in at once so they may be used before the close of this volume.

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Mr. Guy S. Rix of Concord, N. H., is compiling a history of the Eastman family of which he is a descendant. He has some matter of interest to the Kimball family which is not found in the History, and furnishes some of it for this issue. The Eastman field is one of interest, and further matter will doubless appear. We shall be obliged to Mr. Rix for anything more he may have in time for our remaining issues. (See April News.)



As the News in all probability will be discontinued with the December number, all those wishing to obtain the entire twenty-four numbers should order them at once. Price \$1.00. A large portion of the 1898 volume has been taken by an eastern firm, which will doubtless hold them at twice or three times the present cost after our edition is exhausted.



Miss Florence Kimball, proofreader on the State Journal of this city has written a little story that has been accepted by an eastern publication.



J. E. Kimball.

Mr. M. V. B. Perley of Portsmouth, N. H., sends the following letter from J. E. Kimball, a machinist of Milford, Mass., written twelve years ago for a family History that Mr. Perley was then compiling.

Milford, March, 1887. Dear Sir:- Replying to your favor I would say, I fear my brother's regard has led him to overestimate my claim to so honorable a place as to be specially mentioned in your coming. History. My military services were very modest, yet such as they were I can honestly affirm that they were given with a singleness and devotion of heart that found its full reward in my country's final restoration, emancipation and increased benificence. I went into the service in the first flush of that grand uprising when bounties or pensions or pecuniary rewards were unsought, and I shall consider it my great privilege to leave to my children that spirit of patriotic love and duty as unsullied as I received it from my patriotic ancestry. While my hands and brain have skill to earn my daily bread my children shall not be robbed of their just inheritance of patriotic traditions, duties and responsibilities by any appeal to or acceptance of pecuniary rewards from the government. I gave my services as a freeman and as a freeman I received my reward. This is the spirit that was born to me among the Essex hills and I am more proud

of retaining it than anything else.

I was born at Ioswich, June 12, 1839. Enlisted for the war April, 1861, and was mustered into service a soldier of B Co., 1st Regt. Mass. Infantry, Col. Cowdin commanding, May 23, 1861, and with the regiment reported at Washington, D. C., June 17. Was brigaded under C Jonel, afterwards Major General kichardson, killed at Antietam, and formed the advance of McDowell's "on to Richmond" army, shedding our first blood in the reconnoisance against the enemy near Bull Run creek, known as the battle of Blackburn's Ford. This event occured July 17, three days previous to the main engagement. At Bull Run we supported a battery on the left of the line but took no part in the stampede, remaining near Centreville until after midnight when we marched to Washington covering the main army's retreat. In the autumn of 1861 we were brigaded with Hooker's brigade and later division which won such distinction afterwards as "fighting Joe Hooker's division." With that I participated in the spring operations before Yorktown, the battle of Williamsburg, Seven Pines and Fair Oaks. Immediately before the seven day retreat I was stricken down with "chicahominy fever" but left my sick cot, joined my comrades and participated with them in all the battles of that toilsome and distressing retreat. At Harrison's Landing my fever returned but the effort to join my comrades on the expedition against Malvern Hills under Hooker, brought on a severe relapse and I was carried to



the hospital and from thence taken to Fortress Monroe when my fever raged for several weeks. Escaping from the hospital I again joined my comrades ne ar Alexandria and with them participated in the battle of Fredericksburg. Chancellorville and Gettysburg. In the latter march I was detained for three days in assistance upon my sick company commander, but at last leaving him in a situation of security I started to rejoin my command. In the meanttime my shoes gave out, and sixty miles of the distance I marched over the stony mountain roads and macadamized pike with swollen and bleeding feet, rejoining my regiment on time to participate in Gettysburg's famous battle.

I was recomended to Gov. Andrew for a commission on a recomendation signed by General Hooker at Harrison's Landing, and again recomended to the Secretary of War from Gettysburg. Joined in the pursuit of Lee's army as far as Warrington, Va , when the regiment was ordered to proceed to New York to quell the draft riots. At New York received commission as second lieutenant with order to report to Cen. E. A. Wild at Newberne. N. C., and was there enrolled in the 37th U. S. Col. Regt. The following spring joined the army of the James and participated in the various engagements of that army until it was merged in the army of the Potomac under the commander in chief. Grant, Was engaged in the various operations about Richmond and Petersburg until September when I commanded a company is the assaults against the enemy's works at Deep Bottom and New Market, which we gallantly carried. From this battle I was commissioned ist lieutenant in the 116th U. S. Col. Infantry. but delayed reporting for duty until after the fiasco against Fort Fisher whither I went as a volunteer commanding a company at the solicitation of my colonel. Returning I joined my new regiment and participated in the further operations around Petersburg. Was in the final assaults which sent Lee in disastrous retreat, and thence was breveted captain. Followed Lee and by forced marches intercepted his retreat at Appointation Court House and there witnessed the final triumph of our army. Later in the spring was transported to join Sheridan's "army of observation" of the Rio Grande and served with that army until the final overthrow of the Imperial Covernment of Mexico. Was mustered out of service in February, 1867. having served continuously for five years and ten months. Though bearing in my person the reminders of many struggles, it was my fortune never to have received any disabling wound. The last year of my service I was detached from the volunteer and assigned to duty with Maj. Gen. Mower's regiment of regulars.

I have exceeded the limits prescribed but I neg that you will excuse the liberty of pruning at your pleasure. With great interest in your undertaking and the hope of seeing so interesting a history complete.

I remain most since dy yours.

J. E. KIMBALL.



TO MY SCARLET GERANIUMS.

O beautiful clusters of searlet.

Against the wall of gray.

You lighten my heart of its burden Whenever I look your way.

So a smile on the lips that are dearest, And the light from a loving eye, Make sunshine in dreariest weather,

And lighten the grayest sky.

August 25, 1899.

IDA ELMINA KIMBALL. In N. Y. Tribune



In Boston Highland, Jan. 29, Josephine E., widow of Leroy N. Kimball, 52 yrs. 8 mos. 6 ds. (p. 559.)

At Jamaica Plain, Oct. 24, 1898, widow of C. H. P. Plympton, and eldest daughter of the late Daniel Kimball of Boston. (p. 458)

In Charlestown, Jan. 6, 1896, Olney M. Kimball, 64 yrs. 9 mos. (p. 1110 No. 6)

On Thursday, June 8, 1899, Helen Summons Kimball, daughter of the late Ambrose B. and Eliza J. Simmons, and wife of Benjamin Kimball. The services were conducted by the Rev. Edward Everett Hale, assisted by the Rev. C. F. Dole. Mrs. Kimball was an active member of the Unitarian Church, and also the Jamaica Plain Tuesday Chib, and was a universal favorite. The house was thronged. The interment was at Mt. Auburn cemetery. 19, 1033.

Kimball. Colwell & Co., of Providence, R. I. put up the old fashioned lard tried out in open kettles which is said to be far better than that tried out in tanks which is a less expensive method.

Mrs. Augusta Kimball Lubbe, notice of whose marriage. June 1, was made on page 228 of the Nuws, has settled down in her new home at the Aldine in Peoria where she is enjoying her new life. She found living at the Aldine distant cousins in the family of George Warren Curtiss, wife and daughter Maud. Mr. Curtis is a Peoria banker and his mother was Mary Kimball who married James Curtiss, an Illinois lawyer and editor. (See pp. 665 and 959, Fam. Hist.



Suppemental Notes to Family History.

(BY S P. SHARPLES.)

Page 213—Mary m. Seth Wheeler should be Mary m. Jan. 17, 1794, John Mansur. They lived in Andover, Vt., where he died Dec. 24, 1851.

Page 185—The children of Michael Emerson should be corrected as follows: Polly b. May 16, 1773 should be Dorothy: Betty should be born 1770 and not 1774; and to the list should be added Polly b. May 22, 1771, and William b. May 18, 1774. d. Mar. 31, 1776.

The History of Francistown says that Hannah Kimball daughter of Michael and Betsey Kimball of Pembroke m. Feb. 27, 1759. Peter Farnham. Michael Kimball in his will in 1802 calls her Hannah Emerson. The date of Hannah's birth should be 0ct. 17, not oct. 7.

Page 707—Asa was a storekeeper at Livermore Falls for many years.

Page 707-1454 should be Asai Ammiruhamahi Samueli Samueli etc.

Page 719-Richard should be Reuben.

Page 989-Maxwell should be Manwell. Edwin carried on a flour milt at Forest City for several years but kept no store there. Edna C. was the adopted daughter of Edwin not of Dr. Chapman. 2278 was born in Wayne, Me., not in Jay.

Page 67-Top line read 1698 not 1798.

Page 114-Erase date of death of Samuel, 131.

Page 223—The ancestors of 357 and 358 should be John³ Thomas⁴ Samuel³ Richard².

Page 227—Ebenezer Allan should be Alden. Their son Edmund R. Alden was an eminent Congregational minister.

Page 394-Asa died at Livermore Falls not at Mansfield.

MARTIN VAN BUREN KIMBALL:

Martin Van Buren Kimball, b. Hill, N. H., April 7, 1835, d. Charlestown, Mass., Jan. 10, 1894, son of Richard and Betsey (Coverly) Kimball of Franklin, N. H.; m. May 15, 1856, Elizabeth M. Chipman, b. ---; d. Jan. 8, 1894. (Not in History.) Capt. Kimball was commanding officer of Engine Co. 32, Charlestown firemen. He had been an efficient member of the fire department for many years, and was foreman of No. 6 twenty years before his death, and was transferred to 32 when new quarters were built on Banker Hill street. The impressive funeral spoke much for the regard in which he was held by the community, and by the several orders to which he belonged, it being one of the most notable in the history of the city. The circumstances surrounding his death were peculiarly distressing Early in December their son Henry was stricken down with pneumonia, and received the most devoted care of his mother, until she, too, was prostrated by the same disease. She in turn was tenderly cared for by Capt. Kimball until he also was brought down with the same malady. Mrs. Kimball d. Jan, s. as above stated, and he died two days later as they were returning from her funeral.



Both services were held by the Rev. E. M. Taylor of Trinity M. E. Church and the interment was made at Woburn.

CHILDREN.

- i William, b. Oct. 5, 1857; d. Oct. 25, 1857.
- ii Henry W. b. Nov. 30, 1858; m. July 22, 1887, Ella F. Miller. He is a member of the Boston Protective Department. Child: Eaith Henrietta b. Auz. 19, 1890.
- iii Edward Rich b. Feb. 28, 1860; d. Aug. 10, 1861.
- iv Carrie, b. Nov. 16, 1966; d. July 17, 1867.
- v Arvilla F., b. Nov. 19, 1868; d. Jan. 6, 1870,
- vi Albert, b. Dec. 25, 1870; d. Apr. 15, 1871.
- vii Neltie L., b. Jan. 26, 1876; d. June 2, 1876.

(B) THE EDITOR.)

Page 190—Some corrections are made in appendix to History p. 1150. Amos Kimball (No. 286) died at Kimball's Landing, Haverhill, N. H., Sept. 20, 1820. His son Everett, b. July 20, 1750. died March 20, 1820, in Bath, N. H., just six months before his father's death in Haverhill. He married Susanna mot Nancy Sanborn who died, Rochester, Michigan, July, 1841. They had two children, Everett and John E. who with their mother Susanna moved to Michigan in 1836. Everett Kimball died May 6, 1872, and his wife Mehitable. (Moulton) May 21, 1887, at Port Huron.

The younger brother, John E. Kimball was the father of nine children, four of whom are living. Mrs. E. M. Cady of Port Huron, Much., and three brothers. It is her daughter, Ella Everett Kimball, who furnishes the above additional information. (See p. 320 Kimball NEWS.)

(BY CHAS. F. HASELTINE OF PHILADELPHIA.)

In Kimball News, October, 1898, p. 163, it is said Deacon Richard Eastman was an early settler of Fryeburg. Me. He married 1st. Molly Lovejoy and had by her five sons and six daughters. By his second wife Sarah Abbott he had three sons.

Page 164 says in 1769 Richard Eastman Jr., with his wife Abiah Holt occupied the house in Conway, N. H., and in it was probably b, the hest white child in Conway.

Deacon Richard died in Lovell. Me . Dec. 29, 1807, aet 95.

In History of Pembroke says Deacon Richard was born in Andorer about 1742; m. Abiah, daughter of Renj. and Sarah (Frye) Holt, and mored to North Conway about 1755; m. 2nd Sarah (Abbott) Abbott widow Job Abbott one of the founders of the Congregational Church of Conway, October 28, 1778. Children born in Pembroke: Richard, Hannah, Polly, Patty, Phebe and three others.

(BY GUY S. RIX. CONCORD, N. H.)

Page 77—No. 62, ix Eunice (kimball) John John John Richard), bora May 11, 1730; married Dec. 23, 1772. Thomas Rix. of Stonington. Conn., bora Dec. 13, 1725, in Preston, Conn.



CHILDREN.

i Esther Rix" b. Oct. 6, 1762; d. Sept. 4, 1840; m. Crandall.

ii Patience Rix⁶ b. Aug. 7, 1767; m. Edward Robinson, went to Cayuga, N. Y.

iii Louis Rix6 b. Sept. 25, 1769; umarried.

iv Sabra Rix⁶ b. Oct. 21, 1771; d. Jan. 24, 1855; unmarried.

v Thomas Tracy Rix⁶ b. Jan. 14, 1774; m. Dec. 30, 1803. Polly -Jennings.

vi Ethan Allen Rix6 b. Jan. 10. 1776; m. had no children.

vii Stephen Rix b. June 4, 1778; d. Aug. 29, 1793.

viii Betsey Rix6 b Nov. 7, 1780; m. - Rositer and went to Ohio.

ix Rube Rix6 b. Jan. 29, 1783; d. Aug. 21, 1790.



Dr. Laurence G. Kemble.

Dr. Laurence G. Kemble, son of Edward Kemble of Salem, died in a sanitarium, in Bristol, Rhode Island, August 7, from apoplexy.

Dr. Kemble had been in poor health for some months, and went to Cuba after the war in the hope of improvement but

found none.

He was born in Beverly. June 10, 1861, and was educated in the Salem public schools and the Harvard medical school. He began to practice in Salem about 1885, and had been there ever since. He was a nephew of the late Dr. Arthur Kemble, a famous physician.

The doctor married a daughter of William H. Wilder of New York several years ago. He had a large practice in Salem and was a skilled physician and a very popular young man.

The funeral took place from the family residence on Summer street. Salem. There was a very large attendance of relatives and friends, including many members of the medical profession. The display of flowers was profuse and beautiful Services were conducted by the Rev. J. P. Franks of Grace Church, and the burial was in Beverly. [See Edmund Kimball No. 798, Fam. Hist. p. 420, his grandfather Also Fam. News p. 239 for sketch of his uncle, Dr. Arthur, above mentioned, a very interesting page. Fam. Hist. pp. 740-741.]

1225

A dispatch from Kenosha, Wis., Aug. 17, to the Chicago Record says:

J. H. Kimball, an elderly and wealthy citizen, was pushed from his yacht into the water at 9 o'clock last night by some unknown assailant and narrowly escaped drowning. No reason for the attempted murder can be assigned. p. 838.



In Alaska.

Fred Greer not Greene. Kimball of Manhattan, Kansas, (Fam. Hist. p. 940) who has been long in the postal service, is now in Alaska. He happened to be in San Francisco, at the late Kimball reunion, while on his way north. He writes the following letter to Sarah Louise Kimball: (See last issue of News.)

St. Michaels, Alaska. July 26, 1809.

My Dear Miss Kimballi-

Will now try and comply with your request to tell you something of my experience in Alaska to date. We left San Francisco at 4 p. m. June 9, and our first landing was at Onnalaska where we stopped nearly two days taking on 140 tons of coal and other supplies. We had a very pleasant trip but it got somewhat monotonous owing to the length as we did not reach St. Michaels until June 27. We enjoyed our stay at Onnalaska very much. We took on a small boot load of firesh ood and halibut there and we enjoyed these also. When we first got into Behring Sea on leaving Onnalaska we saw a great many whales. We counted fifteen spouting at once. Strange to relate I was not sea sick in the least and was about the only "land-lubber" on board who was not. We had no very rough weather, the worst being just after we got out of Golden Gate. We had only 115 people on board all told so were not crowded.

St. Michaels is an island of the same name and consists of St. Michaels proper in which practically everything belongs to the Alaska Commercial Co., and Healy about three-fourths of a mile away in which everything belongs to the North American and Transportation Co. As all the land for 100 miles around is a Government Military Reservation no individual can acquire title to the land and the two large commercial companies have a practical monopoly of business. The water is so shallow that ocean vessels cannot come to the dock but have to anchor off about a mile and lighter their cargoes ashore. Since I have been here I think there have not been less than ten ocean vessels at anchor all the time. The ocean vessels transfer their cages

to river steamers here which take it up the river.

I am very pleasantly beated in the A. C. Co's, private boarding house for their clerks and onice men. I have a well furnished room all to myself and good board. There is a laundry and tub bath also a Russian steam bath in connection with the house. When I first reached here I was bothered to tell when to go to bed. I sat up reading and writing in my room until 12 o'clock p. m. on several occasions without artificial light and if it got dark I could never find out when it happened. The nights are getting longer now but that doesn't make any difference with me as I can sleep like a bog from eight to ten hours every da.



dark or no dark. The beach for a mile and a half is covered with all manner of craft, from a small row-boat to good sized river stemeers. These represent the shattered hopes of hundreds of gold seekers who went up the Yukon river last year and year before expecting to come back laden with gold. Now many of them are glad to sell out for enough to pay their passage home and many can't even get that much. The clerk who had charge of the mail coming from San Francisco has been to Dawson and back here and is waiting for the next steamer to go back to San

Francisco.

I presume you have been reading about the new gold discoveries at Cape Nome as I understand the transportation companies are sending glowing accounts of great quantities of gold being taken out in this district. As the latest paper we have here is the San Francisco Bulletin of July 2, I have not yet seen their account but I have been to the Nome district and seen the best paying claims and while they are taking out gold in paying quantities there is as yet nothing to warrant the statement that it is another Klondyke. On one claim they had taken out \$2,000 for eight hours work with twenty men. On another they took out \$7,000 one day and \$8,000 another, working about thirty men. These were the best clean ups of which I have any knowledge. As yet the most of the claims are practically undeveloped. Anvil City is the metropolis of the district and has over 500 tents and buildings. It is a fact that right in the streets of Anvil which is built on the ocean beach they pan out from 10 cents to \$1.00 per pan of gold from the top of the ground, but when they go down find none. I have read of the city with streets paved with gold but Anvil City is as near it as anything I ever saw. As I presume you are tired of trying to read my hieroglyphics ere this I will close with kindest regards to yourself and the rest of the family.

Very sincerely, FRED G. KIMBALL.



Mrs. Carl W. Kimball and her son Richard of Willsboro, N.Y., who have been visiting little Richard's grandfather's family, that of P. M. Kimball, of Topeka, were unexpectedly called home. They went by way of Virginia where Carl Willis was investigating the apple fields of that state. It is a part of his work to travel over the country contracting for apples for the great fruit house of Austin Kimball Company of New York. His father. Capt. Fred. [No. 1865] has an idea that there has never been another Richard since the days of the first immigrant quite up to this grandson of his. Miss Mande gave a reception in honor of her sister-in-law, which was also in part a Kimball reunion in a small way.



To Be Discontinued.

The Family News will be discontinued at the end of the year,—after three more issues—at least as a monthly. If there seems to be a sufficient demand it may possibly be continued as a quarterly at twenty-five cents a year. For two years it has been carried as a burden, a very pleasant one it is true, but one that would have been more weighty still but for the kindly help of a few generous members of the family. Responses in the way of supplying interesting information have not been so liberal as they might have been, and while much of such matter may be "dug up" by an enterprising editor, it requires time and money to do it.



Little Entity Kimball is the three year old grand-daughter of the recently elected temperance Mayor of Kirkwood, Mo., Thomas Dudley Kimball, and her young friends gave her a neat lawn party on the day she reached that society age. There were candles of wax, German caps and boxes of goodies and little souvenirs that will be cherished in years to come. [Fam. Hist. p. 718; News p. 308.]



The Kimball School of Music has been organized at Waterbury, Coun., with Mrs. William Ellsworth Kimball as Musical Director and her husband as manager, with a faculty of twelve able specialists. Mrs. Kimball was formerly Miss Mabel Gage Edinger, who at the age of fifteen was an assistant teacher at the Northwestern Conservatory of Music at Evanston, Ill. She is an accomplished musical artist, and enthusiastic worker. In connection with the Kimball Conservatory of Music there is a kindergarten department to which Mrs. Kimball gives her personal attention, and where children are taught the rudiments of music. The feature will no doubt prove to be a popular one and the school bids fair to be a notable success.



We have in hand a quantity of material, largely newspaper articles relating to Moses Kimball. No. 1368, sent us some months ago by his daughter, Miss Helen F. Kimball of Brookline, Mass., which we shall try to use before closing the pages of the Næws. Page 56 of the March number [1898] was devoted to Moses Kimball, of whom the History makes slight mention on page 662, but full justice has never yet been done to his memory. He was one of the most noted members of the family.



South Boston Notes.

S. Boston, Aug. 25, 1899.

Mr. G. F. KIMBALL.

Dear Sir: -- I was very glad to receive the double News just as I was about writing to inquire for the July number. I enclose a few items mostly from the Boston Herald. I intended to do so long ago but hope they may be useful, even if not all up to date. On looking over some of the back numbers of the News, I see it stated that there is no adequate account of Moses (No. 1368 . I will enclose what I cut from the Herald and Journal at the time of his death. Perhaps you may glean some facts for a future number when copy is scarce. If you have no use for them please return to me when convenient. You may have heard that the Museum building mentioned in some of the notes was very badly damaged by fire a few months ago. It is just reopened after repair. The painting spoken of was preserved and rehung. It is still owned by his heirs. See NEWS p, 251. Ed. May I give my theory of the old Bible in Easton? The widow of Samuel K. 131 married John Gott. The date of said marriage is obviously incorrect, but as she was the great great grandmother of George Kimball I think it probable her husband John Gott was the original owner of the Bible. [News p. 328.7

My daughter is spending the summer vacation at Hancock, N. H. She has copied from the History of that place additional facts regarding the descendants of Daniel 198. Both male and female lines are brought down to date. At some future time if you so desire I will have what is not in the history recopied and send it to you. Having been a teacher myself I have been interested in looking through the History and the News to see how many of the Kimballs and descendants of other names with their husbands and we we also have been similarly engaged. In the daily papers I always look for the name. I send a list compiled during the summer onecessarily incomplete as many names are not in the papers I have of teachers recently elected, also of those who have graduated this season from some of the higher institutions of learning. I will first give the names of those

who have been employed in the Boston Schools.

Boston teachers at present: Augusta C.Kimball, No. 2041-i, Girl's High: 57 Moreland St. Roxbury. Charles F. Kimball, 2284-), Submaster: Walnut Hill, Dedham. Edwin F., (p. 1122. No. 80 Submaster: 1103 Adams Street, Dorchester. Florence B., West Roxbury High: 1 Robin Hood St. Dorchester. M. Alice, Grammar: 20 Brook's Ave., Newtonville. Alice E. Dacy, Grammar. Elected this season: Lynn: Marion F., Mary H., Caro-



ine F. Malden; Mabel M. Winchester; Lucretia B. (2556, iii, or 2557, i).

Frank W. Kimball of this place has resumed his duties as principal of the Hardwick high school, and director of music in the public schools of the town. (2284, vi) Dedham, Sept. 9.

Graduates: Smith College; Alice Kimball, Providence, R.I. Bridgewater Normal; Helena M. P., Hingham, Mass. Bertha W., Hingham, Centre, 2524, ii) Hingham High School; Albert M. Phillipp's Andover Academy; Chas. N., class prophet, Wellsboro, Pa. p. 794, No. 1716-i. See portrait opp. p. 796.) Boston Girl's High; C. Mabel, 2103-i. Harvard University; Hentry H., 2150-iii, B. A. Lemuel C., 2150-ii, B. A. out of course 98. Amherst College; Everett, M. A. 196, 2551-ii, Worcester, Mass. Mrs. S. A. Dacy.

Who Are They?

Among the coming weeks events is the wedding reception to be given Wednesday evening by Mr. and Mrs. F. Lincoln Childs 'Nathalie Kimball' at their home on South Street. Rosindale.—June. '99.

The wedding of Miss Helen Kimball and Mr. Robert L. Lee of Commonwealth avenue. Boston, took place last evening at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. George F. Kimball of Quincy Street, Cambridge. It was a very quite affair, only the relatives of both families being present. Mr. and Mrs. Lee will leave at once for Honolulu, where Mr. Lee has business interests.

Died at Charlestown, June 27, 1899, Ethel B., wife of Edward L. Kimball. Funeral services at her late residence, 75 High street, Wednesday evening at 8 p. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend without further notice. Burial at Rutland, Vt., Thursday, June 29.

Miss Jennie H. Kimball and James G. Eaton were married last evening at the residence of the Rev. Timothy Brosnahan. pastor of St. Mary's Catholic Society. A reception followed at the home of the bride's parents on Charles street. Mr. and Mrs. Eaton will reside at South Framingham.—Feb. 2, 1899.



Mr. and Mrs. Phineas Kimball of Nauvoo, Ill., have spent the summer season at their eastern home, in West Fairlee. Vt. Hist. p. 1092.



History of the Webster Family.

Prof. Sharples sends out a circular of which the following is the substance:

Some years ago I commenced to study the records of the Webster Family in Northern New England. I had practically completed this study down to the time of the Revolution, when I was applied to by the late William A. Webster for information on the subject. After examining my manuscript he asked permission to copy it and complete and publish the work. This contemplated work was brought to an end by his death on January 2, 1899. By an agreement with his widow I am again in charge of the work. It is my intention to complete the work which is already far advanced. It will probably be possible to publish it at the end of about two years and it will form a book of about five hundred pages. My object in writing to you at the present time is twofold. First to ask you for any information that you may possess in regard to the Webster Family that you have not already sent to Mr. Webster or myself. And secondly to ask for your subscription to the work. The price of the work will be five dollars; and the publication will be assured if 300 subscribers are guaranteed. Address.

S. P. SHARPLES, 13 Broad Street, Boston, Mass.

Alpheus P. Kimball of Fitchburg.

Mr. Alpheus Porter Kimball of Fitchburg died Sunday, Aug. 13, 1899. He was born in Fitchburg, Oct. 1, 1819. After he attained his majority he engaged in the manufacture of scythes, a business his father conducted for some years. Later he was in the jewelry business. He was elected an assessor in 1854, and served on the board of selectmen in 1855. He was elected constable in 1851, an office he filled for several years. In 1854 he was appointed deputy sheriff and served until 1869. He was the first master of the South Fitchburg House of Correction, assuming the duties in 1859, and he served in that capacity until 1869. He was chief of police under Mayor Miles in 1875, and was appointed a member of the State police by Governor Long, a position he held for three years. As far back as 1851 he was a member of the fire department, and was chief engineer from 1856 to 1861, and in 1870, 1871 and 1872. He married Miss Susan P. Dav. May 25, 1854, who survives him, together with three sons, Arthur H., superintendent of the electric department of the Fitchburg Gas and Electric Light Company: Richard E. of Chicago, and Herman P. of Fitchburg. He also leaves two brothers, Gen. John W. Kimball, the present state auditor, and William Kimball of Fitchburg. [Fam. Hist. p. 840, and Ebenezer Bailey's paper on Ephraim Kimball p. 305 Fam. News.]



Vol. II, No. 16.

Topeka, Kansas, October, 1899.

Entered for Transmission as Second Class Matter

Published monthly by G. F. KIMBALL.

Moses Kimball of Boston,

A very brief notice of Moses Kimball of Boston is given in the Family History on page 662, and a page of the News (56 March, 1898) is also devoted to his memory. Herewith we give a more comprehensive sketch of his life and work, compiled from papers of the day. The Boston Journal of Feb. 22, 1895, says:

Mr. Moses Kimball, well known as the founder of the Boston Museum, and as a former active business man, died at his home in Brookline vesterday after a long i luess. Moses Kimball was prominent in many phases of Boston life, though in recent years he has lived very quietly on account of his age. He served in the Council and Board of Alderman, in both branches of the State Legislature, and was three times a candidate for Mayor of the city. His name is also very intimately connected with the Boston Museum, which he owned and controlled during many of its earliest years.

He was born in Newburyport. Oct. 24, 1809. His early education was received at the public schools of Rockport. After leaving school he passed a year in his father's store, and then removed to Boston, whither he was sent to "learn 'o be a merchant." In due course of time, he was promoted to a seat at the desk, at the age of 1s. Before twenty, however, be had started in life as a dry goods dealer on his own account. Not making a very rapid advance to fortune, he established a gentlemen's furnishing store, and flourished in this new line.

In 1832 he purchased the New England Galaxy, a weekly sheet, established by Joseph J. Buckingham. Under Mr. Kimball's charge, the Galaxy was a fearless and brilliant sheet, well arranged and well conducted. William J. Snelling was engaged as assistant editor, and he commenced a furious onslaught on the gamblers and gambling establishments of the city and its environs, which made a great stir at the time and insured a prodigous sale for the paper. Mr. Kimball, at the expiration of a few months' experiment, sold out at a sacrifice of several thousand dollars.

He started an association with the title of the "New England Print Company," the object of which was to publish cheap though handsome engravings of popular national pictures such as the "Declaration of Independence," by Trumbull, of which 100,000 copies were sold,

Shortly before this time Ethan A. Greenwood had retired from the Boston Museum, and soon after its cariosities were offered for sale. Mr. Kimball overbid everybody else and became the possessor of them.



In 1840 Mr. Kimball made a selection of the minor portions of the curiosities, and on the 4th of July of the same year he opened the Lowell Museum, occupying the two lower floors of Wyman's Exchange. The first regular dramatic entertainment was commenced in the second year of the stage management of Mr. G. C. German. The Museum was afterward removed to the building opposite. known as the Freewill Baptist Church-In 1865 the building took fire, and all the curiosities were destroyed, including the Musical Androides, the elephant Columbus (a great many people had seen that elephant) and a valuable set of Scriptural paintings some 20 in number, said to have been painted by a monk in Europe.

In 1842 Mr. Kimball opened the New Boston Museum at the corner of Tremont and Bromfield Streets, his curiosities consisting of the better portion of the old New Eugland Museum, including the statue of Venus de Medicis and the great picture of "Washington Crossing the Delaware." Other curiosities were selected from the Portland Museum and Peal's Museum of Philadelphia. The history of its subsequent success need not be written here.

After Mr. Kimball had opened his new Museum, his many cares were too much for him, and he signified a desire to dispose of his Lowell property and his Superintendent, Mr. N. F. Gates, became the purchaser.

One of his greatest triumphs was the production of "The Drunkard." a piece written expressly for the Museum, to show the evils of intemperance. The house was literally overflowed week after week, and it seemed as if the public would never tire of witnessing and applauding it. Mr. Kimball next tried scenic spectacles, having secured the pencil of one of the first artists in the country. Mr. Charles Lehr. The Bohemian Girl" and "Cinderella" were among his many triumphs in that line. From time to time he made additions to his company, until finally, before removing to the new establishment, he had secured an admirable troupe.

Mr. Kimball took an active part in politics and was the republican candidate for Mayor in 1858, 1866 and 1868. In 1849-50 he represented Ward 10 in the Common Council, and in 1851 he was an Alderman. He was chosen a Representative in 1850, and was in the Senate of 1854. He was one of the Committee on the Annexation of Roxbury and reported in favor of the bill. He was a member of the Board of Directors of the Public Institutions of Boston and resigned the Presidency of the board when he went to Europe in 1867. He also served on the Board of State Charities and on several other public Directorships,

When he was a candidate for Mayor, in 1868, the Democratic opposition took the peculiar stand that Mr. Kimball, while in the Board of Alderman voted to exclude Daniel Webster from Faneuil fiall. The Record shows that he refused to vote on the motion.

Mr. Kimball was a Director of the Boston and Albany Railroad from 1864 to 1875. In a certain case of litigation brought to the courts in 1876. he testified that he did not own any stock, but he held 100 shares belonging to his wife.

The Emancipation statue in Park Square was the gift of Mr. Kimhall to the city of Boston.



MOSES KIMBALL'S WILL.

The will of Moses Kimbuli was executed May 12, 1593. The executors were the testator's nephew, Daniel P. Kimbull, and his son-in-law. Charles A. Cummings, both of Boston.

The will contained the following public bequests: New England Hospital for Women and Children of Boston, \$5.000 for the founding of a free bed "as a memorial of my late dear-mother, to be known as the Nancy Kimball free bed": \$10,000 to the same hospital for general purposes, and \$1000 toward the support of the medical dispensary connected with the same.

The rest, residue and remainder of the estate, after several bequests to relatives, was created a trust fund, and from the principal of the same, the testator's wife then being deceased. The following societies each received \$5000; New England Hospital for Women and Children. Home for Aged Men in Boston, Home for Aged Women in Boston, Boston bispensary, Massachuserts Charitable Eve and Ear Indirmary of Boston, the Gwynne Temporary Home for Children, the New England Historical Genealogical Society, the Museum of Fine Arts in Boston, the Massachuserts Institute of Technology and the Boston Young Men's Union.

The will also provided that the sum of \$10,000 be divided among other charitable societies or associations, other than those of secturian character, that the trustees might select to be divided in such proportions as they deem best, but in no case more than \$2,000 to go to any one society.

(From Boston Rerald.)

Moses Kimball was a forceful man, with a taste for public life, and one who rendered public service in several directions. He was an efficient alderman, and exceedingly valuable to the city as a director of its public institutions, and his membership of the Legislature was one of the most remarkable in the state's history. His was the leading financial mind at the State licuse through many sessions of this latter body, and he was always a faithful guardian of the state's treasury. Though a decided politician, he directed his attention to practical subjects rather than to politic through his legislative career. We remember no man of his financial means and business engagements who has given so much attention to state affairs He had talents which qualified him well for a seat in Congress. but his ambition was not turned in that direction. Mr. Kimball desired to be mayor of Boston, and he had the capacity to be a very able mayor. His individuality and his independence stood in the way of his success here He had the conrage to say that after Wendell Phillips, speaking against slavery, had been denied admission to Fane all Hall. Daniel Webster, who he thought was among its apologists, should not have the same privileges by his vote. This probably prevented his election as mayor after he had been nominated to that office. The offence to Webster was not forgiven

Mr. Kimball was an able and sagueious business man. He was more than any one else responsible for the revival of the drama in Boston after it had reached its lowest ebb. He was not especially interested in it as a public amusement or a public educator, but he applied business principles



to its management, and in thus doing strengthened the theatre greatly in the favor of the public and made much money for himself. The prosperity of the Museum never suffered a particle of abatement while he gave its affairs his personal attention, and by his stimulating the public taste for plays he prepared the way for the successes of others. The retired from more active life several years since.

(Transcript.)

(THE DRAMATIC REVIVAL ERA.)

A contemporary, in discussing the late Moses Kimball's connection with the dramatic stage, refers to the good work done by him in promo;ing purity in the theatre. Mr. Kimball was a sagacious business man. He had the good sense to appreciate that there was an innate taste for dramatic representation in the public mind, and to take cognizance of the difficulties in the way of its being gratified. These latter had created a strong prejudice against theatres, and had put them under the ban not only of religion, but to a great degree of morality. When Mr. Kimball began the representation of plays at the Museum, there was but one theatre in Boston. It had not only two bar-rooms within its walls, but it had in one of these a place of recognized resort for the vilest women of the city. This was the condition of the of the theatres generally of the country, if not of all of them, and it has done much to make the name of the theatre odious. It was a matter of joking that Mr. Kimball called his theatre building a museum, which it was in point of fact, and his theatre auditorium a lecture ball, which it was not; but this was necessary in or der to quiet the consciences of those whom he was to attract to see acting. He carefully sought moral plays, and the play of "The Drunkard," which was one of his earliest productions, was one of the most impressive of moral lessons. Mr. Kimball was really the pioneer in proving to the publie that the theatre could be conducted without the objectionable adjuncts that had discredited it. He showed his own shrewdness, too, in foreseeing that it could be made more profitable in this way thau in the other. He was completely successful in demonstrating this to the public. The era of dramatic revival in Boston at least dates from that point of time, and success here, doubtless, had important influence in other quarters.

(From the New York Sun.)

Our esteemed contemporary. The Boston Herald, has an interesting article on the late Moses Kimball, and yet it fails to describe one of his most conspicious characteristics, namely, his love of humor and his genius for a joke.

In 1532 the railroad from Chicago to Rock Island was opened with a great deal of display and ceremony. President Fillmore attended, with some members of his cabinet, and parties of guests went out from New York, Boston, Albany and other places in the Eist. Gov. Marcy, Mr. Rancroft, Mr. Flage, and, we believe also, John Van Baren, were among them. At Rock Island two large steamboats took those who w-re willing to go as far north to St. Paul and Minneapolis, where they were enter-



tained in hospitable style. In soing up the given the boats sopped at every town of any imports nee, and the people never failed to call on the president for a speech. The speech was substantially the same at all places, and Mr. Kimball knew it by heart in no time; and when the President was slow in coming forward Kimball would stand on the low of his boat and deliver the speech which Mr. Fillmore would repeat from the other beat within ten minutes afterward. This was one of the most amusing and successful entertainments ever witnessed, and if Kimball had then got himself nominated for any office he would have had the vote of most of those on the boats, as well as of the crowds on the levees.

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The News editor recently spent a few days in Wichita as delegate to the Episcopal Diocesan convention of Kausas. While there he called upon Ellwood Davis Kimball, the vice president of our Missouri Valley Association, who took it upon himself to show off the attractions of this beautiful and enterprising city. Among other things was a visit to Fairmount College, now a struggling institution that may someday become the Harvard. the Yale, or the Princeton of the west. Its location is delightful and it has an able corps of instructors, with already a large and varied library. Cousin Ellwood, who is himself a Dartmouth man takes a deep interest in this institution. He is also a highup Mason, a member of the Consistory, and as Wichita has one of the most notable, if not grandest Masonic temple in the west. he was proud to show its remarkable beauties. Ellwood's voungest brother. Richard-Spaulding, is now living in a neighboring town where he is station agent, and was not seen. A short but pleasant call was made upon coasin Alice Kimball Mortimore. She is a daughter of Moody Spofford Kimball. Number 2133 on page 658 is given to him when it belongs to his brother, and is so given on page 945. Moody-Sponord is not recorded as head of a family an oversight which cousins Ellwood and Alice have promised to make right. It may be noticed that several members of this family are prominent in railroad circles. among them Abel, : 945 and his son William H., and also George C. (No. 2134. Mr. Mortimore is also engaged in railroad work.

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A Brooklyn, N.Y., paper announces that "Mr, and Mrs, R.J. Kimball and family, of No. 436 Clinton avenue, are back in town for the winter, having closed their summer house in Randolph, Vt." A portrait of Col. Robert J. Kimball is given on page 780 of the Family History, and in the list of illustrations on page v, it gives his country residence in Randolph, as shown opposite page 782. It is there given in many copies, and it is also omitted from many copies. Col. Kimball and his son are bankers with onice in Broad street, New York, City.



Joseph E. Kimball.

The reader will not readily place Joseph E. Kimball, the inventor from any mention made of him in the Family History. In our last issue we gave a letter from him referring mostly to his military experience. In this number may be found another letter relating to his business life with an introductory note by Mr. M. V. B. Perley to whom it was addressed, and which is self explanatory. Joseph E. Kimball was a son of John Kimball of Ipswich, a man of unusual mental qualities which he transmitted to his children. See p. 482) Joseph was a younger brother of the Rev. John C. Kimball, the noted Unitarian minister of Hartford, Conn., whose sketch of an interview with the late Robert J. Ingersoll is also given in this issue of the News. A further record of the children of John Kimball including Joseph No. 1739, may be found on page 802 of the history. Herein may be seen the value of the NEWS as supplementary to the Family History, especially when those having interesting material relating to the family take the pains to bring it forth. The History mentions the fact that George H., Joseph's youngest brother was a machinist, but does not mention that Joseph ever invented or made anything.

Correction.

Concord, N. H., Oct. 2, 1899. In the Kimball News, Sept., 1899, page 39, Mr. Chas. F. Haseltine of Philadelphia, quotes from the history of Pembroke, New Hampshire. The history in that particular is entirely wrong. Deacon Richard Eastman was married in Andover. Mass., by the Rev. Mr. Philips, Nov. 15, 1737, to Molly Lovejov, born Dec. 17, 1718, daughter of Henry and Sarah (Farnum Lovejoy. He removed to Pembroke, N. H., and settled on a tract of land which his father willed him. He had fourteen of his seventeen children born there, and among them was Richard, born Apr. 20, 1747, and who married 1st. Abiah Holt, and she died in North Conway, N.H., Mar. 1, 1790. He married 2d, Aug. 27, 1791, widow Susannah Durgin, nee Runnels. Deacon Richard married 2nd, June 14, 1764, widow Sarah Abbott, widow of Job and daughter of James Abbott, of West Parish, Concord, N. H., born Aug-13, 1730. Jonathan, the son of Richard was the first male child born in Conway. The history of Pembroke has the children of both of these Richards all mixed up. Another point; it is altogether unlikely that Job Abbott, the first husband of Sarah Abbott was one of the founders of the church of Conway, because he died before Conway was settled.

Yours truly, GUY S. RIX.



Special Notice.

All those having Kimball or other material for insertion in the Knews should send it at once, as we desire to issue the November number as early as possible. The December number will be largely, perhaps entirely taken up with corrections and index. The preparation of the latter will be laborious and tedious, and it is uncertain when it will be completed.

The News dies hard. As imperfect as it has been many distlike to see it come to an end. Some urge an increase in price. We shall consider the idea of a quarterly at 50 cents a year. It will rest with the number of subscriptions guaranteed. Those who wish it continued on these terms will so inform us, giving amount of promised subscriptions. The publication of the News has largely been a work of love. But while love is a gratifying stimulant, it lacks in nutriment.



Thomas L. Kimball Dead.

Thomas Lord Kimball died at his home in Omaha, October 9, 1899. He was born in Buxton, Maine, Oct. 1, 1831. He married Mary Porter Rogers of Concord, N. H., April 12, 1855. For many years he was the efficient general manager of the Union Pacific Railroad, and one of the best known railroad men in the United States. It was a quarter of a century ago when the first trans-continental railroad of the world was one of the wonders of the age. For some years he has been retired from active life.

He had four children, the eldest of whom, Francis R. is also a prominent railroad man as general manager of the Burlington and Missouri River R. R.—the Burlington Route, with his hone in Omaha. (See Fam. Hist. p. 495.)

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Charles Kimball Worthen, son of A. H. and Sarah B. (Kimball) Werthen was evidently a skillfulartist. Amos H. Worthen was for many years state geologist for Illinois, and published eight magnificent volumes of reports many of the illustrations in which bear the imprint C. K. W. (News: p. 261.)

and the same

L. P. Kimball has recently purchased the Lakin, Kansas, Advocate. Who is he?

Mrs. Kimball of Yates Center, Kansas, was a delegate from the Woman's Auxiliary to the late diocesan convention of the Episcopal Church at Wichita. Who is she?

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Alice Kimball Mortimore, mentioned elsewhere, is an own cousin of W. H. Kimball referred to by the Atchison Globe as a popular railroad official. (Fam. News p. 104.)



Suppemental Notes to Family History.

(BY GUY S. RIX.)

- Page 340, Fam. News.-Thomas Tracy Rix6, Eunice Kimball5, John4, John5. John², Richard¹, born in Preston, Conn., Jan. 14, 1774; d. Preston, Aug. 8, 1859; married Dec. 30, 1-03, Polly Jennings, d. July 24, 1866. CHILDREN.
 - Henry Jennings (Rix) b. Preston, Conn., Sept. 28, 1803; drowned May 4, 1824.

ii Thomas Rix. b. in Preston, Oct. 26, 1805.

iii Mary Ann Rix, b. Mar. 11, 1808; d. Nov. 2, 1819.

iv Betsev Rix, b. Oct. 22, 1810; d. Mar. 8, 1827. v Nancy Rix, b. Apr. 22, 1813; m. Charles Burdick.

- vi Sarah Rix, b. Aug. 30, 1817; d. Jan, 30, 1889; unm. vii Charles Allen Rix, b. Jan 21, 1820; m. Sarah E. Chapman,
- viii Phebe Maria Rix, b. Feb. 17, 1823; d. Aug. 1893; m. John Bur-
- ix Eunice Rix, b. July 22, 1826; m. James B. Burdick,

The following is not in the Kimball History.

Theopolis Rix b. in Preston Conn., Dec. 9, 1734; d. in Preston, May 19. 1823; married Feb. 5, 1757. Lydia Kimbail of Stonington. Conn.. d. Apr. 9, 1823.

CHILDREN.

- i Nathan Rix, born in Preston, Conn., Nov. 23, 1759; m. Dec. 11, 1753, Esther Brown. He was a revolutionary soldier. ii Molly Rix, b. Dec. 27, 1760; m. Dlisha Hatch.
- iii Phebe Rix, b. Oct. 24, 1762; m. Aug. 10, 1750, Ezekial Rude.

iv Thirza Rix, b. Oct. 12, 1764. v Lydia Rix, b. August 8, 1766.

- vi Lucy Rix b. Aug. 8, 1766. vii Elizabeth Rix. b. Oct. 9, 1768; m. Ashner Prentice.
- viii Salla Rix, b. June 10, 1771; m. Aden Bromley. ix Deborah Rix. b. Dec. 23, 1772.

x George Rix. b. July 1s. 1774.

xi Peggy Rix, b. Oct. 18, 1776. xii Theopolis Rix, Jr., b. Mar, s. 1779; m. June 23, 1808, Polly Hutchinson.

(BY THE EDITOR.)

Page 234-No. 385-iii should be Nehemiah Dean and his number 819a. (See p. 1150a) His place in the history would be at the bottom of p. 428. His seven children should have place on p. 750, and be numbered 1598a, 1598b, etc. This would make William Langdon 1598g instead of 1598a as given on pages 1150a and 1150b. See Fam. News p. 314. Children of Charles Dean Kimball' (News p. 315) should be:

i William Charles⁹ b. April 28, 1858; m. Katherine Kitz, July 28. 1887. Resides in Oshkosh, Wis. Children: 1, Norman Frank. b. July 10, 1888. 2, Charles Henry, b. March 11, 1890.

ii Lillian Gertrude b. Dec 4, 1860.

iii Mantheno Crosby b. Sept. 15, 1863; m. Caroline Berry, b. April 16, 1865; d. Sept. 18, 1809 Children: 1. Richard b. Feby. 28, 1890. 2, Thomas b. July 26, 1894; d. June 16, 1895.

Page 873-No 1920-iii. Edward Kimball, Waukesha, Wis. His daughter. Miss Frances Delia Kimball recently married Mr. Frank T. Woodbury of Chicago. Date not given. The wedding was an elaborate affair.



Good Things From California.

Oaklan I, California. Sept. 27, 1899.

Carsin G. F. Kimballa. Topeka, Kansas.

This mornings mail brought the "Family News" of July and August and September which have been anxiously watched for, and the contents eagerly devoured. I see with regret that the support given the "News" by our kindred will not warrant the continuation of its publication as a monthly another year. Should you decide to issue it quarterly, at a subscription price of even eight, instead of two bits, as you suggest, considerine a subscriber In September number, p. 343, you say, "responses in the way of supplying interesting information have not been so liberal as they might have been, etc." Now to me nothing is more interexting than to read of the good record in their chosen profession, of the descendants of Richard Kimball! the emigrant, and fully as much as when the line of decent comes down from one of the noble Kimball women. I enclose excerpt from San Francisco Chronicle of July 30, '99, with obituary and picture of Dr. John Smalley Adams of this city, and his genealogy which I have taken from "History of Sutton, N. H.," now in possession of his son Dr. Frank L. Adams of Oakland. The dates, as b. d. and m's 1 have omitted

Richard Kimball' m. Ursula Scott. Benjamin Kimball' m. Merey Haseltine, Jonathan Kimballs m. Lydia Day. Benjamin Kimballs m. Mary Emerson. Benjamin Kimballi m. Mary Eaton. Caleb Kimballi m. Sarah Sawyer, v Betsey Kimballi m. Lemnel Adams, Sr. ii Lemnel Adams' m. Sally Smalley, i John Smalley Adams' m. Ellen Tomkins, i Frank Lemuel Adams10 m. Mary Wickham Leigh.

Dr. Frank. L. Adams who succeeds in his father's large practice, is one of the most eminent physicians and surgeons in Oakland. His line of dedescent on the Adams side is as follows: The Watertown, Mass.. line of Georgel, Georgel, Benjamin Micajahl, Lemuell, Lemuell, John Smalleyl, Frank Lemuel'.

The first child of Caleb Kimballs and Sarah Sawyer was i Mary Kimball, sister of the above mentioned Betsey Kimball. She married in Sutton, N. H., Dec. 20, 1792, John Eaton⁵ (1640 John¹, Nathaniel²) and had twelve children. She was a woman of medium statue and remarkable strength of mind. She early gave herself to a life of faith. She found great joy and strength in communion with her Heavenly Father, in reading and repeating the Scriptures, and in prayer. She often surprised her friends by repeating whole chapters and even whole books of the Bible. She died at the house of her son Jacob S. Eaton M. D. at Bristol, N. H., Sept. 20, 1848, aged 78 years. She lies buried in the South Sutton (N. H.) gravevard. The old "Kimball Mansion," otherwise known as the "Eaton Grange," near the summit of Kimball Hill in Sutten. N. H., so named for Caleb Kimbalii who first settled there in 1780; is now the summer house of the Eaton brothers and sisters. The eldest is ten. John Eaton' John', Nathaniel², John³ John⁴, Commissioner of the Educational Bureau, Wash-



ington, D. C. (1890). Here in the summer for over twenty-five years have gathered the descendants of Betsey and Mary Kimball with their friends and kindred, scattered from Maine to California. The latch-string han gs out to all. All formal restraint is laid aside, and the old mansion resounds with laughter and froite, song, music and dance. Join Eaton surfaceded his grandfather Caleb Kimball'in the ownership of Eaton Grange. He was a conquering farmer, who by indomitable energy and unceasing industry added farm to farm, until he was said to own "all the land adjoining him." His children retain about one thousand acres, perhaps one at one time half of what had belonged to their father. They removed the barns from the south side of the road and remodeled the other buildings, retaining the old two story house with its massive frame of oak and pine, so firmly put together that it has been said it could be rolled down the hill-side to steven's brook without breaking to pieces.

Very truly yours,

(See Fam. Hist. pp. 614, 615, 616.)

J. HOYT KIMBALL.

The following is the notice from the Chronicle relating to the death of Dr. Adams. His father was Lemuel Adams ii (p. 616 Kimball History):

OAKLAND, July 29.—Dr. Adams, one of the oldest physicians in Alameda county, died suddenly today near Calistoga. He had been at Highland springs for his health and was on his way home when stricken. He died sitting on the front seat of the stage. A Coroner's jury at Calistoga found that heart disease had caused his death. His wife was with him when he died. He was nearly 70 years of age, but continued to look after a large practice up to the time of his recent illness. He leaves a widow, a son. Dr. Frank L. Adams, and a daughter, Miss Carrie Adams. The remains will be brought to Oakland for interment.

Dr. Adams was born in Highgate, Franklin County, Vt., Dec. 24, 1830. He was a descendant of one of the oldest and best known New England families. After graduating from the public schools of Vermont he entered the Albany Medical College, from which he was graduated in 1835. While at Albany Dr. Adams was a favorite pupil of Dr. John Swineburn, a distinguished physician and surgeon, who was afterwards quarantine officer of the port of New York. Five years of practice in the hospitals of Tray undermined the health of Dr. Adams and with his wife and young son he came to California and settled in Alpine county. He came to Oakland in 1874 and had since resided here. He was the first physician to receive a certificate from the board of examiners of the Medical Society of the State of California. Dr. Adams' first wife died in 1885 and he had since remarried.



Cousin Duran Kimball of Chicago thinks the suspension of the News would be a family calamity. Others express the same sentiment.



A Kimball Inventor.

Portsmouth, N. H. Sept. 26, 1899.

DEAR MR. KIMBALL:

I came across this letter soon after I sent you the other which you have published. The occasion of these letters was this: I contracted with a Philadelphia house which was publishing a history of Essex County, to write teu pages of Ipswich history for the county history. The task was so pleasant that the ten became eighty. I corresponded a great deal for the work and have now a pile of letters among which I consider the Kimball correspondence of excellent value. Although I extended the Ipswich sketch much beyond the first limit of ten pages there was much matter I could not find room for. These letters are some of it. I used the heart of of them though. They are so good they ought to be published entire. I knew "Father Kimball", this man's father: he was "a grand old man."

M V. B. Perley.

Milford, Mass. April 2, 1887.

MY DEAR SIR:

Replying to your interogatory "how about the inventions" I have briefly to say that immediately upon my return from military service I went into the machine business at Abington. I was comparatively new at the business, the war having broken me up in my trade ere I had scarce learned its rudiments. So necessity, that kind but off abused mother of note, stimulated me to unusual exertion. An older brother was at this time my partner. We made Tack and Nail Machinery our principle specialty, and were enabled to so improve these machines as to secure a reputation both at home and in foreign countries.

A powerful combination of the principle Tack Manufacturers in this country had associated themselves together to control the manufacture of these goods throughout the United States at this time and our reputation was such that it was deemed to be for their interest to include us in their scheme. We were accordingly paid a considerable sum in cash with the sole right to manufacture their machines in consideration of our manufacturing for no other parties. In the years of '76 and '77 my attention was called to improvements in machines for nailing the bottoms of boots and shoes, and I invented a machine for this purpose which was duly patented. The effort however brought down upon me the hostility of the McKay Metallic Fastening Company, a rich and powerful foe, who brought an expensive suit against me ere I had disposed of my first machine, in the e fort to crush me. My partner, a Mr. Merrit gave up the struggle in dismay, and surrounded by domestic sickness and sorrow I took up the fight alone. The treachery of a friend at the same time crippled me financially. and amid these difficulties my antagonist came forward and offered to settle with me by the payment by them of a sum of money for the surgender



of my patents. While I had strength to fight I could not yield to such manifest injustice and wrong. In my extremity a Mr. Maynadier, a patent lawyer of acquired reputation heard of my situation through a friend and sent for my presence. Examining my papers he indignantly exclaimed "this is a manifest act of cruel injustice. I will answer your suit and let neither fees or cost trouble you." Of more importance than biography is to record the name and act of this true hearted and chivalrous gentleman and lawyer Mr. James Maynadier whom I have always found in my years of professional relationship since the soul of high professional honor. Through his instrumentality men of capital became interested in my patents, and an association was formed which paid me the sum of \$20,000 for my patents, and in which since I have always retained an interest. The association started with a capital of \$25,000, increased soon after to \$50,000. later to \$109,000 and again to \$150,000. It is today a strong successful dividend paying company. In the march of progress there is no rest. The popularity of the metallic fastener for boots and shoes rapidly increased, and with it the need of a fastening that should be both cheap and of the best quality. There was at this time a metallic fastening on the market known as the "Estabrook and wires Clinching Screw" which possessed great merit, but up to this time it was confined strictly to hand use. no inventor having been able to adapt the machine to the fastening or the fastening to the machine. It was my good fortune to be enabled to unprove this fastening and to construct machinery to manufacture it rapidly preserving all the virtues of the original. Under these patents I commenced to manufacture for the company their goods, the article to be completed going through two processes or two sets of machinery. While successfully engaged thus at Milford, Mass., to which place I had removed on the 22nd day of February, 1882, my factory was unfortunately utterly destroyed by fire We were placed in an embarressing situation and one that required great energy to meet. By the last of the following March I had invented and was successfully operating new machinery by which my goods were completed at one operation and at great saving of cost over my former method. Shortly after I was again able to fill all orders with a superior class of goods. But the developments of the boot and shoe industry called for further improvements, and to meet it I invented within the last two years an improved metallic fastening, with all the new machinery necessary to its manufacture which has now become our main produet. I also invented a machine for sole fastenings upon which is placed a simple coil of threaded wire from which at each revolution of the machine a clinching screw is completed, automatically governed in length to conform exactly to the thickness of the material to be fastened together, at the exact point necessary to be fastened, inserted in the material and securely riveted. By the machine within a period of fifteen seconds every fastening is made, inserted and riveted necessary to fastening the sole to a boot or shoe This machine was on trial.

It is emborassing to be asked to write one's biography even to a friend. I make no claim to be classed with inventors. What success I



have met with is simply a vindication of these qualities which should be the inheritance of every New England boy. Courage, patience, endurance, a clear brain, and a spirit that shall make even drudgery the slave to high purpose. I am led to these closing remarks, because my interest in the new generation leads one to feel that the incentives held out are not always the wisest and best. The lives of men of marked genius are held up to pattern. The material success to wealth and fame are exalted as prizes to be sought, but genius is rare, and wealth and fame are for the few and not life's greatest attainments. The true dignity of labor, the integrity, and the glory of independence of character are attainable by even the lumblest. They are every New England boy's inheritance, and their overthrow can only come of their own base surrender.

Pardon a long letter, unusual to me, and what may seem egotism place only to my honor to principles which I deeply cherish, for most truly do I realize their importance above my own personality.

Very truly yours.

J. E. KIMBALL.



She Visits Rattlesden.

Miss Helen F. Kimball, one of the earliest subscribers of Krws writes from her home in Brookline, Mass., Sept. 17, 1899.

I have been absent in Europe for fifteen months, else my subscription to the "Naws" would have been duly renewed. I am glad to have the little journal continued if only to give a chance for corrections and additions to the genealogy, which I hope some time in the future, when a second edition is needed, may be thoroughly revised. If there are as many mistakes throughout as in the few families of my immediate relatives, it does indeed needit. In England, I madel too my way to see Rattleaden, driving from Bury 8t. Edmunds, a very interesting old town. We found it a petty village pleasantly situated in a valley between low hills. I hoped to find a tradition of where the Kimball family had lived; but the rector was not at home and the "oldest inhabitant" to be found had no knowledge of it. There was still a family named scott in the town, out so far away from the centre that I had not time to see them, to my regret. I have a photograph of the church and will have it copied if you would like to have an illustration in the "News." but perhaps you have already had it.

Yours truly.

H. F. KIMBALL

The writer of the above is the daughter of Moses Kimball, the subject of the leading article in this issue of the News. Before she started on her trip to Europe she was kind enough to send a package of Boston and other papers from which we have made the selections published.



A Talk With Robert G. Ingersoll.

BY JOHN C. KIMBALL.

When Mr. Ingersoll gave in Hartford. Conn., his famous Jecture on "The Mistalics of Moses." It was Saturday might; and he prefaced it with the remark that of course he did not suppose there were any ministers in the audience to give it a hearing, as they doubtless were all busy about their Sunday sermons. At its close I lingered till he came down from the platform, and said to him that in his supposition about the ministers he himself had added one mistake to those of Moses; for at least one minister of the city was present, who had listened to him with a good deal of sympathy, and—I could give you lots of new points.

"Ah!" he at once exclaimed, smiling, and holding out his hand, "I know what you are, -a Unitarian! I don't have any war with them. There

is your Dr. Bartol of Boston, one of my best friends."

With that he asked my other name besides Unitarian; and his wife then joining him,—a healthy, handsome, happy looking woman.—he introduced me to her as a minister not ashamed to be there Saturday night, hearing what an infield had to say, and perhaps picking out some of its good things to put into his sermon the next day.

I replied that it was not the first time infidels and Unitarians had been classed together, though usually it was done by our orthodox brethren, and sometimes with the added explanation of our common wick-elness that "evil communications corrupt good manners," leaving it in doubt, however, as to which of us originally had the evil communications and which the good manners.

After some further pieasantries he sobered down, and asked what were the new points about Moses which I had in mind.

"Hove you ever read any of the writers in the recent Dutch School of Bebleat Criticism." I enquired, "Kuenen or Knuppert or Oort, or the French Renau, or the New English and German scholars."

fle confessed he had never heard their names.

I told him that was where he had made another mistake, that he was altogether too conservative and traditional, that to find the real, genuine, thorough-going infidelity, the kind to excite the most horror and give church people the greatest shock, he must go, not to the scepties and softenled inidels of a past generation, men who, at the worst, only skinmed the surface of doubt, but to the modern, new school, orthodox theologian-students who diredged in the deep sea of criticism and brought up strangthings out of its sediment in the way of names, language, bits of history fragments of old myths, and scientific contradictions that made those of Voltairs and Voiney and Paine seem in comparison mere babe's food.

He laughed, and expressing a desire to get at some of this recent, genniusistrong-ment" infilelity, asked for a list of the writers and of the worses where it was to be found, and promised to read them the first thing after he got to foston, in which piace at all the religious bookstores, as I told him he would see them side by side with distribus against the old milk and water infilels, such as Voltaire and Paine.



"Now." I added, "having gone with you so far in recognizing the nistakes of Moses and the new points of inidelity, there is one other thing I ought to say in justice to myself and the Unitarians and the new school theologians, and that is that, along with the mistakes, by the same thorough research we find new truths of Moses and new points everywhere of Ebblied ertainty; and my criticism of your lecture is that, along with the mistakes of Moses, you do not also give the truths of Moses,—a thing that in all fairness, even as an infidel, it seems to me you ought to do."

a cannot recall further his part of the conversation, except that it was characteristically witty and bright. But mine was in substance and prosiness that no one man or generation of men, however large-brained, could reach all the fulness of truth, either in religion or in anything else; that it was like a tail building against which there rested a long ladder, a giant's legs could not nount to the top with one step, but that by using the rounds of the ladder, beginning with the lowest and using the great men of each generation as the hands to clasp the rounds, humanity had been able to reach if not top, yet an ever higher place.

"Well," I continued. "Moses was one of the hands clasping a lower round, and lifting a whole race all the distate between two of them. Of course, he had a limited view, and could not do otherwise than make mistakes with regard to the whole truth. But his very mistakes were his helpers in lifting up his race and age. If the could have seen and taught the whole thing then, he would have had to let go so much of what his fellow-men regarded as true that he would have been looked upon by them as a worse infide than even Bob Ingersol is now by the Christians of our day." And the result would have been that, while lifting up himself, he would have left them behind. But, by sharing their mistakes in a thousand matters, he was able to keep so in touch with them and to retain so much of their confidence as to have them accept his new views in at least one or two.

"Such." I said, "is to my mind, the philosophy of all progress, especally all religious progress. Truth is not something let down out of nearen for men to open their minds and swallow, but something to be climbed up to out of earth for men to see and sexie. Infidels have their use in reaching it by getting people, as you are doing, to let go enough of the old errors to take in some of the new vertices. But let them beware of loosening their hold too completely, even of errors; for the result would be a tumbling of us all back on to the ground from which we started. Nature sets us a good example of how it is to be done. If you will watch the trees the coming autumn you will see that before the old leaves are dropped off the buds are already started for next year's growth. And so always, before discarding the world's last year doctrines, we want to make sure that its faith life has gone into at least the germs of some new truth.

"Moses," I went on,—it was a good chance to preach to him beforehand a part of my Sunday sermon, and, minister like, I used it,—"Moses



was, indeed, as you show, on a low round of the ladder compared with that on which we now stand but, if there had been no Moses in the past with their mistakes, elimbing faithfully those lower rounds, there would have been no Ingersons or Bartols, not to say Kimballs, in the present with their truths, occupying our upper ones; and it ill becomes us to desplie any of those lower elimbers by whose fidelity in their positions we are where we are,—is too much like the college boy's despising the ignorance of the old father by whose earnings in the workshop his own liberal education has been paid for."

"Besides."—this, I think, was my thirdly,—"we have none of us yet arrived at the fulness of truth. We are all on that same ladder Moses and David and Jesus and Paul were on in the past.—are all with our truths continue"ly making mistakes. And just as when three thousand years from now some o'ner 'Hob' Ingersoll comes along to Hartford Saturday night and lectures in Alen Hall to an audience with one minister in it on 'The Mistakes of Ingersol and Bartfol and Kimball.' we shall want him, in all fairness, to put in with them the truths we are standing for, go on what is allike the good intidel and the good Christian principle of doing as we would be done by. It seems to me that you now, side by side with the mistakes of Moses, our hit to set forth in your lecture in great religious truths.'

I will give Mr. Ingersoll the credit of listening to my wisdom as attentively as I had to his with and at its close, which was brought about a little suddenly by the impatient janitor's shutting off the lights and motioning to shut the doors, he answered good-naturedly, and with a shrewd ness his replies had manifested all through and which I see I have only faintly indicated. "Mr. Kimoall, I agree with you entirely in the justice of what you say, but my excuse for not acting on it, and for giving only one side, is that you ministers for three thousand years have been preaching only the truths of Moses, so that to even the thing up and get both sides a good fair start, we went Bo's lagersolls for the next three thousand years to beture only on his mistakes; and then at the end of that time there will be a call for some other fellow to come along who, like you, is a good mixture of ablac the inficiel and the Christian, and set forth, as you say, side by side, ooth the absaces and the truth of Moses."

With that parting shot he took the arm of his wife as if she, at any rate, were to him no mistake, and both said a pleasant "good-night."

Among the descriptions given by the St. Louis Globe Democrat of the ladies attending the Veiled Prophets Ball and reception is the following of the wife of the recently elected mayor of Kirkwood. (News p. 308. Hist. p. 728.)

Khaball, Mrs. T. D.—Turquoise-blue silk, veiled in irridescent-Brussels net, with thread face trimming; light blue velvet collar and girdle.

The Wales Family Association, T. B. Wales jr., secretary, is getting up a Wales Family History. Mr. Wales is one of the cousins, his mother being a daughter of Daniel Kimball. (p. 228 Family News and p. 776, Family History.)



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Thomas Lord Kimball.

(Family History p. 495.)

Thomas Lord Kimball died in Omaha, Oct. 9, 1899. For two weeks he had remained at home on account of a fall sustained while walking about his grounds. On the morning of this day symptoms of heart trouble appeared which ended in death at

about four o'clock.

Mr. Kimball was closely connected with Western railroad life for over a quarter of a century, occupying all of the higher positions connected with the Union Pacific railroad, and during much of that time being largely responsible for its general direction. From August, 1884, to May, 1887, he was general traffic manager of that system; from 1887 to 1888, assistant to the vice president; from 1888 to 1890, general manager; from 1890 to 1893, third vice president; from 1883 to 1893, president of the Union Depot Company, at that time reviring from the railroad work in which he had spent a lifetime. In 1898 Mr. Kimball was elected president of the American National bank, which position he held at the time of his death, having supervision of the winding up of its affairs after the business was transferred to the Union National bank in 1896. Since 1895 he had been president of the New Omaha Thomson-Houston Electric Light Company, and since 1893 had been president of the Associated Charities. He was a member of the Unitarian church, and active in the work of the organization.

Mr. Kimball's father was a soldier of the war of 1812; a farmer; a man famed for rare mechanical skill and sound jungment. His mother was noted throughout the countryside for charitable deeds and conscientious uprightness. Their farm. which was made to produce almost everything needed for the maintenance of the large household, was among the last of these

typical homes, once so common in New England.

The boy Thomas studied by the light of an old New England fireplace. At the age of sixteen he was a teacher in winter, a farmer in summer, and a pupil fitting himself for college. He was, however, deprived of a college course by sickness, and with health restored he became a skilled and artistic jeweler



and was given charge of a large store in Biddeford. Writing of him at this period the editor of an eastern paper said:—

"Young Kimball was a man of broadest catholicity of spirit, yet he was, in his quiet way, chief man of his church, the superintendent of his Sunday School, an active trustee of the public schools, an attentive director of the savings bank, the alderman of his ward, consultor in all town charities, the workingman on the committee for annual lycenm lectures, among the most vigorous of temperance and anti-slavery workers—for these two great reforms were then at their height—an occasional speaker in public meetings, often a sagacious writer for the press, a man, in fact, so trusted for integrity and intelligence that, had he remained in Maine. I may say we have no position, social or political, that would not have been open to him."

In 1857 Mr. Kimball visited Cincinnati, O., and was induced to enter the service of the Pennsylvania railroad company. That company was not long in learning that in this cool-headed, resolute young man they had material for the best kind of railroad service, and they made rapid advancement in the extent and responsibility of his duties, until he was appointed general southwest presenger agent Mr. Kimball remained in Cincinnati four years; then was located in Chicago, in charge of the Pennsyl-

vania Central's passenger business west of Pittsburg.

A FRIEND'S TRIBUTE.

Mr. E. F. Test of Omaha writes the World Herald of that city as follows:

The death of Thomas L. Kimball was the first announcement to eatch my eye in the World-Herald this morning. It will be repeated from ocean to ocean with manifestations of sorrow and respect for a man so beloved and honored for his virtues. In the long years of our friendship, outside of his home circle perhaps there were none more trusted with his confidence than L. Many were the quiet consultations we had in the years gone by over the upbuilding of Omaha, the Union Pacific and the west-To all of these he was the stoutest friend.

My acquaintance with him began at Cheyenne in 1868. Instructed to proceed to Cheyenne to straighten one of the problems provalent in the railroad business. I had nearly finished my work when a train from Omaha reached the depot with a party zon-skring of the late Thomas A. Scott, S. H. H., Clark, R. C. Meldrum, and one or two others, Greeting Mr. Clark as my intimate superior officer and Mr. Meldrum as a boyhood friend, Mr. Clark introduced in to Colonel Scott. After a few moments, in which Colonel Scott spoke of the early days of railroading in Pennyylvania he called to a pleasant gentleman in the party and introduced me to aim. It was Thomas L. Kimball. With that greeting began a friendship unbroken by the passing of more than thirty years. Now it is severed by the grave, soon to close over all that is mortal of our friend with what



anguish it will be let those bear witness who so truly loved him. Of all that party only two remain. Mr. Clark and myself. The others have passed into that undiscovered ematry from whence no travelor returns. They were men who left their impress upon their fellow men, the heralds of the prowess and development of the west that has astonished the ages and placed this nation foremost in the march of progess. They came, and saw the land, and pronounced it good. Then began that mighty movement whose energies in those early days only a Scott could handle through the great company of which he was the managing spirit. In less than another year the Union Pacific was finished. Emigration began its westward move to the prairies of Nebraska. Farms began to dot the landseapes, side-tracks and water tanks bug in to become towns; cities grow from towns; the buffalo vanished before the herds of domestic animals. the mines poured forth their treasures and unknown territories grew into proud intelligent states circling this continent from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

In that year Mr. Kimball was general western passenger agent of the Pennsylvania railroad with headquarters at Chicago and was one of Scott's most trusted friends. In 1871, less than three years afterward Scott became president of the Union Pacific and began to put in practice his plans for the material and local development of the resources of the country along the line which has been the policy of successive manager ments. Scott called Mr. Kimbail to his assistance about three weeks after assuming the presidency and appointed him general passenger and ticket agent of the roal. This was his first official introduction to the west. He held this position nearly ten years. In that time he was guide, counsellor and friend to Scott, Horace F. Clark, Gould and S. H. H. Clark, Aman of unusual comprehensiveness of mind, of resolute energy and amiable temper, he gave his days and nights to the service of the company. As the result, auxiliary or branch lines began to radiate in all directions, first the L'tab & Northern, then the Omaha & Republican Valley, the Colorado Central, the Julesburg branch, the Oregon Short Line and others followed in succession until the west was honeycombed with the Union Pacific rail. way systems and its rivals. The successful management of Mr. Kimball's department was one of the principal incentives to the construction of the trans-continental railroads and their branches. The west felt the benefit of his experience. The response is what we see around us. As a rich and populous city Omaha is one of his noblest monuments. Through his valuable counsel Gould, Dilion, Ames, and other eastern capitalists opened up our resources and made us what we are.

Amid all these busy stres he gained the respect of our business men. The employes of the road spoke of him with benedictions. None can ever say they saw him angry. None can ever say be refused to help them when he could. His name with them was a synonym for goodness. In his kind, ness to the unfortunate he was unobtrusive. More than one can say, but for this good man, gone to his reward, they knew not what to do. He saved them from despair.



Through the failing health of Mr. Clark as general manager in 1880, Mr. Kimbali was appointed assistant general manager of the road. Under his direction the commany imaginariated the system of local passenger trains for the immediate territory tributary to the cities along the line. The effect was beneficial. Every one of these cities and the districts interested put on a new growth. Among them Omaha grew rapidly and in the eleventh consussinowed a percentage of growth over the preceding decade that was marvelous. The earnings of the company increasing rapidly, necessitated his taking charge of the eatier traffic in 1884, as general traffic manager, a result that still further increased the earnings of the company. Following these came other promotions until he became third vice president, when he retired from the service, full of honors with the consciousness of cuty done and the universal respect of his associates.

Many can result the good deeds of Mr. Kimball's life, too many to mention here. He was a man to whom the Lord entrusted his "ton talcuts." To a noble use he put them. His integrity is to be emulated. His parity no one can gainsay. An inspiration is the sweetness of his life this death is the soldest of all. The useful citizen, the geatleman, the Christian, he was one of the sons of tool

The following sketch we condense from the Omaha Excelsior of Oct. 21.

Of men who have left this world, the old saving warns us. unothing but good should be said." How happy a thing it is to know of one at least of whom nothing but good ear be said!

Among these rare characters that of Thomas Lord Kimball holds a foremost place. No one can point to any act in which Mr. Kimball was concerned during all the years of his busy life that reflects anything but credit upon him.

One of the traits which perhaps more than any other gave Mr. Kim ball his remarkable control over people was extraordinary self-possession amounting sometimes to apparent disregard for his own life. It is told that his private office was once invaded by a huge specimen of excited rufflonism, demanding instant attention and the replacement of a lost railway ticket. Mr Kimball was deeply absorbed in business correspondence, and failed to take immediate notice of the intrusion. His visitor grew emaged and began a loud and profane tirade. Mr. Kimball continned to write. The visitor pulled out a big revolver, without attracting any interest, except on the part of the alarmed office assistants. More and more excited, he pushed his revolver against Mr. Kimball's head and roared: "If you don't attend me before I count three, I'll blow your brains out. One, two, three!" The general passenger agent continued to write. but the revolver was not fired. "Well, that beats me," said the man lowering it. Mr. Kimball suddenly emerged from his absorbtion, and his busy pen was laid aside. "Now, my friend," said he, in the firm even tones which were the only ones he ever used, "if you are ready to talk civilly, we will take up the question of your railway ticket"-which was



done to the general satisfaction of the caller, and he left in a very subdued and thoughtful frame of mind.

It is easy to see how such displays of "nerve" must have impressed those who came in contact with him. The carlier days of railroading furnished many such occasions. During a serious strike, a throng of workmen surrounded the railroad offices, clamoring for the life of Mr. Clark and the other officers of the road. Mr. Kimball stepped out to face them, and by the strength of magnetic personality and his vigorous address, succeeded in quieting the howling crowd and averting the danger. In earlier days, before coming to Omaha, Mr. Kimball once went to the rescue of an unfortunate black man who was about to be lynched by a mob. The young man's pity for everything heipless and abused added strength to his naturally well-equipped right arm, and with the aid of that and a very small pistol he actually stood off the furious crowd, took the negro away from his cantors, and got him to a place of safety.

This quick sympathy of Mr. Kimball's for the oppressed race played a prominent part in his long life-history. Many will recall his activity in connection with the doings of the underground railway." On one of his journeys he happened into the same car with a little family of negroes who had been dragged away from their northern refuge to be carried back to their former master. Mr. Kimball seized an opportunity to question the pitiful group, and found that the marshall had taken them without a writ. Suspecting that no such document existed. Mr. Kimball at once hit upon a plan of rescue. He quietly bribed the conductor to let him of the train at the outskirts of Cincinnati, made his best time to the court house and then on to rejoin his proteges before the train pulled out. When he presented himself to the marshal and his prisoners again, it was with an officer and a warrant for the arrest of the colored family on the charge of chicken stealing. In spite of the marshal's rage, he had no warrant of his own to show, and beheld his prey whisked away from him and packed on board the next train back to their home-town. When he arrived there in a day or two with his warrant no negroes were to be found but a happy little black family were well on their way to liberty in Canada.

His treatment of the Indians was always friendly and considerate, so that he was an object of high regard among them. "Figing Thunder" was the suggestive title with which they distinguished him. He often referred with annasement to his various business transactions with these aboriginal friends of his-one in particular relating to the purchase of a piece of land for the use of the railroad. The Indians' proposition was to part with the land in consideration of a million dollars apiece, a white man servant and an annual pass for life for each Indian'. After some argument, a compromise was effected on the basis of seventeen dollars apiece, a pass for one of the chiefs, and a few pounds of tobacca.

More than any other institution will the charities of the city feel his loss. He went through life with eye, ear and hand open in response to the claims of suffering. Never giving with ostentation—a thing which he always despised—he managed to quietly relieve more trouble than those



about him even suspected. Gen-rosity was his one dissipation. It may have been in order to include that "noble weakeness" with a clear conscience that he persisted in the strict, unremitting application to business affairs which supped his strength and gave the fils of mortality too early a hold upon him. And yet that life, shorter by many years than it should have been, was filled to overflowing with all that it is good. In its thought-fulness for the humble ones of earth. In its observance of those truest forms of charity which enjoin silence on their object, it was indeed

"A life that moves to gracious ends." Thro' troops of unrecording friends."

A life to admire and to imitate.



Hon, Otis A, and Martha A. (Kimball) Smith announce the marriage of their eldest daughter. M. Belle to William Albert Sawn of the firm of Sawn and R bijnson, East Longmeadow, Mass.

The ceremony took place at the home of the bride's parents, "Bell Liden", Rockfall, Conn., at high noon, October the 18th, and was performed by the Rev, Burdette Boardman Brown, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church of Middlefield, Conn. The ring service was used according to the full ritual of the M. E. church. Neither bride nor groom were attended; they were married in the library which was handsomely decorated with ferus, roses, carnations and autumn foliage, as was all the house. The bride was gowned in ivory white satin, cut en traine and trimmed with embroidered shifton; her veil of tulle was fastened with a pearl and diamond sunburst and she carried a boquet of roses and forms. A weedding breakfast was served, after which the couple left for a bridal trip They will receive their friends after January first, at their new home, the groom's gift to the bride, "Parkside," which has just been completed on National Avenue, springfield, Mass.

Mr. Sawn is a graduate of Wilbraham Acaden.y. 78, and Mrs. Sawn of Moint Holyoke College '80. She has held several important positions and last year was professor of Normal Instruction at the Maine Wesleyan Seminary at Kent's fill. Maine.

Both bride and groom are descendants of early New England families. Mrs. Sawn is a niece of the late Jared Kirtland Kimball of Clark's Nebraska, and is descended from the Richard Kimball who came from Ipswich in the following line: Richard. Benjamin', Abraham'. Epiraim', Asa', Abraham Tayler', Asa', Martha'. On her father's side she is descended from Joseph Jenckes of Hammersmith. England, who came to the new country in 1645. He was noted as the maker of the dies for the coining of the 'pine tree' money. He was a man of great inventive genius and to him was issued the first patent, upon an invention, in this country The line is Joseph', Jošeph', William', William', John', Gideon', and Labina' was married James Smith, the grandfather of Mrs. Sawn.



DIED

Dr. Walter Scott Kimball died on Saturday, Oct. 21, 1899, a bis loone at Lakewood, N. J. He was born in Lewis County, N. Y., in 1828. His father and grandfather were clergymen. He was graduated at Hamilton College in 1850. Later he was graduated at the Louisville Medical College and at the New York Homoopathic College. He was one of the early homopathists in New Jersey. He practised for more than forty years in and around Long Branch, and for about the last ten years he had gractised in Lakewood. (Fam. Hist. p. 412.)

At one time he was the president of the Homeopathic Medical Society of New Jersey. The Family History does not mention him as the head of a family. However he left a wife and six children. The News would be glad to have their complete record.

Dr. Frank A. K.mball died at his home in Gardiner, Me., September 29, 1899, aged 58. He was born in Mercer, Maine. Studied medicine with Dr. Freeman Plaisted and then entered Bowdoin College, from which he graduated in 1807. NEWS p. 28. When the civil war broke out he enlisted in the 19th Maine regiment, and was assigned to the hospital as steward. At the close of the war he returned to Mercer and took up his profession. In 1879 he went to Gardiner where he had since made his home, becoming one of the best known physicians on the Kennebec. He was a very prominent Grand Army man and Mason. He was a wery prominent Grand Army man and Mason. He was a member of Herman lodge, F. and A. M., Lebanon Royal Arch chapter, Maine commandery, K. T., and Kora shrine of Lewiston. Dr. Kimball leaves a mother, Mrs. Sophia H. Lucas of Lewiston, one sister, Mrs. W. F. Bodge of Waterville; three brothers, Charles of Lewiston, Fred of Old Orchard, and Herbert of Oklahoma territory. (Not in History.)

and the same

Herbert S. Kimball, son of Herbert W. Kumball (1692) of Boston, is constructive engineer for the addition to the Pennsylvania Salt Works at Natrona, Penn.

and the same

Gordon Kimball and his sister Elizabeth, wife of Frank Miner of Ouray, Colo., are children of Alpheus Kimball (1835.) They are not mentioned in the Family History.

Leroy S. Kimball of Lowell, Mass., was a heavy loser in a recent fire. He had a large lot of leather and card stock in the fourth story of a building that was burned and had but little insurance. (No. 1401-ii. p. 666 Fam. Hist.)



Dr. Grace Kimball, Misslonary.

The secular as well as religious papers of last month had much to say of this missionary. From one report we quote:

At a session of the International Congregational Council held in Boston the last week in September Dr. Grace Kinmball was given an ovation, ladies rising and waving their handkerchiefs.

Her topic was: "How the opportunities of women in the foreign mission fields are improved.

She urged that churches ought to send more women missionaries abroad, showing what the need is, and how faithfully women have served.

Dr. Kimball is brown-eyed, brown-haired, fresh complexioned, and endowed with forcefue, nervous energy and enthusiasm.

She wore black net over garnet silk, the yoke and cuffs heavily trimmed with jet, and the stock and yoke of white silk. A small brooch, a gold wreath, adorned the throat

Her hat was a small black toque of openwork, very plain, and yet in its graceful sweep back from her forchead and in its symmetrical curves, distinctly becoming.

She spoke more rapidly and in a more agreeable, less monotonous tone than either of the other speakers.

Dr. Grace Kimball, daughter of Judge Kimball of Dover, N. H., went out as a missionary of the A. B. C. F. M. in 1882.

In offering herself she wrote:—"It is my greatest desire that my life, with Golfs help, may go just as far as possible toward advancing Christ's Kingdom in the world, and I believe that this may best be accomplished in the foreign field. Heave the matter of designation to you, and shall be perfectly happy to work where work will be most needed."

She had added to her high school training a valuable business experience, and left an important and responsible position when she became a missionary.

She sailed June 17, 1882, from New York, with Miss Johnson, to take charge of the girls' school in Van. Turkey.

Later she returned to America to study medicine, and graduated from the Woman's Medical College, New York, in 1892.

Returning to Van the same year, she found a ready field for the practice of her new profession. The cholera had broken out.

Dr. Louise Smith accompanied her on her return.

Although retused government certificate in Constantinople, she was cordially received by both European and Turkish doctors, and with Dr. Smith was called in consultation, even to the harem of the governor general of Van.

During the first year after her return she treated 1300 cases, sometimes travelling six to eight miles for a single patient.

A year later the Turkish government's attitude of neutrality became openly hostile, and her dispensary was closed.

' She remained through the distressing scenes resulting from the massacres, and provided work for hundreds of families, and dispensed re-



lief to the starving. She turned two houses into a factory for the manufacture of plows, shovels and other agricultural implements, which the people utterly lacked, and without which they could not have raised the next years harvest.

Murders and outrages were committed upon numbers of the Americans within eight miles of Van, and refugees to the number of 3400 became the care of the relief bureau under Dr. Kumball's care.

In the later part of 1896 Dr. Kimball returned to America, and is now assistant physician at Vassar College.

The Sultan has expressly forbidden her return to Turkey.

The Family History on page 322-23 has record of her father, and his six children of whom she was the youngest. The date of her birth is not given, while that of her youngest brother, Richard D. is wrong. He was not born May 13, 1873, but in 1853; the year given on page 745 as that of his marriage, corrected on page 1151.

Another Florence.

Here is another little Florence Kimball. Who is she and who are her parents? She sends the following letter to Oxford county Advertiser:

Bethel, Me., July 2, 1899.

DEAR EDITOR:—This is a rainy day. Manma gave me a kiss on my cheek. We went down to Pinhook visiting. My cousin Cora gave me a a doll and quilt and mamma and ann Abbie gave me some cloth for a dress for the doll. We went to see Mrs. Jewett and she played on the plano and sang to me. We have a new horse and her name is Chub. I have been blueberlying today. Anna and I saw some partridges a few days ago. Mamma is good to me. I will try to be good to mamma. When I am good mamma calls me her Sunshine. Anna is away. Mamma says she misses her. Kitty is lapping my face while I am writing. I will send my verse for July 23.

"Always by day, always by night, While resting or at play. My life is passing in thy sight, Thou markest all my way."

When maining is sober. I pull a smile from her mouth.

FLORENCE E. KIMBALL.



Granville A. Kimball (p. 711) who was formerly traveling freight agent of the Michigan Southern railroad, and later connected with the great Rock Island route, with head quarters in Topeka, has been appointed joint agent of the western transit inspection bureau at Kansas City. He is acknowledgedly one of the most competent freight men in this territory. His marriage was announced in apprevious issue of the News. p. 290.



A Children's Cantata.

Mrs. Annie Kimball Sloaue of San Diego, Cal., has written the words and music for a children's cantata, which was brought out in that city on the evening of October 20, 1899. Of that canata the San Diego papers speak favorably. The Union say:

The cantata, "In Shadowland," the words and musle were written by Mrs. Annie Kimball Sloane, was very successfully presented in the Fifth street theatre last night. The musle was tuneful, the libretto interesting and the presentation by the children very praiseworthy. The hall was well filled.

The cantata opens with an elves' chorus in a woodland glen. A boy and girl enter, seeking for fairy' Goodwill's court. As elves are about to seize and bind the boy and girl the guards of fairy Goodwill enter and frig) ten the elves away. The boy and girl are taken to Pairy Goodwill, who makes them brother and sister to the fairies. Three giants enter and take the boy away with them. The third act shows a camp of the gnomes. The boy is brought in and introduced to these people and treated as a captive. In the last act the clres are captured by the guards and the boy is returned to Fairy Goodwill's court.

George Ingelow, who took part of the boy, did especially well, as did also Ralph Hutchinson, captain of the guard. Hazel Sizane won applianse in the part of the girl. Miss Alberta Chanter as the queen is also worthy of special mention. The little tots presented a pretty sight in their becoming costumes.

The Evening Tribune says:

Louis' Opera House was filled last night when the pretty cantata. "In Shadowland," an original composition by Mrs. Annie Kimball Sloane, was presented for the first time. The words, music, stage setting, and in fact every detail connected with the presentation of the cantata are the work of Mrs. Sloane, and she has every reason to feel proud of her efforts. The cantata is arranged principally for children's voices, and while the plot is necessarily simple, it is none the less interesting. The music is melodious and frequent dances add to its attractiveness.

Mrs. Sloane's appearance before the audience to take her position at the piano was made the occasion of a cordial greeting, and following the

overture the applause was most liberal.

The choruses were comprised of about sixty children, prettily costumed, the fairies in white and gold, the cives in green, and the guards in red.

Mrs. Sloane's three children took part: Harry as King of elves; Paul as an elf, and Hazel as a girl. The June number of of the News has a half-tone cut showing Mrs. Sloane and Hazel. Paul was overlooked and does not appear on page 1057 of the History.

Mrs. Sloane has had the most thorough musical education, and an extended experience as a teacher.



She entered the Boston Conservatory when but fifteen years old, and later studied the Wartel Method in New York under Madame Rudersdorf, the teacher to whom Emma Thursby attibuted most of her success); also the method of Madam Sciler, in Philadelphia, [whose book, "The Voice In Singing," is acknowledged to be one of the best scientific authorities on the treatment of the voice], and completed a course of study under W. W. Gilchrist of Philadelphia. Mrs. Sloane is the eldest daughter of the editor of the News.



The Little Cripple. By Hannah Parker Kimball, in N.Y. Independent.

Could any power make these shoulders whole?
Surely he may grow taller—but that stoop!
Yet what sport! He has found a barrel hoop.
And with a little stick he makes it roll.
'Tis true it quickly passes from control.
But then he plants his crutch with forward droop,
Pushing his way and bent into a loop,
And hitches on and rolls again, his soul
All in his small, square face. What glowing, rare.
And eager joy it is! Upon his high.
Poor ridge of shoulder—work of endless care—
Hangs a lace collar, in abundant fall,
Adjusted by some piteous, loving eye
That would not see the shoulders stooped at all.
BOSTON, MASS (Illst, p. 512)

College Graduates.

This additional list of college graduates is sent by Mrs. S. A. Dacy of East Boston, who has so often placed the News under obligations for eastern items.

Bowdoin, 1895, George L. Kimball of Waterford, Maine. (not found in history.)

Bowdoin, 1895, Walter S. A. Klimball of Portland, Main*. (Do not find in history)

Williams, 1895. Frederick P. Kimball.

Brown University, 1895. Hazen Kimball. (Fam. Hist. p. 892.)

Mass. Inst. Tec'.nolegy, 1994. Joseph H. Kimball, West Newton, Mass. 1898. Elwell F. Kimball, Newburyport, Mass. 1898. Walter E. Kimball, Roybury, Mass.

1898, Walter E. Kimball, Roxbury, Mass. 1899, Fred L. N. Kimball, Newton, Lower Falls, Mass. All with degree of B. S. Not in History.



Another Alaska Letter,

[SEE NEWS PP. 330 AND 341.]

RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE, OFFICE OF CHIEF CLERK.

St. Michael, Alaska,

October 16, 1899.

My Dear Miss Kimeall:—Your nice letter was received some time ago. I take this last opportunity of the season to answer it. By that I mean the last opportunity to send a letter out by a steamer. The last Alaska Commercial Co. steamer (the Portland) left at daylight this a. m. The Homer is expected in tonight and will take out the last mail. Everything is deserted around here today and we begin to realize that we are getting down to a winfer basis. There are about forty people in the house now besides the servants. Quite a large tamily is 'nt it? Five of the men lave their wives here. We all sit down to our meals at the same time to three large tables.

We have no snow on the ground here at present, although we had some a month ago, but the hills across on the mainland

have been white since the 15th of September.

I returned the other day from Nome which makes my fifth trip over there this season. It is a wonderful town in many ways and promises to have a population next summer of 15,000 or 20,000. The gold output this year has been probably two million, but they have only scratched the ground. Nome is a very good place to stay away from at present for two reasons, the first of which is an epidemic of typhoid fever and the second is a scarcity of fuel and provisions. There were four deaths in twenty-four hours from typhoid while I was there. Coal was selling for \$100 a ton, and lumber from \$200 to \$250 per M. Eggs were \$40 a case and flour \$10 a cwt. Ham and eggs in a restaurant cost \$2, and a beefsteak to order from \$2 up. The loss of the Laurada which was wrecked on St. Georges Island was a calamity for the town as she had 800 tons of provisions on board for Nome. This town had in the neighborhood of 5,000 people when I left and will probably have 29,000 next snmmer. I met the members of the family of J. S. Kimball Co. over at Nome and found them very pleasant people and I think they will do a big business there next season.

I am unable to answer question about the ink freezing in a fountain pen as I have not used my fountain since I came up here and besides it hasn't been cold enough any way to freeze much of anything yet. In regard to employment up here for your friend there is nothing at my disposal except perhaps a contract or two this winter for extra service. As for advising



him to come up here to take his chances I positively will not advise any one to come up here. He might get along all right and make money but I have seen sights this summer that would almost make a marble statue weep. I have seen men who a few short months ago had good health and certainly some money, or they couldn't have got up here, sent home at the expense of the government, broken in pocket-book and broken in health, some of whom were fed to the fishes on the down trip. On the other hand there is money to be made up here by men with the proper amount of grit and hardihood to stand the clinate. As for myself on the score of health I have gained about twenty pounds. However I don't know what I shall think of it about spring. I may want to get out on the first boat.

We hope to get some mail in here this winter but may be disappointed; it will have to come via Dawson and Circle if it does.

Yours very truly.

FRED G. KIMBALL.

Capt. F. M. Kimball of Topeka, is an active member of Lincoln Post, G. A. R., as well as of the Son of the American Revolution. He is also one of the marshals and rides a big horse whenever a big parade is in order, like the one that received Gen. Funston.

Misses Florence and Martha Kimball recently took a respite from their work on the Topeka Evening State Journal, and spert a week with relatives in Denver. As it was their good fortune to take a daily spin behind one of the finest teams in the city—prize winners every time—they enjoyed the vacation highly.

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Charles N.Kimball [Hist. p. 796] who writes an interesting letter to be found elsewhere, sends us an exquisite " '99 Class Book" published by the senior class of Phillips Andover Academy. It is filled with splendid half-tones, and Charles Nathaniel's is about the best looking of the lot. A slight sketch of each student is given, followed by a list of positions that he fills. Under his we find; Means Prize Speaker, Class Prophet, President of Forum, Captain Track Team, Philo-Forum Debater, Manager of Class Book, President of the School, and Leader of Cheering Staff. A young man who does not sink under such a weight ought to make a good lawer. He is now in Harvard with the law in view. He has thanks and the best wishes of the News.



Return of the 20th Kansas Regimnt.

Oh, yes, they come, they come! Garlands for every shrine; Strike lyres to greet them homb, Bring roses from the home.

Swell, swell the bugle's note
Through the blue triumphant sky.
Let the eagle's song salute
The sons of victory.

With the offering of bright blood
The have honored flag and home.
Mountain and field and flood,
O, yes, they come, they come.

Sing it where the sunflowers wave.

And by the glittering sea.

And o'er each hero's grave.

Sing, sing our jubilee.

Mark you the flashing guns
And the searchlights of the deep.
The resistless Kansas sons
Like gods of battle sweep.

Each hath full glory won
Maid greet thy lover home;
Mother, see thy proud son.
Oh. yes, they come, they come!

Who murmured of the dead?

Hush. boding voice, we know
That many a shining head
Lies in his glory low.

Breathe not those names today.

They shall have their praise ere long.
And the power all hearts to sway
In ever-burning song.

Bring flowers to entwine,
And hail the brave boys home!
Bring wreaths for every one,
Oh. yes. they come, they come!

-F. M. KIMBALL.



A Generous Giver.

Mrs. S. A. Dacy of South Boston - No. 2278 Fam. Hist, and page 344 Fam. Nuws) sends us a number of clippings regarding the generous gifts made to the Boston Public Library by Wm. C.Todd. She thinks, and others will agree, that he deserves a larger space than is given him on page 226 of the Family History.

William Cleaves Todd of Atkinson, N. H., is the son of Betsey (Kimball) and Ebenezer Todd. One notice before us says:

He has no family and no real estate, and is in the habit of going away for indefinite terms.

He was born seventy years ago near the place where he now lives and is the son of an industrious wheelvright, and as poor a man as lived in the village. His mother was a Kimball of Wenham, and a descendant of Goy Joha Endicott. There were two of ier brothers in the family, one of whom, Francis, died in the south some years ago: the other. Porter is a lawyer in New Yors.

William learned the showmaker's trade, and meanwhile employed is odd time in studying for admission to the local school—Atkinson Academy, it is called. After leaving the academy he went to Dartmouth College, carning his tuition fee by teaching in vacation months. He was graduated from Dartmouth in 1814, and after teaching for a few years in the South and in Candia, N. H., went as a teacher to the school in his native town.

He is, indeed, a worthy townsman. Although he has not a cent's worth of real property, or of any property other than personal, he at his suggestion is taxed \$500 a year, besides his poll tax. The larger sum has varied in different years.

In 1870 Mr. Todd gave 8400 for a public reading room in Newburyport, which he promised to repeat annually. This gift he afterwards changed to \$10,000 outright, provided the city should annually expend \$400 more on periodicals. To Dartmouth college, his Alma Matter he gave a scholarship. Last year he gave \$1000 to the Historic Genealogical Society of Boston for town histories. In 1893 he tendered to the Boston Public Library \$2000 a year to be expended in Newspapers, and promised a further denation of \$50,000 at some future time which he afterwards gave.

Correction.

Family News p. 353, notice of the death of Thomas L. Kimball, after Francis R. should be insert "married Geo, W. Holdridge who."



Supplemental Notes to Family History.

Page 89—Moses Eastman who married Elizabeth Kimball was born in Concord, N. H. He was a sergeaut in his bother's company at Crown Point in 1755 and signed the oath of allegiance in 1756, with several Kimballs, Eastmans, and other Concord citizens. For list

of their children see Family News p. 258.

Fage 190—Carleton, son of Amos. No. 287, should be Charlton He married Polly Heard, as stated in appendix p. 1150. One of their sons R. C. Kimbadi is now living at Remson Corners, O. Among other children were: Eliza, m. — Hunt: lives at Weymouth, O. Nancy m. — Crocker; lives m Cincinnati, Mary, m. — Sampson; d. Medina, O., 1899, at home of her daughter, Mrs. Louella Waters, Elizabeth, m. — Bartlett: lives at Anoka, Mian.

Page 190- News p. 339, Amos, brother of the above Charlton, m. Ruby

Moulton, d. 1842.

CHIDREN.

- i Francis Drake, b. 1820; d. Medina, O., 1856; m. Rebecca Chamberlain. Children: 1, Carrie M., d. —; 2, Charles C., now living in New York State.
- ii Eliza Ann. b ——; d. in Californu; m. —— Harriman. Chil-dren: 1. E. E. Harriman. 2. Emma Harriman, Live in Los Angeles. Cal.
- iii Isaac-Moulton, b. 1527. A sailor, unmarried. Lives in San Diego
- iv George, b 1829; m Lucy Kendall. Lives 410 Prospect street, Cleveland, Ohio. One child, Stella Blanche.

v Amos, died in New Hampshire at the age of 21.

- vi Charles Henry, b in Benton, Grafton Co., N. H., June 19, 1834; nr. Elizabeth Parke, Medina, O., 1860, Children; I. Addie May, b. May 6, 1863. 2, Carrie Eva, b. April 26, 1868. 3, Mary Louise, b. July 27, 1872.
- vii Alden M., b. 1832; m. M. Bartlett. Lives in Knapp. Wis. Children: 1. Mary. 2, Lucy. 3. Frank.

viii Maria Louise, b. Oct. 2, 1838; d. Medina, O., July 27, 1897.

[Note—Mr. Charles Kimball of Medina, O., who furnishes the above writes: I am unable to supply all the dates. My mother died when I was eight years obt, and I was away from home most of the time afterwar ds. I well remember hearing the folks talk about Uncle Everett's boys who had settled in Michigan. My father's sister Prisella who had married Ariel Miner had a s on Ariel Miner who lives four miles north of this town, and a daughter. Mrs. Julia Zella, who lives in Akron. O. My neice. Miss Emma Harriman of University Place. Los Angeles, Cal., has the old family Bible and can supply many missing dates." Here would seem be to data sufficient to enable one to complete the history of this large family. The first Amos No. 296, had thriven children. One daughter died young. But two, John and Francis D., are given as heads of families on p. 190, but in the appendix of Fam. Illist, p. 1150, mention is made of other marriages. It will



be noticed that the Everett above mentioned was the ancestor of Mrs. Carly and her daughter Ella Everett as mentioned in the Nkws, pp. 320-339. (See also corrections in this issue.) Page 655 Ezra S. Kanball, grandson of the above Amos, died recently at the old homestead in Haverhill, N.H., which as mentioned on page 160, he had retained. Entil badly injured he was for years in railroad business in Ohio.

Page 655—Franklin D., father of above Ezra, should be Francis D. as on pp. 360-190. He was the youngest child of Amos. (p. 1150)

We are able to add the following concerning his children and grandchildren:

- i Abble Kimbally, b. in Bath, N. H., March 16, 1838; m. Dec. 7, 1881, Walter Burbeck, Children: 1, Martha Ann (Burbeck), Binghampton, N. Y., Feb. 14, 1855 2, Florence Maria (Barbeck), Binghampton, N. Y., July 10, 1801. 3, Elizabeth Colburn (Burbeck), M. Manlins, N. Y., Feb. 22, 1860.
- Martha L. Kimball, b. in Lisbon, N. H., Dee, 24, 1859; m. Jan-25, 1882, Dr. John W. Staples, Child: I. Charles Wells Staples,
 b. in Franklin Falls, N. H. August 29, 1884.
- Harmer R. Kimball, b. in Haverhill, N. H., Aug. 10, 1863; m. Jan. 5, 1892. Landaff, N. H., Edna Francis McKeene, daughter of George W. and Mary Jane (Ruy, McKeene, bonr in Landaff, N. H., Dec. 28, 1866. Children: I. Ezra Warren Kimball'b. in Haverhill, N. H., April 18, 1865. 2, Etta Marguerite Kimball'b. in Haverhill, N. H., July 16, 1897. P. O., Woodsviller N. H.
- Page 649—Francis Freeman Kimball m. Sept. 17, 1850. Elizabeth Lewis, b.
 Sept. 11, 1826. Children: I. Clara, b. Dec. 7, 1834; d. Aug. 28, 1858.
 2, Frank Lewis, b. Apr. 13, 1857; m. Jan. 11, 1889, at York, Mc
 Fannie P. Moody, b. Feby. 2, 1859. York, Mc, daughter of Joseph
 H. and Susan (Preble) Moody. Child: Bessie Mary, b. Apr. 14,
 1884. 3, Mara L. b. Mar. 16, 1859; d. Dec. 30, 1880. 4, Harry F.
 b. Feb. 24, 1865, d. Mar. 17, 1865.
- Page 837—No, 1875a vii Aaron James Kimball b. Dec. 2, 1876, m. Aug. 1, 1898. Margaret Elliet daughter of Robert Elliet, of Leeds. P. Q. They reside at Thetford where he is a foreman in the Johnstone Asbestos Manufactaring Co. Child: Cora Lillian, b. Thetford Mines, P. Q. May 7, 1898.
- Page 837—No. 1825a ii, Fannie Adelle (limball) Ober, in. July 25, 1888, George Eugene Ober M.D., h. Bridgeport, Conn., where they reside. Children: i. George Everett Ober, b. July 19, 1892. ii. Eugene Kimball Ober, b. July 8, 1898.
- Page 508.—1044-iii Abigail A.Kimball who married David Mansfield, had at least two sons, one of whom was Hollis Mansfield. One of his children, Fannie married Fred Thomas of Whitefield, N. H., and died August 4, 1899, aged 35 years, ten months and twenty-eight days, leaving a husband, parents and three children. She died in Fryeburg, Me., at the home of her father.



About Lebanon, N. H.

BY MRS. M. J. KIMBALL, SUNBURY, OHIO (P. 683)

The population is three thousand or more, and might be six if there were more occupants in those large houses, that are wide, and deep and high. Many of them are built with a wing running backward, and after the kitchen and wood-house came the carriage house, and after that the stable, all under one continuous roof. Dues that seem queer to you? You can see buildings of that kind all along in New Hampsuire and Vermont, as a safe-guard against the deep snow drifts.

The brick house on School street in Lebanon, built over sixty years ago by Robert Kimball, is now owned by his only living child. Mary E.

Kunball.

The Kimball house stands in a shady yard of nearly an avre. There are two wings in the rear, one for laundry and storeroom, another for the steam heater. The stables are not attached to the house, but are connected by a telephone, and the coachman has a fine cottage near the side street. I think the mantel pieces and the mirrors above them were added long after the house was made, and the wings for the laundry and the steam heat are of later years, and the electric light still later.

Right across the street is a cemetery, quite old, and a second part a little newer, and further until the next street cuts across is a third park. The south end of these two last stop abruptly on the edge of a hill that goes down steeply for many rols, and standing there I looked across the valley and saw another newer town of smaller houses, where the workers of the factories live. Not an old house, or an unpainted one, or a loose board or stick was to be seen.

In the second division of the cemetery is a tapering column of marble that hears the name of

Robert Byron Kimball. (p. 198) Died March, 1877.

"Blessed is he that considereth the poor."

In 1874 Byron went with his friend and neighbor. Mr. Gallup to Europe, and while in Germany one day they found a woman breaking stone on the road. It seemed so dreadful to them that they stopped to know why. She was poor she said, and her two sons had been conscripted for the army. They asked her how much a year would keep her comfortable. She said if she had \$12 she could keep some lodgers and live well. What do you think of that, \$12 a year! They arranged to send her \$25 a year, and heard from her at times, and her sons lived to come home and were grateful. A rich friend in New York sent her a black silk dress and she sent back her picture as she sat in the door of her cottage wearing the dress and holding the knitting in her hand. She is no longer living. but Mr. Gallup is living in the old home where his parents lived and died. a solitary man in a great house, with no family, only a woman who has long been the house-sceper, and a dog. Next to his yard I met a pleasant motherly woman, another life long neighbor, and I asked her if she was alone. I said, "Are you a widow?" "No." she said, "I have never been



married." Three single people living in a row, and perhaps more if I had looked further.

Lebanon has a square, something like ours, for the streets go out at the corners and they soon get wonderfully crooked. There is no building on the square, just trees and some seats. By going through the cemetery to the next street and turning towards the square one will come to a long, well built horse shell that is back of a church. Sixty years ago the people came, bringing their dinner with them, and stayed to hear two long sermons. The horse shed was a place for very confidential talk. I went to church, but not that one, and found the sermon and the music very excellent, but the church was not a quarter full.

About half way along one side of the square is a building as a memorial of those who served in the civil war.

We drove one day six miles to Hanover, the seat of Dartmouth College, founded by the Earl of Dartmouth over a century ago, in 1799. We went to a half fail of nortraits, the college presidents and eminent menstature of Daniel Webster at one corner, one of Rufus Choate in another, and in the place of honor hung a full length portrait of the Earl of Dartmouth. We were told that the picture was greatly desired by samebody in England but the college would not give it up for it is of great value. I have an idea the Earl was a better looking man than the picture shows him. He wore knee breeches, and stood near a red curtain and a table with a velvet cover. You know that is the way they used to make pictures. I think a red curtain does set a picture off: if a person did not own it, it might be borrowed!

There was a number of very fine portraits of men who had been officers, or graduates of the college, men whose faces were an index of a noble character, and one of a woman wearing a cap, hung high above our heads. There was no one to tell us who sho was, but I made a conjecture that she had given money to the college. That was the most powerful reason I could find, and even that does not keep a picture on the wall as I will tell you another time.

I had not gone on account of the Earl, but to see Mrs. Susan Tickner, widow of Oliver Tickner who died in Sunbury in 1853. She and her two children went back to New Hampshire in 1854. She lives with her son's widow and walks about and has all her faculties but is eighty-eight years old.

The air was very clear that day, and we could see a long way across the hill-sides, over the valleys to other ranges of hills, and some of the way we were in the middle of a valley, with hills quite a distance from us on each side. One high bold bluff was shown us as a place Byron liked to ascend to see the sunset. Those hills are made of rocks, broken rocks; the trees and bushes, sumach and birch. I think grow amid flinty rocks. There they are to stay. Perhaps Napoleon could have marched his army over them, but it would not have been very pleasant.

Four of us went one forenoon to the Shaker village, in Enfield. The first group of Snaker buildings were empty. There are not enough people



now to use them. You know the Shakers are not Quakers. The are a kind of people who do not believe in marriage, so they gather people old or young to live there, but the supply of those who go is small. I saw one little girl, two young ladies, some sisters, and John Brudford, the head of the community.

A sisker who looked like a walking doll, with her thin lace capover which she put a small stiff bonnet, showed me around the premises. She was very pleasant using their required "yea" and "nay" in speaking:

When we went through the cow stables and saw the large hall-ways with bins of feed along the walls, the rows of stalls for the cows, and rooms for feeding ealves, with bowls to hold the milk: when I noted the thick outside walls with high clean.windows that let in plenty light, and all beneath one great sheltering roof, I thought it was the best place for cattle I ever saw.

This settlement is said to be over a century old, and they have had time to gather wisdom and worldly goods, but their factors a are no longer needed as in the past, and they have not men enough to entire their grounds. Their chapel of worship had become too large for the number who gather in it, so they had made a sliding partition that took off one side, and made it warmer for winter. Besides the cabinet organ there is

a nice piano, for the younger people, the sister said.

Cont is only used in one place; to heat the large dining room. In the sleeping rooms every person had a chest of drawers, about a yard in width, and reaching from door to ceiling. She showed me a room for two men that had a very large closet besides two sets of drawers that are buil into the wall. I was inclined to think those Shaker men had more space for their wardrobe than some men I have known. In the dairy room they had a small separator and a barrel churn that would hold thirty pounds. They sold no butter as it took so much for the family, as she called them. They sell pincushions, emery bags, boxes of candied sweeting or ginger root, and doils, bonnets made of straw, like their own, all at a pretty good price. I would have liked to stay there a week, but the women do not talk to the men, so I should have been out of my natural element.

DAISY HILL AND DEPARTED ONES.

Going south from Lebanon nearly a mile, we turned to the right, erossing a creek, and began to ascend a steep hill for a quarter of a mile, and again for the same distance it was all up hill, but not so steep, and still farther the ground swelled upward until we were on quite a level road with meadows on each side, fenced with stone walls. On the cast side of the road in a large yard that commands a view in every direction, stands the empty home of the late Elisha Kimball. It is a long and wide house with a great chimney in the center, that afforded a smole house in the upper part, and an ash house in the cellar. There is a hall inside the front door with a staircase going up one side, and beneath the stairs was a cloak closet as good as one could desire. And fire places there were, three down stairs and three more up stairs—how I wish I had I leed there when I was little—and cupboards in the wall in every room. The



floor were spotlessly clean and the small window panes which were of imported glass were clear and bright. There were two large front rooms, a dining room, two bed rooms and a back hall, then in the wing a kitchen and pantry, then the wood house.

The barns were, one in good repair still, on the opposite side of the road, where the ground slopes away gradually for half a mile, then is broken by a ravine, beyond which on another road, can plainly be seen the large white house of a life long neighbor. Abel Storrs, who was born in 1807, and is a professor of geology, mineralogy and botany. Some of his pupils have become famous in the world of natural science. For eighteen years Mr. Storrs has been blind, but performs many duties in a marvelous way. He has an extensive property, owning much stock in the Boston & Maine railroad.

We walked through the rooms of the Kimball house, and I descended into the cellar, and found nothing but briefa and stone in the place once full of provisions for the long winters. There were a few apples and late peaus in the orchard, and all the ground was covered with abundant grass. In the road near the barn stood a single milk car, for Lebanon has a very small crannery. I was loath to give up the sight of the place, and as I stepped into the carriage I tried to think that the house had served its time and place long and well, and is no longer needed. Sixty years my mother-in-law lived there, coming as a bride from the the next house a half a mile away. Past the house where she lived as a child we rode, up and down hilts, and stopped on a slope in front of a large farm house, once called the Busswell house, where a small gate across the road lets we enter an old graveyard. While the others read the names on the newer marbles I seated myself on the long grass and wrote this record:

Mareia
Daughter of
Elisha and Tryphena
Kimball
Died Nov. 5th.
1829
aged five years.

Next to this the stone said:

Elizabeth Daughter of Elisha and Tryphena · Kimbail

died Feb. 19, 1838, .E 20,

The next one was

Tryphena dau, of E. & T. Kimball died Feb. 15, 1835 LE 19 years.



The fourth one

Mary C. wife of Otis C. Freeman & daughter of E. & T. Kimball. died Dec. 7, 1840, Æ 32 years.

All her daughters, and she survived them more than thirty years, for the next stone is the last.

Elisha Kimball died Apr. 3, 1873, Æ 88. Tryphena his wife died July 17, 1872 Æ 85.

Robert, the third son died in Alabama in 1830 and is buried there, and Elias at Sunbury, Onio, and the eldest brother Willis lies in Boston.

"And parted thus they sleep who played

Beneath the same green tree."

Fam. Hist. pp. 199-373-683.

NOTES.

The ancestor of this branch of the family was Joseph of Preston, Conn., who went to Plainfield, N. H., in 1764. Joseph was the grandfather of Roswell, whose portrait and descendants, not found in the history, are given in the September News for 1898.

Dartmouth College was founded in 1769 by Eleazar Wheelock. In 1771 it was removed to its present site in Hanover, N. H. It has long since practically ceased to be a school for Irdians and ranks among the highest of the educational institutions of the country.

In our boyhood days it was a popular thing for the young folks to visit the Entield Shakers on Sunday to attend their peculiar religious meetings. Several members of the family of Joshua Kimball, [No. 276, p. 183] for a time belonged to the Shakers. So James Kimball, the grantifather of Heber Chase Kimball the notable Mormon leader at one time joined the Shakers. [Fam. Hist. p. *13.]

The R. B. Kimball referred to above was a prominent citizen of Lebanon, and president of the Bank of Lebanon. [Hist.

p. 199.]



A winter course of Bible Study has been opened at Edwardsville, Ill., in connection with the American Institute of Sacred literature, and Rev. C. O. Kimball has been chosen leader.



Lines On Death.

Shall I have fear to tread the path my loved ones have already trod?

Shall I have fear to walk the vale through which has walked the Sou of God?

I'm sure the chilling breath less cold, the darkness less intense will be,

For light and warmth ray out from love, and loved ones have preceded me.

Oh! sometime, on the hills of God, when I have passed the valley deep,

I'll gather to my heart my own and be with her, no more to weep.

Then, while I spurn not life, but strive to serve mankind and my Creator,

I'll welcome Death, whene'er he come, and hail him friend and liberator.

E. G. Kimball¹⁶, .

Washington, D. C.

Fam. Hist. p. 990.1

Who Was Timothy L. Kimbali?

Fifty years ago the West Lebanon, Me. Academy was founded, and he was one of the trustees, and afterwards one of examining committee. The fiftieth anniversary of the founding of this academy was celebrated last July. Only one of the original trustees is now living, S. W. Jones now ninety-two years old. At this anniversary Miss Anna Kimball of Milton, X.H., rendered a violin solo. We find no record of her in the Family History. It is presumed that she is a descendant of this Timothy L. Kimball. Can any one throw a search light upon this branch of the family?



A Lovell, Me., item in the Norway Advertiser says that "Wm. Kimball of this town, 86 years old, walked two miles fishing and back again, making four miles' walk. He got one fish that tipped the scales at 45 pounds."

In sending this item our earnest friend Sumner Kimball (2448) say of his venerable uncle:

The above named Wm. Kimball, better known in his native town as "Uncle Bill" is one of the stirring old timers and at the present time heads the list of old residents now living in Lovell, (See P. 508, No. 1014-11)



Flora Merrill Kimball, Died July 1, 1898. FAMILY HISTORY PAGES 580 AND 889.

The History of the Kimball Brothers forms one of the interesting features in the growth of Southern California. A sketch of their work is given on 889 and 890 of the Family History in connection with the record of Levi Woodbury Kimball whose death on June 28, 1898, was announced on page 136 of the Family News. In 1867 these brothers, George, Levi, Warren, Francis and Charles bought the old Spanish land grant of 27,000 acres near San Diego, which in time made them millionaires. In a financial way, therefore, their history has been one of success. They had an active part in the material growth of the great state on the Pacific coast, -a state whose future is yet to be that of an empire itself. Then the whole moral influence of this family has been of the highest order. The world has been made better through the influence of the descendants of Asa Kimball of Hopkinton, N. H. His family consisted of seven children, the oldest and youngest being girls. All this family so mer or later, moved to San Diego County, California, but have left compartively few descendants. The fourth child of Asa, Warren Carlton, married Flora M. Merrill. They left no children and she died as above stated. She was one of the notable women of the day, and at her death received the following tribute from the Woman's Journal of Boston:

Mrs. Flora M. Kimball, wife of W.C.Kimball, one of the founders of San Diego, died at the family home at Olivewood, July 1, 1898, after a severe illness which began last December. Her death east a gloom over San Diego, with which she had been so closely associated since its inception. For sometime past but little hope had been entertained of her recovery, and although her end was daily expected, it came with a most painful shock to the whole community, by whom she was greatly belowed. At the first news of her denise the flags in all the schools were put at half must.

Mrs. Kimball was sixty-nine years old at the time of her death, and in the words of a contemporary, "She was the best known woman in that part of the State. Her exceptional genius as a writer, philauthropic interest in the affairs of her fellow creatures, and liberal hospitality have endeared her to thousands, who will learn of her death with the deepest regret. Her beautiful home, Olivewood, has shekered many grusts during the past few years, and few have crossed the threshold who have not carried away flowers placed in their hands by her whose kindness of heart will always remain fragrant in memory."

She was among the best writers on the Pacific Coast, and a contributor to many publications, both East and West. Under the name of "Pearl Victor" she won a 875 prize for the best article on San Diego County. During the last campaign, under the name of "Betsey Snow" she wrote a series of articles in favor of woman suffrage. They were considered by many the best articles ever written on the subject, and were extensively



copied in California papers and publications of other States. She was president of the Woman Suffrage Club and a member of the Woman's Parliament. She had been admitted to the New Hampshire Antiquarian Soelety, and was the first woman ever elected master of a Grange.

Writing of her, Miss Susan B. Anthony says: "I have corresponded with Mrs. Kimball for over a quarter of a century. When in Californa in June, 1893, Miss Shaw and myself were guests at her beautiful 'Olivowood home. It was an occasion never to be forgotten. Some hundred women from San Diego and its vicenity were gathered around long tables under the lovely policy trees of that lovely ranen. Mrs. Kimball has been the soul of suffrage work in Southern California from the time of her becoming a resident of that State, always earnest, always true. She was a leader in the Amendment camusain of 1895."

Mrs. Kimball was born in New Hampshire, and through her own effort fitted herself for the position of teacher when she was but fifteen years old. But even before that she had already written for the press. For ten years she tanglit with great success in the schools of New Hampshire, being at the last at the head of the high school in Concord. On December 13, 1857, she was married to Warren C. Kimball, and in 1861 the young couple came to California, for nine years making their home in San Francisco and Oakland. (Warren Carleton Kimball, see page 580, 1102-ix, Kimball History.) In 1870 they removed to San Diego, which was practically a wilderness, and selected for their home the beautiful spot, within the Himits of this city, upon which Olivewood is built. Since then they have been among the most prominent and esteemed residents of the region.

Mrs. Kimball served several terms on the board of school trustees, having altogether been a member of it for eight years. She took an absorbing interest in education and was a frequent and welcome visitor to the eity schools. One afternoon of each week she invariably devoted to such visiting, another afternoon being set apart for the entertainment of the school children at her beautiful house. She was a favorite with themmerry and the fine and spacious, grounds at Olivewood were the scene of many gatherings of children and also of grown up people. She took great interest in public improvements, and the trees which line the streets will sever remain an enduring monument to ber memory, she having been instrumental in having them set out, and having devoted many days to see the work carried out.

The funeral took place on Sunday from the tamily residence at Olivewood, and was attended by numerous people from all parts of the bay region. Col. E. T. Biackmer, of San Diego, officiated in place of Rev. Solon Lauer, who was unavoidably absent. The deceased was robed in white, the easket also being white, as well as the hearse. Flowers in profusion and beautifully arranged were brought in by friends from every section of the bay region. The services at the residence and at the grave were short and free from ostentation, bentting one whose life had been such a shining example of purity and unselfshness.

Numerous exchanges come to us containing tributes of affectionate regard for Mrs. Kimbail, who was probably the best known woman in



Southern California. Among other public bodies, the School Trustee-Association of San Diego County, on July 6, adopted the following:

Whereas, the Suoreme Ruler of the universe in his infinite wisdom has removed from our midst that noble spirit, generous heart, and indefatigable worker for her fellow beings. Flora M. Kimball, from this sphere of usefulness to that high and transcendental home of the blessed; and,

Whereas, the School Trusters' Association of San Diego County has hereby lost a member devoted to the development of our country and the

education of its children. Therefore,

Resolved that we, the school trustees of San Diego County, mourn the loss of our noble and self-sacriffeing co-worker, and that we extend to the bereaved husband the hand of fellowship, our sincere sympathy and condolence during this time of severs trial and addiction, and that a copy of this resolution be spread upon the records of this association.

> A. HAINES. Hugh J. Baldwin. ADAM CHAPIN. Committee on Resolutions



A Moses Kimball Fund.

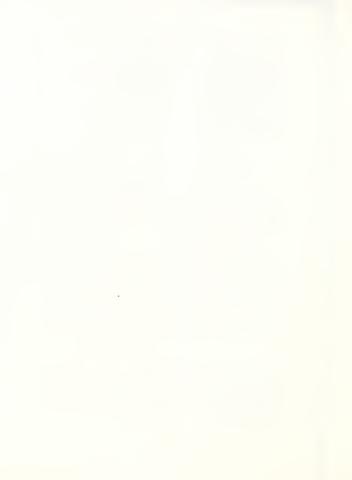
Mr. George D. Hale scuds the following note. The reader of the first issue of the News will recall the incident there mentioned in connection with his trip to California, in 1849, with Charles Proctor Kimball, the publisher of the first San Francisco directory. (News p. 5.)

MR G.F. KIMBALL. North Topeka.

Dear Sir:-I am just in receipt of October number of the Kimball Family News, and I am much interested in it. The subject of your first article, Mr. Moses Kimball, was a friend of my father. He got his early education in Rockport, Mass., where I was born and where my people lie buried. In the Treasurer's Annual Report of that town there is always mentioned the account of "Moses Kimball fund," debit and credit. It is sixty shares of Sandy Bay Pier Co stock that brings in an annual income of \$60 applied, if my memory serves me right, towards keeping some graves in repair. Rockport was the Sandy Bay or Fifth parish of Glouerster till 1840, and so long as commerce rules in our sea ports the Sandy Bay-Pier Co. with its wharves of massive granite should be a perpetual fund. Mr. Kimball frequently came to Rockport in my boyhood. Thank you.

Yours truly, Geo. D. Hale. and the same

A late N. Y. Tribune says a bold attempt was made at midnight recently to rob the big upholstery and antique establishment of A. Kimball & Son on Fifth avenue. A big covered wagon was backed up to the door and a man entered with a key. A telegraph messenger boy saw the movement, and not understanding it called the attention of a policeman, when he called for assistance and the thieves hurried off.



Bright Old Ladies.

Mrs. Abigail Kimball Garvin, of Westford, Mass., will celebrate her 104th birthday Dec. 3, 1899. She is an aunt of Sumner Increase Kimball of the Life Saving Service of the U.S. Treasury Department, See pp. 65 and 193 Family News.

Mrs. Ella F. Kimball Johnson of Boston (Hist. p. 862) writes an interesting note in which she says:

"In our old Branford homestead still lives the widow of my oldest oncle, Jacob Kinball, (seventh from Richard, 1105, page 558 Fam. Hist.) If she lives till next June she will be ninety years old, and she is as bright and dainty an old lady as you will often see. My youngest son went there to dinner and ate his desert from his great grandmother's china, which is a hundred years old. My grandmother went as a bride to the old home in 1500, and said if was an old house hen. In the house is an old home in 1500, and said if was an old house then. In the house is an old linen sheet which was spun, wove and made by my great grand nother before her marriage and marked with her initials. S. C. (Sarah Carleton, Hist., p. 190) in cross-stillet. As she was married in 1706 the sheet must have been made before that date. A great many of the old things have disappeared, their value not being appreciated at one time.

The mother of the editor of the News passed her ninetieth birthday, Nov. 10, 1899, and is in good health. [Hist. p. 902.

The News has received three numbers of the Caldwell Chronicle by Augustine Caldwell, 135 Point Street, Providence, R. I. These contain partial records of several branches of this important family and will probably be the means of unearthing much more family history. A small edition, 200 copies only, relating to the Ipswich branch was published some years ago. This branch was closely connected with the Kimball family as our readers know, not so much in marriage as in business and social relations. A history of this family like that of the Kimball book would be highly interesting and should be prepared. We understand this to be the purpose of Mr. Caldwell and he has others amply able to assist him. Those who do not may regret it when too late as was the case with hundreds of the Kimball family after their history was published. The News wishes to assist Mr. Caldwell in his work as a partial return for favors received from him and his family.

and the same

Charles Dean Kimball of Providence, R.I., who made something of a sensation in the Rhode Island legislature by refusing to accept "grab-money" as related on page 300 of the News, was brought out as candidate for mayor at the late election, and carried two wards of the city. While not elected he commanded such strength as to show a strong public protest against corrupt political methods.



The Youngest Judge.

Miss Ella Everett Cady of Port Huron, Mich., writes:

In your last letter you said you were once detained near Port Huron on second of fog. Possibly you may have had the pleasure (?) of listening to our fog horn. If so it may interest you to know that the man who runs the "Light House" and blows the horn is a Kimball. When time permits I mean to call and see if they are consins.

She also sends us a copy of a New York paper called "Success" from which we take the following concerning one of her

brothers:-

A police justice, twenty-three years old, just five feet, two inches in height, and weighing one hundred and twenty pounds feare of the unique figures in Michigan politics. Burt D. Cade was admitted, the her on his twenty-first bleirhday ind, as soon after that date as they are greatered election, he was nominated and elected a police justice in Prof. Incompared and elected a police justice in Prof. Incompared and prof. In the pro

The career of Judge Cady shows that success is within the grasp of every young man who has energy and concentration of purpose. At the age of nine he commenced to battle with the world. At that time, he carried newspapers, and since then he has easily provided for all his wants. Among his customers were some of the prominent lawyers of the cty; and at the early age of ten. But became ambitious to be an attorrer, too.

Once having fixed his eye on the goal, he allowed nothing to direct his gaze. He entered a law office at inheren, studied while boys twice his size played, and, on the very day he was twenty-one years old, parsed an examination which enabled him to write "attorney-at-law" after his name.

He then became interested in the great field of politics. He originated and was elected president of the municipal league of Republican clubs of Port Huron having one thousand five hundred members; is seer-tary of the Blaine Club, the most prominent political organization of the "Fighting Seventh" congressional district of Michigan, and his election as secretary of the Republican state league has brought him in contact with many leading politicians.

The people of Port Hirron regard Judge Cady as a genius and a min of destiny. They are exceedingly proud of him. No banquet or public meeting of any sort is complete without his presence, and his speeches give evidence of wit and humor which have attracted attention all over the state. When responding to tonsts he stands on a chair so that every-body in the room can see him. The Detroit papers have named him "Channey M. Depew's pocket edition."

It is the intention of Port Huron' citizens to send Judge Cady to Congress, as soon as he is old enough. He will make one of the quaintest and brightest figures in Washington.

(Judge Cady is also a descendant of Amos Kimball. Fam. Hist. No. 250, p. 180. Fam. NEWS pp. 320, 335. See also pp. 375 and 379 of this issue. "Supplemental Notes." where Amos should be No. 256, not 275.



Siftings From a Basket of Family Letters.

In whatever form, shape or style the "Kimball Family News" is issued and at whatever price. I shall always continue on your list.

RUSSELL S. TAFT.

News p. 235.

Judge Vermont Supreme Court, Burlington

Don't discontinue the "News." In a little while, when I have time, will dig up support from this point and send you.

Yours truly.

San Francisco.

SABAH LOUISE KIMBALL:

I will subscribe for two copies of the Kimball Family News in whatever form it may be published, in relation to time and price of publishing it. WM. B. KIMBALL,

Bristol, R. I..

I write in reference to the Kimball Family News and would say that in whatever way that journal is published you may depend upon me as a subscriber. Science of the Missing of the Missing

I have received the October number of the News. You can put me down for two subscriptions at \$1.00 each. I think that is cheap as a

quarterly. I receive more than my money's worth many times over.

Wishing you every success. I am yours truly,

A. B Kimbali.. Littleton, N. H.

I hope the paper can be continued as a quarterly or annual. It would be a family calculity and disgrace not to support and fill such a current history. You can count on my subscribing but whether quarterly or year don't put the price at less than \$1.00 a copy per year. It is well worth it.

Hist. p. 720.

113 Adams St., Chicago

I shall be sorry if the News has to be ended, and am too far away to judge its crees, etc. but if you can or do think best to make it quarterly we will agree cheerfully. I would give a dollar a year and will be ready to help all I bare in my power.

Yours truly, Mrs. J. H. Kimball.

Hist, pp. 683-4. News pp. 165-241.

Sunbury, Ohio

Editor: Kimball Family News."

Topeka, Ki

Topeka, Kansas, Nov. 3, 1899.

DEAR COUSTS—I see that many express regrets because of the probability that our family paper may be discontinued. I would say to them, come to the rescue and help sustain it. If discontinued it would evidently be for want of sufficient support in the way of contributions and subscriptions. The paper has been of great interest, prefit and pleasure to the family, bringing its scattered members in closer touch with each other and I should regret exceedingly to see it discontinued. Interested members right not to be contented with the subscription of a single copy. Fifty cents can collat little toward sustaining such apper. If the paper continues you may record my subscription for forty copies.

Your truly.

F. M. KIMBALL



TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE OF THE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT Life-Saving Service.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 16, 1898. I am sorry to learn that the monthly publication of the Kimball Family News is to cease. Those you will continue it at least as a quarterly; in which ease put me down for two copies. I think you ought to raise the subscription price. Very truly yours,

(Hist. p. 745.) S. I. KIMBALL.

I feel I am negilgent in this matter of sending in for the "News" But I am like all the others, very busy with home affairs. I am very much upset (so to speak) by what you say as to continuing the "News," but it had better be done at once rather than cause any suffering to you or any one else, financially or otherwise. (This is my mind in regard to it.) Should you continue on in this line of a quarterly you may count on me for at least six subscriptions for the year at tifty cents per copy. I do not feel like urging you or any one along in this matter as you have been to much expense. I doubt not in the past, which you in the present can not. be justly rewarded, but rewards for the worker many times come later on, etc., which I hope may be yours. Lovell, Me. (Hist p. 1039.) SUMBER KIMBALL.

I was extreme y sorry to notice by the September News that the paper is to be discontinued. If paper is continued you may put me down for two subscriptions. I should be very sorry to have it dropped. I know I myself might have done more in the past toward supplying items and now only regret that I did not. I am now in Harvard University and have met two other Kimball students there. Also a Charles E Kimball at 47 Wendell Street, Cambridge, whose family does not appear in the history. He married Ella Spofford whose ancestor John Spofford came in 1638, and on arriving at Ipswich married Elizabeth Scott, daughter of Thomas Scott who also came over in the Elizabeth, and who was a brother of Ursala Scott, Elizabeth being therefore a niece of Richard, Kimball, Mr. Kimball was much interested in the history and I think you will hear from him. His daughter, Miss Alice Kimball, is a senior in Radeliffe. We all thought it a coincidence that Mrs Kimball's ancestor married a

Scott who was a niece to l'rsula. Sincerely. 11 Conant Hall, Cambridge, Mass. (Hist. p. 796.) CHAS. N. KIMBALL.

I should much regret the ceasing of its publication. I find it interesting from many points of view, and as supplementary to the history. quite valuable. I sincerely trust it may continue, and be successful and approplated in the future. I take pleasure in binding each year's series, as a family souvenir. Whether it continues us a monthly, or quarterly, and is tifty cents or \$1,00 a year, consider me a subscriber in either event for 1900. I trust at some time to be able to add a few lines for the News. on my immediate ancestry, being son of Benjamin Swim Kimball. (Fam. Hist, p. 738; and grandson of Samuelf, (p. 414) my great-great-grandparent being Thomas' of Salem. Mass., in Custom House employ, and directly descended from Richard. I have often heard my father, who was much interested in Family Genealogy, (when I was a boy) discuss to considerable extent the family tree as it came from his father Samuel, which he no doubt obtained from his grandfather, Thomas, when at school in Salem. Mass., where he obtained his education. As children, we were all quite well aware that our ancestors came to this country from the North of England, as supposed, near the Scottish border, from some odd pieces of parchment left in family at grandfather's death, 1854, which have doubtless been lost since. Very respectfully. Roslindale, Mass. RENJAMIN H. KIMBALL.



I feel very sorry you feel it necessary to discontinue the publication of the Fimbali Family News, and am anxious that so much enthusiasm will be shown regarding its continuance that you will be induced to publish it for many years to come. You can always depend upon me for a subscriber whether the price is increased or not, and I think if it is shown that the News has come to stay new subscribers will be a ided to the list. In the News of Jan. 1899, page 219, the date of death of Hannah Bradbury wife of William Gray Kimball should have been given as Feb. 19, 1855, not

Charlotte Kimball, wife of Marshall Thaxter (see Family History page \$86 died in Eastport, Maine, August 19, 1899,

Virgil Dow who married Sarah Kim ail (see Family History page

887) died in Methnen, Mass., August 16, 1899.

Our family would be very glad to hear something regarding the family of John E. Icimbail (see Family History page 310) he was my grandfather Reuben's brother. We know that he married Lucy Heater of Lancaster, N. H., and that children were born to them, but all further trace of the family is lost. As far as the Family History goes, you will see that the record is lost with his birth.

Again expressing my earnest desire that the News will be published for many years to come. I wish to say that I have appreciated it and enjoyed it very much and am willing to do whatever I can to aid in its continnance. Very truly yours.

ADDIE J. P. KIMBALL Lawrence, Mass.

(See Ada J. P., p. 887.)

A Kimball Scheme

The San Francisco Chronicle of Nov. 13, says:

J. S. Kimball company, a San Francisco shipping concern, has inaugurated a scheme which may revolutionize Cape. Nome beach mining. It is a project to have returning vessels take beach sand for bailast and have the gravel treated for gold in San Francisco. The steam schooner Aloha, which arrived a few days ago from Nome, carries fifty tons of beach gravel ballast in her hold.

John H. Ballock one of the managing owners, says: "We are taking it to San Francisco where it can be treated enemper and to better advantage than at Nome. But for severe weather which made 't difficult for us to get sand, we should have taken 150 tons. Our steamer Albion will probably bring 200 tons of sand. She is en route from Cape Nome to San Francisco."

Snould the Aloha's venture prove profitable, the spectacle of a fleet of vessels taking sand ballast from Cape Nome beaches will be witnessed next summer. Bullock stated that he believed the Aloha's sand would assay \$100 a ton

In this connection note the letter in another place from Fred G. Kimball of St. Michaels, to Sarah Louise Kimball of San Francisco. Also closing paragraph of a former letter on page 342 of News.



VACATION.

When vacation time coloes And you leave Boston town. (So famed for its baked beaus) Or from towns all around. Just pack up your grip And jump on a train. Forgetting your troubles Till you're back again.

Should you think to go To New Hampshire's high hills. For fresh mountain air To get quite your fill. Old Meredith's the place, With its scenery so fa.r. Ballard House is the inn To stop at while there.

If you wish to go fishing Or row on the lake. Just go to the village, A boat you can take Wankewan is good water. With pickerel and perch: You'll need good eye glasses It's bottom to search.

If a bass you should find Why you're in good luck. Pray don't lose your mind. But muster up pluck: Put bait on your hook And pull up a stone. Tell the biggest fist story That ever was known.

If mountains to climb Is just quite your forte. Drive to Ossinee Park, You'll find it the sort. With stout Alpine stick Can'st accomplish the feat. At the famous Crow's Nest You'll soon find a seat.

The scene far around Is grand and sublime. Its beauties to match I would be hard to find. Then down at the base Are the beautiful falls, Where we sat down

And were photographed all.

The chasm is bridged By an iron span. Where Chamberlain escaped From the savage red man. The walk by the stream And the "Maid of the Mist." Where Whittier wrote, Whose pen is now missed.

The sweet rustic bridges Whose names are all girls. Set all of our hearts Into romatic whirls. If ever you come To this spot again. Be sure and look back For your registered name.

Shepherd Hill is a drive Which you must not miss. The view from Asquam House Is most grand all insist. Its equal in Europe's Most hard to compare. With Squam lakes and mountains Of Nature most fair.

Winnipesaukee's the lake. With its beautiful isles. And fishing galore Its patrons beguile. Take steamer and speed Around its bright shore. And when you return You'll still wish for more.

Now when, kind friends. Our vacation is o'er. And we return to our work, Let our thoughts. I implore. Remember the games. And hop on the green. Ballard house on the hill By moonlight is seen.

Our host and our hostess Are good ones to meet. At their bountiful table You're sure of a seat. If again you come up To have a good time. Remember friend Ballard. August, eighteen ninetv-nine. B. H. KIMBALL.







Pg. 1-16, ok.

Unconscious Cerebration in Ilistory.

AN ADDRESS

READ BEFORE THE

Kansas Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

AT THE STATE HOUSE, TOPEKA, KANSAS, APRIL 19, 1899.



This paper was read before the Kansas Society of Sons of the American Revolution not without some doubts as to its reception, and hence the applicate with which is opened and which is retained. The paper did not fail to meet with some criticism, but not altogether as expected. The greatest and almost only objection made has been that Gen. John A. Logan was given some credit for the abolition of slavery that more properly belonged to William Lloyd Garrison, Wendell Phillips and Charles Sumner. There is a shade of humor in this criticism. The failure to comprehend the thought of the writer is evident. Not a particle of approval of Logan's antebellum course was intended llis well defined record on the slavery question was thought to afford a pertinent illustration of "unconscious cerebration" in United States History. John A. Logan, in and out of Congress, and until some months after the breaking out of the civil war, had been a most subservieut tool of the slave power. He was probably more responsible for the so called "Black Laws" of Illinois than any other one person. The extremists of the south had been give ample reason to believe that he was and would remain in sympathy with their cause. It



was supposed that he represented a very considerable northern element. He made no attempt to correct this impression until weeks and even months after such democratic leaders as Stanton and Douglas had declared their devotion to the Union

Very few are now ignorant of the fact that at the ontbreak of the war Logan's sympathies were all with the south, and that it was only after the most persistent efforts on the part of Stephen A. Douglas, in which he exhausted argument and even threats that Logan was induced to declare for the Union. Even then room is left for a possible ungenerous suspicion. No one imagined the war would be so serious. It was predicted that it would be over in ninety days. Douglas was the great democrat of the state. Logan stood next in order of precedence. Douglas died June 3 unexpectedly. This left a vacance in the United States Senate. What influence this had may not be known. But the Rubicon once crossed, Logan threw his whole soul into the Union cause, It was not his nature to do otherwise. He dazzled the army and the country by his dash and vigor, but, according to the evidence of the late C.A. Dana, in papers recently pub ished, written while he was assistant secretary of war. and while with Grant at Vicksburg. Logan was greatly overrated if not as a fighter, certainly as a leader, in any such sense as Grant or Lee were leaders.

We admit having little admiration for the class of men to which Logan belonged. He had little of that devotion to principle that gave character to Wendell Phillips on the one extreme, and Wm. L. Yancey on the other. He was simply a machine politician and a machine soldier .-- a gattling gun soldier if one chooses. But he had no such qualities as go to make the memory of Lin soin and Graut and Robert E. Lee a benediction to all, both north and sonth, who are willing to let the past rest in peace.

No merit is claimed for this paper. If there is anything of value herein. it appears in the effort to show that the struggle in which we are now engaged. was not songut by this nation, but that, once involved, any turning back would be cowardly, if not infamous. There are those who saw only virtue in the interference of this nation to prevent the extirpation of the Cuban people.

Some of these men are now lining up in history alongside the tories of the revolution and the blue light federalists of the second war with tirest Britain. Instead of peace their influence has been to prolong the war. Many tories were good men; many blue light federalists were sincere and honest many "Anti-Imperialist Leaguers" are now just as sincere. Perhaps they may yet come to see that they are just as mistaken now as their protypes were in their days. They fail to tell how, or when, or where a halt could have been made. Humanity's call in the Philippines was as urgent as that in Cuba, and in both it is probably slight as compared with that which may soon come to usunless Asia is saved from the ravishment of continental Europe. It at least seems possible that it may be the destiny of England and America to prevent this in the name of humanity. If this shall prove to be the result we shall find the subject of this paper illustrated anew, and again realize the truth of what our own "hosquill" has expressed when hes ays:

> Have destine a that take them-That bear them in, not knowing why or how

Atmosta fautty News, Genealogical and Historical Monthly, South that you



"How often do events, as if by chance, come unexpectedly to pass, for which not one had even dared to hope."—Terenve.

As the dimensions of the tree are not always regulated by the size of the seed, so the Consequences of things are not always proportionate to the apparent magnitude of those events that have produced them. Thus, the American Revolution, from which little was expected, produced much; but the French Revolution from which much was expected, produced little—Follon



MR. PRESIDENT AND GENTLEMEN: "

On this anniversary of the battle of Lexington, as well as that of the declaration of peace that followed the close of the seven years of wer, naturally it might be expected that any address delivered before this Society would dwell largely upon the events pertaining to the opening days of the American Revolution. Certainly this would be most appropriate, but as there are others present who will do full justice to the anniversary occasion. I purpose leaving that field to them alone.

I have preferred to touch upon some other phases of more general history, cherishing a hope that possibly some profit may result in view of the existing condition of affairs in our own young, but history making country.

Permit me to add, however, at the very outset, that I do not feel absolutely secure in the position I have taken, or to be more definite, in some of the illustrations that I have attempted.

If, therefore, any apology were necessary for any portion of this paper, I prefer to make it at the beginning. I say this because I do not expect it to meet the approval of all. Then, it is possible, that by a stretch of the imagination, if one be so disposed, it may appear to trench upon the forbidden ground of both politics and religion So I wish to aver at this time, that in any sense that reasonably can be contemplated by our constitution or rules, nothing of the kind is intended.

Really I have no thought that there can be any intent to debar allusion to either religion or politics, in the liberal use of these terms, in papers or discussion that may come before this society. In saying this much if I could have the least reference to dogmatic sectarianism, in the one case, or to partisan bigotry in the other, there could be no doubt of its being a violation of the spirit of this society. But such is not the ease.

As a matter of fact religion, in some form is, and always has been the handmaid of civilization. Yes, more, it is in fact the handmaid of barbarism the stage rest lower than that of a crude civilization.

So, too, politics is in truth the handmaid of government, even in governments of low order, unless every person or subject is absolutely subservient to the will of one ruler. The higherthe form of government the more of politics there must be in it, such real politics being the science of government itself.

Now do not imagine that I propose an essay upon these subjects, not even in the highest sense of the term. I have simply made this introduction in order, perhaps to disarm possible criticism.



Now all this is history, one phase of history, the most common phase of history. But it is not higher history. It is not a record of that subtile growth of humanity from a lower to a higher life that we call civilization, such as cannot easily be portrayed in words. It is surface or primary history. It is not the philosophy of history, which is not the philosophy of history, which is about all there is to history beyond the quality it possesses of affording interest and amasement to the reader, and little if any real worth to the thorough student. There is more to history than mere romance.

A bit of eanvas and a variety of pigments do not constitute a picture. The eanvas may be finely wrought and the colors brilliant in their intensity, therefore interesting and attractive, but there is no artistic spirit seen until the artist has added his skill. So it is with historic canvas. The groundwork and the coloring must be such that great principles underlying national growth shall stand out to be seen and read in the ages vet to come. To write such history admits of no prevarigation, no duplicity, no prejudice, but a devotion to truth, with the rare ability to analyze authorities and comprehend motives and purposes not always capable of explanation. There have not been many such writers of history,

It is said that an English lord once remarked to his son whose duty was to entertain his invalid father; "Read me no history. It is all, all false." The different lights in which historians portray the working out of events, and the part that man takes in that work, are often so contradictory that no one need wonder that men like this Eng. lish noble are found to distrust all written history. Evidently the greatest task of the impartial historian is not the mere writing of facts, but the work of slifting the true from the faise.

Some of the best writers have held that the historian ought only to state facts leaving the conclusions to be drawn from them to the student alone. If this were done oftener there would be less sifting to do on the part of later historians, and less of prejudice be engendered.

At a recent meeting of this association I took occasion, briefly to comment upon some features of American history as we have it—this surface history to which I have referred, and to comment upon the injustice done to some heroes of the American Revolution, and to enter complaint at the undeserved honors heaped upon some who were not heroes.

It was in this connection that our fellow associate, Mr. Scott, remarked, that, after all, it is not so material that just credit be given to the indiidual, as to know that the principle involved in the issue has been gained. With this proposition we cheerfully agree.

It is a mooted question among historians, whether it is man who makes history or history that makes the man. I shall not attempt to discuss it in any way. In the philosophic sense man sinks into nothingness in either case. The man is nothing, the principle everything. But what is the principle, and why do we stop to deal with the individual? These are the questional now wish to consider.



Whatever may be said as to the creation of history. I mean that living essence of progressive civilization—the individual is the instrument used, consciously or uncon-cously, by God. Fate. Providence, or whatever term may be used todesignate that unseen and incomprehensible power that controls the universe, and directs the destinies of nations often times into channels least expected by the most astute, the most righteous, and supposedly the most inspired of men.

It this position is sound, it then does become, in reality, a matter of importance whether the individual, living or dead has the credit he deserves. The living man may be supposed to act under ordinary circumstances, up to his convictions of duty, and on a line parallel with his general intelligence. whether it be Nebuchadnezzar feeding upon grass, Simeon Stylites wasting thirty years upon a monument, or Tarquenado at the Inquisition. But whether honest of purpose, or not, the follies and errors of the dead are to be avoided as well as those of the living. The men from whom we expeet heroic deeds have a right to believe that the honors they win will not be stolen by others. The dead are the models to which the living look as worthy to be copied, or as examples to be shunned. It is important, therefore, that we have a correct estimate of those who take in active part in the making of history, not entirely as a matter of justice to them, but for the benefit of the existing generation. The light of the past is the guiding star of most people, and if it be a faise or distorted light it is not strange that many are led astray.

Now if there is anything to this point. I wish to illustrate it further by a few examples. At the meeting of this society above referred to I briefly mentioned the fact that nearly all our written histories, including our school

histories, name Horatio Gates as the hero of the battle of Saratoga. I shall not cularge upon this at this time further than to state in general terms; that Gen. Gates was really one of the most incompetent of our Revolutionary generals, and one always suffering from petty jealousies.

His unworthy ambition induced him to cruelly rob Gen. Schuyler of honors that belouged to him. No purer patriot than Phillip Schuyler is mentioned in American History. Whether as etizen, statesman, or soldier, his character was one to challenge admiration. The plans of the campaign to entrap Burgoyne were largely his. Gates had no part in them. Yet ne was able to secure the appointment of ranking officer of the American army a short time before the bat le and thereby to reap the fruits that rightfully belonged to others.

General Gates took no active part in the battle of Saratoga. If he did not sulkjin his tent, he lounged there and left the fighting to his generals and left the fighting to his generals and soldiers. It lis jealousy of Arnold whose heroic qualities had displayed renewed vigor at Stillwater, had caused his relief from duty, and therefore he had no command when the battle began. But Arnold could not stand hily by and see the patriot army waver and give way for the want of leadership, and so as a volunteer he rushed to the rescue, and he and Daniel Morgan hecame the actual heroes of Saratoga.

The pusillanimity of Gates made him as willing to steal the honors of Arnold and Morgan on this occasion as he had been to rob Schuyler of merits that were his.

Why, then, were the earlier writers of our history willing to pervert the truth that later historians have made clear? The answer is found in the simple fact that Benedict Arnold the traitor was the hero of Saratoga.



Our narrow, bigoted and sometimes over zealons historians of that day could never persuade themselves, after he became a traitor, to give Benedict Arnold credit for any good thing done before or afterwards. It was all the more aggravating for them to admit that Arnold won the battle of Saratoga holding no official command, because that was the turning of the tide—the decisive battle of the war. It was hard to admit that the traitor Arnold, had in all probability saved the cause of the revolutionary patriots.

But to disguise the truth is not the proper way to write history. It is not history at all. And yet, until within the last few years, at least, our revolutionary histories have been full of such conceits. Probably no one can be found, in the least degree, to apologize for the overwhelming error of Benedict Arnold. Nothing can palliate his crime of treason. But there is an old saving that the devil should have his due, and so should Benedict Arnold. He was one of the ablest generals of the revolution, and stood next to Gen. Greene in military capacity and in the confidence of Washington. If he was a traitor he is not the only one who would have betrayed the patriot canse. It is more than probable that Gates himself, under conditions similar to to those under which Arnold was placed, would have been no better. Certain it is that up to this period Arnold had shown greater devotion and had endured more sacrifices for the patriot cause than Gates.

Gen. Charles Lee was a more contemptible traitor than Arnold. Ills schemes to supplant Washington begun almost as soon as the latter was appointed commander of the American forces. But the traitor General Lee had the skill to conceal his duplicity, and until recently, about all that was really known of his traitorons attempts we learn from the slight censure given him by Washington at Monmonth, and his temporary suspension from service. More recently letters from his own hand have come to light wherein he deliberately proposed to betray the American Army into the hands of General Howe and only a change of plaus by the American generals prevented its consummation.

The actions of the Continental Congress were often incomprehensible and no subsequent light has made them quite clear. The patience of Washington was often taxed. Ilis greatness nowhere shows to better advantage than in his dealings with this erratic body. "Friends at Court" appear to have had remarkable influence. Gates was made by them. Gen. Schuyler was one of their victims. Arnold was another, but without the saving conditions that surrounded Schuyler. Despite his great record in Canada, at Herkimer and wherever a deadly confliet was on, Arnold was the victim of persecution and misrepresentation. He was aggravated to a needless degree by his enemies, and that he might have been influenced to some extent by his wife, who was in sympathy with the tories is altogether probable, but none of this can be urged in his defense. But General Charles Lee had no reason for his conduct, except a mean jealousy and desire to supplant Washington. The injustice done to Arnold was not allowed to die with him. Our prejudiced historical writers have always portrayed him in the most offensive light. As a child he is made to appear cruel, delighting in torturing insects and animals, playing treant at school, and growing up in ignorance. There is little foundation for all this His childhood averaged well with that of other boys. His education was fair to say the least. He wrote and spoke well and had some knowledge of Latin. This much at least is due to Benedict Arnold. That he suffered mental



The name of another revolutionary hero I shall not fail to mention. His heroism was not like that of Arnold's before his treason, but it was as patriotic, and was never tarnished by treason nor cowardice. Yet this name is obscured in American History. It would not be easy omitting the names of Washington and Franklin, to say who did more for the revolutionary cause than Thomas Paine. And yet his name has been seldom mentioned by the writers of popular American History. and then as one to be treated with opprobrium. And all this because he was not a believer in the orthodox religion of that day and of this. Unfortunately much of American History, especially that of an early day was written by narrow sectarian preachers, who seemed to have held theories similar to those held by promoters of the inquisition, and so everything necessary must be distorted to serve their purpose. The truth was withheld where it did not line up with their ideas. If any thing seemed lacking to make a lively incident, some myth was invented like that of Parson Weems about Washington and his hatchet. Or Arnold must be made to torture dumb animals, or stories made up of Connecticut blue laws that prohibited a man from kissing his wife on Sundays. And many there are who believe these fictions and cherish them as interesting features of Ameriean history.

The revolutionary period developed many heroes and statesmen. They were by no means of one mind, but while Hamilton and Jefferson differed, no one dares question the parnotism and honest purpose of both. But the great democrat of the revolutionary period was not Jefferson, nor Madison, nor Franklin. Remember I do not use the name democrat in the modern party sense. The one person who had a clearer perception, of the rights of man, than any other of the early American patriots was probably Thomas Paine. Without any reference to his religious convictions, no man of that age foresaw so clearly the possible development of the democratic idea -the right of man to govern himselfas did Thomas Paine. The influence of no man of that age was more far reaching, or is more felt at this day. unconscious as we may be of the fact.

And yet the name of Paine does not figure conspicuously in our common histories. As intimated before, much of our history has been written simply to unveil what the writers desired to show and to conceal what they did not care to make known. If these same writers could have obscured the names of Jefferson and of Franklin, whose religious views were not greatly different from those of Paine, they would probably have shared the same fate. Fortunately for them and for the country, they both were many sided men. They both shone with marvelous brilliancy along too many lines of usefulness to permit their names to be obscured.

But enough in relation to individuals. So far we have dealt solely with what we termed surface history. We might compare this feature of history, and it is about all the average reader understands by the term, with our earthly body that exists only for a time, and then passes away. But as there is more to human life, as is generally understood, than the mere body, so there is a living spirit—a soul in history as in human life. We call it philosophy of history. It is the resultant effects of time and human effort. It is the birth and growth of



events without special relation to individual human effort. It is to this that I now call attention.

It would seem to matter little what the individual does, or whether his memory is preserved at all, so tar as concerns results. Events seem to dedevelop regardless of human agency, sometimes as contemplated, and often directly the opposite The fact is that civilization has seldom been a product of premeditated design. This thought long ago found expression in the old adage that "Man proposes, but God disposes." A hurried glance into the past shows that civilization has stendily progressed westward, first finding a centre in one place then in another. One readily recalls Alexandria. Constantinople, Venice, Bruges. London. It will be noted that these have all been consecutively, the great centers of commerce. Civilization has followed lines of trade, for the obvious reason, that the wants of mankind, supplied only by trade, are the foundations of civilization. These wants consist of physical and mental necessities, which include also the spiritual needs of humanity. Trade meets these physical wants and religion in some form, the spiritual or mental.

In civilization where the imagination is the active mental element, this religion will naturally be funciful. It appeals to the curiosity, to faith, to the love of the marvelous, to necromancy and even to the vagaries of the alchemist.

As the average mind grows stronger and more practical the religious or worshipful idea of mankind, grows stronger also, and becomes more or less based in intellectual thought.

But this is a line we have neither time nor disposition to follow further than it illustrates our subject. At the outset we said that religion is the handmaid of civilization, and that civilization is the event of history. Now,

this handmaid is often, as justice is nortrayed, quite blind. In treating of the human brain the physician will discourse to us about "unconscious cerebration." The philosophical historian may, and indeed often does the .same thing. Heuce he is often compelled to notice how apt the plans of men are to miscarry. It is the unexpected that happens. We have made no distinction between the religious and the moral purpose that has most to do with advancing civilization. There are few men of prominence in the active work of life who do not claim to be actuated by a moral purpose. With a civilized prople moral qualities go hand in hand with physical energies. One writer of political science has said that the predominance of a moral purpose in polities is always a portentous phenomenon under a constitutional government.

Now let us glance briefly at some examples of human development for the purpose of seeing how frequently the "best laid plans of mice and men gang aft aglee."

In one of his lectures on the growth of civilization, M. Guizot remarks on the revolutions that took place during the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, that if the men most active in producing them had been conscious of the results to follow their action, there would have been no such revolutions. Other historians have remarked to the same effect, so that to some degree it may be said that in history making the law of negative prevails. Let us cite a few examples. It will be necessary to refer mostly to nations older than our own. We have ourselves not made much history. We are too young. Probably we have made a good beginning and may afford a few youthful examples.

We begin by referring to the granting of Magna Charta. And right here we also strike one of the faisities of history. It is usually represented that



the Great Charter was granted as a concession to the people. This is the popular idea still, but is by no means the fact. If either King John or his barons could have foreseen results, there would have been at limnymede, no demand for the charter by the barons on the king on the other. Neither party had any conception of events that were to follow. It affords a fine sample of unconscious cerebration in history. It was destined to weaken, and finally to practically destroy the prerogatives of both kings and barons.

Magna Charta was forced from John by his barons purely in their ewn interests. It was at the time a victory for the aristocracy. The people were mere hewers of wood and drawers of water. Neither king nor barons cared more for the people than for their cattle. The king was pressing the barons and they resented it. The barons rebelled. The people had no part in it. They were mere vassals, serfs to be bartered and sold with the lands they tilled if it was transferred. They were without representation in the government. It was a later king who rebelled against the encroaching power of the lords, who took advantage of the provisions found in the great charter which had lain dormant more than a hundred years, and called the people .o his aid to suppress the movement of the barons to usurp the whole power of government. It was not till then that a parliament of the people was instituted. From that time on the power of both lords and kings began slowly to decline. And thus was England's greatest revolution an unpremeditated event. It was not only the greatest of English revolutious, but the greatest known to civilization.

It is by no means our purpose to diseuss the general effect of the great religious Reformation of the sixteenth century, Certainly Martin Luther con-

templated no such results as followed. Even if he had counted upon the build ing up of a religious hierachy in competition with that of Rome, he would have stood horrified at the thought that out of his reformation there would spring up widespread intidelity. And yet this was one result of the great reformation. There is little doubt today that the skepticism of France and of some other portions of continental Europe, may be traced to the reaction of the extreme teachings of many of the early protesting reformers. The simple fact has often been a matter of comment and regret among religious peoples. What may have been the influence of this skeptiersm upon civilization is not for us to say.. Such results were surely far from those intended, but that they followed has been held by many learned thinkers. It has also been observed that this so called spirit of infidelity prevails largely among the most intellectual communities who claim the need of a more satisfying religious belief than is offered by any extreme sectarian creed, and that therefore more liberal and more rational forms of worship have grown up more in harmony with this enlightened age. We instance this as a historic feature neither to affirm nor to deny its truth. but only to illustrate another phase of the points herein made. But perhaps an instance of the kind under considcration, that has scarcely commanded a thought until quite recently, is one that promises to be the most remarkable in the world's history. This American nation of ours that has so startled the activities of all other nations within the last twelve months, and clearly bids fair to be the greatest civilizing and the grandest christianizing power the whole world has ever known, undoubtedly had its origin in the persecution of the English Puritan. It was the Puritan that gave spirit and virility to this nation, and the Puritan was driven



from his island home and forced to a new continent, to build up a new nation the destiny of which it is impossible to conceive. How little was suspected then that seeds were sown that would bring forth, in the early twentieth century, a christian power that would surpass that of the mother country and become the dominating civilizing influence of the earth?

We might here allude to an illustration with opposite results. Four centuries ago. Spain, the most powerful nation of Europe was a center of culture and refinement. It led in comnuerce and discoveries. Its naval and military power was the admiration as well as the dread of the world. Ferdinand and Isabella were among the most calightened rulers of the age. Their statesmen were men of eapacity and their purpose was to lay the foundations, after the union of Castile and Aragon, of a great and benificent kingdom. By no stretch of the imagination can it be held that the best Spanish intelligence of that age deliberately contemplated national suicide. Yet nothing could more surely have produced this result than the wholesale extirpation of the Jews and the banishment of the Moriscoes from the conntry. The one class represented the trade interests of the nation, and the other the skilled labor. It left the country without capital and without artisans. Had it not been for the vast wealth poured in by the new world the national decay would have been far more rapid.

To return now to our own national history. We have not much ripened fruit to show. We can hardly say that the pilgrim fathers would not have braved the dangers of the new world, if they could have been foreseen. They might have done so. They were made of that kind of material. There is more doubt perhaps in case of the settlers of Jamestown. In the case

of our Revolutionary fathers there is also doubt. It seems marvelous now that they dared to rebel. They knew neither their own strength nor that of the mother country. From every rational standpoint the odds were against them. With justice on their side and their lives in their hands they went to batbattle for independence. What this really meant was ill understood when Paul Revere made his midnight ride to Lexington. It was imperfeetly understood for a long time afterwards. It was simply a combination of circum stances that prevented Great Britain from bringing its full power against the rebellious colonies that enabled them to conquer. It is safe to say however that the Revolutionary fathers could have had no comprehension of what the United States would become in a century after the adoption of the constitution. If they could not conceive the material advancement we were to make, no more could they magine the new phases our civilization would assume before the opening of the twentieth century. What to do with the slavery system that had become fastened upon the colonies, was the great problem of the day. It continued for more than seventy years to overshadow every other question, and finally it brought into action a new party organization whose destiny was to effect its ultimate downfall. The growth of this party affords another example in American history of this unconscious cerebration to which we have alluded.

While there was a class of extreme abolitionists who were willing to go to any length in opposition to slavery, we believe it to be quite certain that if the organizers of the republican party could have foreseen in 1855, all that was to follow within ten year from that date, the party would simply never have been organized.



In this connection there occurs another thought along this line. As this whole question of slavery has long since passed into history, and is no longer a question of party politics, we assume that we may treat it as past history. We shall only aim to touch one incident as it bears upon the subtile development of events to which we have so far mostly confined this paper. The slave holding states themselves were foolbardy in rushing into the rebellion. Nor would they have done so but for false-hopes that were held out to them by northern sympathizers with the slave system. Slavery was abolished by war, not directly, but incidentally. It is curious to note some facts in this connection. There were a few northern men of much prominence upon whom the rebellious states relied. One of these was Edwin M. Stacton who entered Buchanan's cabinet, and did more to save the union before the inauguration of Lincoln than any other one man. This was a blow to the southern cause, as severe as it was unexpected. Another was Stephen A. Douglas who promptly declared for the Union, but died when the war had hardly begun.

But there was one other character more in touch with the southern leaders than either of these. Today that name occupies a strange place in American history. Some two years ago there was unveiled in the city of Chicago, the largest equistrian statue in the United States. It was of a soldier who had won laurels on many a heroic field. Perhaps no other soldier had a firmer hold upon the hearts of the people at that time than John A. Logan. And that popularity he retained, especially with the veterans of the army until his death.

He had been a life-long aggressive supporter of the slave system. If the men who were working for the extension of slave territory, depended more upon any one, northern sympathizer than another, that man was John A. Logan. They believed he had the power and they relied upon him to one, with all his devotion to the slave power, did more, possibly no one did so much to overthrown. Not any nor all the abolitionists of New England did more.

Garrison and Phillips and Sumner labored for a purpose. They sought a definite end, and that end was the abolition of slavery which was anchored in the constitution. It might have been reached in time. Not certainly during the present century by their methods.

· Slavery was abolished by war. Logan's influence in abolition was the work of a two-edged sword. He was a leader, a representative, far more than either Stauton or Douglas, of a small class of northern men devoted to slavery, who by alluring promises led the slave states into rebellion. He introduced bills into the Illinois legislature and secured their passage that made any colored man in that free state but little better than a slave. His course in congress was of the same general character, so that the slave power, as it was called then, trusted him implicity.

It is not improbable that in those troublous days, during the closing weeks of Buchanan's administration, the war might have been averted, had northern men like Logan joined early with Stanton and Douglas in defense of the union. Southern hopes must have been checked at least. But great numbers hesitated, and among them Logan. His position was doubtless to nim a trying one. As has been said his sympathies were, and always had been with the south. It is certain that at one time he contemplated raising a company in southern Illinois to aid in the rebellion Later on he was led to



a change of mind. This was through the influence of Stephen A. Douglas, but it was not until the battle of Bull llun, nearly six months after the war had practically opened that the die was finally east. From that time on Gen. Logan wielded his sword for the union cause with all the vigor he had before displayed in favor of slavery. In other words he fought valiantly to put down the rebellion, that all his influence previously had, unconsciously helped to bring about, and with that downfall followed the abolition of the slave system he had so vigorously upheld. With any partisan thought in mind the revival of themes like this and of so recent date would certainly be out of place before a society such as this. It is not easy to handle reminiscent subjects of this character even when they have passed into history. Partisan feelings east their shadows a long way behind, but with a judgment sufficiently philosophical one may profit targely by delving into fields even recently tilled.

But little can we gain of immediate benefit from all that has so far been said unless we can learn the lesson we have intended to illustrate. If I correctly understand the underlying purpose of this society it is something more than to make a fail of the American Revolution. It, and other patriotic societies have more important work to do. We need not flatter ourselves that this age is very greatly different from those that have passed.

There have been changes in methods and an accelerated pare is manifest. There is clearly a difference in our civilization. The quality is higher. More has been granted to this age and more will be expected. An infinity of future lies before mankind. Democracy is in the ascendant but not yet triumphant. Religious liberty does not prevail. The rights of man are not recognized, not even among the

most civilized and enlightened of nations. The world is still struggling in darkness, even though the light seems now and then to be breaking. The work of every historical society and every civilizing influence should lend its aid. All philanthropic and educational bodies desire the upbuilding of the human family.

The sincere purpose of all organizations that claim to seek the alleviation of mankind is not to be lightly questioned.

The greatest need of this age, as it has been of other ages, is a broader and higher intellectual light. "Licht, Hicht, mere licht," is said to have been the despairing ery of Gothe. Such has been the despairing ery of the ages.

if it is true that history teaches a lesson, how then are we to take it home to ourselves as a nation. Within the past year an epoch has opened in American history. One hundred years ago today the battle of Lexington was fought. It opened the fire of the American Revolution. Some thought it a mistake, a terrible calamity. Good men conscientiously opposed it. Philanthropists like Benjamin Thompson, afterward, Count Rumford, could not favor it. Bitter antagonisms grew up not only in American but in England, where strong elements favored the colonists. But these were mere ideidents. They exist wherever conflicts exist. Opposing influences have been present in all our wars. Well meaning opposition. Good men, scholarly men, statesmen, senators, men in high places, are present examples. Their antagonism is not serious, but it is illustrative. The individual developments are the same now as ever. National developments change. The civilizing force moves onward. It is interesting as well as instructive to note its steps.

Reference has already been made to the Puritan movement. That movement was the crystallization of what



may be called the Cromwellian idea. We want to dwell somewhat upon this point, for out of this Puritan movement have grown the most powerful elvillizing forces the world has yet known and whose future is now but dmly realized.

Oliver Cromwell has no place in Westminister. His name never appears among the rulers of England. Even the old Puritar, both in England and America has largely dropped from the popular memory. Yet the Puritan influence has never been so powerful as today. Cromwellianism is doubtless the greatest embodiment of the Puritan idea. Up to his time there had been little segregation of Anglo Saxon power. There is no complete recognized segregation now. But it began to form about the Elizabethan era. It began by persecution and by disintregration. The broken and despised portions were forced off, or allowed to seek homes in a new and unknown land. They built up a new nation with high ideals, religious. political, social. As it grew into power and recognition its reflex influence was felt in the mother eountry. It was accelerated by the liberal thought that had been left behind. The American ! Revolution, not only gave liberty to the American colonies, bringing to them a new and vigorous growth, but it also served to broaden English thought. English liberty surely received a new impetus. Puritan influence had its effect upon the English church and is still at work. In the new America the same English church began gradually to have its effect upon the Puritan thought. And so the two nations, both christian, and both liberty loying, began to draw into close union. As great national powers they were both Anglo Saxon in character. United they were ablelto be the arbiters of the world.

The late Spanish war brought these two great powers together. We need not here go into the eauses of this war. We prefer to deal with conditions as they appear at present and in the distant norizon.

There is much useless discussion in regard to national expansion. The very thought is trifling. The war is said to have been one of humanity because of the suffering of thousands of people in Cuba. There is something in thus, a trifle only.

Apparently we have reached an epoch in the wold's history. As a people we are changing our national policy. not in regard to territorial expansion. for we have always done that as opportunity offered But we are lending our power and influence for the extension of civilization. In doing this we are but keeping step to the music of the ages. We are extending the field of christian influence. It is clearly not the studied thought of man christian recognizes in it the hand of God. Others will say it is the natural outgrowth of material conditions which unwittingly is equivalent to the christian idea. Others say "Manifest Destiny." What ver it may be clearly our duty is to accept the situation which no power seems able to change and bravely meet the responsibilities as they arise. They will not be light. We shall need the highest degree of patriotism, the greatest wisdom and the wisest christianity and eivilization. The very thought of religious and political liber ty implies it. If territorial expansion follows as a necessary sequence, such necessity must have recognition, and instead of playing the part of a Jonah the American eitizen must meet his duties as becomes men and heroes.

The flag of this western Anglo-Saxon nation has been chosen to lead a world wide christianizing movement, not yet within the comprehension of men. It is a duty handed down from Plymouth Rock. It is the more refined



and universal Cromwellian idea of christianity.

This flag is the symbol of advanced civilization. In peace it has been the symbol of commercial progress, of personal freedom and religious liberty. It is the symbol of National and personal energy, of refinement and cultivation, and modest worth.

In war it is the symbol of National power, determination and self reliance. In victory it is the symbol of a generosity and chivalry hitherto unknown among the nations of the earth. The American flag is symbolic of more than all this. It is symbolic of a new National genius,-a genius as varied and novel in character as it is marvelons in strength. Something has been heard of the wonderful capacity of American mind before this. The world saw something of it during the war of the rebelhon. It was regarded then, and since, as exceptional, spasmodic, ephemeral, Whatever the old world nations saw then of American characteristics, they regarded as temporary or abnormal. The last year has brought new light to the world.

The old nations have cherished the idea that no government could be a war power without a large standing army. They have had an idea that any nation would be weal, in diplomacy where no class existed that had not years of aitful diplomatic expersence. Our little war with Spalu has set the world a wondering. It has set some of our own people a thinking. The ability of the Nation to meet these great emergencies we call our reserved power. But in what does it consist? Where does it lie dormant, year after year, until some great event brings it into action?

When the conditions are threatening we are wontto ask ourselves where are the men for the times. Where are our great states men, our diplomats, our admirals, our generals? The crisis

meet it. A scafaring man, generally unknown, sends out a report from Manila Bay that resounds throughout the world. Others destroy an entire fleet, in an hour or two at-legitiago, where skill and daring did far more than Drake and Hawkins did against the same national enemy before the powers of the air stepped in to finish the dedestruction of the Armada. known country lawyer is called to take the helm of State and proves himself the equal of any in skilled diplomacy. Another country lawyer from Ohio, comes up as another once did from Illinois, the first man in the nation, and with a firmness and sagacity not equalled since the days of Lincoln lays his hand upon the unsteady elements. -the jingoes of the Nation, and holds them in leash, until the time for action comes. It is human greatness. springing apparently from nowhere. It is the Anglo-Saxon type of Minerva springing fully armed from the head of love. And where is all this greatness, this reserved power, born and nurthred, and kept ready to appear at the Nation's call? We answer that it is bred and preserved in the greater average intelligence and education of the American people. Its foundation lies down in the christian sentiment of the Puritan descendants. It is born in our system of common schools. It is an ontgrowth of our newspapers and magazines that go into every household and make every home in the land a forum for discussion of public affairs. From this substratum we build that broader education of the masses that marks a difference between this and other peoples. It is this higher and broader education of the masses, conpled with our system of self-government that gives the naturally superior minds of our people that alertness of perception that enables them to meet all conditions as they arise.

comes on and then come the men to

The old fogies of the old world and of



the new world talk of our traditions It is an old world though this varishiy of political traditions. The spirit of the American Mation has due regard for tradition and learns the lesson it has to teach. But it is not to be handisapped by usage and tradition. It meets conditions as they appear. If the American Indian will be civilized and christianized, we are ready and willing to do it. If not, he simply becomes exterminated. But we do not do it as Spain exterminated the Jews and the Moriscoes, the Caribbean Indians: the Axtees, or the natives of Peru.

so we will be able to meet every demand in the regeneration of the Philippines. It is the eall of humanity, of eivilization, of Christianity. We are ready and able to meet this call. We declare this when we raise the American flag over new territory. The promise of the American flag is current throughout the earth toma.

That promise may prove to be that 500,000,000 Asiatics shall not enthlessly be torn as under by grasping and greedy continental Europe. The Americal plant of the Philippines supported by England means just this. It indicates peace, not was

The great English nation has within the last twelve months come to realize all this as never before This first branch of the Anglo-Saxon power has heretofore carried on its christian civilizing work alone. Heathen India and savage Africa have been brought to a higher plane. A century of unaided effort has been given to this work, while the American branch of the Anglo-Saxon rate has been preparing itself for what now appears to be its great destiny.

During this century two notable movements have been going forward. While the United States has been domain nearly all the continental Euro, pean nations have been reaching out for portions of Asia and Africa. Wherever

an opportunity offered some national octopus has sought to fusive its tentacles. It would be difficult to point out a case of this kind inspired by or accompanied with any sort of christian purpose. A thought of a better civilization has had little place in all these efforts. In the case of Spain its colonizing schemes, began much earlier, are too well known to need further reference.

The time has now come when no more really savage or so-called unoconpied or nugoverned country can be found. In consequence every considerable nation of continental Europe is today easting about for weaker nations to plunder, either in Africa or Asia. China seems to be the favorite rictim of all. Thus we seem to approach the culmination of the first movement.

The second movement may be found in the gradual drawing together of the two Anglo-Saxon families. For more than a century there has been a decrease in national, political and sectariac antugonisms. The cavalier and the puritan have met and understand such other better. The royalist and the democrat are not so far apart. The churchman and the dissenter are more colerant. Even the non-conformist has grown to be something of a ritualist. Even the great Wesleyan movement, as event that might in itself afford a chapter on unconscious cerebration in history, had its influence in modifying the English church.

And so there is today more of christian and national unity between England and America than ever before. It therefore we read history aright, there is more in this than has yet appeared on the surface. Not the war with Spain nor the present war with the Fillipinos, can be regarded as a war of humanity in the usual limited sense. Up to this time only preliminary steps have been taken. It is hoped that no more may be needed. At all events it is alm as certain that the utter dis-



memberment of Asia by brute force, with no civilizing and christianizing purpose, will not be tolerated. The power to prevent this will be Anglo-Saxon, England and the United States combined.

The present condition of these eastern peoples is not popularly understood. There is not one, probably, that is not on a decline. Not one is really christianized—not one that has religious strength. Even the Moslem faith in Arabia and Turkey is withent power to preserve and protect itself. Persia is liable to be overrun at any time. The inroads upon China by Russia. France, Italy and Germany have no significance beyond that of ruthless seizure and robbery.

The vast difference between the colonizing work of England and that of continental Europe must not be overlooked. English colonies are remarkably independent. They are civilized and christianized. Arts and industries are encouraged. Trade and manufactures follow. One can hardly recall a single colony of any continental nation that receives any such consideration, while the English colonies have always been more or less under humanitarian influences. Missionary and educational institutions, very different from those that followed the track of Spanish settlement have gone hand in hand with British colonization. Herein may be seen the impress of the Puritan. It may be said that trade and commerce and ambition have inspired British policy. Confessedly so to a great extent. But never as in the invariable case with Spain to the sacrifice of all humanitarian principle. The Anglo-Saxon is practical. It may be that the humane policy is the best political policy. Pity if it were not so. Better it certainly is than the Spanish policy of priesteraft, robbery and extermination. Better indeed than a more liberal colon. ial policy in which none but mercenary considerations enter.

The United States has not been a colonizing nation. Anglo-Saxon America has been more than one hundred years in training as a national athlete, seeking no combats, believing in human freedom, shirking no responsibility. No conflict with Spain was sought.

Abraham Lincoln spared no more etfort to prevent war with the South. than President McKinley did with Spain. No other nation similarly situated would have done so much. No war with the Fillipinos was contemplated. It followed as an unavoidable incident. Altogether this whole Spanish affair affords another probable illustration of unconscious cerebration in history. We say probable illustration because final results are by no means in view. There is every indication that we are on the verge of tremendous events, the like of which the world has never known. We may have no belief in manifest destiny. We may be peace loving as we are. But no people has ever yet been able to resist the powers that be. The events of the past year could not have been avoided. We cannot escape the conditions of the present without opening the way for untold calamities. They must be met.

As there is no course for this nation to follow than that into which it has unconsciously drifted the duty of every American patriot seems clear. In view of all historic precedents and in the light of modern civilization, our individual and national duty would seem to be plain. There is no occasion for captious argument and faultfinding. What is just the wisest policy may not always be clear. But the hands of the government in what appears to be the wisest will be upheld by every clearminded patriot. Responsibilities may be great. They have been great before, but in no emergency has the nation failed in its ability to meet them. It will not fail now.



Kimball-Family News

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Topeka, Kansas, January, 1900.



ALBERT BARNEY KIMBALL.

Family History, Page 940

Albert Barney Kimball, not Burney as given in History) was born on a Kansas farm near Manhattan, Kansas, March 16, 1871. Went through the various vicissitudes of the life of a country pioneer in the west. At the age of fourteen entered the State Agricultural College, graduated therefrom in 1889, the youngest but one in a class of twenty-five and fourth in scholarship. Began life with a fair education, a pair of hands, and a teacher's certificate, taught school for several years in Riley county. Went to Scandia, Republic county, in 1893. Taught in the city school. Bought the Scandia, Journal in March, 1895, and has since published it. In 1899 was a member of the Republican National Convention which nominated McKinley in St. Louis, having been elected from the Fifth Congressional District. Was secretary of the Republican Senatorial Committee



that year and made speeches throughout the district for the Republican ticket. Was appointed postmaster at Scandia. May 8, 1897. Was married June 23, 1897. to Miss Myrtle C. Whaley of Manhattan. Two children, Edith L. and Carrie B. Is not rich and never will be, but has accumulated fully \$5,000 worth of property, including a residence and business house and two newspapers, and never a mortgage on it. All of which may show that there is some chance for the bors yet.

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Of Interest to the Family.

The News is in receipt of the prospectus of an historical with that will be of interest to all descendants of Richard Kimball. It is a history of the parish and church of Rattlesden England, including the parish registers from 1558 to 1758, with index of marriages, with extended notes edited by the Rev. J. R. Olorenshaw, assistant-curate of Rattlesden. The book will contain thirty illustrations. The two hundred years covered by this history included the period of Richard's early life in Rattlesden 1595-1634 and that of his father.

The prospectus contains a fine half tone illustration of the church, being one that will appear in the history. We hope to secure it for a future number of the NEWS.

Martha G. Kimball.

Of the late Martha G. Kimball, who first suggested Decoration day, George W. Childs once remarked, "She has done more good deeds and said more kind words than any woman! I have ever known." It is related that after the baitle of Winchester General Sheridan, riding up to the front and noting the demoralized condition of General Mollineaux's command, sharply reproved that efficer before his men. Mrs. Kimball had nursed General Mollineaux after he had been wounded in a previous battle in the performance of a brave duty, and going to General Sheridan she said, "You have done a great wrong to a brave man." With characteristic gallantry he replied, "Madam, if I have done so I will apologize to him before his soldiers," and he did that, and more, recommending Mollineaux for major generalship, which was promptly awarded him.

A New York Dispatch of Dec. 22, says that Wm. Mutter-42 years old, senior member of the firm of Kimball Bros. & Cotobacco manufacturers at 48 Franklin street, New York Citycommitted suicide today by shooting. He is said to have lost considerable money in Wall street recently.



That Old Reunion.

On page 45, March News, 1898, Herbert W. Kimball speaks of what he called the first Family Reunion, held at Ipswich. June 17, 1884, "attended by 140 descendants of Jeremiah."

On page 79, April News. Mrs. Mary M. Kimball makes a correction. The meeting in 1884 was in commemoration of the 250th anniversary of the settlement of Richard in Ipswich, as she says. She also stated that two reunions of Jeremian's descendants were subsequently held, one in 1883 in South Church, so dear to Jeremiah. (See Hist. p. 361.) Another in 1891. This was held in Manchester at the summer home of David R. Kimball, Sept. 29. (Fam. Hist. p. 949.)

According to the History (p. 362) the first Jeremiah reunion was held June 18, 1880, and not 1884 as stated by others, and in the following letter.

Salem. Mass., Dec. 1, 1899

Mr. G. F. Kimball, Topeka, Kansas. My Dean Sir:-There was handed me yesterday, Thanksgiving Day. a copy of the Kimball Family News" containing what purported to be a short account of the first Kimball Reunion, held at Ipswich, June 17, 1884. The editorial comment upon the announcement of that reunion seems to warrant the inference that the writer had confounded it with the commemoration of the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the settlement of the town of Ipswich by cur ancestor, Richard Kimball and others. This was a mistake, the reunion occurring in June and the anniversary of the town later on in the same year. Hist. p 4820 in August. The confounding of the two events probably arose from the fact that you may gain therefrom an item or two of which you have not hitherto been cognizant. I am pleased to be able to forward to you this account. It is a good account of one meeting, being quite full and accurate. Only nine of the fourteen. grandchildren of Jeremiah, there mentioned as then living, now survive. All of our meetings have been intensely interesting and profitable, and I think all the New England Kimballs would endorse and second the suggestion of Sarah Louise Kimball and Herbert W. Kimball that we have a national reunion of the Kimbali Family to be held at Ipswich. Mass

Sincerely yours, D. B. Kimball.

With the above letter was the report of this reunion as it appeared in the Manchester Cricket of Oct. 2, 1891, which we reproduce entire. It will be noticed that it was at this reunion the able essay entitled "Who Are The Kimballs" was read by the author Mrs. Alice Kimball Hopkins, which was published in the May News of 1899. We may add that the demand for that issue of the News has been and is unusual, and that it can no longer be furnished without breaking the set for 1899. It can be had with full volume

The following is the report of this notable meeting kindly Sent by the Salem cousin, who was its chairman.

DESCENDANTS OF JEREMIAH AND LOIS [CHOATE] KIMBALL HOLD AN ENJOYABLE

REUNION

The members of one of the numerous branches of the Kimball family-the descendants of Jeremiah Kimball who was born in Ipswich in



1750 and who died there in 1831—observed their third triennial reunion on Tuesday last, at the beautiful summer residence of Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Kimball in this town, Mr. Kimball being one of the grandchildren of the deceased Jeremiah.

The guests were welcomed by Mr. and Mrs. Kimball and their daughter, and the company enjoyed the early part of the day in visits to the beach, and in the fine oak grove on the premises, where the entire

party was photographed by John R. Cheever.

There were somevery pretty floral decorations in the house, arranged by Miss Annah and Miss Hattie Kimball. Among other designs was a band of spruce bough in the rear of the hallway with the word "Kimball" in goldenrod, and a beautiful arrangement of hydrangeas in a corner of the parlor, the sitting and dining rooms being likewise embellished with autumn flowers. Lunch was served by Killam at three o'clock, followed by a meeting of the association.

Jeremiah Kimball, of Ipswich, was married to Lois Choate of Essex. Dec. 30, 1774. Their children were Jeremiah. Lois, Ennice. John, Jonathan Choate, Priscilla, Josiah, Cata, Samuel, Daniel, Sarah and Charles. The mother of this family died Dec. 7, 1825, at the age of 72 years. The father died Feb. 1, 1831, aged 80 years. The last of the children to die was Cata, who died Nov. 14, 1885; she was born July 31, 1788. The children lived to ripe old ages, the aggregate being 386 years, or an average

of nearly 74 years. (See Fam. Hist. pp. 361-362.)

The original Kimball of this family was Richard, who came from Ipswieh, Eng., April 10, 1634, with his wife Ursula in the ship Elizabeth. They brought seven children with them. Richard Kimbali was born in 1595. The family descended through John, born in 1693, Jeremiah, born in 1717, and the Jeremiah first named above.

[Note: There seems to be a slight error here. According to the Family History, issued since this meeting, the descent is Richard Caleb2 Caleb; John Jeremiah, Jeremiah, or according to the numbers Richard 1. Caleb 7, Caleb 33, John 110. Jeremiah 289, Jeremiah 667. Then see pp. 658 to 660 and continue on pp. 946 to 950 and to pp. 1068 to 1070. The John born in 1693, another branch Richard John John John The 'exact age of Richard1 is not known. The shipping list of the Elizabeth had his age as 39 in 1634. He was doubtless older. Ed. News.]

Since the reunion three years ago the following members of the association have died: Joseph F. Kimball of Lynn, for some years editor of the News of that city and a brother of Rufus Kimball one of the present editors of the Lynn Daily Item; Hon. Howard C. Cady of Washington. D. C.; Hervey Kimball of Newburyport, Mrs. Mary L. Kimball of Salem. Mrs. George Haskell of Ipswich, Mrs. Edna Ryder of East Cambridge and John C. Kemble of Seattle.

Rufus Kimball read a memorial of his brother, the late Josiah F. Kimball, and Mr. Perkins read one of the late Hervey Kimball. There were also memorials of Howard C. Cady, Mrs. Mary L. Kimball. Mis George Haskell, Mrs. Edna Ryder and of John C. Kemble.

An interesting paper entitled, "Who are the Kimballs?" was pre-sented by Alice Kimball Hopkins (published in May News 1990); a song by Hannah Kimball Caldwell, of Dunbarton, N. H.; and piano solos by Miss Jennie Kimball, of Salem, and Mrs. Emma Sutton, of Peabody, were letters of regret from Mrs. Lucy Kimball Howe. Eau Clair, Wis. Mr. and Mrs. Herhert L. Slade, of Chelsea. Mr. and Mrs. Josiah F. Kimball of Forstmouth, N. H., Mrs. Amos Pettingell, of San Diego, Cal. Luther C. Caldwell of Washington, D. C., Mr. and Mrs. Maynard Whittier of Ipswich, Eugene C. Kimball of Burlington, Vt., Edward W. Cady of



New York City, Benj. H. Ives, of Salem, Henry C: Jewett of Lynn, Arthur S. Kimball, Oberlin, O.

At the meeting, David B, Kimball of Salem presided, He called upon the following members of the family, and they reponded with brief remarks or short family sketches. George W, Heard, of Brookine; Bufes Kimball of Lynn; Charles Perkins of Newburpport; E, P, Kimball of Jpswich; Dea. Charles Kimball of Concord, N, H.; J. Howard Palmer of Eau Clair, Wis; Charles H, Ingalls, of Lynn; Arthur Hule of Winchester; Mrs Alice Kimball Hopkins of Boston; John C, Kimball of Dswburyport; Fred A, Kimball of Ipswich.

The secretary's report showed that there are now living about 200 descendants of Jeramiah Kimball and his estimable wife. The oldest person present was Mrs. Lucy A. Goodwin, aged 77 years. (accompanied by three generations of her descendants) and the youngest was Ernest A. Kij-

gore, of Salem, aged eight months.

The twelve children of Jeremiah and Lois Kimball, whose names have already been given constituted a very remarkable family, in the influence which they exerted in civil and religious life. All of them were derout Cfaristians and somstant attendants upon public worship. They were quite a musical family, the father trequently having onne or ten of the children in the "singing seats" with him, joining in the service of song, while the mother would occapy the family pew having with her the remaining children, and they were always a power for good work. Nor was their influence less in other walks of life. From these people sprang such men as the late Ots Kimball of Boston, Hon. N. J. Lord and Hon. Otis P. Lord, late of Salem, the Hon. Charles Kimball of Ipswich, the ilon. Cleardend Kimball of New York, and his son Col. Edward Cleaveland whose name was as familiar as household words on the Pacific coast, and who started the hirst newspaper printed in "chifornia, pp. 45.

One of the original twelve died unmarried at the age of twenty-four and one other died leaving to issue, while only two of the twelve died under sixty years of age. The oldest, as before stated, was Mrs. Cata Heard who died at 0%, one other attained his 82d year, and four others lived to

be upwards of 80.

Notwithstanding the long-wity of the twelve, and large number of their descendants (1900 or more, still of their children only fourteen now survive, that is fourteen grandchildren of Jeremiah and Lois Kimball. Their numes in the order of their neges ore as follows: Mrs. Louy Goodwin, Miss Susan Kimball, George R. Lord, Samnel C. Kimball, Seth G. Kimball, George W. Heard, Mrs. Haonah S. Palmer, Charles Kimball, Mrs. Elizabeth L. Ryder, Miss Elizabeth Heard, Rufus Kimball, David B. Kimball, Mrs. Margaret Hale and Edward P. Kimball.

The meeting of this family last Tuesday, must certainly have been to them an occasion of great interest and pleasure. Much of the day was spent in a social way, different ones among the older members ofthe family calling to mind and rehearsing to the younger members, aneedotes relating to the numerous and striking peculiarities and traits which have

for years characterized this branch of the Kimball family.

These reminiscences were intensely interesting to every one that had the good fortune to hear from them, the traditions related of the earlier ancestors, and the traits of character spoken of as having been developed by succeeding generations, all tending to show that for more than two centuries the Kimbalis in New England have been a hardy race of God-fearing. God-serving and patriotic men and women, people of sterling integrity and rectifiate.

The following were elected to serve until the next reunion: President, David B Kimball; Secretary, Rufus Kimball; Escentive Committee, D. B. Kimball, Geo. W. Heard, Rufus Kimball, Renj. Kimball, Howard C. Kimball, George Huskell, Fred A. Kimball, E. P. Kimball and Arthur Hale.



Mr. D. B. Kimball has kindly furnished us the following list of persons who were present on this interesting occasion:

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Changing His Voice.

Some months ago the News stated that Edgar Hobart of Oakland, Cal., (p. 1036, No. 2435, Fam. Hist., was in New York and would go to Paris. Mrs. Hobart has now returned to East Oakland with her daughter Gladys, to attend school, and Mrs. Hobart will return to her husband in Paris, where they will remain a year or two longer. Mr. Hobart, it may be remembered, was a notable San Francisco baritone singer. He was induced to improve his talents by study abroad, and for some time has been under the personal instruction of Prof. Sbriglis of Paris, who has changed his voice from baritone to high tenor-"tenor robusto." This is one of the difficult feats in musical instruction. Prof. Spriglis did the same thing with the voice of Jean de Reczke, who now commands \$2,000 a night. Mr. and Mrs. Hobart purpose visiting England next summer and will take in Rattlesden, the home of Richard Kimball, the emigrant. It will be noted that Mrs. Hobart is a sister of Sarah Louise Kimball.

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George Keith Kimball one of the Colorado cousins living in Golden: p. 775 writes: "I read the letters in December News attentively, particularly Capt. F. M. Kimball's. Think he puts the whole thing in a nutshell. Mrs. J. H. Kimball of Sunbury. O., also expresses my sentiments."



Early Kimball Experience in Kansas.

One young editorial brather and cousin C. A. Kimball has a little historic sketch in his Courtland Register from which we clip a portion. On page 7, January News, 1898, and on p. 64, of the March number, mention is made of this family and their entrance into Kansas. It may be mentioned also that the Fred G. Kimball who is in the postal service in Araska, and whose letters have appeared in the News, is a son of R. H. Kimball herein mentioned. Hist. p. 940.

Being situated so close to the Pawner Village, the original seat of the Pawner Indians, our readers are doubtless interested in all things pertaining to that tribe. From the accounts of early settlers in the state, they were not held in very high esteem, but were looked upon as especially unreliable and treacherous, friendly when they had to be, but always ready to kill or steat. Such is the character given the people who formerly held sway over the prairies of this immediate part of the state

of Kansas.

In the fall of 1862, some ten years before the actual settlement of this county, the father and uncle of the editor, J. M. Kimball and R. H. Kimball, of Manhattan, headed this way to obtain a supply of buffalo meat for the winter. They followed the Republican north of Lake Sibley almost to the mouth of the White Rock and there with their team crossed the river, narrowly escaping being mired in the quick sand. In the meantime the Pawnees met them and gave them due notice to go back and quit hunting for bufficioes. On their refusal to do so the Indians scattered out in the country ahead of them, and drove all game away from them. Not once in the whole trip out did the hunters so much as calch sight of buffalo. At length, discouraged, they gave up the chase and started on the return trip, when by accidental good luck, they ran across a fine buffalo which they shot and carried home. Their love for the Pawnees was not at all increased by this experience as may be imagined. Little did they guess that in a few years there would be a home on every quarter section, and that prosperous little villages would dot the plain with churches and school houses in every direction.

2226

Mrs. Mary Catherine · Kimball · wife of Jonathan H. Fish, died Saturday, Dec. 16, 1809, at 11 o'clock at her home in North Andover, Mass., after an illness of about six weeks. Death was due to a complication of diseases and was not wholly unexpected. Mrs. Fish was born in Lancaster, Ohio, 64 years ago, her mother was Mahala Kimball, a native of Virginia, and her father Abraham Kimball of Andover. Mr. and Mrs. Fish were married in 1852. Other than the husband a brother George Kimball of Peterboro, N. H.; two sisters, Mrs. Sarah Pollard and Mrs. Ellen M. Aldridge of Providence, R. L; and six childen, Mrs. Ella Eldridge of Haverhill, Mrs. Ida Genley and Mrs. H; nnah Peabody of Boxford, Arthur of Andover, Albert C. of Lawrence, and John K. Fish of Andover survive.

On page 501 Fam. Hist, a record of her marriage may be found but nothing of her children. Mr. and Mrs. Fish lived

in North Andover ever since their marriage in 1852.



Supplemental Notes to Family History.

BY GUY S. RIX, CONCORD, N. H., COMPILER OF FASTMAN GENEALOGY.

I send you a little record not in Kimball History.

John Langdon Kimbali, born in Hiram, Maine, Dec. 21, 1821; m. in Hiram, Me., Jan. 1, 1852, Sarah M. Eastman, daughter of Caleb and Lucy (Brickett) Eastman, born in Waterford, Me., Jan., 1, 1835. -Mr. Kimball was a representative in the Maine Legislature in 1863. He resides in Poland, Maine. CHILDREN.

i Helen May, b. July 13, 1853.

ii Emeline Hubbard, b. Aug, 25, 1856; d. Feb. 17, 1898.

iii John, 5. Mar. 4, 1859.

- iv Frank Weston, b. June 30, 1561,
- v Frances Augusta, b. Dec. 26, 1865. vi Eddie, b. Sept. 7, 1866; d. Oct. 24, 1867.
- vii Mary Langdon, b. Sept. 5, 1869.
- viii George Willard, b. Aug. 23, 1873.

ix Robert Lawrence, b. Aug. 29, 1877

Page 89-Elizabeth Kimball married Moses Eastman, as stated. For their eleven children see Fam News p. 258. Sarah, the eldest of these married Jacob Carter, son of David Carter. They had

Susannah (Carter)* b. Jan. 21, 1777; d. Sept. 1778. ii Susananah (Carter,6 b. May 21, 1780; m. Abraham Dunkley,

iii Moses Carter,6, b. Aug. 5, 1752; m. Clarissa Poor, He was an M.D. iv Sally (Carter)8, b. Aug. 2, 1785; m. 1st John Robie; 2nd. Jonathan

Ruth (Carter)6, b. Mar. 10, 1788; m. Jonathan Proctor.

vi Abiel (Carter)6 b. May 2, 1791; d. in Savannah, Ga., in 1827; m. Mariah Beach.

vii Ann (Carteria b. Dec. 12, 1793; m. Jeremiah Tilton.

viii Jacob (Carter)6 b .--: m. Caroline Stocking. ix Ebenezer (Carter) b .--: m. Mary Goodhue.

Their third child David born in Concord, N. H., Jan. 15, 1763; m. Ruth Carter. He resided in Concord. N. H.

i Cynthia, b. in Concord, N. H., Jan. 15, 1788; m. Moses Kimball. For her descendants see No. 562 Kimball history (p. 311.)

Their fourth child Ebenezer born in Concord, N. H., Oct. 19, 1765; died in Salisbury, N. H., April 10, 1833; m. Esther Farnum, daughter of Ephraim, born Oct. 25, 1772. The grave stone says his wife was Esther Lyford. She might have been a widow (Lyford) Farnum, or he might have had a second wife. He lived in Salisbury, N. II. CHILDREN.

> i Judiths, b. Oct. 1, 1793; m. Caleb Morrill, and died in 1849; n. children.

ii Charlotte⁶, b. June 10, 1798; m. Dudley Ladd. Child: I. Charlotte E. (Ladd)6, b. in Hallowell, Me., May 5, 1824; m. Oct. 28, 1845. Edward H. Barret and live i in Muine.

in March b Feb. 8, 1730; m. Dr. John L. Perley of Meredith, N. H.

iv Franklin'. b. - -: m Mary Morrison.



Monumental Inscription.

High Street Burying Yord, Ipswich, Mass.

REV. DAVID TENNEY KIMBALL:

Born

in Bradford, Mass.,

Nov. 23, 1782.

Graduated at

Graduated at

Harvard College in 1803,

Ordained the Eleventh

Pastor of the First

Congregational Church.

in Ipswich, Oct. 3, 1806,

in which relation he died

Feb. 3, 1560, aged 77 years.

A fine classical scholar, a vigorous writer, a man of unsuilled purity and humble piety, a kind husband, a tender parent, a sincere friend, a faithful pastor.

When the summons came, catching a glimpse of heaven, he said:
"The gates of the New Jerusalem are opening. I see within the city,"
(Family History says he died Nov. 2, 1860.)

DOLLY VARNUM COBURN

Born

in Draeutt, Mass..

Oct. 1, 1783. wife of

Rev D. T. Kimball.

Died Dec. 12, 1573.

aged 90 years.

Her husband said of ner: "During my eatire ministry she has been my tirm, consistent and devoted helper in Christ Jesus."

"Her children rise up and call her blessed."

Levi Frisbie, son of Rev. D. T. and Mrs. D. V. Kimball, died May 9,

1846, aged two weeks. (History says in 1848.) Augustine P. Kimball, son of Rev. D. T. and Mrs. D. V. Kimball dled Aug. 13, 1859, aged 46 years.

The above is from Ipswich Independent.

200

The New England Farmer of Boston says that Sumner Kimball of Lovell, Maine, recently killed two nine-months-old pigs. One tipoed the scales at 308, and the other at 380 pounds.

[Sumner Kimball supports the News, and the reader is indebted to him for much information. See Hist, p. 1039. News Oct. 1898.]



"King" Kimball.

The following letter concerning Abraham Kimball, (Fam. Hist. p. 169) may be of interest. The writer is a daughter of Hannah Mahala Kimball, who married Mosher (not Moses Ordway, [Hist. p. 679, FNM, Niws p. 108]. Abraham Kimball was the son of Aaron who had settled in Hopkinton. His cousin Reuben [p. 167]settled in the adjoining town of Warner, and his son Danfel was the first white child born in that town, but it is not recorded that Daniel was given a farm in consequence. There were forts in both towns as some protection against the Indians, and it was while going to the fort in Warner that Abraham was captured by the Indians as mentioned on page 10 of the Family Naws.

In a recent issue of the "News" I read that your great great grandfather was the first male child born in Hopkinton. I have friends living in that town, and vhile visiting them, have often passed the spot where the town has erected a tablet to his memory, but I cannot remember the date of his birth, given on the tablet. He was called "King" Kimball because he owned five hundred acres of land on Beach Hill, which was given to him by the town for being the first male child born in that town. A friend of mine in that town was for a long time the owner of a chair used by Mr. Kimball in church as long ago as when they used the "box pews". My friend died this summer at the age of ninety three and it had been in her possession a great many years. After her death many of her goods were disposed of at auction, and among them this chair, which was sold to a Mr. FnIler, a hotel keeper of Peterboro, N. H. I felt sorry to see it pass into the hands of strangers, and felt that one of the many Kimballs in town should have purchased it. Penacook, N. II. LAURA ELLIOTT.

John W. Day (p. 305) died in Haverhill, Mass., recently, are an illness of over a year's duration. The deceased was a son of John and Harriet Kimball-Day. He leaves a widow, three daughters and one son. On page 305 Fam. Hist, mention is made of marriage of John Day and Harriet Kimball, but nothing of their children or grandchildren which it seems are now living. It is by supplying these many omissions that the Næws can be made valuable. Why not do it?



Mts. J. H. Kimball of Sunbury, O., suggests that a Kimball Reunion be held in Chicago, next year when the Grand Army meets there. The suggestion is a good one. There ought to be no trouble in having a large family reunion there at any time as there are hundreds of the family right there or not far awar. Only lack of interest prevents.



County Treasurer of Kings County.

At the late election in New York, John W. Kimball of Broklyn was elected by the democrats to the office of County Treasurer of Kings County. John W. Kimball is a son of William A. Kimball, No. 809, p. 625, of the History. It will be noticed that he is a cousin of Gen. Summer I, Kimball of the Life Saving Service, one feature of the United States Treasury Department at Washington, and both are nephews of our centenarian cousin Mrs. Elizabeth Kimball Garvin of Westford, Mass., who passed her 104th birthday Dec. 3, 1899, sketches of whose life have been given in earlier numbers of the News.

John W. Kimball has quite kept up the reputation of the family for integrity and uprightness of character. He was elected to this office as regular democratic candidate. He is not a ward politician and was not elected as such, but because of his eminent litness for office. As evidence we find the following tribute both to himself and his republican opponent in the

Brooklyn Citizen, of Nov. 8:

"The normal vote finds expression in the balloting for the office of County Treasurer. The respective candidates for this office were two representative Brooklynites, against neither of whom could a word of reproach be uttered. Both were gentlemen of unimpeachable character, whose lives were open as a book. Both were business men of wide experience, and both possessed the confidence of their fellow citizens to a notable degree. Neither candidate made any special canvass, each relying on the general appeal to popularity which unimpeachable character and known ability must effectively present. The figures of the vote for these most excellent representatives of their respective sides are the best and fairest exponent of the relative strength of the two parties. Mr. Kimball will be found to have carried the county by about the normal Democratic majority of about 14,000.

Mr. Kimball had previously held this office and had received the following mention from various papers.

Mr. Kimball is not only a man of neknowledged integrity, but of first class business faculties and an excellent official -Eagle.-Ind. Dem.

The State's Examiner reported that the County Treasurer's office of King's County under Mr. Kimball had become the model office of the state.—Citizen.—Dem.

Mr. Kimball is a good official and has a good record in office. $-E^-D$ Times - Rep.

John Kimball, the candidate for County Treasurer, is a man of nuble:nished reputation.—Herald.—Ind.

John W Kimbal!. Democratic candidate is the best County Treasurer this county has ever had. -Brooklyn Weekly.-Ind.



Mrs. Maria Freeman Gray.

Mrs. Gray is a grand daughter of John Kimball No. 772, page 408. The record of this John is very incomplete in the history, and entirely disappears with the mention of two sons

on page 731, and a grandson on page 1008.

Mrs. Gray is a daughter of Achsah Bridgman Kimball-Freeman, a daughter of this John Kimball, and is not mentioned in the History. It is stated on page 408 that her father, John, married Lydia Granger and had two children, Erastus S. and Francis H. there mentioned. John Kimball married first, Electa Granger and they had seven children of whom Achsah was the third. His second wife was Lydia Granger and they had four sons, the two younger being Erastus and Francis. A future number of the Naws will give a complete record of this large family. Achsah Bridgman Kimball born 1898, married Danlel Sanford Freeman, May 5, 1831, and they were the parents of nine children of whom Maria was the eldest. She became the wife of John Henry Gray and they had two children. The family lives in San Francisco.

Mrs. Gray is president of the W. C.T. U. in California, and vice president for the U.S., also connected with many other similar organizations. Society for advocating disarmament of nations, etc., and travels all over the world on this business, but since 1887 has made San Francisco her permanent home. Her husband John Henry Gray, the first republican judge in Iowa (his picture is in the State House in Des Moines), born in Queen

Anne County, Maryland, son of George Grav.

Miss Sarah Louise Kimball of San Francisco, to whom we owe so much, writes:

Mrs. Gray has two sons, George F. and Harry N. Gray, contractors, well known here as Gray Bros., doing all sorts of street work and railroad building, etc., and their office is next door to the Mills Building, being 316 Montgomery street. The younger son, H. N. Gray, is married and and lives at the California Hotel on Bush Street, the second block above Montgomery, and George lives at home with his mother, at 897 Bush Street, a few blocks further up the hill; so we are neighbors. I called on Mrs. Gray a few weeks ago, taking up a copy of the history, to find her grandfather John Kimball, whom she had never been able to trace, but we couldn't find him, and when she returned the book to me, a week or so later, I resolved to look through all that sixth generation and locate every single John, see having heard he was born in Shutebury, Mass-Her youngest uncle, Frank Kimball, lives at East Hampton. Mass., and he gave her this information, but couldn't give her grandfather's name. So I started in looking for John, and hadn't turned a half a dozen pages till I found him, right in the family I previously said she bore such a strong resemblance to-that of Dr. Edwin Kimball, of Haywards (1559a)-



and it seems that her John was son of Boyce Kimball, a soldier in the revolution, he son of another Boyce Kimball, whose son Reuel had a son Reuel Jr., father of Dr. Edwin Kimball. (Richard, Richard, Samuel, Ebenezer, Boyce, Boyce, John, Achsah Bridgman (Freeman), Maria (Freeman Gray.) So there is a whole lot more to go into the supplement, as her uncles left large families. She will make out a memorandum of all this and send to you. Mrs. Gray graduated from the Wesleyan Seminary in 1852, and afterwards tanght sebool.

In connection with the above we clip the following from the Iowa State Register, published by the Clarkson Brothers of Des Moines:

In a recent issue of a San Francisco paper occurs prominent mention of a big industrial improrement contract just secured by Gray Bros., contractors of that city. The contract calls for the expenditure of \$1.250.000, and for the employment of \$1.000 men for more than a year. Claus Spreckels, the sugar king, is the person making the improvement. The interesting part of the story to Des Moines renders is the fact that the members of the firm of Gray Brothers, are old residents of Des Moines. Both members of the firm were brought up in this city, having left here about eighteen years ago, when they went to San Francisco and engaged in the paving business.

J. H. Gray was for years judge of the District Court in Des Moines. Ilis wife, Maria Freeman Gray, was prominent in the work of the first and Centenary Methodist churches here, and was a teacher in the Sunday schools. Judge Gray died in Des Moines and his wife and sons moved to San Francisco. M=-s Gray, whom many Des Moines people will remember, is now president of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of San Francisco county. Mr. Harry Gray, a member of the present firm of Gray Brothers, years ago carried a paper route for The Register. Both of the young men while in Des Moines were known for their sterling integrity, and as a prominent resident of Des Moines said yesterday, gave promise of the great success which they have attained in their business affairs, as evidenced by their last large contract.



The great packing house of Boston whose alleged failure was recently announced was founded by John P. Squire, whose wife was a daughter of Sarah (Kimball) Orvis. We do not know as the exact status of this great concern is yet known. One report had it that the Armours had come to the relief of Mr. Squire whose embarrassment was only temporary. The Kimball Family History, p. 879 says he went to Boston a poor boy and built up the largest pork packing business in New England. He was the first to institute a fight against adulterated lard. He was noted for his integrity and would only handle the best stock to be had.



Audi Alteram Partem.

Salt Lake City, Utah. December, 14, 1899.

G. F. KIMBALL, Esq., Topeka, Kansas.

DEAR SIR AND COUSIN:-My attention has been called to a letter signed "Helen Vilate Kimball Tilton", printed in the September number, 18:0, of the Kimball Family News, of which you are the publisher. Certain parts of that letter I cannot allow to pass unchallenged, reflecting as they do npon the lives and characters of some whose memories are dear to me, and who are not here to speak for themselves. I am a grandson of Heber C. Kimball and his wife Vilate Murray Kimball, and am author and compiler of the biography, "Life of Heber C. Kimball," published at Salt Lake City, in 1 While that work is not directly assailed by your correspondent, certain statements made in the book are disputed, and allegations put forth which have no foundation in fact. I begin with one of the least important:

Cousin lielen, your correspondent, says, referring to Heber C. Kimball. "His father was not a blacksmith * *. * Solomon Farnham Kimball

was a potter."

The best answer to this is in Heber C. Kimball's own words, taken from his private journal, which says: "My father's name was Solomon Farnham Kimball*** He was a blacksmith by trade, and carried on that business * * * About the age of fourteen my father put me to work in his shop to learn the blacksmith trade." In another place he informs ns that his middle name. "Chase", was given him in honor of Judge Chase of Massachussetts, who had reared his (Heber's) father from a boy and taught him the black mith's trade. He says nothing about his father's being a potter, or of being sent by him to sell his wares in Buffalo or any other place. He does say, however, that his father having lost his property, was left temporarily in distressful circumstances, and that his eldest brother, Charles, hearing of his condition, offered to teach him the potter's trade, an offer which he immediately accepted. That cousin Helen picked up many "stories" in the East respecting her grandfather. and also heard from his own lips during his lifetime many "amusing yarns." I have no doubt. I cheerfully concede the probable truth of this claim. But what are those "stories" worth, and of what value is her memory of those "amusing yarns" when compared with the personal record made by the man himself for historical purposes? That record states, respecting his removal from Vermont to New York (which Cousin Helen has "always been told was in 1809") that it was in February, 1811.

Again she says of her grandparents, Heber and Vilate, that "polygamy broke up their home." How happens it then, that they lived together and maintained that home-a home of love and union-from the time plural marriage was established, at Nauvoo, Illinois, in July, 1843. to the day of grandmother's death, at Salt Lake City, Utah, October 22. 1.66? And if, as your correspondent further says, "Grandma never believed in polygamy, and did not know grandpa was in it until he had fourteen wives". (a most atrocious statement!) why did he testify at her funeral that his plucal wives had been given him by his heroic and devoted partner. Vilate, in obedience to what they both deemed a divine law? Vilate Kimball fully sanctioned all that her husband did in the matter of taking plural wives, and they enjoyed each other's confidence to the utmost throughout their lives. Everybody knows this who knows anything about them and their domestic affairs and is not too much embittered against Mormon'sm to clearly see and candidly state the facts.

The "Aun" Cousin Helen refer: to as "married to Joseph Smith" was my own mother. Helen Mar Kimball Whitney, who was indeed sealed to the



emplet Joseph Smith as a plural wife, prior to her marriage with my after, Honee K. Whithary. She was given to the Prophet in the Patriage at Order of Marriage—commonly called polygrapy—be and with the agent of both her parents, and the statement that the Prophet is considered by the statement that the Prophet is a solutely false. I have heard my mother relate the faces where is absolutely false. I have heard my mother relate the faces where in the parents, and her own acceptance of the principle of plural marriage series of times, and those faces are substantially set forth in chapter in of the "life of tuber C. Kimball." On page 335 of the same book is my mother's personal narrative in relation to it. Consin Helen's "stories," in relation to these matters are not entitled to the least crecience. She is not authorized nor qualified to speak concerning them. A Morono would not be considered a reliable authority on Episcopalianism, especially if he nated that religion and had turned his back upon it because he hated it; neither is an Episcopalian, who hates Mormonism, a reliable authority on

Her assertion that our grandparents came to her father "whenever in fin: neial straits", is repudiated by every member of the Kimball family who has spoken to me on the subject, neging me to reply in their behalf to these erroneous statements. All during his life in Utah, excepting only the early pioneer period, when all were poor together. Heler C. Kimball was a prosperous man, and left at his death a large estate. which was fairly and equitably divided among the members of his numerous family, Cousin Heren's father included. That he was a great help to his father, managing his affairs in his absence and looking after his interests, is undoubtedly true, and grandfather speaks of it and gives him full credit for the record be has lett; true also that loans and gitts may have passed between them, as between any loving father and filial son who were men of means; but if she seeks to convey the impression that her grandfather was at any time in an impecunious condition, insomuch that her father had to help him financially, she seeks to do something for which there is no warrant whatever. Her own father would never make such a claim.

Her albegation that Hells at Kimbuil said, the heaviest sin on his sond was making such a week of her father's life, as he had been obliged to do since joining the Mormons. Is a wetched piece of trumpery. He her C Kimbuil lived and died à devoted latter-day saint, true to the religion he had espoused. His life-long friend and associate, President Brigham Young, said at his funeral: "He was a man ot as much integrity, I pressure as any man who ever lived npon the earth." As such he was in capable of such a remark as that attributed to him by your correspondent. He never regretted joining the Mormons: he never wrecked his son's life hy joining them, or by any other act; and I would stake my life that he never made such a remark at any time or place.

As to his books being destroyed by fire in front of his office door while he was being buried." that is a piece off the same bolt. Nobody out here, that I know of, ever heard of such a thing until it appeared in your columns over the signature of them. V. Kimball Titton. Thave quoted in this letter several passages from one of the books that she evidently wants you to believe were "destroyed by fire", and which are safe in the possession of grandfather's family.

The "insult" that "caused a stocke of paralysis", which led to his death, was an accidental fall from his burgy, while driving at night into the premises recently purchased by him in the town of Provo. fifty miles south of Salt Lake City. The forward wheels going sandenly into a ditch, he was thrown out violently upon the ground, where he lay stunned and helpless until discovered and assisted into the house. He never fully recovered from the effects of this accident, and a few weeks later was stricken with paralysis, took to his bed and died, June 27, 1865.



must of

In making this statement. I have had to waive what in me amounts to a positive aversion—a disilike to anything in the nature of a contention, especially with a woman. I am very sorry that Cousin Helen—between whom and myself friendly feelings have always existed—gave the provocation. I have answered her in the interests of truth and justice.

Yours sincerely, Orson F. Whitney.

NOTE.

We, the undersigned, representative members of the family of Heber C. Kimball, hereby affirm the truth of the foregoing statement by Bishop Whitney, and the falsity of the allegations to which it is a reply.

J. GOLDEN KIMBALL. NEWELL W. KIMBALL. ELIAS S. KIMBALL. ALICE KIMBALL SMITH. JOSEPH KIMBALL. SOLOMON F. KIMBALL.

TOTAL SECTION

Tons of Grasshoppers.

Last summer a party of scientists, whose work has been described by Prof. James Putnam Kimball (p. 743 Fam. Hist) explored a part of the Rocky Mountains in the southern part of Montana. The region is but little known and contains some remarkable glaciers. Referring to this the Omaha Bee says:

Among the glaciers found in these mountains and recently described by James P. Kimball is Grasshopper glacier, which derives its name from the enormous quantity of grasshopper remains that are found on and in the glacier. Periodically the grasshoppers that thrive in the prairie to north take their flight southward and must needs cross the mountains. Their favorite route seems to be across this wide glacier, and in the passage scores of thousands of them succumb to the rigor of cold and windfall helpless upon the snow, and are finally entombed in the i.e. In the course of time billions of them have been the victims of this glacier. They are, of course, carried by the ice river down into the valley and deposited at the melting edge of the ice, and Mr. Kimball says that thousands of tons of grasshopper remains are the principal material at the lower edge of the glacier. We hear very often of rocks and sand as forming the terminal morainal material is grasshoppers.

These insect remains are washed out of the ice in furrows wherever the sun's heat has grooved the service into runlets of descending water. The grasshoppers permeate the glacier from top to bottom. No fragment of ice can be broken so small as not to rontain remains. Most of the insects have been reduced to a coarse powder, and the furrows of them washed out by the runlets and naturally disposed in parallel lines are very dark in color.



Kimball-Family Hews

Vol. III. No. 2.

G. F KIMBALL, Publisher.

Terms \$1.00 a year.

Topeka, Kansas, February, 1900.

Some Ohio Kimballs.

Mr. Will A. Thomas, of Kinsman, Ohio, writes: "I will be with your each year, and you should make your subscription price high enough to enable the press to run. There is only a small wing of the family here, and none of the name, but we have Thomas, Hatten, Glivin, Bush, McCurdy Battrick, Burch, Shumaker, all Lucioda Kimbali's children and grand-children, twenty four sons and dangliters in-law, first and second degrees eleven. We don't feel at liberty to make any noise, but think you should make enough to keep the project booming. (See No. 1710, p. 702, and p. 1033 Fam. Hist.)

There are interesting features regarding the Ohio branches of the family, of which there are several. On the seventh page of the Family History mention is made of the early migrations of the Kimballs. It is there stated that Joseph went to Preston Conn. It seems from p. 65, however to have been his son Joseph. It was his son Joseph! who moved to Plainfield, X. H., and became the head of a large branch of the family, of whom the News has already much to say. It includes the large family of Roswell Kimball, barely mentioned on page 198 of the History, but fully given in Sept. News, 1898. Some of the descendants of Joseph, at a more recent date-removed to Ohio.

But in 1720 John' p. 54. Hist. bought land in Preston. Conn. and moved there the next year. The descendants of this John became exceedingly numerous in Connecticut and particularly in the neighborhood of Preston. A study of this branch of the family is exceedingly interesting. But our knowledge of it is very incomplete, which would seem unnecessary as many valuable records are filed away in the archives of that state, some of which yet may be unearthed. John Kimball! [p. 77 Fam. Hist.] had a daughter Eunice who married one Thomas Rix. Possibly our genealogical friend, Mr. Guy. S. Rix of Concord, N. H., who is compiling a work on a branch of his family, may yet unearth something of interest from this mine.

The Connecticut Kimballs were patriotic. They fought in Indian wars, in the Revolution, in 1812, and in the civil war. Many of them became sailors and navigators; very many were scholarly. When that portion of the north-west territory bordering on Lake Eric, since known as the Western Reserve, was ceded to Connecticut, there was a rapid settlement of that



fertile region. Among these emigrants were many Kimballs, and their descendants there are very numerous, as may be seen

in the single instance mentioned in the above letter.

But there were many others belonging to nearly every branch of the family who settled in Ohio. The state was at one time a kind of half way station between the east and the far west. We have not much information regarding those who remained, and are lacking greatly as to those who went further on. Probably there are more of the family descendants in Ohio, of whom little or nothing is known than in any other state. And much interesting history lies here concealed, for some members are known to have been active in the struggle against the Indians and in the war of 1812 which has not been made clear. Here is much family history in nubibus.



Col. Daniel Burns Dyer of Augusta, Ga., has been investing in a new bachelor home in the suburbs of the city but on his line of railway and is putting it in condition for the enjoyment of his friends. It is to have over twenty rooms and of course will be burdened with bric-a-brac, and old fashioned furniture. While not yet finished he entertained there several of his New York and other railroad friends some days ago in a style that called forth a half column from the daily Chronicle. You can learn a good deal about Col. Dyer, son of Elizabeth Howe Kimball, on page 909 of the Family History, and from the Family News, February 1898, and in other numbers.

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Lieut-Commander W. W. Kimball, who was in charge of a flotilla of torpedo boats at the beginning of the war with Spain, has been prometed to be commander in the mavy. The March News, 1898, page 61, told of his experiences down the coast, and other sketches are given on pages 99 and 133. He is the son of the late Gen. Wm. King Kimball of Maine, and has recently been visiting his old home in that state. [Fam. Hist. p. 977.]

The News intended to announce last month, with the publication of Bishop Whitney's article that it must close the discussion as to Heber C. Kimball. It was overlooked. We now have another article by Helen Vilate Kimball, very kind in tone as becomes one cousin toward another, but which may well be omitted and close a somewhat unprofitable argument.



His Suggestion.

I was in Ipswich (Massachusetts) last summer for a few days and while there visited the public library and in conversation with the librarian (Miss (aldwell) I found that it did not contain a copy of the "Kimball Family History" which refers to so many of the past and present inhabitants of the two vn and their descendants.

It occurred to me then that a copy or the History as well as the bound volumes of the "Kimball Family News," and also the current numbers of the latter, as they may be issued, should be in the library. I should think that if the matter was brought before the members of the family through the "News" that an amount sufficient to pay for the volumes to present to the library might be easily raised.

The individual subscriptions might be sent to the editor of the "News" and the amounts received published until a sufficient sum for the purpose should be obtained. What do you think of the idea:

Yours truly. Indianapolis, Ind.

HOWARD KIMBALL.

All numbers of the News so far issued have been sent to the Ipswich Library, as well as to more than fifty other public libraries, historical and genealogical societies. What use is made of them we cannot say. Many we know to be received with thanks, and missing numbers, if there be any, are called

The Family History ought to be in every public library, especially where the family connections are known to be. One of the first things that Capt. F. M. Kimball No. 1865 did when the History came out, was to deposit a copy with the Kansas State Historical Society. It was also done by others in other places. It ought to be done in Ipswich by descendants living there. Of all places in the country every possible record of the family should be found in the Ipswich library.



Who Was He? Where is He?

In the middle of June, 1870, I met a conductor on the Pacific road as we were coming west, and were I think in Wroming. A cinder had lodged in my eye, and seeing me try to get it out, he offered to help and soon relieved me. He asked my name, and when I told him said his name was Kimball too. I think he toll me he was from New England, but I am certain he told me he had a herd of cattle off feeding in that country.

He was not over thirty I think, and the resemblance to some of the Kimballs I knew was quite strong. If living I wish he would report to the News.

Mrs. — Kimball.



A Golden Wedding.

A late number of the Oxford County Advertiser, published at Norway, Me., where many members of the family have lived and are living, contains a lengthy notice of the golden wedding of Mr and Mrs. Franklin Hobbs of Fryeburg. Mrs. Hobbs was Berthia Kimball, daughter of Isaac Kimball, Fam. Hist, p. 500. As may there be seen her sisters married one an Eastman, and one a Farrington, both historic families. Captain Stephen Farrington was sent with a small force to quell the last Indian rebellion in New England. Their descendants were present, and so were several members of the Barker family, from which Mr. Hobbs was descended, his ancestor Richard Barker having married Anna Kimball, the eldest daughter of Benjamin who came over from England in 1634 with his father Richard.

The following extract is clipped from the Advertiser's no-

tice, a very long list of presents being omitted:

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin L. Hobbs celebrated their golden wedding Dec. 23, with a dinner party. Some sixty guests were present.

This place has always been their home: it is here they reared their family of six children, three sons and three daughters, all of whom are living. It is enough to say that they are all beloved and respected by every one.

Mr. Hobbs has been ill, much of the time during the last ten or twelve years. He is now enjoying a comfortable degree of health. Mrs. Hobbs, with her daughter Lily, keeps the home in a flourishing condition, while their son dames, who is near by, has had control of the large valuable farm ever since Mr. Hobbs became an invalid.

Many presents came to attest the sincere regards of their hosts of friends. Also poems were read and speeches were made, which gave much zest to the occasion.

The second

Dwight L. Moody.

When the late evangelist was seven years old he left Northfield to seek employment in Boston, where his uncle was in business as a shoe merchant. He was engaged with some reluctance and on two conditions: The lad agreed to be governed by his advice, and to attend regularly the Sunday School and services of the Mt. Vernon Congregational Church. His pastor was the eloquent and learned Dr. E. N. Kirk, himself a successful evangelist. Mr. Moody was converted through the personal efforts of Edward Kimball, his Sunday-school teacher. The seed thus sown was found after many days when Mr. Moody, preaching in Boston, converted a son of that very teacher.



MARRIED.

The marriage of Miss Jessica Sloan Kimball of Los Angeles, and Chas Edward Parcells of Oakland took place recently at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Eliza Kimball. Miss Hattie Kimball assisted as maid of honor, and the affair seems to have been a notable society event.

At Salem, Mass., an interesting New Year's wedding was that of Miss Mary Ella Bridges of Salem, and Mr. Clement L. Kimball of Ipswich. A reception followed, and after a short bridal tour they settled down at Weymouth.

Frank Willard Kimball, a lawyer of San Francisco, and Miss Ida Jane Winams of San Jose were married Dec. 25, 1899, at the home of the bride's mother. The groom is a member of the law irm of Kimball & Kimball (Frank Willard and John Albion) 819 Market Street. The San Francisco Call says:

The wedding cereinony was elaborate and impressive throughout, the ring service being used in accordance with the full ritual of the Methodist church. Smilax, holly, mistletoe evergreen, feathery bamboo and white roses formed the decorations. The bride wore a beautiful gown of nun's veiling trimmed with taufeta silk and chiffon, and she carried white carnotions, maidenhair ferns and orange blossems. After the wedding geremony was performed a wedding dunner was served.

The bride and groom were the recipients of many beautiful presents and congratulatory messages from various set also of the country. The bride is one of an Jose's most beautiful and talented ladies and a popular favorite. Mr. Kimball is a producent young attorney and politician.

This member of the family is not found in the history. His grandfather was John Kimball who served in the Revolution from Massachusetts, and afterwards went to Minne. His son, or one of them, Willard Snell Kimball of Aurasta, afterwards went to San Luis Abispo. Cal. He married — Philbrook. Their son, Frank Willard is reported in the NEWS, June, 1890, as present at the Pacific Coast Kimball reunion. A complete record of this branch is desirable;

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The Rev. J. C. Kimball, formerly pastor of Unity church, Hartford, [and before that settled in Beverly] has been elected as one of the twelve leading clergyman of the Unitarian denomization who are invited every winter to deliver a special course of sermons in Washington, D. C. Among the speakers of this course are the Revs. Robert Collyer, Minot J. Savage, Stopford Brooke, E. E. Hale and W. C. Gannett - Hartford Daily Times, Feb. 1890 [Fam. Hist. p 482. [Fam. News, February, June and October, 1899.]



DIED.

LOUISE T. KIMBALL.

In Arlington, Mass., Louise T., wife of William G. Kimball, 49 years.

MARY A. WOOD.

The wife of the late J. H. Wood died in Denver, Dec. 23, 1899. Mrs. Wood was the mother of the wife of Mr. Fay Worthen, son of Prof. A. H. and Sally Burnham (Kimball-Worthen, former state geologist of Illinois. (Fam. News p. 261;

SAMUEL CHOATE KIMBALL.

In Denver, Colorado, Dec. 18, 1899, Samuel Choate Kimball, born in Dunbarton, N. H., August 5, 1821. Baried at Fort Collins. He had for many years resided at Fort Collins where he was a carpenter and builder. The funeral was at the First Presbyterian church and was largely attended by friends and connections.

HARRIET KIMBALL GARLAND.

Mrs. Harriet Kimball Garland, wife of Thomas B. Garland died on 2d street, Jan. 16, 1899, at Dover, N. H., aged 76 years. Mrs. Garland sustained a shock more than year ago from which she partially recovered, but for several months her strength gradually failed. She was a highly esteemed woman, and during her earlier years was prominent in society and active in church work. She was married to Mr. Garland 59 years ago, and on the 50th anniversary their golden wedding was celebrated. Beside her husband she is survived by two daughters, Elizabeth, widow of the late David Hall Rice of Brookline, Mass., and Miss Caroline H. and a son, Alfred K. of Dover. (Hist. p. 609-1232-y.)

ROYAL KIMBALL.

Died, at the old Hord mill place, December 18, 1890, after a lingering illness of six weeks. He was born in Broome county, N. Y., May 6, 1816, married to his wife, now living at the home of the deceased, 1843. From this union were born eight children, seven sons and one daughter. The three eldest sons preced the father to the other side. A. A. and O. O., living in Tebletts; Chas., mechanic at Hord's mill; B. H. Kimball, farmer, living near New Bloomfield; only daughter, Mrs. A. E. Knowlton, living at Pearysburgh, N. Y. For sixty-three years he had been a devoted christian of the M. E. Church, a good neighbor, a kind father and loving husband.

A good man has gone to rest and we hope to meet him in that sweet bye and bye.—(Tebbett's, Mo., Post, Jan. 11. 1900.)



Joel Kimball, No. 1434.

FAMILY HISTORY PAGE 688. DIED JANUARY 2, 1890.

From the Salem, Mass., Gazette of Feb. 12, 1890, we copy the following little poem on the death of Joel Kimball. The Gazette accompanies the poem with the following note.

Joel Kimball, of Danvers Centre, died early in January and the lines here written are from the pen of his neighbor, the late C. H. Peabody, who survived Mr. Kimball only a short time. This poem is probably the last literary work that Mr. Peabody accomplished, and it would have appeared earlier but for an oversight in this other.

THE LATE JOEL KIMBALL.

At rest at last his days on earth are ended:

Life's cares and griefs oppress his soul no more
Far, far away, beyond the starry gleaming.

He meets the loved ones long since gone before.

Near fourscore years their cycles had completed. Ere the sad summons came to go away: But long he stayed, dispensing joy and gladness To all that came within his kindly way.

Erect of form, and ever true and guiteless. His face was mirror of the soul within: Despising wrong, with charity o'erflowing. The hand of friendship he could ever win.

How great the loss the children are enduring, Who turned to him for counsel and a guide: And children's children feel a pang unmingled As they behold their grandsire laid aside.

No more his team will come with its kind master
To cheer the loved ones in their daily toil:
But other hands shall guide the faithful creature,
While his shall rest beneath the humid soil.

His only brother mourns the dear departed.

But he ere long must join the slumbering throng:
And may the kindred all as one united.

Forever sing the evertasting song.

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When sending us papers containing items for notice they should be plainly marked. When items are clipped they should be pasted on a slip, with name and date of paper.



Supplemental Notes to Family History.

Page 580-Warren Carleton Kimball, b. July 19, (not 29) 1829; m. Jan. 13, 1857, Flora Marilla Morrill (not Merril) b. July 24, 1829; d. July 2, 1898. (See Fam. News p. 386.)

Page 580-Charles Henry Kimball b. June 21, (not July) 1836; m. Nov. 29 1863, Ellen Frances Clark, b. Aug. 9, 1840. Child: Fannie Grace Kimball, b. Mar. 15, 1874; d. May 12, 1892. A beautiful character.

Page 888-Ira Kimball Diamond9, b. Mar. 9, 1845.

Julian Ann Diamond's m. Mar. 16, 1842, Thomas Davis Hayden. Child: Sarah Estella Hayden¹⁰, b. Jan. 21, 1881,

Frederick Arthur Diamond⁹, m. Maria Watson Merritt, b. Dec. 22, 1862. Children: 1, Ira Arthur Diamond¹⁰, b. Sept. 30, 1883. 2. Albert Carlton Diamond¹⁰, b. Dec. 21, 1884. 3, Ada Leslie Diamond¹⁰ b. July 7, 1888. 4, Robert Ellsworth Diamond¹⁰. b. Feb. 19, 1890. 5. Frederick Austin Diamond¹⁰, b. Sept. 8, 1896.

Page 888-Harriet Wheeler Floyd, b. Sept. 12, (not Apr. 15) 1822, daughter of Thomas and Esther (Ashby) Floyd. George Little Kimball's first child, Esther Ashby Kimball, b. Apr. 25, 1847; d. Sept. 11, 1847

Hannah Jane Kimball⁹, m. 1, George Artemas Barnes, b. Sept 29, 1836; d. Apr. 16, 1831; m. 2, Franklin Pierce Reed, b, May 7, 1853; Children: 1, Grace Emma Barnes¹⁰, b. Oct. 14, 1871; d. Sept. 23, 1872 2, Chassie Francis Reed10, b. Feb. 12, 1887. 3, Hazel Kimball Reed10. b. Dec. 2, 1888.

Augustus Brooke Kimball b. Apr. 17, (not 16) 1863.

Levi Woodbury Kimball d. June 28, 1898; m. 1, Louise Helen Morrill, b. Oct. 18, 1832; d. Sept. 9, 1886; m. 2, Grace Maria Tenney b. May 22, (not Mar.) 1840.

Page 891-Edua Marion Copeland⁹, b. June 4, 1860; m. John Frederick Patterson, b. June 9, 1859; d. Dec. 23, 1896.

CHILDREN.

i Myrnine Patterson¹⁰, b. Feb. 13, 1850; m. William Eggleston, b. Sept. 30, 1875. Children: 1. Gertrude Mabel Eggleston11, b. Apr. 29, 1897. 2, Helen Eggleston, b. Jan. 4, 1899.

ii May Louise Patterson10, b. Oct. 27, 1882.

iii Edgar Patterson10, b. Oct. 2, 1883. iv Charles Alfred Patterson 10. b. May 5, 1886.

v Benjamin Horace Patterson10, b. Mar. 1, 1888; d. Mar. 5, 1889.

vi John Frederick Patterson¹⁰, b. Mar. 29, 1889.

vii Arthur Kimball Patterson10, b. April 28, 1892.

viii Elizabeth Myrtle Patterson10, b. Jan. 2, 1895.

Albert Carleton Copeland⁹, m. Anna Leora Burbeck, b. Apr. 5, 1961 Children: 1, Percy Carleton Copeland¹⁰, b. Sept. 25, 1888. 2, Leora Isabelle Copeland10, b. June 27, 1890,

Fred Williams Copeland⁹, m. Nellie Gertrude Chase, b. Dec. 22. 1862; d. Dec. 11, 1899. Children: 1, Agnes Copelandio, b. Sept. 7, 1885. 2, Shirley Copeland10, b. Nov. 12, 1889. 3, Mary Copeland10, b. Jan., 19, 1894.



Frederick Earnest Augustus Kimball⁹, formerly of Coronado, Cal., m. Mabel Cassidy of Colorado, and they now live in Arizona. They have no children.

[Nore:-The News is indebted to Laura Frances Kimball, of Coronado, Cal., p. 888 Fam. Ilist., No. 1996; i) for the above supplementary matter and corrections concerning the descendants of Asa Kimball, p. 589 In her letter she adds: "You have been misinformed in regard to Kimball Brothers, Levi W., Warren C., and Frank A were once in business under the frm name of Kimball Bros., and they bought the Rancho de la Nacion. My father's family came here Nov. 28, 1899, and under Charles and family, Jan. 7, 1857, but neither of them belong to the firm, and I must also deay the millionaire story."]

Page 320-581--Smith Kimball⁶ was drowned in the Ohio river about the year 1809.

Charles Kimball' (Smith' Abraham' Aaron' David' Renjamin' Richard') b. Hopkinton, N. H., June 8, 1806; d. Dec. 25, 1895; m. May 14, 1835, Polina New, still living near Rosemond, III.

CHILDREN.

- i Elizabeth⁸, b. Oct. 31, 1836; d. May 8, 1844.
- 'ii James H. & b. Nov. 6, 1838; d. at Rosemond, Ill., May 9, 1898; m. Oct. 21, 1858, Margaret Simpson.
- iii Arvilla", b. Sept. 4, 1840; now lives in Brown Co., Ill.
- iv Smith H.3. b. Aug. 21, 1842; never married. Lives with his mother near Rosemond, III.
 - v William B.8, b April 24, 1845; d. Oct. 30, 1845,
 - vi Angus B.8, b. Aug. 14, 1846; d. Nov. 29, 1848.
- vii Josephine B.*, b. Apr. 26, 1849; d. Apr. 26, 1853.
- viii Ira B.8, b. Aug. 7, 1851; d. Mar. 20, 1892.
- ix Joseph⁸, b. Dec. 3, 1854. Lives in Rosemond, Ill.
 x Josephine B. S. b. Dec. 3, 1854; Lives in Pana, Ill.
- xi Sarah E. B.s. b. Dec. 6, 1858. Lives near Rosemond.
- xii Polina B.S. b. Aug. 4, 1861. Lives with ber mother and brother near Rosemond (See Fam. Hist, p. 320, No. 581-x.)
- James H. Rimball' (Charles' Smith⁶ Abraham⁶ Aaron⁴ David⁵ Benjamin⁸, Richard¹) b. Nov. 6, 1838; d. Rosemond, Ill., May 9, 1898; m. Oct. 21, 1858, Margaret Simpson.

CHILDREN.

- i Charles W.*9, b. Nov. 23, 1859; lives in Fitzgerald, Ga.; married; three children.
- ii James S.9, b. Oct. 23, 1861; married; lives in Zellwood. Fla. No children.
- iii Thomas L.9, b. Oct. 3, 1866; lives in Seattle, Wash.
- iv Maggie J.⁹, b. Nov. 26, 1868. Lives in Astabula, Fla.
 v John K.⁹, b. Dec. 17, 1870.
- vi Mary E,9, b. Jan 1, 1873.
- vii Benjamin F.º, b. July 17, 1475. Lives in Rosemond. Ill.
- viii Frederick G., b. Feb. 4, 1878; m. Dec. 20, 1899;
- iv Lucy M.3, b. Jan. 22, 1883.



Page 130—News pp. 322-339-378-379. We have the following additional matter regarding the family and descendants of Amos Kimball, No.

286. Eliza Ann Kimball⁶ (Amos⁵ Abraham⁴ Ebenezer³ Renjamin² Richard¹) b, Haverhill, N. H., Jan. 30, 1823; d. Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 25, 1888; m. Haverhill, N. H., May 14, 1846, Moses S. Harriman.

i Emma Harriman, b. July 14, 1848.

ii Frank Harriman⁷, b. Oct. 15, 1850; d. May 5, 1893; m March 8, 1876, Jenette Dodd, Chatfield, Minn. No children.

iii George Addison Harriman', b. Feb. 3, 1853; d. May 17, 1855.

iv William Kimball Harriman⁷, b. June 21, 1855, d. May 15, 1882; m. at Corrinna, Minn., Oct. 23, 1881. Alma Dudley. A son, Ernnest K., born after his father's death is now living in Minnesota.

v Olin Moses Hariman' b. Dec. S. 1858: m. at Corr.nna, Minn., Sept. 2, 1880. Flora Winget: d. — Two sons Ralph M. and Homer K m. 2d, Clara Townsend. They have one son Merle.

vi Elmer Ellsworth Harriman', b. Jan. 20, 1861; m. at Los Angeles Cal., June 27, 1888. Lucy Ruddy. Three children: William, Frank and Mildred.

vii-Alva Washburn Harriman, b. Sept. 13, 1863; d. Oct. 10, 1865.

Eliza Kimball Harriman wrote for many papers and magazines, beginning with the old Zion's Herald, and later writing for the Northwestern Christian Advocate, Golden Hours, Ladies' Repository, all Methodist publications. She also wrote for the Little Corporal. the well known children's paper published in Chicago about the time of the civil war. One of her poems published in this magazine was copied in England and in hundreds of papers in the United States. It also appears in Helen Potter's Manual of Readings. She wrote campaign songs when Salmon P. Chase was running for governor of Ohio, and her brother. Frances D., also running for office, and was attorney general with Gov. Chase. Her poems appeared in Grace Greenwood's Little Pilgrim and in many other papers and magazines. She was a woman of wonderful strength of character, calmness of soul and poetic insight. She shared the life of her husband, a Methodist local preacher, and was at different times superintendent of Sunday School, class leader and lay delegate to conference.

From some selections of her poems the following is taken: RESIGNATION.

> O, cross of pain, that through the years My weary, burdened form hath pressed, I bear thee through this vale of tears, But thou canst not invade the rest.

That yet remains th: though I tread No thornless path, though high and steep. Cold, craggy mounts loom o'er my head And despond sloughs are dark and deep.

Yet light is shining and its rays Come through the life-enshrouding gloom: Tis God that guideth my ways, Till I arrive at heaven, my home.



(FROM GUY S. RIX, CONCORD, N. H.)

Continued from p. S. Kimball News, Jan. 1900.

Page 59-The fifth child of Elizabeth Kimbali and Moses Eastman No. 89-iv was Abiel (Eastman) b. in Concord. New Hampshire, Nov. 24, 1806; d. June 5, 1890; m. in Salem. Mass., 1835, Mary Kinsman, b. in Manchester, Mass., May 8, 1813; d. in Lockport, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1884. Mr. Eastman removed from Salem. Mass., to Lockport. N. Y., where he carried on the tanning business, associated with his brother. Alexander H., where the firm erected a large building on Market street. For many years the business conducted by the firm was one of the leading industries of the city. The compiler well remembers dealing with them, when living near Lockport in 1865-6. As a citizen, Mr. Eastman was a man who was universally esteemed; always genial and social and made many warm personal friends who were attracted by his many good qualities of heart.

CHILDREN.

- i James F. Eastman⁶, b. May 18, 1836. ii Mary Kingsman Eastmans, b. Oct. 31, 1837.
- iii Charlotte Malvina Eastmans, b. Feb 1, 1840; d. Dec. 30, 1861, unm.
- iv Rachel Ann Eastman*, b. Sept. 11, 1841.

The sixth child of Elizabeth Kimball and Moses Eastman was Judith (Bastman) b. in Concord, N. H., Sept. 7, 1769; m. in Concord, Nov. 25, 1700. Aaron Austin; resided in Concord, N. H.

CHILDREN.

- i Betsey Austin⁶, b.--: m. Kendal O. Peabody of Franklin, N.H.
- ii William Austin⁸, b .---: m. and had son. David S. Austin. They were both sea captains; the latter died in Panama, Feb. 18, 1894.
- iii Sarah Austin6, b. --: never married; d. in Mobile, Ala., where she went to live with her brother William.
- iv Judiah Austin⁶, b. ——: m. Jeremiah Davis. v Persis Austin⁶, b. ——: m. John Holmes Morey.
- vi John Austins, b. --: he was a sea captain.

The seventh child of Elizabeth Kimball and Moses Eastman was Phineas, b. in Concord, N. H., Jan. 20, 1772; m. Susan Coggswell. daughter of Nehemiah Coggswell, of Boscawen, N. H.

CHILDREN.

- i William Eastman', b .--: m. Mary Walker. ii Phineas Eastmans, b. ---; m. Sarah Whidden.
- iii Margaret Eastmans, b. --- : d. in infancy.
- iv John Eastman^a, b. ——; went to Md. v Moses Eastman^a, b. ——; m. Addine Morgan and went to New Orleans, La.
- vi Simeon Eastman', b,--; m. Matilda Wilson; went to Md.
- vii Rachel Eastman6, b. -- : m. John Felt, and was left a widow in Newton, N. H.



The eighth child of Elizabeth Kimball and Moses Eastman was Simeon, b. in Concord, N. H., May 11, 1774; m. Jan. 7, 1796. Abigail Virgin.

CHILDREN.

- i Jacob Carter⁶ b. in E. Concord, N. H., Nov. 26, 1799; d. Sept. 21, 1836.
- ii Galen Fay Eastman6, b. in E. Concord, N. H.; m. Martha Colby.
- iii Ruth Eastmans, b .--: d. young.

1336

Gave Daniel Webster the Mitten.

Daniel Webster, the great American statesmen was sixth in descent from Richard Kimball. He was born and raised in a Kimball neighborhood a few miles above Concord, the capital of New Hampshire. Three years before his birth, there was born to Deacon John and Anna Ayer Kimball of Concord a daughter who was named Sarah. Daniel Webster was a country boy and she was a city girl, and from the standing of her parents was of course one of the belles of the town. (Fam. Hist. p. 159. News 260.)

In due time, as the story goes, young Webster, who then probably gave no sign of the eminence he was to attain in the future, became acquainted with Sarah Kimball, made a proposal of marriage and was refused, but she never married and lived to witness all of Webster's celebrity and his disappointment in not attaining the presidency of the United States. She lived nearly seventeen years after the death of the great expounder of the constitution. The Family History speaks highly of her.

One year before the birth of Webster another Kimball girl was born a little farther up the Merrimac river from Concord not far from that island, where Hannah Dustan freed herself from the Indians who had captured her. This was Priscilla, a daughter and the ninth child of Capt. Peter Kimball, one of the heroes of Bennington. (Hist. pp. 150-151.) Many of his descendants are mentioned in the History, and many are omitted. Many of them are scattered through the west. Ezekiel Webster the father of Daniel was almost a near neighbor of Capt. Peter Kimball, the father of Priscilla and it was natural enough that Daniel should be attracted to his distant cousin. But like the other cousin Sarah, Priscilla did not return his affection, but unlike Sarah, she subsequently married Jonathan Chandler of a family then more prominent in the state than the Websters. Priscilla and three or four of her sisters, scarcely mentioned in the History had families, of which the News has some trace, and hopes in the early future to supplement the History with their complete record.



Philomen Kimball.

The Barton, Vt., Monitor of January 8, contains the following:

Mr. Philomen Kimball, whose death occurred in Westmore, [bee, 23, was born in Barton, Sept. 184]. He was a long time resident here, having been one of the thrifty farmers of the West district. Those of us who enjoyed his large-hearted neighborliness are glad to mention his strict integrity in business matters, considering his word the best of security. In his younger days he had remarkable energy, performing some feats of manual labor which would seem incredible in this age of applied machinery. Some of his most notable days' works were accomplished in behalf of some neighbor who was ill, or was belated about his work. The long Unices preceding his death was borne uncomplainingly. The older residents of the town will greatly miss his genial, kindly face.

The Family History contains no mention of this Philomen. On page 270, mention is made of Philomon. Who resided in Vermont the son of Philomon No. 468. The latter was a brother of Asa No. 466, who built the first grist mill in Barton, a sketch of whom may be found on page 16, of the first number of the News.

Mrs. Ella F. Kimball Johnson (No. 1880) of Boston writes, under date of Feb. 3:

"I was in Bradford some two weeks ago and attended the eighty-fifth birthday reception of Mrs. Daniel B. Kimball, born Charlotte C. Tenney. (Fam. Hist. p. 624) She is a fine looking old lady, and remarkably well and active for her age. The towns people turned out in large numbers to pay their respects.

"My Aunt Mrs. Huldah Greenough Kimball (Fam. Hist. p. 588) and who if she lives till June 20, will be ninety years old, had the misfortune to fall and break her hip some two weeks ago.

"It may interest some of the members of the Kimball family to know that the wife of D. Clunton Blair the only surviving son of the multi-millionaire, John Insley Blair of New Jersey, who died last December, was also a Kimball.

--

Mrs. Alice R. Woodsum started for Florida, Wednesday, to join her son Walter, whose home is at Pensacola. Mrs. Woodsum will be missed in Norway, especially at the home of her brother, Hon. Alfred S. Kimball, in the Browning Reading Club and in the Rebekah Lodge. Mrs. Woodsum is a past Grand in the Rebekah sand has been president of the Rebekah Assembly of Maine. (Not in history, See p. 112, June 1898, Fam. News)—Taken from Oxford County Advertiser, Dec. 29, 1899, Norway, Me.



Personals Condensed.

Mark Kimball is one of the Mass, state house messengers.

A. J. Kimball has been elected master of Union. Maine, Pomona.

George R. Kimball is I.O. O. F. Lodge Deputy, Cumberland, Me.

Alderman Kimball of Lynn, Masse, is a senior member of the board.

Alderman Kimball of Malden, leads on the most important committees.

Frederick C. Kimball is treasurer of the Boston Credit Men's Association.

Geo. A. Kimball is one of the Massachusetts sewerage commissioners.

James W. Kimball was re-elected clerk of the Massachusetts House of representatives.

Street Commissioner Kimbrll of Medford, Mass., is the way we notice it in the papers.

David P. Kimball is one of the directors of the American Loan and Trust Company of Boston.

Rufus Kimball has been elected one of the officers of the Lynn, Mass., Five Cents Savings Bank.

B. F. Kimball, deacon for five years, is superintendent of the Woburn North Congregational Sunday School.

Henry H. Kimball is secretary and treasurer of the Massachusetts Fish and Game Protective Association.

Winter golf was played the other day by the Lakewood, N. J., club in which F. P. Kimball came out ahead.

Mrs. Willis Kimball and Miss Ina Kimball are officers of the Somerville, Mass., Children's Home Association.

Mrs. R. E. Kimball of 5187 Kensington place, St. Louis, with her children, is spending the winter in the east.

Burglars recently entered the house of F. W. Kimball in Lynn, Mass., and got away with \$40 worth of jewelry.



Charles T. Kimball of Winchester, Mass., is president of the branch of the National Letter Carrier's Association.

H. J. Kimball of Oakdale, led in a special musical program on Christmas at the M.E. Church at East Dedham, Mass.

C. L. Kimball of Ipswich has bought a very attractive property in Weymouth, Mass., which he will improve and make his home.

C. M. Kimball issergeaut-major. Boston Post 200, G. A.R., and Capt. F. M. Kimball nearly always has a hand in the work of Lincoln Post, Topeka.

Rev. Joseph Kimball of Hampton Falls, N. H., has been delivering lectures this winter on "electricity" in New Hampshire and Massachusetts.

Mrs. O. O. Kimball is a leading doer of good deeds in Tebbetts, Mo., according the Post of that town, and A. A. Kimball is a contractor and builder.

. The engagement is announced of Miss Harriet Lee, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David B. Kimball of Salem, Mass., and Walter L. Harris of Middleton.

At a grand concert at Stoughton, Mass., Mr. C. O. Kimball rendered a cornet solo that was received with great favor, The musical reputation of the family suffers no loss.

The large leather factory of B. F. Kimball of Woburn, Mass., was burned in November, but other buildings have been leased and the work goes on as before. "Hist, p 907"

Albert T. Kimbali has returned to his post as ticket agent at the Firchburg, Mass, railroad office, after some months in the mountains in search of health which he found in abundance.

Newton, Mass., has a fashionable set with a club house where they give dinners and dances. Among the names found in the weekly mention are Mr. Clifford Kimball and Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Kimball.

C. F. Kimball, president of the Kimball Carriage Works of Chicago makes a point of visiting the horse and carriage shows, in order to keep up with every new idea that may spring up. He recently visited St. Louis.



The Ipswich, Mass., Independent says that Frederick A. Kimball has been reappointed District Deputy Grand Master for the Ninth Masonic district. Mr. Kimball is a Past Master of John T. He ard Lodge and an officer of unusual efficiency.

Albert T. Kimball (No. 2182) left Boston, January 17, for Passedena, California, where he expects to remain during the winter. It is said that he is to become associated with the Dominion Line of steamship company running between Boston and Liverpool. He has seen much railroad service.

At the January annual meeting of the Kansas Society of the Sons of the American Revolution the editor of the Kimball Family News was elected first vice-president, and also Registrar of the society in place of the late Judge F. G. Adams, the founder of the society, as well as of the State Historical Society. Ellwood Davis Kimball of Wichita, was also elected one of the vice-presidents.

2266

Mr. and Mrs. Moses Stone Kimball, of Avon, Mass., have just celebrated the fifty-fourth year of their wedded life. Mr. Kimball was born in Bridgton, May 11, 1817. His parents were Jacob and Emma Stone Kimball, whose children comprised six daughters and four sons; three of the latter are living, Jedediah, of Minnesota, Jacob T. of Bethel, and Moses S. The father was a soldier, and a well-known citizen. He and his family eventually moved to Bethel, where the parents continued to dwell until their deaths, which occured when they were 81 and 87 years of age, respectively. Six years ago Mr. Kimball sold his farm in Maine, and he and his wife located in Avon. On Dec. 10, 1845, he was married, at Norway, to Miss Katherine Young of Greenwood. Of this union were born three daughters and one son, all of whom are living. The couple are blessed with good health. For the past 40 years Mr. Kimball has been a prominent member of the Baptist church, thirty years of which he was a deacon .- News, Bridgton, Me., Dec. 22, 1899.



Gen. A. W. Greely, chief of the United States Army Signal Service was recently assaulted in Washington by a drunken express messenger and seriously injured, and for a time they despaired of his life. The drunken fellow and a companion tried to force their way into his home, and when he objected, they assaulted him. Gen. Greely is a descendant of Moses Day and Abigail Kimball, daughter of Benjamin', (Fam. Hist. p. 45)





ABIGAIL KIMBALL GARVIN.

Born, North Berwich, Me., Dec. 3, 1795. Died, Westford, Mass., March 2, 1900, aged 104 years and 3 months.

[See Family News, April, 1898, December, 1898, and March, 1900.]

A POEM

Read at the Centennial Anniversary of Abigail Kimball Garvin, at Westford, Mass., December 3, 1895.

Today we honor you, dear friend, Not simply for your many years, But for the lovely traits that blend And make the life that now appears.

And we respect one who could find. In whir of distarf and or loom The secret of a cheerful mind And keep a household free from gloom, But the greatest tribute we can pay Is to your precious mother-love Which wrought a good no power can stay. Whene'er you meet again will be And symbolizes life above.

A hundred years on earth to live, To see God's beauty everywhere And learn the lessons they should give Of love and trust and tender care!

A hundred years seems very long, When thinking in our human way, For life is not one joyous song And sorrows last for many a day. And yet your little girl of three Whom angels long since bore from view In spirit life more old than you.

A hundred years to teel God's love! To think a hundred years below What God prepares for life above And all eternity to know!



Kimball-Family Hows

Vol. III, No. 3.

G. F KIMBALL, Publisher.

Terms \$1.00 a year.

Topeka, Kansas, March, 1900

Her Light Has Gone Out.

Mrs. Abigail Kimball Garvin is no more in this life. She died on Friday. March 2, 1900, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Andrew S. Wright of Westford, Mass., at the age of 104 years and three months. It is believed that she was the oldest born Kimball living up to the time of her death. Two previous numbers of the News have contained sketches and portrait of this venerable relative, who somehow, escaped with the slightest possible mention on page 230 of the Family History although her family was one of the most notable of those descended from the immigrant Richard Kimball. The News for April, 1898, also gives a list of her children and grandchildren.

Her son, Mr. E. K. Garvin of Roxbury writes:

She passed out of this life to meet those gone before on Friday morning, March 2, at 750. Her health and strength had been steadily failing since her last birthday. Although her children had tenderly watched over her, and had provided the most nourishing food that science could produce, hoping that she migrat enter the twentieth century so that it could be said she had lived in three centuries. but her strength was not sufficient. And so we watched her falling powers On Thursday she slept as usual a part of the day, and was up and around her room several times, and partook of the regular evening meal, retired early and slept calmly rll night. In the morning she awoke quietly and a few minutes later passed away without a sigh and without a struggle. The funeral services were simple and impressive. Flowers were provided in abundance, and with that sweet smile so dear to all still lingering, she was carried to her final rest.

She was not informed of the recent death of her daughter, Mrs. Newcomb.

On Dec. 3, 1895, Mrs. Garvin celebrated her centennial birthday. Of that event the Lawrence Daily Eagle, said in its issue of the fifth:

The occasion was observed by a large number of her relatives, friends and neighbors. Mrs. Garvin, although far beyond the commonly allotted term of life, is strong, vigorous and in better health tran she was several, years ago. Her senses, also are well preserved, she remembers the death of Washington and many other famous events of the nation's early listory, and one might almost say that her whole hundred years of



life are distinct in her mind. She has one brother living, three children, several grandchildren and great grandchildren. All four generations were represented ather extendial. Mrs. Garvin received a large number of presents, including one from her nephew. Summer I. Kimball, superint tradent of the life saving service in Washington. Mrs. Garvin has quite a number of relatives and connections in Lawrence, two of whom. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson K. Lindsey were present at her festival.

The following mention of the death of Mrs. Newcomb, her youngest daughter, was written before the news of her mother's death was received, and will serve to supplement this notice.

MRS. ELIZABETH ELLEN NEWCOMB.

At Walthman, Mass., Jan. 30, 1900, Elizabeth Ellen Garvin wife of John Wesley Newcomb. Her death was very sudden. On the twenty-sixth she was taken with pains in the back and she gradually grew worse until the end. Elizabeth Garvin was born in Portland, Me., on Washington's birthday in 1836, and in three weeks would have been 64 years old. She was the voungest daughter of the venerable Abigail Kimball Garvin, who passed her 104th birthday on Dec. 3, 1899, whose portrait, and sketches of whose life may be found in April and December News, 1898. Mrs. Newcomb was a helpful member of the M.E. church and particularly active in the work of home missions. The funeral was largely attended, many going out from South Boston. She was the mother of six children as named on page 67 of April News, 1898. Mrs. Newcomb was a favorite with her mother, who makes her home at Westford, Mass., with Mrs. Andrew S. Wright an elder daughter. One sad feature of the case is the fact that it has been thought best to keep the knowledge of her daughter's death from Mrs. Garvin, because of her great age, and enfeebled condition, for while her physical strength is still remarkable for a centenarian, there are fears that the shock may affect her mind. On the other hand there is danger in evasion, as the loving mother has always kept in close touch with the deceased. More than usual interest attaches to this case from the fact that Mrs. Garvin is the oldest known Kimball now living, and from the high positions that her brothers held many years ago, and Gen. Sumner I. Kimball of Washington, so long at the head of the Life Saving Service, is the son of one of those brothers.

ADDITION OF THE

The news of the death of Abigail Kimball Garvin at the age of 104 years and three months, which we are called upon to chronicle this month will be received with regret by all. Many had hoped that she might be spared to see the opening of the next century, thus enabling her to span the entire nineteenth century.



A Notable Celebration.

The Boston Globe of Dec. 1, 1899, devotes a column to what it terms an "unusual event." It was the celebration of the ninetieth birthday of a "worthy son of a worthy sire," the venerable Joseph Chandler of Pembroke, Mass.

Mr. Chandler is the son and grandson of revolutionary soldiers, his father having been with Gen. Reed at the battle of Bunker hill at iourteen years of age, and afterwards a surgeon in the war of 1812, while his grandfather, president of Harvard University during the turbulent days of the revolution, made a public prayer standing upon the steps of the house occupied as the American headquarters when the troops marched out to fortify Bunker Hill. He has in his possossion two sermons that Rev. Samuel Langdon delivered to the Army in Cambridge, 1770.

Mr. Chandler was born in Fryebury. Me., and married in 1824 Mary Chase, great grandlanghter of Mehitable Frye, daughter of Gen. Joseph Frye, to whom that town was given by the commonwealth of Massachusetts for distinguished service in the French and Indian wars; he was also an officer in our struggle for independence, was with the army in Cambridge, and was presented with a commission of brigadier general by Gen. Washington in prison. Feb. 5, 1776.

Mr. Chandler moved to Pembroke about 16 years ago and purchased a house near his daughter. Mrs. Charles where he

On page 254 of the Family News, March, 1899, notice of the death of Joseph's brother Moses may be found, together with reference to the Chandler connections by many marriages with the Kimball family. Reference is there also made to the apparent want of descendants of the Kimball-Chandlers. As more light comes to us it seems that this is more apparent than real. It is now learned that the Priscilla, daughter of Capt. Peter Kimball, who married Jonathan Chandler, and who once refused the hand of Daniel Webster mentioned in the last number of the NEWS left a family and that her descendants are more or less numerous. In the following number of the News, that of April 1899, further mention is also made of the Chandler family and its connection with the Kimballs. One thing is particularly noticeable, which is that in the many unions of these families it was Chandlers who sought Kimball women for wives. In view of this fact let no one say it was because the Kimball girls were more attractive in any way, than the Chandler girls, or that the Chandler men were more discriminating than the Kimball men.

2266

F. B. Kimball is chairman of the executive committee of the Massachusetts Bicycle club.



More of the Worthen-Kimball Family.

Mr. Augustine L. Worthing of Belvue, Kansas, called on the News recently. Most of his relatives on his father's side are known as Worthens. The spelling of the name affords another instance of a change like that of Kemball to Kimball, and to Kimble. Mr. Worthing belongs to the family of Thomas Worthen, father Amos H. Worthen, former state geologist of Illinois, who married Sarah B. Kimball, as narrated on pages 260-1 of April News, and Jonathan Worthen who married Sally Carter, granddaughter of Moses and Elizabeth (Kimball) Eastman was his uncle. (Hist. p. 89. News, Jan. 1890, p. 8) But more than this, Mr. Worthing's grandmother was Sally Kimball, daughter of Capt. Peter Kimball of Boscawen, N. H., and sister of Priscilla, who refused Daniel Webster as related in the last number of the News. She married Solomon Martin as stated on page 151 of the History, and left several children as did her sisters Hannah, Judith, Betty and Priscilla, of which the History says nothing. Liberal mention is made of Capt. Peter Kimball on page 150 of the Family History but much might be added. He was one of the heroes of Bennington, and the diary which he kept is now considered historic authority. It is quoted not only in the History of Boscawen but in various works on revolutionary history, such as "Gilmore's List of New Hampshire soldiers at Bennington," to which reference was made on page 47, of March News, 1898, which may be consulted by descendants of the five New Hampshire Kimballs who were at Bennington, who may desire to join the Sons of the American Revolution.

Five of the ten children left by Peter Kimball are reported by the history as having been heads of families. The others are not so reported, although entitled to that honor. The fact affords new evidence of the extent of unwritten family history in a field so industriously worked as that gone over by Messrs.

Sharples & Morrison.

The known descendants of Peter Kimball are numerous, exist in all parts of the country, and bear honorable record. On page 512 and 513 Fam. Hist, may be found reference to some of Peter's grandchildren, and on page 60 and 62 of March News some additional matter, including editorial note on page 62, where it is said that one descendant of Peter still has a hatchet that he carried at Bennington.

200

Mr and Mrs. Peter C. Kimball of Cohasset, Mass., are spending the winter as usual at their Florida home, at Hawk's Point, Florida.



Byron Kimbali of Bridgton, Me.

Byron Kimball of North Bridgton, Me., was one of the first send words of encouragement to the News. See p. 58, March 1898.

He is named in the Family History, Page 979, and in Family News, p. 137. He was born in Bridgton, in August 1840, and died at his home in North Bridgton, Dec. 16,1890. He was widely known and highly esteemed for his many manly qualities. His character was conspicuous and his influence was both great and good. The Bridgton News of Dec. 22 devotes over a long column to a sketch of his life from which we condense the following:

Byron Kimball was the son of the late Capt. Richard Kimbali, one of our most honored and useful citizens, residing during his life-time on the Fryeburg road. Here the deceased spent his boyhood and his young manhood, pursuing the vocation of a farmer and attending the village schools and later taking a five years' course at Bridgton Academy. graduating in 1861. He taught school successfully at Bridgeon Centre and North Bridgton; but the larger portion of his time and energies were devoted to agricultural pursuits. Upon the death of his father and the decease of his wife's father, the late Jacob Hazen, he purchased the fine and eligibly located property half a century ago known as the estate of the late Hon. Marshall Craim, one of the finest in Northern Cumberland. To this, with his family, he removed in 1876, and has since made it his home, farming as a recreation, but all the while pursuing other branches of business more renumerative than the tilling of the soil. In 18-3 he became a member of the firm of Lake & F. H. Brown, the old Furniture Manufactory plant established nearly sixty years ago. shipping their products all over the world. Mr. Kimball was also an important factor in the establishment of the Bridgton Creamery, being one of the stockholders and an officer of the company. He was, likewise, interested in a number of other, business enterprises.

But it was in the Order of Odd Fellows that Byron Kimball was most widely known. An early and active member of Cumberland Loige in perhaps its palmiest days, he filled all the chairs of the subordinate lodge, and took a commanding position in the Grand Lodge, becoming Grand Master and representative to the Sovereign Grand Lodge, whose sessions he frequently attended. He also became Secretary of the Odd Fellows Mutual Relief Association of Maino the second year after its organization and continued therein for a dozen years. In all the Odd Fellow circles liyron Kimball was honored and estermed. A graceful presiding officer, well-equipped on knowledge of Odd Fellows Law and Jurisprudence he and a few others constituted a guild which gave vigor and efficiency to the annual session.

In recent years he has been a very efficient aid to the Bridgeton Academy Board of trustees and its educational work. He was a member of the Board and Vice President. He will be keenly missed in all Academy



circles. Indeed throughout the town that is true. He was one of the Selectmen of the town in 1852-3 and frequently served as Moderator at the town meetings.

It is well known to the writer that the deceased has often been urged to represent Northern Cumberland in the State Scuate, and also the town in the Legislature. He could have taken the nomination for either place a number of times without any solicitation on his part. Few wen in the jurisdiction were better equipped than he. A graceful speaker and a fine parilamentarian—such qualifications are rare in the rural districts.

THE OBSEQUIES.

The fun-ral was at the church in North Bridgton Thesday afternoon. There was a numerous attendance of the neighbors and other friends of the deceased, and a large representation of Cumberland Lodge of odd Fellows, although the rain and weather conditions considerably lessened the number that would otherwise have been present.

The Hon, L. F. McKinney spoke at some length in a reminiscent and eulogistic vein relative to the lamented dead, corroborating from personal knowledge the high reputation of Mr. Kimball, whom, as fellow citizen and brother Odd Fellow he had known for thirty years, and more recently as business partner. The customary rites were by Cumberland Lodge. Wm. M. Dunn, acting in his official role of Noble Grand, L. F. McKinney, as Chaplain, and Past Grand Frank P. Bennett as Marshal. Among the many beautiful floral tributes was an elaborate offering from the Grand Lodge, bearing the letters P. G. R. and the three links.

The burial was in the village cemetery, adjoining the Kimball homestead estate. I. S. Webb, on the part of the family, had general charge of the obsequies. The bearers, representing the board of Academy Trustees, were Chas. H. Gould, J. Carrol, Mead, Edward Kimball, Samuel C. Smith, Horace A. Hall.

In 1866 Mr. Kimball was united in marriage to Adaline Hazen. Four children were born to them, all of whom are living: Willis H., a practising physician in Portland: Sophronia B., wife of Virgii H. Johnson of North Freeburg: George R. and Carrie of North Bridgton

2226

C. E. Kimball of Summit, N. J., sends \$2.00 for subscription to the News one year, one copy for himself and one for some one who is not able to pay. That is a good way to do. There are, as we feared, many who do not feel able to pay one dollar, who would pay one half that amount. We are not willing to let the price keep any one from receiving the Nrws who wants it, and in every known deserving case shall send it for lifty cents.

2226

All subscriptions to the News begin with January of each year and end with December. This makes each year complete.



He Goes to Sharon.

The following article from the Hartford Times, will be of interest to the many friends of Mr. Kimball:

PASTORATE AT SHARON.

The Rev. John C. Kimball of this city has accepted a unanimus invitation to the pastorate of the First Congregational Church: at Sharon Mass., and will formally assume the duties of the position February 1. Sharon is situated on the Boston and Providence road, eighteen miles from Boston, and besides being a very beautiful place, has quite a reputation as a health resort.

Mr Kimball has been supplying the pulpit for six months, and now enters upon the work permanently. This will involve his removal from Hartford during the winter. Mr. Kimball came here originally in 1878 settling here as pastor of Unity church in May of that year. He remained in that capacity until the fall of 1888, when his pastoral work was concluded. Afterwards he was the university preacher at Ann Arbor, Michigan University, for one year, while the Rev. Dr. Sunderland was in Europe. He has lectured extensively since leaving the Hartford pulpit, and has been identified with the lectureships of the Ethical Association in Brooklyn, which has published his lectures with others

both separately and in bound volumes.

Mr Kimball is a graduate of Amherst College, class of 1854. During the Civil War he was the chaplain of the Eighth Massachusetts. He was in the Newport pastorate prior to his removal to Hartford, and was chaplain of the Rhode Island Senate while residing in Newport. For two years he was superintendent of the work of the Unitarian Association on the Pacific coast, and was one of the directors of the association. He has devoted himself to scientific and sociological studies from the outset. With the Rev. M. J. Savage of New York he was one of the first in this country to accept Herbert Spencer's philosophy of evolution. Mr. Kimball has been interested through life in good government and good citizenship. His wife, Mrs E. O. Kimball is the president of the Equal Rights Club, member of the Mt. Holvoke Alumna Associations of this city and of the club of Literary Delvers, composed of Hartford ladies. She has won large circles of friends here who will regret her removal to Massachusetts.

The daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Kimball, Mrs Grace K Griswold, wife of Mr Lyman W. Griswold, is residing in Greenfield. Mass. She is a graduate of Smith College and was married he re last June. (See News 1809 Feb. June, Oct., Hist. p. 482.)

TO TO THE SE

Mrs. F. M. Kimball of Topeka is the treasurer of the Kansas Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.



A Hundredth Birthday Celebration.

John Kimball of Ipswich, Mass., son of Ebenezers Joseph Moses4 Moses3 John2 Richard1) was born Feb. 22, 1800, and died in 1876. His children always celebrated the day while he was living by a visit to him, or by sending him letters and tokens of their regard, and since his death have usually written to each other about him on that day. But the twenty-second of February this year being the hundreth anniversary of his birth, the three children who are living, Mrs. Annie K. Damon of Inswich, Rev. John C. Kimball of Hartford, Conn., and Mr. George H. Kimball of Newburyport, Mass., united in its special celebration, bringing out the pictures of him taken at different periods of his life, re-reading his letters to them, and a memorial of him which had been prepared, repeating all the little characteristic incidents and words and pleasant things about him they could recall, giving a dinner in his honor to which all were invited-this last by Mrs. Annie K. Damon of Ipswich-and presenting in his name a bit of money to all the needy old people they could think of whom a bit of money could not hurt. They found so much happiness in this special celebration of the day that they hope to keep it up with each succeeding anniversary as long as any of them live, doing the same also with their mother's birthday; and it surely is not a bad method by which for all Kimball children to continue honoring parents where death has made it impossible to honor them in their visible homes. (Hist, p. 452)

22266

MARRIAGES.

KIMBALL-FULLER.

The Boston Globe's Topsfield Correspondent has the following dated Feb. 7:

A notable wedding took place in this town this afternoon, the contracting parties being Miss Genie Curtis Fuller, the well known vocalist, and Paul Revere Kimball. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Fuller. There was a large attendance at the wedding and reception, many of the guests coming from Boston. Lyun. Salem Lawrence, Haverhill. Danvers, Boxford and Shelburne Falls. The bridal couple were the recipients of many useful and beautiful presents. Mr. and Mrs. Kimball on their return from a tour will reside in this town.

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The death of Mrs. Betsey Kimball Jackson, also announced this month, will be noticed, lacking five years of reaching the century mark. There are still others left who have passed into their ninth decade.



Eating His Boots and No Salt.

(Family History Page 1088.)

In the sketch of Frederick White Kimball at the above number of the Kimball Family History, brief mention is made of the years of his life spent in the mines of the then far away California. While not exactly a "forty niner" he was about the next thing to it, having left home May 27, 1850. After many weeks of peril on sea and dangers encountered while crossing the isthmus he reached San Francisco, then only a small landing place. He returned home to his family in Vermont by the same route after an absence of four and a half years, during which time he worked in the mines of northern California enduring untold hardships, perils and privations incident to a miner's

life in that wild and then far off country.

I write to tell of but one of many thrilling and trying experiences of which I remember often of having heard my father relate. In the winter of 1852-3, he was at Yreka, Siskiyou county, north of Mount Shasta, and the only means of transportation was by pack mules over the mountains. The winter was very severe and snow fell very deep. Supplies became exhausted and starvation stared the miners in the face. In the cabin with my father were two other men from Barton, Vt., younger than himself, who were associated with him in mining. Their names were John Thompson and Joe Falker. They were imprisoned in their cabin by reason of the great depth of snow which, almost if not quite, covered it for many weeks. They had fuel to keep them warm but their supplies of food gave out entirely and death by actual starvation seemed inevitable. In their dilemma they cut up their boots and boiled them, drank the broth and chewed the leather. Strange as it may seem it kept them alive for days. and until the snow began to settle, when one of the younger men was able to crawl out on his hands and knees and succeeded in shooting a deer, that had evidently been driven by hunger into the camp. For this they were devoutly thankful and took courage. With its skin they made snow shoes and could then get out and kill more deer. From that time on they fared sumptuously on venison until the snow sufficiently melted to enable the mule trains to resume business. When hearing my father relate this incident he would remark that if they only had had a little salt it would have made the deer meat and broth F. M. K. more palatable.

Born.

Feb. 3, 1900, to Mrs. Carrie Devores, a son, first grandchild of G. B. Kimball of Jamesport, Mo. News p. 248.



C. H. Kimbell for Congress.

Charles H. Kimball of Parsons, Kansas, is asked to be a candidate for Congress in the third Kansas district. (See Fam. Hist. p. 849.) The conditions in his district are peculiar. It is the only one in the state now represented by a populist. Some one is wanted to redeem the district, and he seems to be the one best fitted for the work. The Topeka Capital, now the most talked of paper in the United States on account of its coming Rev. Sheldon's, "What Would Jesus Do?" edition, makes the following terse and truthful statement in regard to Mr. Kimball:

"Ex-State Senator C. II. Kimball of Parsons is urged to enter the congressional race in the Third district. Mr. Kimball is one of the strong forceful men of Kansas. He was a brilliant solution in the rebellion and coming to Kansas after the civil war without a dollar of capital he has in his profession of law won a competence. For four years he represented Labette county in the State Senate. He is a good speaker, a careful legislator and a man of such ability as to command respect and influence in any legislative assembly. The Capital hopes Mr. Kimball will be a candidate. Such men as he can place the Republican party on a solid foundation in Kansas.

The Parsons Globe published at his home also has the following.

There are many reasons why Senator C. H. Kimball should be nom in ated for Congress by the Republicans of this district. One whose business experience has been confined to law, sees all things from the standpoint of the lawyer, the preacher sees all things from the pulpit, but Senator Kimball has had that all-around business experience which broadens a man and fits him to meet and grapple with questions which are of such vital importance to the people at this time. He was a mechanic and builder before he became a lawyer. He has built waterworks, buildings, railroads, telegraph and telephone lines; he has been a farmer, merchant and manufacturer, and has been successful in each.

For four years he was state senator from his county, and was counted as one of the ablest and most influential members of that body. Numerons laws now on the statute books owe their existence to his efforts, notably, the interest and usury law of 1886. His bill to reduced the rate of interest and to provide a penalty for taking usury was defeated at two sessions of the legislature, 1886-7. He then took the matter into the Republican state convention of 1883 and secure 1 the adoption of a resolution favoring the change, and at the next session of the legislature his bill became a law. This illustrates the pertinacity with which he sticks to a good work until it is accomplished.

The old soldiers of this district are dissatisfied with the way they have been treated, and it was this which caused the defeat of the Republican congressional ticket two years ago, while at the same election the state ticket carried the district by a good majority. Nothing would give more



satisfaction to the old soldiers and do more towards bringing them back into line than to nominate for congress one of their comrades, and one who has had no connection with political machines or rings. Senator Kimball is the only candidate who was a soldier and he is also a member of the organization to which most of the old soldiers belong; the G. A. R. which is not a political organization, but the members do have a warm spot in their hearts for their old comrades in arms, and it is right that they should.

Senator Kimball is a logical and foreible speaker and is a man of legis lative and business experience, a man who has the practical qualifications for the place and as a vote getter, he is far and away ahead of any other candidate who can be named for the place.

33366

Information Wanted?

Columbus, Ohio. Feb. 12, 1900.

EDITOR KIMBALL FAMILY NEWS.

DEAR SHE—Somewhere back in the latter part of the eighteenth century my family formed an alliance with the Kimball family through the marriage of a great annt of my father to a man named Kimball. The name of "the woman in the case" was Rachel Larew. I do not know what her husband's given name was and all I know about their family is that they had a son named Larew Kimball.

I have made many attempts to beate some of the descendants of this —— Kimball and his wife Rachel Larew but until this time I have been unsuccessful. For the past three years it has been my pleasant fortune to be associated as a fellow student with a member- of your family Mrs. S. H. Kimball of Geres, N. Y. She has been interested in tracing the family connection and advises me as one of the best methods of reaching this end is to write to your most valuable paper.

Mrs. S. H. Kimball will graduate with honor from the Dental department of the Ohio Medical University at the commencement held April 24, 1900. She is a woman who would be credit to any family.

Hoping you may be able to give me the address of the descendants of Larew Kimball. I remain,

Yours sincerely.

JANE G. RONEY.

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Mrs. Maria Freeman Gray of San Francisco. Jan. News. p. 12 writes that she will go to Europe in August, but in the meantime will try to furnish some genealogical matter concerning her family. She is a grand daughter of John Kimball, Hist. p. 4-8, whose roc. of there is imperfect.



A Model Letter.

Concord N. H. Feb. 12, 1900,

G. F. KIMBALL Esq.

lei Webster was "Ezekiel." Ihe was his brother, died suddenly while addresship a Jury in Concord in 1879. Daniel's fathers name was "Eben-ezer" he lived in Franklin. (then Salisbury) on the farm now the X. Il. Orphans Home: you will see the old house in the front picture which I send. Daniel was "gental send. Daniel was "gental send. Daniel was "gental send. Daniel was "gental send. Element Salisbury of the late Samuel S. Kimball of Concord has been elected a director of the Concord and Montreal Railroad. Sarah who gave D. W. the mitten was his great aunt. daughter of Deacon John and Anna Ayer Kimball whose picture you have given. My Brother Benjamin Ames Kimball President of the Concord and Montreal Railroad leaves to day for a visit to Florida. In 1848 he came with me to Concord and at the age of 15 went to work in the machine shop for 75 cents a day, graduated from Dartmouth in 1848 succeeded me in 1858 as master mechanic of the road and is now its president.

Yours truly, John Kimbald.

The above letter is short, and newsy. It is a model. Our writing "Ezekiel" instead of "Ebenezer" was a slip of the pen. Daniel's name is much more frequently associated with his brother's than with his fathers. The sudden and premature death of Ezekiel Webster has always been a matter of national regret; by

many he was regarded as superior to Daniel.

With the above letter our thoughtful consin sends two interesting pampillets. One is a report of the N. H. Homs for the aged; the writer of the above letter is President. The Home is a magnificent building and among members of the association having charge of the Home we find the name of John Kimball President, and chairmant of trustees, Miss Mary E. Kimball of Lebanon, Mrs Charlotte A. Kimball of Concord. The late Mrs. Hannah M. Kimball of Concord; the Hon. B. A. Kimball, Mrs. B. A. Kimball, and among the Memorial members are the names of Mrs. Eliza H. Kimball, Samuel A. Kimball and Mrs. Sarah A. Kimball.

The other pamphlet is the Annual Report of the N. H. Orphans Home, two miles from Franklin on the old Webster farm. A fine engraving 'shows among other buildings the old Webster dwelling. Of this institution John Kimball is treasurer and among the visiting committee we find Miss M. E. Kimball and Mrs John Kimball. In addition to these in various connections are found the names of several old school mates that add personal interest. Mr Kimbail's report shows a permanent fund of 883,340 for the Home, certainly a credit to the little state. The report is illus-

trated with many fine views.



Adventurers and Explorers.

The family has been somewhat noted as pioneers. The first Richard was one, and his descendants have kept up the record. From his day on they have been reaching out in all directions until now they are found in all parts of the country. The pages of the Family History tell the story in different ways, one in what it says and again in what it is not able to say. From what is said one learns how widely spread the family is; in the manifest lack of information that exists one becomes convinced that much is left untold.

At all events it is clear that with every advancing wave of settlement the Kimball Family has been in the front. From the first parent, the colony in Massachusetts, the descendants of Richard, went forth expanding the country. Many went eastward to Maine; others to New York, Ohio, and farther west. In some of these migrations it is difficult to trace all the branches of the family tree. It was this difficulty, in part, that consumed so many years in the compilation of the family history.

When Califorma became a part of the nation it attracted great numbers of the most enterprising members of the family, and they are now enacting a leading part in the affairs of the Pacific coast. Upon the discovery of gold it was but natural that they should continue true to old family traditions. In previous numbers of the News have been given letters from Kimball writers from that region. It has been remarked how the California shipping interests, led by J. S. Kimball & Co., have played an important part in the development of this northern land.

A somewhat lengthy article in a recent number of the New York Herald has led to these reflections. Capt. W. R. Abercrombie of the Second United States Infantry has recently submitted a report to the Secretary of War of his expedition to explore portions of the Alaska coast. The report is a valuable one but not in place here, but it is appreciated by the government and the press of the country. The special point of interest is that Capt. Abercrombie is a son-in-law of Gen. Amos S. Kimball of the commissary department of the United States army, whose headquarters during the Spanish war, as may be remembered, were in New York City. Capt. Abercrombie married his daughter Lillian Hattie. See Fam Hist p. 1989.

2000

Mr. Frank A. Hutchinson of Chelsea, Massachusetts, is another genealogist who is compiling books of family records. He is now gathering data on the Ordway and Worthen, or Worthing families, both of whom intermarried with Kimballs. He will be glad of any information regarding either of these families. His address is No. 4, Central Avenue.



DIED.

HELEN M. KIMBALL.

In Roxbury, Mass., Nov. 14, 1899, Helen M., wife of Orrin A. Kimball, aged 64 years.

LUCINDA TAPLIN KIMBALL.

In Dorchester, Mass., Dec. 30, 1899, Mrs. Lucinda Taplin Kimball, widow of Reuben Kimball, aged 75 years. (p. 718)

FLORA MASON KIMBALL.

In Boston, Jan. 9, 1900, Mrs. Flora Mason Kimball, wife of Dr. J. Edwin Kimball, and daughter of the late Hon.S. W. Mason, supervisor of the Boston public schools. She was a scholarly woman and generally beloved. 4p. 684

HENRY DAVIS KIMBALL.

In New York City, Nov. 3, 1809, Henry Davis Kimball, son of the late Rufus W. Kimball of Boston. The burial took place at the Newton cemetery. The services, which were largely attended, were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Manchester of Lowell, and among the pall-beaters was C. I. Hood.

SOPHRONIA B. KIMBALL.

In Cambridgeport, Mass., Nov. 10, 1899, Mrs. Sophronia B., widow of Charles C. Kimball, who died Dec. 27, 1843. The funeral took place from the Baptist Old Ladies' Home, on Brookline street, and the burial at Keunebunkport, Me., her childhood home. (p. 1109)

JOHN ARTHUR KIMEALL. | Fam. Hist. p. 967 |

The oldest son of Charles Raymond Kimball died Feb. 22. 1900. He was a Lowell boy and was 39 years old last August. He was graduated from the naval academy at Annapolis in the class of 1881, and later made a toar of the globe. He was by profession a chemist and for the past three years had been assistant superintendent for Johnson & Johnson, manufacturers of plasters and medicated dressings, at their great factory in New Brunswick. N. J. Their factories were closed during the Episcopal burial services which were read in that city, and the remains were sent to Lowell for interment in the family cemetery where his two remaining brothers Henry R. and Ralph G. and other relatives acted as pall bearers. He was unmarried and a man universally esteemed and beloved.

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Alonzo H. Kimball would not accept the office of street commissioner of Somerville. Mass., for the reason that they wanted him for superintendent of streets in Medford with an increase of salary from \$1,500 to \$2,200.



Betsey Kimball Jackson.

(Fam. Hist p. 259, No 445-viii. News Nov. 1898, p. 181.)

Mrs. Betsey (Kimball Jackson, better known as Mrs. Michael was born in Chenango County, X. Y., Sept. 17, 1805. In 1812 she removed with her parents to Aurora, Cayuga County, N. Y., where she attended the Aurora Female Academy for some years.

In 1821 she removed with her parents to New Jerusalem, Yates County, N. Y., where she lived until her marriage to Michael Jackson in 1530. In 1831, with her husband, infant daughter, and parents, she removed to Michigan, living for two years or so at Ann Arbor, where her husband was engaged in shoemaking. They finally removed to Algonac, St. Clair, Co., where her husband concinued his shoemaking business until 1854, when they commenced hotel keeping and continued it until his death in September, 1883. Since that time she and her daughter Lucy lived together in Algonac, until her death on Jan. 4, of the present year. She was the mother of six children, all but Lucy born in Michigan. Lucy was born in N. Y. state. The oldest son, George C., and the second daughter, Mary C., died many years ago in Algonac. Charles K. and Henry, the voungest son, live in Algonac; Gurdon K., the third son lived in Bay City, Mich., and died on Dec. 30, last, a few days before his mother passed away. Mrs. Jackson led a very active life, was opposed to all shains and hypocrisy, and generally spoke her feelings plainly. She had strong convictions, and it required evidence to change them. She was always ready to help those in sickness or distress, and it was at such times that her character was shown in its excellence. She retained her exceptionally fine mental character to the last.

She had been failing in health for the past six months, but died at a ripe old age, respected by all who knew her, and admired for her sterling qualities. When told that her illness might prove fatal, she replied that it was all right; she had done all she was able to do for her friends, and was ready and willing to go. Of her children, Lucy, Charles and Henry are living, all of Algonac. There are twelve grandchildren and four great grandchildren. She was carried to her last resting place by her two sons and four grandsous as pall bearers.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church passed resolutions of sympathy and condolence for the loss of their friend and associate of long years, and paid a just tribute to her memory.

Her son Gurdon Kimball Jackson, died at Pay City, Mich., on Saturday night, Dec. 30. He was born in Algonac, St. Clair County, Mich., in 1840. He went to Bay City in 1863 and engaged in the lumber business, which he conducted successfully until 1895. He was also largely interested in vessel property.



and at the time of his death was a director of the First National Bank and Commercial Banks of Bay City. In business he was honorable and upright, and was widely known and highly respected, not only in Bay City, but along the greatchain of lakes, especially in lumber markets. A wife and two sons are left.

RIPLE CO

Mr. Augustine S. Worthing of Belvue, Kansas, would like to know who has the original diary kept by his great grandfather. Capt. Peter Kimball, to which reference has heretofore been made. It may be in the archives of New Hampshire.

At Prayer.

O man, who moveth God

With measured word and suppliant pose.
Each heart to share one common prayer.

"Father, forgive as we forgive."
And yet does man forgive.

"This day our daily bread."

And then I saw thee yesterday

From early dawn, with brain and brawn,
To work for gold, to fight for gold.

To strike down truth and right for gold.

"Thy kingdom here on earth."

Forbear to lie, O mumbling tongue!
Thy words can still the spirit kill.
To choose a lie, to vote a lie.
To hold in power a stately lie.

"The power and glory thine." Let voices chant their saddest strain. For men each day some Abel slay To be like Cain. to strike like Cain. To wear the crimson mark of Cain.

"And, Father, tempt us not."
On every side the weak ones fall.
And at the gates man's justice waits,
With blased law, with prison cell,
With sable cap and strangling rope.

Be true, O type of God.

To promptings from thy deepest soul
Find life in deeds and not in creeds.
Seek man, save man, and thus be one
With man's creator. God.

W. G. C. KIMBALL, (21212)



Kimball-Family Hews

Vol., III. No. 4

G F KIMBALL, Publisher.

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Topaka, Mansas, April, 1990



WILLIAM D. KIMBALL .- 1220-iii.

[Fam Hist, p. 603 April NESS, 1809.]

On page 254, April News, 1890, mention was made of the accidental death of Wilham D. Kamball. The family is one that has been sorely affected. Attention was first called to it by mention in the New York Tribune Sundine Society Column. The late Jacob D. Kimball left an invalid wid ow and an almost helpless daughter. The Society classes them as belonging to the Shut-In-Club, and does a good deal to throw rays of sunshine across their pathway in life, sending them magazines and papers. They live several nitles from any village, under the crening shall ows of Mr. Cardigan, and reading is almost their sole diversion. The mother is now nearly seventy-live years of



age, very intelligent, taking a lively interest in all that is going on in the world, and the nearly equally invalid daughter seems never to tire in her efforts to add to her comforts and make her life as cheerful as possible. The shocking death of the son and brother that occurred in February of last year was a terrible blow to the already afflicted family. The News this month gives a portrait of William D. Kimball who was born in Plymouth. N. H., April 10, 1855, and copies from United States Senator Chandler's paper, the Concord Daily Monitor, the particulars of his death and burial, as follows, dated Feb. 20, 1899;

William D. Kimball, the well-known local contractor and builder, was the victim of a terrible accident this afternoon, resulting in instant death. He was at work putting in batters for a new building and was

obliged to resort to the use of dynamite to break the ground.

It was necessary to thaw out the dynamite and to do this he borrowed a kerosene stove from one of the residents near the park. The dynamite exploded and Mr. Kimball being near at hand was instantly killed. His watch was found in the snow some twenty feet away. It had stopped at five minutes past one so the accident must have rappened about this time.

The police were immediately notified and Deputy Marshal Rand went over. He found a pocketbook in the show about forty feet away which was somewhat buttered and showed the force of the accident.

Mr. Kimball's face and head were terribly braised, one of his legs was broken in two places and his hands and arms shattered. His overcoat which had been thrown over his shoulders, was torn into shreds, only the part around his neck being left.

No trace of the stove could be found in the vicinity.

Mr. Kimball was 44 years of age and is survived by a wife and two daughters, Mrs. Fred Stevens and Miss Hattie Kimbali, Mr. Kimbail was an Odd Fellow, a well known and respected citizen, a successful business man, and a kind husband and father

Messrs, W. J. Quigg, Roy fandy and Joseph Robille were assisting Mr. Kimball in the work and were within fifty feet of him when the explosion occurred. They were not injured. Mr. Kimball and his assistants had finished one house at the park and were just putting in the foundation for a second.

Feb. 22, 1890.

The funeral services of Mr. William D. Kimball, who was killed Monday by the explosion of dynamite, were held at 12 o'clock this noon at the Curtis Memorial church. The pastor, the Rev. Frank K. Chase, officiated. At the church the service of the I. O. O. F. was conducted, and at the grave the service of the Masons was held. The funeral was attended by delegations from the Pilgrim Tathers, American Mechanics, Masons and Odd Fellows. The floral offering was profuse and beautiful. The bearers were Charles L. Peacock and L. D. Caldon, I. O. O. F.: George Oxgood and Charles Follansbee, Pilgron Fathers: James F. Ward and D. A. Currier, American Mechanics. Interment was at Blossom Hill cemetery. Music was furnished by Nevers's Third Regiment band.



A Magnificent Bequest

Mrs. Elizabeth M. [Kimball] Shute in 1893, bequeathed the son of \$100,000 to found a public library in the city of Lynn, Mass., in memory of her deceased husband, William Shute. To this sum the city appropriated \$40,000, and subscriptions received to the amount of \$35,000 more. The new building has just been finished, and the library ranks sixth of those in the state, having 60,000 volumes.

The Boston Herald says:

Mrs. Blizabeth M. Sinte, whose bequest made the new building possible, was born in Salem, July 24, 1836. Her marden name was Kimball. In 1856 she was married to William Sinte, and lived in Lynn up to the time of her leath. Nov. 1803. She was a very generous woman, giving liberally of her means to charitable purposes. She was possessed of a remarkable business instinct and it is said that her late husband often attributed his success in business to the good advice and deep interest which his wife took in his arfairs.

The Herald prints a picture of Mrs. Shute, and says:

The picture of Mrs. Shute here given was copied from tintype taken more than 35 years ago, being the last picture that was ever taken of her. Although a beautifur woman, she was averse to having her photograph taken.

William Shute, in whose memory the gift of \$100,000 was made by his widow, was one of Lynn's successful business men. He was born in Malden, in what is now a part of Everett, in May, 1831, and received his elacation in the district schools of that town. In 1849 he removed to Lynn and entered the employ of H. A. Peavear, morocco manufacturer, as apprentice. His business was very properous. In September 1861, he died, and his will be greathed 2509 to the city for the establishment of an electric fountain, which is located on the Common. He gave to the city of Everett \$10,000 for the establishment of a branch Public Library in honor of his mother, and to the Lynn Hospital and other worthy objects he gave generous sums.

In her will Mrs. Shute also left \$10,000 in trust for the benefit of certain relatives, which sum after their death is to go toward maintaining reading rooms outside the Library, for the benefit of young men.

We find nothing in the Family History in regard to this Elizabeth Kimball. Cannot some of our Eastern friends furnish the News with further particulars?

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Street Commissioner Alonzo H. Kimbail of Medford, is the newly elected President of the Massachusetts Association of Highway Superintendents.



For Lientenant Governor.

At the largest republican state convention ever held in Rhode Island, March 13, 1900, Charles Dean Kimball of Providence was unanimously nominated for Lieutenant Governor. A re-

port in the New York Daily Tribune says:

Delegate Easton of Providence being recognized by the Chair, said:

"I desire to present for the consideration of this Convention the name of a man whom the citizens of Providence have long delighted to hon or. He has served in the House of Representatives and made a record of which any man might be proud. His high sease of public daty and devotion to the interests of his constituents have been shown by the fact that he has been present at every session of the General Assembly since he has been a member of it, with only one exception, and there was a good reason for his absence. If gives me great pleasure to present the name of Charles Dean Kinaball. Delegate Augustine Jones seconded the nomination and Charles D. Kimball was unanimously nonimated

In response to a call Mr. Kimball made a strong and felicities speech. He was a member of the last Legislature and made a record that brought him into prominence at once. He refused to take a sum of money that the house voted for services that he did not believe should be considered outside of his regular duties. While others [with one exception] pocketed the money he returned his check for \$175 to the state treasury. Particulars

were given in July and August News, 1899, page 309.

Charles Dean Kimball was born in Providence in 1859, and was educated in the public schools. Last November he ran for mayor, that his party might have a complete ticket in the field and maintain an aggressive organization. He was defeated, but that had been anticipated. [Fam. Hist. p. 814.]

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The News would be glad to make half tone illustrations faminy homes, etc., but it cannot stand the additional expense. We are certainly glad to print them when the cuts are furnished. The cost of a single one is not great, ranging from 31.50 for one the size of that which appears this month, to \$5.00 for one of full page, but the aggregate of even one or two each month is too heavy a tax in addition to all other expenses. We have two photos, that would make a full page each, that we hope to give. One shows the church at Rattlesden, England, and the other a riew of a part of this village, the home three hundred years ago of Richard Kimball our ancestor. They are such as will appear in the Rev. J. R. Oloren-haw's forthcoming History of the Parish and church of Rattlesden.

In the February number of Scribner's Magazine, Arthur Reed Kimball had an interesting paper entitled "The Master of Edgewood." (Donald G. Mitchell.)



Why Sarah Kimball Refused to Wed Daniel Webster.

In every home and in every heart there may be secrets too sacred to be given to the world, and the memory of which should never be polluted or violated by an unfeeling public, actuated only by morbid curiosity; hence with a feeling of sensitive delicacy do I touch upon a subject which relates to a loved one whose memory we cherish, who is not here to speak for herself, and

who in her lifetime consigned it to oblivion.

Then why should we with unholy hards dig it up? Only to correct an error would I speak of it. I refer to the item in the February number of the News relating to the engagement of my great aunt Sarah Kimball p. 160 Kimball Hist. to Daniel Webster. The facts can best be told by taking an extract from a letter recently received from a very dear cousin in Boston, Mrs. Lucretia H. Kendall p. 531-1847 and I trust that I am violating no confidence in doing so. She writes: "There is a brief article in the News about Daniel Webster and Aunt Sally not altogether correct. The family tradition is that good Deacon John p. 154-231 her father and our great grandfather, did not regard Daniel as good enough for his Sally, in other words not a christian man. Whether he was then a member of a church or became so later I do not know, but aunt Sally had always great hope of him being a real believer. I may say great confidence in him as a christian man. Whether she remained single because of her attachment for him I cannot say, I doubt it. She had a package of his letters which I have heard cousin Anna Kimball say she carried in an under pocket (one of the old fashioned kind such as our grandmothers used, and, only destroyed them in the last years of her life. I know not exactly when. She once told me that she was not scholarly enough for Danielnot sufficiently cultured. In this she belittled herself, for she was a very intelligent woman, unusually so for the times, and a lady in the highest sense. That Daniel did not forget her was proved by his sending to her in the last year of his life a printed copy of one of his speeches and writing on the cover, 'With the unabated esteem of Daniel Webster.' I remember seeing it.

Thus it will be seen that Aunt Sally was a dutiful daughter and obeyed the counsels and advice of her honored father and declined to marry Daniel, who in later years became one of America's greatest statesmen.

F. M. K.



Charles E. Kimball of Summit, N. J., has been named by Judge Jenkins of the U. S. Court. Milwaukee, as one of the trustees of the United States Milling Company, otherwise known as the flour trust. This company was organized under the laws of New Jersey with a capital of \$25,000,000.



The Will of Noah Brooks.

Herbert W. Kimball of Waban, Mass., Registrar of the Massachusetts society of the Sons of the American Revolution. sends us the following will of Noah Brooks, a somewhat interesting document in itself. His daughter Mary was the wife of Aaron Kimball, No. 173, p. 231 of the Family History. The will shows the maternal descent of their children. Mary was the only daughter of Noah and Sarah (Willard) Brooks of Shrewsbury and Grafton, Mass. Sarah was the only daughter of Major Joseph Willard, and grand daughter of Benjamin Willard the fifteenth child of Simon Willard. Among the descendants of this Simon were the Rev. Joseph Willard, president of Harvard College, 1781-1804, and also Samuel Willard who had been its Vice President nearly a century before, and of the late Frances E. Willard. Simon Willard was the founder of the family in the United States. He was born in England in 1605, and died in 1676. Among other descendants was Lieut. Moses Willard, the father of Mrs. Johnson whose daughter, Captive. born while her parents were prisoners of the Indians, afterwards married Col. George Kimball. See p. 63, March News, 1898. Will allowed April 2, 1805.

IN THE NAME OF GOD, AMEN.

I. Noah Brooks, of Grafton, in the County of Worcester, & Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Gent:—
Sensible of my own mortality, being at present of a sound, disposing mind, do make & ordain this my last will & Testament.

First of all I commend my soul to God who gave it, humbly hoping the salvation thereof thro' Jesus Christ. And my body to the dust to be buried in a decent Christian manner (at the discretion of my executor herafter named) in expectation of a resurrection to eternal life.

As to my worldly substance, with which it hath pleased God to bless me, I dispose of in the following manner:—

IMÉRIMIS. I bequeathe to sarah Brooks, my welbeloved wife, one Cow, which she shall chuse from among my covs, to dispose of as s'te shall please—And that she have fall right, to the west lower room in my-dwelling house; with sufficient cellar room & five wood, cut fit for the fire & brought into the room & 70 weight of beef, 60 lb, of good pork, s bushels of Indian core, i bushels of Rye, one bushel of whent—one bushel of malt—2 Barrels of Cyder & a sufficiency of all sorts of sauce annually. Also a borse with a good saddle to ride upon when she pleases—all the above whilst she remains my widow—& the use of my household furniture during her natural life—also whilst my widow, 5 lbs, of good wool & 15 lbs, of good Flax annually.

TEM, I bequeathe to Aaron Kimball & Mary his wife (my children) my east room, with the cellar under it, & half the chamber over it, & to my only daughter Mary Kimball aforesd all my household furniture after her mother's decease, except the Clock—to her and her heirs forever.



ITEM. I bequeathe to Aaron Kimball, Jr., my grandson all my lands north of the County road, running by my house; with all the buildings thereon and appurtenances thereof, not already disposed off also my clock .- all my Blacksmith tools-all my bust andry tools, on condition that he the sd. Aaron, faithfully & punctually call in & discharge all my just debts, & all the legacies given in this will, & provide for his grandmother what is already bequeathed her, & everything necessary for her in sickness-keep her cow well as long as she needs, & take good care of her. his grandmother, in life, & be at the expence of a decent, Christian burial. for me and my wife. his Grandfather and Grandmother & as an additional reward I bequeath to him all my quick stock.

ITEM, I bequeathe to Neah Brooks Kimball my grandson, six

pounds to be paid him within one year after my decease.

ITEM. I give to Asahel Kumbali, my grandson, six pounds to be paid him within one year after my decease.

ITEM. I give to Asahel Kimball my grandson, three pounds within two years after my decease.

ITEM. I give to Leouard Kimball my grandson three pounds within three years after my decease.

ITEM. I give to Sarah Sherman my grandaughter two pounds to be paid her within four years after my decease.

ITEM. I give Mary Hall my grandaughter two pounds to be paid her within five years after my decease.

ITEM. I give Elizabeth Kimball, my grandaughter, two pounds to be paid her within six years after my decease,

ITEM, I give to Hansah Kimball my grandaughter two pounds to be paid her within seven years after my decease.

ITEM. I give to Asenath Fisher my great grandaughter two pounds to be paid her within seven years after my decease.

ITEM. It is my will that my wearing apparel be equally divided amongst my natural grandsons

LASTLY. If there be anything pertaining to my worldly substance not disposed off it is my will that it be given to Aaron Kimball Jung. my grandson, whom I constitute and appoints de executor of this my last will & testament.

NOAH BROOKS. (seal)

Signd, seald & attested this Thirteenth day of Feb. 7, A. D. one thousand and seven bundred eighty two. In the presence off

DANIEL GROSVENOR. WILLIAM KNOWLTON. TROMAS WITHERBY

Register

Copy

GEORGE H. HARLOW

A.test

and the same

Byron Kimball of Haverhill, Mass., is a breeder of fine horses. He has recently purchased Katanka, the dam of several noted trotters.



Supplemental Notes to Family History.

Page 151-506a-Sarah Kimball⁶ (Peter Joseph Richard Thomas Richard) born in Boscawen, N. H., Dec. 31, 1789; died Dec. 28, 1868; m. 1799. Solomon Martin, b. -: died at sea about 1810 Their only child Judith Kimball Martin b. Nov. 16, 1800; d. Feb. 4, 1883; m. -, 1824. Ezekiel Smith Worthing.

i Sarah Martin Worthings, b. March 18, 1825; m. 1845, Orson Ashley,

ii Augustine S. Worthing' b. Oct. 25, 1827.

iii Hannah Maria Worthing', b. April 15, 1839; m. Henry W. Minard. No children.

iv Joseph Henry Worthing b. May 18, 1845; d. Oct. 27, 1860.

1029a—Sarah Martin Worthing Gludith Kimball Sarah Peter Joseph Richard³ Thomas² Richard¹.) b. March 18, 1925; m. - 1845, Orson Ashley. CHILDREN.

i Laura Ashley9 b. -; m. Richard Constable. No children.

ii Martin Leroy Ashleyo, b. --; m. Ella Judson; seven children. Lives in Kingman County, Kansas.

iti Orpho Elisa Ashley' b. -; m. Frank Albee. Two children, Ora and Laura Bella.

iv Leona Ash'eya b. -: m. Clark Taylor. One son. Morrel.

1029b-Augustine S. Worthing' (Judith Kimball' Sarahe Peter's Joseph's Richard Thomas Richard b. Hebron, N. H., Oct. 25, 1827; m. Esther Ann Barron. He is a retired farmer, and has lived near Belvue Kansas for twenty-eight years. The family name wasWorthen. A near relative was Amos H. Worthen, formerly state geologist of Illinois. See p. 36, last number of XEWS. Also April NEWS, 1899, p. 260.

CHILDREN

i Edwin A. Worthing9, b. Oct. 19, 1856; m. Letia Moore. Three children: 1. Bertha, b. Feb. 13, 1890; 2, Augustine Ray, b. June 8, 1891; 3. Edith Pearl, b. May 21, 1895.

ii Estella Pauline Worthings, b. April 15, 1861; m. Frank Crabtree. Two children: 1, Ethello, b. Nov. 18, 1889: 2, Raymond Worthing10

b. July 16, 1-92.

iii May Lorindaº b. -: m. James S. Watt. Two children: 1, Ora May Lorena Wattin, b. May 19, 1890. 2. Merrill Worthing Wattin b. Oct. 18, 1897.

Page 409-No. 774, Royal Kimball', m. Ashfield, Mass., Feb. 25, 1808, Polly Harvey

CHILDREN.

- i Lewis A.5, b. Ashfield, Mass., March 5, 1809.
- ii Darwin's b Chenango Co., N. Y., Aug. 20, 1811; d. May 16, 1888

iii Harman', b. Lisle, N. Y., Dec. 19, 1813.

- iv Royals, b. Chenango, Broome Co., May 6, 1816; d. Hard Mill, Mo. Dec. 18, 1899.
 - v. Virgil W. b. Binghamton, N. Y., Sept. 15, 1818; d. Jan. 6, 1878.



- vi Almera', b. Chenango Co., N. Y., June 10, 182 ii m. Jeel Sawyer, vii Mary', b. Chenango Co., April 22, 1821; d. Rochester, N. Y.,
- July 1877.
 viii Releafy', b. Chenango Co., May 25, 1824; m. Reuben Hazen of
- Rochester, N. Y.
 ix Caroline, b. Chenango, Broome Co. May 12, 1827; m. William
 - Sherburne of Oxford, Kansas.
 - x Eliza", b. Chenango, Co., April 22, 1829; d. ——; m. George Chaplin.
- xi Gliver E.A. b. Chenango Co., 1831.
- Page 733—No. 1553. Royal Kimball*, b. Chenango, Broome Co., N. Y. May 6, 1816; d. Hard Mill, Callaway Co., Mo., Dec. 18, 1899; m. Feb. 7, 1843, Maria A. Sprague, in Friangle Town, Broome Co., N.Y. CHILDREN.
 - Franklin B.⁹ b. Triangle, Broome Co., N. Y., Feb. 4, 1844; d. of typhoid zever. Gatesville, Texas, August 10, 1872.
 - Eugene Anself, b. Chehocton, Steuben Co. N. Y., Feb. 3, 1848
 d. Sept. 10, at Versailles, Catt Co., N. Y. of flux.
 - Eldridge A.3, b. Versailles, Catt Co., N.Y., July 9, 1849; d. March 2, 1852.
 - iv Alva A.º, b. Versailles, N. Y., April 9, 1851; m. Dec. 28, 1876, Lizzie Martin
 - v Oliver O.º, b. Versailles, N. Y., Sept. 4, 1853; m. Oct. 24, 1881. Jennie Clothier. He is a machinist and lives at Tebbetts, Mo.
 - vi Adelaide E.⁹, b. July 14, 1859; m. Feb. 28, 1877. William Knowlton. Lives in Perrysburg, N. Y.
 - vii Buford H.*, b. Cuba, Mo., Nov. 27, 1865; m. Feb. 22, 1888. Sallie O. Herring.
 - viii Charles A.S. b. Cuba, Mo., June 12, 1866.
- [Nors:—It will be observed that the above differs from the Family History. We give it as furnished by Oliver D. Kimball of Tebbetts. Mo. It will be noticed that nothing is given concerning the grandchildren of Royal Kimball? neither above nor in the History. It may be added that Virgit, brother of Royal was the father of Elbert L. Kimball, who in 1888 was the republican candidate for governor of Missouri, and whose sudden death a little later was a matter of almost national regret. Fam. Hist. p. 1010. [
- Page 1011—Althea A. (Kimball) Murphy, daughter of Virgil', lives at Euid Oklahoma, instead of San Diego, Cal.
- Page 1022—No. 2386, Achsah Kimball Beach now resides at Pittsfield, Mass. Page 1142—Capt. W. A. Kimball now lives at Nahcotta, Wash.



Thomas D. Kimball, Phillips Andover '59, is general agent for the Washington Life Insurance Co., of New York City with head-quarters at 421 Olive street. St. Louis. Mo. He lives in Kirkwood and was last year elected its first mayor on a straight anti-saloon issue.



The Peaslees and Others of Haverhill

Mrs. E. A. Kimball of East Haverhill, Mass., has compiled a pamphlet of 72 pages with the above title and has kindly sent the Næws a copy. It contains much interesting Kimball reading. The founder of the Peaslee family was Joseph born in England, made freeman in 1642, Newbury, Mass., and moved to Haverhill in 1646. [Page 4), Kimball History.] He was an active citizen and preacher although some of the records note that he was "unfit" for such work.

The Family History states that Judith Kimball. the third daughter of Henry [p. 49] married Col. Nathaniel Peaslee. He was the fourth son of Joseph, son of the emigrant Joseph, and was a wealthy and influential citizen. a Representative several terms and one of the committee of the General Court in 1734, to arrange the long disputed boundary line between Massachus

setts and New Hampshire.

The Family History makes no mention of their children, but they are given in this work and were as follows:

i Hannah Peaslee born May 1, 1703.

ii Mehitable Peaslee, born Jan. 18, 1704; died May 27, 1776.

iii Nathaniel Peaslee, born April 13, 1707.

- iv Abigail Peaslee, born Sept. 29, 1769.
 v Susanna Peaslee, b. May 10, 1712.
- vi Mary Peaslee, b Oct. 5, 1715; died Feb. 8, 1716-17. vii Jonathan Peaslee, born June 15, 1720; died March 5, 1721.

Regarding their children we quote as follows:

In 1793 Abigail and susanna Peaslee, with five other women, petitioned the town for liberty "to erect a sear or pew over the head of the stairs," in the meeting-house, "not damnifying the stairway." Their request was granted. At the same time Nathaniel Peaslee and others, "having their habititions so distant from the meeting-house that, at any time being belated, we cannot get into any seat, but are obliged to sit squeased on the stairs," asked permission to erect a pew in a vacant place "betwixt the front pew and the pew on the side gallery over the head of the stairs." As the daughters of Nathaniel Peaslee were at this time aged respectfully fourteen and eleven years, they were, according to modern ideas, very yoing women.

Hannah, the eldest child, married Joseph Badger, a merchant of Haverhill, and father of Gen. Joseph Badger. of Gilmanton. N. H., born in Haverhill, January 11, 1722.

Susanna married Rev. Christopher Sargent, of Methuen, January 22, 1729-30, and was the mother of Hon. Nathaniel Peaslee Sargent, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts.

[Nathaniel Peaslee Sargent, the grandson of Judith (Kimball) Peaslee graduated from Harvard College in 1750, and was a delegate to the Provincial Congress at Cambridge in 1775, and the next year was a member of the House of Representatives.



This was before he became Chief Justice of the Massachusetts Supreme Court. He was the sole executor of his grandfather's will.—Ed. News.]

The historians of Concord, New Hampshire, and of Haverhill, Mass., state that "Capt. Ebenezer Eastman married March 4, 1719, Sarah Peaslee of Haverhill, daughter of Colonel Nathaniel Peaslee, of Haverhill, evidently an error, as the eldest child of Nathaniel was not born until 1703. Sarah Peaslee, daughter of Joseph and sister of Nathaniel, married Captain Ebenezer Eastman.

[It was their son Moses Eastman who married Elizabeth Kimball. See News p. 258, April, 1899, and for their children, page 8, Jan. News, 1990.—Ed. News.]

Nathaniel Peaslee, Jr., son of Nathaniel and Judith, married Lydia White, Nor. 16, 1727. They had a child Abigail, born Oct. 2, 1728, died Oct. 17, 1729. "Nath'l Peaslee, ve husband, died Sent, 9, 1730,"

Abigail, the fourth child of Nathaniel and Judith, married, James White, April 9, 1728, and died May 27, 1730.

Mrs. Judith Peaslee died August 15, 1741, and, a few months later, Rev. Christopher Sargent, of Methuen, had the pleasure of uniting in marriage his father-in-law, then nearly sixty years of age, and Abiah Swan, of that town, Jan. 8, 1742.

Their child, Abigail was born May 2, 1743, and the mother died the 11th of the month and year. Abigail, the daughter, married Humphrey Moody, and had nine children. Humphrey and Nathaniel Peaslee Moody, enisted in the army and served three years. William, son of Humphrey was a graduate of Partmouth College. Mrs. Moody married for her second husband Gen. James Brickett.

In 1720 the General Court of Massachusetts granted the township of "Pennycook" now Concord, to one hundred men, most of whom were from Haverhill, Bradford and vicinity, and among them Samuel. David and Jeremiah Kimball, sons of David. Their brother Aaron settled in Hopkinton, and Jeremiah went to Warner. Robert and Nathaniel Peaslee were proprietors of the township but did not settle there. Robert Kimball 'p. 61 the uncle of the above mentioned Kimballs was also interested in Pennycook, but did not settle there. His son Phillip however became prominent in town affairs. (See anecdote p. 94 Fam. Hist.)

The first settler in Concord, then Pennycook, was Capt. Ebenezer Eastman who married Sarah Peaslee, whose son Moses married Elizabeth Kimball. See April Næws, 1899. Ruth the only sister of Moses Eastman married Dr. Ezra Carter when only thirteen years old, and for a second husband married Samuel Fowler a maternal relative of the Næws Editor's father.

The will of Nathaniel Peaslee reads very much like parts of that of Noah Brooks in another part of this issue of the News, For example he gives to his "well beloved wife, the im-



provement of the south-easterly part of the house in which I now live, called the Parlour and Parlour chamber, and Garret overhead and Celler under, also well and wood yard as she shall have occasion. Also the Improvement of the west Room in the Red house in which William Page now lives, and the chamber over it, and the cellar under it, and also the well and wood yard as she shall have occasion, and the Improvement of my barn on the North side of the Road, where the Cyder Mill now stands, and her sixth part of the profits and clear annual Income of the several parcels of Land which I shall bereafter mention and give to my children and grand-children for and during the term she shall continue my widow, after debts and charges are paid and one-fifth part over all the funeral charges I shall die possessed of."

The author of this interesting work is Mrs. Emma A. (Brown Kimball. Hist. p. 842. She married Frederick, the fifth child of Hazen Kimball. No. 1062, p. 528 who married Eliza Peaslee. Hazen's father, Benjamin. (p. 292) married Betsey Kimball, and their daughter Abigail became the second wife of Deacon Jesse Kimball son of James, a very interesting sketch of whom may be found on page 298 of the history. His first wife was also a Kimball, Lucretia, daughter of Judge John Kimball of Barton, Vt., grandfather of F. M. Kimball of Topeka. Another Lucretia Kimball, sister of Deacon Jesse, married Prof. Benjamin Greenleaf, the author of Greenleaf's Arithmetics. A daughter of Jesse and Abigail Kimball, Lucretia Hasseltine, 'a person of rare attainments' married Rev. R. S. Kendall, at one time U. S. Consul at Strasburg, Germany. Their three children all became prominent educators. (Hist. p. 844.)

Mrs. Kimball's book, in paper, sells for \$1.00, bound in cloth \$1.50.

91.00



A late number of the Boston Herald contained a half tone portrait of Miss Mary Elizabeth Kimball, the retiring president of the Massachusetts Daughters of Veterans. She is the daughter of Gen. John W. Kimball of Fitchburg, who was elected state auditor in 1898, and has filled that office ever since that time. [Hist, p. 841.]

The collection of Indian relics which was on exhibition at the Boston museum for many years, has been presented to the Peabody museum of Harvard by the heirs of David Kimball. The collection comes from the Algonquins, the Sioux, the Seminoles and the Choctaws, and was made by the famous explorers. Lewis and Clark, about the year 1840.



A Good Looking Rustler

The March number of the New York Typewriter and Phonographic World is before us. It must be a valuable aid to the typewriters and stenographers, as it is a large illustrated magazine at only 50 cents a year. This number contains a racy and instructive department on "The Amanuensis and the Student," conducted by James N. Kimball, a New York teacher and reporter. This number also contains a sketch and portrait of our rustling friend and cousin, Duran Kimball, proprietor of the Chicago Shorthand School and Business College, 113 Adams Street. We would like very much to reproduce both portrait and sketch, but have not the cut, but we can give the sketch which is by the editor of the magazine.

Duran Kimball has from the first been a staunch friend of the News, overlooking its imperfections, knowing how easy it is to make mistakes when one has "too many irons in the fire." His name is not given in the index of the Family History, but a short sketch is given on page 720, in which his birthplace is given as Claremont, N. H. But Claremont is only across the Connecticut river from the Green Mountain State. We imagine that Editor Healey drew a little on his imagination at the outset, but the little story is readable enough for the World, and the main facts are good enough for the News. Our cousin has been unfortunate in losing all his children, the News of March, 1898, containing a portrait and sketch of his daughter Grace, a very aniable young woman who died in California on Christmas day, 1897, at the age of seventeen.

DURAN KIMBALL OF CHICAGO.

D. Kimball, of Chicago-that's his name, and one knows by his physiogomy that he is a Yankee-born and bred among the Green Mountoins of Vermont, where his nearest neighbors were the chipmunks, the speckled front, and the towering forms of the old spruce-gum trees, There he remained, a simple farmer's boy, until 1856 when he removed to Minnesota, and in 1862 enlisted in the Tenth Minnesota Infantry, serving his time until the close of the war, coming out a heutenant, and with his hair—the latter a rather surprising circumstance considering the fact that much of his time was spent in chasing up the refractory Sioux ludians. Upon his discharge from the army he went to Boston, and there ran across Takigrafy his first and only love, with the exception of a few days of toving with the virgin consonants of Pitman. His first real experience as a stenographer was gained in the office of the famous Allan Pinkerton-and they do say that the detective instinct they cultivated and absorbed from his environment remains with him to this day. In '68 he went with the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy and later accepted the position of trainmaster with the Southern Pacific, which he left in a month, and took charge of the construction of a hundred-mile branch of the Northern



Pacific. But the itching for teaching took posses-ion of him and he returned to Chicago, taught a year in one of the business colleges there and then opened a school of his own which he has since conducted. Mr. Kimball has been and is probably now the strongest and best representative of Takigraphy in the world. He has given whole attention to it devising means and methods for engraving, and publishing many text-books in the system, all of which are models of which any author may be proud both in design and literary style. Mr. Kimball is in his fitty-eighth year and ought to be good for another quarter of a century. May his shadow never grow less.

Kimball Loveiov.

Our young friend, C. N. Kimball of Harvard, class 1902, sends the following clipped from a Boston paper, dated March

9. Natick, Mass.:

Mr. Kimball Lovejoy, 87, died gesterday at his home on Poul street Cochituate. He was bern in Hebron, N. H. When a young man he settled in Charlestown, where he lived till about 30 years ago, when he went to Cochituate and made his home there. Mr. Lovejoy was of a quiet, returing disposition. He was one of the most respected citizens of the town. He engaged in the box manufacturing business. He was married and had two sous, one of whom was killed in the civil war. The second son. William, died in 1873. His wife is also dead, and Mr.-Lovejoy was the last of the family. He was a prominent member of the M. E. church, and was one of the trustees at the time of his death.

In his letter our cousin remarks that it is the only instance where he has seen the family name used as a Christian name. A glance at the Family History index will show that this is by no means rare. No mention of Kimball Lovejov is 'made in the history. But there were many Kimballs in Groton, Hebron and neighboring towns, and the widow of Benjamin Kimball, No. 397, married Jacob Lovejov of Hebron in 1835. Kimball Lovejoy was probably the son of a Kimball woman

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Kimballs in Harvard University.

Henry Horton Kimball, A. B., of Boston, 271 Beacon street, 1902, Law.

Charles Nathaniel Kimball of Wellsboro, Pa., 11 Conant, 1902, Law. Hist. p. 796.

George Cook Kimball of Boston, Scientific, 1900, Electric Engineer, Holyoke, Hist, p. 834.

Arthur Clark Kimball of Lynn, Mass., Scientific, 1901, Civil Engineer: Weld 33. Hist. p. 839.

Fred Kimball of Kensington, N. H., College, 19 Ellsworth Ave.

RADCLIFFE COLLEGE.

Alice May Kimball of Cambridge, Mass., 1900. Hist. p. 1018. (?)



Dr. Grace Kimball on Medical Missionaries.

[See News, Dec. 1809, p. 370, Hist, p. 322.]

From the N. V. Tribune, March 21:

Pr. Grace Kimball, formerly of Van. Turkey, who is now connected with Vassar College, addressed the Woman's Guild of the Manhattan Congregation Church yesterday morning at Leshe Hall. Eighty-third street, and Broadway, on the work accomplished by medical missionaries. Mrs. Henry A. Stimson introduced the speaker, and Mrs. S. C. Mastick was chairman of the meeting.

Pr. Kimball strongly urgel the value of organizations an mission work. "If our missions are to be as they must be an army-we at home must make the work a study," said Dr. Kimball. "To the extent that foreign missions have been successful, the result must be attributed to

concentrated effort."

In a reference to her former work as a medical missionary at Van, the speaker stated that a woman, who was deeply interested in the work said, "We wart new school of three It"—reading, writing and righteousness"—to which Dr. Kimball adoed that such a school had been established.

"of the thirty-eight modical missionaries sent out by the American loand six are women," said the speaker. "The medical missionaries win the confidence and affection of the natives through their ability to relieve suffering, and one of the instances that came under my notice was the case of a chief who was obdurate in his determination not to listen to the missionaries. On one occasion a missionary found him rolling on the ground in agony, incidental to a form of discussment is frequently fatal. The medical missionary was enabled to give the necessary treatment, and upon his recovery the chief was found among the attentive listeners at the mission."

At the close of the address the speaker was introduced to those present by Mrs. C.L. Newell, the chairman of reception.

DIED.

MRS. SUSANNA H. KIMBALL.

Suddenly, at West Newton, Mass., Feb. 7, Mrs. Susanna H. Kimball.

ADELAIDE KIMBALL.

At Wellesley Hills, Mass., March 9, S. Adelaide Kimball, wife of George H. Kimball.

HENRY CURTIS SNOW.

Suddenly, in Boston Jan. 26, Henry Curtis Snow, son of late David Snow, 65 years. Mr. Snow married Lavina Taft Kimbail, Dec. 16, 1858. He left a widow, children and grandchildren. [Fam. Hist. pp. 776, No. 1671]

ELIZABLTH KIMBALI, NOVES.

Mrs. Elizabeth Kimball Noyes, sister of Ex-Mayor Edward J. Noyes, of Lowell, aged 54 years. She was a native of Georgetown, Mass. See p. 705, No. 1478.



Peter Kimball's Diary.

Mr. Augustine S. Worthing of Belvue, Kansas, writes concerning the diary of his great grandfather, Capt. Peter Kimball of Boscawen, N. H., which he kept while in the service of the

Revolutionary patriots:

"It was probably in possession of his youngest son Benjamin Thurston, (Fam. Hist, p. 284) then to his son Peter, late of Grafton, N. H.—If it is still preserved, it is doubtless in possession of some of Peter's children.—My grandmother, Sarah Kimball Martin, used to say that her father made notes in his diary nearly every day throughout the war. She said it possessed real literary merit.—It's known to have been in existence in 1830, and my grandmother often spoke of it, saying it would be worth money to his descendants."

As the News has before said, this diary is considered good authority by historians. The Family History quotes from it on page 159. If Mr. Worthing is correct in his surmise, then Mrs. Nancy Adams Kimball, the widow of the late Peter Kimball of Grafton, N. H., may be able to give some information in regard

to it. She is a very bright and well informed lady.



In the annual list of largest taxpayers of Boston in the flerald Jan. 14, the names of about eight Kimballs appear as paying taxes on one and one-half millions of real estate and personal property.

-

L. F. Kimball of Melrose, Mass., has bought the Challenge Poultry Farm, of South Peabody, Mass. The farm contains 18 acres of land, about 299 feet of poultry houses, and a large factory building. Mr. Kimball intends to improve the property, and to raise poultry on a large scale.



Dr. G. W. Field of Bangor. Me., left many public bequests, and among them \$1500 to Dr. Grace Kimball and Miss. Lettie E. Johnson, to be used by them in the Van Mission or other Turkish missions in such way as they deem expedient. See Fam. News, Dec. 1899, for sketch, also Fam. Hist. pp. 322-323.



President Kimball of the Iowa Central Railroad Company has decided to move the headquarters, general offices and machine shops of that road from Marshalltown, Iowa, to Peoria, Illinois. Peoria has become a very important railroad center, and offers economical advantages over most other points.



Kimball-Family News

Vol. III. No. 5.

G. F. KIMBALL, Publisher.

Terms \$1.00 a year.

Topeka, Kansas, May, 1900.

SUPPLEMENTAL NOTES TO FAMILY HISTORY.

RECORD OF JOHN KIMEALL, PAGE 408, FAMILY RISTORY.

- No. 772-John Kimballi (Boyce' Boyce' Ebenezer' Samuel' Richard' Richard) born in Shutesbury, Mass., Feb. 3, 1783; d. Hadley, Mass., Sept. 30, 1858; m. 1st Jan. 22, 1805. Electa Granger, b. Nov. 2, 1783; d. Aug. 24, 1817; m. 2d. May 6, 1818. Lydia Granger, b. Feb. 17, 1790; d. March 1, 1842. Electa and Lydia Granger were the daughters of Holcomb Granger and Electa Smith, who was a descendant of Joseph Smith of Hartford, Conn., Nathaniel Foote of Wethersfield, Conn., Peter Golding of Boston, Hadley and Sudbary, Mass., Luke Hitchcock of Wethersfield, Conn., and Hadiev, Mass. Nathaniel Dickinson of Hadley Mass., and Lieut. Samuel Smith, who, with his family came from England in 1634 on the "Elizabeth" with Richard and Ursula (Scott) Kimball. Mr. Kimball followed the occupation of gardening for many years. He was kind and genial in his nature and greatly loved by all who knew him, especially the children. Resided in Hadley, Mass. CHILDREN BORN IN HADLEY, MASS.
 - i (1545a) Timothy', b. Mch. 11, 1806; d. July 18, 1872. New Orleans, La.
 - ii John', b. Aug. 17, 1807; drowned in Connecticut River Apr. 7, 1815.
 - iii (1545b) Achsa Bridgman' b Oct. 28, 1805; d. March 24, 1851, New Salem, Mass.
 - iv (1545c: William", b. Aug. 2, 1810; d. Sept. 18, 1895, Farlington, Kas. v (1545d) Maria', b. March 29, 1812; d. Aug. 4, 1839.

 - vi Thaldens Granger', b. Apr. 15, 1814; went south Date of death unknown.
 - vii John' b. Jau. 2, 1816. When a young man he went to California; invested in mining property; bought timber land in Tuolumne Co., and was principal owner of the stock of the Union Water Co., in Calaveras To., for many years. One hand was deformed from the time of his birth, and he never learned to write, but in his large business transactions he would carry many accounts correctly in his mind and give them to his book-keeper for record. He was never married and died Jan. 23, 1878, in Murphy's
 - vid (1545e) Horace Smith b. March 24, 1820; d. Baltimore, Md. Aug. 21, 1893.
 - ix Reuben B ', b. Sept. 10, 1822; d. Sept. 1, 1837.
 - x (1546) Erastus S.* b Jan. 2, 1825; d. Northampton, Mass., April 19, 1883. (See Fam Hist pages 408 and 731.)



- xi (1547) Francis Henry⁸, b. Dec. 16, 1828. Residence Easthampton, Mass. (See Fam. Hist. pages 408; 731 and 1008.)
- 1545a—Timothy K'mball's John' Boyce* Boyces Ebenezer* Samuel* Richard* Richard* b Meh. 11, 1856, went to New Orleans, La., when about sixteen years of agetm. Nov. 20, 1833. Emily Knight, born New Orleans, March 2, 1818; d. New Cadiz, Florida. Apr. 5, 1891. He was for many years a successful merchant in New Orleans.

CHILDREN BORN IN NEW ORLEANS.

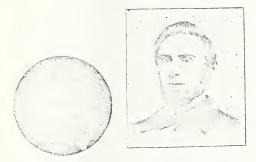
- i Elenor Rosalie⁹, b. Sept. 13, 1834; d. N. O., Oct. 16, 1839.
- ii Emma⁹, b. Feb. 13, 1837; d. New Cadiz, Fla., Oct. 7, 1874.
- iii Josiah Granger⁹, b. Sept. 25, 1839.
- iv Alice⁵, b. Jan. 14, 1842; m. Joseph Puig, June 7, 1865; resides in New Cadiz, Fla.
- v Henry⁹, b. Dec 31, 1845; d. Calahou⁹a, La., Nov. 13, 1862.
- vi Timothy Dwight⁹, b. Feb. 20, 1847; d. N. O., Jan. 20, 1848.
- vii 2336a, Walker Boyce?.b. June 1, 1840; m. Bessie Park, June 25, 1880.
- viii Electa Smith? b. Feb. 6, 1852; d. May. 28, 1853.
- ix Ida Bell⁹ b. Sept. 1, 1854; m. Martin Campus, August 16, 1898. Resides at New Cadiz, Fla.
 - x Timothy9, b. Dec. 6, 1856. Is now living in Disston City. Fla.
- 2336a—Walker Boyce Kimbal¹⁹ (Timothy³ John⁷ Boyce⁶ Boyce⁵ Ebenezer⁴ Samuel¹ Richard² R'chard¹) has five children: Harry¹⁰, Alice¹⁰, Grace¹⁰, Raiph¹⁰ and Frank¹⁰. The family resides in Denison City, Texas.
- 1545b—Achsa Bridgman Kimball* (John Boyce* Boyce* Ebenezer* Samuel* Richard* Richard*) b. in Hadley, Mass., Oct. 28, 450s; d. March 24, 1851; m. May 5, 1831. Daniel Sanford Freeman. b. March 1, 1805, in Norton. Mass. He was the son of Nathaniel Freeman and Sally Martin, whose father. Amos Martin of Norton, served in various companies during the Revolutionary war. His grandmother, Bethiah Hodges, wife of Nathaniel Freeman (Ensignwas a descendant of Major Joseph Hodges, a prominent officer in the British Army during the "Old French War." (See Hodge's Fam. Hist.) Was. Freeman was a woman of refined nature, scholarly mind, sound judgment and remarkable unselfshoess of character. Of her it migrat truthfully have been said. "She openeth her mouth with wisdom: and in her tongue is the law of kindness. She looketh we'l to the ways of her household and eatth not the bread of idlecess.

CHILDREN BORN IN NEW SALEM, MASS.

- i (2336b) Maria Freeman⁹, b. Feb. 15, 1832.
- ii (2336c) Daniel Sanford Freeman, b. March 9, 1834.
- iii (2336d) Lewis Howard Freeman, b. March 17, 1836.
- iv (2336e) Achsa Bridgman Freeman', b. Aug. 22, 1837.



- v Nathaniel Freeman*, b. Nov. 13, 1839; m. May 9, 1871, Delia Augus'a Higgins, b. July'22, 1842, in Perry, Wyoming Co., New York, and is a descendant on her mother's side, of Hannah Dustan of Indian fame. She graduated from Genesce Wesleyan Seminary at Lima, N. Y., in 1862, and taught school in Newark, Cold Spring and other towns in that state. Mr. Freeman served as private and non-commissioned officer in Co. D. 2nd N. H. Vol's from Sept. 14, 1861 to Oct. 19, 1864, losing an arm in the battle of Cold Harbor; afterwards served in the U.S. Sanitary Commission three years, and in the General Land Office in Washington nearly seventeen years. During the many years which Mr. and Mrs. Freeman have resided in Washington, D. C., they have been most favorably known in literary circles and have been highly appreciated for their pelpfulness in charitable and christian work. They still take a lizely interest in all these matters. vi (2336f) John Kimball Freeman³, b. March 26, 1842.
- vii Lydia Ellen Freeman⁶, b. July 23, 1843; resides in San Francisco.
 viii (2336g) Henry Thadeus Granger Freeman⁶, b. Oct. 19, 1846; d. Feb. 17, 1892.
- ix (2336h) Edmund Frances Freeman*, b. Sept. 10, 1850.



MRS. MARIA FREEMAN GRAY.

JUDGE JOHN HENRY GRAY.

2336b—Maria Freeman⁹ (Achsa B. Kimball⁸ John⁹ Boyce⁹ Reyce⁹ Elenezer⁴ Samuel⁹ Richard¹ Richard¹ b. Feb. 1⁸, 1832. She attended New Salem Academy and afterwards graduated at the Wesleyan Semi-



nary. Wilbraham, Mass , in 1852. The same year she went west under the auspices of the National Board of Popular Education, being one of a company of "New England school-marms" chaperoned by Gov. Wm. Slade of Vt. She first had charge of the Public Schools at Huntingdon, Ind., and later was preceptress in the Fort Wayne College, Ind.; married May 5, 1855, John Heury Gray, b. in Md. Oct. 16, 1831. His father, George Gray, moved to Licking Co., Ohio, in Pennsylvania wagons soon after the completion of the National turnpike. George Gray served his country in the war of 1812. He lived to be about ninety-six years of age. Mr. Gray graduated with honors at Allegheny College, Meadville, Pa., in 1853. He entered upon the practice of law in Fort Wayne, Ind., but immediately after his marriage removed with his wife to Des Moines. Iowa, where he was elected District Judge in 1858, which office he filled with great acceptability to the people until the time of his death, Oct. 14, 1865. There were few men in this young state that occupied a more responsible position, in these years, preceeding and during the civil war, than did Judge Gray. His clear preceptions of right and justice, joined to his unflinching integrity of character gave him a most honorable record in public as well as in private life, Mrs. Gray is greatly interested in humane work and has organized many "Bands of Merey" in San Francisco, in Honolulu and one in Unalaska. She is earnestly endeavoring to promote the cause of peace and arbitration, and is a delegate from "The Universal Peace Union" to the Ninth World's Peace Congress to be held in Paris, commencing Sept. 30, 1900; is also Vice President of "The Universal Alliance of Women for Peace," which holds its First International Congress in Paris next September. She is an active member of the "Pacific Coast Women's Press Association," an organization of women writers founded in 1800. Mrs. Gray and her sons, of whom mention is made in "The Kimball Family News" of Jan. 1900, reside in San Francisco.

CHILDREN BORN IN DES MOINES, IOWA.

i George Freeman Gray¹⁰, b. May 20, 1858; m. June 21, 1890, Madge D. Webster of San Francisco. Children: 1 Mildred Freeman Gray¹¹, b. May 17, 1891. 2 Harry Webster Gray¹¹, b. June 2, 1892.

ii Harry Nathaniel Gray¹⁰, b. June 1, 1862; m. 1st, Oct. 31, 1887, Lorena Wolf of Springfield, III.; d. June 18, 1892, in San Francisco; m. 2d Jan. 17, 1898, Persis (Babcock) Wilson, daughter of John and Lorinda (Munger) Babcock of Denver, Colo.

2336c—Daniel Sanford Freeman* (Achsa Kimball*) John* Boyce* Boyce* Ebenezer* Samuel* Richard* Richard* b. March 9, 1834; m. March 20, 1834, Maria Relief Blanchard, daughter of Abraham and Eliza (1931) ee! Blanchard of Hinsdale, N. H. He is a farmer and lives in New Salem, Mass.

CHILDREN BORN IN HINSDALE, N. H.

i Flora Eliza Freemanto, b. Oct. 30, 1862.



- ii Arthur Prescott Freeman 1, b. Aug. 9, 1864; d. July 16, 1865.
- Nellie Marca Freeman¹⁹, b. Dec. 3, 1866; m. Feb. 22, 1891, George Mortlock of N. H. Children: 1 Sydney Freeman³, b. May 30, 1893. 2 Rosetta Maria³, b. Aug. 10, 1894; d. Aug. 28, 1894. 3 Robert William³, b. Feb. 7, 1898, d. Sept. 1898.
- iv Atchelans Sanford Freemants, b. Mar. 2, 1870; d. Feb. 27, 1871.
- v Ralph Whitney Freeman' (adopted) b. June. 1879.
- 2336d—Lewis Howard Freeman⁹ (Achsa Kimball⁸ John¹ Boyce⁶ Boyce⁶ Ebenezer¹ samue¹ Richard² Richard¹ b. Meh. 17, 1836; m. July 10, 1862, Sarah Hamilton, b. Shutesbory, Mass., June 6, 1832. He enlisted in the U. S. Service, Jan. 5, 1864, in Co. D. 27th regt. Mass. Infantry; disenarged June, 1865. This term of service was spent in Virginia and N. C. under Generals Grant and Butter. He was taken prisoner in March 1865, and confined in Libby Prison a few days. He is a farmer and resides in New Salem, Mass.

CHILDREN BORN IN NEW SALEM MASS.

- i Lillian Hattie Freeman's b. July 25, 1863; d. Jan. 1, 1882.
- Hertram Howard Freeman¹⁰, b. Oct. 25, 1872; m. Dec. 14, 1899. Mattie D. Fickett, b. Raymond, Maine, May 11, 1871.
- 2336e -- Achsa Bridgman Freeman' (Achsa Kimball' John' Boyce Boyce) Ebenezer Samuel Richard Richard b. Aug. 22, 1837. She graduated at Weslevan Seminary, Wilbraham, Mass., 1859; taught in publie schools of lowa nearly twelve years, and in the first free schools of South Carolina in .70 and 71. On Nov. 20, 1872, m. in Des Moines. Iowa, Hiram Thomas Curl, b. in Ind. May 15, 1840. His grandfather James Curl, was a revolutionary soldier; lived in Va., and later moved to Ohio, where his son John, alliram's father) then seven years of age, was lost in the wilds of Champaign Co., in 1816 one week; saw plenty of wild animals but no human being; subsisted mostly upon wild gooseberries. Mr. Curl's parents moved Polk Co., Iowa, in 1856. He enlisted in the 16th Iowa Inf., Co. A, in 1861, and remained in the service over three years. He afterwards attended Cornell College and in 1867 entered the Methodist ministry; served various charges in Iowa. South Dakota and Washington many years, and was also presiding elder one term in Iowa. The family now reside in Oakland Cal.

CHILDREN.

- i May Eva Curl¹⁹, b. Oct. 16, 1873; m. Mar. 1891, Fred M. White, in Tacoma Wash. Children: 1 Fredder R., b. Nov. 11, 1891, 2 Ralph Thomas, b. Mar. 23, 1894, 3 Gracie Achsa, b. Aug. 4, 1896,
- ii William Freeman Curtie, b. Nov. 11, 1874.
- iii Charles Cookman Curlb. b. Dec. 23, 1876.
- iv dessie Gertrude Curt?, b. Feb. 13, 1881; d. Nov. 29, 1887.
- 2336f-John Kimbali Freeman' (Achsa Kimball' John' Boyce⁵ Boyce⁵ Ebenezer¹ Samnel⁵ Richard² Richard¹/₂ b. Mah. 26, 1812; m. 181, Meb. 20.



1872, Jane Elizabeth Arnot, b. London, Eng., March 20, 1857; d. Feb. 19, 1881; m. 2nd. June, 1896, Catherine Shiffer, b. Daughin Co., Pa., July 8, 1852. . He entisted Sept. 1, 1862, in to. E. 53d Regt., Mass. Vol. Inf., serving nearly one year in the Dep't of the Gulf state of La., under Gen. Banks. Entisted Jan. 5, 1864, in Co. D. 27th Regt. Mass, Vol. Inf.; discharged June, 1865; was in several engagements in Va. and N. C.; was taken prisoner March. 1865, and confined in Libby Prison a few days. Resides in No. ≥cituate, Mass.

CHILDREN.

- i Stella Jane Freeman's, b. Dec. 29, 1872; m. 1891, Arthur McNay. Child: Arthur Freeman", b May, 1894.
- ii Miriam Martha Freemanio, b. Dec. 7, 1874; d. May 12, 1896. iii John Nathaniel Freeman¹⁰, b. Feb. 20, 1877; m. Sept. 1899. An-

nie McPartland.

2336g-Henry Thaddens Granger Freeman® (Achsa Kimball John Boyce Boyce Ebenezer Samue, Richard Richard b Oct. 19, 1846; m Oct. 19, 1869. Hattie L. West, b. Easthampton, Conn., July 26, 1843, dan. of Saml W. West and N. Lucy Kelley, sister of A by Kelley, wife of Stephen Foster, both of whom were noted adolitionists and equal suffragists lie died Feb. 17, 1892, from the effects of a serious accident. His death was a great loss to his family and to the community, for he was a good friend, a wise coanselor, and a true Christian, He was a farmer, and the family still resluce at the old homestead in New Salem, Mass., where his grandfather, Deacon Nathanies Freeman settled in 1800.

CHILDREN.

- i Edith Maria Freemanio, b. Aug. 20, 1870, South Boston, Mass.
- ii Malcolm West Freeman', b. June 21, 1872. New Salem.
- ili Henry Danie: Freeman's, b. Mch. 5, 1877, New Salem.
- iv Eering Inez Freeman . b. Oct. s. 1883. New Salem: m. Oct. s. 1800, Ralph W. Freeman, of New Salem.

v Lucy Aimira Freeman; b. Dec. 15, 1884. New Salem.

2536h-Edmand Francis Freeman's (Achsa Kimball' John' Royce' Boyce' Ebenezeri Samuel Richard, Richard, b. Sept. 10, 1850; m. Sept. 10. 1873, Ellen Sopara Reach, daughter of David M. and Permilia (Stevens) Beach. He is a farmer and resides in New Salem. CHIEDREN BORN IN NEW SALEM

 Josie M. Freeman¹⁰, b. Jan. 3, 1874; m. Nov. 15, 1896, Chas. II. Cornwail.

- ii Carrol Beach Freeman's, b. May 12, 1879; d. Oct. 6, 1884.
- ili Carl Nathaniel Freeman's, b Jan. 17, 1885; d Jan. 6, 1886.
- iv Leslie Freeman³, b. July 14, 1887; d. Nov. 13, 1887.
- v Earl Lawrence Freeman', b. Jan. 12, 1459. vi Mildred Marion Freeman's, b. Aug. 28, 1893.
- 1545c-William Kimball* John' Boyce* Boyce* Ebenezer* Samuel* Richard* Richard) b. August 2, 1810; d. Sept. 18, 1895; in Farlington, Kansas.



on 1st in 1888, Gords fa Freeman of New Salem, Mass., sister of Daniel anafold Freeman, b Soot 11, 1810; d Dec 18, 1850; m, 26 July 3, 1850, Caroline Bates of Id., b, 1850; d, May 10, 1860; m 3d, Dec, 50, 1860; Betsey Saler of Loward, Nov. 12, 1880. He lived in Mass., N. Y., 1811, Jowa, and Karsas.

CHILLDRY

- i (2336) William Sanford), b. Mch. 16, 1840.
- Mary Elizabeth?, b. Aug. 16, 1840; m. Barber Comstock, Sept. 10, 1867. Resides in St. Charles, Iowa.
- iii Maria⁹, b. Oct. 17, 1844; d. May 29, 1870; m. Sept. 17, 1863. Edward Mapes. Children: 1, Cordella, b. 1864; m., has two sons and three daughters. Live in Nebraska. 2, Sary, b. 1866; m. and lives in Nebraska.
- iv John', b. Apr. 1, 1517; d. Aug. 24, 1861.
- v. Geo. Washington¹, h. Apr. 22, 1850; m. Mattie Sholts, in 1874, Children: I George, b. Dec. I, 1875, 2 Lillian Jane, b. Sept. 27, 1879; m. Jan. 10, 1800, Augustus M. Brown, b. Feb. 24, 1879, 2 Mary Pearl, b. Jan. 2, 1882, 4 Royal Lincoln, b. Oct. 6, 1884, 5 Ernest Guy, b. Jan. 10, 1887, 6 Harrison Grant, b. Jan. 11, 1886,
- vi Minor Galord', b. Sept. 27, 1834; m., has several children and lives in St. Charles, Iowa.
- vii Electa⁹, b. Oct. 25, 1856, m., has two sons and lives in Kansas City, Mo.
- 2336i—William Sanford Kimball^a, (William³ John⁵ Boyce⁵ Boyce⁵ Ebenezer⁴ Samue¹⁵ Richard^a Richard¹ b March 16, 1840; m. Dec. 30, 1863, Maggie Paulina Comstock, - Resides in Farilagton, Kansas.

CHILDREN.

- Edna May⁹, b. Nov. 12, 1864; m. Feb. 14, 1896. John Dickerson Children: 1 William Solomon, b. Feb. 17, 1891. 2 Mildred Elenor, b. Aug. 16, 1868.
- William Gee, Warren Rileyin, b. Sept. 4, 1866; m. March 23, 1896. Josie Walker. Children: I Harry Warren, b. Feb. 6, 1897.
 George Sanford, b. Dec. 23, 1898.
- iii Willard Abiff", b. Aug. 17, 1872; m. Oct. 17, 1895. Stella Howe Children: a on and daughter.
- iv Nancyk, b. July s. 1876, m. Oct. 25, 1890 Geo. Albert Garrison.
- v Essie Midreal, b. June 17, 18-1.
- 1343d—Maria Kimbail' John' Boyet' Boyec' Ebenezer' Samuel' Richard'. b. March 29, 1812 d. Aug. 4, 1870; m. about 1844. Lewis Gibbon Howard, b. West Leidgewater. Miss., June 6, 1810; died Somerville. Mass., Dec 1844. Lewis Howard was in the seventh generation from "sprightly Mar. Chilton, whose foot was the first to touch the rock at the famous landing of the Pligrina.' and who afterwards m John Winslow, brother of tiov Edward Winslow. Mr. Howard spent his early married life in N. V., and later returned with his samely to his old home. He was one of the auditors of



West Bridgewater for many years, and was prompored in the lyeeams on account of Pris which we like by glind mind and a temper which the keenest turusts of an opponent could not ruffle, combined with ability to express his thoughts while on his feet.

CHILDREN.

- i John Kimball Howard', b. Avon, X. V., Jan. 14, 1834; m. Ruth Scoffeld, Feb. 1, 1882; b. June 12, 1842; have an adopted son, Roscoe A., b. May 30, 1889. Reside in Sebastopol, California.
- ii Nicholas Pike Howards, b. Avon. N. Y., Aug. 27, 1835; killed in
 - the battle of "The Wilderness" May 5, 1804.
- iii Charles V. Howard, b. July 27, 1857, Had ey. Mass.; m. Sept. 1862, in East Bridgewater, to Augusta M. Holms. Reside tear Fort Collina. Colorado. Chibiren: I Maria A. Howardi, b. Aug., l. 1863, in East Bridgewater; m. Jan. 29, 1856, in Los Angeles, Cal., Harry E. Haywardi d. Cet. 25, 1898. Children: f. Larrier A. H., b. May 27, 1857; ii. Vea May B. 06t, 27, 1898. Living with her father in C. 1876.
- iv Bert Kimball Howard', b. Sept. 23, 1872, in Colorado. Resides in Boston, Mass.
- 1545e—Horace Smith Kimball⁵ [John⁶ Boyce⁶ Boyce⁵ Ebenezer⁴ Samuel² Richard³ Richard³ E. Moh. 24, 1520; d. Aug. 21, 1893. in Battimore Mill: m. Dec. 23, 1543. Manala. Wrenn, b. Aug. 14, 1821; d. Dec. 1, 1877. He was a broom manufacturer, and for many years was superintendent of this business in the state peritentiary.

CHILDREN BORN IN DALTIMORS

- i (2336j) George Smith⁹, b. Nov. 14, 1842; d. Feb. 11, 1869.
- B. Lucy Winfield⁹, b. Apr. 9, 1840; d. Apr. 12, 1887; m. May 3, 1880, William F. Casey. Children: I Lydia H. Casey¹⁰, 2 William Horace Cases¹³.
- iii Maria Howard⁹ b. Sept. 8, 1850; hving in Baltimore.
- iv Lydia Anneb. Nov. 10, 1852, living in Baltimore.
- v Asbury Washington^a b. l. eb. 7, 1976; m. June 5, 1882, Mary B.—, 2336j.—George Smit. Kimbail² (Horane S.) John³, Royee⁶, Bovee⁵, Ebnezer⁴, Samuel⁵, Richard³, Richard³, Richard³, Richard³, D. Nov 14, 1342; d. Feb. 11, 1863; m. Mary M. Baker in 1862.

CHILDREN BORN IN BALTIMORE.

- Reuben William¹⁰ b. Oct. 1, 1805; m. Apr. 25, 1885. Amedia Raymer b. Baltimore Oct. 21, 1805. Children: I Edua Viola¹¹, b. Jane 8, 1886. 2 May Lizziell b. Nov. 13, 4887. 3 Lydla Howard Ann. 3 b. Mar. 18, 1800. 4 Hattie Naomill b. Apr. 8, 1800. 5 A:ma Ruth¹⁰ b. Jan. 20, 1834.
- George Vernan¹⁰ b. Dec. 22, 1867; m. Jan. 22, 1889, Hennetta J. Hepbruai b. Mar. 23, 1897. Children i Horace Smith¹⁰ b. Apr. 21, 1890.
 Ara Auna² b. Occ. 29, 1891.
 Margaret Blanches b. Sept. 29, 1894; d. Feb. 18, 1859.



Page 121-No. 184, 130 - s Kombaco manded de la della de narde born in 1835. He mairl., Feb. J. 1714, Mary Satterice, the daughter of William and Mary Powers Saterlee, born at Stonington, Cong.,

Nov. 17 1747; died at Preston, Coun. Sept. 17, 1809.

He was a teacher of navigation and civil engineering and a land awner in Norwich, Conn., in 1779. He served in the variof the Revolution in antains llangerfort and Prentice companies, under tol. Metallan in 1791 st. he knew of a spring in the locality he was let down with ropes, reached can ordinary ability and had a girt for writing poetry. He was a I ni-Tersa" at and firm in his convictions. He wrote many short sermons one " which is given below the verses which follow, although probably not . Fo written at such an a lyance rage. The letter written to Mr. Harkis swritten two months before his death proves that he kept his mental " at offer his arriva, in Ohlo he could run up and down stairs like a boy major his memory and treasure the close'v written napers, now vellow by hage, which he seft so often in the homes where he visited. The following was copied from a Norwark, Unio, paper date of Dec.

"In this village on Monday morning the Tist. Mr. Moses, Kimball aged ninety-four years, seven months and four days. A firm and unonswering believer in the universal coolness of God and in his grace would bringeta salvation. He was granofal are to Moses Kimball, Esq. merchant of this village, and moved lere last. Man from Preston in the state of Conn.

Perhaps a more remarkable record of longevity cannot be found in my family than the one we now notice. The grantfather of the deceased. takn Kimball died aged 60 years. His father Jacob K mball had ten chieor a all of whom were morried and bud and it is not me died at the age of SI years. The following were the ages of his endoren at their deaths: - men montus. Etisha, Si years, Lucretta sa years, and Daniel now living

All the majes were larmers and remarkable for their industry, sobriett and regular habits.

SERMON WRITTEN BY MOSES KINBALL.

Why shru'd neople be in doubt and fear about their future state and assibility of our performing any terms or profit as in our release-



tion and sternal salvation, it being the purpose of God before we were is Gol tax monthes from his creatures, as people vain'y imagine. he did not wait for their faith and repentance to move him to provide himself a lamb for a burnt offering before the world began, and who is the fulness of time putaway sin by the sacrince of himse f. I'e was do ered for our offences and was raised again for our justification. Rom. iv. 17 Hence we earn from the Ser ptures that it was the purpose of God before the world began to save sinners by a meditator without any regard to their works. Hear what the apostle says in this case, of what God has done: "Who hath saved us, not according to our works, but according to his own purpose and grace which was given us in Christ Jesus, before the world began. But is now made manifest by the appearing of our Savior Jesus Christ, who hath abolished death, and hath br ught life and imm stallty to light through the Gospel. H Tim. 1:9-10. Here you see that it was trod - purpose before the world began to save us from death. the wages of sin, and procure life and immortality for us. And he made his purpose man fest by the appearing of the Savier Jesus Christ. Before the appearing of our Savior, spiritual life and immortality in a future state was a mystery unknown to mankind. The son of God clothed in flesh and blood kath performed and fulfilled to the last tittle of the legal demand for all Adam's posterity, the terms on which life was promised. For he was made the head of every man and every man his body, so that his doings and sufferings were the doings and sufferings of every man so that we are healed by his stripes as testified by the prophet Isaiah LHI: 5, and by the apostle Peter 11:24.

Verses written by Moses Kimbail on his ninety-third birthday. This day my age is ninety-three The years have past and gone from

Brought into being here I stay Waiting for time to pass away.

I make the word of God my guide And by its precepts I abide: Leaving ail trouble far behind I do enjoy ail peace of mind.

And when my earthly body dies. To God my spirit will arise,

And live with him and there remain Till souls and bodies join again.

Our bodies then will be refined Made like Christ's body all divine. Ascend to God, and there enjoy Such pleasures as can never cloy.

No trouble there to vex the soul But love divine compass the whole A'l singing praises to the Lamb Who tasted death death for every man.

Moses Kimball, May 17, A. D. 1534.

(The Preston Records give as his birthdate May 6, but the above written in his own hand writing would seem the correct date.)

On God's plan of redeeming and saving man from death the wages of sin, and giving him eternal life in a meditator.

Blessed be the God of Love and The justice and the grace: [Power That joined in conneil to restore And save our ruined race

Our father ate forbidden fruit And left his innocence. And we his children thus were bro't Under the death sentence.

Blessed be the Lord who sent his To take our il su and blood. | son And for our lives give up his own To make our peace with God.

He honored all his Father's laws. He pore our sins upon the cross And a full ransome paid.

O, then we shall appear with joy Sing His redeeming grace.



(On the same page he wrote two following stanzas.) (Written June, 1834)

When Jesus bound his head And dist upon the cross.

For by one man's offence, All were condemn'd and died: Inen all the human race were dead. So by one man's obedience. And all in him arose. All men were justified.

Norwalk, October 14, 1535.

To Mr. John Harkness of Preston, Conn.

My good friend: -Having an opportunity to give you some account of my jou sey to this pace I guadly embrace it. It is a beautitus coun try si table for farming, a rich's al, no rocks to be seen here in the ground, vet the creator moving his people would want stone for buildings has created and sect in the sides of the givers and ravines, stones, of all sizes and shapes that they need. The man street in our city is straight for two miles, and about evel, and contains about four thousand geople. Three merching librars, one Church of England and Ebenezer Panterson's elliest son is their priest. Ebenezer has been here to make his son and us a visit. Soon after our arrival here Mr. Beach went to New York and bought one thousand do lars worth of goods which he and Elisha Brewster in company are so for at a good proft. We have an academy of learning for young gentlemen with me scholars and another for young ladies with its scholars.

We left Poquetapuck the 11 day of May and arrived at my grandsons (Moses kind all) the 25 of May. We went in a sloop, with Capt. Boath to A bany, there I saw great improvements far beyond my expeciations. They made an 's and in the river half a mule long and built stores of brick 3 to 4 stories high from one end of it to the other, forming a basin between that and the main land with draw bridges at each end. There we left the slown and entered on board a canal boat and past on our way drawn by horses day and night, thus we past on up to Little Falls, where they bless down a solge of cake to make their canal by the side of the Monawk River, and so on to Fort Stanwix, meeting canal boats and other crafts and rafts every hour, there at the height or land we left the Mohawk River and past a flat level country for sixty or seventy miles long without a coss. The country all low and intersected with drowned land, thousand of acres where no hing grows but flag in the water. The other land adjoining arises but about four or five feet, and is level covered with trees and bashes, the canal is made between the dry and the drowned lan I, digging as much earth from the dry side of the canal, as to make a good good on the wet side. And all along this wet country where the lard acose a little above the common level, there would be some inhabitunts settled with a 'cidge or two over the banal. And when we got to Lake Elie at Buda i we left the caral boat and got into a steam boat. the largest vessel that I ever saw; she cost thirty-five thousand dollars, This boat that cost to regular thousand dodars my grandson. Moses, owns, one-teath part. The owners and sometimes about the fifth of August to divide the alongy the boat had corned them had year glear of expenses and Moses share was one thousand do lars, and he expected she would clear him -five thousand more "its season. When we came over the lake in the steambout there were seven handred basser gers in her areas ling to the steward's account. Sayon see als has wonder sacrarms money.

Many o our Connecticut people I have seen here, Leonard Stackweather has been a co. Moses saw his brother Austra at Buffaro going

to Detroit. Tra v bates has been hore, he had been to Detroit.

I have found every thing here much as I expected, and I am satisfied and as happy here as I could be anywhere, having the same friends to care for me as I had at Preston. And they are all united as one so to do.



Give my respects to your family and to all my friends, who enquire after us.

Moses Kimball.

Posteript. As you will often see my beloved William Kimball give my love to him in particular.

In addition to the children of Moses K. given in the Fam. Hist. there was: iv Polly, born Oct. 20, 1771; m.—Allyn.

Page 258.—No. 921a, Damaris Kimball' (William' Moses' Jacob' John: John's Richard's b. 1892 at Poquetanuck, Coam., m. Joseph, May 29, 1826, the son of Joseph and Lucy Kimball Tyler: S. June 22, 1702; d. Nov. 26, 1868, at Norwich, Conn. Damaris Kimball Tyler d. May 24, 1855, at Norwich, Conn.

CHILDREN.

- i Elizabeth Tyler, b. Jan. 13, 1823; d. summer of 1897; m. Henry Bartlett Cruttenden; had Joseph, Edwin, Henry and Tyler.
- ii John Tyler, b Sept. 22, 1830; m. Ellen Roberts; no children.
- iii Frank Tyler, b. 1832; died in infancy.
- iv Josephine, b. June 28, 1838; d. Oct. 11, 1895.

The following is copied from "The Helping Hand" of Dec. 1895.

MISS JOSEPHINE TYLER.

In Norwich, Conn., on the 11th of October, Josephine Tyler of Brooklyn, fell asleep in Jesus, and was taid to rest beside the beloved half sister, Huldah Pri le Tyler, who less than three months ago passed on to the heavenly home. In death as in life they were not long parted

Josephine Tyler was born in Poquetanuck, Conn., and when only four years old gave her heart to Christ, but not until she reached the age of eleven were her parents willing to have her unit with the church. She was baptized by the Rev. E. T. Hissowin the Shetocket Fiyer, and became a member of the Central Baptist Church, of Norwich, which city was then her home. She remained there until 18st, when she moved to Brookleyn and united with the First Baptist Church in the Eastern District, uncer the pastorate of Dr. D. C. Eddy.

From childhood she gave evidence of tine mental ability, rare unselfishness, and marked spirituality. She was in the world, but not of it. Her life was "hild with Christ in God," and like her Master she "we at about doing good"; yet in such quiet ways, and with such sweet humility, that only eternity will reveal the wounded hearts she coinforted, the sould she von for Jesus. Her great heart of love yearned over the poor and ununfortunate wherever she found them. While travelting in carope, she sought out needy laptists, and ministered to their necessities and on her return home, valued quite a large sum of money for their relies.

Her writings, both proce and poetry, are marked by a breaith of thought and exquisite delicacy of expression. Most of them are of a religious character, for such was her life; her mind seemed always fixed on things divine. "Ben's Isabella," her last work, has recently been published

She served the churches with which she was connected with great fidelity. As Sunday school teacher, Circle president, Band leader, who can speak her worth? While equally interested in and contributing to home as well as foreign missions, she became more prominently identified with the latter. Her steadfast faith in the ultimate triumph of Curist over the entire world and her conviction of the duty of personal obedience to the great commission, made the work her delay.

As visiting secretary of the Long Island Society she carried information and encouragement to many weak circles, and set in motion waves



of influence that will roll on forever. The sweet, glad sunshine of her preserve in the meetings of our floarf of officers and Managers was a constant benediction. Her keen preceptions, excellent judgment, and heavenly wisdom, frequently guided us in times of perplexity while her clear vision of eternal things often led us to some mountain peak of divine truth which our faitering feet had not dared to climb.

Anxiety over her sister's librers, and grief at her death shattered the frame ail too frail to support the heavy blow. Though ofter racked with pain during her last illness, no immune scaped her lips. Ready to live if health were restored, willing to did and be with Christ if such were his will. Death had no terrors for her, he came but as a messenger of the King to bear her to her home; and so she quietly slipped away, out of shadow into sunlight; out of sorrow into joy; out of conflict into trumph, the triumph of those "who have fought the good fight, finished the course kept the faith.

She has reacheed the land that is very far off: she has seen the 'King in its Beauty, and received from him the rich veward of the soul winner; for some of the ransomed host who bow before the throne, but for her self-denial, her loving efforts, would never have entered the pearly gates, never have known the wondrous love of 604. With the redeemed of all nations she has won the errow of life, and is enveloped in the transcendent brightness of the Celestial City. No more trial, no more sin. Every longing of her heart, every aspiration of her soul satisfied in the presence of her Lord; and life complete all abounding, eternal life begun.

"The strife is o'er, the battle done

The victory of life is won:

The song of triumph has beginn. - Alleluia.
KATE L. GERMOND.



*CLARISSA KIMBALL SPICER (SPENEXT PAGE.



Page 258-No. 931b Clarissa (Kimbath Spicer (William Moses Jacob John) John Richard the widow of Capt. John G. Spicer, died at her home in Groton, Conn., March 6, 1900, aged ninety-four years, five months and twenty-two days, lacking only two months and eighteen days of living as long as did her grandfather Moses Kimball.

She was of good colonial descent, numbering among her ancestors Ensign Samuel Corning who settled in Beverly. Mass., early in the 16th eentury. John Batcheider, son of Daniel Batchelder one of the members of the Privy Council of James I. who settled in Beverly, Mass., prior to 1638, John Woodberry, who came to Gloucester, Mass., in 1624, and his son Peter, whose house was an asylum for persons accused of witchcraft in 1692, whose horses stood always harnessed ready to take them over the border into New Hampshire out of the jurisdiction of Mass.. John Tuttle and George Giddings who came to Ipswich in 1635. Benedict Satterly, who settled in New London Conn., in 1682, Robert Parks, Robert Allyn, and Christ opher Avery early settlers in New London Conn., the Harveys of Taunton. Mrss., the Thompsons of Conn., the Powers of Rhode Island, the Dodges, Herricks, Rossiters, Goothness, Witters and others of Mass. She was the daughter of William and Betsey Harvey (Kimball) born

Sept. 14, 1805, at Poquetanuck, Conn. Her father was one of the influential men of the region in which he lived. He was at one time the owner and commander of merchant vessels, and made voyages to France and Demerara. His favorite eraft was the "Polly and Betsey" named in honor of his two eldest langiters. Later he was a manufacturer and the owner of woolen mills, situated where the village of Hallville now stands. He owned the first stove and carriage in Poquetanuck. In this village Clarissa Kimball spent the years of her girlhood, and among all the maidens of that locality not one was prettier, wittier or more gay. At all the social gatherings she was a shining star, whose brilliancy still lingers in the memory of those who knew her. To quote the words of one now over eighty, "I shall never forget the first time I saw her. She was dressed in white muslin and blue ribbons. She wore her hair curled, and she was the prettiest girl, and the best dancer in the room." She was of a sunny disposition and entirely free from envy or malice, consequently a favorite with all her companions. She married first, May 29, 1826, Orrin Stoddard, the son of Mark Stoddard. Her first child died early in infancy, and soon after the birth. July 31, 1830, of the second, her husband was drowned at sea. She married second, Feb. 26, 1834, Capt. John Grant Spicer, the son of James and Lydia (Pride) Spicer, born Nov. 26, 1804. He had been a captain of merchant vessels since his nineteenth year and loved the adventurous life. Having sacrificed so much to the sea she earnestly desired that he should choose a less dangerous occupation. He yielded to her persuasions. His love of the salt water was so strong howexer, he brought his wife to the coast of Connecticut, and the first years of their married life were spent on a small Island just opposite the dwelling house on Avery's Point which they buil; 'ater, and in which she spent the last half of her life. They had six children all of whom have married and four of whom have settled in Groton, the youngest son remaining at the homestead with his parents. Capt. Spicer died August 27, 1542, leaving her with a competency. As a matron she was noted for ber hospitality and her superior social and mental qualities. She reared her children wisely and well. She was highly esteemed by all who knew ner, making many friends and never losing their friendship. She had great vitality and up to the time of her death retained an astonishing degree of vigor and strength for one so advanced in years. She never had the tremulousness which usually atten is old age. Her evesight was quite



good and her hearing excellent. Although during the latter years of her life her memory for recent happenings failed her and she lived over again the scenes of her eni-dhood, yet she never lost her love of repartee, and always had a witty answer for all who conversed with her. She dearly loved a good time. Within a year of her death she amused herself with haiting bright colored worsteds. This work has been fashioned into mementoes for her children by the kind and devoted lady who carred for her in her declining years. With what more fitting worste can this blog-her in her declining years. With what more fitting worste can this blog-risk was, I will not say one of the best, but the best old lady I ever knew, In all the seven years we have been together she has never spoken otherwise, thus pleasantly." Seven children survive her, three daughters and four sons.

It seems quite fitting that the following lines should be added to this memorial. They were written by Miss Josephine Tyler, the daughter of Joseph and Damaris (Kimball) Tyler.

To Aunt Clara on her Eighty-ninth Birthday, with the love of her niece Josephine.

Thou wast born mid rural beauties Flowry meadows, rocky wild, Rushing brook and clustering [branches

Were about thee as a child.

Hopeful was thy heart and merry, in thy life's unclouded spring. Sisters three and brothers many Made the old home arches ring.

Sturdy was the stock they sprang Honest, independent, strong: [from, Giddings, Harvey, Avery, Kimball, Such their names—their ranks a Ithrong.

Came thine marriage with a seaman, Came thine own beloved boy. Came thine widowhood's lone sorrow Following close upon thy joy.

Then again a seaman won thee. And a new and happy home Rich in sons and daughters blessed close beside the ocean's foam. [thee

Busy were thy days and social Full of love and household care. To they could be agreed and scattered Making home nests here and there.

One beside the dwells—the youngest With his oright-eyed onsehold band And thy William skilled lo sea-craft Reared a fair home near at hand.

One has sailed the northern waters. Valiant as a Vik.ar of () One-thine eldest, pressed adventur-Early toward the coast of gold, [ous

All thy sons are true and manly. All thy daughters well renowned Shine as matrons blest and honored in their homes beloved and crowned.

Once again thy heart was widowed, Yet the fair young lives that bloom In the households of thy children oft have charmed away thy gloom.

Some, yes many have departed since thy life was fresh and gay. For the years of thine earth-journey Number eighty-nine today.

Dear ones young and old have left us Surely there's a realm above Time reveals not all the story Of the vanished souls we love.

Surely there is heavenly comfort for the heart when sad and lone surely there's a love that marks us When we lay away our own.

Let us kindred, friends and children B ess the care that around thee less Bless His hand that through iong seasons

Holds as and our wants supplies.

Be it thine to trust him ever E en though strength and memory Till the glory of thy Savior [fail Bursts on thee within the vall.

JOSEPHINE TYLER, Sept. 14, 1894

CHILDREN OF CLARISSA KIMBALL) SPICER.

i Nathaniel Kimball Stoddard, b. July 13, 1830, at Poquetanuck.



Conn.; uam. Has resided many years at Sacramento, Cal.
ii Capt. John Orrin Splece b. Sept. 19, 1833; m. Nov. 27, 186;
Nancy Avery, at Groton, Conn., the daughter of Robert Austin
and Nancy E. Avery, b. Nov. I. 1837, at Groton, Conn. Son b,
Nov. 12, 1853, d. in early infancy. The greater part of Capt.
Spicer's life has been spent on board slip in the rey waters of
Baffin's bay. He has now settled down to enjoy his beantiful

home in Groton, Conn.

iii Harriet Ann Spieer b. Dec. 16, 1837; m. Lucins E. Baldwin of Norwich, Conn., May 6, 1857, the son of Henry E. and Abigarl Baldwin, b. Feb 4, 1834, at Stonington, Conn. They have spent the most of their married life in Brooklyn, H. Y., where he has been a successful business man. They have a summer residence in Groton. Their children: I Mary Caroline, b. July 20, 1858; d. March 25, 1860. 2 Mary Carotine, b. April 21, 1861; d. Oct. 6, 1872. 3 John Everett, b June 21, 1866; d. July 20, 1867. 4, Abby Clarissa b. (May 14, 1868; m. 1st Dec. 22, 1887, Win, Ridley the son of John and Philena (Flagg) Ridley, b. Dec. 1865, at Brooklyn, N.Y.: d. Nov. 12, 1889, at Brooklyn, N. Y.; had John Baldwin Ridley, b. Oct. 6, 1888; m. 2nd James Richard Palmer, April 21, 1892, the son of John Black and Emily Clanton (Barlow) Palmer, b. Jan 28, 1851, at Richmond Bath, Ga.; chi. Susan Caroline Palmer, b. Jan. 28, 1893; George Lucius Palmer, b. March 8, 1899. Resides at St. Augustine, Fla. 5 Harriet, b. July 17, 1870; m. George Shelton Kilby, Jan. 1, 1802, the son of George and Mary Louisa (Bartho omew) Kilby, b Sept. 11, 1868, in Sheffield House, Woolwich, Kent Co., England; their dau; Lucia Bartholomew Kilby, o. June 30, 1894.

iv susan spic'ar b. Dec. 24, 1830; m. March II, 1860, Noyes Billings, Meech, the son of Stephen and Lucy Billings, Meech, b. June 17, 1812, at Preston, Conn.; d. April 23, 1877, at Groton, Conn.; ch. 1 Anne Meech, b. Feb. 4, 1891. 2 (Susan Billings Meech, b. March 18, 1822, 3 Sanford Meech, b. Dec. 15, 1863. All single and residing with their mother at her home in Groton. Mr. Meech was a prosperous wholesale paper and book merchant in 8t. Louis. Mo., for many years, retiring from active business life at

the time of his marriage

V Damaris Spicer, b. April 9, 1842; m. William Albort Hedent of Preston, Conn., the son of Jesse and Paneb; (H. witt) Bodent Mr. Bedent is still engaged in active business at Preston. Their children were: John Bedent, b. June 26, 1881; d. July 4, 1881; 2 Albert William Bedent, b. Dec. 7, 1882; d. Aug. 25, 1895.

vi Capt. William Spicer, b July 23, 1844; m. 184 Jan. J. 1873. Charlotte Sisson Chapman, of Goton, the dun of Robert and Ano (Miller-Chapman, b. Feb. 2, 1818; d. Nov. 2, 1874; their daughter. Lyttie Chapman Spicer b. Oct. 27, 1879; d. Feb. 16, 1802. He married 2nd Oct. 27, 1887; Minnie Carroll Tuthill, the dam. of John and Nancy. Wheelers Tuthill of East Mardon. Long Island. b. Oct. 6, 1802. Their children: I William Carrol Spicer, b. March 4, 1809. 2 Minnie Esther Spicer, b. June 6, 1897. Prior to his second marriage Capt. Spicer, spent most of his time alboat: since his marriage he remains quietly at home at his pleasant place near the old homestead.

Til Everett Spicer b. Sopt. 9, 1848; m. April 28, 1880, Hattle Spicer, adopted daughter of James and Sasan (Griswold) Spicer, of Preston, Cong.; their chib'dren; 1 John Grant Spicer, b. Aug. 39, 1881; d. Feb. 7, 1895. 2 Everett Manning Spicer, b. Aug. 4, 1884.
 3 Lucius Baldwin Spicer, b. July 28, 1896. Mr. Spicer has always resided at the old homestead and its a prospersous farmer.



Kimball-Family News

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G. F. KIMBALL, Publisher.

Teims \$1.00 a year.

Topoka, Kansas, June, 1900.

MRS, KIMBALL'S ART COLLECTION.

The News has received the catalogue of the Art Collections of the late Mrs. Sarah M. Kimball of Cleveland Ohio, which were sold in Boston the three last days of March 1900. The collection numbered over four hundred Modern and Antique Paintings and Art Objects. From the Catalogue we quote the following.

"Mrs. Sarah M. Kimball was born in 1824, at Stafford, N. Y., and married Mr. Samuel H. Kimball in 1845. She was left a widow in 1868 and for many years travelled extensively, living in Germany. Italy and England for a number of years.

She purchased most of her collection during this time. Upon her return to Cleveland she was earnestly interested in the establishment of the School of Design for Women in that city, and for the first few weeks gave the struggling school rooms in her own house in which to hold classes. For several years she devoted all her energy to the interests of the school, collecting subscriptions from many prominent citizens, as she desired to make the school an enterprise of universal interest. Though she ceased her active work after the school was firmly established, she always continued to hold its best interests, and was Vice-President at the time of her death, which took place, after a briefillness, in 1895.

This collection was purchased by Mrs. Kimball with the intention of presenting the same to the future museum of Cleveland. She made every effort to secure the finest pictures and rare art objects. Price to her was never an objection as long as she could obtain a masterpiece. (Fam. Hist. p. 722)

2200

At Lovell, Me., Apr. 7, 1900, a number of the relatives of Miliam Kimball met at his home to congratulate him on his eighty-seventh birthday, and as on several former occations all were treated to a most bountiful dinner prepared by his sister, Mrs. Sarah M. Elder, who has charge of the household of this venerable one. He was born in Lovell; and is now the oldest gentleman in town. He is known as "Uncle Bill" and no one young or old is more popular than this genial old bachelor. (Fam. Hist. p. 508, No.17%—ii.)



A DAUGHTER.

Mary E. Kimball Frisbie, M. D., a daughter, May 2, 1900. That is all a card just at hand contains. The News Jan. 1899, p. 216, announces the marriage. On page 222 is quite a sketch of her brother Granville of Chicago, of whom she knew nothing until corrections and additions to the Family History were made by the News—page 126. Their father instead of appearing on page 672, No. 1390 should appear on p. 965, No. 2189b. John Granville Kimball's father was David and not his brother, as given on page 367. The date of David's birth given on page 367 is probably an error, as it would make him but 19 years old at John Granville's birth. There is no further record of David.

John Granville Kimball served in the civil war, and the firmily became separated and were not fully united until after the publication of the Kimball Family News, and this reunion was a source of great rejoicing. This new mother now lives at Tyson Vt. Both herself and her husband, Frank C. Frisbie, are practicing physicians.

ADMIRAL DEWEY APPROVES.

The Forum for June 1899 contained an article from the pen of (now) Commander W. W. Kimbali of the Navy Department. In a recent letter to the New York Journal in favor of an enlarged navy, Admiral George Dewey refers to this paper of Commander Kimball in support of his argument. We quote a paragraph from the Admiral's paper. He says, "We need a mighty navy, not for offensive purposes, but for the development of commerce and the prevention of war. As is so well shown by Lieutenant Commander Kimball in his article on "Insurance of Property Against War Risks," recently published in the Forum, the establishment and maintenance of a strong navy is the best protection against war, and the losses resulting therefrom." Since this was written Lieutenant Commander Kimball has been promoted. His Forum article attracted wide attention in navy circles. It will be remembered by readers of the News that during and before the Spanish war frequent mention was made of his command. (See bound volume of News pp. 61, 99 and 133. Fam. Hist. p. 977.)

The new steamer, J. S. Kimball, recently built on Puget Sound, and owned by J. S. Kimball & Co., of Oakland, Cali., is 240 feet in length, with a thirty-eight-foot beam, and is more of a passenger steamer than a freighter. She will have accomodations for carrying 400 passengers from Seattle to Nome, and will ply on that route for the next few months.



MORE UNWRITTEN HISTORY.

Dr. W. G. Kiml all of Huntington, Mass, writes concerning his grandfather, evidently John Kimball No. 680 p. 368 of History. He says: "there was a large family, his father, Joseph Peck Kimball being one of the younger sons." Henry, No. 1395 is the only son of John mentioned in the History. The May issue of the News was entirely taken up with records of the descendants of but two families of whom the History made slight mention. Here seems to be another case of that kind, and there are still others. Prof. Sharples writes that he has a lot of supplemental matter nearly ready. It is constantly coming to the surface. It is probable that there is more unwritten Kimball History than all that has beretofore been published including the History and the News combined. Some have expressed surprise that so much was omitted from the Family History after so many years spert upon it. The Editor of the News shared this feeling at first, but is now more astonished that so much was accomplished.

THE WHITE FAMILY.

Miss Myra L. White of Haverhill, Mass, has compiled a history of the White Family, and it is now in the hands of the printer. It will make a work about the size of the Kimball Fistory and the price will be \$10, which is only reasonable. know of no similar work so low in price as the Kimball work at S6.00 in two volumes, the single volume edition at \$5.00 being exhausted. This genealogy of the White family will be of interest to many Kimbails. Miss White believed in a tradition that she was descended from Peregrine White, born on the Mayflower, the first white child born in New England. She found that her ancestor was John White who came over with wife and children in 1538, four years after Richard Kimball. John Whitesettled in Wenham, where several descendants of Richard Kimball were born. When Richard settled in Watertown, his home was bounded on the west by land of one Edward White, who may or or may not have been the father of Peregrine.

Anna Brown Kimball, born Mar. 12, 1836, daughter of Warren Kimball No. 1723, p. 798 married William H. White, in 1862, and they now live in Junction City, Kansas. It is understood that he is a lineal descendant of Peregrine White. The Kimball History shows that there have been several intermarriages in the families. Naturally there have been many traditions in the White family regarding the descent from Peregrine

White which this work will clear up.

Persons bearing this name not sure that they are included would do well to write Miss White as above, and also subscribe for the book.



ANOTHER NOTABLE ONE GONE. CATHARINE MERRILL, HIST, PAGE 544.

Catharine Merrill was the granddrughter of Priscilla Kimball. She was born at Corydon, January 24, 1824, Corydon being then the capital of Indiana. Her father Samuel Merrill, was the Treasurer of State, and a few months after his daughter's birth, he assisted in having the capital moved from Corydon to Indianapolis. The little girl was moved along with the effects of the State, and with the State treasury, which amounted to \$25,000. Samuel Merrill, was a scholarly man, educated at Dartmouth College, and a classmate and friend of Thaddens Stevens, the anti-slavery leader. His strong characteristic was a love for books, which seemed almost a passion, and Catharine Merrill was accustomed to speak frequently with loving pride of her father's influence and inspiration. He was the pioneer school-master, and his home library became a veritable circulating library for the use of pupils and neighbors. Frederick Douglas staid there, during the slavery agitation, and Henry Ward Beecher and his family were guests, Mr. Beecher, in reality going to Indianapolis through his influence.

As her father's duties increased she established a separate school, spending two years in study in Germany, where she received special recognition of German scholars. In 1866 she published a history of Indiana soldiers in the war for the Union in two large volumes. It was a remarkable record and was published anonymously. But Miss Merrill never worked for fame and honors. She was elected to the Chair of English Literature of the North Western Christian University in 1873. This chair was created especially for her, and this school was subsequently changed to Butler College. As a teacher Catharine Merrill had a national reputation. Her personality was remarkable and the most frigid and awkward pupil warmed and grew at ease in her presence. Her charity was boundless. Her influence was felt

by all, old or young, who came into her presence.

A former pupil of Miss Merrill-a pupil of many years ago

-speaks of her as follows:

Of all the attributes which went to make her the most womanly of Indiana's women, her helpfulness was chief. She gave without stint of her sympathy, her wisdom and of her great heart. No friend, or mere acquaintance even, went to her in vain. Most frequently she was in advance of a call for help. Struggling students, grasping for that culture which comes not alone from books, found in her a safe counselor and friend. She was a true teacher and showed to many how the rugged path of life might be lined with fragrant flowers. Honor and manliness and love of learning had equal place in her curriculum, and if she taught one thing above another it was to be true and honest.



not only in the sordid affairs of commerce, but in one's very life and character. She sought constantly the good of others. 'As I went among my flowers to-day'. She wrote to a mother in sorrow, 'I thought of you and the little lives opening about you. Preserve yourself for them and call on us to share your burdens.' Her letters alone would make a volume that no one would be willing to spare. They disclose a life so tender, so pure and unselfish that it seems a revelation of the Spirit of Truth."

"To the State Miss Merrill gave in the highest sense. Her practical services in time of war were of great value and throughout all her years her life was given to the education of the character of her fellow-citizens. She has performed services that

give new meaning to the possibilities of woman's work.

"It will be a satisfaction to her friends that they realized in her lifetime how precious was her life and how valued her friendship. Modestly she strove in vain to ward off the encomiums of love. Attributing to her their first awakening to love of literature and an appreciation of lifer conscious of inestimable benefits derived from contact with her, legions of friends lavished their affections upon her and will not cease to hold her memory as one of earth's choicest blessings."

The Indianapolis Daily News said:

"Her inducine was so beautiful, was so constant, so perennial in its sweetness and steadiness, like a force of nature, that
for it to cease is a shock to those who have felt it. Kindly nature might seem to have recognized the sweetness and light that
she exemplified and prolonged her opportunity beyond the allotted span. To more than one generation the name "Miss
Merrill" has been a synonym of culture, of gentleness, of high
ideals of womanliness.

To what a vast number has she been an inspiration and source of the virtues that become the very warp and woof of character, of the culture, gentleness and open-mindedness that are its greatest ornaments! To how many womea—mothers and daughters—has she been "guide, philosopher and friend," and more than this, an example powerful in building up character, an example of womanhood whose influence has blessed and brightened homes and strengthened all within their precints; made of these homes the sanctuary whence the qualities that refine and establish character come to react on all within their influence. The beneficence of the great Teacher's influence is seen as one looks back over this life and wins the willing testimony that surely no influence is more lasting in its good, more enduring in its beauty.

Charm, might best of all single words, perhaps, describe her. To her judgments, her tastes, her sure instincts for the best, exemplified in a fine and true definition of culture, was ad-



ded charm that increases their strength."

The Journal said:

"The influence exerted by the late Catharine Merrill on the community in which she spent her long life was remarkable. and, in some respects, unique. It differed from that which belongs to most teachers of years and experience in that her instructions and guidance were not confined to youthful students, but to women of all ages and degrees. In her earlier career she taught classes of young people in school and college, but in more recent years she conducted private classes, to which came young women and old, maids and matrons, mothers of families, business women and women who were themselves teachers. Some of these had been her early pupils, and wished to keep themselves from intellectual rustiness by means of regular lessons. Some had lacked advantages in youth, and through her made their first acquaintance with the best in literature. She opened a new world to them by showing them how to read the masterpieces understandingly. She stood for the highest in genuine culture and refinement, and to be a member of her classes was a privilege in more ways than one. Gentle, retiring, without self-assertion, even timid, she cherished firm convictions and had the courage of her opinions, and these opinions touched upon moral and social, as well as literary themes. She was a distinct intellectual force, and to her belongs a good share of the credit for the high stand taken by Indianapolis women in all that makes for the finest living.

The following tribute is from ex-President Harrison:

"Thave just heard of Miss Merrill's death. Every one in Indianapolis feels that in her death the city has sustained a great loss. She was a great intellectual and moral power in the city, and has inflaenced many lives profitably and pleasantly. Col. Sam. Merrill, her brother, was in my regiment during the war, and I saw something of Miss Merrill, as I did of the families of all the officers, but my knowledge has been more distinct of her since then than during the war, as members of my family have been in her classes and have expressed their attachment and admiration for her."

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The engagement is announced of Miss Florence E. Kimball to Mr. H. Prescott Burleigh, both of Cambridge, Mass.

-313600

Mrs. F. M. Kimball and daughter Maude of Topeka, have gone to Colorado, where they will spend the summer among the mountains.



MRS GRAY IN HAWAII.

Mrs. Maria Freeman Gray, granddaughter of John Kimball (No. 772, May News) has visited the Hawaiian Islands, and has written several very interesting letters regarding this new American territory, which of course are too long for the News. Mrs. Gray like other intelligent travelers, had her kodak along. Among her pictures was one of what she calls "a beautiful tree." We find it illustrated in an eastern paper which published her letters, and are able here to reproduce it through the kindness of Mrs. Gray. In her published letter she writes: "The traveler's palm looks like an immense fan made of banana leaves, which have long concave petioles. These leaf stalks often contain water, which is a blessing to the thirsty traveler—hence its name."



THE TRAVELER'S PAUM

Mrs. Gray mentions a Mr. Lee as proprietor of the Volcano hotel where she stopped cleven days. On page 345 of the News mention is made of the marriage of Helen Kimball of Cambridge, Mass., and Robert L. Lee of Honolulu. Is there connection between these Lees?

In this connection it may be noticed that Dr. John Kimball of Maine was once a resident of these islands, where he was called the "double" of President Dole, because of his resemblance to the recently appointed governor of this new United States territory. See page 80, April News, 1998.



IN MEMORIAM.

ELBRIDGE KIMBALL BATCHELDER.

At West Medford, Mass., April 4, 1900, Elbridge Kimball Batchelder. Interment at Francestown, N. H.

GEORGE H. STEVENS.

Mr. George H. Stevensi a prominent member of the Lowell bar, died Wednesday afternoon. April 4, 1900, aged for ty-nine years. He was the son of the late George Stevens, formerly district attorney of Middlesex. Born in Mr. Vernon, N. H., he was educated in Lowell and at Dartmouth College where he was graduated in 1874. Then he studied in Germany, and travelled extensively in Europe, beginning the practice of law soon after his return. He leaves a widow and child.

He was the son of George and Elizabeth Rachel · Kimball) Stevens. (Fam. Hist. p. 60). and was the historian of Old Middlesex Chapter of the Massachusetts Society of the Sons of

American Revolution.

FRANCES RICE KIMBALL.

On Sunday morning, May 6, Miss Frances R. Kimball, adopted daughter of the late deacon John Kimball, answered to the death angel. For many years she had been in ill health but had berne her suffering with patience and fortitude, trusting with unwavering faith to the care of her Lord Savior, without a murmur, and in the calm confidence that "He doeth all things well." And so the summons came and found her ready to answer. Frances Victorine Rice was born in Boston in 1836, and came to Ipswich to reside as a member of Deacon Kimball's household at the age of seven years. She had a large circle of friends, to whom her death will appear a personal loss. Among the nearer relatives in Ipswich are Fred A. and Susie L. Kimball. Services were held at the South church on Tuesday afternoon.—Ipswich Independent.

PROFESSOR RODNEY G. KIMBALL. Fam. Hist. p. 956.

Professor Rodney G. Kimball, a member of the faculty of the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute, died Wednesday night at his home, No. 253 Monroe-st., Brooklyn, from heart disease. Although Professor Kimball had not been in good health for three years he had continued to carry on his work and was taken to the school each day in a carriage. He had been professor of applied mathematics in the institute since June 3°, 1859. Although he had received calls to a dozen colleges nothing could induce him to leave "Poly."

Professor Kimball was born in this city, and was a gradu-



ate of the College of the City of New-York. Soon after his graduation he was appointed in 1855 assistant to Charles Davies, professor of mathematics in the New-York State Normal School.

In the Civil War he organized a company of normal school students and joined the 44th New-York. He led his company at the battle of Fredricksburg. His health which was delicate, soon broke down and he never fully recovered from the exposures of army life. He returned to the Normal School, where he remained until called as professor in the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute in 1869. A widow, two sons and three daughters survive him. The funeral will be held to-night.—New York Tribune, Apr. 27, 1900.

SUSAN TILLINGHAST KIMBALL. Fam, Hist. p. 511.

The solemu seal of death has been placed upon the earthly life of Susan Tillinghast Kimball, widow of M. Day Kimball of this city. Already the pain and disability of that life are seen to be temporary, while the lessons of sympathy and helpfulness learned through them are still living forces to aid and comfort sickness and suffering. A daughter of Governor Marcus Morton of Taunton, Mass., she presented to the city of Taunton, in memory of her parents, the old Morton mansion for the purposes of a city hospital. Later in her life, in memory of her youngest son, she gave to the city of Putman, Conn., money to establish the Day Kimball Hospital. Her interest in these hospitals grew with their growth, and she eagerly met the need for their enlargement and improvement. The last business she did was to purchase more land for a new building for the Morton Hospital. In these testimonials of affection for parent and child, she also found expression for a decoly rooted sense of public duty, of responsibility for the welfare of the community, inherited from a long line of Puritan ancestry. Her public benefactions were patient and unfailing. Her support of certain charities continued, year after year, from the time of her marriage and first settlement in Boston till her death. Seeing few visitors in her later years, she yet received a district nurse who cared for the sick poor. Through her, Mrs. Kimball heard many tales of suffering, and gave what help money and thought could bring to relieve them. Such were Mrs. Kimball's benevolences. They live after her and are her best memorial. Those who knew her in the inner circle remember her indomitable fortitude under great infirmities, and the fine courage which minimized her own physical ills. They remember her keen wit and the never-failing sense of humor which kept her younger than her years.-Boston Transcript.

Mrs. Kimball, it it will be noticed, was the mother of the

poetess, Hannah Parker Kimball.



A WORD FROM PROF. SHARPLES.

The News is in receipt of over thirty pages of copy relating to the family of Levi Kimball No. 186, page 136 Family History. At the same time he sends the following note:—

Boston, Mass., June 8, 1900.

DEAR MR. KIMMALI.—I sometimes wonder if there is any end of theekimballs. I send you quite a batch this time and there is more to come I think. The old Kimballs certainly obeyed the injunction to multiply and replenish the earth. I start for New Hampshire and Maine tomorrow 're hunt up sorre Websters and I shall probably also find some Kimballs, I generally do whenever I go into these states. I passed through Topeka twice last fall and was very sorry that I could not stop and see you. But I was on my way to and from New Mexico on business. Yours

S. P. Sharples.

The end of these Kimballs is not in sight. Where it is no one knows. Here are thirty-five pages relating to Levi Kimball and his descendants. He was a son of Jacob No. 65. His was a long lived and proflife family. Jacob had ten children, and six sons are reported as heads of families. Three daughters were married, and another lived to be \$4 years old, but whether married does not appear. These sons of Jacob were, Jacob, Moses, Asa, Levi, Elisha and Daniel. It may be noticed that one half of the May number of the News was taken up with a record of Levi's brother Moses. It is probable that quite as much has been left unrecorded concerning each of the four remaining brothers. And what is true of Jacob's line is true of scores of others, so that one well may wonder where the end-will be.

The News regrets that Prof. Sharples could not call when

passing through Topeka.

BRIDGE

Mrs. Sarah Payson Greene Kimball of East Hebron N. H. died May 21, 1965, aged 82 years and 6 months, lacking 4 days. She was the mother of William D. Kimball whose portrait was given in the April News, and whose tragic death was so severe a blow to the already afflicted mother. The N. V. Tribune says:

"Mrs. Kimball, with her daughter, was among the first to join The Tripune Sunshine Society, and many members have been deeply interested in these lonely invalid women. Miss Ellen, herself a great sufferer, feels keenly this added sorrow. Her constant viril of the past weeks has made it impossible for her to acknowledge the many Easter remembrances received from T. S. S. members. It is hoped that many words of comfort and sympathy may reach this much afflicted member."

and the same

James Adams Kimball of Salina, Kans., is a member of a committee on Federation of the Commercial Clubs of the state-



The big department store of the Pitts-Kintball company of Boston was totally destroyed by fire on the night of May 31, i, volving a loss, including buildings owned by other persons, of S250,000. Rufus H. Kimball is vice-president of the company, (Hist, p. 938.)

Mrs. S. H. Kimball of Ceres, N. Y. who recently graduated from the Columbus, O. Medical University in the school of dentistry, has opened an office in Painsville, Ohio, where she will make her future home. The Telegraph of that place gives her a very cordial welcome, as she no doubt deserves. Read what a friend of hers said an page 43 March number of current volume of the News.

Sarah Louise Kimball of San Francisco sends a fine halftone picture of the Mills Building and points out the office where she spends much of her time. As may be supposed she is a good deal up in the world, tenth story, corner window, splendid outlook with the earth under her feet. Now we know how she comes to write such letters. She is up in the ozone region. There's nothing like ozone for inspiration.

Col. D. B. Dver of Augusta, Ga., is always in some great enterprise. As president of the Augusta Electric R. R. and Light Co., he has made that concern the pride of his town. But not content with that he has recently brought a delegation of capitalists from New York and Baltimore to Augusta and the result is that they loan the company a cool million of dollars to make further improvements and extentions. The Colonel is a Dyer-Kimball rustler. Hist. p. 909, News Jan. 1895.

Charles Dean Kimball was elected Lieutenant-Governor of Rhode Island at the April election, running ahead of his ticket. He gained no little celebrity by the course ne took as member of the state legislature in refusing to accept extra pay voted to some members. [Hist p. 814, News p. 359 and p. 52 current volume.]

Lieutenant Governor Charles Dean Kimball, Providence, Rhode Island, was very seriously injured in an electric car collision on Sunday June 10. It was at first supposed that he would not recover, but he rallied and was doing well at last accounts. The New York Tribune of Monday said: "Lieutenant Governor Kimbail was too badly injured to be taken to the hospital. He is one of the most popular Republicans in the State. He has been the leader of the House of Representatives, was a candidate for Mayor of Providence last fail, and was this spring elected Lieutenant Governor by a flattering yote."

Four persons were killed and over a score more or less injured.



Supplemental Notes to Family History.

Page 310.—No. 559. x. Apphia m. 1st. Wm. C. Hale: m. 2nd. John Maynard, of Manchester, N. H.

Page 663.—No. 1229. Jacob D. Kimball died in 1872. m. Surah Payson Greene, born Nov. 23, 1817, not 1823. They had five children as given in History.

Their son William D. Fimball, (See News April 1900.) m. Aug. 20, 1874, Ella Gile of Bow, N. H. A son Charles Ryland, died in Bow

aged 5 years.

In the April sketch of William D. Kimball the age of his invalid mother was given as 75 years. The above correction makes her age 82 years in Nov. 1899. The family lives one mile from Hebron village.

Page 949.—Josiah F. Kimball⁸ was publisher of the Lynn, Mass., News.

and the

The annual town report of Lovell, Me., shows several Kimballs besides Sumner, 2448 who figure prominently in town and county affairs. Among them are found G. A. and Oscar Kimball who do not appear in the Family History. All these omissions may be made good in the News if some one will take pains to supply the needed memoranda.

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Mrs. Susanna H. Kimball, whose death was mentioned in the April News, p. 63. was the widow of George Washington Kimball who died in Auburndale Mass. a few years ago, at the age of 83. He has a brother still living. We find no mention of the family in the History.

The Sons and Daughters of the American Revolution of Painesville, Ohio, recently offered \$10 in three prizes, for the best essays by High School pupils on the subject "The Invasion of Canada by Montgomery and Arnold." The competition was spirited and some really good work was done by the young students. Prof. H. N. Kimball, one of the judges, awarded the prizes, commenting on several of the papers and noticing their good and striking points. This example might be followed by other schools.

QUERIES.

Inquiry is made in regard to John Emery Kimball mentioned on page 310 of the Family History. He went to Boston when young, married Lucy Heater, and lived there many years They had at least three daughters and one son. They are both dead. Does any one know any thing of their children?



CORRECTIONS.

Capt. Γ. M. Kimball of this city calls attention to errors on page 60, April NEWS. Lucretia Hasseltine was dan. of Jesse and Lucretia, (nor Abigail, his second wife.) Hist. p. 531. Also bottom of page, 1840 should be 1804.

DEAR MR. KIMBALL.

Allow me to correct the statement made in your April edition, under the heading of the will of Noah Brooks, viz, that Sarah (Willard) Brooks was the only daughter of Major Joseph Willard. It should have been the eldest daughter. Mrs. Martha Willard, wife of Major Joseph Willard, died June 3, 1794 in the 100th year of her age; her posterity then consisted of 12 children, '90 grandchildren, 225 great grandchildren and 58 great grandchildren. So far the commane to "be frui; ful and multiply, and replenish the earth" was fulfilled in her case.

Sarah (Willard Brooks was the first white child born in Grafton Mass. This town was originally owned and occupied by a tribe of Indians called Hassanemesits who were in subjection to the Nipmucks. Yours Sincerly,

HERBERT W. KIMBALL.

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A KIMBALL CLUB IN WASHINGTON.

We are not aware that there is a Kimball Club. Union or Association in Washington. There are in other cities. But certainly there is material enough already known, and more that exists unknown. It is possible that the descendants of Richard Kimball now living in Washington are not aware of their own numbers. Of course the News is unable to name them all, but a little organized effort would call together at the National Capital a very large number if they were disposed to meet in a reunion. To begin with there would be Gen. Sumner I. Kimball of the Life Saving Service; Gen. A. W. Greely the Arctic explorer, now of the Signal Service; Comdr. W. W. Kimball of the U. S. Navv; Judge Ivory G. Kimball; Jno. H. Kimball and H. A. Kelly of the P. O. Department; Horace Kimball Fulton; Helen McLaughlin Kimball; Prof. Ephraim G. Kimball and Nathaniel Freeman of the Land Office. (p. 67 May News.) And there are others whose names are not here given, besides many belonging to cognate branches. A reunion of these families would not only be a pleasant affair for themselves, but it would doubtless bring to light some things of historic interest, and would also bring to notice other branches not now known to belong to the family. Such has been the result.



PERSONAL.

George C. Kimball is secretary of a Golf Club at Wolfboro, N. H.

Samuel E. Kimball is superintendent of streets in Arlington, Mass.

Capt. Frederick Marius Kimball of Topeka, is an enthusiastic Ralstonite.

Joseph C. Kimball is vice-president of the Wannalancit Club of Haverhill, Mass.

F. C. Kimball is superintendent of the Whitman division of the street railroad.

B. F. Kimball & Co., Leather Dealers, of Boston have been compelled to make assignment.

Frank R. Kimball is vice commodore of the City Point Puritan Canoe Club of South Boston, Mass.

The Kimballs in New England seem to be prominent in the Grange as overseers, lecturers and members.

William T. Kimball is secretary and treasurer of the Merrimack Valley Country Club at Lawrence, Mass.

On account of a recent fire in Burlington Vt., the grocery company of Spaulding, Kimball & Co., were heavy losers.

In Norway, Me., Frank Kimball's Minstrels and Comic Opera Company afford the entertainment for the community.

Capt. F. M. Kimball of Topeka, entered the Kansas Society Sons of the American Revolution on four different lines of descent.

Mrs. Sarah A. Kimball is vice-regent of the Samuel Adams chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution at Methuen, Mass.

Mr. Benjamin Kimball of Jamaica Plain, with his daughter Miss Mirriam, occupied apartments at the Grosvenor in Boston during the winter.

Mrs. William F. Kimball of Newton, Mass., recently directed a subscription whist party of twenty tables for the benefit of the Universalist Church.

Herbert Wood Kimball was reelected Registrar of the Massachusetts Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, and Charles Kimball Darling, historian.

Miss Nettie A. Kimball of Boston has been a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Horace Kimball Fulton of Washington and soon became a favorite in social circles.



The father of Mrs. Maria Freeman Gray, Daniel Sanford Freeman, died at New Salem, Mass. April 18, 1887. See No. 1545b page 66, last issue of the News.

Miss Alice Kimball, daughter of William Parker Kimball of San Francisco, (Fam. Hist. p. 921.) received the degree of Bachelor of Science, at her recent graduation from the University of California.

Mrs. Frances Kimball has just been ordained to the Universalist ministry, three other women ministers taking part in the ceremony. She has charge of the churches at South Barre and Williamstown, Vt.

Edward Ancel Kimball of Chicago, (Hist. p. 860) a noted Christian Science lecturer has been speaking in Boston. Topeka has now a case where this science failed to cure, and legal prosecution is to follow.

Mrs. Frances Kimball Harlow has been elected one of the discors of the Abbott Academy club of Boston. The club numbers 126 members, and has a fund of \$26,000 toward the \$60,000 needed for a proposed Memorial Haft.

Sherman Kimball, (Hist. p., 939, FAM. News. p. 125, June 1898.) a student at Stanford University, and Mary Alice Kimball, voungest sister of Sarah Louise Kimball, (Fam. Hist. p. 811, No. 1765—viii.) were confirmed in the Episcopal Church at Palo Alto, Cal., April 11, 1909.

Prof. L. A. Morrison co-editor of the Kimball Family History, has sold his choice garden farm at Canobie Lake, N. H. The estate comprises 80 acres of land withoa colonial house, large barns and numerous outbuildings. Prof. Morrison's health has not been good for some months past.

Mrs. Maria Freeman Gray of San Francisco, has gone to Millington, Franklin County, Mass, her native town, where she will spend the summer, and in September will go to Paris to attend the Peace Congress. One half of the last number of the News was given to her family record which was omitted from the History.

M. V. B. Perley of Portsmouth, N. H. writes that he has a some condition of the property of th



CALIFORNIA NOTES.

(From San Francisco "Examiner" of April (6th and 17th, 1900.)

Marriage licenses vesterday to-

Roy E. Kimball, 25, and Mary E. Stokes, 23.

Oakland, April 16,-Miss May Stokes, the young lady who has for several months listened to complaints in her capacity as "600" in the central telephone office, is now Mrs. Kimball. The young couple, because of the objections of Mrs. Kimball's brothers to the match, went to San Francisco last Saturday, where they were quietly married. Her family and friends heard nothing of the proposed marriage unt'l they received word from San Francisco last night that the ceremony had been performed. . For some time past the "hello girl" has been the object of the affections of Roy Kimball, one of the most energetic of the linemen employed by the company.

The wedding of Miss Daisy Carolyn Kimball and Louis Barrington Adams, took place May 10, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Simpson Kimball, on Seminary avenue, Fruitvale. It was strictly a home wedding, Rev. C. M. Hill, pastor of the Tenth-avenue Baptist Church, officiaed. Mrs. Adams is a graduate of Mills College, class '97. She is very popular in social circles both here and in San Francisco. Her father is prominent in the lumber and shipping business in the metropolis. The groom is also highly connected. He is a son of Albert J. Adams of New York and a relative of the presi-

dent of the Adams Express Company there.

The young couple enjoyed their honeymoon on a journey through Alaska. They visited Dawson City, went down the Yukon, and stopped at Nome. They will make their home per-

manently in New York City.

In the S. F. "Chronicle" there was lately a notice of the previously announced engagement of Miss Helen Otis Thomas, daughter of William Thomas of the law firm of Chickering. Thomas & Gregory of this city, and Mr. Frederick W. Kimball of Los Angeles.

I understand this Frederick W. Kimball has the largest prune orchard in the State, at Fresno, but cannot place him.

Miss Mand B. Kimball of Boston arrived at the Hotel Rafael, San Rafael, last week.

Mrs. Richard Owen and children have returned to Yreka, in Siskiyou Co., Cal., where Mr. Owen is engaged in business. Mrs. Owen has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Charles Bradbury Kimball, at Palo Alto for the past few months. While at Palo Alto, and on July 24, 1899, she lost through death, her eldest son, Vivian Kimball Owen. On February 7, 1900, Vera Owen, her only daughter, was born at Oakland, Cal.

SARAH LOUISE KIMBALL.



Kimball-Family Hews

Vol. III, Nos. 7 and 8.

G. F KIMBALL, Publisher.

Terms \$1.00 a year

Topeka, Kansas, July and August, 1900.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.—THE NEXT REUNION.

Our enterprising cousin and Secretary of the Pacific Coast association, Miss Sarah Louise Kimball of San Francisco writes two or three letters from which we gather the following:

"Several members of the family met Saturday afternoon, to talk over and plan for our coming Reunion. Various committees were appointed, and it looks now as if we would have an interesting Reunion. Frank Willard Kimball has new ideas as to proper way to work up enthusiasm &c., and we shall probably have a good programme. The Reunion is to be held on the summit of Mt. Tamalpais, Oct. 6, 1900. It will be a pleasant

trip.

There are so many of the Kimball name whom I am constantly meeting; I shall be glad when Professor Sharples' next installment of "Supplement" is published. There is a large branch of the family tree growing in the Southern States, and I have had correspondence with Mrs J. E. Martin, 112, 14th St., Columbus, Georgia, in relation to a certain family which seems to have divided itself between Virginia and North Carolina, afterwards crossing over into Tennessee. Georgia and Alabama, Of this family, Benjamin and Peter Kimbell-by the way, they spell the name Kimbell-died in Warren Co., N. C. Peter had a son, Buckner. Benjamin had sons, David, James, Benjamin, William, Samuel, Ransom and Charles. This David Kimbell had sons named James, Benjamin, Samuel, Ransom, Gideon, Christopher and David; and this last Benjamin Kimbell has descendants living in Columbus, Ga. The first Benjamin Kimbell's son James had a son, John Westley Kimbell, who was born at Warrenton, N. C., married Rebecca Blanton, and had: James Tisdale, William Henry, Sarah Ann. Eliza Rebecca and Edwin Nathan Kimbell. They were Methodists, and I understand the family was of Lynchburg, Va., before the Revolutionary War, and then moved to North Larolina. Alabama &c. I believe this is the family to which belon; red a gentleman named Charles P. Kimball, a mining man from stein's Pass, N. M., who once called upon me and gave me a specimen of ore from the Kimbell Mine there; he said he was a descendant of Benjamin Kimbell of North Carolina. Mrs. Martin will be grateful for any information as to this family.



Another unconnected branch having representatives here is as follows: Erastus and John Kimball, brothers, went from Vermont to Onondaga Co., near Syracuse, N. Y. Erastus married and had: Harrison, Addison, Clinton, Jerome Bonaparte, Albert and Adeline Kimball. Of these, Albert Kimball, a cabinet maker, is living in Milwaukie, Wis. Jerome Bonaparte Kimball was born August 9, 1833; died January 3, 1896; married Julia Morgan, of Favettville, N. Y., and lived in Manlius, N. Y., and had children: Charles Augustus, b. 1801, 6 Nov., and lives at Santa Cruz, California; Frank Eugene, b. Sept. 26, 1863, married Maud Eveline Woodworth, resides at Alden, Alamedo Co., Cal., and has two daughters-Maud Ethel, b. Oct. 30, 1886, and Ferm Romelia, b. March 31, 1894, at Oakland; Fred, who died young; and William Jerome, b. Aug. 1868, married Jennie Bartlett and lives in Alameda, Cal. It may be that this is the same family that Col. Amos S. Kimball, U. S. A. is a member of. The names-Erastus, Harrison, Addison, Clinton and Jerome Bonaparte-are rather uncommon in our family, and it would

seem that this branch should be easily placed.

And another family is that of our two cousins. John Albion and Frank Willard Kimball, the attorneys of this city. Their grandfather, John Kimball Jr. was the son of a John Kimball who served in the Revolutionary war, and the sister of John and Frank, Miss Carrie Kimball, of San Luis Obispo, has the blanket which he used during the Revolution. This John Kimball Sr. had children: Charles Kimball, who lived at Augusta, Me., and was scalped by an Indian, who had a son, Charles, of New York City; Thomas Kimball, of Hallowell, Maine, and Lynn, Mass., who had sons, Theodore and Charles, of New York City; Hiram Kimball, of Hallowell, Maine; David Kimball, of Chelsea, Maine; Elizabeth Kimbali, of Augusta, Maine; and John Kimball Jr., of Augusta, Maine, the grandfather of John Albion and Frank Willard Kimball, formerly of San Luis Obispo, but now San Francisco, Cal. Perhaps an item in the News will bring forth the desired information as to John Kimball Sr's. ancestry. There is a tradition that he went from Massachusetts to Maine. He was probably of the sixth generation from Richard Kemball, the emigrant.

After having been away from California for about a year and a half, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Hobart have returned from their trip to Paris and England. Mr. Hobart has returned to

the employ of the Southern Pacific Company.

At our committee meeting, Saturday, there were present: John Albion and Frank Willard Kimball, and Mrs. Frank Willard Kimball, Roy T. Kimball, J. Hoyt Kimball, Mrs. Mary Gilmer Dunn aunt of Miss Rebecca M. Kimball, Miss Grace I. Kimball, William Parker Kimball and myself. Mr. Joseph



Hoyt Kimball's name only appears in the History. This is his line: Richard, Thomas, Richard, Joseph, Peter, Joseph, Solon, Joseph Hoyt Kimball. His mother, Fanny Hoyt, was descended from the first John Hoyt through this line: John. Thomas, Benjamin, Benjamin, John, Joseph Brown, Joseph Sawyer, Fanny Hoyt. Mr. J. Hoyt Kimball married Alma E Bruce, and they live at 758, 11th St., Oakland, on the next block to Mrs. Grace M and daughter, Miss Gertrude Kimball, of the family of the late Levi Woodbury Kimball. Besides Mr J. Hoyt Kimball, the Bishop family of Fruitvale, Alameda County, are the only other representatives of Richard Kemball's son Thomas whom I have met in California. Most of the California Kimballs are from Richard's sons Richard, John and Benjamin, though the line of Caleb is also represented through Mr. Charles Henry Kimball, of East Oakland, and his nephew, Major Gorman Gates Kimball, of Red Bluff, and the Redington family of San Francisco.

Mrs. Maria Freeman Gray did not leave for the East until last Thursday. She hopes to be in Jerusalem at Christmas time. I understand there is a plan on foot to start the Christmas chimes at Jerusalem and have them rung consecutively clear

around the world.

In yesterday's "Evening Post" Frank Willard Kimball had quite a bit about the Kimball Reunion, October 6th. He is very enthusiastic. Last year was the first Reunion he had attended, as he formerly lived down in San Luis Obispo County. His wife is a very bright young lady, 22 years old, with dark brown eyes and light brown hair, and very sweet ways, and she puts in most of her time at the law office with her husband, and says she is working too, and is studying law. She is also enthusiastic about the Reunion. I have sent a copy of the "Post" to Capt. F. M. Kimball, and will send others to other Eastern cousins. I wish they would hold Reunions all over the United States on the same date, and perhaps you might suggest this idea in the NEWS. You know the value of concentration, and people like to know that other people approve of what they are doing. Roy and I were speaking of having a set date, or a certain day of the week, say the first Saturday in October-October weather is generally good all over the United States-and I am also going to suggest that we fix upon Golden Gate Park. San Francisco, for our annual outing, as it is really the best place, all things considered, I think, and the least expensive, which counts with many of us poorer ones with large families.

The Pacific Coast Kimball Family Reunion, October 6, 1900.



PERSONAL.

Mrs. Charles H. Kimball of National City, Cal., spent the summer in the East.

Charles K. Kimball has been re-elected a director in the Hempstead, L. I. water company.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Kimball of Brook street, Brookline, are spending the summer on Long Island, New York.

Treasurer Edward P. Kimball of the First National Bank, of Malcen, Mass., is summering at Bass Rocks, Gloucester.

Mrs. Paul R. Kimball of Topsfield, Mass, had under her direction 150 school children who formed a chorus at the late 250th anniversary of the settlement of that town.

Conrad B. Kimball of Chicago, has been appointed one of the guards at the Paris Exposition. During the World's Fair at Chicago he was Mrs. Pottor Palmer's Secretary. Now he goes to Paris, probably through her influence. He will improve the occasion to take private lessons in music for the improvement of his remarkable voice. [Hist p. 903. Fam. News Jan. 1899.]

Miss Lucy A. Kimball has resigned her position as teacher in the Ipswich, Mass, schools. This action was entirely unexpected and a subject of universal regret. The Independent says of her:

"By the able and conscientious administration of her duties and by her adaptation of original progressive methods she had endeared herself to pupils, parents and committee, and the vacancy was not an easy one to fill."

Donald G. Kimball is reported as having passed the examination for admission to West Point from New Hampshire. There were eight applicants rejected and three accepted. The Manchester, New Hampshire, Union says:

"L'onald G. Kimball is a popular Manchester boy, son of

Edward L. Kimball, deputy naval officer at Boston.

His success is especially pleasing because of the difficulty there has been in having the youth of this section represented at that national institution. The young man has had a good fitting for college, and has devoted much time to the classics. Greek, Latin, and mathematics. He gave special attention to the preparation for entrance to West Point, and his success is a source of congratulation to his friends as well as to his parents."

We find no Donald G. Kimball in the History. Daniel Gilman Kimball, born 1882, is given on page 985 as the son of Ed-

ward L. Kimball of Manchester.



J. H. Kimball and family of Malden, Mass., took their outing at Lake Maranacook, Me., where they spent several weeks.

At a meeting of the Worcester Woman's Club in May, Mrs. Geraldine L. Kimball read a paper on Women's Wage Éarners in Worcester.

Miss Delia Kimball has been presented a handsome rocker by the Christian Endeavor Society of the Maplewood Baptist Church at Malden. Mass.

Miss Charlotte Kimball, College Settlement, Philadelphia, attended the summer school of Philanthropic work held in New York in June. The course included six weeks study.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Kimball and family of Lyun, Mass., and Mrs. Warren Kimball and son of West Newbury took their summer outing among the White Mountains.

The churches at Rowley, Mass., commemorated children's day in a manner that created a good deal of interest. Mrs. Josephine Kimball was one of the program committee.

Mr. and Mrs. William W. Kimball of Chicago, who have been prominent in the North Shore colony at Manchester-by-the-Sea, Mass., the past three years have gone to Europe. The Kimball piano will still play on.

Miss Florence Kimball of Topeka, is taking a vacation at sumer resorts in the Rocky Mountains. She intends to make Pikes Peak without the aid of the cog-road. Her sisters Martha and Eleanor have preferred a visit to friends near the Ozark Mountains in Missouri. Mrs. F. M. Kimball and daughter Maud are in Canon City, Colorado.

The Hon. John H. Kimball of Bath, Me., has been a fishing. The Bath Times of June 11, notes that he and his wife had returned from the lakes, and that he had great luck, landing an eight-pound trout, with a fly, which is the largest that has been caught for several seasons. He lost a large one that broke his leader. Mr. Kimball has been a regular visitor to Rangeley since 1869.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kimball of Winthrop, Mass., celebrated the 12th anniversary of their married life Feb. 12, 1900, at their beautiful home. The guests will long and pleasantly remember the most enjoyable function. Mr. and Mrs. Kimball are among the town's most prominent and greatly esteemed citizens. The guests came from the different Winthrops, and many were present from Boston and her adjacent suburbs. Mr. and Mrs. Kimball were kept busy shaking hands with their friends, who wished them all kinds of joy.



Mrs. Grace M. Kimball and daughter Gertrude of Oakland, Cal., have been spending a part of the summer at Pacific Grove, near Monterey, as they are in the habit of doing.

Prof. Arthur W. Kimball and wife of Oberlin College (Ohio) and Thomas Kimball of Rockport, Mass., have been visiting friends in Old Ipswich as is their yearly custom, and Miss Lizzie Kimball of Ipswich has been enjoying the "Bluff" with friends.

Gorham Gates Kimball of Red Bluff, Cal., has been spending sometime at the Waldeck Sanitorium. His health has not been good and he will not be able to attend the San Francisco Reunion on October 6, but he will send his good wishes.—(Hist. page 951.)

William Parker Kimball and family went on a camping trip to Boulder Creek, near Santa Cruz, in June. Miss Alice, who recently graduated from the University of California, at Berkley, has obtained a position as teacher in one of the inland counties, Yolo or Yuba.

Miss Ruth Kimball of Harwards has spent two months or more at Castle Crag. Shasta Co., Cal. The Castle Crag Tavern was burned down during the season, but the guests found refuge in the neighboring cottages. Castle Crag is a picturesque and fashionable summer resort.

Prof. Franklin T. Schott, of Manzanita Hall, Palo Alto, a grandson of George Washington Kimball Jr. (p. 344), has spent part of his vacation with his family, at Antioch. San Joaquin County, Cal. Mr. Schott is professor of physics and mathematics at Manzanita Hall, a preparatory school in Palo Alto, and is an enthusiastic worker.

The annual struggle for the office of State Auditor of Massachusetts has begun. Gen. John W. Kimball has held the office for seven years without much effort, and it is doubtful if he can be displaced this year. [Hist. page 841] Gen. Kimball is a grandson of Deacon Ephriam Kimball of Fitchburg. [Fam. News July and Aug. 1899.]

George W. Kimball of Palmyra, Neb., has bought 320 acres of a noted ranche some 12 or 15 miles from Topeka and his family will move on the same before spring. With the help of his boys, he is now preparing for next year's crop. He dropped in on the News early in August. He is a cousin of Mrs. Maria Freeman Gray and one of the descendants of John Kimball whose family is given in the May News. (see p. 71)



MARRIED.

At 6 Rockland Ave., June 21, by Dr. Edward Everett Hale, Mr. James W. Bartholomew and Miss Carrie F. Kimball, both of Roxbury, Mass.

2000

In Boston June 16, by Rev. L. H. Dorchester, I. A. Kimball of Boston, third son of W. H. Kimball of Heverbill, Mass., and Georgianna, youngest daughter of J. Munroe Jackmann, East Kingston, N. H.

2000

Miss Florence L. Armstrong of Newton Center, and Mr. Harry L. Kimball of West Newton 'Mass.) were married June 18, at the residence of the bride's parents in Maple park. The service took place at 5:35 o'clock, and was performed by the Rev. G. H. Spencer. After a tour, Mr. and Mrs. Kimball will reside on Waltham street, West Newton.

The Boston Hearld, May 27:

A wedding of interest to Malden society was that which took place in the First Universalist Church in Haverhill on Wednesday evening. It was that of Miss Myrtle Lygia Kimball and Mr. Allen Hoyt Wilde. The bride is the third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Kimball, a charming belle in the younger society, and the groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Wilde of Malden, and associated with his father in the W. A. Wilde Publishing Company of Boston. The Rev. Dr. J. C. Snow of this city officiated at the ceremony, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Thomas A. Nelson of Brooklyn. The double ring service was used. The bride was charming in her conventional white satin gown, appliqued with duchesse lace, and she carried a large bunch of white lilacs. The maid of honor, Miss Agnes G. Chase, was extremely pretty in a frock of white mull, and the bridemaids were all in pink. A large reception followed the ceremony at the residence of the bride's parents on Windsor street. After a short wedding journey Mr. and Mrs. Wilde will live in Malden.

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Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Kimball and son Charles of South Boston, have been passing a few days at the residence of William R. Johnson, on Church street. Mr. Kimball has recently purchased a farm in Danbury, N. H. The family will shortly reside there, and he will make his permanent home at that place, leaving South Boston in about a year.—Lawrence. Mass., American.



DR. JOSEPH E. KIMBALL.

Dr Joseph E. Kimball died in Nashua, N. H. June 9, 1900. at the home of his sister Mrs. H. W. Davis. He was born in that city June 14, 1859, the son of the late Lewis and Jane P. Kimball. He was educated in the Nashua public schools; then he entered the university of Vermont medical college. After his graduation in 86 he began the practice of his profession in Chelsea, Mass. A few years ago he removed to Boston to give his entire time and attention to Daniel Ford, late owner of the Youths' Companion.

Dr. Kimball was a member of the Carey Ave. Baptist church of Chelsea. He leaves a mother, sister and son, Samuel Mason

Kimball.

and the same

A. L. Dame of Methuen, Mass., has in his posession a bible over 200 years old. The book is remarkably well preserved and the printing is still very distinct. The book is the property of Mr. Dame's sister, Mrs. B. K. Cole, of Rayham, who is visiting here. The book was found 12 years ago by Mrs. Cole while an old house occupied by her was being remodelled. It was located under the eaves. The book was primed in 1682. The new testament title page of the book reads as follows:

The new testament of Our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. newly translated out of the original Greek and with the former translations diligently compared and revised. With marginal notes shewing that Scripture is the best interpreter of Scripture. On the other side of this page is the following written in

ink:

Elizabeth Kimball property, given her by her grand mother's cousin who died in year of 1715. Was Elizabeth Gray's property from the time of her birth, 1740. The record does not show to whom the book belonged between 1715 and 1740.-Lawrence, Mass., Daily American.

and there

Gordon Kimball of Ouray, Col. has sent to the Massachusetts bureau of mines a rare specimen of canary colored Carnotite. This mineral was discovered only last year and has been found in no other part of the world than Colorado. It contains more than 52 per cent of uranium and considerable varadium and potassium. The new mineral was named in honor of a Frenchman who discovered it. He sent it to France instead of to Washington for analysis. A French syndicate will soon commence to mine for this new mineral.

Gordon Kimball is a son of Adolphus Kimball No. 1835, and is the great-grandson of Deacon Ephraim Kimball No. 520, a lengthly sketch of whom was given in July and August News

1899.



DIED.

MRS. RALPH E. KIMBALL.

Died in Wells, Maine, May 13, Mrs. Hadassah, widow of Ralph E. Kimball.

GEORGE W. KIMBALL.

Ex-Mayor George W. Kimball of Rockland, Me., died suddenly June 22, of heart disease. He formerly was mayor, and he had held many other important offices.

HARRY KIMBALL.

Harry Kimball of Allston, while riding a horse in Maplewood in Malden, Mass., June 5, was thrown to the ground by the horse shving and struck upon his head, being fatally injured.

MATTHEW C. KIMBALL.

Matthew C. Kimball, who was well known in this town, died last Saturday in Old Town, Me., aged 68 years and six months. Mr. Kimball had considerable ability as a comedian and in his younger years could furnish a pleasing entertainment. The remains were brought to this town Tuesday afternoon and placed in the tomb at Walnut Grove cemetery. In the spring interment will take place at the old burying ground on Lawrence street.—Li wrence Mass., American.

MRS. JENNIE KIMBALL.

The following we take from the Boston Herald of Mar. 27, 1896, relating to the funeral of the well known leader of the Opera Company mentioned. The little petite singer, Corinne Kimball has appeared in every considerable city in the Union. We are not informed as to her connection with the Kimball family, and she is not mentioned in the History.

Services were held over the remains of the once well known actress, Mrs. Jennie Kimball, late manager of the Kimball opera company, and mother of Corinne Kimball, the singer, at the Forest Hills cemetery chapel at 11:30 o'clock this forenoon.

The chapel was filled with friends and relatives, among whom were many members of the theatrical profession. Several of the Kimball opera company came on to the services, accompanying the bereaved daughter.

Rev. Roland Hale of the Church of Our Savior, Roslindale,

was the officiating clergyman.

The body lay in a handsome broadcloth-covered casket, which was surrounded by many beautiful floral offerings, the most prominent of which were a mass of pansies and ivy in the shape of a heart, surmounting a pedestal of calla lilies.



A BUSY KIMBALL.

The New York Tribune of July 22, gives a column, with portrait concerning Col. A. S. Kimball, Assistant Quarternaster-General, United States Army, and tells of his arduous duties

just now.

"Colonel Kimball was a chief quartermaster in the Civil War, but his duties then did not include sending a soldier's dimer two-thirds of the way around the world and more, as they do now. His are always busy days. The Colonel looks after all the movements of ships and transportation of troops, horses, clothing and forage, and several thousand more items.

Three or four ships, each with a tonnage of from 1,500 to 2,000 tons, sail every month. They all go by the Suez Canal,

and take from forty-five to fifty days for the trip.

Two ships are now being loaded in Brooklyn with stores

for troops in the East.

At least everything that is kept in a general store in an Arizona mining camp are on the ordinary Army ship bound for Manila. There are coffins and blacksmiths' tools, veterinary supplies, reading matter, sterilizers, filters, restraining apparatus for the insane, toothbrushes and combs, shoestrings and razors, combeef hash, oysters, pipes, yeast cakes, cheese, towels, pencils, candies, hand basins, borax, sonp, olives, shoe blacking and hair oil.

A board of officers, to consist of Major-General John R. Brooke, Colonel George L. Gillespie, Corps of Engineers, and Colonel Amos S. Kimball, assistant quartermaster-general, is appointed to meet at Governor's Island to inspect the island and all buildings and to prepare and recommend a general plan for

improvements.

HONORED BY HIS COMRADES.

At the June Encampment of the Idaho G. A. R. held in Weiser, Nelson F. Klimball, who was last year elected Department Commander, was presented with a beautiful, gold G. A. R. badge, with the rank strap of a department commander attatched, and suitably engraved. Of course he prizes it at much above its intrinsic value, and will hand it down to Gilbert, his only son when he joins the great camp beyond the river.

BREE

Bishop Lawrence of the Massachusetts Diocese has dedicatea new Episcopal Church at Duxbury. The remodeled church is an ancient structure, having been built by the Methodists early in the century. It was presented to the parish by Mrs. Laura Sprague Sampson. Rev. Thacher Kimball is the rector. (Hist, page, 744?)



KIMBALL VETERAN KILLED.

Varnum Kimball, an inmate of the Soldiers Home, near

Augusta, Me., died Sunday June 24.

He was a veteran of company D, 11th Massachusetts voluntees, and went out on a five days pass Saturday morning. Sunday morning he returned with his face battered and bruised. When taken to the hospital he was unable to give a clear explanation, and refused to talk much, other than he had been attacked on the Augusta road by unknown persons, who pounded and kicked him about the head and body. He died Sunday night. He had the reputation among the soldiers of being quiet and inoffensive.

Gov. Allen of the home was seen, and said the authorities

were doing all in their power to investigate the matter.

He was 59 years of age, and his home was in Haverhill,

Massachusetts.

Later on the officers arrested Charles Seeley, an inmate of the home. Seeley is charged with assault with intent to kill, and since being confined in the Augusta police station he has admitted, it is said, that he was concerned in a fight with Kimball a week ago Friday. Seeley was held for the September term of the supreme court.

We do not find Varnum Kimballin the History.

WOULD NOT BE TEMPTED.

The following is sent us without date, but evidently clipped from an old paper. It probably refers to Davids No. 678—v. Hist. p. 307. This David was the father of John Granville Kimball, whose record is incorrectly given on page 672 of History, and corrected on pages 108 and 126 of Fau. News.

"Old Dave Kimball, who, years ago, lived in the town of Parsonsfield, Me., was an inveterate drunkard, and there was scarcely a day when he was not more or less under the influence of liquor. When in this condition he was always very cross,

It happened on one occasion, when old Dave was unusually surly, that, as the family were eating dinner, there came a knock at the door. One of the children opened it and ushered in the room a stranger, who, turning to Dave, said:

"I am an agent for of Beston; would you like to take

the life of Josephus?"

"Take the life of Josephus!" exclaimed Dave angrily, raising the carving knife and moving quickly toward the stranger, "What has Josephus done to me that I should take his life? You git."

And it is needless to say, the agent lost no time in making himself scarce."



Supplemental Notes to Family History, BY PROF. S. P. SHARPLES.

THE DESCENDANTS OF LEVI KIMBALL.

[Recently there came into my possesion through the kindness of Warner E. Spragne G. G. Grandson of Levi Kimball a small pamphlet which carries the History of the Descendants of Levi Kimball down to 1861. This little book seems to have been printed and not published I'ntil Mr. Sprague wrote me I had never heard of it, nor do I find it mentioned on any catalogue of genealogical works. I have made two complete copies of the work one of which I have in my possession and the other has been deposited in the Library of the New England Historic-Geneal grical Society, on Somerset street, Boston. These copies are word for word line for line and page for page. The style of the work is very poor there being much repetition and no cross references. I have therefore taken the material and put it into the same arrangement as the Kimball Family History. Mr. Sprague promises to bring this history down to the present time. The little book has an appendix containing considerable information in regard to the Durbee Family. This has also been copied and deposited with the Society.

I found it very difficult to get any information of the descendants of Jacob Kimball, but at the present time the records are becoming quite full. As is mentioned on page 79 Family History, the children of Jacob were very long lived and it now seems that they were very prolific. Instead of the three children of Levi given on page 136 he had 14. Most of these have many descendants. STEPHEN P. SHARPLES, 1

Page 136 No. 186-Levi Kimballs (Jacobs Johns Johns Richards)

born in Preston Conn. April 22, 1745, Died Sept. 15, 1827. Rockland, Delaware Co , N. Y., m. 1767 Abigail Sissions b. 1750, d. 1829 After the birth of the first three children he removed to Orange county N. Y. where he resided until about 1782 when he returned to Cour. Again removed to New York State about 1796. In 1778 he was in Penusylvania, and but a day or two before the Massacre of Wyoming he was in its immediate vicinity. In 1796 he settled in Rockland (then Delaware) now Sullivan county New York At that time that section of the state was almost a wilderness, but few settlers having located. There were no roads. To reach the place they had to pick their way over mountains, through ravines, and along the beds of streams. He purchased a farm at the junction of two streams the Beaverkill and Willowemack on which he resided until his death.

i Hannahi b. Norwich Ct. Oct. 27, 1760, d. Dec. 15, 1851. 446a 446b ii

Desire⁶ b. Norwich Ct. Oct. 15, 1771.

446c iii Levi' b Norwich Ct. July 12, 1773, d. Jan. 18, 1850. 446d iv Abigail⁶ b. June 21, 1775 Goshen, Orange Co., N. Y.

446e v Sallys b. Little Britain, Orange Co., N. Y. May 23, 1777.

446f vi Polivs b. May 12, 1779 Monson, Orange Co. N. Y. 440g vii Olivers b. April 15, 1781 Monson, Orange Co., N. Y.

446h viii Sabra" b Feb. 21, 1783 Norwich, Co.



- 446i ix Betsey b. April 29, 1785 Norwich, Ct.
- 446j x Williams b Feb. 6, 1787, Norwich, Ct. 446k xi Nanev⁶ b. Nov. 6, 1788, Preston, Ct. 446l xii Lucy⁶ b. Feb. 29, 1793, Preston, Ct.
- 446m xiii George D6 b. July 4, 1794. Little Britain, Orange Co., N. Y. 446n xiv Rusself b. April 21, 1797, Rockland, Sultivan Co. N. Y.
- No. 446a—Hannah Kimball⁶ (Levi⁵ Jacob¹ John⁵ John² Richard¹) Born Norwich Conn. Oct. 27, 1760, d. Dec. 15, 1851, Rockland N. Y. m, at Jewett City, Ct. Sept. 30, 1790, Samuel Darbee b. Lisbon, Ct. June 2, 1768, d. Rockland, N. Y., April 20, 1826. Samuel Darbee was the son of Jedediah and Lucretia (Cleveland, Darbee. (See History of The Cleveland Family.) He was left an orphan at an early age and was apprenticed to a clothier. In 1792 he went to Chester, Orange Co., N. Y. and in 1796 removed to Rockland, Sullivan Co., (then Neversink, Delaware Co., N. Y.) He purchased a farm adjacent to that of Levi Kimball and built a fulling and dveing mill. He continued the cloth dressing business in connection with farming until a few years previous to his death. He and his wife were devoted members of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

 - i Lucretia Darbeel b. Goshen, N. Y. Jan. 3, 1792, 927a ii Sarah Darbee b. Goshen July 24, 1793, d. July 2, 1853.
 - 937b iii Lucinda Darbee b. Dec. 30, 1794, Goshen, N.
 - 927e iv John Darbee b. March 20, 1796, Goshen, X. Y.
 - 927d v Abigail Darbee b. March 22, 1798, Rockland, N. Y. 927e vi Hannah Darbee b. Nov. 7, 1799, Rockland, N. Y.
 - 927f vii William T. Darbee, b. Nov. 1, 1801 Rockland, N. Y. 927g viii Levi Darbee' b. April s. 1803. Rockland, N. Y
 - ix Roxana Darbeel b. May 21, 1806, d. July 6, 1851, Rockland New York. 927h x Samuel Darbeef Jr. b. March 11, 1808, Rockland, N. Y.
 - 927i xi Catherine Darbeel b. Aug. 15, 1810, Rockland, N. Y. 927j xii Chester Darbeel b. June 8, 1813, Rockland, N. Y.
- No. 446b—Desire Kimball⁶ (Levi⁵ Jacob⁴ John³ John² Richard¹) b. Norwich, Ct. Oct. 15, 1771, d. m. Asa Stanton.

 - 927k i Charles Stanton b. Feb. 6, 1789. 9271 ii Asa Stanton Jr. b. July 27, 1793. 927m iii William Stanton b. Sept. 20, 1798.
 - 927n iv Levi Kimball Stanton b. April 6, 1803.
- No. 446c-Levi Kimball⁶ (Levis Jacob⁴ John³ John² Richard¹) b. Norwich, Ct. July 12, 1773, d. Jan. 18, 1850, m. Jan. 1798 Charlotte Stewart.
 - CHILDREN.
 - i James Clinton[†] b. Sept. 7, 1800, d. Mar. 17, 1808.
 - 9270 ii Sylvanus' b. Oct. 10, 1801.
 - 927p iii Pamelia b. May 16, 1803.
 - iv William' b. Feb. 28, 1809.
 - v Rachael b. Sept. 19, 1810, d. Dec. 19, 1811.



927q vi Abigaili b. Aug. 2, 1816, m. Aug. 16, 1836 John Gill.

927r vii Levi R.; b. Dec. 26, 1820, m. Dec. 10, 1850 Cornelia Bennett. m. 2nd. Mary Bolden of Orange N. J.

viii John D.; b. Oct. s, 1822.

No. 446d-Abigail Kimball⁶ (Levi⁵ Jacob⁴ John⁵ John⁵ Richard¹) b. Goshen, Orange Co., New York, June 21, 1775, d.

m. William Hopkins, d, 1836.

i Marvin Hopkins? b. 1796, d. May 10, 1827. He was killed on board one of the Catharine Street farry boats. New York by being caught in the machinery, he was engineer

of the boat. m. Rachael Drake. 927s ii William A. Hopkins' b 1798. iii Abigail Hopkins' m. John Hogeboom. iv Caroline Hopkins m. Wrexford, m 2 Robbins.

v De Witt Cliaton Hopkins⁷ b. d. m. . . . No. 446e-Sally Kimball⁶ (Levi⁵ Jacob⁴ John³ John² Richard¹, b.

Little Britian. Orange Co., New York, May 23, 1777, m. John Ainsley.

CHILDREN.

i John Ainsley?

ii Ambrose Ainsley?

iii George Ainsley ir Nancy Ainsley

v Delinda Ainsley

vi Abigail Ainsley

vii Louisa Amsley?

viii Elizabeth Ains'evi

ix Sally Ainsley? x Julia Ainsley

xi Ann Ainsley

No. 446f-Polly Kimballs (Levis Jacobs Johns Johns Richards b. Monson, Orange Co., New York, May 12, 1779, m. Joseph Ainsley.

CHILDREN.

Hudson Ainsley?

ii Brinson Ainsley?

in Jonas Ainsley

iv Joseph Ainsley?

v Cynthia Ainsley?

vi Desire Ainsley

vii Laura Ainsley

viii Salina Ainsley

ix Lucy Ainsley

Y x Abigail Ainsley Xi Eunice Ainsley

No. 44bg-Oliver Kimball⁶ Levi: Jacob⁴ John³ John³ Richard⁴) born Monson, Orange County, N. Y. April 15, 1781. d. May 11, 1849, m. Oct. 30, 1806, Sophia Stanton b. March 8, 1787, d. Feb. 2, 1851.

927t i Polly Brewer b. Aug. 7, 1809.



927u ii Sally S. b. May 31, 1812.

iii Julia Anni b. July 29, 1814, d. Oct. 1831,

927v iv Lucy P.; b. Aug. 26, 1818.

No. 446h—Sabra Kimball⁶ (Levi⁶ Jacob) John⁸ John⁹ Richard) born Norwich, Coun., Feb. 21, 1773, d. m. Robert Cochran. Most of the children were married and some of them have large families.

CHILDREN.

- i John Cochran ii Oliver Cochran⁷
- iii Nelson Cochran
- iv James S. Cochran v Ostrander Cochrani
- vi Maria Cochran
- vii Dolly Cochran viii Julia Cochran'
- No. 446i-Betsy Kimball⁶ (Levi Jacob John³ John² Richard¹) b. Norwich, Conn. April 29, 1785, d. m. July 3, 1807, William Woodward, b. May 29, 1787.

CHILDREN.

- 927w i Charles Woodward, b. Aug. 21, 1808.
- 927x ii Levi Woodward b. Feb. 7, 1811. 927y iii William Woodward Jr. b. Feb. 14, 1813
- 927z iv Ambrose Woodward b. Mar. 3, 1-17.
- 927aa v Samuel Woodward b. July 23, 1823
- 927bb vi Patience Woodward b. Feb 24, 1827. vii George Riley Woodward o. Mar. 1, 1823.
- No. 446i-William Kimball' (Levis Jacob Johns John Richard) b. Norwich, Conn. Feb. 6, 1787, d. March 1861, m. Sept. 14, 1808, Hannah Carrier b. Colchester, Ct. June 19, 1785. Married at Liberty, Sullivan county, New York.

CHU DREN.

- i Nancyi b. June 5, 1809. Rockland, Suffivan Co. New York, Married Samuel Sprague Feb. 10, 1827.
- ii James b. Oct. 29, 1810, Colchester Delaware county, N. Y. d. Jan. 9, 1835, m. April 22, 1834, Catherine Johnson
- 927ce iii William D.7 b. Aug. 28, 1814, Colchester.
 - iv Caroline b. Dec. 11, 1815, Colchester, N. Y. m. June 13, 1838, Ferris Maffett
- 927dd v Elizabeth⁷ b. June 17, 1818, Colchester, New York,
- vi Isaac Cib. May 14, 1820. m. July 1, 1841. Lavinia Hodge. 927ce vii Marvini b. Jan. 25, 1822. Colchester, N. Y.
- No. 446k—Nancy Kimball⁶: Levi⁸ Jacob⁴ John⁸ John² Richard⁴) born Preston, Ct. Nov. 6, 1788, d. . . . m. William Coch-They had three children, one son and two daughran. ters. They removed to Illinois previous to 1830.
- No. 4461-Lucy Kimbalis Levis Jacobs John John Richard b. Preston, Conn. July 4, 1794, d. . . . m. 1811, George S. Joscelvn b. 1791 at Prince William, New Brunswick, d April 11, 1858.



- 927ff i William K. Joseelyn b Colchester, N. Y. Mar. 4, 1813. ii Catharine L. Joseelyn b. Rockland, New York, May. 20,
 - 1815, m. Jan. 1, 1839, Cyrus Carrier, m. 2, June 1, 1845, Caleb Buckley, m. 3. Dec. 1, 1849, Joel Carrier.
 - iii Hannah Ann Joscelyn' b. Rockland N. Y. May 20, 1817, m. Jan. 9, 1840, James Murdock.

- 927gg ir Jan. S. (197). George W. Joscelyn b. Rockland, N. Y. Aug. 3, 1819. 927hh v George W. Joscelyn b. Covert, N. Y. Oct. 6, 1821. 927ii vi Amanda Joscelyn b. Covert, N. Y. Nov. 19, 1823
 - vii Russell S. Joscelyn b. Rockland, April 23, 1826, d Mar. 4,
 - viii Margaret Josselvn' b. Rockland, N. Y. Dec. 18, 1827, m. June 16 1857.
- 927jj ix Polly Joscelyn' b. Rockland N. Y. April 22, 1830,
 - x Jackson K. Joscelyn b. Rockland, N. Y. Sept. 7, 1832. xi James R. Joscelyn b. Dec. 2, 1836, d. May 17, 1848.
 - xii Charlotte M. Joscelyn b. Dec. 2, 1836, m. Feb. 28, 1857, Joshua Townsend.
 - xiii John W. Joscelyn b. Rockland N. Y. Sept. 8, 1838.
- No. 446m-George D. Kimball" (Levi Jacob John John Richard') b. Little Britain, Orange County, N. Y. July 4, 1794, d. m. Sept. 25, 1816, at Rockland, Sullivan County. N. Y. Elizabeth Hitt b. Jan. 16, 1797 at Colchester, Delaware County, N. Y. m. 2 1859 Eunice (Stewart) Apley.

CHILDREN.

- 927kk i Deborah Ann b. Rockland, Sullivan County, N. Y. July 20, 1817.
- 927H ii Clarinda b. Rockland Sept. 11, 1818.
- George W. b. Rockland, April 1, 1820.
- 927mm iv Henry b. Rockland, April 6, 1822.
- 927nn v Mary b. Rockland, Mar. 22, 1824.
- 92700 vi Abigail b. Dec. 19, 1825, Rockland.
- 927pp vii Louisa b. Feb. 4, -828, Rockland. 927qq viii Ellen b. May 20, 1829, Rockiand.
 - ix Elizabeth A. b. Rockland. Aug. 26, 1832, m. Mar. 14, 1855.
 - Asa P. Apley. x Naney C. b. Aug. 20, 1834, Rockland, N. Y.
 - xi Levi b. Aug. 19, 1836, Rockland, N. Y.
- xii Hannah b. May 4, 1841, Rocklan i, Sullivan County, N. Y.
- No. 446n-Russell Kimball6 [Levis Jacob4 Johns Johns Richard1] born April 21, 1797 Rockland, Sullivan County, New York, m. Mercy Hogeboom. This family removed to Ottawa, Illinois in 1831. They had a number of children. The following are believed to be the names of some of them.

- i George.
- ii Richard.
- iii Oliver.
- iv Melissa.
- v Clarissa.
- vi Hannah.
- vii Polly.
- viii Sally.



ix Julia x Luey.

LIGHTH GENERATION.

No. 927a-Lucretia Darbee: [Hannah Kimballe Levis Jacobe John John Richard b. Goshen, Orange Co., N. Y. Jan. 3, 1792, d. Greenville, N. Y. May 24, 1856, m. Jan. 1, 1808, at Rockland, Sullivan Co., N. Y. Peter O'Hara b. Ballandary County Antrim Ireland Nov. 16, 1775. d. Greenville March 19, 1855.

CHILDREN

i Abraham O'Hara' b. July 18, 1809, Rockland N. Y. d Oct. 5, 1510

ii Eliza Ann O'Hara' b. Jan. 31, 1811, Rockland, N. Y.

iii Stephen O'Hara', b. Dec. 17, 1812, Rockland, N. Y. 1707b iv Lucinda O'Hara' b. Dec. 25, 1813, Beekmantown, Dutchess County, N. Y

1707c v Bernard O'Hara' b. June 1, 1816, Fishkill, Dutchess Co. X.-Y. 1707d vi Hannah O'Hara'b, Sept. 8, 1818, Colchester, Delaware Co. New York

1707e vii Samuel O'Hara' b. Oct. 21, 1820. Greenville, Green county. New York.

1707f viti Mary O'ilara' b. Mar. 14, 1822, Greenville,

1707g iv Peter O'Hara Jr b. July 1, 1824. Greenville,

x Lucretia O'Hara' b. Feb. 27, 1826, m. at Greenville June 27, 1849. Michael McGalloway.

xi George Edwin O'Hara' b. Oct. 21, 1827, Greenville, N. Y. 1707b Xii Catharine O'Hara' b. Aug. H. 1829, Greenville, X. Y. 1707i Xiii Charles Henry O'Hara' b. Mar. 14, 1831, Greenville, X. Y. Xiv. Ellen O'Hara' b. Greenville, N. Y. Jan. 3 1834.

xv Levi O'Hara' b Aug. 1, 1835, Greenville, N. Y.

No. 927b-Lucinda Darbee [Hannah Kimball⁶ Levis Jacobs John's John' Richard | b. Dec. 30, 1794, Little Britian, Orange County, N. Y. m. Jan. 1, 1816, at Rockland, William Sprague, b. Nov. 21, 1789, Shawangunk, Ulster Co.,

CHILDREN.

17071 i Sally Sprague' b. Oct. 16, 1816, Rockland, N. Y.

N. Y. d. June 1, 1851.

1707k ii James Emmet Spragues b. Sept. 17, 1818, Rockland, N. Y. iii George Spragne' b. June 24, 1820, Rockland, N. Y., d. Oct.

Phebe Sprague' b. July 1, 1822. Rockland, m. July 4, 1840, Nelson Cochran.

17071 v Erastus Sprague' b. May 3, 1824. Rockland. 1707m vi Hannah Sprague" b. Jan. 29, 1828, Rockland, N. Y. 1707n vii Catharine Rutilia Sprague' b. Nov. 12, 1829.

No. 927c-John Darbee: [Hannah Kimball' Levi' Jacob John's John Richard born Mar. 20, 1796, Goshen, Orange Co., N. Y. m. Jan. 10, 1822. Eliza Gates b. Mar. 24, 1800, New Marlborough, Berkshire Co., Mass.

i Levi G Darbee' b. Mar. 8, 1824, Liberty, N. Y. m. Oct. 4, 1459. Harriet Gildersleeve.



- ii Hannah Ann Darbee' b. Sept. 29, 1828, Liberty, N. Y.
- iii Sarch Elizabeth Darbee'b, Oct. 26, 1831, Liberty, N. Y.
 iv Helen M. Augusta Darbee'b, Aug. 7, 1836.
- v John Adams Darbee" b. Mar. 8, 1839, Liberty, N. Y.
- No. 927d—Abigall Darbee* [Haunah Kimball⁶ Levi⁸ Jacob John⁸ John² Kichard³] b. Mar. 22, 1798, Rockland. Sullivan county, N. Y. m. Feb. 25, 1819, Peter Stewart, b. Nov. 7, 1794, Rockland, Sullivan, county, N. Y.

CHILD.

- i Clarrissa Stewart b. Sept. 22, 1820, d. Oct. 24, 1822.
- No. 927e—Hannah Darbeet [Hannah Kimball* Levi' Jacobt Johnf Johnf Richard'] b. Nov. 7, 1799, Rockland, Sullivan Co., N. Y. m. Oct. 20, 1819, Augustus Dodge, b. Sept. 24, 1796, Newport, Herkimer Co., N. Y.

CHILDEEN.

- 1707o i Daniel Dodge⁸ b. July 15, 1820, Gainesville, Genesce Co., New York.
- 1707p ii Abigail M. Dodge⁸ b. May. 26, 1822. Gainsville, Genesee Co., N. Y.
 - iii Eliza Ann Dodges b. Dec. 15, 1836, Pike, Wyoming County, N. Y. m. Griffith.
- No. 927f William T. Darbeef [Hannah Kimball⁸ Levi⁸ Ja;ob⁷ John⁴ John² Richard⁴] born Nov. 1, 1801, Rockland, Sallivan Co., N. Y. m. Jan. 8, 1823, at Rockland, Abigail Dodge b. Oct 31, 1796, Hancock, Delaware Co., N. Y.
 - i Orrin Darbee' b. Oct. 22, 1823, Rockland, New York.
 - 1 orrni Paroce 5, July 20, 1823, Rockland, New York, Bamuel J. Darbecc b. July 20, 1829, Rockland, New York, d. Nov. 10, 1853, m. Dec. 14, 1848, Grace E. Adgate, at Liberty, New York.
 - 1707q iii Edwin Darbees b. June 25, 1831, Rockland, New York,
 - 1707r iv Cordelia Darbees b. Rockland, N. Y.
 - v William Wallace Darbees b. Oct. 18, 1841, d. Aug. 17, 1845. Liberty, N. Y.
- No. 927g—Levi Darbee' [Hannah Kimbali' Levi' Jacob' John' John' Riciard'] born April 8, 1893, Rockland, Sullivan Co., N. Y. m. Mat. 12, 1821, Jemima Hermance, b. Sept. 22, 1891, Kingston, Ulster Co., N. Y.

- i Clarissa Darbee'b, June s. 1822, Kingston, N. Y. d. April 1823
- 1707s ii Edgar Darbees b. Mar. 12, 1824, Rockland, New York 1707t iii Abraham Darbees b. Jan. 29, 1826, Rockland, N. Y.
 - iv Maria Darbees b. July 21, 1828, New York City, d. August, 1829.
- 1707u v Maria L. Darbee' b. New York City, Sept 8 1830.
- 1707v vi Sarah Catharine Darbee b. July 21, 1833, Rockland, Sullivan County.
- 1707w vii Arietta Hermanee Darbee b. Aug. 5, 1835, Monticello, X. Y. viii Levi Darbee Jr. b. Jan. 1840, Williamsourg, Kings Co., New York.



Samuel Darbee' b. Feb. 11, 1842, Williamsburg, N. Y.
 William Henry Darbee' b. Aug. 8, 1844, Williamsburg, N. Y.

No. 927h—Samuel Darbee [Hannah Kimball' Levi' Jacob: Johns John' Richard'] born Rockland, Sullivan Co., N. Y. Mar. 11, 1808, m. Dec. 1, 1836, Jane Montgomery, b. Mar. 19, 1810, d. Jan. 17, 1845, m. 2. June 2, 1846, Phebe A. Horton, b. Mar. 27, 1820.

CHILDREN,

i Francis Balcom Darbee' b. Oct. 1837. Rockland, d. Mar. 23, 1843.

ii Hannah Mary Darbees b. Nov. 1, 1839, Rockland.

iii John Wesley Darbee' b. April 5, 1841, Rockland, N. Y. iv Cleaveland Darbee' b. July 20, 1843, Rockland, N. Y.

v William Elwood Darbee' b. June 14, 1847, d. April 20, 1857.

No. 927i - Catharine Darbee! [Hannah Kimballe Levis Jacobs John" John" Richard.] born Kockland, N. Y. Aug. 15, 1810, m. Nov. 10, 1846, Allen Stewart, b. June 11, 1810, Inchinnan, Renfrewshire, Scotland. [See 1707j.]

CHILDREN,

i Sarah Clarissa Stewarts b. Feb. S. 1848, Rockland, N. Y.

ii Hannah Catharine Stewart⁸ b. April 23, 1850. Rockland, New York.

iii Wickliffe Baldwin Stewart⁸ b. Jan. 6, 1852, Rockland, New York.

No. 927j—Chester Darbee' [Hannah Kimball⁶ Levi⁵ Jacob⁴ John⁵ John⁶ Richard¹] born Rockland, New York June 8, 1813, m. Mar. 4, 1838 Emily Voorhies, b. Rockland, Feb. 1, 1818.

i Charlotte Darbee' b. May 31, 1541, Rockland, N. Y.

ii Abbie Darbee' b. Jan. 5. 1817. Rockland. New York.
No. 927k.—Charles Stanton' [Desire Kimball' Levi' Jacob' John' John' Richard'] b. Feb. 6. 1789, d. Oct. 23, 1848. m. Dec. 25, 1810 Ruth Smith b. Oct. 1, 1794. He resided and died in Canaan. Wavne County, Penn. He was killed by a fall in his mill. He was for thirty years a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Canaan. His deportment was such as to commend his religion to all with

CHU DREN.

whom he was associated.

i Clarissa Stanton' b. Oct. 24, 1813, d. Dec. 28, 1813

ii Clarinda Stanton b Mar. 14, 1815, m. Jan. 23, 1833, Daniel Clark.

William Austin Stanton b. Sept. 24, 1817, d. Feb. 4, 1819.
 Austin Stanton b. Jan. 20, 1820, m. June 4, 1845. Armenia

Buckingham. v Sally Stanton b. Feb. 4, 1822, d. Dec. 20, 1824.

vi Charles Wesley Stanton b. Mar. 8, 1824, m. Mar. 7, 1849 Sarah A. Headley, b.....d. Aug. 21, 1858

vii Asa Stanton b. Sept. 22, 1825, d. Feb. 28, 1827

viii Harriet Elizabeth Stanton b. Mar. 7, 1828, d. April 11, 1851 m Sept. 70, 1840, George Bennett.



ix William Harvey Stanton, b. Aug. 28, 1830, m. July 4, 1855, Emily Bennet.

x Asa Kimball Stanton, b. Dec 19, 1832.

xi Sarah Lousia Stanton b. July 12, 1835, m. April 1, 1852, Ovid H. Coleman.

xii Phebe Lav ni 1 Stanton b. Dec. 18, 1837.

No. 9271—Asa Stanton Jr.⁷ [Desire Kimballe Levi² Jacobi John³ Richardi] born July 27, 1793, m. Sept. 20, 1820, Rhoda Bartlett b. Mar. 12, 1787, d. May 9, 1846.

CHILDREN.

1707x i Fitz Henry Stanton⁸ b. May 7, 1828.

ii Asa B. Stanton b. Nov. 1, 1824, d. Nov. 7, 1824. 1707y iii Lucy B. Stanton b. Nov. 30, 1825.

iv Charles Stanton b. Nov, 12, 1827, d. Mar. 28, 1829.

1707z v Samuel C. Stanton b. May 30, 1830.

No. 927m—William Stanton* [Desire Kimball* Levi* Jacob* John* John* Richard*] born Sept. 20, 1798. m. Mar. 9, 1819, Sarah Smith, b. Feb. 17, 1890.

No. 927n—Levi Kimball Stanton ⁷[Desire Kimball⁶ Levi⁵ Jacob⁶ John⁸ John⁸ Richard¹] born April 6, 1803, m. Mar. 5, 1834, Caroline Clark, b. Aug. 13, 1816.

CHILDREN.

i Russeil Kimball Stanton* b. Feb. 8, 1835, m. Feb. 41, 1856, Martha Jane Jewel.

ii Addison Clark Stanton b. Sept. 22, 1836.

iii James Wilson Staaton b. April 22, 1838. d. Dec. 1, 1847

 iv Ard Smith Stanton b. Jan. 5, 1840.
 v Martha Jane Stanton b, April 6, 1841. m July 2, 1859. Smith J. Austin.

vi Clarinda Desire Stanton b Sept. 17, 1842.

vii Fidelia Augusta Stanton b. Mar. 1, 1844. viii Mary Elizabeth Stanton b. July 19, 1845.

ix Oscar Asa Stanton b April 29, 1847.

x Adelaide Emeline Stanton b. Mar. 14, 1849. xi Warren Emory Stanton b. Jan. 27, 1851.

xii Charles Luther Stanton b. Dec. 28, 1855. xiii Emma Jeanette Stanton b. Mar. 16, 1853.

No. 9270—Sylvanus Kimball⁷ (Levi⁸ Levi⁹ Jacob⁴ John² John² Richard⁴) born Oct. 10, 1801, m. Oct. 11, 1835. Sarah C. Hudlar.

CHILDREN.

i Martha⁸ b. Oct. 20, 1836, Ellenville, N. Y. m. Oct. 20, 1853. John Platner.

ii Louisa b. April 6, 1839, Ellenville, N. Y. m. Dec. 29, 1858. Lewis P. Goodman.

iii Charlotte b. Feb. 15, 1841, Jeffersonville, N. Y. iv Rachael b. Jan. 24, 1843, Jeffersonville, N. Y.

v Herman b. Aug. 17, 1845. Jeffersonville, N. Y.

vi Trene b. Oct. 18, 1849, Callicoon, N. Y. vii George Marvin b. Jan. 6, 1852, Callicoon, N. Y.

No. 927p—Pamelia Kimball: (Levi^o Levi^o Jacob^o John^o John^o Richard^o) b. May 16, 1803, m. Feb. 20, 1822, Rudolphus



Swartwout, b. d. 1833, m. 2 John Lord.

CHILDREN.

- i Simon Swartwout's. ii Levi Swartwout.
- iii Sylvanus Swartwout, m. Elizabeth Apley.
- iv Charlotte Swartwout.
 - v James Swartwort. vi Thurston Swartwout.
- vii George W. Swartwout, m Catherine Denman.
- viii Pamela Swartwout, m. Nathen Kesler.
- ix William Lord. x Mary Lord.
- xi Abigail Lord, died before 1861.
- xii Susan Lord.
- No. 927s-William A. Hopkins' (Abigail Kimballe Levis Jacob John^a John^a Richard^a) b. 1798, d. Oct. 9, 1837, m. Dec. 30, 1824, Rachael Todd. b. Aug. 25, 1793, Austruther, Fiefshire. Scotland.

CHILD.

- 1707aa i Marvin A. Hopkins' b. Oct. 26, 1825. New York City.
- No. 927t-Polly Brewer Kimballi Oliver Kimballi Levis Jacobi Johns Johns Richards) b. Aug. 7, 1809, m. Caleb Borden d. before 1860.
 - CHILDREN.
 - i Oliver Borden's
 - ii Sophia Borden.

Davis.

- No. 927u—Sally S. Kimball' Oliver Levi Jacob John John Richard¹) b. May 31, 1812, m Nov. 22, 1833, John A. Maffett, b. July 1814.
 - CHILDREN.
 - i Samuel S. Maffett' b. May 4, 1836.
 - ii Jonathan Maffett b. June 13, 1834.
 - iii Nicholas D. Maffett b. Mar. 22, 1810.

 - iv Julia A. Maffett b. Mar. 10, 1842.
 v Oliver J. Maffett b. Aug. 29, 1843.
 - vi Robert Maffett b. April 3, 1845.
 - vii Sophia J Maffett b. Sept. 1, 1549.

 - viii Nathan Maffett b. Oct. 23, 1852.
- No. 927v-Lucy P. Kimballi (Oliver Levi) Jacob John John Richardi) born Aug. 26, 1818, m. May 20, 1837 James Wright b. d. Jan. 12, 1844, m. 2 Nov. 28, 1847, Loammah Sewell.

- i Edwin O. Wright' b. June 6, 1838, m. Mar. 2, 1858.
- ii Julia Ann Wright b. Feb. 10, 1840, m. Aug. 26, 1854.
- iii Martha L. Wright b. Nov. 1, 1842.
- iv Herman A. Sewell b. Aug. 17, 1848 v Borden G. Sewell b. Mar. 21 1853.
- vi Ward E. Sewell b. Nov 11, 1855.
- No. 927w--Charles Woodward (Betsey Kimball Levi Jacob John John Richard b. Aug. 21, 1808, m. Charlotte



- i Charles Horton Woodward?
- ir Nelson Woodward.
- iii Julia Maria Woodward.
- iv Susan Ann Woodward.
- No. 927x-Levi Woodward (Betsev Kimball Levi Jacob John: John² Richard¹) b. Feb. 7, 1811, m. Susan Hitt, Dec. 28. 1835.

CHILDREN.

- i Mary F. Woodward* b. 1837.
- ii Orrilla E. Woodward b. 1839, iii Charlotte Woodward b. 1841.
- iv James Woodward b. 1843,
- v. Charles L. Woodward, b. 1845.
- No. 927v-William Woodward Jr. (Betsey Kimball Levis Jacob) John's John's Richard'] b. Feb. 14, 1813, m. Sept. 14, 1837. Margaret Osterhout.

CHILDREN.

- i Eliza Jane Woodward*b. 1838.
- ii Sarah Maria Woodward b. 1840.
- iii William Woodward b. 1842.
- iv Archibald Woodward b. 1844
- v John Woodward b. 1845.
- vi Phebe Woodward b. 1846.
- vii Matthew Woodward b. 1847.
- viii Hannah Margaret Woodward, b
- No. 927z—Ambrose Woodward Betsev Kimball Levi Jacob John: John? Richard) b. Mar. 3, 1817, m. Feb. 25, 1841, Louisa Kent.

CHILDREN.

- i William N. Woodwards b. 1842.
- ii Sarah E. Woodward b. 1844.
- iii Addison Woodward b, 1845.
- iv Levi Woodward b. 1847.
- v Mary Woodward b, 1848,
- vi Charles Woodward b. 1850
- vii John Woodward b. 1851.
- viii Louisa Woodward b. 1853.
- No. 927aa-Samuel Woodward Betsey Kimball Levi Jacobs John: John: Richard!) b. July 23, 1822, m. Nov. 2, 1854. Sarah M. Barber.

- i Ida Ophelia Woodwards b. Sept. 4, 1856,
- No. 927bb-Patience Woodward: Betsey Kimball Levis Jacob John² John² Richard¹) b. Feb. 24. 1827, m. 1843. Daniel Warren.

- i William Warren' b. Nov. 6, 1845.
- ii Walter Warren.
- iii Uriah Warren.
- iv Mary Warren.



- v Franklin Warren. vi Charles Warren.
- No. 927cc-William D. Kimball Williams Levi' Jacobs John: John: Richard' born Colchester, Delaware Co., N. Y. Aug. 29, 1814, m. Dec. 4, 1834, at Colchester, Deborah Carrier, b. Mar. 13, 1816, Liberty, Sullivan Co., N. Y.
 - CHILDREN BORN AT COLCHESTER, NEW YORK.
 - i Emily b. Aug. 30, 1835, m. July 4, 1857, Jeremiah Barnhart, at Andes, Delaware Co., N. Y.
 - ii Abigail Kimball b. Mar. 6, 1837.
 - iii Amaretta b. Mar. 12, 1839, m. Jan. 28, 1858 Channey Peck, at Andes, Delaware Co., N. Y.
 - iv Ezra Newell b. June 11, 1840. v Amasa Talcott b. April 27, 1842.
- No. 927dd—Elizabeth Kimpalli | Williams Levis Jacobs Johns John Richard born June 17, 1819, m. June 2, 1836, John Johnson.

- i James K. Johnson's b. Mar. 7, 1837.
- ii William H. Joanson b. Aug. 20, 1839.
- iii John Johnson Jr. b. Aug. 31, 1841.
- iv Ada C. Johnson b. Ang. 19, 1843.
- v Harnah Johnson b. May 24, 1845.
- vi Bernard Johnson b. Mar. 4, 1849.
- vii Robert Johnson b Oct. 18, 1850. viti Ann Johnson b July 3, 1854
- No. 927ee-Marvin Kimball⁷ / William⁸ Levi⁵ Jacob⁴ John⁵ John⁵ Richard born Colchester, N. Y. Jan. 28, 1822, m. July 2, 1846, Matilda C. Wilson born Jan. 12, 1824.

- i Minnie Catherine's b. July 17, 1847.
- ii Mary Augusta b. Dec. 14, 1849. iii Edwin M. b. July 31, 1854.
- iv Lelia A. o. May 31, 1856.
- No. 927ff-William K. Joscelyn: Lucy Kimball Levi Jacob John" John" Richard") b. Mar. 4, 1813, m. Aug. 5, 1837. Jane Ann Shaver.

- Luey M. Joseelyn* b. May 29 1838, Rockland, N. Y. m. 1853. Richard Smith.
- ii Esther M. Joseelyn b. Oct. 29, 1841, Rockland, N. Y.
- iii Josephene L. Joscelyn b. Mar. 23, 1843, Rockland, N. Y. Adam H. Joseelvn b. Jan. 25, 1846. Andes. d. 1848. Calli
 - etion, N. Y.
- v. John Y. Joseelyn b. July 19, 1848, Callicoon, N. Y.
- vi James R. Joscelyn b. Aug. 9, 1850, Cochecton, N. Y. vii Sarah I. Joscelyn b. June 17, 1852, Cochecton, N. Y.
- viii William M. Joscelyn b. May 9, 1854. Cochecton, N. Y.
- No. 927gg-George W. Joscelvn' (Lucy Kimball' Levi' Jacob' John John Richard born Oct. p. 1821, m. Jan 13, 1842, Maria Davis.



- i George S Joscelyn's b. Andes N. Y.
- ii Latayette Joscelyn.
- iii Uriah Joscelyn.
- iv James Joscelyn. v Samuei Joseelyn
- vi Sarah Joseelyn.
- No. 927hh-Abigail Joscelyn (Lucy Kimball Levi Jacob John John² Richard¹) born Aug. 3, 1819, Rockland, N. Y., m. Mar. 18, 1844, Joseph Mott, b. Nov. 26, 1814, Rockland, N. Y. They resided in Rockland.

 - Hannah A. Mott' b. Sept. 30, 1841.
 - ii Sarah Mott b. Sept. 13, 1844. iii Cyrus Mott b. April 24, 1847.
- No. 927ii-Amanda Joscelyn. (Lucy Kimballs Levis Jacob John John Richard) born Nov. 19, 1823, Covert, N. Y., m. Feb. 28, 1845 John Davidson. Resided Rockland, N. Y.
 - CHILDREN.
 - May Clara Davidson' b. 1846.
 - ii William Davidson b. Mar. 1545.
 - iii George Davidson b. Apr. 1850. iv Evert Davidson b. Apr. 1852.
 - v Amanda Davidson b. Sept. 1854.

 - Amelia Davidson b. Sept. 1854.
 - vii Lily Davidson b. Jan. 1557.
- No. 927jj-Polly Joscelyn' (Lucy Kimball' Levi' Jacob John' John² Richard¹, b. Apr. 22, 1830, m. Jan. 24, 1852, Cyrus A. Dodge.
 - CHILD.
 - i Arthur Dodge b. Sept. 1834, Rockland, N. Y.
- No. 927kk-Deborah Ann Kimball (George D. Levi Jacob) John John Richards born July 20, 1817. m. June 13, 1845, Henry Hornbeck.
 - CHILDREN.
 - i Newton Jerome Hornbeck' b. July 20, 1846.
 - ii Sarab Elizabeth Hornbeck b. July 10, 1849.
 - iii Emma Frances Hornbeck b. Oct. 3, 1851, d. Nov. 1, 1852.
 - iv Clarinda Isabel Hornbeck b. Oct. 23, 1853.
- No. 92711—Clarinda Kimball⁷ George D. Levi³ Jacob⁴ John³ John Richard born Sept. 11, 1818, Rockland, N. Y., m. Mar. 2, 1837, Ernest Davis.
 - CHILDREN
 - Sarah Elizabeth Davis' b. Apr. 12, 1838, d. Sept. 16, 1840.
 George H. Davis b. Mar. 7, 1840.
 - iii Samael Davis b. Apr. 15, 1842

 - v Helen Ann Davis b. Feb. 1, 1844. v Ernest Jefferson Davis b. May 3, 1846. vi Clurence Henry Davis b. May 18, 1848.
 - vii Ciarinda Augusta Davis b Mar. 20, 1850,
 - viii Peter H. Davis b. Feb. 22, 1852.



- ix Abel Jones Davis b Nov. 24, 1854. x Betsey Davis b. Dec. 30, 1856.
- No. 927mm-Henry Kimball⁷ (George D.* Levi⁸ Jacob⁴ John³ John² Richard¹ born Rockland N. Y. April 6, 1822, m. July 15, 1847, Lavinia D. Laraway.

- i Louisas b. May 5, 1848. ii Catherine Dec. 18, 1849.
- iii Albert L. b. July 5, 1851.
 iv George W. b. Dec 28, 1853.
- v Debelia b. Apr. 15, 1857.
- No. 927nn-Mary Kimball (George De Levis Jacob John John Richard¹) born Mar. 22, 1824, Rockland, N. Y., m. Jan. 20, 1848, Nathan Murdock.

CHILDREN.

- i Georgiana Murdocks b. Nov.-27, 1848. ii James Dennisch Murdock b. Oct. 21, 1851.
- iii Delos Murdock b, Apr 30, 1855.
- No. 92700 Abigail Kimball (George D. Levis Jacob Johns John Richard born Dec. 19, 1825, Rockland, N. Y., m. Feb. 18, 1847, Clinton Wilson.

- i Alice Wilson8 b. Aug. 5, 1851.
- ii Oscar Wilson b. July 15, 1853.
- No. 927pp-Louisa Kimball⁷ (George D.6 Levi⁵ Jacob⁴ John⁵ John Richard born Feb. 4, 1828, m. Feb. 3, 1848, William Young.

CHILDREN.

- i' Harriet Ann Young' b. Feb. 5, 1850,
- ii James Chandler Young b. Dec. 1, 1855.
- No. 92700 -Ellen Kimball (George D. Levi Jacob John John² Richard¹) born May 30, 1829, m. Sept. 13, 1849, Abel Jones.

CHILDREN.

- i Eugenia Jones b. Oct. 7, 1851,
- ii Ellen Frances Jones b. Mar. 4, 1854.

NINTH GENERATION.

No. 1707a-Eliza Ann O'Hara' (Lucretia Darbeel Hannah Kimballs Levi Jacob John John Richard) b. Rockland, Sullivan Co., N. Y., Jan. 21, 1811, m. Feb. 10, 1833, Michael Purcell b. Jan. 1, 1806, Ireland.

- i William Henry Purcell⁹ b. Jan. 8, 1834.
- ii Michael Purcell Jr. b. Jan. 17, 1836, d. Feb. 3, 1836
- iii James Victor Purcell b. Jan. 24, 1837, d. Aug 21, 1839.
- iv Hannah Drueilla Purcell b. Nov. 13, 1838.
- v Thomas Purcell b. Nov. 6, 1840.



vi Lucretia Purcell b. Oct. 3, 1842, m. Nov. 1860, Madison Moore.

vii Mary Eliza Purcell b. Mar. 4, 1844.

viii Ann Purcell b. Aug. 12, 1847, d. Jan. 2, 1849, ix John Purcell b. Oct. 26, 1849.

x Charles Abraham Purcell b. May 2, 1854.

No. 1707b—Lucinda O'Hara' (Lucretia Darbee' Hannah Kimball Levi' Jacob' John' John' Richard') b. Dec. 25, 1813, Beekmantown, Dutchess Co., New York, m. Jan. 16, 1836, at Greenville Greene Co., N. Y. Peter McGauley b. June 4, 1803 in the Parish of Ardah, County Meath, Ireland, died Oct. 12, 1854 at Empire Fon-du-lac County, Wis.

CHILDREN.

 Michael Jerome McGauley⁹ b. Jan. 12, 1838. South Wester-Ioo, New York.
 Catherine Marcella McGauley b. June 4, 1839, Greenville.

New York.

iii Thomas Urban McGauley b. Aug. 23, 1840, Greenville, N. Y. iv Francis Patrick McGauley b. Apr. 13, 1842, Greenville, New York.

v Peter McGauley Jr. b. Jan' 19, 1844, Greenville, N. Y. vi Stephen A. McGauley b Sept. 15, 1846, Greenville, N. Y. vii Mary Lucretta McGauley b. Oct. 2, 1849, Greenville, N. Y.

- Lucinda Ann McGauley b. June 9, 1852. Greenville, N. Y.
 ix Veronica McGauley b. June 27, 1854. Empire, Fon-du-Lac county. Wis.
- No. 1707c—Bernard O'Hara' (Lucretia Darbee' Hannah Kimball' Levis Jacob' John' John' Richard') b. June 1, 1816, Fishkill, Dutchess county, New York, m. Dec. 11, 1845 Charlotte Briggs b. April 20, 1823, Lexington, Greene county, New York.

CHILDREN BORN AT LEXINGTON, NEW YORK.

i Mary Alice O'flara b. Feb. 14, 1847.

ii Edgar B. O'Hara b. May 17, 1848.

iii Arthur D. O'Hara b. May 26, 1850, d June 22, 1851.

iv George P. O'Hara b. Oct. 16, 1852. v Arrietta O'Hara b. May 11, 1854.

No. 1707d—Hannah O'Hara' [Lucretia Darbee' Hannah Kimball' Levi' Jacobt John' John' Richard't b. Colchester, Delaware county, New York, Sept. 8, 1818, d. June n, 1853, m. Jan. 2, 1840, Dominick McDevit b. Aug. 1896, Parish of Conwell, County Donegal, Ireland.

CHILDREN BORN GREENVILLE, GREENE CO., N. Y.

- i Mary Ann McDevit's b. Oct. 1, 1841.
- ii Ferdinand McDevit b Dec. 25, 1843.
 iii Rosana McDevit b. April 15, 1846.
- iv Peter McDevit b. Feb. 2, 1845.
- v Cecilia McDevit b. Mar. 24, 1850, vi Josephine McDevit b. Jan. 22, 1852.
- No. 1707e—Samuel O'Hara⁸ Lucretia Darbeet Hannah Kimball⁶ Levi⁵ Jacob⁴ John⁵ John⁷ Richard⁴) b. Oct. 21, 1820,



Greenville, N. Y. m. Jan. 16, 1848, Louisa Mayham b. June 8, 1826, North Blenheim, Schoharie county, N. Y.

Francis Ralph O'Hara⁹ b. Oct. 21, 1849.

- ii Mary Louisa O'Hara b. July 7, 1851, Empire, Fon-du-lac county. Wis.
- iii George Edwin O'Hara b. Mar. 5, 1854, Empire.

iv Charlotte Mayham O'Hara b. Empire.

No. 1707f-Mary O'Hara' (Lucretia Darbee: Hannah Kimballe Levi⁵ Jacob⁴ John³ John² Richard¹) b. Greenville, N. Y. Mar. 14, 1822, m. Jan. 2, 1840, Charles McWilliams born May 1816, Tullyharen, County Derry, Ireland.

- i Sarah Ann McWilliams9 b. Feb. 23, 1842, Greene Co., N. Y.
- Mary McWilliams b. Sept. 15, 1813. Greene County. N. Y.
 Lucretia McWilliams b June 7, 1847. Greene Co., N. Y.
- (iv Rosana McWilliams b. Feb. 3, 1849, Greene, Co., N. Y. v Hannah Catharine McWilliams b. Sept. 20, 1850, Greene
 - county, N Y
 - vi Eleanor McWilliams b. Dec. 19, 1852. Connecticut,
- vii Lucinda McWilliams b. Dec. 21, 1855, Greene Co., N. Y. viii James E. McWilliams b. July 1, 1857, Greene Co. N. Y. ix Alice McWilliams b. June 13, 1860, Greene Co., N. Y.
- No. 1707g-Peter O'Hara Jr. (Lucretia Darbee Hannah Kimballe Levis Jacob John John Richard b. Greenville. Greene Co., N. Y., July 1, 1824, m. Nov. 19, 1856, Eliza Jane McCloskev at Ashland, Greene Co., N. Y.

i Flora E. O'Hara⁹ b. Jan. 13, 1860.

No. 1707h-Catharine O'Hara' Lucretia Darbeel Hannah Kimballs Levi' Jacob' John: John: Richard') b. Aug. 11, 1829, at Greenville Greene Co., N. Y. d. Feb. 11, 1856, m. Oct. 19, 1854, John M. Kimball at Greenville, N. Y.

- i Kimball⁹ b. Jan. 1856, d. Feb. 6, 1856, Albany, N. Y.
- No. 1707i-Charles Henry O'Hara' (Lucretia Darbee Hannah Kimball Levi Jacob John John Richard) b. Mar. 14. 1831, Greenville, New York, m. Feb. 3, 1859, Miriam Hoag.

i Alphonsus L. O'Hara9 b. Oct. 21, 1860.

No. 1707; Sally Sprague' (Lucretia Darbee: Hannah Kimballs Levi Jacob John John Richard b. Rockland, Sullivan Co., N. Y. Oct. 16, 1816, d. Oct. 16, 1842, m. Jan. 1, 1835, Allen Stewart b. June 11, 1810, at Renfrewshire, Town of Inchinnan, Scotland.



- i Jeannett Stewart⁹ b Nov. 29, 1835, Rockland, N. Y. m. Jackson Horton.
- Lucinda Stewart b. May 9, 1838, d. April 3, 1860, m. Dec. 25, 1859, Henry Snedeker.
- No. 1707k—James Emmet Sprague* (Lucinda Darbee: Hannah Kimballe Levi* Jacob* John* John* Richard* b. Sept. 17, 1818. Rockland, Sullivan County, N. Y. m. Dec. 28, 1842. Samantha Jane Purvis at Bethel Sullivan county, New York, b. Feb. 26, 1818.

CHILDREN BORN AT ROCKLAND.

- i Sally Sprague⁹ b. June 30, 1844.
- Lafayette Sprague b. June 21, 1847.
 Samantha Jane Sprague b. Mar. 1, 1850.
- iv William Henry Sprague b. Nov. 13, 1853.
- No. 17071—Erastus Sprague' (Lucinda Darbee Hannah Kimball' Levi' Jacob' John' John' Richard' (b. May 3, 1824, Rockland, New York, m. Oct. 20, 1853, Harlem, N. Y., Mary Ann Purvis b. Aug. 27, 1826, Rockland, New York.

CHILDREN BORN AT ROCKLAND, N. Y.
i Warren E. Sprague⁹ b. Sept. 3, 1856,
ii Howard Lee Sprague b. Aug. 20, 1857.

No. 1707m—Hannah Sprague (Lucinda Darbee Hannah Kimball Levi Jacob John John Richard) born Jan. 29, 1828. d. April 1, 1853, m. June 15, 1845 Henry Mott, b. May 19, 1816.

CHILDREN

i Augustus D. Mott^a b. June 24, 1846.

ii Helena Mott b. Oct. 16, 1850.

No. 1707n—Catharine Rutilla Spragues (Lucinda Darbeef Hannah Kimball⁸ Levi⁸ Jacob John John⁷ Richard¹ (born Nov. 12, 1829, Rockland, N. Y. m. Jan. 24, 1859, John K. Campbell b. April 30, 1820, Colchester, N. Y. employs.

i Mary Agnes Campbell³ b. May 30, 1851.

Jefferson Campbell b. Jan. 31, 1854.
 George Campbell b. June 10, 1858.

No. 1707o—Daniel Dodge' (Hannah Darbee' Hannah Kimbali-Levi' Jacob' John' John' Richard'ı born July 15, 1820, Gainesville, Genesee county, N. Y., m. May 26, 1841, Adelia Eliza Newcomo b. Oct. 24, 1825.

CHILDREN. George W. Dodge³ b. Dec. 21, 1843.

- ii Catharine L. Dodge b. Nov. 5, 1846, iii Mary Ann W. Dodge b. Oct. 15, 1848,
- iv Fanny L. Dodge b. Aug. 13, 1851.

No. 1707p—Abigail M. Dodge (Hannah Darbeel Hannah Kimballe Levi: Jacob) John John Richard) born May 26,



1822, Gainesville, Genesee county, N. Y., m. Mar. 10, 1847, Luther C. Robinson, b. June 13, 1822, at Hume, Alleghany county, X. Y.

COULT DOLL N

- i Emma Lucretia Robinson⁹ b. Mar. 20, 1848, Eagle, Alleghang country N. V.
- ghany county, N. Y. ii Franklin L. Robinson b Aug. 26, 1849, Pike, N. Y
- iii Augustus Dodge Robinson b. April 8, 1851, Pike, N. Y.
- iv Hannah Ella Rebinson b. April 22, 1854.
- No. 1707q—Edwin Darbee⁸ (William T. Darbee⁷ Hannah Kimball⁸ Levi⁷ Jacob⁷ John⁴ John⁴ Richard¹) born Rockland, N. Y. June 25, 1831, m. April 25, 1854, H. E. Dodge, b, Liberty, N. Y.

CHILD.

- i Orin T. Darbee3 b Feb. 29, 1856, Fallsburg, N. Y.
- No. 1707r—Cordelia Darbee³ (William T. Darbee⁷ Hannah Kimball⁶ Levi² Jacob⁷ John² John² Richard⁴ b. April 3, 1833, Rockland, N. Y. m. Sept. 7, 1854, James Bonney. CHILD.

i Samuel J. Bonney⁹ b. April 1, 1856,

No. 17e7s — Edgar Darbee⁸ [Levi Darbee⁷ Hannah Kimball⁶ Levi⁷ Jacob⁴ John⁷ John⁸ Richard⁷] b. Mar. 12, 1824, Rocktlaud, N. Y. m. Nov. 27, 1851. Elizabeth Ouse Barton b-Feb. 23, 1828, on the Brig Ouse, in the German Ocean.

CHILDREN.

- i George Edgar Darbee° b. Nov 20, 1852, Williamsburgh, L.
- I. d. June 22, 1853. ii Charlotte Ann Derbee b. July 22, 1854, Wilhamsburgh.
- iii Edgar Levi Darbee b Sept. I, 1858, Williamsburgh. N. Y.
 iv Alicia Barton Darbee b, Sov. 17, 1860, d. July 24, 1864.
- No. 1707t—Abraham Darbee (Levi Darbee Hannah Kimball⁸ Levi Jacob John John Richard born Rockland, Sullivan county, N. Y. Jan. 29, 1826, m. May 4, 1851, at Williamsburg, N. Y., Mary A. Fletcher, b. Dec. 11, 1826.

CHILDREN.

- Robert M. Darbee⁹ b. Jan. 31, 1852, Williamsburg.
 Abraham L. Darbee b. Dec. 30, 1856.
- No. 1707u—Maria Louisa Darbee³, Levi Darbee⁵ Hannah Kimball⁸ Levi Jacob John John⁶ Richard⁵, born New York City, Sept. 8, 1830, m. July 3, 1854, Williamsburgh, N. Y. Joseph L. Powell b. Philadelphia, Penn.

THILDREY

- i Abraham Leeds Powell⁹ b. Sept. 16, 1855, Hyde Park, Penn. ii Joseph Levi Powell b. Ang. 25, 1877, Hyde Park, Penn.
- ii Joseph Levi Powell b. Aug. 25, 1857, Hyde Park, Penn. iii Maria Josephine Powell b. Aug. 18, 1860, Hyde, Park, Penn.
- No. 1707v—Sarah Catharine Darbees (Levi Darbees Hannah Kimball' Levi Jacob' John' John' Richard') born July 21, 1823,



Rockland, Sullivan County, N. Y. m. May 13, 1857, Brooklyn, N. Y. Charles C. Mills b April 1, 1827, New York.

CHILDREN.

i Charles M. Mills³ b. July 17, 1858, Brooklyn, N. Y ii Eugema Mills b. April 9, 1860, Brooklyn, N. Y.

No. 1707w—Arrietta Hermance Darbees (Levi Darbeet Hannah Kimball⁵ Levi⁷ Jacob John² John² Richard¹) b. Aug. 8, 1385 Monticello, Sullivan Co., New York, m. Sept. 30, 1856, Lewis Brocklehurst Giles b. June 7,1825, Orr., near Hastings, Sussex county, England, d. Sept. 18, 1857. Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHILD.

i Lewis B. Giless b. July 5, 1857, Brooklyn, N. Y.

No. 1707x—Fitz Henry Stanton (Asa Stanton Jr. Desire, Kimball⁶ Levi⁷ Jacob John John Richard¹) born May 7, 1823, m. June 30, 1845, Mary Rounds.

CHILDREN,

Warren Stanton⁹.
 Arbe Stanton.

iii Edgar Stanton.

iv Mary Stanton.

v Emma Stanton.

No. 1707y—Lucy B. Stanton⁶ (Asa Stanton Jr.⁷ Desire Kimball⁸ Levi⁶ Jacob⁶ John⁷ John⁸ Richard¹⁶ b. Nov. 30, 1825, m. Jan. 26, 1843, H. N. Edgett.

CHILDROLN

- i Eugene Edgett". ii Arthur Edgett.
- ii Arthur Edgett.

iv Franklin Edgett. v Asa Edgett.

No. 1707z—Samuel C. Stanton⁸ [Asa Stanton Jr.⁷ Desire Kimball⁹ Levi⁹ Jacob¹ John⁹ John⁹ Richard¹] b. May 30, 1830, m. April 2, 1853, Mary Ann Bennett.

CHILDREN.

i Arthur Stanton9.

ii Clara M. Stanton.

No. 1707aa—Marvin A. Hopkins' [William A. Hopkins: Abigail Kimball' Levi' Jacob' John' John' Richard'] b. Oct. 26, 1825, New York City, m. New York April 20, 1848, Sarah Jane Collins b. Oct. 27, 1829, New York City.

CHILDREN.

i Caroline Augusta Hopkins⁵ b. Jan. 1, 1850.
 ii Rachael Antoinette Hopkins b. Sept. 10, 1852.

iii Mary Amanda Hopkins b. June 15, 1856.

iv William Henry Hopkins b. Dec. 2, 1857.
v Isabella Cameron Hopkins b. Feb. 10, 1861.



DIED.

GEORGE KINBALL—In Boston Highlands, Aug. 9, George, beloved son of Joseph and Annie Kimball (nee Hennigan, 10 months 22 days. Functal from the residence of his grandfather, John Hennigan, 8 Ben.ou st. Friday, Aug. 10, at 2 p. m.

ABBIE F. KIMBALL.—In Boston, Aug. 11, Abbie F., wife of John T. Kimball. Funeral from residence, 121 Bowdoin st., Dorchester, Wednesday, Aug. 15, at 1 o'clock.

RATTLESDEX WORTHIES.

The long expected work "Notes on Rattlesden" by the Rev. J. R. Olorenshaw, has come to hand. We shall refer to it more at length in our next issue. Under the heading of "Rattlesden Worthies," giving a list of prominent families of the old town.

or their descendants, we find the following:

Kemball. A descendant of this family, the Hon. L. A. Morrison, of Windham. New Hampshire, America, says, that Richard and Ursula Kemball left Rattlesden for America in 1634. The entry of baptism of a child of theirs is in the register for 1615. Ursula Kemball was the daughter of Henry Scott of Rattlesden. The Kemballs are connected with the Webbs, Ransoms, Bancrofts, and others, and were wheelwrights and farmers. Mr. Morrison has published a history of the Kemball family, and says that each generation has furnished wheelwrights, ironworkers, and carriage makers, and that in 1893 the most extensive carriage manufactory in the United States was owned by Kimballs, descendants of the Kemballs of Rattlesden.

The News cannot help feeling a bit of envy toward those California cousins, especially those in and around San Francisco. One continually hears of their getting together, lunching together, and having jolly social times. And there are lots of bright ones there who not only appreciate fun and a lively time, but also find keen enjoyment in art and literature and the more cultured walks of life. There are more members of the family in and around Chicago. New York or Boston than in San Fran-

Albert Barney Kimball, postmaster at Scandia, Kansas, and editor of the Journal, with his wife and children have been recreating at Boulder, Colorado and among the mountains in the neighborhood, while his brother Charles Augustus, editor of the Courtland, Kansas, Register, has gone with their mother, Mrs. J. M. Kimball of Manhattan, Kansas, to the northern lakes and to visit relatives in Michigan (Hist. p. 940.)

cisco but they do not seem to "mix" in the same social way.



QUERIES AND ANSWERS.

QUERY:—Does any one know anything of Ephraim Kimball who lived and died in Farmington, N. H. in years gone by. His son Ephraim born in 1786, married Rachael Akerman and went to Hirum Maine. Mrs. A. W. Allex,

Box 659. Norway, Maine,

The Family History, page 231 records Ephraim Kimballs (Ehpriam's Neheniah) Ephraim's Richard's Richard's Dorn Dover, N. H. June 17, 1751, died 1832, married Sept. 23, 1773 Hannah Emerson, born Feb. 13, 1754. He was a selectman in 1794. Lived in Dover, Rochester and Farmington. His sixth child was Ephraim's, born Rochester, N. H. Feb. 20, 1780, married Mar. 28, 1808 Rachel Ackernan.

On page 232 the date of his death is given as Aug. 8, 1878, and on page 420, it is said; died in Hiram Maine Jan. 14, 1863. Ephriam's is given as his only child, born Hiram, Maine, Mar. 20, 1819, died Sept. 21, 1866. This Ephriam's is credited with six children.

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KIMBALL'S TRIAL TRIP.

The new steamer John S. Kimball was the most admired vessel along the water front yesterday. She left her berth at 1:30 o'clock for a trial trip carrying several hundred guests and a band of music. An elaborate luncheon was spread during the trip. Captain Thwing and the other officers were in handsome uniforms and were popular hosts during the trip. The steamer is scheduled to leave for Nome next Thursday and upon her return will probably make a trip to Honolulu. It is likely that the Kimball, on account of her luxurious passenger accommodations, will become a regular vessel between here and the islands. She has been handsomely fitted out and can carry 200 or 300 passengers very comfortably.—S. F. Chronicle, Aug. 5.

2226

At the last meeting of the Kansas Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, Prof. Joseph T. Lovewell of Washburn College gave a little experience of his efforts to trace out his family line. He found somewhat to his surprise that many persons do not know the names of their grandparents. There is nothing musual about this. The patriotic societies have done much to awaken interest in genealogical and family history and nearly every one who finds himself on this line of investigation meets the same facts that Prof. Lovewell discovered. But a very remarkable change is going on in this respect. Historical Societies are giving more attention to genealogy, and family histories are becoming more numerous.



Kimball-Family Hews

Vol. III, No. 9.

G. F. KIMEALL, Publisher.

Terms \$1.00 a year

Topeka, Kansas, September, 1900.

THE KIMBALLS OF KIMBALL PLACE.

RICHARD' NO. 171, AND DESCENDANTS.

The Lebaurn N.H. Free Frees of April 20, 1990, has the following from Eunice Marsh Kimball, of Kimball Place, sometimes called Kimball. Hill, and in the Famiry History, p. 247, Mount Lebauon, in quotation from the "Historical Magazine." Refer also to pp. 448, 449. Also Fam. News, Jan. 1898, pp. 12-13.

The long steep highway leading from West Lebanon on the east, becomes "Kimbail Hill" on passing the last village house. Here the road runs through the Kimball estate, which stretches far beyond. Travelers are struck with the beautiful fields on either hand, and he who takes the trouble to step into the one on his left, is rewarded by a fine view of the White river as it flows into the Connecticut. But the eye of every old resident turns involuntarily to the opposite side of the road, where he sees again in his imagination, a mansion that formerly crowned the hill top, until, in the winter of 1866, it was destroyed by fire. To that colonial home, there came in the year 1802, Richard Kimball, with his wife, Apigail Huntington, and their family. Mrs. Kimball was the only sister of Samuel Huntington, president of the first Continental Congress, signer of the Declaration of Independence, and governor of Connecticut for many years, and until his death. The Kimballs had a large family of children of whom Richard was the only one who ever married.

[Note: This does not agree with the Family History, which on page 215 gives Elijah* Inc.e.dest son as No. 415, m. Deliverance Babcock,—Ed. News.]

Jesse, the eldest son, was taken prisoner by the British in the Revouttionary war. It required three exchanges, for he grave away the two first ones to suffering comrades. The third one was "not available for a substitute. He lies in the old cemetery, shaded by the trees of Mount Lebanon.

Richard [Page 247] kept up the Kimball place. His wife was Mary Marsh, daughter of Joel Marsh, who was the first boy born in Sharon. Vernort. For this distinction he received a deed of a hundred acres from the crown. The land is still in the Marsh family. Richard Kimball was a man of large brain and liberal views. He took an active interest in the ad-



vancement of humane and educational enterprises. His sons, Elijah Huntington and Richard Burleigh, received every educational advantage. They traveled abroad, when to cross the Atlantic was a luxury confined to very few. His daughters were educated at Mrs. Willard's famous school in Troy, New

York, considered the best in the country.

Mr. Kimball was a prominent civil engineer. He constructed the Erie canal, and Governor DeWitt Clinton of New York came to the Kimball homestead to consult him about it. There were no railroads then. governor drove all the way. Mr. Kimball laid out the "North New Hampshire Turnpike," running it over Kimball hill. He died February 12, 1860, in the 92nd year of his age. Mr. Kimball's house was renowed for its hospitality and numbered among its guests, Gov. Huntington, Gov. Hillhouse, Gov. Clinton of New York, Daniel Webster and Caleb Cushing. His daughters married prominent men. Lucy and Caroline married brothers, John and Robert Young. wealthy mine owners of Pennsylvania. Both were early left widows. They returned to the Kimball homestead where they spent six years. From there, each married again. Lucy was very beautiful; she counted among her suitors, the celebrated Caleb Cushing. Her second husband was James Stewart of Philadelphia. He drove from Philadelphia to Mount Lebanon ju his private conveyance and carried off his bride in state.

Caroline married Charles B. Haddock, the only nephew of Daniel Webster, professor of Brlhs lettness at Dartmouth college and afterwards United States minister to Portugal On their reurn home they resided at the Kimball homestead. Mrs Haddock was living there, a widow, when the house was destroved

by fire.

[Note, The History p. 248, does not mention Eunice. It gives Lucy as the eldest daughter and says she m. ———— Hutchinson, evidently an error.—Ed. Nxws.]

Eunice, the eldest daughter, lived at home. She is remembered as Mrs. Hutchinson, a woman of rare cultivation, eignity, gentleness and strength of character. Her father-in-law's colonial home was the only residence between Lyman's bridge and the Kimball homestead. There was no West Lebanon The only road to Lebanon ran from the Mascoma river (the Masquama of the Indians) and passed on the south side of the Kimball place. The Kimballs called their place, "Mount Lebanon." Old letters, written nearly a hundred years ago, and in the possession of the writer, bear this address. These letters are elegantly folded, without envelopes, and exhibit an enormous rate of postage.

Elijah Huntington Kimball' (page 448), lived in New York His five daughters, the had no sons), spent much of their childhood at the Kimball homestead. Lucy, the third daughter, met



there and afterwards married, Levi P. Morton, the successful financier; afterwards U. S. minister to France, vice-president of the United States, and governor of New York. Mrs. Berdan, the second daughter, resided at the Kimball homestead during the War of the Rebellion. Her youngest daughter was born there. This daughter is now the wife of the charming and popular novelist, Marion Crawford. Mrs. Lay, Mr. Elijah Kimball's fourth daughter, spent ten years on the estate after the homestead was burned. She lived in a pretty, red cottage built from the remains of the homestead. Her husband, Colonel Richard G. Lay, was recently United States consul general at Ottawa. Their only son, Julius, is U. S. consul general at Barcelona. Spain.

On the Kimball estate stands a colonial house, admirably built with an extraordinary amount of timber, principally oak, pretuly carved by hand, within and without. It is at the present writing, the oldest house in the town, and is the residence of the Kimball family. Richard Kimball gave it to his son, Richard B. Kimball fon the latter's marriage with Miss Julia C. Tomlinson of New York. On her mother's side, Mrs. Kimball was a direct descendant of the Adams family, so renowmed in the hi tory of our country. She was a great-granddaughter of

Chief Justice Adams of Litchfield, Conn.

No pains were spared to make this spot a delightful summer resort. A wing was added to the house, giving it the extension of a vill. Tails by ught the building into too close proximity to the road, but a sweeping lawn was laid out in front, and privacy secured by a long row of pines, now grown to a ladge of magnificent proportions, having screened the lawn for nearly lifty years. While the outside of "The Cottage" was allowed to retain its primitive simplicity, so perfectly in keeping with the wild beauty of the scenery surrounding it, the inside was luxuriously fitted up from the best stores of Paris, London and New York. All barns and out-houses were removed to a desirable distance on the other side of the road, and a pretty farm house was added to them. This farm house has always been occupied by some one having care of "The Cottage."

Richard B. Kimball' was known as a distinguished author, "an elegant scholar, an accomplished gentleman" At his house were entertained the most brilliant literary men of the day. He knew Dickens and Washington Irving well. George William Curtis, N. P. Willis, Bayard Taylor, John G. Saxe, "Chartie" Leland, Rufus W. Griswold, are among the American authors whom the writer especially remembers as visiting "The Cottage." Mr. Kimball was an extensive traveler and frequently resided in Europe. He was a prominent railroad man. He built the first railroad ever laid in Texas. It ran from Galveston to Houston. Mr. Kimball was its president until the outbreak



of the Civil war. He owned a large tract of land in Texas, the cream of which, "Kimball's Bend of The Brazos," is the property of his eldest son, Richard'. Mr. Kimball had a beautiful country seat in Westchester country, New York, where he and

his family resided.

Although absent from New Hampshire, Mr. Kimball would never rent his house there. He was firm in this resolve in spite of repeated offers from friends who were fascinated by the romantic situation and unique charm of "The Cottage." Not even the 'hard times' during the war, could induce him to let strangers occupy his home as theirs. In these hard times "The Cottage" was allowed to fall out of repair, but it was carefully watched, and in due time put un complete repair for the return of the family in summer. Here, his daughters have lived since their father's death in 1892.

Mr. Kimball was a graduate of Dartmouth college; graduating among the first six of his class. He was for six years president of "The Dartmouth Alumni Society" of New York. He always kept up his interest in the "Dartmouth boys," and all of them coming to New York as strangers, were sure of his aid and friendship. Twice he lectured at Hanover for the benefit of the students. For many years he offered to the graduating class a prize of fifty dollars for the best definition of the difference before the prize of fifty dollars for the best definition of the

tween man and the animals.

Richard Burleigh Kimball's sons, Richard and Daniel Tomlinson' are both Dartmouth men. Richard belongs to the society of Alpha Delta Phi, and, like his father, is a member of the Phi Beta Kappa. He resides in Texas. Daniel is a lawyer in New York. Richard's eldest son, Richard Huntington Kimball' fifth Richard in direct descent on the Kimball place, has passed his examinations for admission to Dartmouth college.

On page 765, Fam. Hist. in record of Richard Kimball's, now of Meridian, Texus, Richard's is the only child mentioned. We are now able to give the following addition.

i Richard Huntington9, b. June 9, 1882. Kimball, Texas.

li Mary, b. August 11, 1884, Kimball, Texas.
iii Julia, b December 26, 1886, Kimball, Texas.

iv Harold, b. February 22, 1890, Meridian, Texas.
 v Margaret Caroline, b. Nov. 10, 1892, Meridian, Texas.
 vi Nannie, b. May 16, 1897, Meridian, Texas.

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Mr. and Mrs. Frank Willard Kimball, of San Francisco, were the guests of Mrs. Mary A and Sarah Louise Kimball, at Palo Alto, for a few days recently.

Roy T. Kimball has been "Eastern Star"-ing at Masonic Temple, San Francisco. He holds the head office over their — Lord High Something or Other.



One Case of Many.

Here is a case illustrative of many others. In answer to a request for information, Mr. E. M. Kimball writes as follows:

As for my father's and grandfather's family I can give no

very definite account.

My grandfather David Kimball moved from Montpelier, Vt., to York State thence to Illinois some time ir, the early thirties, He had two sets of children. My father, Charles H. Kimball, was of the younger. His half brothers lived in York state. One of their given names was Chester. My father had four brothers, Luther, Jonn, David and James. None of my father's family are living. From further information we complete the folloning.

Edwin M. Kimball, probably b Charles H., born July 20, 1841, m. 1st. Evansville, Iud., Mar. 1s, 1808. Amirah B. Stinson, died Sept. 20, 1870; m. 2nd. Dec. 28, 1871, Frances M. Dierdorff, died., April 23, 1899. Lives in Smith Center, Kausas. (May Nikus 1899, p. 281.)

CHILDREN.

i Lieu E . 5, Apr. 3, 1870; d. Aug. 9, 1870.

ii Grace M., b. Sept 16, 1873.

iii Orville J., b July 4, 1875.
iv Daisy M., b, Oct 11, 1877.

v Edgar L., b Aug. 25, 1879. vi Charles J., b, Jan. 12, 1882. vii Amirah B., b, March 18, 1884.

viii Perry H., b. Nov 27, 1886. ix Lacy M., b. July 20, 1889.

The grandfather of E. M. Kimball may have been David C. Kimball. No. 1205 p. 596. Fam. Hist. He was the son of Smith Kimball, the son of Abraham, p. 169, who died in Peacham, Vt. Smith Kimball's descendants are numerous in Central Illinois.

. 22 2000

Page 192. Fam. Hist. Sarah, the seventh child of Nathaniel Kimball No. 291, became the 2nd wife of Ammi Ruhami Smith. They had at least four children—Lucy, who died young, Caroline, Charles William, and another Lucy.

- Williams

2 dispatch from Salina, Kansas, says: .

Wm. Kimball, the 15-year-old son of James Kimball, a farmer residing 15 miles southwest, died Sept. 10 from injuries received while playing "pull away" at school. The boy played too hard on Friday. It is supposed that internal injuries were caused, resulting in inflammation and death.

We have no record of this James Kimball. James Adams Kimball Hist p. 1651) is a well known business man living in Salina.



Variant Spellings of Names.

From The Boston Transcript.

Certain spellings of New-England names are undoubtedly the result of illiteracy, and came into use at that curious time when people spelled by ear and really did not know how their names should be written. Nowadays most people are careful to spell their names as their fathers spelled them, and certainly they cannot be blamed for doing so unless they follow methods or orthography which inflict intolerable sorrow and trouble on the general public. Variation in the spelling of family names is rather the rule than the exception. Take for instance, the name which by the first comers in New-England who bore it was properly spelled Haseltine. In the Boston directory we find these spellings; Haseltine, Hazeltine, Hazelton, Hesseltine and Hesselton, and in the country districts several others are followed. Another name which has a variety of spellings is Josselyn, which is spelled not only thus, but Joslin, Joslyn and Jocelyn. course, any man who bears this name must tell people, when he gives it, just how to spell it, and the giving of this information must waste a great deal of his time. It might be convenient to have a name like Allen, which no one would ask how to spell when it was given; but if one's name happens to be Allin, or Alleyne, or Alline, or Allan, an explanation is necessary. The Harts, Hartes and Hartts likewise have a great deal of trouble, and most woful of all seems to be the case of the Thomsons without a p. who probaly spend about one-third of their fives in getting people to leave out the p-and then they don't do it. The Thomassons, Thomassens and Tomsons have their lives made a burden. If there were a law to suppress all spellings of family names except the standard and normal one, what a convenience it would be not only to the general public, but the bearers of the names themselves! Yet any man whose name has an eccentric orthography seems as proud of it as can be, and would rebel rather than be relieved of the trouble of continually spelling it to people.

In addition to the above we may refer to the "Notes on Rattlesden" mentioned in this issue, where the name of Scott is given in various forms. It will be noticed that various spellings of "Hazeltine" is given in the History. Benjamin' and Caleb' respectively married Mercy and Ann Hazeltine. pp. 44 and 46. In the index other forms are given. These variant spellings of names are not always the result of illiteracy. The News has heretofore given numerous instances showing that many of these changes are of modern origin. For instance, many Smiths have been changed to Smyths, or Smythes, to assistin identification. The grandfather of President Polk was Pollock, and there is



little reason to believe the change was made through ignorance. Many people are very particular, if not cranky, about the spelling of their names. One will assist upon Eliot, another upon Eliot, another Eliott, and another Eliott. Many of these variant forms are of freakish origin, the same are seen in given names for boys and girls.

DOMESTIC:

The leading article in this issue, "The Kimballs of Kimball Place" will find interested readers. By reference to the Family History on pages named in the paper it will be seen that the History differs in some respects as mentioned in notes. The article as published in the Free Press was signed Eunice Marsh Kimball. The youngest daughter of Richard Burleigh Kimball is given on page 450 of the History as Emma Marsh Kimball. Such errors as these are quite common. Wherever differences occur this article should have preference. No branch of the family is better known than this. Lebanon, N. H. is notable for its modern Kimballs as Ipswich, Mass., for its earlier Kimballs. In the December News for 1899 may be found a long account of another branch located there, while frequent mention has been made of another who located there or in the adjoining town of Plainfield, among whom was Daniel the founder of Kimball Union Academy.

Then across the Connecticut river, a few miles up the Market river, to which reference is made, at Royalton adjoining Sharon, the home of the Marsh family, was another settlement, including Richard, the ancestor of Col. Robert Jackson Kimball, the Broad street, N. Y. banker, and many others. Hist. p. 780.

2266

The Augusta. (Ca.) Herald has an illustrated paper on historic spots in that vicinity including a portrait of George Walcot, a signer of the Declaration of Independence, and his daughter, Octarvia, afterwards Madame LeVert, and the Meadow Garden, the home of the patriot family which has been purchased by the Daughters of the American Revolution, which is to be restored and beautified. Here was built Chateau LeVert, where this daughter of the revolution made her home, and where under the pines she now sleeps. It is this house situated on the highest point of the estate that Col. D. B. Dyer has bought and improved, retaining all its colonial features, and enriched with his innumerable relics of peace and war. And it is here he entertains his friends and visitors when they call to look into his railroad and financial enterprises.—Fam. Hist. p. 909. News Feb. 1898 and other numbers.

Robert Kimball of Ipswich, Mass., and two or three friends recently took a two days came trip up the Merrimac river.



REVOLUTIONARY DESCENDANTS of RICHARD KIMBALL Who Served in the War of Independence, As Shown in the Kimball Family History

COMPILED BY MISS SARAH LOUISE KIMBALL.

Names of soldiers in the Revolution marked by asterisk.

Richard¹, Henry², John³, John⁴, John⁵, Capt. Daniel^{6*}.

Abraham^{6*}.

Benjamin', Davide:

Sargent^{7*}
Joseph^{7*}
David^{7*}.

Nathan': Josiah Batchelder's.

Jonathan', Samuel': Samuel'*.

Joseph³, Joseph⁴: Joseph^{5*}, Wills^{5*},

Benjamin'; Daniel8*.

Richard John Richard, Richard; Capt. Aaron Rooks.

Capt. John :*: Jared :*.

John Jr.6* Richard®*.

Andrews: Benjamin6*.

Jedediah**.

Aaron⁴, Benjamin⁵: Joseph^{6*}.

Benjamin^{5*}.

Aarons.

Nathaniel⁴, Nathaniel⁵: Elkanah^{6*}.

John Jr.⁵, Jacob⁵. Jacob⁵: Walter⁶.

John⁴, John⁵: Elisha⁶.

Benjamin', Benjamin'. Benjamin's.

Moses', Moses', Joseph': Moses'*.

Ebenezer**

Joseph³, Daniel⁴: Daniel^{6*}.

Dudlev^{6*}.

Nathaniels*.

Joshua⁴: Joshua^{5*}.....S. L. K. Joshua^{5*}.

Joseph⁴: Capt. Joseph⁵⁴: Samuel⁶⁸. Philemon⁴: Lieut-Col. Asa⁷⁸: John⁶⁸.

Stephen**.



Richard', Benjamine, Robert', Ebnezer': Obadiahi*.

Phineas'*.

Oliver': Oliver*.
Solomon': Solomons*.

Samuel³, James⁴: James⁵⁴. Cotton⁵⁸.

Joshua.

Edmund: Edmund**. Michael**.

Samuel⁴: Samuel^{5*}.

Joshua^{5*}.

Joshua**.

Ebenezer', Abner': Moses'*.

Abraham', Timothy'*. Abner'*,

Richard*. Benjamin*, Abigail*, m, David Livermore*:

> Major Daniel Livermore**.

Richard: Joab6*.

Stephen*: Moses**.

David³, David⁴: Capt. Reuben^{4*}. R. T. K. Asa⁵: Mellen^{5*}.

Samueli: Samuelis.

Samuel⁴: Samuel⁵⁸. Nathan⁵: William⁶⁸.

Jonathan's Zibas.

Benjamin^{6*}. Edward^{6*}.

Jeremiah*: Lt. Jeremiah**: Jeremiah**.

David*: David**.

David⁶: David^{6*}. Reuben⁶: Daniel^{6*}.

Aaron': Abraham^{5*}, ... G. F. K. Jonathan⁵. Benjamin⁴, Benjamin⁵: Andrew⁶⁴.

Moses**.

Jonathan*: Capt. Benjamin**.

Nathaniel⁶⁴. Lt. Daniel⁶⁴.

Isaac': Aquilla'*.

Richard, Richard, John, Richard, Moses, Eliss.

Moses^{6*}.
Amos⁵: Enoch^{6*}.
Eli^{6*}.

Joseph**.
Jacob*: Jacob**: Benjamin**.

Jacobi*. Aaron⁵: David⁶*. Samue¹⁶.



Richard5: Richard**.

Abel". Asa^{6*}.

John:: Daniel⁶*. Samuel', John', Richard': John **.

Samuel', Benjamin': Capt. Benjamin's:

William7*. Samuel⁵: Ammiruhamah^{6*}:

Solomon7*. Ebenezer4, Ebenezer3: Isaac6*.

Samuel6*

Phineas6*. Boyce5: Bovce⁶*. Jonathan6*

Ebenezer*. Jonahan⁴, Jonathan⁵: Ezra^{6*}.

Thomas's, Edmund': Capt. Thomas's: Edmund's. Ephraim', Ephraim': Ephraim': Samuele*.

Ezra6*. Thomas**.

Caleb3. John': Moses5*. Caleb1: Capt. Porteri*. Abraham': Calebi*.

Ebenezer**.

Richard¹. Thomas², Richard³, Joseph⁴: Daniel^{5*}.

Capt. Peter.5*. Richard5: William6*.

Samuel', Richard': Edwarder.

Thomas Jr., 3 Thomas4: Capt. George ::

Major Thomas 4. George"*.

Amos5: Amos6*. John': Lieut. Abel'*: Simeon**.

Ephraim4: Ephraim5*: Levis*. William3#: Eliphalet6#. Ansels*.

Richard¹, Caleb², Caleb³, Caleb³, Caleb³: Capt. Caleb⁶.

-3300

The mother of Helen Mar Worthen of Denver, has just passed through a stage of typhoid fever. (April News, 1899, p. 260.) ことろんだっ

John H. Kimball & Co., of New York City, advertise as brokers giving advice on speculative market transactions. A correspondent writes to the News asking, "Who are they?" Who can tell?



Sarah Louise Kimball writes of the luscious fruits in which California is now reveling, and our brother Nelson of Idaho writes of the same. Well, Kansas has fruits too, and wheat without end.

--

The Pacific Coast Kimball Family Reunion will be held in San Francisco, October 6. They always manage to work up a lively interest in these affairs not equaled elsewhere. The News will be with them in spirit with greetings and good wishes.

and the same

At a late meeting of the Daughters of the Revolution of Ipswich, Mass., a granddaughter of Gen. John Stark and his wife Molly was admitted. Advantage was taken of the occasion to rehearse some Revolutionary history in which Gen. Stark was an actor, particularly the Battle of Bennington when no less than seven New Hampshire Kimball's served besides others from Vermont and Massachusetts. It was determined to mark the grave of Caleb Kimball among other soldiers buried in Ipswich. Mary S. C. Peabody, a reader of the News, solicited the names of revolutionary solidiers from Ipswich, with their place of burial.

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On page 9, News 1898 reference is made to William Allen Malace who wrote the sketch in the Family History of George Kimball, No. 1945, page 521. On page 44 March News 1898, is also given a letter from J. B. Wallace. The old Wallace homestead to which George Kimball was a welcome visitor nearly seventy years a go was a large colonial structure, even then nearly half a century old, surrounded by noble maples. We learn that it was destroyed by fire some months ago and that Mary Currier, the widow of William Allen and mother of J. Burns Wallace, was so injured that she died from the effects a few weeks later. She was a schoolmate of the editor of the News.

-

Park Barues Kimball, of the Family News, commences with this term, a four years course, in mechanical engineering at the Kansas Agricultural College, at Manhattan. This school is one of the best of its kind in the country as well as the largest. Manhattan is the home of many Kimballs who settled there at an early day. (See Hist. p. 940, Fam. News Jan. 1898, p. 74, Mar. 1898, p. 64.) Among the graduates of this school are numbered: Fred. G. Kimball, how postal agent at St. Michael. Alaska, several of whose letters we have published, also his sister, the wife of Prof. Albert Dickens of the College and their cousins Albert Barney Kimball, postmaster of Scandia, Kans., and editor of the Journal, and C. A. Kimball, attorney and editor of the Courtdand Kans., Register. (Hist. p. 940.)



Extract from a Memorial and Biographical History of the Counties of Santa Barbara, San Luis Obispo and Ventura, California.

BY MRS. YDA ADDIS STORKE.

(Published by the Lewis Publishing Co., of Chicago, 1891. Book owned by Mr. John Albion Kimball, of San Francisco, California.)

"A people that take no pride in the noble achievements of remote ancestors will never achieve anything worthy to be remembered with pride by remote descendants."—*Microday*.

C. N. Kimball is one of the prominent ranchers of Saticov, Ventura county, California. He was born at West Boxford, Essex county, Massachusetts, Sept. 17, 1843. His father, C. F. Kimball, was born in Newburyport, Massachusetts, in 1818. He was a shoemaker and a farmer. Mrs. Kimball, the mother fthe subject of this sketch, was nee Hannah Tyler, born in Boxford, Massachusetts, in 1817. She was a daughter of Flint Tyler, a native of the State of Vermont. C. N. Kimball was the second of a family of seven children, all of whom are living at this writing. He was reared and educated in his native place, and his first work was as a machinist. His country's claim in its time of need caused him to enlist, and he was placed in unattached service on the coast of his native State, doing duty in the fortifications. He was mustered out on the 4th of July, 1865. Then for two years he worked in the factories of Lynn and Haverhill, engaged in the manufacture of shoes.

December 31, 1867, Mr. Kimball sailed from New York for California, at which place he arrived January 22, 1868. He accepted a position on the Central Pacific Railroad, remaining in railroad employ nine months. On Christmas of that year he came to Southern California, and bought a band of sheep which he took to Eastern Nevada and traded for a ranche in Lamoille Valley. He there engaged in farming, raising potatoes and barley; and from that place he went to Eureka, same Statewhere he burned charcoal for the smelting furnaces. After he had been there a year and a half he was taken sick with pneumonia. At that time he returned to California, and worked near Gilroy two years. In 1876 he came to his present locality and purchased seventy-five acres of land. Here he has built a tasteful home and planted trees and flowers, making a very attractive place. In farm products his specialty is Lima beans. which prove to be a bonanza for so many of the farmers of Saticov. Mr. Kimball's crop last year averaged 1,000 pounds to the acre, the price being from three to four and a half cents-

Mr. Kimball was married in 1884, to Miss Carrie Duval. a



native of the State of Maine, and a daughter of E. A. Duval, a prominent citizen of Saticoy, whose history appears in this book. One child, a daughter, born October 4, 1889, died November 4, 1889. Mrs. Kimball is a member of the Union Church. In political views Mr. Kimball is a Republican. He is a member of the I. O. O. F., is a good citizen and a man of worth and integrity.

E. A. Duval, of Saticoy, was married, April 15, 1855, to Miss Artemisia G. Hopkins, who was born in Frankfort, Maine, daughter of Captain Smith Hopkins and Susanna Hopkins. Their union has been blessed with ten children, nine living, viz: Charles S., Carrie, Winton, Gertrude, Anna, Willie, Walter, Earnest and Edwin. The first three were born in Maine, and the others in Saticzy, California.

2021

FRANKLIN PIERCE.

Judge David Cross of Manchester, N. H., one of the oldest members of the bar of that state sends the Næws a pamphlet copy of an address or life sketch of Franklin Pierce delivered by himself at the initial meeing of the Næw Hampshire Bar Association in March 1900. This association was organized last year and the venerable judge, the dean of the New Hampshire bar, was selected to deliver the first memorial of the only New Hampshire citizen who ever reached the presidency of the United States.

The mother of Judge Cross was Olive Kimball [Fam. Hist. p. 417. See also Fam News for June 1899, p. 293.] and President Pierce himself was by marriage connected with the family. Franklin Pierce became president at a time when partisan feelings were strong, and it was many years before even justice was done the man, even aside from all political sentiments. first excitement over Kansas and Nebraska agitated the country under his administration. In Kansas the prejudice against him was so strong, that in naming the streets of Topeka, after the presidents, his name alone was omitted, and so remains to this day, Clay street, in honor of Henry Clay taking its place. Judge Cross does not deal with the political views of his subject. He speaks of him as a citizen and a lawyer. As a lawyer he was one of the highest type: as a citizen he was above reproach. He was kind and generous. He was a genial neighbor, a true friend, with a true Christian spirit. Judge Cross was not a political admirer of President Pierce in the days of his political preferment, but in the lapse of time and with the acumen of a true judge he calmly weighs the character of the man and sets him fairly before the country.



NOTES ON RATTLESDEN.

The Rev. J. R. Olorenshaw's "Notes on the History of the Church and Parish of Rattlesden" has been received. It con-

tains some items of interest to the family.

While Richard came from Rattlesden, and while the records there make some reference to members of the family it seems that the records of Hitcham quoted in the Family History are more complete. Richard, however, married Ursula Scott, the

daughter of Henry Scott of Rattlesden.

The will of Robert Whatlocke, of Rattlesden, dated Sept. 22, 1622, was witnessed by Henrye Skotte, and by it "Ursala" Kemball, his "kinswoman" was left £3. The Scotts were evidently people of some prominence, and like that of Kemball and others it appears with various spellings, as Scoote. Skotte. Scoot, Scot, Skot, Scott, Skott and Scotte. The names of Henry, Edmond and Thomas appear as questmen, overseers and surveyors. Henry Scott was buried Dec. 24, 1624, and his widow Martha, and their son Thomas were with Richard Kemball and his party when they came to this country.

It is clear that several other Kemballs remained in Rattlesden, in fact it appears that others had been there although the Family History traces Richard's ancestors to Hitcham where

baptisms are recorded.

But there is the record in these "Notes" showing that John Ransold and Christian Kembold were married Jan. 21, 1562 and

that was about 40 years before Richard was born.

After the emigration of Richard and his family we find that two years later in 1636 George Kemball, his wife and daughter died of the "plaigue." In 1639 and again in 1644 another George Kemball appears as contributing to a poor fund. In 1652 Gatterick Kemball a "widdow" died. On March 25, 1656 Richard Kimball and Mary French were married. On Aug. 2, 1658 Stephen Kemball, wife and sonne were baptised. In 1661-2 Stephen Kembold was a church warden and in 1644 was a survevor, and again a church warden in 1668. March 18, 1672, John, son of "Steph" Kemball was baptised, and in 1678-9 the name appears as Stephen Kimball, as warden, but in 1688, Feb. 28, the year of his death while still warden it is given as Stephen Kemball. Mary, his wife, had died Feb. 4, 1679, "Septemball Mary, his wife, had died Feb. 4, 1679, "Septemball. Mary, his wife, had died Feb. 4, 1679, "Septemball."

It would be interesting to know something of the descendants of these Kimballs. None of them seem to have emigrated to this country, for the very unusual fact remains that nearly every one of the thousands of the name now in this country can trace their lineage back to Richard.

The following names appear as American subscribers to

these "Notes on Rattlesden,"

John Kimball Freeman, North Scituate, Mass.



George Freeman Grav, San Francisco, Cal-Harry Nathaniel Grav Mrs. Maria Freeman Grav, E. P. Kimball, Portsmouth, N. H. F. M. Kimball, Topeka, Kans. G. F. Kimball, Harold C. Kimball, Rochester, N. Y. John E. Kimball, Oxford, Mass. Roy T. Kimball, San Francisco, Cal. Sarah Louise Kimball, San Francisco, Cal. Mrs. Helen V. Kimball Tilton, Salt Lake City, Utah. New England Historic Genealogical Society, Boston, Mass. New York Historical Society, New York City. Mrs. M. E. Rath-Merrill, Columbus, O. W. P. Robinson, Washington, D. C. Prof. S. P. Sharples, Boston, Mass. Syracuse Central Library, Syracuse, N. Y. Prof. L. A. Morrison, Derry, N. H., in exchange.

As the entire issue of this valuable work was but 200 copies it will be seen that about one tenth of this edition comes to this country, and with two or three exceptions to members of the Kimball Family.

a market and

Kimball Bros., of Council Bluffs, Iowa, are manufacturers of scales, and are "not in the combine." Who are they?

William E. Curtis, the prolific correspondent of the Chicago Record, says:-

"The handsomest railway station I have ever seen is that

of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy company at Omaha It is an artistic gem and looks like a Grecian temple. The style is severe but simple and there are few specimens of architecture in this country, except the University of Virginia, so chaste and The architect was Mr. Kimball, to whom was largebeautiful ly due the architectural success of the Omaha exposition. He is an Omaha product. He was born here and educated in the public schools. Afterward he went to Europe, where his genius was allowed to develop under the best instruction."

[Note. The father of this architect was Thomas Lord Kimball, formerly General Manager of the Union Pacific R. R. See Fam. Hist. p. 495. Fam. News pp. 363-368, Nov. 1899.]

Miss Marie Antoinette Kimball, of Rochester, N. Y., has gone to live with her nephew. Elisha Barnum Kimball and wife at San Francisco. This is good news for the many California friends Miss Kimball made on her previous visit. She will be in time for the Reunion on October 6.



Who Suggested Memorial Day?

Mrs. John A. Logan claims that Memorial Day was instituted by her husband when he was commander of the G. A. R. in 1868. In a letter written by Mr. Junius Simons published eleven or twelve years ago, he says the idea was first suggested to Gen. Logan by a Mrs. Kimball. Mr. Simon was a secretary of Logan, and it is presumed he knew something of what he wrote. But Mrs. Logan denied, some ten years ago that he was the general's private secretary and also that he owed the suggestion to any one, claiming that the idea was his own. So far as the real suggestion goes it seems that really it was gathered from the Confederate practice of decorating their soldiers' graves, and this practice led to its adoption in the North and the setting apart a special day for this purpose. At all events Mrs. Kimball did write Gen. Logan concerning the matter and it is quite probable that the idea was as much hers as Gen. Logan's. The inspiration probably came to both from the praiseworthy Confederate practice. We are not able to place this Mrs. Kimball. Can any of our readers do so?

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Herbert Kimball of Ipswich, Mass., is studying at the Salem Commercial School.

The Hon. John M. Kimball of Manhattan, Kansas, spent part of the summer in Colorado

George Kimball of Lawrence, Kansas, who is eighty-two years old, has just invented a machine for sorting onion sets that is the best thing of the kind in existence.

Mt. Kimball of Alaska, is 10,000 feet high. Mt. McKinley is 20,464 feet, and is 2,440 feet higher than Mt. St. Elias, here-tofore supposed to le the highest in the United States.

The Hon. John Kimball of Concord, N. H., sends us the annual report of the New Hampshire Orphans' Home of which he is president, and his brother Benjamin, a trustee. Mrs. John Kimball of Concord and Miss. M. E. Kimball of Lebanon are members of the visiting committee. The home is located on the old Daniel Webster farm in Franklin.

Prof. Albert Dickens is now one of the faculty at the Kansay Agricultural College at Manhattan, from which institution he graduated in 1893. His department is that of horticulture. Mrs. Dickens was Bertha Sarah Kimball, whose drawings have been a special feature of the college publications, illustrating fruits and insects. This branch of the family has produced many artists. Hist. p. 940.



Kimball-Family News

Vol., III, No. 10.

G. F. KIMBALL, Publisher.

Terms \$1.00 a year

Topeka, Kansas, October, 1900.

ANOTHER PIONEER KIMBALL GONE TO HIS REST.



WILLIAM KIMBALL NO. 1014-II.

The June issue of the News p. 81, made slight mention of the celebration April 7, 1900, of the 87th birthday of William Kimball, of Lovell, Me. Twenty-four days after that event, on May 1, he died. The Oxford Advertiser gave the following notice of his death:

"In Lovell on Tuesday, May 1, occurred the death of our oldest man, William Kimball, aged 87 years and 24 days.

"He was a direct descendant of the 5th generation of Richard Kimball, who came from England in 1634 and settled in Watertown, Mass,

"Mr. Kimball had been for a long time a resident of this town and was a good citizen, a kind neighbor and a worthy



His labors through life had been variable. When a young man he worked in the woods cutting timber, driving logs on the river, also as a teamster with horses hauling all kinds of freight from his native town to Portland markets, some 50 miles distant. For a few years he worked as a boatman on the canal boats running through Lake Sebago and the old canal leading to Portland, Me. In middle life he had bought and drove cattle in company with others to markets in Massachusetts, also giving a share of his time to farming on a small scale, which concluded his labors. By his industry and economy he had made ample provision for his declining years. He was never married and his house has been kept in recent years by his sister, Mrs. Sarah Elder. His 87th birthday was recently pleasantly celebrated, an account of which appeared in the columns of this paper.

"His funeral took place from his late residence, Friday afternoon, attended by Rev. Samuel Holden of the Congregational church. Many relatives and friends were present and

many floral tributes were noticed."

Accompanying this notice was a quite lengthy paper prepared and read by Mr. J. A. Farrington at the 87th celebration above referred to, also a poem read by little Ruth Kimball, the youngest relative present, but too long for our use. For a portrait of Ruth see October News, 1898.

Mr. Farrington's sketch rehearses the pioneer life of Mr. Kimball and the great world changes that took place during

his life.

NOTE.

[In connection with the above our cousin, Summer Kimball, of Lovell, Me., No. 2448, furnishes the following of genealog-

ical interest:]

"J. A. Farrington and wife are some of the 'kin not mentioned in the history.' Mr. and Mrs. Farrington's rightful place is on page 510. In second line in place of 'one child' read 'two children' as follows:

i Jonathan Farrington' b. in Lovell, Me., July 4, 1834, m. in Lovell, Me., Miss Emma Caroline Hurd, b. in Conway, N. H., Aug. 28, 1841, daughter of Oliver S. and Sarah Ann (Linscott) Hurd. Their residence Conway, N. H. Mr. Farrington's residence is South Portland, Me., P. (). Pleasantdale. He is a night cleaner of engines on the Boston & Maine R. R., and daily occupation a farmer.

ii John Albert Farringtons b. in Lovell, Me., June 6, 1842, m. first Miss Emma G. Charles; she died August 5, 1873, aged 24 years and 18 days; m. second Miss Francis Eliza Hobbs of Fryeburg, Me., b. March 27, 1854, daughter of Frank



and Bethia · Kimball · Hobbs. (See page 509 No. 1017-ii,) "Mr Farrington's education was obtained in the public schools of his native town, but it would be far from doing him justice in saving it then and there ended. Throughout life he has been one who has given much thought and study to the many and varied questions of the day. Life with all its earthly surroundings has and ever will be a school to him. His boyhood life was passed in Lovell, Me. At the age of 21 he was a resident of the State of Pennsylvania, and in 1863 enlisted at Greensburg, Pa., as a private in Co. I, 61st Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers. He served in the Army of the Potomae until August, 1864, at that time in the Shenandoah Valley, W. Va.; was wounded in the right arm, which disabled him from taking an active part in further military service. In February, 1865, was discharged from service at Philadelphia, Pa. In 1869 was elected a Representative to the Maine State Legislature on the Democratic ticket. In the same year became a member of Pythagorean Lodge No. 11 of Fryeburg, Me., and afterwards a member of Pentucket Lodge of Masons in Lowell, Mass. Since becoming a member of Delta Lodge of Masons in Lovell, Me., he has served as Master for a period of three years. Has served as District Deputy Grand Master of the Eighteenth Masonic District for a term of two years. Has also attended the annual meetings of the Grand Lodge in some official capacity for the past nine years. Under President Cleveland's second administration he served as postmaster at Lovell, Me., for the full term

"Mr. and Mrs. Farrington have a pleasant home at Lovell

Village, where they now reside."

RETURNS AFTER 25 YEARS.

The Lawrence, Mass., American, of Sept. 15, says:

"Samuel B. Kimball, of Chicago, is visiting friends in this city. Mr. Kimball has been a resident of the windy city about 25 years. He was formerly an alderman here, sitting in the upper board in 1862 and 1863 under Mayor Wright. Mr. Kimball represented Ward 5 and was first elected to fill a vacancy caused by Luther Ladd, who resigned to become chief of the fire department. All the other members of the board are dead. They were John C. Hoadley, who represented Ward 1, and was succeeded by James Byrom; W. R. Spalding from Ward 2, Samuel M. Steadman. Thomas S. Stratton and Menziers C. Aadrews. Mr. Kimball has a brother, Charles Kimball, who resides in Methuen."



PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

The Pacific Coast Kimball Courier has been issued by Frank Willard Kimball of San Francisco. Its purpose was to advertise the Fourth Annual Reunion of October 6, and to furnish the program as given in this number of the News. The Courier is a very unique little leaflet, which it is proposed to issue each

year.

The Kimball Courier says: "The names of over 2,500 persons of Kimball blood are noted in the Family History, and it is estimated that out of this number more than 1,000 are now living." This estimate is very far from correct. The index of the History contains 48 pages of Kimball names alone, with three columns to the page and nearly two columns besides, say 145 columns, with 75 names to the column, or over 10,850 Kimball names alone. It would be difficult to arrive at the names of Kimball blood, but it is safe to say they would more than double the number. As to the number now living, there are more than one thousand bearing the Kimball name now living in Massachusetts alone, and as many more of Kimball blowl bearing other names. There is no telling how many thousands of real "Kimballs" are now living in the United States, nor how many other thousands of Kimball blood bearing other names. The female line has often been more prolific than the male line. Our California cousin expected one hundred to attend their reunion. Did they expect to correl one-tenth of the whole tribe? They are "mighty" good and powerful out there, but not quite equal to that.

The following is the program of the Pacific Coast Fourth Annual Kimball Association held in San Francisco, October

6. 1900:

Informal Reception, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

Lunch, 12 m.

"Grace"—Captain Charles Lloyd Kimball, of Healdsburg. Address of Welcome—Vice President Roy Thurston Kimball, 12:30 p. m.

Vocal Solo-Mrs. Gracia Sprague Pillsbury, of San Francisco.

Vocal Solo-Miss Gertrude M. Kimball, of Oakland.

Recitation-Mrs. Ada Jane (Winaus) Kimball, of San Francisco.

Remarks—Captain Charles Lloyd Kimball, of Healdsburg. Recitation—Miss Gladys Marie Hobart, of Palo Alto.

Remarks—John Carpenter Kimball, of San Francisco. Address, "The Women of the Kimball Family"—Mrs. Grace M. Kimball, of Oakland.



..

Speech-Frank Willard Kimball, of San Francisco.

Instrumental Music-Mrs. Mary Louise (Kimball) Fitzsimmons, of San Francisco.

Remarks—Joseph Hoyt Kimball, of Oakland. Remarks—John Albion Kimball, of San Francisco.

Remarks—Earnest Lee Kimball, of San Francisco. Business Meeting, 3 p. m.

Dancing, 4 to 6 p. m.

LIST OF THOSE PRESENT.

2383 Captain Charles Lloyd Kimball, Healdsburg. Cal.

Dr. Margaret Viola Kimball,

Miss Edna Genevieve Kimball.

Mrs. Lulu M. Davis, (Dr. d. by 1st h.) 446 38th street, Oakland, Cal.

6.6

Berenice M. Davis. 446 38th street. Oakland, Cal. Roy Thurston Kimball, 312 Clay street, San Francisco.

William Woodbury, Vallejo, Cal.

Mrs. Elizabeth Gilman (Kimball) Woodbury, Vallejo, Cal.

Mrs. Sarah Hattie (Kimball) Wright, 607 Guerrero st., San Francisco

Miss Hattie Lucy Wright, "

George Abbott Rogers Kimball, Napa, Cal.

John Albion Kimball, 819 Market street, San Francisco.

John Arbion Kimosti,

Frank Willard Kimball, " "
Mrs, Ada Jane (Winans) Kimball, " "

, 1832 John James Mann Kimball, 6 City Hall Square, San Francisco.

Edwin Kimball, Walnut Creek, Alameda county, Cal.

Charles Kimble, 1509 Taylor street, San Francisco.

Mrs. Fanuie (Wylie) Kimble, "

George Edward Kimble, "

John Carpenter Kimball, 1714 Mason street,

Mrs. Lila (Lange) Kimball, " "
Thomas Danforth Kimball, (grandson of 435 Richard, see News.)

Miss Grace Isabelle Kimball, 3781 17th street, San Francisco.

Mrs. R. Lena (Kimball) Soule, 3364 Central avenue, Alameda, Cal. Harold Kimball Soule, "

Captain Albert F. Pillsbury, 1831 Fell street, San Francisco.

Mrs. Gracia (Sprague) Pillsbury,

Daniel S. Thompson, San Francisco.

Mrs. Mary Louisa (Kimball) Fitzsimmons, 1603 Jones street, S. F.

Elisha Barnum Kimball, 3025 Sacramento street, Mrs. Elsie (Dempster) Kimball, "

Elma Lovisa Kimball.

Mrs. Mary Gilmer Dunn, 3719 23d street,

Mrs. Mattie Shartzer, "

Miss Rebecca M. Kimball, (d. 1464 Charles P. K.) 2912 Howard st., S. F. Rev. Theodore F. Burnham, Vallejo, Cal.



150	Kimpan r	amily Ne	VS			
	Mrs. Lucia (Adams) Burnham,		imball Adams, p. 616,) llejo, Cal.			
	Mrs. John Smalley Adams, 510 Albion street, Oakland, Cal. Miss Carrie Adams, " " (W. and d. late Dr. J. S. A, son of Lemuel Adams, Jr., p. 616)					
Page	Mrs. Joan (Kimball) Clark, Melrose, Alameda county, Cal.					
496	Miss Anna Amy Kimball, "					
	Mrs. Martha (Atwood) Kimball, (widow George Prescott Kimball, p. 713,) 220 Oak street, S. F.					
	Mrs. George W. Kimball,	41334 Fr	ranklin st., "			
	Miss Mand Foster Kimball, (W. and d. of G. P. K., p.		56 64			
	Mrs. Elizabeth Alice (Kimball) Tupper, " (res. San Jose					
	(Dau. 1499 T. D. K.; wife		ford Tunner)			
	(Note-Her sister is Mrs J. Q. A. Ballou, of San Jose.) Christian Frederick Kimball (one of the German Kimballs.) 318 Pine street. S. F. Miss Lenora M. Reimers, (engaged to marry C. F. K.) San Francisco.					
				Miss Laura Belle Kimball, (d. Moody Spofford Kimball, see News.)		
				621 O'Farrell street, S. F.		
	Ernest Lee Kimball, 130 Parker avenue, S. F.					
	Mrs. Sarah Kimball, "					
	Mrs. Grace M. Kimball, 805 11th street, Oakland, Cal.					
	Miss Gertrude M. Kimball, (Widow and d. Levi Woodbury Kimball, 1967.)					
	Dogo					
	1 age 514	Mrs. Alma E. (Bruce) Kimball,	8 lith stree	et, Oakland, Cal.		
	Mrs. Stalla Ronnott (Casana) B	-4 1000				
	Mrs. Stella Bennett (George) Rotnor, 1909 Leavenworth street, S. F. (D. 1915, and gr. d. Naney (Currier) Kimball.)					
	Mrs. Leonidas Kimball,		1002 Jackson street, "			
	Leonid Kimball, (w. and d., 20	88.)	64 64			
	Frank Eugene Kimball, Power House, Alden, Alameda county, Cal.					
	Mrs. Mary A. (Clough) Kimball, widow 1765, Charles Bradbury Kimball,) Palo Alto, Cal.					
	Miss Sarah Louise Kimball,	i,) Palo Alte	o, Cal.			
	Miss M. Alice Kimball,		**			
	Frank R. Stowe.					
2435	Mrs. Edgar Hobart,		16			
	Gladys Marie Hobart.	44				
	Mrs. William S. Lumsden,					
	Jane Belle Lumsden.	Suisun,	65			
	Mary Amelia Lumsden,		**			
2433	Franklin Tuthill Schott. (grandson of George Washington Kimball. Jr., p. 344.) Palo Alto, Cal. Mrs. Porter Banks Kimball.					
	Miss Dorothy Kimball		**			
	Miss Gertrade B. Kimball, Porter Banks Kimball, Jr.,		**			
		5.6	**			



THE BUSINESS MEETING.

Cousin Sarah Louise Kimball, Secretary, writes:

"We had a number of new faces with us at this Fourth Reunion, among them one family spelling the name Kimble, and one of our German cousins, Mr. Christian F. Kimball, a bright young attorney of this city, who bears a very strong resemblance to our family, notwithstanding his German ancestry. You will remember an article in one of the earlier numbers of the News concerning this branch of the family. Mr. Roy T. Kimball was General Manager, Chairman and President for the day.

"I will tell you about this Kimble family. His name is Charles Kimble, and he was born at Dowagaic, Cass county, Mich. His father was Harrison Kimble, who lived in Indiana, near Elkhart, and also in Michigan; married Majesta Whiting, daughter of Dr. Jeremiah Whiting, of Cayuga or Seneca, N. Y.; Harrison Kimble died in 1885, aged 78 years. His father was Jacob Kimble, of Pike county, Pennsylvania. This Charles Kimble is employed at the Union Iron Works in this city; his wife's name is Fannie (Wylie) Kimble, and they have one son, George Edward Kimble, born January 31, 1890, in San Francisco. Can you tell me about this Jacob Kimble, of Pike county, Pennsylvania?

"At the business meeting the first thing considered was the matter of organization and name. A committee consisting of John Albion Kimball, Frank Willard Kimball and Mrs. Joan (Kimball) Clark was appointed to perfect organization, and to choose a name. This committee is to report at the next reunion in 1901, and they are also to select a place and date for holding that reunion. John Simpson Kimball was elected President for the conting year, Frank Willard Kimball Vice-President, Roy Thurston Kimball Treasurer for life and Sarah Louise Kimball was elected Secretary for life. It was the general opinion that we should adopt the coat-of-arms as our family emblem."

The News gives herewith some of the papers read and addresses made at this Reunion. It was the first purpose to hold this gathering at Mt. Tamalpais, and some of these letters were written with that understanding as will be seen. The President of the Association was not able to be present, but sent a letter here given.

PRESIDENT WILLIAM PARKER KIMBALL'S LETTER.

OLYMPIA, WASH., Oct. 2, 1900.

DEAR KIMBALL COUSINS ON MT. TAMALPAIS:

Please accept hearty greetings from one necessarily absent from the Annual Reunion of 1900.

Is it not a spontaneous query to many, what would our Very



Great Grandfather Richard have thought could be have looked forward to this occasion, and realized that, today, his voyage across the Atlantic, his industrious life and sterling virtues, and the confidence with which he was honored by his townsmen in Ipswich, Mass., would be reverently and gratefully remembered by his descendants, dwelling, 206 years later, on the then unknown shores of the Pacific?

Surely it would have surpassed his utmost belief, even as it is beyond our own grasp of thought to fully realize the vastness

of the changes wrought in these past centuries.

So far as we know, this is the first occasion when the Kimball Clans meet on mountain top to honor our revered ancestor's memory; to take each other by the hand in fraternal interview; to remember the widely-scattered branches of our family, and to wish all present and absent members much joy and prosperity in whatever portion of the New Century may be individually allotted by a kind Providence.

You gather today, not in Highland plaid, with bonnet and spear to march through brake and fen to take the lofty heights, but, O! how different from the ways of the Clans of old, peacefully scating yourselves in a car are quickly raised to the peak which, through this gathering, becomes more widely known in

our family annals.

Be assured, I am with you in spirit; I wish that my family

and myself were there in bodily presence.

May this day prove a happy one to you all. A better wish I may not send you than that, through its impulses there may come to every one of us a deeper meaning and longing to realize

the truth of the words of Prof. Swing, when he says:

. "As all the stars are pervaded by one law, in one law live and move and have their being, so all minds that reason and all hearts that beat, act in one empire of one king; and of that vast kingdom, the law the most sweeping, the most eternal, is the law of loving kindness."

Fraternally yours,
WILLIAM PARKER KIMBALL.

FRANK WILLARD KIMBALL'S ADDRESS.

MR. PRESIDENT, COUSINS, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

For more than a year I have looked forward with anticipations of joy and delight for this occasion. Certainly to grasp the hands and look into the faces of so many, all descendants of one family, is a pleasure sublime, a pleasure rare, a joy unalloyed. The coming together of members of a family in a rennion such as this can but serve to enkindle a deeper love for kindred, engender a stronger and more abiding devotion for home and country, and promote more stalwart patriotism.



We Americans—the descendants of the first born of liberty divine--love to declare that "all men are free and equal before the law;" we revere, and rightly, too, the names of Washington, of Lincoln and of Grant, and are prouder in our citizenship that these add glory to the illustrious history of this nation. But the foundation of our free institutions is not secured merely in maintaining the sentiment of the Declaration of Independence, neither is it the great men, so to speak, that shape the character of a nation. In the influences generated by such gatherings as these Kimball reunions, in our devotion as a people to our families, and our love for the cherished associations of which the family is the creator, is found our stability

as a nation.

If in the history of the world, the Semitic race and the Arvan have ruled its thought and civilization, the Arvan has indeed been the more powerful factor. Representing, with a few slight exceptions, the nations dwelling between the Ganges and the Atlantic, as well as including the people of the American Republic, the Arvan race is supreme in every department of modern life. And all this because the family has been the unit of the social fabric. Right here permit me to say that I do not fear contradiction from any competent authority on political science when I say that the study of the single family on its homestead today would yield richer scientific knowledge and more practical results in the great social sciences than almost any other single element in the social world. With the late Dr. Mulford I agree that the family is the most important question that has come before the American people since the close of the Rebellion. In this connection let me call your attention to a statement made in a recent number of a prominent American magazine by a writer who is qualified to speak on the subject. In discussing the benefits derived from a whole-soul love of family ancestry, and the knowledge of our genealogical lines which gives this love, the writer referred to says that unquestionably people are deterred from committing crime as a result of this family pride, this conscious knowledge of an honorable ancestral line. A practical illustration of the truth of this statement may serve you to more fully appreciate its importance and for this purpose I cite a work entitled, "The Jukes," written B. L. Dugdale. In this work we find that in seven generations a single neglected family bequeathed to the world twelve hundred descendants, a large majority of whom were idiots, imbeciles, drunkards, lunatics, paupers, prostitutes and criminals. In this wretched family the God-blessed conditions of which I have spoken did not obtain. In other words the love for family ancestry had run cold. On the other hand, the Kimball family, of which we here assembled have the honor to be a part, has



records to show that along the whole line of over three hundred years since the birth of our first American ancestor, there have been no events connected with the family for which we need to blush. The family has ever been eminently respectable. Its members have uniformly been good citizens. They have done their part in building up this great nation along all the avenues of industry, commerce, art, literature, science, religion and politics.

Let us then consecrate ourselves anew to the family. Let us contribute our mite to make it as glorious in the generations that are to come, as it has been in the generations that we have left behind. Let us keep lighted on every Kimball hearthstone the fires of virtue, of liberty and of patriotism, not only that they may be a force and inspiration to us, but that the glow and radiance going forth from them may be a guide for others to follow, and thus preserve unto the children of men, even to the

latest generation, the rich heritage which is ours today.

After the delivery of this address Chairman Roy Kimball called upon Dr. Burnham, of Vallejo, who responded in a very happy way, and among other things said that, not being a Kimball, he had done the next best thing, married one-Lucia Adams, a daughter of Caleb Kimball Adams, the son of Lemuel and Betsey (Kimball) Adams, of Sutton, N. H. Dr. Burnham also said, referring to Frank's statement that there were no prison records in our family, that he thought it a very good idea to take off one's door plate if the sheriff called for one.

The News has several other papers, letters, etc., read at this Reunion for which no space is left at our command. They will receive attention hereafter. These California Kimball Reunions excel all others in interest and regularity. They afford occasions to which our Pacific Coast cousins look forward and welcome with satisfaction and profit. They might be duplicated in a score of other places if-if- Well, if-

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The Monitor, Barton, Vt., Oct. 8, contains these items: Fred Kimball, of Westmore, has sold his farm, stock and farm implements.

A three-year-old-son of Mr. and Mrs. George Kimball, of West Derby, fell from a high chair Sept. 30 and received injuries that caused its death.

S. C. Kimball, of Barton Landing, advertises a large sale

of stock, including blooded herses, and a large lot of farming Ralph Kimball received a severe scalp wound and had a

lung pierced by a rib in a railroad accident at North Derby Wednesday, October 3.



PERSONAL.

Kimball Brothers are manufacturers of steam and hand power elevators at Anamosa, Iowa.

Albert E. Kimball is a hotel keeper in Knowlton, P. Q. His father Albert Kimball was born in Charleston, Mass., and went to Canada early in the century.

The Missouri Valley Kimball Reunion for 1900 will be held in Manhattan, Kansas, Saturday, October 27. All Kimballs and all of Kimball connection are invited to attend.

Sherman T. Kimball, of Chicago, charges one J. C. Holenshade, an irou manufacturer, with obtaining \$1,100 under false pretences, and it is thought that he has fled to Canada.

Miss Laura Kimball, daughter of J. W. Kimball, of Burlington, Kansas, accidently shot herself in the breast with a rifle, Sept. 28, and at last accounts but little hope was had of her recovery.

It is anticipated that Mrs. Potter Palmer will reach Chicago in time for the great horse show, which event will mark the closing days of October and the beginning of November. Entertaining in honor of guests from other cities will be most elaborate, leading society men and women having already begun plans for innumerable dinners, dances and a fox hunt without the fox. Among the entertainers will be C. K. G. Billings, Mrs. Arthur Caton, R. Hall McCormick and C. F. Kimball. Everybody is getting his costume ready and having it fashioned out of the hunting green and mikado yellow. Parties will attend the show from Cincinnati, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Cleveland, Omaha and Des Moines.—Chicago Record, Oct. 9, 1900.

HONORABLY ACQUITTED.

Some time ago the Philippines Company charged Col. Amos S. Kimball, United States Assistant Quartermaster General of New York, with being a party to a conspiracy by which their business was ruined. The suit brought also included the International Express Company. As a government official was involved, the War Department investigated the matter with the result that Colonel Kimball was found to have had no connection with the case. The Philippines Company sued for \$100,000 damages, and the case is now against the International Express Company. The government finding in regard to Col. Kimball was that he "acted in the whole matter in a perfectly honorable manner, and in all the transactions referred to in the complaint looked only to securing to the government the best terms and the best service obtainable, with fairness to all and with favor to none."



MONUMENT DEDICATED.

The 15th Massachusetts Regimental Association dedicated its monument on Antietam battlefield. September 17, 1900. The exercises began at 10 o'clock, the very hour the regiment was engaged in battle, thirty-eight years before. Gen. J. W. Kimball, who commanded the regiment in the battle, delivered the address. In the 20 minutes in which they were engaged 75 were killed and over 200 wounded.

The monument, which cost \$2,000, is of Troy granite, stands 12 feet high, and is surmounted by a lion. The names

of those killed and wounded are inscribed thereon.

The address was an historical outline of the regiment's service, and was characterized by a true patriotic sentiment as becomes a soldier of today, whether he saw service in one army or the other.

See History p. 841. Gen. Kimball was elected State Auditor of Massachusetts in 1893, and still holds the office, but is not now a candidate for re-election.

12 36 Cal

MARRIED.

In Malden, Mass., June 27, at First Congregational church, Miss Cora E. Davis, daughter of Councilman D. W. Davis, and Mr. John N. Kimball, of West Medford. The best man was Mr. D. D. Kimball, brother of the groom. A reception was held at the home of the bride, 58 Wyoming avenue, and was attended by guests from Boston, Brookline. Somerville, Medford, West Medford and Portland.

Also on June 27, at the home of the bride's father, Miss Cordelia Kimball, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah B. Kimball, of Maplewood, and Mr. Edward S. Hopkins, of Boston. The bridesmaid was Miss Francis S. Kimball, sister of the bride, and the best man was Mr. J. N. Hopkins, brother of the groom. The reception was attended by 200 friends of the bride and groom from Boston, South Boston, Malden, Melrose and Somerville. Mr. and Mrs. Hopkins will reside at 76 Columbia street, Maplewood.

2020

Of course every one has read of the great trial trip on the Pacific Coast of the new battleship Wisconsin, which excelled even the celebrated Oregon. Her commander is Capt. Albert P. Pillsbury. His wife is a niece of Thomas Danforth Kimball and of Moses Coombs Kimball, of San Francisco. They were all at the late Kimball Reunion.



A GROWING CELEBRITY.

E. A. Kimball, of Chicago, (No. 1875), the Christian Science lecturer, is covering the whole country, and is today, perhaps, the most notable promoter of the doctrines of Mrs. Eddy. The Chicago Record of October 10 says: "Twelve thousand people thronged the Coliseum last night to listen to Edward A. Kimball, chairman of the international board of lectureship of the mother church of Christian science at Boston, speak on the 'Cause and Scientific Cure of Disease.' The audience was made up mainly of Christian Scientists, who warmly applauded the speaker, but there were also present many persons to whom the teachings of Mrs. Mary Eddy, the founder of the science, were new. Mr. Kimball began as follows: 'By way of justification of this vast audience I declare to you that Christian Science in its nature and influence includes nothing but supreme good for all mankind. It is primarily and essentially a religion. As a religious denomination we have no need nor disposition to quarrel over religion or to engage in unseemly controversy. We deprecate the evil of religious strife and deplore the facility with which sectarianism denounces everything unlike itself."

4-71.76.76.4

REV. JOHN C. KIMBALL, ORATOR AND WRITER.

A report of the services of Memorial Day in Cauton and Sharon, Mass., under the auspices of Revere Post, No. 94, G. A. R., has been issued in pamphlet form. It contains much matter of local interest and the very eloquent and patriotic address delivered at Sharon by the Rev. John C. Kimball, chaplain of the 8th Massachusetts Volunteers. We are all proud of this popular ora.or, who is always in demand on popular occasions. His addresses are always timely, abounding in great thoughts and enlivened with enough of wit and story to give them zost. The American soldier is a citizen soldier, and this was the subject on this occasion. Our readers would enjoy its perusal, and we have to regret to say we are unable to reproduce it.

The Boston Christian Register of October 4, also contains a strong, practical paper on "Accidents and Disasters in Their Relation to a Divine Providence" by the same orator and writer. The recent calamity at Galveston affords the topic, which is treated with great power.

Charles H. Kimball, a well-known carpenter of Salem. Mass., fell from the roof a house Sept. 26, and was instantly killed. He was 73 years old, and a veteran of the civil war. He resided with his daughter, Mrs. William H. Pollock. He also left another daughter, Mrs. J. F. Rust. of Essex.



PROFESSOR MORRISON.

We are certain that some of our readers who are not informed will be glad to hear from the editor of the Kimball Family History, even though there be nothing encouraging to say. It is generally known that Mr. Morrison has been in poor health for several years. As the News has before stated, he sold his old homestead at Canobie Lake, N. H., last spring and removed to Derry, which is his present address. He has suffered a second stroke of paralysis, which he says "leaves him a wreck of his former self," and of course prevents his doing much writing. The News has the best of reasons for knowing the warm place Mr. Morrison holds in the hearts of members of the Kimball Family. We have frequent reminders of this regard in correspondence from all parts of the country. Mr. Morrison was not the first to compile a sketch of the Family or a part of it. This was first done by the Hon. John Kimball No. 1599 of Concord, N. H., who published a history of his ancester Joseph, and which of course took up only one branch of the family. The several volumes of American Ancestry treat sparingly and disjointedly of the Kimball as it necessarily does of many other families.

Previous to Prof. Morrison's work very complete genealogical histories had been published of several families. He had himself compiled one of the Morrison family. As he has himself stated he then became interested in his mother's side, which was the Kimbail family. In his preface to the History he relates some of the difficulties he first encountered, and of the meeting with Prof. Sharples, who rendered such efficient aid, and who is still doing much, as our readers well know. But it was to the industry and searching ability of Prof. Morrison that we owe the great and connected history of the family from the time of Richard the emigrant down to the present. While many individuals were omitted, and in some cases whole lines or branches not reported, on the whole the record is so full and complete that it is seldom difficult to ferret out and fill up all omissions. It is this that gives special value to the history and that places the family under obligations to Mr. Morrison that will never be repaid.

2200

Dr. Grace N. Kimball, for years assistant physician at Vassar College, and formerly a missionary to Turkey whom the Sultan expressly forbid to return to that country, has severed her connection with Vassar in order to devote her time to her private practice. Hist. p. 423-23, News p. 360, Nov. and Dec., 1899.



DEATH OF GEORGE KIMBALL.

The Grand Marias, Mich., Leader, of Sept. 20, 1900, contains the following notice of the death of George Kimball. He was a descendant of Amos Kimball No. 286, and a brother of Mrs. E. M. Cady, of Port Huron, Mich. The History p. 1150 in appendix makes some corrections, and the News pp. 320, 338-39-378-79 and 390, gives further mention of the family. The Leader says:

"Mr. George Kimball of Duluth, was stricken with apoplexy Saturday evening at 9 o'clock, and died Sunday morning at 2:30. He had been in poor health for several months prior to his pass-

ing away, but of late was much improved.

"Mr. Kimball's daughter, Mrs. William McPherson of this place, was apprised of her father's death early Sunday and left

that evening for Duluth.

CANADA SANCE OF THE PROPERTY O

"Mr. Kimball was for several years woods superintendent for the Manistique Lumbering Company, during which time himself and family were residents of this place. Two and a half years ago he was transferred to Duluth, where he held a similar position with Alger, Smith & Co.

"Mr. Kimball was well known and held in high esteem by the residents of this community, and the news of his death was

received with profound sorrow by all.

"The deceased was 58 years of age, and leaves two children, a son and daughter, to wourn his loss. A brother also re-

sides here, Mr. A. J. Kimball.

"The funeral was conducted by the Masonic fraternity of Duluth, from the Congregational church, at 2:30 Tuesday afternoon. The remains were escorted to the depot by the Fraternity, from whence, accompanied by Wm. McPherson, they were taken to Port Huron for burial in the family lot at that place. Mrs. Kimball was too ill to take the journey, hence Mrs. Mc-Pherson remained with her.

"The floral tributes from Palestine Lodge No. 79, and Ionic Lodge No. 156, F. & A. M. of Duluth, and other friends, were

in profusion."

2226

In the case of the Central Trust Co., of New York, against the United States Flour Milling Company, Judge Lacombe has appointed Samuel Thomas, of New York, Charles E. Kimball, of Summit, N. J., and Albert G. Loring, of Minneapolis, receivers to take charge of the mortgaged premises of the defendant company. C. E. Kimball is also a receiver for one or two railroads. He seems to be a tavorite in the courts for receivership business. He is one of the best of business men.



A SAD CASE.

Mrs. Harry W. Kimball, of Norway, Maine, committed suicide by jumping from a New York boat on its way to Portland. August 26. She was married June 20, and had been suffering from nervous prostration, and to seek relief had been sent to New Jersey to visit friends in hopes of relief.

She had a mother and sisters in different parts of New Jersey. Thinking that she was better, Mrs. Kimball started for home to join her husband at Norway. It is thought that the heat in New York must have affected her and that this was the

cause of her suicide.

Harry W. Kimball is a native of North Bridgton, the son of Horace C. Kimball. He has been for some time a clerk in a

grocery store at Norway.

Mrs. Harry Kimball was a sister of Mrs. J. J. Gibb, wife of a well-known Newark, N. J. lawyer, whose guest she had been for four weeks when she left for her home. She had suffered for years from a nervous affection that had at times caused temporary mental aberration.

Miss Gibb, her niece, who accompanied her to the steamer, says she appeared to be rational, though suffering much from her nervous trouble, when she boarded the boat. Miss Gibb is

prostrated by the event and is confined to her room.

J. J. Gibb, brother-in-law of the drowned woman, said to a

reporter today:

My wite's sister had an eventful career. She was about 30 years old. She became the wife of Harry W. Kimball on June 20 last. Before that she was the widow of a young man named Woodsun, who was Kimball's dearest friend.

"Her maiden name was Estelle H. Hubbard, and as such she was widely known in musical circles in New York City. She was the possessor of a magnificent soprano voice and an accomplished pianist. She was soprano singer at the South Reformed church, Fifth avenue, between 22d and 23d streets

"She decided about eight years ago to go into grand opera, and studied under a well-known master. During her studies she frequently gave public concerts in Chickering and Steinway halls. Her creer as a grand opera singer was interrupted by her nervous affliction.

The body was found near Newport, R. I., and was taken to

Maine and buried in the family cemetery.

1.2.20

A Musical Festival was the closing event of the season at "The Pines" in Groveland, Mass., where Oscar Kimball, of Boston, played the cornet, in which part he has a more than local renown.



Kimball-Family News

Vol., III, No. 11.

G. F KIMBALL, Publisher.

Terms \$1.00 a year

Topeka, Kansas, November, 1900.



WILLIAM BATTY KIMBALL.

At his home in Bristol, R. I., Oct. 11, 1900, William B. Kimball celebrated with his family and friends his ninetieth birthday. Of vigorous frame, strong personality and a degree of independence that is wonderful, this man, who is looking back on uine decades, appears fully twenty years younger than he really is. His vigor, both mentally and physically, is retained to a remarkable degree with his well preserved features. William Batty Kimball, the son of Amos and Hannah Edmunds Kimball, was born in Warwick, R. I., Oct. 11, 1810. His birth place was on a farm coming from his paternal grandmother, Mary Batty Kimball. The place was known as Natick Hill. When four years old his father bought a home in Natick village on the banks of the Patuxet river, where there were two cotton



mills in operation. He spent his boyhood days in this village attending school. When nine years old he was crippled for several years from a cut near the knee cap of the right leg. In 1822 his father died, and two years later his mother passed away. They left four children. Mr. Kimball's eldest sister. Mrs. James G. Bowen, died in 1896 in the 90th year of her age. His voungest sister, Mrs. Roswell Butler, of Coventy, R. L. is now living in her 88th year, comparatively vigorous both in mind and body. Mr. Kimball is the eighth in descent from Richard Kimball, who settled in Massachusetts in 1634. In April, 1828, Mr. Kimball was in a cotton factory as overseer, remaining until 1829, when the company failed. After a briet period at school he returned to Natick and engaged as overseer of spinning and weaving until March, 1832, when in company with another man they commenced making cotton cloth for a man by the name of Arnold, there being a store connected with the premises where he furnished goods for the employes of the factory, this being his first venture in mercantile affairs. In October, 1834, he engaged as superintendent with the Rockland Cotton Manufacturing Company at South Scituate, remaining in that position until 1843, when the property was sold. Mr. Kimball was married in July, 1842, to Sarah W. Rounds, daughter of Parley Rounds. Five children were born of the union, only two living to manhood. William E., born in Scituate, Feb. 17, 1844, died in New York City May 29, 1899. (Lawyer) Charles E., born in Bristol September 24, 1556. He is a graduate of Brown University, and is now president of the Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis R. R.; office, 27 Pine street, New York, and lives in Summit, N. J. In 1847 Mr. Kimball was elected State Senator from Scituate. He was agent for the Hartford Manufacturing Company in 1849 at South Glastonbury, Conn., remaining there until 1851, when the mills were sold He was next emploved by William Imlay as agent for the Poquonack paper mills in the town of Windsor, Coun. Returning to his old home in North Scituate in 1853, remained a short time and in April, 1855, removed to Bristol as superintendent of the Pokanoket Manufacturing Company's mill which was burned in February, 1856. In the same year he entered the grocery and market business on the corner of Hope and Church streets, remaining there until 1870, when he retired from active business pursuits. He was school committeeman in Bristol for several years. Mr. K. is much taken with the cultivation of flowers. He has rare taste in arranging them and has the best results in his work He has been and still is a great reader. His home is beautifully situated on the corner of Hope and Smith streets, where he has an admirable view of Bristol harbor, islands and channels of old Narragansett bay. He has lived in the same house 45 years.



Mrs. Kimball, wife of W. B. Kimball, is ten years younger than her husband. She taught school in her young days. The reception was held from 3 to 8 p. m. It was informal in character and quite a number were present from out of town. Poems were read dedicated to Mr. Kimball by Providence friends. Charles E. Kimball was present and assisted in receiving and entertaining. There were many presents, one being an elegant "Regina" music box from Charles E. and wife, with a beautiful cabinet to stand it on. The guests numbered about 100.

TO W. B. KIMBALL, OCT. 11, 1810-1900. Bring flowers, young flowers, a wreath I'll twine. A crown for that mind-written brow of thine: A radiant wreath, not one drooping spray Shall dim with ill omen thy natal day. The rose that has thorns I would not bring In my simple garland, so false a thing. Did I the leaves of thy destiny twine. No thorn should approach a thought of thine. Of the flow ret I'd bring you've often heard told. How brightly its petals of blue unfold, And oft we've repeated its name to tell What no other words breathe half so well: Then know ye the flower so dear to me. The flower that tonight shall my off ring be, That flow'ret age hallows the loneliest spot, And its name is my boon Forget-me-not.

Dictated by M. G. Sigafoss, Providence, R. I.

TO W. B. KIMBALL, OCT. 11, 1810-1900. Ninety years, Oh! where are they? Gone as a watch, a night, a day, And he whose earthly span they tell. Has bid them all a glad farewell; For as they passed, he made his own, The fruit, the grain, that had been sown. All fields he plowed, all harvests reaped. Wherever vintage rare was beaped, He garnered e'er the better part And richly stored both mind and heart; Oh! lightly pass the storms o'er one Who never notes the set of sun, But calm, serene, in darkest night, Walks surely on by inward light. The years that haply still remain Shall see not his strong spirit wane; For life immortal now and here



Is his whose spirit knows not fear: From Death to Life already past The soul awaits its home more vast. Where veil of flesh rent evermore, Twill hail with joy the "Open Door."

Stella J. Morse, Providence, R. I.

NOTE BY THE EDITOR.

The portrait of William Batty Kimball given herewith is from a photograph taken twenty years ago, when he was seventy

years old.

No mention is made in the History of this prominent familv. On page 83 it is said that Amos, the second son of Dean Kimball', 'Joseph', John', Richard') married Mary Battey, who was doubtless the paternal grandmother mentioned. The Amos who married Hannah Edmuuds, the father of the subject of the above sketch, was probably the son of Amos. It would be interesting to know more of the descendants of Dean Kimball. For one or two generations something is given with some detail, but later on the record is very incomplete. Of the children of Dean nothing is said of Amos beyond the fact that he married Mary Battey, nor of Sarah except that she married Benjamin Burgess. Of Elizabeth and Rhoda only the names are mentioned. His son Joshua' had nine children, but only one, Dean', is given as the head of a family, and he married Celestia Kimball. Of the grandchildren of Dean', the family of Joshua seems to have become extinct, (p. 276. Of Benjamln's fourteen children three became heads of families besides Celestia, who, according to the history, married her uncle Dean, as above mentioned. History p. 277), Of Amy's five children only the names are mentioned. Of Dean's five only one, Benjamin, is given as head of a family, only one of Jarvis's four, and none of Abigail's six. From this it is clear that this family record is very incomplete. -

Mrs. Joanna Kimball, widow of Francis E. Kimball, of West Quincy, Mass., died in the city hospital August 3.

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Ethel S., the 4-year-old daughter of James J. Kimball, of Cambridge, died of diphtheria August 27.

and the

Mr. and Mrs. Fred M. Kimball, of Somerville, Mass., sailed for England October 6.



BETSEY (KIMBALL) ADAMS.



(Betsey (Kimball Adams', fifth child of Caleb Kimball' and Sarah (Sawyer) Kimball, of Kimball Hill, Sutton, N. H., b. Aug. 29, 1777. d. Sept. 22, 1833, m. Feb., 1801, Lemuel Adams, Sr. (See Fam. History, pp. 614, 615, 616, also News, Oct., 1899, pp. 355, 356, for genealogy.) Miss Carrie Tompkins Adams, 510 Albion street, Oakland, Cal., the great grand-daughter of Betsey (Kimball) Adams, wishes to secure a picture of her great grand grandfather, Caleb Kimball', and hopes that some of the Kimball cousins, readers of the News, will be able to assist her.)

Capt. F. M. Kimball, of Topeka, recently met with a loss in the burning of his barn. In the building were stored a good many family and war relies that were highly valued. It was the work of an incendiary, and his was only one of several that were burned. Our cousin at once offered a heavy reward for the conviction of the barn burner, and while he was not discovered, the business at once came to an end.

Rt. Wor. D. D. G. M. Frederick A. Kimball, of Ipswich, Mass., is a prominent lodge man of the old town.



Supplemental Notes to Family History.

(BY EDGAR HOBART.)

EDITOR KIMBALL NEWS:

Dear Sir:—On page 41, vol. 1, Kimball Genealogy, eighth child of John Kimball and Mary Bradstreet is Abigail, b. Mar. 22, 1607, married first Oct. 14, 1689, 'Isaac Estey, b. in Topsfield, Mass., about 1656. His name appears with others who took the oath of allequance and fidelity to Charles Hin January. 1677. In 1681 his minister's rate was seven shillings and one penny, his father's being one pound and three shillings, and his brother Joseph's seven shillings and nine pence. In 1689 and 1691 he was chosen one of the surveyors of highways, and in 1694 was chosen constable. In 1696 he was one of the selectmen of the town. He left a will dated March 16, 1713-14, which was probated May 3, 1714.

CHILDREN.

- i Mary, bap, Feb. 15, 1691-92; m. Sept. 10, 1713, John Perkins.
- ii Abigail, bap. Jan. 8, 1692-93; m. May 22, 1712, Joseph Cummings, and died of small pox Jan. 10, 1729-30.
- iii Sarah, b. Oct. 4, 1694; m. Dec. 1, 1714. Capt. Joseph Cummings, and died before 1751.
- iv Isaac, b. Nov. 20, 1696.
- v Aaron, b. Feb. 16, 1608-99.
- vi Jacob, b. June 28, 1700.
- vii Hannah, b. May 18, 1702; m. Jan. 5, 1720-21. Isaac Cummings.
- viii Richard, bap. April 7, 1709; d. about 1784; m. May 7, 1728. Ruth, dan, of William and Mary Fiske, of Ipswich, b. Oct. 18, 1709. He lived in Rowley until 1724, when he removed with their sons. John. Zebulon and Richard, to a settlement lately formed by New England colonists on the banks of the St. John river. New Brunswick, called Mangerville. Richard Esty was one of the signers of the original covenant of the Congregational church founded there. He left numerous descenants in N. B. and many now living in the U. S. W. P. Esty, of Fredericton, and James A. Estey, of St. John, yre among them.
 - ix Rebecca, bap. Aug. 8, 1709; m. first Nov. 12, 1729, Preserved Tucker. of Stoughton; m. second. April 7, 1745. Matthais Puffer, of Stoughton.
 - x Moses, bap. Sept. 6, 1712; m. Sept. 8, 1736, Eunice Peugville; removed to Eufield, Ct., in 1752, and in 1756 to



Bucks county, Pa., and later to New Jersey. He had one son, Capt. Moses, of Morristown, N. J., who was a soldier in the Revolution. The late Judge David Kirkpatrick Este, of Cincinnati, O., was a descendant; also Chas. Est, of Philadelphia, Pa.

Isaac Estey married Mary, daughter of William and Joannah (Blessing) Towne. She was born at Yarmouth, Norfolk county, Eng., and baptised at 8t. Nicholas church Aug. 24, 1634. She was arrested as a witch April 21, 1692, kept in jail till May 18, when she was released. On May 21 a second warrant was procured and she was taken from her home at midnight, carried to Salem jail and blaced in chains. She was tried, found guilty and sentenced to death, and on the 22d of September, 1692, she was executed with seven others.

"Jeffrey Estey.

FRESH AS A DAISY.

That is what the Boston Globe says of the Pitts-Kimball Co.'s new department store. The company suffered a severe loss by fire in May last. The new store is greatly enlarged and the Globe says is one of the greatest in the country and refreshingly attractive. The vice president of the company is Rufus H. Kimball (Hist. p. 938), who is a son of Rufus C. Kimball, whose portrait is opposite page 645 of the history.

and the same

The late General John M. Palmer, of Illinois, who was Democratic gold standard candidate for President in 1896, married for his second wife in 1888 Mrs. Hannah M. Kimball, of Springfield, Ill. She is a most cultured and refused woman, and as the helpmeet of the general had proved of great assistance in aiding him to the success he achieved in the later years of his life. In his early life he was known throughout the nation as an anti-slavery Democrat, and was afterwards Governor of his state.

Captain Pillsbury, of San Francisco, had command of the San Fe Company's new ferry steamer, the San Pablo, on its trial trip. She is the fastest sidewheel boat in the bay. The trip was a great success, many Santa Fe officials being on board. Captain Pillsbury commanded the battleship Wisconsin as stated in the last News. He attended the reunion.

Willard Kimball, No. 2080, is director of the University of Nebraska School of Music at Lincoln. He was for a long time director of the Conservatory of Grinnell, Iowa.



THE PACIFIC COAST REUNION. CONTINUED FROM THE OCTOBER NUMBER.

ADDRESS BY J. HOYT KIMBALL, OF OAKLAND.

MR. PRESIDENT AND KINFOLK:

For the past year and a half that I have been living in California, I have been looking forward to this, the first annual reunion of the Kimball family of the Pacific Coast at which I could be present, and I assure you it gives me even more pleasure than I had anticipated. To meet face to face and grasp the hands of so many lineal descendants of our common ancestor, Richard Kimball, the emigrant, this occasion is remarkable to me, in that our Puritan ancestor landed on the Atlantic Coast of this continent while we meet to cement the bond of kinship on the Pacific Coast. What a stretch of mountain, plain and river lies between that point and this, and what a change in that country in the 266 years since our ancestor landed there. The Pilgrims and Puritans who settled New England, although a wonderful people, were not perfect or entirely consistent. Pilgrims came to America not to found a nation nor to sever their political ties with the mother country, but that they might establish a church after their own hearts, and worship God according to the dictates of conscience. This one idea dominated their lives. The Puritans came to found homes and build a state. The Pilgrims were poor but well informed. The Puritans were rich and educated. Savage's General Dictionary savs: "Richard Kemball came in 1634 on the ship Elizabeth, with his wife Ursula, and five children, and one servant aged 15 years." Our family history does not mention the latter fact, which is valuable to us only, as showing that our common ancestor was a well-to-do Puritan. I am speaking, perhaps, to the members of a family that have done as much as any other to make our country what it is today, and if you will study our family history you will see a patriotic record to be proud of: in the 128 Kimballs who served in the Revolutionary war, 95 in the Mexican war, 27 in the war of 1812, and the 155 who fought to preserve the Union from 1861 to 65. In the war with Spain we were well represented. You will see them as life-long leaders in the movement for the liberation of the slave, in the cause of temperance and education, in the upbuilding of the church, and standing always for the enforcement and sacredness of law. They have been active in manufactures and commerce, and, as one of the crowning triumphs of our family, on the Pacific Coast, one of the most beautiful steamships that passes through the Golden Gate bears the name of "John S. Kimball." I have spoken only of the patriotism of the men of our name, but courage and patriotism are not peculiar to man. Courage is grace-



ful and dignified, and as woman excels in grace and dignity, she is full of courage and self-sacrifice. "Woman is the blood royal of life." It has been said that wherever a human being is suffering his signs call a woman to his side. The record of the courage, fortitude and endurance of the women of our race, when the husband or father was fighting their country's battles, and what they did for the families of the soldiers at home, what they did for the sick and dying on the battlefields of the war, with all their domestic virtues in times of peace, call for our heartfelt homage. And now my dear cousins all, as the five minutes allowed me by our president have expired, I will close by asking you all to emulate the patriotic record found in our family history, and to bring up your children to love their country and the stars and stripes.

ADDRESS BY MRS. GRACE M. KIMBALL.
(Widow of Levi Woodbury Kimball, No. 1967.)
MR. CHARMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE KIMBALL FAMILY:

I am honored today in having the privilege of speaking for the women of this numerous and notable family, a family known well in the history of the past, both in this country from its earliest settlement and in the older country across the water.

We have no record of the time when the first woman made her appearance in the Kimball family, but it must have been very early in its history, and you will all agree that since her advent she has been an important factor, both in founding the homes and increasing the numbers who bear the name we honor here today. Doubtless there have been many causes which have led so many women of culture and ability to link their fate, fortune and honor with so many men bearing the name of Kimball. Among those causes we may place first the many attractions native to the young man Kimball, his good looks, pleasing manners, good business ability, and above all, his honorable nature that would not allow him to sully his fair name by any questionable or demeaning acts or words. We have heard at previous reunions that no crime has ever been laid at the door where Kimball was engraved on the door plate, that no records of prisons or jails held his name, and with pride the women of the family have contemplated their good fortune in having linked their lives with such noble sons of noble sires. But as this is an enquiring age, an age that looks from effect back through the dim distance to causes, so we may indulge in retrospect today and look back to see why this family to which we belong has such a grand record, how such splendid results have been achieved. Those who make a study of the matter tell us that it is proven over and over again until it is established as a law. that the sons in a family inherit the qualities and characteristics



of their mother, and if a man desires noble sons he must select as his helpment a noble woman. Can we doubt that the woman who have been the mothers of the ancestors of the Kimball family have left their qualities of brain and heart a rich legacy to their sons, and although their names and oftimes almost their identity has been lost in that of Kimball, their grand traits of character, their noble ideals of the true and good, the high and lofty live in their sons, and shall continue to add luster to the family name long after their own names have perished from memory and from history.

Today in this little assembly of Kimballs, I would honor the memory of our foremothers, brave of heart, true to the duty of the hour and day, full of devotion to their homes and families, most worthy mothers of such worthy sons. Long may the qualities that distinguished them be marked characteristics in

their descendants.

And what of the Kimball daughters? We are told that daughters inherit the qualities of their fathers, and if those fathers have inherited the qualities of their mothers, then the Kimball daughter is more or less a copy of the grandmother. Whichever way we may look at it the woman in the case seems a very important factor, and if the men of the family have held high the integrity of it, no less so have the caughters. Not alone to the past need we look when we speak of worthy mothers in the Kimball family-today our whole country is dotted with homes presided over by a worthy home keeper and mother whose name is Kimball, or whose name has been Kimball; and I esteem it an honor in this reunion to give a tribute to the Kimball woman of today: she is progressive, wide awake, alive to the best interests of her home and family, and also to the best interests of municipality, state and nation. Long may she preside over many homes in this fair land, and may her sons and daughters rise up to honor her memory in future reunions of the Kimball family, when we have passed to the reunion on the other side.



Our Georgia cousin, Nollin H. Kimball, or Garheid, writes that he has had a long and serious siege of sickness, but that he has once more "fooled" the doctors, although the summer's sun did not shine on his head. Yet he says he raised some of the finest wheat, and then followed with a second crop—peavine har. The News confesses to having taken a great liking to this manly, southern "rebel" cousin, who is not mentioned in the History, but whose grandfather Benjamin is mentioned on page 19s and whose father's portrait is given on page 155 of the News and his own on page 177. It is worth looking up.

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THE MISSOURI VALLEY FAMILY REUNION.

The Fourth Annual Reunion of the Kimball Family of the Missouri Valley was held at the home of the Hon. John Melville Kimball on College Hill, Manhattan, Kansas, on the afternoon and evening of October 27, 1900. There were present:

Captain Frederick Marius Kimball, President of the Asso-

ciation. Topeka.

Mrs. Susannah Hoyt Kimball, Topeka. Miss Maud Louise Kimball, Topeka.

John Melville Kimball, Manhattan, Kas.

Mrs Mary E. (Barney) Kimball, Manhattan, Kas.

Perley Putnam Kimball, Manhattan, Kas. Miss Mary Kimball, Manhattan, Kas.

Albert Barney Kimball, Scandia, Kas. Mrs. Myrtle Kimball, Scandia, Kas.

Their children. Edith, Louise and Carrie Barton.

Charles Augustus Kimball, Courtland, Kas. Richard Henry Kimball, Manhattan, Kas.

Mrs. Elizabeth Foster (Greer: Kimball, Mauhattan, Kas.

John Benjamin Kimball, Manhattan, Kas.

Miss Stella Victoria Kimball, Manhattan, Kas.

Prof. Albert Dickens, State Agricultural College, Manhattan, Kas.

Mrs. Sarah Bertha 'Kimball) Dickens, Manhattan, Kas.

Gustavus Franklin Kimball, Topeka. Miss Florence Terrell Kimball, Topeka.

Miss Eleanor Taylor Kimball, Topeka.

Park Barnes Kimball, Topeka.

In addition to these Edwin M. Kimball, of Smith Center, and H. W. Kimball, F. B. Kimball, C. M. Kimball, H. H. Kimball and W. F. Kimball, of Neodesha, and Augustine S. Worthing, of Belyue, aimed to be present, but failed on account of

imperfect railroad connections.

The occasion was one of good cheer and family profit. The Manhattan families united and did the right royal thing as entertainers. Nothing could have been done better. While the attendance was not large, it was not a small crowd to be entertained at a country home, spacious as is the old Kansas stone house. With the exception of the president the heads of the older families all came from New Hampshire, and his ancestors were from the same state, going from there to Vermont.

The Manhattan Kimballs were among the early Kansas pioneers. Family History p. 940, News, 1898, pp. 7, 62, 64). On the mothers' line they are descendants of the noted Israel Putnam family, the father, John Kimball, No. 1342, having married Sally Collins Putnam, of Danvers, Mass. The several



Manhattan Kimball homes cover a large extent of territory, the early's itiers taking up homesteads adjoining each other. The two brothers, John Melville and Richard Henry, still remain on the old home farms. Charles Wesley Kimball, a younger brother, recently went to California for his health. His farm joins those of his brothers. Two sisters moved to Garden Grove, Cal., in 1883. Their untimely death is mentioned in the March number of the News, 1898. Another family, William Henry (not Harlan), history p. 652, live a few miles distant, sickness preventing their attendance

This reunion, though small, will doubtless bring forth fruit. It has already revived interest in several quarters, and it is expected that next year at Omaha, Topeka or Kansas City a much -3366

larger reunion will result.

Mrs. Maria Freeman Grav, of San Francisco, who is now east on her way to Jerusalem, where she expects to be at Christmas, was unable to be at the reunion, but wrote a letter that was read. She was at the thirty-fourth anniversary of the Universal Peace Union held at Mystic. Conn., the middle of August. where she made an address. (See May News, 1900.) Mrs. Gray, writing from Salem, Mass., Millington P. O.) says:

"As I am in my childhood home perhaps I may be allowed some men. tion in this communication of my grandfather. John Kimball, (page 4)8 Family History.) We, children of my father's family, counted it among our halevon days when we could visit him in his home in old Hadley, some eighteen miles distant. He was kind and good-natured and seemed always to look upon the bright side of everything, although for many years before his death he was a cripple and could only walk with the aid of crutches.

"I have not, as ye, met any of the Kimball cousins, outside of my immediate family, but expect to enjoy this privilege soon.

"It would be most setisfactory if there were a few Kimbali cousins in New England, akin to some who might be mentioned in California, who would take the initiative and issue a call for a family reunion here."

Nelson-F. Kimball, of Weiser, Idaho, brother of the News editor, writes that he sent his collection of Indian relics to the State Fair at Boise City, and that it took first premium of \$25. His wife has been dangerously ill, but is now recovering. Hist. p. 1057; News, Feb. 1899.

مري ورد

Miss Alice Kimball, of East Hempstead, N. H., is a member of a new Tribune Sunshine Society branch. This society sends many rays of sunshine into homes all over the country.



OBITUARY.

MATTHEW J. KIMBALL.

From the Hyde Park, Vt., Citizen:

"The passing away of Mr Matthew J. Kimball at an early hour Thursday morning, Sept. 13, was a vivid reminder that 'Death loves a shining mark.' Certainly it may be said without that undue adulation, which Mr. Kimball in the simplicity of bis nature would himself dislike, that there is no person in Stowe whose loss could be more keenly felt, whose genial presence and cheery quieting will be more sincerely missed than his. Four weeks ago he was apparently in the best of health. On Wednesday night of this week he was stricken with a violent attack of pleurisy which rapidly developed into pneumonia. All that skill and loving care could do was done to save the precious life, and hope was not lost until within a few moments of his death. Mrs. Kimball and her sister, Mrs. Beach, were constantly at the bedside and have the heartfelt sympathy of the whole community in their loss.

"Funeral services were held at the late residence Sunday afternoon, Sept. 16, Mr. Kimball's pastor, Rev. C. P. Emery, officiating. The house, filled to its doors with sorrowing friends, bore eloquent testimony to the estimation in which Mr. Kimball was held as a man and a neighbor. Many beautiful

floral tributes were noted.

"Matthew J. Kimball was born in Stowe 48 years ago. At the age of 20 he went to Connecticut, where in the neighboring cities of Meriden and New Britain he passed a successful business life of 25 years. Some three years since, longing for the scenes and associations of his boyhood, he returned to Stowe and in connection with C. A. Simmons, erected the business block now occupied by Messrs. Simmons and H. E. Shaw, and built for himself a beautiful home adjoining.

"Seemingly Mr. Kimball was now possessed of all that might make life pleasant, but his active spirit could brook no idleness and for two years past he has been assisting in Mr. Shaw's store, happiest when he was busiest, and dying as per-

haps he would have preferred-in the harness.'

"Among the relatives from out of town were: G. H., C. P. and Luke Kimball, of Meriden, Ct., Mrs. Simmons, of New Britain, Ct., and Mr. and Mrs. J. C. E. Humphrey, of Simsbury, Ct." See children of Luke Kimball, History pp. 766-67, 1022-25.

IRA KIMBALL.

Ira Kimball died at his home in Ohio, St. Clair county, Mo.,

Saturday, Dec. 16, 1899.

Mr. Kimball was born in Buxton, Me., March S. 1834, married Miss Lucy M. Phillips in Stonington, Conn., June 18, 1850.



and resided in the east until 1865, when they removed to Illinois, and engaged in farming. In 1882 they removed to Douglass county, Dakota, and took up a homestead, upon which they lived for eleven years. They went to Missouri in the year 1895, in which state they have since resided. A loving wife and four of his children remain to mourn their loss, but

"Hope, with her prize and victories won, Shines in the blaze of my morning sun. Conquering Hope with golden ray. Blessing my landscape far away."

(History p. 812.)

SOME REUNION NOTES.

The old officers of the Missouri Valley Association were all re-elected.

There were three editors, one proof reader, a lawyer, a college professor, a teacher of drawing, a high school teacher, a kindergarten teacher, a college student, an ex-county treasurer and a candidate for the legislature at the reunion.

Richard Henry Kimball has curios enough to set up a shop. They consist of shells and woods gathered in California and from the Pacific. He has canes enough to fit out a regiment.

The Manhattan Kimballs not only prepared a real banquet for their guests, but housed them at night. The editor of the News was the guest of Richard H. Kimball. This was the home of Fred. Greer Kimball, now special pistal agent at St. Michaels, Alaska. The News has published several of his letters. He has had some exciting experiences in getting the mails to and from Nome and other stations over the ice with dog teams.

1276-60

Philip P. Sharples, son of Prof. S. P. Sharples, one of the editors of the Family History, and author of so much supplementary matter that appears in the News, has been appointed inspector of milk and vinegar by the Board of Alderman of Cambridge, Mass. It will be remembered that Prof. Sharples is the Massachusetts State Assayer, and an eminent chemist. The son follows the footsteps of the father.

トンプリアン

The engagement is announced of Miss Priscilla Alden, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William G. Alden, of Camden, Me., and Mr. Sereno Thayer Kimball, of Rockland, Me. Mr. Kimball is a graduate of Amherst College and the Harvard Law School. Miss Alden is the sister of Mrs. William P. Edwards, of Newton Centre.



REV. JOHN C. KIMBALL INSTALLED.

The News has already aunounced the call of the Rev. John C. Kiinball, from Hartford, Conn., to the pastorate of the First Congregational parish at Sharon, Mass. He has been officiating at this church for a year or more, but had not been regularly installed until Thursday evening, October 16. This parish is one of the most prosperous in the Unitarian field, and the pastor is one of the best known clergymen in the east, or even in the west, for he was for a time located at Ann Arbor in Michigan, and also in California. But he is not only known as a minister but as a lecturer and writer. The News has published numerous letters and extracts from his pen and made frequent mention of his lectures. He was born in Ipswich. From the Independent of that place we excerpt the following:

"Immediately after graduating he accepted a call to the First Unitarian parish in Beverly. When the civil war broke out he was commissioned a chaplain in the 8th Massachusetts volunteers and served with them in North Carolina and Virginia. When he left the army he returned to his pastorate at Beverly and remained there cleven years. At the end of that time he resigned and accepted an invitation from the American Unitarian Association to take charge of its work on the Pacific coast. He was there two years, and then, returning, became pastor of the Unitarian church at Newport, R. I., where he remained ten years. He is considered to be an authority upon the subject of evolution, and has lectured and written many essays upon the subject. Both he and his wife are deeply interested in the temperance cause, and in the woman suffrage question.

A large number of outside clergymen were present at the installation services. The Independent says: "The Rev. A. J. Dyer, pastor of the local Congregational church, welcomed Mr. Kimball in behalf of the town. The service closed with the benediction by Rev. Mr. Kimball.

"While all the exercises of the evening were of high order and very genial, that of Rev. Dyer as coming from an outside clergyman was very striking and impressive. He spoke of the healthfulness and beauty of the place, its woods and hills, and lake and pleasant drives, its schools and social clubs and churches, and of his society and Mr. Kimball's as only the two branches of a tree coming from one trutk, or better, as like a stream whose waters were divided for a while by an island in its channels, but were destined, perhaps, sometime in the future to flow all together again as one church.

"The First parish of Ipswich, orthodox, the one in which Mr. Kimball was born and received his early religious training, and for which he has always cherished the deepest affection and



gratitue, was among those invited to be represented at the exer-

cises by pastor and delegate."

The Sharon News save: "Mr. Kimball enters upon his work in Sharon auspiciously. His congregation and parish are united in him, the whole town welcomes him and his family to our beautiful rural town, where his new home is to be among us. The writer also would gladly add his personal tribute of gratitude to this friend who as teacher years ago inspired his life to pursue his studies and secure the training of our Alma Mater, Amherst College, which we both so dearly love."

JOSEPH CHANDLER.

"At Bryantville, his recent home, Joseph Chandler, Esq., formerly of Fryeburg, passed away. It was simply the running out of the hour glass of life, for he was in his 91st year, and was a fine specimen of the old school gentleman of generations ago. His father was Dr. Moses Chandler, of Fryeburg, a Revolutionary soldier who fought under Stark at Bennington. The deceased was a striking example of the reward of an excellent and well rounded out life having by honest industry and economy secured a fine competence, and yet living a life of rare benevolence. He was a twin, and his mate, Moses Chandler, Jr., died at Fryeburg not many months ago. In politics he was a Democrat. He was a patriot during the Rebellion, and always an earnest temperance man in teaching and practice. He left a widow, somewhat younger than himself, and one child, the wife of Dr. Orlando Charles, of Bryantville. The daughter has achieved a justly high reputation in literary circles throughout New England, and as a contributor to the press and magazine in New York and elsewhere. His remains were interred at the old ancestral cemetery at Fryeburg Center."-Oxford County Advertiser, Norway. Maine, Sept. 14, 1900.

For further reference see page 254, March No. 1899, of Kin-BALL FAMILY NEWS. As herein noted this Joseph was a twin brother to Moses Chandler, whose grandmother was Mary Kim-

ball, No. 213-4, wife of Prof. Paul Langdon.

See also Family History pp. 282-283, and Family News. 1899, pp. 257-259.

Miss Sarah Kimball Fish and Mr. Walter Oscar Clausen were married at Thornton, Mich. Oct. 3, 1990. The bride's mother is a daughter of the late John S. Kimball, son of Everett, son of Amos Kimball, of Haverhill, N. H. Much of Amos Kimball's family history is unknown, or imperfectly recorded. (Family History p. 139, 389, 378, 379, 390.)



Kimball-Family Hews

Vol. III, No. 12.

G. F KIMBALL, Publisher.

Terms \$1.00 a year

Topeka, Kansas, December, 1900.

ANOTHER KIMBALL FAMILY ASSOCIATION.

At last it seems probable that a Kimball Family Association will be organized in Chicago. There are few localities in the country that offer a better field for such a union than Chicago. Boston if properly aroused might exceed it in numbers, but Boston is swathed in old time conservatism and is slow to act, although it ought to lead off in preserving the records of the

family and in promoting its current progress.

The leading spirit in the Chicago movement is Duran Kimball, No. 1518, page 720 of Family History. He is proprietor of the Shorthand and Typewriting Institute, 113 Adams street, a school that is gaining wide celebrity and that is far superior to the correspondence schools now so much advertised. In this effort to promote the Kimball family interest he is actively supplemented by Granville Kimball, one of the discoveries made through the Kimball Family News. He is a son of John Granville Kimball, 1300, whose record is incorrecty given on page 672 of the History, and which is straightened out on page 126 of the July News, 1898, and page 222, January, 1899. Granville Kimball, 2552, entisted early in the late Spanish war, and being a skilled engineer was assigned a place with Commodore Watson with rank as captain, and was expected to go to the coast of Spain, which plan was frustrated by the sudden closing of the war. Page 119, July News and page 134, August, 1898. Both of these Kimballs are energetic workers, and it will not be their fault if an active association is not the result. Chicago alone contains ample material. Then, too, the great manufacturing and other interests located there are perhaps more widely known than those of any other portion of the country. The Kimball carriage works have become celebrated both in the east and west, but from their very nature could hardly be expected to become so widely known as a popular Kimball piano and a Kimball family organ. With these musical instruments the Kimball name is now more associated than with any other one



thing, and Chicago is the headquarters of the Kimball Piano Company. But besides this and the Kimball carriage works there are many other industrial and commercial interests there

exploited under the family name.

And beyond this there are numerous outlying towns settled by enterprising Kimball pioneers. Among these Elgin, the seat of the great watch industry, is perhaps the most notable. The outline history of the first Kimball settlement in Elgin is given on page 323 of the Family History. The sketches of Joseph Kimball and his descendants are full of interest. Colonel Daniel Burns Dyer, now president of the Augusta, Ga., electric railway, and the promoter of numerous great enterprises, belongs to this branch of the family. See page 409 of History, Februarv News, 1898. See also page 145 September News, Centennial birthday of Nancy Currier Kimball. Dr. Alfred Kimball Hills, the scholarly physician of New York City, and co-editor of the Medical Times, also belongs to this Elgin branch. Martin Nelson Kimbell was one of the very first settlers in Chicago. The family was not mentioned in the History, but on page 95, May Kimball News is a sketch of his life, and in Supplementary Notes on page 185, November, 1848, News, Prof. Sharples gives his full record, showing his descent from Noah Kimball and up to Richard, the immigrant.

It will be seen, therefore, from this hurried sketch that there is a vast fund of local historic matter that may be gathered and utilized with interest and profit in and around Chicago if the proper energy is put forth, provided it is met with a commendable amount of family pride. If this spirit can be aroused in Chicago it may reasonably be expected to result in awakening a like interest in Washington, in New York and finally in Boston, for Massachusetts is the hub around which revolves more Kimball history, romance and incidents than any other section

of the country.

Members of the family in other fields are deeply interested in this Chicago movement. The California Association has often expressed wonder that Chicago did not tollow the example of San Francisco in instituting a family social and historic association of this kind, and our Pacific Coast cousins will watch this beginning with more than quiescent interest.

1111

Announcement is made of the marriage of Miss Edith Gibb, of New York, and W. Eugene Kimball, only son of Colonel Robert J. and Mrs. Kimball, of the banking house of R. J. Kimball & Co., of Broad street, New York. The event is to take place at Holy Trinity church in January.



A CALIFORNIA THANKSGIVING WEDDING.

The residence of G. H. Kimball at Yuba City, California, on Thanksgiving morning was the scene of a pretty wedding ceremony when Mr. Kimball's sister, Miss May Kimball, became the bride of E. B. Collins, of Chico.

It was a very pretty "pink and white" wedding, the entire interior of the Kimball residence having been beautifully decorated in these colors. Two hundred invitations were issued. Miss Gertrude Gray, of Sutter county, was bridesmaid, and Guy T. Jackson, a voung attorney of Chico, the groomsman

Mr. and Mrs. Collins took their departure on the afternoon train for a tour of the southern part of the state and were absent about two weeks. At the end of their honeymoon they made their home in Chico.

E B. Collins is a rising young attorney of Chico. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kimball, of Yuba City. She is a graduate of the Chico normal school, in which institution she afterward held a position as instructor. The bride is winsome and accomplished and one of the most popular young ladies of that section of California.

The San Francisco Call of Nov. 2"th, the day of the wedding, contained fine half-tone engravings of both bride and groom.

Little Paul Sloane, of Sau Diego, Cal., ten years of age, sends as a Christmas greeting to his grandfather, the editor of the Naws, a series of a dozen cards containing pencil caricatures made by a roguish young artist. We are confident the young lad in the hands of the burly policeman is not Paul himself. Wonder if another was meant for grandpa on skates. Very like him, perhaps.

One John F. Kimball, of Royalton, Vt., seems to be a black sheep in the family. He has been arrested on the charge of bigamy. There have been two or three other cases of this kind in the history of the family. It is the one prominent offense that appears on the criminal record of the family during the last three hundred years.

Mrs. Amy B. Porter, the widow of John Addison Porter, late secretary to President McKinley, has given in memory of her husband the sum of 51,250 to endow a bed at the Day Kimball Hospital at Putnam, Conn.

Doughton S Kimball is given as one wounded in the leg and knee in a battle in the Philippines.



ABOUT SOME KANSAS KIMBALLS.

Albert Barney Kimball, postmaster of Scandia, and publisher of the Scandia Journal, seems to be prospering. He has recently bought a half interest in the Concordia Empire, one of the leading Republican papers of Kansas. The new firm is Sawhill & Kimball. See his photo in News for January, 1900.

Captain F. M. Kimball, No. 1865, page 851 of History, called in all the Kimball. News force for one of those Christma-dinners that Cousin Sue knows so well how to get up. No need to say that it was a royal adair. A new barn has taken the place of the one burned some time ago by a rascal whom Fred's Si00 reward did not bring to time.

During a portion of the holidays Miss Stella Victoria Kimball, of Manhattan, was a guest of the young women belonging to the Ninws end of the family, while attending the Kansis Teachers' Association. She is a graduate of the college and is now principal of one part of the Manhattan high school. Her father was a candidate for the legislature, but being a Populist was not elected. Her brother, Fred G., it may be recalled, is special United States agent at St. Michaels, Alaska, and his oversight of the postal business over a great part of the north pole mail routes. See page 940, Family History.

George Washington Kimball, one of the cousins brought into the family circle on page 71 of the May News in Mrs. Maria Freeman Gray's genealogical record, is about moving his family from Nebraska to the farm he recently bought some fifteen miles from Topeka and near the Indian reservation.

Charles A. Kimball, of the Courtland Journal, a younger brother of Albert above mentioned, is very content just now in the satisfying belief that his pet candidate will be elected to the United States Senate. He expects J. R. Burton to unseat Senator Baker, and it looks that way.

Our cousin Sarah Louise Kimball is notable this month for her absence from the Naws. She writes, however, that several of the Palo Airo boys were at the foot ball game in San Francisco on Thanksgiving day when the fearful accident occurrod from the falling in of the roof of the glass works, but they were safe. Among the victins, we may add, was a very bright young man from Topeka, who was traveling in the state, a son of ex-Mayor Harrison.

The Rev. C. O. Kimball of the Methodist church, Edwardsville, Ill., is giving lectures on Gladstone.



A CHURCH MISUNDERSTANDING.

We find the following in the New York Tribune:

"Walter C. Kimball, one of the vestrymen who are opposed to the Rev. William A. Wasson, the rector, in the fight in St. George's Protestant Episcopal church, Brooklyn, gave out a statement yesterday, in which he accuses the rector of misrepresentation and makes other severe criticisms of the rector's conduct. Among other things, Mr. Kimball says that the rector, in regard to a recent resolution not favorable to himself, 'arose, his clenched hand raised, and stated defiantly that he did not care what resolution the vestry passed, he would do as he pleased. 'He also charges that the rector and his 'agents' used 'gross misinterpretations' in obtaining support for their ticket—"intimidation, misstatement of facts, misrepresentation of conditions, anything to gain his end,' says Mr. Kimball.

"The Rev. Mr. Wasson was in a happy frame of mind yes-

terday and said:

"I think that the little affair has cleared the air, and I look for greater harmony and unity of purpose than ever before. I am convinced that those who were leaders in the opposition will very soon see the advisability, as well as the necessity, of accepting the wish of the church as their law and joining with us in helping the church along."

and the state of

The annual report of the United States Life Saving service by its superintendent, General Summer I. Kimball, issued some time ago, has excited an unusual amount of comment. The report and also a pampilet on the "Organization and Methods of the Service" were very timely, and in view of the unusual number of marine accidents, hurricanes and floods were calculated to find a demand and a realing not often given to public documents. The News is indebted to the superintendent for hearty support and words of encouragement. He is a Kimball who protests against the suspension of the News. He writes that the widow of Colonel E. A. Kimball (No. 1316 Family History) who was shot by Colonel Corcoran during the war of the rebellion, has promised a sketch of her husband's life for the Kimball Family News. It will doubtless be a very interesting paper.

In the will of the late Laura C. F. Kimball, of Chicago, \$25,000 was left to the American Female Guardian Society of New York, for the benefit of colored children. The will requested that children living in New Iberia, La., should receive the preference.



AN INQUIRY.

BEIDGEPORT, CONN., NOV. 21, 1900.

Of whom and at what price can I obtain a copy of the "Kimball Family History?" What is its size, etc. My wife is interested in her genealogy. She was born Feb. 14, 1863, in Black Lake, P. Q. Canada. Her father was Aaron T., son of Aaron B., who emigrated into Canada early in the present century from somewhere in Massarchusetts.

Very truly.

GEO. EUGENE OBER, M. P.

The Family History can be had of Prof. L. A. Morrison, Derry, N. H., or of Prof. S. P. Sharples, 13 Broad street, Boston Two volumes about 1,300 pages. Price, postpaid, 89.

Aaron Buss Kimball, born in Lunenburg, Mass., May 10, 1793, died in New Ireland, Province of Quebec, Canada, March 23, 1849, married July 30, 1822, Sophia Osgood, who died Janary, 1828. He foaght in the battle of Chippawa. No mention is made in the History of a second wife. There appears to have been two children by the first marriage. Abigail, born Eaton, P. Q., April 20, 1823, died September 29, 1890, married February 11, 1840, John Amandon, and Sophia, born Eaton, June 3, 1825, married 1831, Freeman Wakefield, and 2d James Cook. No deaths mentioned and no children recorded.

Aaron Thomas Kimball was the third child, born February 1, 1829, died December 23, 1885, married February 8, 1860, Martha Cross. They had eight children, the second of whom married Dr Ober. Three others are reported dead, but only

the birth dates of the others are mentioned.

The fourth child of Aaron B. Matilda, seems to have married twice, and Hannah Amanda was also married, but no children are reported in either case. The sixth child, Holloway Taylor, married Elizabeth Cross, perhaps a sister of Martha She died in 1872. They flad six children and no particulars given. It will be seen that here is another case where much has been left untold. It will also be observed that Aaron Buss Kimball, whose first wife died in Junuary, 1828, must have married again shortly afterwards, as Aaron Thomas, his third child, the father of Mrs Ober, was born a year from the following February. See History pp. 520-537.

The News, if it is continued, will be glad if Dr. Ober or

his wife can help perfect this record.

The News learns that a few copies of Notes on Rattlesden Church and Parish are yet unsold. These were extra printer's copies. The edition was only 200 copies, of which 20 came to the United States, as mentioned in the September News.



DEATH OF MRS. JULIA KIMBALL BURR.

In Rochester, N. H., May 3, 1960, Mrs. Julia E. Kimball

Burr, aged 77 years, 3 months and 28 days.

Julia E. Kimbali was born in Bethel, Me., January 6, 1823. She was the fourth of ten children. History page 517. She was married September 24, 1844, with Martin E. Burt. born in Mercer, Me., August 10, 1821, who died in Rochester, N. H., February 16, 1850. The History, page 828, gives her birth as September 18. She early bocame a devout member of the Methodist church, and one notice of her marriage called her van elect lady of the charch." Her hashand was no less devout. If, Bart hid a position in the Portlane custom house, and was afterwards in trade in Rochester. The History credits them with only three children. They were the parents of seven children, four of whom died within four months, which affliction so worked upon the sympathetic and sensitive father as to hasten his own death. Two children survive the mether, Edwin Nelson Kimbrill, of Roston, and Mrs. Eunice B. K. Story, of

New York, wife of the artist, George Henry Story.

Mrs. Burr was the fourth child and the third daughter of Peter Kimball, born Bradford, Mass., May 19, 1793, 'The family is one of note, but few descendants of this Peter are left. It was the father of Mrs. Burr, who, when her brother Charles was Democratic candidate for Govrenor of Maine, was asked if he would vote for his son, replied, "No shoner than I would for any other rebel." It was this Charles Porter Kimball who founded the now celebrated firm of carriage manufacturers of which his son Charles Prederick is now president with headquarters and chief manufactory at Chicago. It was her brother fianibal Ingulls Kimball who built the celebrated Kimball hotel at Atlanta, Ga. Of all the ten children of Peter Kimbail, and of their forty-three children, only Charles Frederick above mentioned, William F., son of George Franklin, and Hanibal Ingals, son of the Hanibal Ingalls above mentioned, recently of the Chicago publishing firm of S.one & Kimball, and now a publisher in New York City, are given as heads of families, and only William F. is credited with children, and he with only Morton Shaw, born September 25, 1884.

DORE

Benjamin Ames Kimball and George M. Kimball, of Concord, N. H., recently elected directors of the Boston & Montreal railroad, of which the former has for some years been president, are interested in the building of a million dollar electric line road.

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At the late election O. H. Kimball, of Sunbury, Ohio, was elected a presidential elector.



MARRIED.

In Sunbury, O., July 15, 1900, Mr. Virgil Brevort and Miss Mabel, only daughter of the late George and Emily 'Kimball') Armstrong, and granddaughter of Elias Kimball'. Miss Armstrong, after graduating from the high school in Sunbury, spent four years in kindergarten work in Columbus, O., and five in teaching the primary school in Sunbury. They went at once to Washington, D. C. where Mr. Brevort has a position in the census department.

In Boston, Nov. 7, Miss Maud Lovering Berry and Edward Thompson Kimball, of New York, only son of Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Kimball, of Union street. They left in the evening on an extended wedding trip and will hereafter reside in New York City.

In Chelsea, Mass., Nov. 14, a fashionable church wedding was that of Miss Blanch Nason Kimball, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Henry Kimball, and Mr. Charles Williamson Gould. Over 250 persons were in attendance, among them Miss Mary F. Kimball, of Revere, and George Kimball, of Chelsea. They will reside in Chelsea.

At Davenport, Iowa, Nov. 8, Miss Julia Prettyman Kimball and Frank Warren Everett, of Highland Park, Ili. The brid belongs to one of Davenport's oldest and most prominent families, her father being A. Kimball, ex-first vice president of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pactife Roilroad, Mr. and Mrs. Everett left for New York after the wedding. From there they went to Cuba, and will reside during the winter at Havana, where Mr. Everett is electrical engineer for the Gamewell company.

At Chelsea, Mass., Sept. 3, 1900, Mrs. Augusta Petting'll and Earl F. Kimball, of Dunkirk, N. Y. The bride was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Yeaton, of Chelsea. It was a church wedding after the Episcopal form, followed by a charming entertainment at the home of the bride's parents. They will reside in Dunkirk.

At Maiden, Mass. Oct. 11, 1990, Grace, daughter of Mand Mrs. William F. Bacon, and Frank S. Kimbali. The ceremony was by the Rev. E. A. Rand of the Watertown Episcoparchurch. The newly married couple will reside on Robert street. Maiden.



In Grace church, Newton, Mass., Oct. 6, 1900, Miss Edith Kimball and Dr. Karl Schmidt, of Germany. This was a remantic wedding, some details of which are taken from the Bos-

ton Herald, which says:

"Three years ago the young people met in Berlin, and friendship ripened into love, followed by an engagement. A few weeks ago the young professor, who has the chair of philosophy at the University of Marburg, Germany, came to this country to visit his fiancee, and it was while a guest at her father's home in Newtonville that he decided he could not go back to his native land without his bride, and, as a consequence,

the wedding day was set.

"All Newton became interested, for the father of the bride had been mayor of the city for five years, and had been one of the most popular men who ever filled that office. The groom being a stranger on this side of the water, although he had made many friends, felt that there was no one so near to him in kinship as his mother-in-law-elect, and, as the bride's father was to give her away, he invited her mother to accompany him. Then, too, the thought found expression in the desire of the bride, who had always said that if ever she were married she should have both in ther and father take part in the ceremony.

"Carefully the secret was guarded until yesterday, when it became known that the best man at the wedding was to be a woman, and, as a consequence, the church was crowded not only with the relatives and friends of the bride's family, but with the curiously inclined ones of the city who accidentally heard of the

affair.

"From the robing room on the right came the Rev. Richard T. Loring, rector of St. John's church, Newtonville, and the Rev. George W. Shinn, rector of Grace church, together with the groom and his best man, Mrs. Kimball. As they took their places in front of the chancel the bride and her father. preceded by the ushers and the maid of honor, passed up the . centre aisle.

"Miss Flora H. Luther, of Boston, was maid of honor, and was gowned in white organdie over silk, with a bouquet of violets, and the ushers were Messrs, Clifford Kimball, William F. Hollings, Walter H. Pulsifer, Howard B. Hollings, of Newton, Henry K. Mansfield, of Salem, and James S. Prey, of

Cambridge.

"The Episcopal service was read by the officiating elergyman.

"The bride was gowned in white satin elaborately trimmed with exquisite duchesse lace. Her tulle vail was fastened with orange blossoms, and she carried lilies of the valley. As is customary, the father of the bride stood behind his daughter at the



chancel. The mother-in-law of the groom stood beside him. "When the minister asked, 'When giveth this woman to be married to this man?' the father stepped forward, and when that part of the ceremony was concluded, and the bride and groom ascended the step to the inner part of the chancel, Mr. Kimball offered his arm to his wife and escorted the groom's 'best man' to the family pew to await the concluding prayer in the service.

"When the guests left the church they were driven to the Kimball residence in Washington park, where, amid flowers and palms, bright music and beautiful grifts. Dr. and Mrs. Schmidt received congratulations and good wishes for their ocean voyage, as they sail from New York next Tuesday morning and make

their future home in Marburg."

In Lynn, Mass., Dec. 4, 1900. Miss Jeannette R. Kimball and John C. Brackenbury by the Rev. A. N. Foster of the Second Universalist Church. The Reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 278 Boston street, and many friends were there from Loston, Cambridge, Brookline and other places.

Miss Anna E. Ellis was bridemaid, and Mr. Harry M. Kimball, brother of the bride, was best man.

SEXT TO THE LEGISLATURE.

The Oracle, published at Orting, Washington, has the fol-

lowing item:

"Hon. C. P. Kimball, elected to represent us in the lower hose, is an especial favorite of the people. There is no man in the district better qualified to repres nt us in the legislature than Mr. Kimball. He is well acquainted with the needs of the district and with attend to them with the same care and diligence which has characterized his attention to his own business. Mr. Kimball may well feel complimented, as he received 311 majority over his opponent in a district hitherto largely. Democratic."

We have here another member of the family not found in the History. On page 270 of the Family History is a slight sketch of George Washington Kimball, whose second son, Samuel Smith Kimball, born Barton, Vt., March 2, 1810, was said to reside in Chicago. He was not reported as having married and being the head of a family. But be married a widow named Payne, of Albany, and lived in Barton for many years, and is well remembered by Captain F. M. Kimball, of Topeka, Samuel Smith Kimball was the father of the Hon, C. P. Kimball above mentioned and of S. C. Kimball now living in Barton Landing, Vt. We have here another case where a revision of the family record is needed, in order to help perfect the Family History when another edition is printed.



LUNE KIMBALL (NO. 1642; AND HIS DESCENDANTS P. 766.

The November issue of the Nuws, page 173, noticed the death of Matthew J. Kimball. He was the ninth child of the eleven born to Luke and his wife Eunice Chidsey Kimball. Of this large family all except Irene L. and Matthew J. became heads of families, and only one, Eunice Chidsey, evidently named for her mother, had passed away before the death of Matthew. To the nine who are reported as heads of families, (although no children are credited to Eunice, died Match 11, 1572, married Pebruary 19, 1859) there were born twenty-four calibren, but of whom are reported as having died, and five as having married, two of whom are reported as having died, and five as having married, two of whom are reported as having children—taree in all.

We refer to this here as a typical cuse. There are scores more like it in the History. The members of this family are condial in their good wishes for the Næws. Now is it possible that of these nine living children and the twenty grandchildren of Lake Kimball, no further record can be made? Are no more of them married? Are there no more children or grandchildren? Have no more married, and have no more died? And these questions might be asked in scores of other cases. The Næws has fallen far short in its mission by not receiving month by month this kind of information. The future compiler or editor of a new edition of the Family History might have tound in the News such matter as would have saved much time and money, provided it had been unde a general receptacle for such information.

Wm. II White of Junction (ity, was not able to attend the Manhattan family reanton because he is now a postal clerk on a bra selt railroad ranning from Salina. Kansas, to Plainville, and that work is too exacting to permit one to leave, so he sent regrets. He once promised the Naws a story, which has not yet been received. Mrs. White was Anna B. Kimball, of Boston. History page 798.

Chief Engineer Geo. A. Kimball of the Boston elevated railway and his corps of assistants recently entertained the members of the Boston society of civil engineers, while on their regular monthly excursion. The new terminal was the chief object of interest.

Asa Kimbali, a fireman, was fatally injured October 3, in a railroad collision at North Derby. Vermont.



SUDDEN DEATH OF DANIEL W. KIMBALL.

A dispatch from Providence, R. I., of November 12, 1900. says:

"A stroke of apoplexy killed insurance agent Daniel W. Kimball while sitting in a little Bayside barber shop at Pleasant Bluff today He had walked to the barber's from Smith palace hotel, a pleasure resort, where he had been a guest for almost a week past. He had just taken a seat in the chair to be shaved when he died. Doctors were summoned, but too late, He came from an old Providence family and resided here on the East side with his family.

"In years past he was the organist at the First Baptist church. He was a veteran of the civil war, entering the army from Blackstone, Mass., and serving as captain of Co. K, 51st Massachusetts volunteers, for the full time of the service of that command, nine months. After that he organized a company of cavalry in Massachusetts. While in the 51st he was with the

18th army corps in the department of North Carolina

"He was at the time of his death a member of Rodman

post, G. A. R., of this city."

We do not find this Daniel W. mentioned in the Family History. Will some one furnish the family history for the News?

and the same

The News would not like to be charged with never printing any but what is good of any one bearing the Kimball name, so it gives place to the following dispatch to the Boston Herald:

"James Rufus Eli Kimball, claiming Boston as his home, was arraigned in the police court this morning on a charge of breaking and entering the South Chelmsford railroad station. He is 22 years of age, and apparently part negro. He was picked up lurking in a shed near the Merrimac woollen mills in Dracut, last night, and a punch and other articles stolen from the station were found on him."

It will be seen that this was not a white Kimball anyhow. There are not a few negroes who were once slaves and who have

their masters' names, and so do their descendants.

Franklin R. Kimball, of Salem, Mass, has recently received a patent on some improvement, the nature of which is not stated in the newspaper report.

---Mrs. Maria Freeman Gray writes that she was not at Salem, Mass., as stated in the November News, but at New Salem, which is 70 miles west of the old Salem town.



A CHASE FOR \$10,000.

E. R. Kimball is a Kansas City creamery man. Last year he started on a trip around the world and wanted especially to visit China, but the war side tracked his purpose. A few weeks ago he started on another short but hasty trip, which the Leav-

enworth papers of November 19 note as follows:

"E. R. Kimball, a Kansas City man, on his way to Omaha last night on the through Missouri Pacific train, met with a dear experience in getting off the train here for the purchase of a sandwich. When he came out after his feast he found his train on the move and he was unable to board it. He wired to a friend in Atchison to have a special ready for him to take him to Omaha. His friend deposited the amount equal to SI a mile, and when Kimball reached Atchison aboard a freight train he found his special ready to take him on his northern journey.

"It is stated that Mr. Kimball had a stachel in the car containing \$10,000, and he was very auxious to catch up with it. A telegram was sent to the Pullman conductor to take charge of his effects. It was expected the special would arrive about the

same time of the regular train in Omaha."

2225

IN MEMORY

Of our dear little Cora Lillian Kimball, who died on the 7th day of June, 1900, aged one year and one month.

And why thy heart so sad? Your Cora is in heaven, And angels are so glad.

The stroke 'tis true is heavy "Let me thy burden share."

Oh, east your care on Jesus. fle only knows your grief: His grace is quite sufficient And sure to give relief.

She still is watching for you. And beckons you away To that celestial country Where night is as the day.

Could you but see the flowers She's weaving in her hand

Leed, June, 1900.

Why weepest thou, dear parents? You'd like to have some roses From that bright, happy land.

> Her brightness and her beauty So much exceeds the earth; fler little heart is throbbing That you may feel her worth.

The kisses of your darling You never can forget, As Cora was the buby She was your only pet.

But now among the angels She still is loved and cheered; Her future now, dear parents, Is never to be feared.

Her father and her mother-She longs to meet them there, To walk the streets in glory, Where all is bright and fair.



IN JENNIE KIMBALL'S FAVOR.

An important will case has just been decided in the Boston

probate court.

Jennie Kimball was born in Somerville in 1862, the daughter of Oliver and his wife Nellie Brown: Foster, according to the decision of the court. The mother died in 1875. There had been some trouble between the Fosters man and wife and a partial separation had taken place, but the marriage was never denied, although no record seems to have been made. At the death of Mrs. Foster in 1875 the husband attended the fugeral. paid the expenses, and recognized the deceased as his wife. In 1898 Oliver Foster died, leaving an estate of over \$225,000, and the court appointed Jennie administratrix. On December 14, 1878, she married W. S. Kimball, who lived at Revere, Mass., where Oliver Foster was engaged as a brick manufacturer. Mrs. Kimball as the only child would inherit her father's property. He left two sisters and three brothers, and they petitioned the court to set aside the appointment of Jennie M. Kimball as administratrix, on the ground that their brother Oliver was never legally married with Nellie Brown, and that therefore their daughter could not inherit the property and that they were the next heirs of kin. A vigorous contest was made and much evidence introduced and the decision of the court was that Oliver Foster was the legal husband of Nellie J. Foster, and that Jennie Foster Kimball was their legitimate daughter. W. F. Kimball was one of the attorneys for Mrs. Kimball.

BUEY.

In Willsboro, N. Y., Sept. 27, 1900, to Carl W. and Jennie Kimball, a daughter, Elizabeth Eleanor. For mention of her big brother see Yews p. 184, November, 1898.

General Sumner I. Kimball, general superintendent of the United States life saving service, in his annual report to Secretary Gage, says at the close of the fiscal year the establishment embraced 269 stations, 194 being on the Atlantic, 58 on the lakes, 16 on the Pacific and one at the Falls of the Ohio, at Louisville, Ky.

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Moody Kimball, of Newburyport, Mass., was elected a member of the Massachusetts legislature at the November-election, running far aboad of his ticket. He was one of the two representatives elected from the Ipswich district.



EXTRACTS FROM CORRESPONDENCE.

Roy T. Kimball, San Francisco Put me down for \$10 for one copy, and if it comes to a pinch you may make the bill \$20 instead of \$10. I cannot understand how a Kimball can take no interest in the name or family.

Summer Kimball, Lovell, Ms.—I have much enjoyed the many interesting finds of stray ones who are being brought into the Kimball fold each year through the good work and influence of the News. In no other way could this work be so well carried out, making it a most valuable and interesting family record, one in which we all enjoy at the present time and which will be a real treasure to future generations. To the Pacific Coast and Missouri Valley family reunions held yearly much is due. Distance surely is no barrier to our interest in them and we should cheer them on and not fail to follow their example. I feel hopeful for the continuance of our News. To think that the News is ever to be discontinued is surely not pleasant. Scattered as we are about all over the United States and numbered by the thousands it does seem almost a disgrace to the family name.

Rev John C. Kimball, Sharon, Mass.—My dear Mr. Kimball: I have been meaning to write you a word of sympathy and encouragement ever since I received your November number of the News. I hope by all means you will keep it going. No magazine comes to my table that is more welcome or is read with more interest. Among the thousands who bear our name and have in them the precious Kimball blood it does seem as if you ought to have more than one or even 6,000 subscribers. It can not be from lack of interest or of means that you do not. I scrawl this in the midst of other duties. It does not express half of what is in my mind. Let me, however, before closing, thank you for what you have done and give you and yours my cordial Christmas greetings.

General Sumner I. Kimball, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.—Lam very sorry to say that my time has been so completely occupied by my effice duties that I have found no opportunity to send contributions of reading matter for the News as I had contemplated doing, for I can well understand that the getting together of suitable materials for each number must impose upon you a serious and difficult task. If the publication should continue another year, however, I hope to be able to send you a little matter.

Lieutenant Governor Charles Dean Kimball, Providence, R.



I.—I hope you will be amply rewarded in your effort to continue the News, and I will assist in any way I can. For a time I was unable to attend to business on account of a railroad accident (Governor Kimbal) was a victim of the railroad accident June 10, as mentioned page 91, June News, 1900. See also News page 309, July News, 1899, page 52, 1909.)

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An Ipswich, Mass., correspondent writes: "The local history class of the Ipswich Historical Society met last Thursday evening with Mrs. Elizabeth K. Spaulding, who read a paper dealing with the history of her immediate neighborhood, known as Meeting House Green. Near the spot on which her home is located was once the home of Major Dennison, and earlier still, here once lived the famous Ward and well known Rogers, Farleys, Lords and Kimballs of Ipswich. Mrs. Spaulding's house is full of historic interest, for here lived for 49 years the Rev. D. T. Kimball "See Hist. p. 332.

2000

D. B. Kimball, who was 82 years old last March, has worked in the field right through haping and helped cut some 25 tons of hay. He has pitched nearly every load of this on to the cart, drove the oxen with the loads to the barn, and done the work of a man 20 years younger than he.—Canaan item in Concord, N. H., Monitor.

As Canaan, the home of this venerable member of the family, was also the former home of the editor of the News, he would particularly like to hear more from him and from others, several of whom are living in that vicinity.

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Mrs. J. R. Kimball of New York gave her annual Christmas dimer in the basement of the Citr Hall, to 250 poor persons. The Tribune says: "Mrs. Kimball has been following this charity for several years. Heretofore the entire meal has been served at the City Hall This year, however, only coffee, ice cream and cake were served. The guests received baskets of uncooked food to take home. The basement of the City Hall was decorated with holly and greens, and draped with colored bunting."

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Abel Kimball, of Jackman, Maine, was knocked unconscious and wounded in the temple by the accidental discharge of a shot gun in an adjoining store. A fire resulted which burned two buildings. Abel Kimball's loss in dry goods and groceries was several thousand dollars.



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